

READING, PA.

MONDAY DECEMBER 11, 1863.

The troubles between Greece and Turkey still continue. It is stated that the Greek steamer *Erebus* put to flight with damage, in flight from Turkish man-of-war. The Greeks are said to have fired the first shot. A dispatch from Corfu says:

"The government at Athens has called out the military reserves of the country, and the mobilization of the militia has been ordered. A battalion of volunteers is marching at Athens, and ten battalions composed of Greek subjects of the Sultan have been enrolled. It is said the sultan has been offered to Garibaldi. The present invasion of Crete is loudly urged."

The Greeks can do but little against the overwhelming forces of the Turks, but as Greeks brought this trouble upon herself by her uncompromising sympathy with the unfortunate Christians in the Bay of all Christian nations, the United States included, to interfere in the matter, and save our fellow Christians in Greece and Crete from slaughter at the hands of the heathen Turks. Our government can spare troops and money to sustain the negro despotism in the Southern States, but it has no time to help the struggling Christians in the East. Had France been as deaf to the appeal of our country during the Revolution, America would have remained under English government, and Washington might have been hanged as a rebel."

GRANTS TRADE.

Aquaintance to the Radical journals, the election of Gen. Grant to the Presidency was to bring peace and prosperity. Where is the prosperity? Everywhere is the hue of business stagnation, depression, and the complaint of "full times" is heard almost everywhere, while Grant's "peace" is exemplified by the gloomy aspect of theenthal confederate "royal" negro militia in Tennessee.

(From the Memphis Appeal, Dec. 18.)

"In addition to the news contained in our special despatches from Davis's Bluff, we learn from passengers just from the St. Francis River that Major Linton, that negro militiaman, is being raised and sent to the scene of the disturbance. Our informants report that he has downed his tip that they had Philip Barnes company of negro militia, at Hattiesburg, both on their way to Cross county, where they will march up Crowley's Ridge, annihilating every negro in their path."

We learn that the villain Upman, and his crew have threatened to "seize" Colonel D. C. Cross and subject him to death. Luckily, Colonel Cross is out of the reach of him. Many of the old citizens have been compelled to leave their homes and those that have not have been seized and held as prisoners and hostages. Like Upman, Hawkins and others rely on this set to save themselves from being attacked. We await further news with great interest.

Within the past two weeks, a reporter of the New York Herald has consulted thirty "spiritual mediums" in that city, all of whom he has found to be earnest humbugs, and most of them great rascals. They are well patronized; however, which is a sure indication that there are a large number of fools in New York.

"The Revolution" of last week contains a spicy, but friendly correspondence, between Mr. T. M. Fowley and Mrs. Elizabeth Cad Stanton, or the subject of woman's rights, etc. It is decidedly interesting, but its length prevents its publication in our columns.

Another "Erie" Enterprise.

New York, Dec. 19.—Mr. Disk, either for himself or the Erie railroad, has been negotiating the "week pass" for the Newport line of steamers on the Sound and for the Stoddard line. The Newport line is to be sold for one million two hundred thousand dollars, and the Stonington line at seven hundred thousand dollars, which the Erie association are unwilling to give. The "Bristol" line, under this arrangement is to be transferred to New- port, making one line only and all to be run in connection with the Erie road.

This Peruvian Iron Club at New Orleans have not yet succeeded in leaving that port. The Collector of the port, it is stated, has demanded the papers of the vessel, in order to ascertain by what authority a steamer clearing New York for New Orleans as a merchantman had made her appearance at the latter place as a vessel of war. The master's stamp for the story is a true one. The river did a heavy mercantile business through the country—he was rich—he kept his own books, but could neither read nor write. His manner was to put the outlines of his debtor's face at the top of the ledger and underneath were pictures of the articles purchased; or, where that was impossible, some cabalistico sign which the maker understood.

One day there was a disputed account. Purchaser was charged with a cheese, which he denied buying. "What should I want with a cheese? When we make more at home than we eat?" It was a poser, and Tar River could only hint to reply upon the accuracy of his books. "I'd rather do anything I do value myself upon, than the accuracy of my books." "Impossible," says fellow. "It must be so," says Tar River: "now think over what you have had me do?"

"Well, I have had a saddle, trace-chains, hoes, axes, and grindstones." "Good heavens!" says Tar River. "It's impossible that in charging that grindstone I forgot to make a hole in the middle; and so took it for a cheese? I can hardly credit such an error in my books!"

Law. Inculcation. According to the Supreme Court of New Hampshire, a policy of life insurance issued for the benefit of a man's wife and children cannot be lawfully denied, by him for the benefit of the wife alone, in the exclusion of his children.

A "Gatling" soldier, bearing fifteen war medals for meritorious service, having to beg in New Orleans, and had to sell his uniform to buy a shirt. The present movement contemplates an amendment of this dastardly and abominable law, only by allowing the ordinary policyholders to do the same.

The Hebrews of Cincinnati have erected a monument to memory of their brethren killed during the war.

SUBSCRIPTION FOR THE EAGLE.

PROPOSITION.

Madrid, Dec. 10.—The election for members of the cortes is proceeding in the incorporated cities. There has been no disorder. A large majority of the electors are favorable to the formation of a monarchial government. The Government authorizes the statement that a treaty of peace with China may be now an accomplished fact.

It has been decided that the Cadis lawsuits are to be tried by a council of war, but that in no case will the extreme penalty of death be inflicted.

MADRID, Dec. 20.—Achelococca, Torro, in the Province of Zamora, caused by the hostility of some of the people to the organization of the National Guard. It was quickly suppressed by the authorities.

The Correspondents assert that the Carlists have formed a dead and independent conspiracy for the possession of the government, and only await the breaking out of strife between the Liberal parties to develop their designs.

PALESTINE, Dec. 10.—(Continued from page 1.)

HAVANA, Dec. 10.—A revolutionary demonstration is reported to have occurred in the West, and the fact that it occurred has been suddenly sent to Condón, the principal shipping port of the Vuelta Abajo tobacco district, seems to confirm it.

HAVANA, Dec. 10.—Gen. Espejel and Letorre, with 300 soldiers, arrived to-day, in the steamer from Spain, Gen. Espejel will review Valmaseda, and Gen. Letorre will command the Eastern department.

The insurrectionists continue in the neighborhood of Manzanares, where a school of negroes have reached here of engagements between the troops and insurgents in the vicinity of Holguin, Santiago de Cuba, and Bayamo.

SAMANA BAY, in San Domingo, it is reported, has at last paid off a company of New York capitalists, who evidently intend to dispose of the bargain to the United States at an advance. President Johnson has, however, refused an offer of \$2,000,000, made by Mr. F. W. Seward, but when Mez came into power he sent an agent to Washington to dispose of the bay. This agent, it is stated, has just signed a preliminary contract for the purchase of the bay and dominions of Samana, which has been approved by the Dominican government. The first installment of the purchase money has been paid by the speculators.

The Arkansas Tributes.

LITTLE ROCK, Ark., Dec. 10.—Late information from Augusta, reports that nearly all the citizens have deserted the town. A large force of people have collected, together for the purpose of attacking the militia, who have possession of the place. The citizens who have remained are looking for work, and are additional particulars confirm the former reports of rapine and outrages perpetrated by the militia, and establish the fact that he resistance was ever offered to the civil authorities. Representatives of southern mercantile houses are all leaving the State, anticipating further trouble.

New Nickel Coins.—The present nickel coinage has been stopped—a new issue from the mint being ordered by the Treasury Department. The new coins are to be composed of one-fourth nickel and three-fourths copper. The old cent coin, weighing grain and a half, is about the size of the old silver five cent coin; the three and five cent pieces, about the size of the coins that are now in use, are to weigh three and five grains respectively. The new coins are to be a legal tender for one dollar, except for dutys on imports, and are intended to take the place of all the copper, bronze, and nickel coinage now authorized.

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The Sheriff of Coshocton county, Ohio, has disbanded with \$50,000 of the county funds.

The Bank of Candor, Tioga County, N. Y., was robbed of \$34,000 on Thursday night.

Hildreth & Co.'s jewelry store at Northboro', Mass., was robbed of \$1000 worth of valuables on Friday night.

The Empire and Hill's blocks, in Albion, N. Y., were burned on Saturday. Loss about \$35,000. A dwelling and three barns, at Thompsonville, Conn., were destroyed by incendiary fires on Friday night.

The proceedings of Congress.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 10.—In the Senate, Mr. Rosecrans introduced a bill for the reassembling of the Georgia Reconstruction Convention, which was referred.

On motion of Mr. Harlan, the Judiciary Committee was directed to report a bill respecting the amendment.

Mr. Chandler moved to take up the short Tariff bill, which was lost—yes 23, nays 25.

The resolution of Senator-elect Gilbert, of Florida, was presented and referred.

The House was not in session.

Romanians are said to be daily taking place in the hotels and private houses of Rome. Gangs of浪人and educated slaves are practising their art to a great extent, and with success. A princess has lately lost 200,000 francs worth of jewels.

A Gatling soldier, bearing fifteen war medals for meritorious service, having to beg in New Orleans, and had to sell his uniform to buy a shirt.

The present movement contemplates an amendment of this dastardly and abominable law, only by allowing the ordinary policyholders to do the same.

At present abolition red shirts in the New York Fire Department are to be seen, and are to be worn.

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SUBSCRIPTION FOR THE EAGLE.

KLINKE, EPELHIMER & CO.

1414 PENN STREET, PHILADELPHIA.

GRAND OPENING OF FANCY GOODS

FOR THE

CHRISTMAS HOLIDAYS.

VALenciennes lace collars.

POINT APPLIQUE LACE.

FINE EMBROIDERED.

FINE FILET STITCHED.

FINE THICK.

MEDIUM PRICED.

LOW PRICE YARNS.

GENTS PLAIN LINEN.

GENTS FANCY BORDERED.

GENTS HERM STITCHED.

GENTS SILK CLOTH.

GENTS FINE KID GLOVES.

POPLIN DRESS PATTERNS.

LADIES FAMILY GLOVES.

EXCLUSIVELY.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

O. S. M. AN ADJOURNED MEET.

WILL BE HELD AT THE MUNION HOUSE, IN THE CITY OF PHILADELPHIA, ON TUESDAY EVENING, DECEMBER 21, 1863.

POCKET BOOK LOST—REWARD.

LOST, IN PENN STREET, BE-

TURRIES THE BLOOD.

POORLY BUT DEDICATED.

NOTICE, THE FIRST ANNUAL

SCHOOL TEACHER WANTED.

SCHOOL TEACHER WANTED.

CHARLES RUEBEN.

FRENCH CANTY.

CAKE ESTABLISHMENT.

CORNER SIXTH AND FRANKLIN STREETS.

CAKE ESTABLISHMENT.

LUMBER.

WHITING'S CANTY.

WHITING'S CANTY.