THE DAILY EAGLE.

MONDAY, NOVEMBER 30, 1868.

THE COWARDICE AND INCONSISTENCY OF OUR GOVERNMENT.

From the report of Rear Admiral Davis, commanding the fleet of United States vessels recently sent to Paraguay to resent an imaginary insult to our flag and our Consul—the latter one of the irrepressible Washburn family—it is apparent that the sensation stories in regard to outrages committed by Lopez, Dictator of Paraguay, were false, and that Washburn's cowardice was the cause of all the trouble.

In making such an imposing naval demonstration against a weak and hardly pressed country like Paraguay, the United States government has again disgraced itself in the eyes of the whole civilized world. Instead of aiding the unholy alliance of the tyrannical Emperor of Brazil and the Provinces against gallant little Paraguay, our government should at once interfere to put a stop to the contest by compelling the Emperor to withdraw his forces of black, white and red mongrels, and employ them in the peaceful pursuits of quiet life in their own country, which badly needs improvement, in all respects. If the Emperor would employ as many men, and expend as much money, in the improvement and proper cultivation of Brazil, as he has already slaughtered and wasted in this fruitless war with the only nation which has kept its Spanish blood undefiled by promiscuous amalgamation, it would be better for himself, his people, and the world in general.

The United States government was bitterly opposed to Maximilian, Emperor of Mexico, because he was the only monarch in North America. No one denied that Mexico was better governed by Maximilian that it had been for long years before, or has been since his death; but our government opposed him, and even threatened to depose him by force of arms, simply because he had established a monarchy in America. And yet the same dominant party who control our government, and who aided and abetted the murder of Maximilian, now take sides with the Emperor of Brazil, the only remaining monarch on this continent, against the only nation in South America—except Brazil, an absolute monarchy—which has preserved anything like a stable government for many years past.

The bravery of the Paraguayans, to say nothing of the good cause for which they fight—the defence of their country against foreign invasion—should enlist on their side the sympathies of all civilized nations, and for the great United States to take part against a weak, but heroic nation, which has even brought its brave women into the field, is positively shameful. Such conduct on the part of our government should bring the blush of shame to the cheek of every American who loves his country.

The truth is, the United States government has the reputation abroad of being as cowardly as it is domineering, conceited and insolent. It can browbeat weak nations like Algiers, Portugal, Mexico, or Paraguay, but powerful nations like France can insult our flag almost with impunity, while our hereditary enemy, Great Britain, is permitted to take rebel emissaries from our custody without resistance, and to refuse payment for depredations committed upon our commerce by English built vessels, armed with English guns, and manned with English sailors, paid in English gold. While professing to be the champion of civil liberty, our government kneels and cringes at the feet of that most despicable and cruel of absolute despotisms, the government of Russia. While professing to be the champion of freedom and free religion, our government stands idly by and permits our Christian brethren in Crete to be slaughtered and enslaved by the heathen Turks, when only one of the fleet of war vessels which have been for months engaged in escorting Admiral Farragut on his expensive pleasure trip to Europe, would have given to the brave Cretans a free country and a free religion. Shame upon such inconsistency and cowardice! The once glorious stars and stripes have been dishonored time after time by those to whom our people have confided their care.

Speaking without partisan feeling, we charge our government with cowardice and inconsistency in its foreign policy. We charge it with petty oppression and unwarranted interference in the private affairs of Mexico, Paraguay, and our own Southern States, with cowardice in regard to the insults of Great Britain, with aiding and abetting tyranny in its familiar intercourse with Russia, Turkey, and Brazil, and in withholding aid from Ireland, Poland, Hungary, Paraguay and Cuba, and worse than all, with tacitly encouraging the forcible suppression of the Christian religion in declining to interfere in behalf of the oppressed Christians in Syria, Crete and elsewhere. Such a despicable and cowardly foreign policy is enough to make an American in a foreign land blush to own his nationality.

These abuses should be reformed as soon as possible. We are aware that a few Democratic newspapers, unaided, can do but little under present circumstances to better the condition of governmental affairs, but the entire press of our country combined have the power to agitate this subject until the sovereigns of our nation, THE PEOPLE, by petitions to Congress, shall cause a different and more creditable course to be pursued. We call upon our brethren of the press, throughout the Union, to unite in their efforts to make the United States government the champion of Justice and Right all over the world, instead of a cringing sycophant before the crowned heads of Europe—its present shameful position.

A YANKEE SLANDER.

Some itinerant scribbler from the "hub of the universe," has written a long letter to the Boston Advertiser, from Reading. In this letter, which the Daily Times of this city was silly enough to publish, he states that the Hessians captured at Trenton by Washington settled around Reading, which "may account for the supremacy of the Democratic party in Berks to-day."

Such a jackanapes should be kicked out of our community. At the time of the Revolution Reading had a population of some fifteen hundred persons, and was noted for the manufacture of wool hats. The original settlers were of all nations, and very few of the Hessians settled here. They were for a time encamped near Reading, having been sent here by Washington, on parole, because the people here could understand their language, and because they would be secure against recapture by the British troops.

The Democratic forefathers of the Berks county Democrats of to-day, were unswerving patriots during the Revolution, and assisted Washington in every way. The Hessians, by the way, were *forced* into the British service against their will. Those who could leave the British service did so, and became true and patriotic citizens of the United States.

The people of Berks county should ferret out this strolling Yankee, and drive him from their midst. The probability is that his ancestors, like himself, were "loyal," and supported King George against their own countrymen, Benedict Arnold was a native of New England, *not* of Berks county, which never was, and never will be, a favorite region for "loyal" sneaks—alias Tories—who are now, as heretofore, the advocates of a central despotism, ruled by the bayonet.

LETTERING THE STREETS.

We learn that a resolution has been passed by Councils ordering the smaller streets of this city to be lettered—A, B, C, and so on. It appears to us that it would be a much better plan to number them by half numbers. For instance, 4½ street, which every one would know was between 4th and 5th streets, would be much more readily found than E street. It would not be difficult for a stranger to find 10½ street, which he would know was between 10th and 11th streets, but he would have to stop and count up the letters of the alphabet before finding out how far from the river the same thoroughfare was, if it was lettered as K street. In every city where the experiment has been tried, numbers have been found preferable to letters for designating streets. We hope Councils will act upon our well meant suggestion, and number the smaller streets by half numbers. We hope, also, that the names of the streets will at once be put up on all the corners of the main streets, as at the present time a stranger cannot tell in what part of the city he is without inquiring of passers-by, which is a disagreeable necessity.

WADE FOR PRESIDENT.

The Muscatine Courier is responsible for the following exposure of the plans of the Radicals:

"In Detroit, a few days ago, a conference was held by Wade, Colfax, Chandler, and a few other extreme Radicals, at the private residence of Chandler. And it has come to light, at that conference, that the suggestion was made by Wade, and assented to with great earnestness by Chandler, that the 'advanced' Radicals should make sure of Grant, by requiring from him a written pledge to support and favor the congressional reconstruction policy in its every detail, with all the means at his command. 'And this,' added the Ohio fanatic, 'must be done before the meeting of the Electoral College.' 'But,' said one of the party, 'suppose he would not sign?' 'Then,' said Zach Chandler, stretching his arms half-way across the table, and pointing to Ben Wade, 'there is our next President!' The last observation was intended, doubtless, as an intimidation, to influence Grant, rather than to express the Michigan Senator's belief that the extremists have it in their power to control the vote in the Electoral College."

"THE WORLD MOVES."—A correspondent of the Pottsville Standard states that a negro, named Peter Smith, has been commissioned by Governor Geary "to act as a policeman at the town of Helfenstein, Schuylkill county, or elsewhere, as required."—'Rah for Geary!

GENERAL SLOCUM, a gallant soldier and a sterling Democrat, was elected to Congress at the late election by the Democracy of the Third New York District, by a triumphant majority. General Grant has just written a letter to him congratulating him on his election, and "intimating that there will not probably be anything in the next administration which a moderate Democrat may not support." There is considerable excitement amongst Radicals in consequence of this letter, and Grant is pronounced a decidedly large and unruly elephant.

THE great question now appears to be—"Is Gen. Grant in favor of impartial suffrage?" Is there a Radical paper in the country that can answer it?

TELEGRAPHIC SUMMARY

MONDAY, Nov. 30th.—

Judge Durrell, following the precedent of the Chief Justice, has dispensed with the "Iron-clad" jurors' oath in the U. S. District Court at New Orleans.

Judge Cooley, of the Sixth District Court of New Orleans, has sustained the *quo warranto* of the Mayor's Chief of Police against the Metropolitan Superintendent.—The latter has applied for an injunction against his opponent in the Fifth District Court.

The Circuit Court of Richmond, Va., has given judgment against that city for $15,000, the value of 3,000 barrels of whisky destroyed by order of the City Council on the night of the rebel evacuation in 1865.

The City Council of Charleston, S. C., after a trial of two weeks, has declared the recent election in that city irregular and void.

The forthcoming public debt statement will show an increase in the debt.

Eight companies of the Twenty-ninth United States infantry left Memphis on Saturday for Texas.

Two companies of United States soldiers have been sent to Augusta, Ga., to keep order at the Municipal election, which takes place on Wednesday.

Arizona advices to November 12th state that the Indians were depredating in all directions. They had killed a mail rider and robbed the mails near Wickenburg.

The registration of voters in New York city for the Municipal election is 173,688, an increase of 4313 since the Presidential election.

General Doubleday has been granted six months' leave of absence by the War Department.

The ex-rebel General W. C. Wickham has been chosen President of the Chespeake and Ohio Railroad.

Dr. Arthur E. Petticolas, Superintendent of the Eastern Lunatic Asylum, of Virginia, committed suicide at Richmond, on Saturday, by jumping from a window.

T. A. Marsh, late of Temple & Marsh, New York, who is charged with embezzlement, has been arrested at Memphis, on his way to Cuba. He had with him $15,000 in bonds.

Paddon & Son's browery, in Louisville, Ky., was partially destroyed by fire on Saturday. A man was killed by the falling of one of the walls.

The propeller Akron, of the Northern Transportation line, has been seized at Port Colburne, Canada, for infraction of the customs laws.

The town of Center Point, Arkansas, was sacked on the 10th inst., by two hundred men claiming to be militia. As the citizens were holding an indignation meeting in reference to the matter, next day, the two hundred returned, fired upon the assemblage, and, arresting three prominent citizens, shot them in a neighboring field. At last accounts the ruffians still held the town.

The customs receipts from November 16th to 21st, at the chief Atlantic ports, were $2,228,803.

The "New Nation," a Republican newspaper of Richmond, Va., has suspended publication.

Mexican advices via San Francisco state that Alvarez, Governor of Guerrero, had been complained of to the government for privately appropriating customs funds. General Lozado had issued a manifesto stating that it was not his interest to war against the Federal Government, but he could carry on such a war successfully.—Frightful murders are reported near Manzanilla.

O'Baldwin is under bonds to keep the peace.

James Smith threw Patrick Clerk into a vat of boiling beer in New York, on Saturday. Smith escaped, and Clark will paobably die.

From South America.

LISBON, Nov. 29.—The mail steamer from Rio Janeiro, brings the following news from the war in Paraguay.

The Brazillians had sent a column of 2000 men across Gran Chaco forest, to attack the position of Lopez at Villeta on the flank. The Marquis de Caxias was awaiting the development of this flank movement, to attack the river batteries with his fleet of ironclads, and force communication with the army on Gran Chaco.

From Spain.

LONDON, Nov. 29.—The apprehensions of bloodshed in Spain are increasing, and it is thought that a collision between the monarchists and the republicans will be the inevitable result of the excited political contest now in progress. Meantime, the patriotic fervor of the nation is unabated. A Madrid despatch states, that the subscriptions by the people to the nations loan now amount to $819,000,000 reals.

ADVERTISE in the EAGLE.

KLINE, EPPIHIMER & CO.'S DEPARTMENT.

SHAWL AND CLOAK DEPARTMENT

OF

KLINE, EPPIHIMER & CO.

BLANKET SHAWLS,	BLACK CLOTH CLOAKS,
BROCHE SHAWLS,	CHINCHILLY CLOTH CLOAKS,
CHAIN LAIN SHAWLS,	WHITNY BEAVER CLOAKS,
PAISLEY SHAWLS,	FROSTED BEAVER CLOAKS,
MISSES' SHAWLS,	WATERPROOF CLOAKS,
BREAKFAST SHAWLS,	CHILDREN'S CLOAKS,
MOURNING SHAWLS,	OPERA CLOAKS,
GENTLEMEN'S SHAWLS,	SILK VELVET CLOAKS.

Also in Stock, a full assortment of Silk Velvets, Velveteens and Cloaking Cloths, which will be sold by the yard, or made to order in the most durable and fashionable manner, at short notice and moderate prices. nov 4

What a Steam Engine in New York Does.

The *Mail* has discovered an engine in Spruce street, which furnishes the motive power to over one hundred and twenty-five different printing presses. Shafting and belting distribute the power in every direction, the main shafting being three-fourths of a mile in length, and the connecting shafts over a mile.

A rubber belt one hundred and twenty feet long, connects a fifth story press on Nassau street, with main shafting on Spruce. The engine prints McLaughlin's toy books, runs the immense establishment of Bradstreet and J. W. Oliver, beside many other job printers, a hoop-skirt manufactory and several binderies, and prints nearly fifty papers, besides magazines and books innumerable, among them the Mail, the Independent, Dispatch, Leader, Star, Examiner and Chronicle, Observer, Courier, Clipper, Wilke's Spirit, Turf, Field and Farm, Police Gazette, La Crosse Democrat, Ledger, New York Weekly, Literary Album, New York Democrat, Sunday Times, Commonwealth, Scottish American, Freedman's Journal, Emerald, Tablet, Irish American, Irish People, etc.

INTERNAL REVENUE LAW.—The United States Circuit Court for West Virginia, Chief Justice Chase presiding, has recently decided, that under the Internal Revenue Law of 1864, receipts for freight on goods delivered to a Railroad Company for transportation, are inland bills of lading, and are not subject to a stamp duty. It was further held that in the case of an employe of a railroad company issuing unstamped papers contrary to law, the corporation should be indicted for an attempt to violate the statute, and not the clerk.

THE experimental firings at Fortress Monroe have been completed, and the reported result is, that none of the targets had sufficient strength to resist the ponderous balls discharged by the heavy ordnance used.—The targets were built of granite and of earth, faced with iron.

A CARGO of Coolies is reported to have arrived recently at Galveston, Texas. These unfortunate Chinese laborers, it is stated, were consigned as merchandise with the ordinary bill of lading, and were to be sold at auction to pay freight and charges. Two-thirds of the Coolies were females.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

GRAND RAFFLING MATCH

FOR

TWO FAT HOGS

At the Drovers' Hotel Cor. Eighth & Washington sts.,

ON SATURDAY EVENING NEXT, DEC. 5TH, 1868.

The highest number of Heads thrown takes first choice, lowest number takes second choice. Tickets 25 cents.
nov 30

Philadelphia & Reading Railroad.
(Revised.)

READING, NOVEMBER 23, 1868.

WINTER ARRANGEMENT OF PASSENGER TRAINS, November 23, 1868.

Five Trains down to Philadelphia, passing Reading at 7 30, 10 35 and 11 30 a. m., and 4 25 and 6 30 p. m.

Up to Pottsville, at 10 40 a. m., and 5 50 and 6 00 p. m.

Trains West to Lebanon and Harrisburg:

Western Express from New York, at 1 05 a. m., and 1 50 and 10 19 p. m.

Harrisburg Accommodation Train at 7 15 a. m., and mail trains at 10 45 a. m. and 6 05 p. m.

On Sundays, the down trains pass Reading at 9 40 a. m. and 4 25 p. m., and up trains at 10 50 a. m. and 5 57 p. m.

The 4 25 p. m. down, and 10 50 a. m. up trains run only between Philadelphia and Reading.

Up trains leave Philadelphia for Reading, Harrisburg and Pottsville, at 7 30 and 8 15 a. m., 12 45 noon, and 3 30 p. m. and 5 15 p. m., for Reading only. The 8 15 a. m. trains connect with trains for Tamaqua, Williamsport, Elmira, Buffalo, Niagara and Canada.

The 8 15 a. m. and 3 30 p. m. up trains from Philadelphia, and 10 35 a. m. and 4 25 p. m. down trains stop only at principal stations, below Reading.

Reading Accommodation Train leaves Reading at 7 30 a. m., returning leaves Philadelphia at 5 15 p. m.

Pottstown Accommodation Train leaves Pottstown at 6 45 a. m., returning leaves Philadelphia at 4 30 p. m.

The Western Express Trains connect at Harrisburg with express trains on the Pennsylvania R. R. for Baltimore, Pittsburgh, and all points west, and the 10 45 mail train connects at Harrisburg for Pittsburgh, Lancaster, Chambersburg, Sunbury, Scranton, Pittston, Wilkesbarre, Williamsport, Lock Haven, Elmira and the Canadas.

Passenger Trains leave Upper Depot at 7 00 a. m. and 6 15 p. m., for Ephrata, Lititz, Lancaster and Columbia.

Through First-class Coupon tickets and Emigrants' tickets at reduced fares, to all the principal points in the North, West and the Canadas.

COMMUTATION TICKETS,

With 26 coupons, at 25 per cent. discount, between any points desired.

MILEAGE TICKETS,

Good for 2000 miles between all points, at $25.50 for families and business firms.

SEASON TICKETS,

Good for the holder only, for 3, 6, 9 and 12 months, between all points at reduced fares. School season tickets at one-third less than the above.

☞ Passengers will take the Express Trains west at the *Upper Depot*, and all other trains at the *Lower or Old Depot.*

100 pounds of baggage allowed each passenger.

Passengers are requested to purchase their tickets before entering the cars, as higher fares are charged if paid in the cars.

Excursion Tickets good for one day, by 7 30 a. m., Accommodation Train to Philadelphia and return, at $2 65 each.

G. A. NICOLLS, Gen'l. Sup't.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

FREE READING ROOM.—A meeting of citizens of Reading favorable to establishing a free reading room for young men and others, will be held in the Library Hall, Fifth and Franklin streets, on Monday evening, Nov. 30, 1868, at 7½ o'clock, which all persons desirous of promoting the moral and intellectual standing of the young men of this city, are invited to attend. Several addresses will be delivered.

John S. Richards,	J. L. Stichter,
A. G. Green,	T. D. Stichter,
Jacob S. Livingood,	C. D. McKnight,
F. R. Schmucker,	H. H. Muhlenberg,
W. H. Livingood,	Horace A. Yundt,
A. S. Sassaman,	A. B. Wanner,
W. Briner,	W. J. Woodward,
B. F. Boyer,	D. McKnight,
J. Knabb,	W. H. Gearhart,
Jacob Bushong,	J. T. Jackson,
J. G. Seltzer,	Levi B. Smith,
H. H. Shearer,	Geo. F. Baer,
Edwin Shalters,	Edw. Wallace,
A. K. Stauffer,	Kline, Eppihimer & Co.,
R. D. Smith,	John S. Pearson,
F. Leaf Smith,	Mishler & Moers,
S. E. Ancona,	James Jameson,
Daniel S. Hunter,	Daniel Ermentrout.

nov 28 2t

FOR SALE.—All the fixings for a Distillery of 25 Bushels, for sale very cheap, such as Boiler, 20 inches by 30 feet, Still, Doubler, Worm, Pumps, Iron and Copper Pipes of all kinds, at Samuel Werts's Mill, Spring township, Berks county, Pa.

N. B.—The Boiler can be bought separately, if desired. nov 27-3t

NOTICE.—An adjourned meeting of the Fortune Building and Saving Association of Reading, will be held on Tuesday evening next, at 7½ o'clock, at Hoyer's Saloon, on Penn street, above Sixth. The initiation fee of 25 cents on each share will be received. There are also nine Directors to be chosen. Punctual attendance is requested. By order of the P. J. ROSS MILLER,
nov.27-4t R. Sec'y.

NOTICE.—A special meeting of The Mechanics' and Workingmen's Savings Association will be held on Tuesday evening, Dec. 1st, 1868, at 7½ o'clock, at the Taylor House, for the purpose of nominating three or more persons to serve as Directors for three years, and one or more persons to serve as Treasurer for one year; the same to be elected at the regular annual meeting of the stockholders, on Wednesday evening, the 9th of December following, at the same time and place. By order of the Board. AARON STEINBACH, Prest.
F. D. WANNER, Secretary. nov27-3t

THE NATIONAL

STOVE, TIN AND HOLLOW-WARE EMPORIUM OF THE CITY OF READING.

D. C. SCHNADER,

414 PENN STREET,

Would call the attention of the public to his large stock of Parlor, Office and Cooking Stoves, Ranges, Tin, Hollowware and Housekeeping goods of every description.

Roofing and Spouting promptly attended to at the lowest price. Give him a call. [nov 27-3mos

TO INSURANCE COMPANIES.—The Committee on City Property, of the corporation of the city of Reading, hereby invite proposals (until 6 o'clock, P. M., of Nov. 30, 1868,) from the several Fire Insurance Companies, represented in this city, for the insurance of the various properties belonging to the corporation. The amount of insurance required on each property and other particulars, can be ascertained by applying at the office of the Department, Northeast corner of Fifth and Franklin streets.
nov. 24-td B. F. HAUS, Secretary.

AMERICAN HOUSE RESTAURANT. Corner of Fourth and Penn streets, RUTH & HOLLENBACH, Proprietors. Having taken possession of this saloon, and having on hand a most complete stock of everything in the *eating* and drinking line, we are prepared to meet our friends and accommodate them in the best manner. *Oysters served in every style.* nov 17-1 mo

STORE ROOM TO LET, 544 Penn street, in Schmucker House building. Apply at ADLER office.

NEW GROCERY & PROVISION STORE,

J. D. HIGH

Announces to the public that he has opened a

GROCERY & PROVISION STORE

at the N. E. Corner of Eighth and Franklin Sts., where he will keep constantly on hand a large and well selected Stock of Groceries, Provisions, &c., which he will sell at the lowest market price.

A share of public patronage is respectfully solicited. Country produce bought and sold.

J. D. HIGH,
N. E. Corner Eighth and Franklin.
nov.4-1m

LYONS HOTEL,

W. R. ARTMAN, Proprietor.

One of the best houses outside of the large cities. It is located on the line of the East Pennsylvania Railroad, about midway between Reading and Allentown. All trains between New York and the West, as well as all way trains, stop at Lyons, and immediately in front of the Lyons Hotel.

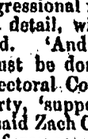
☞ Everything in and about the hotel is unsurpassed. A first rate Livery Stable is also kept in connection with the Hotel. feb24-

BOCKMUEHL'S COLUMBIA HALL,

WINE AND LAGER BEER SALOON,

Penn street, between Sixth and Seventh.

All kinds of best Rhenish wine always on hand, and sold at the lowest price. nov 12-3m



GOOD NEWS FOR THE PEOPLE.—Go to the NATIONAL SHOE & HAT STORE, No. 341 Penn street, three doors below the EAGLE Office, to buy cheap and well-made BOOTS, SHOES and HATS.
oct 9-3moseod L. LICHTSTERN.

JOSEPH REBHOLTZ,

NO. 710 PENN STREET,

READING, PA.,

as constantly on hand the

BEST BEEF,

as well as all kinds of meat and sausage, liver pudding, blood pudding, Frankfort "Schwartenmagen", &c., all of which will be sold at the lowest prices. Also, all kinds of Sausage Skins, wholesale and retail. nov 5-3m

NEWSPAPERS. A large lot of old newspapers, on hand at this office, which will be sold cheap.

FREDERICK W. LAUER,

"OLD JAIL,"

Corner Fifth and Washington streets, Reading, Pa.

Sole Agent for Berks and Lebanon counties, for the celebrated

SAMPSON SCALE COMPANY.

The most reliable and durable Scales ever placed before the public.

Call and see them before purchasing elsewhere. Superior inducements offered to buyers.

A lot of second-hand

PLATFORM SCALES

on hand and for sale cheap. [sept 4-

STOVES, RANGES, HEATERS.

WILLIAM BRIDEGAM,

No. 242 Penn St., Reading.

The undersigned respectfully invites public attention to his newly invented Heater, named the

KEYSTONE HEATER!!

BEST HEATER EVER INTRODUCED.

THREE SIZES.

It burns less coal, makes more heat, takes up less room, and gives better satisfaction than any similar invention ever introduced to the public.

The advantage of this superior heating apparatus will be fully explained by the Proprietor, who guarantees that he will be able to satisfy all who give him a call that it is superior to any one invented. The advantages are so manifold, and so easily comprehended, that it needs only to be seen to convince the most skeptical. In proof of this he respectfully refers the public, by permission, to the following named persons who are now using those Heaters:

GEO. R. FRILL,	MRS. J. STEVENSON,
C. D. GRIGER,	SELL & CO.,
G. A. NICHOLLS,	HENRY JOHNSON,
JOHN M'KNIGHT,	JOSHUA KEELY,
REUBEN ADAMS,	WM. HERTZEL.

JACOB KAUFFMAN, Blandon, Orphans' Home, Womelsdorf.

He also invites special attention to the

BEAUTY RANGE

Which is a late Improved, Superior Range for walling in, and for which he is the Sole Agent in this city. This Range can be seen in operation at the Iron City Hall, No. 428 Penn street, at Peter High's, Franklin street above Fourth, and at other places.

Particular attention paid to

TIN ROOFING AND SPOUTING,

AND

Plastic Slate Roofing.

He employs none but skillful Mechanics—all orders promptly executed, and warranted to give satisfaction. WM. BRIDEGAM,
may 22 No. 242 Penn St.

J. KEELY,

WHOLESALE & RETAIL DEALER IN

LUMBER,

READING, PA.

Keeps constantly on Hand and for sale at the

LOWEST PRICES,

A general assortment of

WHITE PINE, HEMLOCK, SPRUCE,
CHERRY, OAK, ASH, CHESTNUT,
INDIANA BLACK & WHITE WALNUT,
CAROLINA YELLOW PINE,

and

MICHIGAN PANEL

LUMBER,

Thoroughly seasoned and under cover.

ALSO,

WHITE PINE, CYPRESS, AND NORTH CAROLINA GREEN SWAMP CEDAR

SHINGLES.

Orders respectfully solicited and promptly tended to. For prices, &c., call at the

NEW BRICK OFFICE,

On the Corner of Fourth & Pine Sts.,

Or, address,

J. KEELY,
feb11ly Reading, Pa.

IMPORTANT NOTICE!

THE GOOD WILL FIRE COMPANY,

OF ALLENTOWN, PA.,

Would hereby announce to the citizens of Reading that, owing to a considerable number of tickets remaining unsold as well as coupons unreturned, they are compelled to postpone the drawing until the 22d of December. Tickets can be had, for a short time, of E. D. Riechard, Agent, Plough and Harrow Hotel, and at Strickland & Bro.
nov.5

GREAT FURNITURE DEPOT.

SCHRŒDER & FELIX,

Wareroom, corner Fifth and Washington streets,

MANUFACTORY, WASHINGTON STREET BELOW FIFTH.

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL.

THE UNDERSIGNED RESPECTFULLY INVITE public attention to their splendid stock of first-class furniture now and constantly on hand, and made to order to suit customers.

Among other articles, especial attention is invited to their unsurpassed

EXTENSION TABLES,

DRESSING BUREAUS,

DINING ROOM CHAIRS,

CENTRE AND OTHER TABLES,

BEDSTEADS OF THE LATEST STYLES,

and every other article in their line of business. *Every article is manufactured by themselves*, in their admirably arranged manufactory, with the most perfect machinery, and skillful mechanics, and finished in an unsurpassed manner.

Also prepared to execute all orders for

CARVING, TURNING, SAWING, and MOULDINGS.

All orders promptly executed, and warranted to give satisfaction. ap. 10-

MONEY WANTED.

MONEY WANTED!

BY THE CITY OF READING.

The undersigned, Committee on Finance of the Corporation of the City of Reading, having been authorized to borrow the sum of

SEVENTY-FIVE THOUSAND DOLLS.

for the purpose of enlarging the Water Works of the said city, hereby give notice that they are prepared to issue Certificates of Loan, bearing six per cent. interest, to parties desiring to loan money to the city. Apply to either of the undersigned, or to William Heidenreich, Esq., City Treasurer.

FREDK. LAUER,
DANIEL MILLER,
DANIEL STOHR,
Committee on Finance.