The Press.

TUESDAY, OCTOBER 10. 1865.

PHILADELPHIA POLITICS.

OF WHAT THE LEGISLATIVE DISTRICTS ARE COMPOSED.

THE WARD NOMINEES OF THE UNION PARTY.

In *The Press* of yesterday we published, among other important political information, a list of the opposing candidates for the Legislature in this city. Philadelphia has eighteen Legislative districts, each being divided into wards and parts of wards, as follows:

FIRST DISTRICT—Comprising the First ward, and the 1st, 2d, 3d, 4th, 5th, 6th and 9th divisions of the Twenty-sixth ward.

SECOND DISTRICT—Comprising the 1st, 2d, 3d, 4th, 5th, 6th, 7th, 8th and 9th divisions of the Second ward, and the 1st, 2d and 3d divisions of the Third ward.

THIRD DISTRICT—Comprising the Fourth ward, 10th and 11th divisions of the Second ward, 4th, 5th, 6th, 7th and 8th divisions of the Third ward, and 1st and 3d divisions of the Fifth ward.

FOURTH DISTRICT—Comprising the Seventh ward, and the 7th and 8th divisions of the Twenty-sixth ward.

FIFTH DISTRICT—Comprising the Eighth ward, and 3d, 4th, 5th, 6th, 7th and 8th divisions of the Fifth ward.

SIXTH DISTRICT—Comprising the 1st, 4th, 5th, 6th, 7th and 8th divisions of the Sixth ward, and the 1st, 2d, 3d, 4th, 5th, 6th and 7th divisions of the Ninth ward.

SEVENTH DISTRICT—Comprising the Thirteenth ward, and the 3d, 5th, 6th and 10th divisions of the Fourteenth ward.

EIGHTH DISTRICT—Comprising the Tenth ward, 5th division of Ninth ward, and the 1st, 2d, 4th and 9th divisions of Fourteenth ward.

NINTH DISTRICT—Comprising the Eleventh ward, the 2d and 3d divisions of the Sixth ward, and the 1st, 2d, 5th, and 6th divisions of the Twelfth ward.

TENTH DISTRICT—Comprising the Fifteenth ward (except the 8th division).

ELEVENTH DISTRICT—Comprising the 3d, 4th, and 7th divisions of the Twelfth ward, the 1st, 2d, 3d, 4th, 5th, 6th, and 8th divisions of the Sixteenth ward, and 1st and 2d divisions of the Twentieth ward.

TWELFTH DISTRICT—Comprising the Eighteenth ward, and 1st division of the Seventeenth ward, and 2d and 6th divisions of the Nineteenth ward, and the 4th division of the Twenty-fifth ward.

THIRTEENTH DISTRICT—Comprising the Seventeenth ward, except the 1st division, the 7th division of the Sixteenth ward, the 2d and 7th divisions of the Nineteenth ward.

FOURTEENTH DISTRICT—Comprising the 7th and 8th divisions, now 7th, 8th, 11th, and 12th divisions of the Twenty-second ward, the 8th division of the Fifteenth ward, and the 4th, 5th, 6th, 7th, 8th, 9th, and 10th divisions of the Twentieth ward.

FIFTEENTH DISTRICT—Comprising the 1st, 4th, 5th, 9th, and 10th divisions of the Nineteenth ward, the 3d and 4th divisions of the Twentieth ward; the 1st and 3d divisions of the Twenty-first ward, and the 5th and 6th divisions of the Twenty-fifth ward.

SIXTEENTH DISTRICT—Comprising the Twenty-second ward, and the 3d, 4th, 5th, and 7th divisions of the Twenty-first ward.

SEVENTEENTH DISTRICT—Comprising the Twenty-third ward, 1st, 2d and 3d divisions of Twenty-fifth ward, and 8th division of 19th ward.

EIGHTEENTH DISTRICT—Comprising the Twenty-fourth ward, 2d and 3d divisions, now 2d, 8th and 10th divisions of the Twenty-first ward.

THE UNION WARD NOMINEES.

The following list of the nominees of the Union party in the different wards of this city will be found interesting:

FIRST WARD.
Surveyor, Second District—Chas. S. Close.
Common Council—William Calhoun.
Assessor—John E. Bouvier.
School Directors—Daniel Mahorn, James Springer, William S. Irwin.

SECOND WARD.
Common Council—James M. Gibson.
Assessor—Samuel Sweeney.
Surveyor—Charles S. Close.
School Directors—Ed. C. Richardson, Charles T. Brown, Thomas A. Engles.
Constable—James M. Siemers.

THIRD WARD.
Select Council—John Kelly.
Assessor—Charles Paulin.
School Directors—Jacob W. Flickwir, William Stedman, Philip P. Armstrong.

FOURTH WARD.
Surveyor—D. Hudson Shedaker, Samuel P. Lumis.
Assessor—John Whitehead.
School Directors—Jas. C. Adams, Charles S. Swoyer, Joseph Carson.
Constable—James Boyle.

FIFTH WARD.
Select Council—William B. Hood.
Common Council—Joseph N. Hackney.
Assessor—William Quinton Young.
School Directors—S. Tustan Eldridge, Caleb Wood, Clemor K. Cossitt, Jr., John Goforth.
Constable—Robert Ferguson.

SIXTH WARD.
Assessor—George Davis.
School Directors—Charles W. Ridgway, Dr. William Gregg, Willett Combs, John Mundell, Charles D. Reed.

SEVENTH WARD.
Select Council—John A. Wagerer.
Common Council—John Bardsley.
Assessor—William J. Ovens.
School Directors—Penrose Fell, William Watt, Robert J. Black.

EIGHTH WARD.
Common Council—John C. Martin.
Surveyor—D. Hudson Shedaker.
Assessor—John McGlenghan.
School Directors—Charles J. Stille, Edward Shippen, Benj. Kendall.

NINTH WARD.
Common Council—Walter Allison.
Assessor—William Brown.
School Directors—John Farelra, James Freeborn, Benjamin F. Kern, Francis Newland, Edward C. Markley, Jr.
Constable—John Urian.

TENTH WARD.
Common Council—Albert H. Francisus.
Assessor—James Y. Stokes.
School Directors—John Agnew, James H. Bryson, William J. Pascoe, Jas. M. Stewart.

ELEVENTH WARD.
Common Council—S. R. Edwards.
Assessor—Thomas Robinson.
School Directors—Frederick Gladding, Alfred R. Fox, J. E. Baker, B. Myers.

TWELFTH WARD.
Surveyor—Charles J. Read.
Assessor—Edward M. Johnson.
School Directors—Charles M. Wagner, Robert M. Banks, M. Hall Stanton, William B. Connell, Thomas Cain.

THIRTEENTH WARD.
Common Council—William Palmer.
Assessor—Isaac Hicks.
School Directors—Abraham H. Alburger, Abraham Kane, Thomas G. Steel.
Constables—Joseph E. Shaw, John J. Miller.

FOURTEENTH WARD.
Common Council (for the long term)—Henry C. Oram. For the unexpired term of Amos Briggs, resigned, Jas. J. MacNichol.
Assessor—James McCalley.
School Directors—John A. McDowell, B. Lander Herkness, Charles C. F. Stackhouse.
Constable—George W. Rubicam.

FIFTEENTH WARD.
Common Council—Robert M. Evans.
Assessor—Benjamin F. Hoover.
School Directors—Charles A. Miller, George F. Gordon, Homer Eachus, William O. Leslie.

FIFTEENTH WARD—CITIZENS' UNION.
Common Council—Isaac C. Price.
Assessor—John Woolman.
School Directors—Thomas Potter, George Felty, Lewis C. Houpt, Theodore Bliss.
Constable—Lewis Switzerer.

SIXTEENTH WARD.
Common Council—Charles Eager.
Assessor—Andrew W. Wright.
School Directors—James F. Stileman, Charles K. Neiser, Robert Clark.

SEVENTEENTH WARD.
Common Council—Enos C. Renner.
Assessor—John Shegog.
School Directors—Joseph F. Conaway, Henry A. B. Brown, William Roney.
Constables—Clayton L. Wilson, George Switzer.

EIGHTEENTH WARD.
Select Council—William Bumm.
Common Council—Daniel Webster Stockham, David P. Ray.
Assessor—Joseph Gardy.
School Directors—Dr. George W. Vaughan, Thomas M. Ferguson, John Bayne, Sr., Preston Brearley, Dr. Benjamin Housekeeper.

NINETEENTH WARD.
Common Council—Nicholas Shane.
Assessor—James Paul, Jr.
School Directors—Joseph Paisley, Henry Einwechter, James Work.
Constables—William B. Bayne, George L. Deitz.

TWENTIETH WARD.
Select Council—Joseph Manuel.
Common Council—James H. Billington, Henry C. Harrison.
Assessors—John R. Wallace, Robert H. Clinton.
School Directors—William C. Haines, Thos. R. Brown, Charles F. Gristock.
Constable—John W. Henrell.

TWENTY-FIRST WARD.
Assessor—John R. Knapp.
Alderman—Joshua S. Fletcher.
School Directors—Christian Vanguelden, Anthony D. Levering, Capt. William Dawson, Charles Whitaker, O. S. Claflin, Joseph F. Wilson, M. D.
Constable—Elias Rodgers.

TWENTY-SECOND WARD.
Select Council—William F. Smith.
Common Council—Joseph Hill.
Assessors—Charles E. Idel, William Hopkin, Benjamin M. Singley, John R. Watmough.
School Directors—Chas. W. Schaffer, Daniel R. Harper, William H. Lehman, Charles Millman.
Alderman—Joseph T. Mears.

TWENTY-THIRD WARD.
Common Council—Joseph T. Vankirk.
Surveyor—Isaac Shaicross.

TWENTY-FOURTH WARD.
Select Council—Samuel W. Cattell.
Common Council—William Stokes.
Assessor—Edward Lyster.
Alderman—Samuel Johnson.
School Directors—William A. Frederick, Jno. Wilson, Jr., Dr. J. Ralston Wells, Joseph S. Wynn, Charles Gibbons, George E. Johnson, F. A. Milliman, J. W. Massey.

TWENTY-FIFTH WARD.
Common Council—Col. Jonathan Eggleton.
Surveyor—James P. Davis.
Constables—George Hughs, Jno. O'Daniels.

TWENTY-SIXTH WARD.
Common Council—John Kater.
Assessor—John O. Donnell.
School Directors—James S. Stewart, Hood Donaghy, Lewis Waterman.
Constables—John Shaffer, J. P. Hull.

A NUISANCE.—In Chestnut street, above Sixth, there are two underground concert saloons, and at about half past six the bands of these concerns station themselves upon the street, and each endeavor to make the loudest noise, without any attention whatever to the airs which they may be attempting to perform. As each of these bands have a big drum and a big horn, it is easily to imagine the unearthly noise which greets the ears of those who may chance to be in the vicinity; and this is not the only fault—a crowd of idlers collect around the saloons, completely blocking up the way, and forcing many to cross to the other side, or elbow and push their way through. Cannot something be done to put an end to this nuisance?

THE ACADEMY OF MUSIC.

MONSTER MEETING.

THE SOLDIERS IN COUNCIL.

Last evening will be long remembered by the people of Philadelphia. One of the greatest public gatherings that ever took place was held at the Academy of Music last evening, under the auspices of the Soldiers' Campaign Club. The vast building was crowded with an eager and attentive audience, a large proportion of them being of the gentle sex, who signified their approval of the object of the meeting by their presence.

A band was in attendance and discoursed patriotic airs.

The meeting was called to order at eight o'clock, and an organization was effected by the calling of General Joseph A. Knipe to the chair, a number of vice-presidents and secretaries were also chosen.

The resolutions were read by Brigadier Gen. Joshua T. Owen, as follows:

Resolved, That we have entire confidence in the President of the United States, and that, in his plan of recent action, we believe that he is governed by the purpose of restoring the Union. In this purpose we wish him God speed.

Resolved, That the war is ended, and that peace is restored; and, if we are to have one country and our destiny, it must be by subordinating passion to reason, and casting aside all sectional issues.

Resolved, That we hail with joy the evidences of returning loyalty on the part of the States and people lately in rebellion against the Government, and accept their professions of repentance as being made in good faith. Let by-gones be by-gones, and let us live in peace and enjoy the inheritance of equal rights bequeathed us by the Fathers of the Republic.

Resolved, That the national Republican party has carried the country safely through the war, and is entitled to our support and gratitude.

Resolved, That slavery is dead and buried, and that now a homogeneous system of labor is established throughout the whole land. Glory to God in the highest, and on earth peace and good will to men.

Resolved, That the State and city ticket presented by the National Republican party is entitled to our undivided support, and that we are determined to adhere to the item and measures of that party which, in the hour of the country's greatest danger, proved true to the cause for which we fought, and for which many of our comrades perished on the field of battle, or dragged out a lingering death in the prisons of the South.

General Owen then proceeded to address the meeting at length on the importance of the issues involved in the present political contest.

The artist poet, T. Buchanan Read, then recited with killing effect, and amid profound silence, broken only by the thunders of applause, the magnificent poem, written by him, entitled "Sheridan's Ride."

The orator of the evening, Major General Judson Kilpatrick, was then introduced, and was received with loud applause. He said:

FELLOW-CITIZENS: You have just heard the grand old tune, "Hail Columbia." That is what we are going to give the Copperheads tomorrow. [Applause.] Personally, I am known to but few of you, but to my fellow-soldiers here, I am certainly not a stranger. We made each other's acquaintance where death came thickest and fast, on that wild night when the Pennsylvania Cavalry, and my own regiment, the Harris Light, rode over the barricades of Falmouth and made Bayard a general. [Applause.] On the plains of Brandy Station, at South Mountain, Antietam and Gettysburg, where your own Meade sent Lee howling back from Pennsylvania [applause]. We made each other's acquaintance in the Army of General Sherman, among the hills of Resaca and at the base of the fair-named Kenesaw, amid the burning ruins of Atlanta and on the march to the sea. [Cheers.] We fought under the same old flag and for the same glorious cause. You have proved to the world that the blood spilt and the treasure expended were not in vain. Now you have another foe to fight, not less audacious and dangerous, and the interests involved are great and important. Where would we have been had the Copperheads succeeded in the last election? There would have been a cessation of hostilities, and then a convention, and then a separation, and then anarchy and confusion, until we would have been as contemptible that the smallest foreign power could have insulted us with impunity. But that fate was averted. Sherman marched to the sea and split the Confederacy in twain; and when our army marched through the Carolinas we heard of our surrender of Lee, and captured Johnston's army, we knew that the conflict of arms was ended. Greatly to our surprise, however, we found in our return North that a party, consisting of those who had sympathized with the rebels, had aided them wherever they could, was opposing the Government, and again seeking to obtain the reign of power. These are the men who cry out for an assumption of the enormous rate debt of four thousand millions of dollars; who would, had they the power, elect Robert E. Lee as their candidate for the Presidency in 1868.

The speaker then went into a lengthy argument, justifying his withdrawal from the ranks of the present Democratic party. His principles had never changed, and he found them in the national Republican party. The inconsistencies of the Democratic party were then touched upon at length. It was they who, when the Southern members withdrew from the halls of Congress bid them God-speed in their mission of treason, and afterwards when the President called for men and means to carry on the war, declared that it was unconstitutional to coerce a State. They were the men who were doing all they could to save the country, no word of help or encouragement for the Union cause came from them. Yet there were some true men who could break loose from party. One such was Stephen A. Douglas, who, I am proud to say, was personally and politically my friend. [Applause.] I heard him say in Washington, when word was brought that the traitors had fired upon the Star of the West, "Although heretofore I have been willing to sustain the South in their slave property, now that they have fired upon the flag and put themselves out of the pale of the Constitution—now that they have broken the laws—I am willing to give them so many slaves, and so much slave property as they can hold at the point of the bayonet, and no more." [Great applause.] That was true Democratic doctrine. James Buchanan could not find anything in the Constitution to enable him to bring the States back into the Union; but Andrew Jackson found constitutional power in the Constitution that enabled him to bring back a rebellious State, and threaten to hang John C. Calhoun. If he had but done that, there would have been no rebellion to-day.

The Copperhead party say that Mr. Lincoln's administration never did anything good. Has it not done good in removing the chains of four millions of human beings? [Applause.] Has it not relieved nine-tenths of the white population of the South, the poor whites, from a hateful oligarchy? Has it not proved to continental Europe that we could take care of ourselves and put an army of a million of men into the field? All I have to say is that without the assistance of the Copperhead party of the North, unless Maximilian leaves Mexico in less than a twelve-month, we will once more plant the stars and stripes on the dome of the capitol of Mexico. [Applause.]

And if England is not satisfied—[great applause]—should the British Lion ever again roar along our shores before twelve lost note of that roar has died away, Yankee Doodle, with all the variations, will be played on the heights of Abraham, and the notes of our revelry shall echo and re-echo throughout the country.

The speaker paid a noble tribute to the memory of Mr. Lincoln and to the Pennsylvanians who had fallen in the war for the Union, including General Reynolds, Colonel Ulric Dahlgreen, and Lieutenant Greble, all of whose names were received with loud applause. He also bore witness to the bravery of the Pennsylvania soldiers, and spoke in high terms of eulogy of the soldiers' institutions of Philadelphia—the Cooper Shop and the Union Volunteer Refreshment saloons.

With a few words to the ladies, the speaker retired.

Governor Curtin was the next speaker, and spoke for some time on the importance of selecting men to bear the standard of the Republic, and to direct the councils of the State. It would not do to entrust the country, or even the State, to the control of the men who opposed the war measures of the country, and spared no pains to denounce the administration and its acts calculated to suppress the rebellion. The war was inevitable, and Pennsylvania did her share in it, by furnishing 362,000 soldiers to the armies of the United States, which raised to freedom and civilization four millions of souls.

The Republican party will be true to the soldiers and the soldiers will be true to it.

Let the President and Congress be in harmony, let the declaration of fidelity go forth from this old Commonwealth; New York will follow, and we can have hopes for the State whence the gallant Kilpatrick comes.

The Governor continued a little longer, and then retired amid the cheers of the audience, which then dispersed.

THE CITY.

BOARD OF SCHOOL CONTROLLERS.—A stated meeting of the Board of Controllers of Public Schools was held yesterday afternoon instead of to-day, this being election day.

Communications were received and referred as follows:

One from the Twenty-fifth ward, relative to a notice from the owners to vacate the property used by the Hopkinson School was, on account of its bad English, sent back.

One from six Grammar-school teachers, three of whom were females, asking for an increase of fifty per cent. of salary. Referred to Committee on Estimates.

The Committee on Girls' High School reported a resolution to increase the salary of the principal of the Girls' High School, from $1,800 to $2,200, the same as that of Professor Maguire, of the Boys' School. Referred to Committee on Girls' High School, with a favorable recommendation.

A communication from the Twenty-fifth section, requesting the purchase of the lot now occupied by the "Tyndale Mansion," for school purposes, was referred to the Committee on Property, with power to act.

One from the Twenty-fourth section, asking for the establishment of a primary school in Hanscville, and for the purchase of a lot of ground on the east side of Fifty-fourth street, between Lansdown avenue and Hunter's lane. Referred to the Committee on Property, and, if approved, to refer the same to Councils.

One from the Twenty-first section, recommending the Board of Controllers to sell or exchange the Forrest school property and purchase a lot of ground on Queen street, above Ridge avenue, for school purposes. Also, recommending the erection of a new schoolhouse for the Andover primary school on a lot of ground, the location of the Yellow school-house. Also, requesting the assent of the board to the purchase of a lot on Thirteenth street, near the Cannon property, for the use of a public school, to take the place of the Oakdale school, were referred to the Committee on Property.

One from the Sixteenth section asking for an extra appropriation of $200 for repairs, made necessary by reason of a fire at the George Wolf school-house, was referred to the Committee on Property.

One from the Seventh section, asking for the construction of a school-house upon the lot recently purchased by the city for that purpose, was referred to Committee on Property.

One from Seventh section, asking that a special examination be held for colored teachers, was referred to the Committee on Qualification of Teachers, with power to act.

One from the First section requesting the Board to ask Councils to purchase the lot situate at the corner of Ninth and Tasker streets. Referred to Committee on Property, with power to act.

The Committee on Grammar, Secondary and Primary schools presented a majority and a minority report confirming the appointment of certain teachers.

The minority report is from Geo. W. Vaughan, and sets out that the election of Maggie Allen, as third assistant teacher in Primary School No. 4, Kate Lafferty, as third assistant in Primary School No. 6, and Mary Quinn, as third assistant in Primary School No. 5, be the proper appointments. Referred to the Committee on Qualifications of the Public Schools of the Seventeenth section, on June 30, 1865, he not confirmed, they not having the certificates of qualification required by the law of February 17, 1865.

The Chair declared the majority report to be out of order.

Messrs. McManus, Freeborn, Morney, Abel and Milligan appealed from the decision of the Chair, because it was an arbitrary decision and was made without any reason being assigned therefor.

Mr. Shippen took the floor, and said that the reason he had decided the majority report out of order was because the appointment of these teachers was illegal. He had the opinion of the City Solicitor on the subject. They cannot draw salaries until they have passed the necessary examination. It is unfair to the teachers who have passed examinations.

Mr. McManus denied that Mr. Brewster had made any such decision as Mr. Shippen had alleged. Mr. Brewster's opinion, on the contrary, was directly the reverse.

Mr. McCutcheon thought that if the board were going to act upon the opinion of the City Solicitor, that opinion ought to be in writing and placed upon the records of the board.

The decision of the chair was not sustained—yeas 2, nays 19.

The minority report was laid on the table—yeas 18, nays 6.

Dr. Vaughn stated that he had presented the minority report, because the matter affected the whole city. The directors of the Seventeenth section appointed several young ladies as substitutes, to take the place of absent teachers in the primary schools. Misses Quinn, Lafferty and Allen were so appointed. They were not considered as teachers. They were paid by the absent teachers, and their names were never upon the schoolroom registers. They were elected in June to fill vacancies occurring in July, and they have never appeared at any examination. The statute requiring this ante-dates July. They don't claim salary previous to that time. By law the board cannot continue them.

The majority report was adopted.

Mr. Haines offered a resolution instructing the board to purchase the lot on Dickerson street, near Seventh, and fill it with a school-house located next to the church. This was identified by Mr. Adam Sylvester, who occupied a room on the same floor. It was taken from his bureau. He was committed in default of $3,000 bail to answer. Another drawer was then preferred against him—that of stealing two coats from the room of Mr. Smith, of the West Jersey Hotel, at Camden, on the 17th of September. He was identified by Mr. Binland Hugg, an employe of the hotel, as having taken lodgings there that night, and left very early the next morning, taking with him two coats which he did not have on the previous night. On this charge he was committed to await a requisition from the authorities of New Jersey.

ROBBERY AT DELAWARE CITY.

Thomas Gordon was arraigned last evening upon the charge of having committed a robbery at Delaware City. On the night of the 2d inst., the store of John Ryan, at Delaware City, was broken open and various kinds, to the value of $400 were stolen. Suspicion fell on some men who were on board the steamer Alice, which left for Lewes early the next morning for Philadelphia. Information was sent to the city, a search warrant was obtained, and was placed in the hands of Lieutenant Edgar, of the harbor police. On Saturday the schooner was boarded by officer Stevens and Lewis, and a lot of the stolen property was found; also some articles which had been taken from a restaurant adjoining the store of Mr. Chesire, and various implements which are generally used by burglars. Two men were on the schooner, and they were taken into custody. One subsequently escaped from the station-house. The other was arrested. He was committed to await a requisition from the authorities of Delaware.

[Before Mr. Alderman Godbou.]

AN ALLEGED ATTEMPT AT ROBBERY.

William Curtin was brought up on the charge of assault and battery and attempted robbery. It seems that on Sunday evening he went into the confectionery store of Mrs. Flynn, on Arch street above Second, and seized her by the throat. A brother of Mrs. F. was in the store at the time, and he was struck a violent blow over the eye. Curtin, not draw salaries until they have passed the necessary examination. It is unfair to the teachers who have passed examinations.

Mr. McManus denied that Mr. Brewster had made any such decision as Mr. Shippen had alleged. Mr. Brewster's opinion, on the contrary, was directly the reverse.

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AMERICAN UNION COMMISSION.—This institution was established some time since by a number of reverend gentlemen and other patriotic citizens in the city of New York. The object of the Union is to afford material relief to the people of the South, whose houses have been utterly desolate by the recent rebellion. Already the organization has branches established in quite a number of the States. Its appeal has been issued from the Bible House in New York city, setting forth in an elaborate manner a very graphic picture of the disastrous effects of the rebellion upon the South, this condition of things being the whirlwind, as the harvest resulting from sowing the wind. A meeting is to be held this evening to further the object of the organization, but where has not been officially stated.

THE PRESS IN THE EIGHTEENTH WARD.—Henry J. Habliston, No. 1431 Frankford avenue, is the authorized agent for receiving subscriptions to *The Press*. Copies for sale at his counter at an early hour every morning.

ARRIVALS AT THE HOTELS.

The Continental.

D Brusener, Pittsburg
H Rosenthal, Pittsburg
W A Giles, Chicago
Gen Thos Kilpatrick's family
Rev A G Cummins, Penna
J Wilson, Lucca, Italy
Mrs Wilson, Lucca, Italy
Miss Haines, New York
J H Wright, New York
Mrs A Smith, Penna
Miss E M Stanton, Penna
Capt Stedman, U S N
Mrs Stedman & da
Miss Stedman, Virginia
W W Doromie, Minnesota
H P Duke & lady, Mass
F H Doshr, New York
R W Tucker, Virginia
Henry Ward, Penna
Frank Bush & la, Boston
J D Ward, Penna
W A Stagg, New York
Mrs B M Yarrington, Ct
Miss Yarrington, do do
J B Crow, England
Rev E P Roe, N Y
Miss Grey, Baltimore
D L Way, Columbus, O
J D Lyons, Kingston, Jamaica
Lt N P Kellogg, U S A
Lt Jas Monger, New Haven
M Hampton & wf
Gen J Kilpatrick, U S A
Lt Col Dunlap, do
A Ross, New York
Hon Jas Pike, N H
W W Worman, Fredk, Md
J O Crosine, Md
W E Gaines & lady, Mass
Rev W N Dunnell, N J
Penna
J A Nichols, Baltimore
Mrs J A Norris & 2 ch, Pa
W J Sparks, Baltimore
W B Jacobs, Lanc co, Pa
Rev Wm Paxton
Miss Roberts, Easton
M S Bishop, Bordentown
H Gaston & lady, N Y
W R Ralder & wf, Ohio
Mrs D B Sheppard, Pa
T M Tyng, New York
N A Adams, New York
J A Mulhey, New York
H E Whitney, New York
J Weaver, Lewis Mills, N Y
W A Darling, New York
John H Uhl, New York
Jos H Gilbert, New York

D M Cummings & ch
Rev Geo Cummings, O
J A Stevens, Jr, N J
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REFERENCES: The diseased and all interested are referred to the following gentlemen, whom have been treated and witnessed our treatment of others, at No. 1220 WALNUT Street:

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