The Press.

THURSDAY, SEPTEMBER 21, 1865. FORNEY'S WAR PRESS, FOR THE WEEK ENDING SATURDAY, SEPTEMBER 2 is a very interesting number, full of original and selected matter. It can be had at our counter done up in wrappers ready for mailing. The following

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Beside the above the "War Press" contains a mass of other news received by telegraph and mails from all parts of this country and Europe.

Specimens of the "War Press" will be for-Specimens of the "WAR PRESS" will be forwarded when requested. The subscription rate for single copies is \$2.50 a year. A deduction from these terms will be allowed when clubs are formed. Single copies, put up in wrappers, ready for mailing, may be obtained at the counter. Price, FIVE CENTS.

A NEW SOUTH CAROLINA.

Had a Governor of South Carolina pub-Had a Governor of South Carolina published such a message five years; ago, as that of Provisional Governor Perry, which we print this morning, he would have been hanged as an Abolitionist, or confined as a lunatic. But, so rapidly have we advanced in our "schooling" since the rebellion has been crushed, that we fear many will regard the arguments and admissions of Governor Perry, as falling far short of what was expected from him, or what was due to the Government. Such, we are free to say, are not our feelings. We accept what he offers, as not only a good beginning, but a first rate example to others. He comes up to demands of the hour with a manly spirit, and suggests such reforms in the old Constitution of South Carolina as will make the ghosts of her aristocracy shriek through their infernal abodes. We can see from this message exactly where and how nullification took its rise. The rotten borough system of England, that foul libel upon justice, has, for seventy-five years, been maintained in South Carolina. "Twenty or thirty toters," says Governor Perry, "in one of the parishes, whose population and taxation combined entitled it to only one member of the House of Representatives, have the same representation in the Senate that three thousand voters have in the Edgefield district, whose population and taxation combined entitled it to only one member of the House of Representatives, have the same representations than that of any other State in the Union. And it is thought by many that to this cause alone may be traced the origin of that discontent and dissatisfaction with the Federal Government, which, after being nursed for thirty-three or history ways ended in the secession or hoped for in the future of this State. Under the water of the little state of the constitution is less popular and fax to find the reproduction of the constitution is less popular and fax to find the reproduction of the constitution is less popular and fax to find the reproduction of the constitution is less popular and fax to find th lished such a message five years ago, as that of Provisional Governor PERRY, satisfaction with the Federal Government, which, after being nursed for thirty-three or thirty-four years, ended in the secession or rebellion of thirteen or fourteen States." Had not CALHOUN, and RHETT, and BARN-WELL, and JEFFERSON DAVIS been reared in the love of such doctrines as these we would have had no perversion of State rights and rebellion to maintain them. That cruelty, slavery, and the most shameless crimes should follow the attempt to perpetuate such doctrines, was as natural as that poisoned seed is always followed by fatal fruits. How harmonious, with such precepts and apostles, is the statement of Governor PERRY, that "South Carolina is the only State in the dential electors were elected by the Locic

people that would enable them to control the elections, and completely over-awe and out-vote the whites. On the subject of slavery he employs language of no Delphic slavery he employs language of no Delphic meaning. He says:

"African slavery, which was a cherished institution of South Carolina from her earliest colonial history, patriarchal in its character, under which the negro has multiplied and increased with a rapidity proving that he has been kindly cared for and protected, is gone—dead forever, never to be revived or hoped for in the future of this State. Under the warmaking power the military authorities of the United States have abolished slavery in all of the seceding States. The oath you have solemnly taken to 'abide by and faithfully support all laws and proclamations which have been made during the existing rebellion, with reference to the emancipation of slaves,' requires you, in good faith, to abolish slavery in your new or amended constitution. The express terms on which your pardons have been issued, stipulate that you shall never again own or employ slave labor. It is likewise altogether probable that the proposed amendment to the Federal Constitution, abolishing slavery, will be adopted by three-fourths of the States, and become a part of the Constitution. Moreover, it is impossible for South Carolina ever to regain her civil rights and be restored to the Union till she voluntarily abolishes slavery, and declares, by an organic law, that neither 'slavery nor involuntarily servitude, except as a punishment for crime, whereof the party shall have been duly convicted, shall ever again exist within the limits of the State. Until this is done we shall be kept under military rile, and the negroes will be protected as 'freedmen' by the whole military force of the United States. But I know that you are all honorable men, as well as patriotic men, and will do your duty faithfully to yourselves and your country, however painful it may be."

What broader and bolder view could be taken of public duty and personal allest meaning. He says:

people, "a clear usurpation," says Governor PERRY, "which no other State in the

Union tolerates at the present time." The

sentiments of Governor Perry on suffrage,

considered from his stand-point, are, on

the whole, better than might have been expected. He states, with great emphasis,

that to give the colored people the right of

suffrage would be to give the former wealthy

slave-masters a power over the colored

What broader and bolder view could be taken of public duty and personal allegiance to the new condition of things than this? Who, for much less than what is here offered and insisted upon, would not have been willing to close the war before the evacuation of Richmond and the surrender of LEE? The message of Governor PERRY is an era in itself. There are portions of it that we do not approve, especially that asking for the legalizing of the acts of the Legislature during the insane interregnum of secession; but taken as an aggregate, it will infuse a feeling of general satisfaction. It creates a New South Carolina. It shows the people how they have been cheated by false priests; how, for "seventy-five years," they have been unconsciously worshipping hideous idols; and how, when their leaders struck for slavery, in the hope of making themselves the despots of the South, they evangelized and enfranchised South Carolina, and enrolled her name among the progressive States of a restored and vindicated

In our local columns will be found an in teresting account of the arrival of a numbe of gentlemen connected with the government of the progressive city of St. Louis, who visit Philadelphia for the purpose of inspecting our various public institutions, particularly our municipal departments. There is no Western metropolis which has made more rapid and significant strides, within the last twenty years, with probably the exception of Chicago, than St. Louis. Laboring under the disadvantage of being the business capital of a State which has been frequently endangered and overrun by the rebels, and constantly embarrassed by the presence and the unceasing intrigues and plots of the able, persistent and des perate community of sympathizers that in sisted upon quartering on her people, the present prosperity of St. Louis is something marvellous, and may be cited as among the monuments of the enterprise and resolution of the American people, and the strength and endurance of the Government itself. Struggling with Chicago for the control of our outlying Territories, and still contend-

ing against the elements, happily crushed

by the brave men she sent to the field, it is

a spectacle of unusual and of pleasing interest to see how steadily and confidently this noble rivalry is maintained. It would be be invidious to predict which of these two great cities shall succeed in this inspiring contest. When we consider the vast capacity of Illinois, and the almost exhaustless esources of Missouri, we may congratulate ourselves that, whatever the issue may be, our glorious country will at last be the

The St. Louis gentlemen now in Philadelphia have busied themselves in such inquiries as may fulfill the mission marked out for them. They have been, we are glad to say, hospitably entertained by Mayor HENRY and his various assistants and subordinates, together with the representative heads of the city government. There is much to learn in and from Philadelphia; but we in our turn should seek to imitate the bustle, the pluck, and the peculiar en terprise which the daring men of the Northwest seem to imbibe from the atmosphere n which they live and from the grand lookout they have upon our mighty public domain. We think that, wherever they may go after they have left us, they will certainly not receive a warmer greeting or ake with them more valuable information.

SOUTH CAROLINA. GOVERNOR PERRY'S MESSAGE TO THE CONVENTION.

Radical Changes in the Constitution of the State Recommended. THERE IS TO BE NO CONFLICT BETWEEN THE CIVIL AND MILITARY AUTHORITIES.

HIS POLICY, SO FAR, HAS BEEN APPROVED BY THE PRESIDENT. EXECUTIVE DEPARTMENT SOUTH CAROLINA.

creased with a rapidity proving that he has been kindly cared for and protected, is gone, dead forever, never to be revived or hoped for in the future of this State. Under the warmaking power, the military authorities of the United States have abolished slavery in all of the seceding States. The oath you have solemnly taken to "abide by and faithfully support all laws and proclamations which have been made during the existing rebellion, with reference to the emancipation of slaves," requires you, in good faith, to abolish slavery in your new or amended constitution. The express terms on which your pardons have been issued, stipulate that you shall never again from or employ slave labor. It is likewise altogether propable that the proposed amendment to the Federal Constitution, abolishing slavery, will be adopted by three-fourths of the States and become a part of the Constitution. Moreover, it is impossible for South Carolina ever to regain her civil rights and be restored to the Union till she voluntarily abolishes slavery, and declares, by an organic law, that neither "slavery or involuntary servitude, except as a punishment for crime, whereof the party shall have been duly convicted," shall ever again exist within the limits of the State. Until this is done, we shall be kept under military rule, and the negroes will be protected as "freedmen" by the whole military force of the Union dily constitution, abolishing statery, and which will require the substitution of hired labor for that of slave labor, it is to be hoped that none of those evils will be experienced which some have anticipated. By a wise, just and humane treatment of your "freedmen" and women, you may attach them to you as strongly in their new condition as they were whilst your slaves. They will soon learn to see and feel their dependence on you, and know that their interests require them to be true and faithful to you. It is to be expected that so great and sudden a change as this in the condition of the negro will produce, at first, confusion,

any porce.

1 Is very desirable that you should avail yourselves of the present opportunity of reforming and popularizing the State constitution in several particulars. It is the represent of South Carolina abroad that is the represent all isometers and dissatisfaction with the Federal Government, which after being nursed for thirty-three or four years, ended in the secestic of the state, as you know, is entirely arbitrary, and founded on no just principles of property or population. At the time it was adopted—more than seventy-five years ago—it was, no doubt, fair and equal. But since that time the condition of our State constitution, in 1790, was comparatively but newly settled, had a sparse inpublish and unabors in a much set of the state of the state has increased in wealth and numbers in a much set of the state of the white men in the lower contry, and also in the upper contry, in a less proportion, and stood that they seidom saw proper to exercise this franchise.

The radical Republican party North are looking with great interest to the action of the Southern States in reference to negro suffrage, and whilst they admit that a man should beable to read and write and lavo a property qualification in order to vote, yet they contend that there should be no distinction between voters on account of color. They for-

get that this is a white man's Government, and intended for white men only; and that the Supreme Court of the United States has decided that the negro is not an American citizen under the Federal Constitution. That each and every State of the Union has the unquestioned right of deciding for herself who shall exercise the right of suffrage, is beyond all dispute. You will settle this grave question as the interest and honor of the State demand. South Carolina is the only State in the Union where the Chief Magistrate is not elected by the people. This should no longer be the case. It is a fundamental principle of the republican creed that the people, in whomall sovereignty is inherent, should select their own rulers and representatives. Those powers only are delegated which cannot be properly exercised by the people. It is eminently wise and proper that the Governor of a State should derive his authority and election immediately from the sovereign power of the State. The people should elect their chief magistrates, members of Congress, and members of the Legislature. Having done this, the minor offices might be filled by appointment and the people relieved of the trouble, loss of time, and demoralization in making these petty elections. When the Governor has been elected by the people he might safely be entrusted with more power than he has ever exercised in South Carolina. He should be made re-eligible, or elected for a longer term than two years. He should be required to live at the seat of government, and should receive a salary sufficient to defray all his necessary expenses. The general assembly of South Carolina is an electoral college for the State, as well as a legislative body. They have the election of governor, electors of president and vice president, leutenant governor, United States senators, judges and chancellors, all State officers, magistrates, commissioners of roads and bridges, poor and free schools, commissioners and masters in equity, and various other officers. This embarrasses legislation,

consequences. The most of these cases and appointments should be taken from the Legislature.

The election of presidential electors by the Legislature is a clear usurpation on the part of that body, and which no other State in the Union tolerates at the present time. The Federal Constitution declares that "each State shall appoint in such manner as the Legislature thereof may direct, electors of president and vice-president." The State, and not the Legislature, is to "appoint" electors. The Legislature is to "direct" the "manner" of appointing only. The people are the State and should "appoint." No one will contend that the Legislature which represents the State is the State itself. This gross error will, no doubt, be corrected by the first Legislature which assembles under your new constitution, and it may be well for you to express a wish for its correction.

The appointment of the State officers might be given to the Governor, with the advice and consent of the Senate. He might also, with great propriety, be empowered to make the appointment of many of the district officers, and thereby relieve the people of a fruitful source of demonalization in making these petty elections. The quostion is suggested for your consideration.

In all elections made by the Legislature, the petty elections. The question is suggested for your consideration.

In all elections made by the Legislature, the voting should be riva roce, so that each member's constituents might know how he voted. The ballot is secret, and conceals the representatives vote from his constituency. The people have a right to know how their representatives voted in elections as well as in legislation. In all elections by the people, the ballot is certainly the proper mode, as it enables every man to vote independently, according to his own convictions. No one has any right to know or question his vote. He votes as a sovereign; but the representative votes for others, and they have a right to know his vote. votes for others, and they have a right to know his vote.

It would be well to consolidate the treasury department. The State of South Carolina is neither so large nor so wealthy as to require two treasurers. The Secretary of State and the Surveyor General should be required to keep their offices only at the seat of government. The facilities of travelling between Charleston and Columbia are now such that there is no necessity for a division of these offices at the expense of the State. The Court of Appeals ought also to be required to sit altogether in Columbia, where one law library and one set of officers would be sufficient for the court.

had one set of the court.

In order to give additional importance and consideration to the office of lieutenant governor, he ought to be made ex-oficio president of he Senate; or, which would be as well, let the president of the Senate act as governor in case if a vacancy, till another election can be made by the people. of a vacancy, till another election can be made by the people.

You should provide for the election of members of the Legislature at an early day—the second Monday in October—so that the General Assembly may be convened in time to order the election of members of Congress and United States Senators, before the first Monday in December next. It is important that all of the Southern States should be fully represented when Congress assembles.

In your new constitution, you should provide for and declare valid all legislative, executive and judicial acts of the State since her secession, on the twentieth day of December, eighteen hundred and sixty, which are not in conflict with the Constitution of the United States. Likewise all civil officers elected since that period should be authorized to continue to discharge the duties of their respective offices until the expiration of the term for which they were elected or appointed.

In organizing a provisional government, I thought it wisest and best to reappoint all civil origers who were in office at the suspension of civires and the suspension of civires of of c

of all her civil and pelitical rights as a sovereign State, with a general amnesty for the past.

You should be careful to do all that is necessary to aid the President in carrying out his wise and generous policy of reconstruction, and do nothing which may tend to embarrass him in that policy or impede the restoration of the State to the Federal Union. It is a remarkable fact that the brave men who have imperiled their lives and made every sacrifice in war, for the last four years, are promptly and cheerfully acquiescing in its results, whilst some of those who have kept out of danger and made less sacrifices are less inclined to acquiesce in the inevitable results of that war.

I have the gratification of informing you that the policy I have pursued in my administration of the provisional government of the State has met the entire approval of the President, and he has directed the military authorities not to interfere with that policy, but to aid and assist me in carrying it out. I have likewise the pleasure of communicating to you that very recently I had an interview with Major General Meade, commanding the Atlantic States, and Major General Gimore, commanding the Department of South Carolina, in reference to a seeming conflict between the civil and military authorities of the State; and that all difficulties were satisfactorily arranged. The civil law, the courts, and civil officers of the State are restored, and their functions will not be interfered with by the military authorities, except in cases where freedmen and persons of color are concerned. These cases have been assigned to the courts of the provost marshals for adjudication, till the completion of the President's policy of reconstruction. All other cases will be heard and decided by the civil and municipal courts under and according to the laws of South Carolina.

and decided by an extraction and according to the laws of South Carolina.

It is also a source of congratulation to know that the colored troops, whose attrocious conduct has disgraced the service and filled the public mind with the most horrible apprehensions, have been withdrawn from the interior of the State, and are to be placed in garrisons on the coast, where they can do no further mischief. In all my personal interviews with the President, and in all my despatches to him, I urged this course most earnestly. The white troops are, I believe, doing their duty beneficially to the country, in preserving the peace and good order of the State. It is thought that their presence amongst us for some time yet will be necessary, in order to enforce the relative duties of the freedmen and their employers.

In conclusion, gentlemen, I would invoke the Almighry to watch over all your deliberations, and direct your actions in every participants will wear full suits obtained at Wilson, Nos. 603 and 605 Chestnut street, above Sixth.

All that the poets have sung of the perfume of the floral products of any zone is illustrated and realized in the entrancing fragrance of Phalon's "Night-Blooming Gereus." A bottle of it should always stand beside Moore's Melodies, in every lady's boudoir. Sold everywhere.

For Consumption, Astuma, Bronchitz, and all Pulmonary Complaints, Dr. Jagne's Expections and difference of the perfume of Phalon's "Night-Blooming Gereus." A bottle of it should always stand beside Moore's Melodies, in every lady's boudoir. Sold everywhere.

For Consumption, Astuma, Bronchitz, and all Pulmonary Complaints, Dr. Jagne's Expections, and direct your actions in every participants will wear full suits obtained at Wilson, Nos. 603 and 605 Chestnut street, above the Almighty to watch over all your delibera-tions, and direct your actions in every par-ticular, to the best interests, honor, and glory of our beloved State. B. F. Penny. EXTENSIVE POSITIVE SALE OF 650 PACKAGES AND LOTS OF EUROPEAN AND AMERICAN DRY Goods, This Day, -Dealers will consult their interest by an examination of the valuable assortment of British, German, French and domestic dry goods, embracing 650 packages and lots of staple and fancy articles, including 220 packages domestics, 650 pieces French dress goods, alpacas, mohairs, Italians, &c.; 475 pieces goods, alpacas, mohairs, Italians, &c.; 475 pieces cloths, cassimeres, beavers, Whitneys, satinets, burlaps, &c., Barnsley sheotings, damaks, diaper, shirting linens, table cloths, napkins, &c.; 150 dozens travelling and undershirts and drawers, silk ties, sewings, &c.; 10 cases umbrellas; also, ready-made clothing, linen shirt fronts, &c.; to be peremptorily sold by catalogue, on four months' credit and part for cash, commencing this morning, at 10 o'clock, by John B. Myers & Co., auctioneers, Nos. 232 and 234 Market street. CHICKEBING GRAND PIANOS .- All the great musical artists use only the "Chickering Grands." The largest collection ever exhibited

THE TRIAL OF WIRZ. TESTIMONY OF A REBEL SURGEON.

HORRIBLE SUFFERING. Further Proof that they were Brought to the Notice of the Rebel Authorities.

HE CONFIRMS ALL THE REPORTS OF

WASHINGTON, Sept. 20.-Dr. A. Thornbur estified he had been in the Confederate army as a private; was appointed an assistant surgeon and promoted to surgeon; he was assigned to duty at the Andersonville hospital, and among the reports which he made was the following:

ANDERSONVILLE, Ga., Sept. 25, 1864.
SIR; I would most respectfully call your at tention to the very bad sanitary condition of the second division, as well as the whole hos pital, to the immense quantity of filth accumulating in the streets, and to the filthiness of the contract and actions and to the filthiness. mulating in the streets, and to the flithiness of the tents and patients, and to the fact that it cannot be otherwise until we are furnished with the means with which to work. Patients lying on the cold ground, without bed or blanket, and also that we have a very scanty supply of medicines, and that the rations are not of the proper kind and not issued in proper quantity. Hoping that the proper steps may be taken to remedy these defects.

I am, sir, your obedient servant,

A. Thornsura.

Assistant Surgeon to R. R. Stevenson, Surgeon in charge P. A. C. S.

The witness had made several similar re-

in charge P. A. C. S.

The witness had made several similar reports to Dr. White; he frequently saw the priports to Dr. white; he frequently saw the prisoners have pants made of what little bed-clothing they could get; during the admi-nistration of Dr. White but few vegetables were issued, and these in small quantities; were issued, and these in small quantities; witness knew there was an order from the War Department placing the prison hospital on the same footing as Confederate hospitals; the hospital fund could have been drawn, and it would have supplied the hospital with vegetables; the meal issued was very coarse and unsifted; under the administration of Dr. Stevenson things were very little better than they were under Dr. White; it was very difficult to procure medicines, and when requisitions were made it was some days before they were filled; the medicines most needed frequently not being furnished at all; the mortality was great, and the witness attributed it to the want of proper diet, the crowding of men in a small space, and the lack of shelter and fuel; the worst cases were brought from the stockade; to the hospital; there would be forty, fitty, or sixty deaths per day; their places would be filled by sick men from the stockade; some died who had never received medical attention; persons waiting at the stockade; acaths frequently occurred in the stockade gate for medical attention would die before being carried to the hospital register, and stated that he recognized the book as being the hospital book kept at Andersonville; saw no marks to indicate that it had been tampered with except some pencil marks, which he supposed to be check marks.

The book was here offered in evidence by Colonel Chipman. It is a record of the hospital at Andersonville.

Frederick M. Jayne, a clerk to the commission, testified that he had prepared an exhibit of the number of deaths from the book. In doing this he made the check-marks referred to by the witness.

Dr. Thornburgh resumed.—The number returned to the stockade from the hospital was very small; many who got well were detailed as nurses or on some duty outside of the stockade; witness had frequently seen men brought out of the stockade in the beginning of they seen saved had proper diet, shelter and accommodations been furnished; in August it we or six buildings were erected in witness knew there was an order from the War Department placing the prison hospital

shade; in the summer of lots it was latten warmer.

Col. Chipman here called attention on the register to the name of O. Jerrety, of the 108th Pennsylvania Regiment, who was frozen to death during the winter of 1864.

By Mr. Baker. Witness thought the buildings were erected in the stockade by order of Capt. Wirz; the register offered in evidence was the property of the hospital, in charge of Dr. White; irequently the prisoners would be sick when they arrived; witness never treated a person who had received a gun-shot wound inside the stockade; witness saw a man's leg amputated who had been shot by the sentinel, but

the stockade, without saw a min a significant who had been shot by the sentinel, but for what cause witness did not know; he had frequently seen men brought out of the stockade with wounds upon them; he saw some who had their skulls fractured; witness had treated one or two who had been wounded in the stockade by their comrades; in the early part of June he treated five hundred patients was day; witness said he was never interfered treated one or two who had been wounded in the stockade by their commades; in the carly part of June he treated five hundred patients per day; witness said he was never interfered with by Captain Wirz, but thought he showed a disposition for the surgeons to do all they could for the prisoners; large quantities of vegetables were entered on the hospital books as bought, but they were never brought into the hospital; the vegetables were bonght with the hospital; the vegetables were bonght with the hospital fund, and there must have been fraud committed; if the amount of hospital fund allowed by the Government had been drawn, it would have been enough to supply all necessary things to the hospital; the hospital fund should have been drawn from the commissary. Witness stated if it had been list duty, and he had been furnished with the money, he could have bought plenty of vegetables; all kinds of vegetable diet was required to the prisoners; they also gave the prisoners money, and sent a large quantity of flour, which was baked in the bakery, and distributed to the prisoners; they also gave the prisoners money, and sent a large quantity of flour, which was baked in the bakery, and distributed to the prisoners; there was an order forbidding any citizen to go into the hospitals without a pass from Captain Wirz; citizens were not allowed to trade with the prisoners; witness received some blankets for his division, which had been furnished by the United States Sanitary Commission; the rules were more strict while Winder was at Andersonville than atterwards.

By the court: Hospital clothing was issued in April, 1885, after the hospital buildings had been rules were more strict while Winder was at Andersonville than atterwards.

A. D. Blair, 22d New York Regiment, testified, among other things, that he reached over the dead line to procure water, when the sentry fired at him, and the bullet spassed over his head, striking two men, one of whom, in his tent, was mortally wounded; Wirz planted a range of flags inside of the

apon them.

Cross-examination.—He told the prisoners ne would fire if they got inside of those flags Cross-examination.—He told the prisoners he would fire if they got inside of those flags in crowds.

Charles H. Russell testified he was in the military service of the United States—Company E, 1st Wisconsin Cavalry—and was taken to Atlania, were he stayed in the hospital two weeks; he was then taken to Andersonville, arriving there May 27th, 1804; then conveyed to Captain Wirz' headquarters; Wirz told his orderly to "Take everything that the Yankee cavalry son of a bitch had," and threatened to shoot witness because he spoke to him about the bad bread; Wirz had a pistol in his hand, and presented it to witness' head, and threatened to shoot him; witness had seen men shot by the sentinels; one man fell, and his arm went under the deadline, and the guard fired at and killed him; saw Captain Wirz go up to the sentry and shake his hand, after he had shot a man, and called him "a bully fellow"; witness had seen men vaccinated; one man belonging to the same regiment as the witness was vaccinated and died about the first of September; he had no other disease, but sores were all over him, on his arms and legs; the swamp was eighteen inches or two feet deep with maggots and the men had to pass through it frequently; he had often seen men in there digging roots; heard Wirz, about the 4th of June, say Johnston had cleaned out Sherman and taken him prisoner; Wirz said he had been an orderly sergeant in an Hillinois regiment and was under Sigel. The court then adjourned. THE sale of Adams & Co.'s Express packages took place yesterday at Scott's sales room, 1620 Chestnut street, and was well attended.

The balance will be sold this day, comprising about 400 of the most valuable packages. CITY ITEMS.

WHEELER & WILSON'S SEWING MACHINES .-The highest compliment that could be paid to the Wheeler & Wilson Sewing Machines, is the act that over 200.000 of them have been sold, of Their reputation is world-wide, and every family not yet supplied with one of these instru-ments should go to 704 Chestnut street, and

THE BEST FITTING SHIRT OF THE AGE IS "The improved Pattern Shirt," made by John C. Arrison, at the old stand, Nos. 1 and 3 North Sixth street. Work done by hand in the best manner, and warranted to give satisfaction. His stock of Gentlemen's Furnishing Goods cannot be surpassed. Prices moderate. A GRAND DEMONSTRATION .- At the grand Wildey celebration in Baltimore, there will be Odd Fellows from all parts of the country, from Canada and the Sandwich Islands. The display of rich regalia and magnificent insigimpressive and imposing. There is not the slightest doubt that the great majority of the participants will wear full suits obtained at

at No. 242 Chestnut street. INTO HER MIGHTY TRUMPET FAME has reathed a new word, Sozodont, and she is making it resound through the civilized world. It is the Greek for teeth preserve but in plain English, Fragrant Sozodont, J the most effective dentitrice that chemistr has ever yet extracted from the Oriental vegetable kingdom. AWAY WITH SPECTACLES.—Old eyes made new without Spectacles, Doctor or Medicine Pamphlet mailed free on receipt of ten cents. Address E. B. Foote, M. D., No. 1130 Broadway New York.

WM. H. DUTTON.

iere, 914 Chestnut street. se9-12t*

CHARLES H. OWENS, 163 North Third street, southeast corner of Race, manufacturer of hand-made calf boots, sewed and pegged. Country merchants and others in want of prime goods would find it to their advantage o give him a call. FINANCIAL AND COMMERCIAL. There was a very active stock market yester-day, with a disposition towards speculation. The late depression in the more substantial

of 1. No changes of moment occurred in City 6s. For railroad and canal bonds a lively novement set in the sales embracing Cam den and Amboy mortgage 6s at 100½, and the 6s of '85 at 90; Reading mortgage 6s at 91; North Pennsylvania 6s at 88; Elmira 5s at 75, and Lehigh Valley 6s at 94. The share list 75, and Lenigh valley is at 94. The share list was also very active; the sales of Reading, however, were light, at about previous figures. A further rise of ¼ was established in Catawissa. North Pennsylvania was also a shade better. Pennsylvania, Camden and Amboy, and Philadelphia and Eric sold at last quoted rates: Northern Central at 45. and Lequoted rates; Northern Central at 45, and Leligh Valley at 64. The firmness noted re-Second and Third also advanced, selling up to 78. We quote at 47 for Tenth and Eleventh;

cently in passenger railroad securities will continues. There were numerous sales of lestonville Railroad at an advance of 11/4; 22 for Thirteenth and Fifteenth; 10 for Seven teenth and Nineteenth; 28 for Spruce and Pine; 22 for Arch street; 131/4 for Race and Vine; 34 for Green and Coates, and 12 for Lombard and South. Bank shares were without change; 40 was bid for Commercial; 91 for Kensington; 46 for Penn Township; 52½ for Girard; 29 for Manufacturers' and Mechantes. nd 63 for Union. There was an active mov ment in canal stocks, at rather better figures Coal and oil stocks were generally steady. There is an entire absence of Gold specula tion, and the premium is still unchanged, be ing at about 143% The latest quotations for American stocks in ondon are as follows:

London are as follows:
Illipois Central shares, 781/2079; Erie shares, 511/20513/; United States five-twenties, 681/2.
Satterthwaite's Circular, of the evening of the 6th, says: We have again reports of considerable business in American securities. There was a disposition to buy five-twenties on expectation of lower rates for gold, until the arrival of the Moravian, reporting the probability of a new loan, when the quotation gave way, and, after being 691/8, they drooped nearly one per cent., and closed at 68%668%. For Erie there have been numerous inquiries, and prices have advanced more than one per cent. on the week. Illinois shares, on the other hand, have been offered for sale, and, although they exhibit no alteration in prices from last week, the tone of the market is not strong. Railroad bonds are quiet, but the Atlantic and Great Western is in demand and

dvancing. Some doubt existing as to the course the Goernment would adopt as to the payment of the Pacific Railroad bonds, the president of the Bank of the Metropolis in Washington addressed a note to the Secretary of the Treasury on the subject, and received the following reply:

sury on the subject, and received the following reply:

TREASURY DEPARTMENT, Sept. 18, 1865.

Sir: Your letter of to-day, asking whether the obligation of the Government to pay at maturity its bonds issued under the acts of July 1, 1862, and July 2, 1883, to aid in the construction of the Pacific Railroad is absolute or contingent upon the dueperformance of the railroad corporation of its obligations, is at hand. From an examination of the terms of the acts and the various provisions therein made, in respect to the issue of these bonds, I am satisfied that the faith of the Government is pledged to their redemption in the hands of any lawful holder, and without regard to whether the obligations of the railroad company are ultimately fulfilled or not.

I remain, very respectfully,

J. B. Hutchinson, Esq., Washington, D. C.

The following is a statement of coal transported on the Delaware and Hudson Canal,

ported on the Delaware and Hudson Canal, for the week ending Sept. 16, 1865, and for the season: Week. Season. 451,402 22,130 Delaware and Hudson Canal Co...
Pennsylvania Coal Company...... 460 473,532 Total tons..... For the same period last year:
Delaware and Hudson Canal Co...30,330
Pennsylvania Coal Company......18,157 606,282

Southern States. From West Virginia reports come of wells yielding ten, twenty-five, and fifty barrels a day. In Missouri not less than twenty wells are open in Carroll, Ray, Saline, Calloway, and Lafayette counties. In Texas wells are found, particularly near Sour Lake, in Hardin county. In Kentucky Governor Bramlette heads a company boring on the south fork of the Cumberland, near the old Beatty salt well. It is said to have already

yielded twenty thousand barrels of petro leum.

1%. Later Erie sold at 87%. Sales of Stocks, Sept. 20. THE PUBLIC BOARD. FIRST CALL. ### CALL | 100 Maple Shade | .830 4.00 | 200 Maple Shade | .815 4.00 | 500 St Nicholas | .830 1.15 | 100 Mingo | . 1.95 | 100 Tionesta | 24 | 500 St Nicholas | .820 1.10 | 400 Winstow | 2500 Dunkard | .820 | .820 | 500 Tionesta | .820 | .820 | .820 | .820 | .820 | .820 | .820 | .820 | .820 | .820 | .820 | .820 | .820 | .820 | .820 | .820 | .820 | .820 | .820 | .820 | .820 | .820 | .820 | .820 | .820 | .820 | .820 | .820 | .820 | .820 | .820 | .820 | .820 | .820 | .820 | .820 | .820 | .820 | .820 | .820 | .820 | .820 | .820 | .820 | .820 | .820 | .820 | .820 | .820 | .820 | .820 | .820 | .820 | .820 | .820 | .820 | .820 | .820 | .820 | .820 | .820 | .820 | .820 | .820 | .820 | .820 | .820 | .820 | .820 | .820 | .820 | .820 | .820 | .820 | .820 | .820 | .820 | .820 | .820 | .820 | .820 | .820 | .820 | .820 | .820 | .820 | .820 | .820 | .820 | .820 | .820 | .820 | .820 | .820 | .820 | .820 | .820 | .820 | .820 | .820 | .820 | .820 | .820 | .820 | .820 | .820 | .820 | .820 | .820 | .820 | .820 | .820 | .820 | .820 | .820 | .820 | .820 | .820 | .820 | .820 | .820 | .820 | .820 | .820 | .820 | .820 | .820 | .820 | .820 | .820 | .820 | .820 | .820 | .820 | .820 | .820 | .820 | .820 | .820 | .820 | .820 | .820 | .820 | .820 | .820 | .820 | .820 | .820 | .820 | .820 | .820 | .820 | .820 | .820 | .820 | .820 | .820 | .820 | .820 | .820 | .820 | .820 | .820 | .820 | .820 | .820 | .820 | .820 | .820 | .820 | .820 | .820 | .820 | .820 | .820 | .820 | .820 | .820 | .820 | .820 | .820 | .820 | .820 | .820 | .820 | .820 | .820 | .820 | .820 | .820 | .820 | .820 | .820 | .820 | .820 | .820 | .820 | .820 | .820 | .820 | .820 | .820 | .820 | .820 | .820 | .820 | .820 | .820 | .820 | .820 | .820 | .820 | .820 | .820 | .820 | .820 | .820 | .820 | .820 | .820 | .820 | .820 | .820 | .820 | .820 | .820 | .820 | .820 | .820 | .820 | .820 | .820 | .820 | .820 | .820 | .820 | .820 | .820 | .820 | .820 | .820 | .820 | .820 | .820 | .820 | .820 | .820 | .820 | .820 | .820 | .820 | .820 | .820 | .820 | .820 | .820 | .820 | .820 | .820 | .82 SECOND CALL,

Reported by Hewes, Miller & Co., No. 50 S. Thirdist.
BEFORE BOARDS. | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100

SECOND BOARD.

Philadelphia Markets. September 20—Evening.

The Flour market continues dull at about former rates; sales comprise 500 bils Northwestern extra family mostly at \$909.12½; 400 bils Pennsylvania and Ohio do at \$10010.50; 300 bils fancy at \$11.50, and 200 bils extra at \$8.25@9 % bil. The retailers and bakers are buying at from \$707.50 for superince; \$8.25@9 for extra 1.8001 for extra funity and \$11.50

and 200 bbls extra at \$8.25@9 \$ bbl. The retaiters and bakers are buying at from \$7@7.50 for superfine; \$8.25@9 for extra; \$0@11 for extra family, and \$11.50 @12 \$\frac{7}{2}\$ bbl for famey brands, according to quality. Ryc Flour is without change; 100 bbls sold at \$9\$ bbl. Corn Meal is dull at former rates.

GRAIN.—Wheat continues very dull, and prices are unsettled and drooping; sales reach about 4,000 bins reds at \$950.50 for new, and 210@2186 for old do, including 1,000 bus on private terms. White is scarce and quoted at 255@215c \$\frac{7}{2}\$ bus. Rye is selling at \$9.000 \$\frac{7}{2}\$ bus. Rye is selling at \$9.000 \$\frac{7}{2}\$ bus. By the is selling at \$9.000 \$\frac{7}{2}\$ bus. Oats are in good demand, and prices have advanced; sales of new Youthern are baking at \$9.000 \$\frac{7}{2}\$ bus.

BARL—15 Ko. 1 Queettron is in steady demand 50 has sold at \$2.00 \$\frac{7}{2}\$ ton.

COTTAL-7-The market is more active, and prices are looking up; about 200 bales of Middlings sold in lots of front \$6.00 \$\frac{7}{2}\$ bus. All stocked \$1.000 \$\frac{7}{2}\$ bus.

RAVAL STORES.—Prices are unsettled; small sales of Roein are making at \$5.00 \$\frac{7}{2}\$ bbl, and \$\frac{7}{2}\$ bills.

LET BUT E M.—The receipts continue large, and prices are looking at \$1.500 \$\frac{7}{2}\$ by \$\frac{7}{2}\$ bills.

LET BUT E M.—The receipts continue large, and prices are left in minutanced; \$7.000 bills sold at \$3.000 \$\frac{7}{2}\$ for evided \$7.260 \$\frac{7}{2}\$ gailon.

LET BUT E M.—The receipts continue large, and prices are will maintained; \$7.000 bills sold at \$3.000 \$\frac{7}{2}\$ boll, and \$\frac{7}{2}\$ by \$\frac{7}{2}\$ by \$\frac{7}{2}\$ boll, and \$\frac{7}{2}\$ by \$\fr HAY,—Baled Is selling at \$15,000 % ton for new and old.
PROVISIONS.—There is very little doing in the way of sales, but prices are firm. Bacon Hams are selling at 22,030c % in for plain and fancy canyased. Lard Is scarce, and buls and tierces are in demand at 27,029c % in.
WHISKY.—There is more doing, and holders are firm in their views; 250 bils sold at 233c % gallon. The following are the receipts of Flour and Grain at this port to-day; ...1,400 bbls ... 5,400 bus ... 7,700 bus ... 3,900 bus

New York Markets, Sept. 20.
BREADSTUFFS.—The market for State and Westin Flour is 10@15 cents better, with more doing,
tles 14,000 bbis at \$6.56@7.35 for superfine State;
.05@7.75 for extra do; \$7.80@7.90 for choice do:
.71@7.35 for superfine Western: \$7.63@8.10 for
immon to medium extra Western; \$3.40@3.70

for common to good shipping brands extra roundfor common to good shipping brands extra foundnoop Olifo.

Canadian Flour is 10@15 cents better: sales 400
bils at \$2.70@7.90 for common, and \$50@10.75 for good
to choice extra. Souther Flour is a shade firmer:
sales 700 bils at \$8.30@10 for common, and \$10.450
14.50 for fancy and extra. Rye Flour is quiet. Corn
Meal is dull.

Wheat is 10@20 better; sales 85.00 lus at \$1.52@1.61
for Chicago Spring and Milwaukee Club; \$1.51@1.62
for amber Milwaukee; \$2.03@2.06 for new amber
\$13te, and \$2 for old winter reil Western.
Byc is steady at \$1.05 for State, and 950@\$1 for
Western.
Balley is firm; sales 9,000 bushels choice Western
at \$1.35
Barley Malt is quiet.
Barley Malt is quiet. day, with a disposition towards speculation. The late depression in the more substantial securities has given way to a brisk demand and better prices. Government loans were specially active. The 1881s sold up to 107%, an advance of % over the last reported sale. The July 7-30 notes sold at 99, and the June issue were steady at 99½; the old 5-20s rose ½, and the new ½. There was more inquiry for State securities, and the 5s sold at a further advance of 1. No changes of moment occurred in City & Mean and 1992½ for hams.

Banley is nrin; sales \$4,000 busnets choice Western and 18,135

Barley Mat is quiet.

Barley Mat is 3026 for new and old Western.

The Gorn market is better; sales 8,000 bus at 48,224; 48,93.25,000 for new mess.

Barley Mat is 3326 for new and old western.

Barley Mat is 32,332

Barley Mat is 32,532

Barley Mat is 32,532

Barley Mat is 332,536 for new and old western.

The Gorn market is better; sales 8,000 bus at 484, 42,932,932,50 for new mess.

Barley Mat is 332,600 bus at 484, 500 bus at 484, 500 bus at 484, 500 bus at 48 SAILING OF OCEAN STEAMERS.

TO ARRIVE.

S FROM FOR DATE.

Liverpool. New York. Sept. is. Southamp's New York. Sept. is. Sept Kangaroo.... Bellona..Lond Australasian.. New York.... Etna.... New York Southampy a new Lork Sept. 1

Etha Liverpool New York Sept. 2

TO DEPART.

C of Manchestr New York Liverpool Sept. 2

Manhattan New York Hayana & V C.Sept. 2

America. New York Bremen Sept. 2

C of New York New York Liverpool Sept. 2

Helvetia. New York Liverpool Sept. 2

Helvetia. New York Giasgow Sept. 2

North Star New York Liverpool Sept. 2

North Star New York Liverpool Sept. 2

Kangaroo. New York Liverpool Sept. 2

Monterey New York New Orleans Sept. 2 D. C. MCCAMMON, WASH. BUTCHER, JOHN P. WETHERILL,

MARINE INTELLIGENCE. PORT OF PHILADELPHIA, SEPT. 21. SUN RISES..5 58 | SUN SETS..6 2 | HIGH WATER.2 53 Arrived. US gunboat Arosciook, S S Skerrett, commander, 15 days from New Orleans, to the navy yard. Steamer Alida, Lenny, 24 hours from New York, with mdse to W P Clyde & Co. Steamer Ruggles, McDermott, 24 hours from New York, with mdse to W P Clyde & Co. Brig W H Harris, (Br.) Card, 14 days from Havana, with sugar to Thos Wattson & Sons.

Brig J Means, Wells; from Boston, in ballast to captaly. captain.
Schr Lamartine, Hill, from Saco, in ballast to
Ym Hunter, Jr. & Co.
Schr O F Hawley, Clark, from New London, in
ballast to Van Dusen, Lochman & Co.
Schr Sarah Clark, Griffin, from Newport, in ballast to New York and Schuyklil Coal Co.
Schr Allock Field, Pettit, from New York, in bal-

schr Alder Field, Fettit, from New York in Sisto exptilik linnio, Parsons, from Providence, Schr Minnie Kinnio, Parsons, from Providence, in inlast to Tyler & Co.
Schr H A Weeks, Godfrey, from Salem, in ballast, State Late (Col. [16]) Schr H A Weeks, Godfrey, from Salem, in ballast, o Sinclair Coal Co. Schr Ollyla, Fox, 1 day from Odessa, Del., with rain to J L Bewley & Co. Schr Dolplin, Crocker, from New York, in balsit to L Andenrid & Co. Schr Mazellan, Cranmer, from New York, in balsit to L Andenrid & Co. o captain. r Adaliza (new), Gandy, from Tuckerton, N J, Schr Adaliza (1987), in ballast to captain.
Schr Elouisc, Nutter, from Boston, in ballast to Chintard & Ward.
Schr John Collins, Errickson, from Boston, in ballast to captain.
Schr M Hunter, Orr, from New London, in ballast ocaptain.
Schr Bird, Eldridge, 1 day from Odessa, Del., vith grain to Jas L Bewley & Co.
Schr J H French, Brosby, 4 days from Newport, 1, in ballast to E A Souder & Co.
Schr Nightingale, Beebe, from Boston, in ballast

r Nightingale, Beebe, from Boston, in ballast molekson & Glover. r A Bartlett, Bartlett, from Boston, in ballast akiston, Graeff & Co. rr Lady Ellen, Gramer, from Boston, in ballast ew York and Schuyklil Coal Co. rs Saugh J Fort, Fort, from Salem, Mass, in bal-coartely. to captain. hr Elvira, Johnson, from New York, in ballast Audenreld & Co. hr Jas Diverty, Carroll, from Hartford, in balast to captain.
Schr E English, Potter, from Providence, in bal-ast to John R White.
Schr ''76," Teal, from Boston, in ballast to captuln.
Schr Kate Kallahan, Hagan, from City Point, in
ballast to captain.
Schr Cl. Bayles. Vroman, from Providence, in
ballast to Quintard & Ward. Cleared.

Steamer D Gazley, Stone, New York, Steamer Chester, Warren, New York, Steamer English, Steamer Cheymont, Allen, Richmond, Betamer English, Cheffey, Clenfuegos, Brig Win Croevy, Hodfrey, Clenfuegos, Brig Win Croevy, Hodfrey, Clenfuegos, Brig Volant, Parker, Boston, Schr Zolland, Crocker, New York, Schr English, Crocker, New York, Schr Ervira, Johnson, Boston, Schr Monttain Avenue, Rogers, Boston, Schr Monttain Avenue, Rogers, Boston, Schr May Ellen, Cramer, Boston, Schr Lady Ellen, Cramer, Boston, Schr Had Wecks, Godfrey, Boston, Schr Besene, Kelly, Boston, Schr Benadteld, Crowell, Charlestown, Schr Barah Clark, Griffin, New Haven, Schr Broadheld, Crowell, Charlestown, Schr ML Van Kirk, Van Kirk, Newport, Schr McHande, Bebee, Providence, Schr English, Potter, Providence, Schr A Rartlett, Bartlett, Fall river, Schr Morning Star, Lynch, Washington, Schr Atlanie, Lipphacott, Portland, Schr Hattle Ross, Poland, Portland, Schr Hullians, Fooks, Baltimore.

Correspondence of the Philadelphia Exchange. Serville, N. J., Sept. 19, 1855
Schw C Davol, from Philadelphia, with colound to Dighton, came ashore last night on Leaing's Beach, bilged, and is now full of water. To crew, together with the captain, his wife and cliuwere saved by Mr. Tatham's life-boat before a other assistance reached them.

J. M.

Brig Eagle, (Br.) Shaw, hence at Ivigtut, (Green-and,) 8th lift, and remained 11th, loading for Que-ffrig Ida, (Br.) And remained 11th, Ivigtut, (Green-telbila. Telphia.

Brig P Larrabee, Head, hence at Ivingtut, (Green and.) 10th ult. and would commence loading 15t or Philadelphia. ARRIVALS AT THE HOTELS. The Girard.

The Girard.

5 L Worrall, Chester
C T Hyvons, Maryland
Fiddick, Hilnols
Seabury, Lynchburg
Frazier, Wash, DC
D Winters, Wash, DC
V Colder, Harrisburg
K T Hildruss, Harrisbg
K T Hildruss, Harrisburg
C T Hildruss, Harrisburg
C T Hildruss, Harrisburg
G T Hildruss, Harrisburg
G Hoppes, Williamsport
I'vs Cumming, Hampton, V
G Hergner, Harrisburg
G Hoppes, Williamsport
I'vs Cumming, Hampton
I'vs Cum I Peck, Yanderbilt
Mas W Brooke
Warner
C Root, Brooklyn
P Stephens, Norristown
D Valentine, Penna
V Norlis, Williamsport
Eco Ogden, Penna
I L Woodward, Penna
G W Feldman, N York
H Smith, Berks co
N Rickett & la, Pottsve
I H Smith, Berks co
N Rickett & la, Pottsve
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than White, Me J Justis, Jr. N York Fuller, Franklin ses Howard & la Howard & sister More, S Carolina Miss W B Moore, Chicago Miss C B Moore, Chicago Mrs H M Moore & sn. Ill Mrs Mirs mith & sister R Mrs Mrs Mith & sister R Mrs H Leiand & wf. Mich E H Grier, U S N J Rudington, Ohio W L J Rudington, Ohio W Miller, Penna G Williams, Gettysburg G Harman, Gettysburg Mrs W Vernet, Pottsville V R John Kunkle, Penna K W John Kunkle, Penna K W Sister R Miss Miss W Lernet, Pottsville V R John Kunkle, Penna K W Sister R Miss Miss W Lernet, Penna K W L

The Merchants.

G S Rallis, New York
B F Ryder, London, Pa
H S Garber, Baltimore
S Stively, Harrisburg, Pa
J A Cutts & In, Mass
J O Neil
J C Neil
T K Bradley, Nebr'a City
T K O Lordine, Clearfild, Pa
J C A Southmard, N York
G C A Southmard, N York
J C A Southmard, N York
J C Mallace, Pa
J Y Foster, Pa
J Y Foster, Pa
J Hamilton, Binter co. Pa
T B Atchericy, Newark, O
T B Atchericy, Newark, O
T B Atchericy, Newark, O
T B Atchericy, Interstuting
S Salmyer, Lardy-city, Interstuting
J D Loige, New Jorsey
M G Mooor & Sa. New Jorsey
M G Mooor & Sa. New Jorsey
M G Mooor & Sa. Ontaha
M Harlisburg
J Thouse H Linderman
J H Linderman
J H Colwell, Kittanning
J A Cutts & In, Mass
J A Cutts & In, Dodge, New Jersey
H R Linderman
S A V Dayle
Hench, New Jersey
Hoas & wf, Reading
ie Ward, Pottsville
A Taihotl, Ohio
In W W alter, Ohio
W W alter, Ohio
G B Thompson, Berwick

D P Honton & wf. N Y
J A Robinson, Pittsburg
B McClellan, Pittsburg
W J Holland, Mass
Asher Ellis, Mass
R D Norris, Cin, O
J Gilbin, Kittanling, Pa
J GNeps, Mahanov
J A Polk, Manch Chunk
Judge Heiford, M Chunk
W H Roberts, M Chunk
T J Swannell, New Jersey

T J Swannell, New Jersey The Union B Moore & lady, N J II N W Hilshman, Pa W H Riek
John Allen, N J
Henry Clustin, N J
W Bruners, M Bright'n R H Cooper, Mass
W H Comatt, Columbus
W H Weed, Trout Run
J B Willouse, Ohio
R Brown, N Y Obio

Notice Holman

Increase Wallen, Maryland

For A Salinger, Indiana

Increase Wallen, Maryland

For Allen, Maryland

It Brown, N Y

A Salinger, Indiana

Increase Wallen, Maryland

Maryland

Walte & 2 ch. Wisc'i

James Nagle, Pottsville

Wasc'ann, Chichmati

arrishurg & James, Chnchmati

T Eagle, Chichmati

James C Jacobs, Wooster

Maloney Joel Miller, Lamester

The Continental. f P Shumway, Böston L T Downes, R I J Baber, Pottsville L Gambull, S C F E P Chubbuck, N J Mrs E M Drayton, N J Wash, D C J E Nagle, Mash, N J (sah, D C)
Saltimore New Haven
Boston Vernon H Brown, N Y F W Chase & wf, N O rrau, New Haven ings. Boston well, Boston well, Boston Keep, M Opleans irke, U S A lier, Galesburg, Ill wood, Gallsburg, Yee, Washington loyce, Washington loyce, Washington Colors, Washington Colors, Phila A Rahm, Phila Clewis, Phila A Rahm, Phila Clewis, Phila A Rahm, Phila John A Morrisque, Kasticolor, Washington Colors, Phila A Rahm, Phila John F Hickey, Wash John F Hill F Hickey, Wash John F Hill C Oldham

V Brewer, St Louis
nes Fuller, Phila
Smith, Columbus, O
Brooks, New York
Moore, Sheffield, Eng

Jenkins, England Jones, Virginia Jones, Virgin The American.

R G Barnwell, Cal
JZ Royle, Pottsville
T Williams, Delaware
B H Clements & la, D C
James Daly, Wash
JM Bell, Pennsylvania
JH Sanders, Kentucky Hammili ndry, MD Brown & la, Conn R H Sinclair, Baltimore A C Graff, Blairsville J F Nouse, Boston J A Johnston, Boston onald, Balt re, N J J A Johnston, Boston en I Bannan, Pottsville Doubleday, NY C E Snedeker, New York Fersey City D Rudy, Vrightsville hagle, CapeMay P Gohler, Penna valker, New York The Commercial.

The Commercial.

A Robertson, Pottsville
T Beddall, Pottsville
D Whithouse, Pottsville
D Whithouse, Pottsville
D W Hughes, Chester co
T W Marshall, Penna
C A Hays, Unidowlile
I O Bruner, Columbia
W W Stott, Erie, Pa
D T Bishop, Chester ca
Mrs Swaine, N Bedford
A C Norris, Concord, Pa
John Landell
T B Allison, Indiana co
D H Jones, Concord, Pa
John Landell
T B Allison, Indiana co
D H Jones, Concord, Pa
J Wiss E Brocks, Lane co
J Holms, Concord, Pa
J Wiss H M Wools, Lane co
J Helloe, N Jersey
G McHeiry, Dowlestown
W T Scale, Buckingham
J W Hammond, Penna
C B Reynolds & la, Penna
C B Reynolds & la, Penna
C B Reynolds & la, Penna SPECIAL NOTICES. KELTY, CARRINGTON, & Co. have large stock of Plano and Table Cov-PIANO ers, of their own importation. They Shades, and have constantly on hand COVERS. the largest and choicest assortment in Philadelphia.

KELTY, CARRINGTON, & CO., Importers and dealers in everything pertaining to the Curtain Trade. sell-fulthm FINE IVORY TEA AND DINNER KNIVES, with plain or plated blades, and those with the almost indestructible Hard Rubber Handle, or of Horn, Bone, Ebony and Cocoa. Also, Beef and Game Carvers and Table Steels, at TRUMAN &

SHAW'S, No. 835 (Eight Thirty-five) MARKET IN DURABILITY, WE HAVE BECOME PRAC-TIGALLY CONVINCED, that the Cog-wheel Clothes-Wringer is superior to all others, and that in its able springs makes it alimsmal; while its adjust-collar as a bedquilt. For sale, with other kinds, by TRUMAN & SHAW, No. 835 (Eight Thirty-five) MARKET Street, below Ninth. CLOTHING, CLOTHING, Clothing, Clothing, Clothing, Clothing, Business Coats, Business Coats, Business Coats, Business Coats,

Business Coats, Business Coats, Conchman's Coats, Coachman's Coats Walking Coats-new style. Walking Coats-new style. Walking Coats-new style. Pants, Pants-varied styles. Pants, Pauts—varied styles. Pants, Pants—varied styles. Pants, Pants-varied styles. Vests, Vests-all descriptions. Vests, Vests-all descriptions. Vests, Vests-all descriptions, Boys' Clothing, In the greatest variety. Hunting Coats, Hunting Coats.

Being constantly supplied from Foreign Importa tions and Domestic Manufacturers, we are enabled to offer the choicest assortment of READY-MADE CLOTHING at reasonable prices.

Also, a splendid stock of UNCUT GOODS for Citizens, Boys, and Army and Navy Officers, which will be made to order at the shortest notice. ROCKHILL & WILSON'S 603 and 605 CHESTNUT Street. CRIMEAN BITTERS.—THE ONLY BITTERS approved by United States Army Surgeons, and used in Army Hospitals during the war. They are very agreeable to the palate; and in Dyspepsia, Fover and Ague, Neuralgia, Rheumatism, and General Debility are unrivalled. All Druggists

keep them. JOHNSTON, HOLLOWAY & COW-DEN, Wholcsale Agents. sc18-stuth12t J. X. R E WILL clean the scalp.
WILL make the Hair grow.
WILL restore the natural col WILL make the Hair curl. WILL keep it in place.
WILL make it dark, soft, and glossy. Is the most delightful perfune.
Is the handsomest preparation.
Is the greatest favorite, and it is the greatest favorite, and it is the cheapest preparation in the market.

LADIES, try it, and give your unblassed opinion to your friends. A gentleman remarked a few minutes ago, on purchasing a new supply, that he would not be without it in his family if it cost twenty dollars a bottle.

Each bottle has a four-cent stamp affixed under the light less through. ubel (see through.)
For sale by all Druggists and Perfumers.

DYOTT & CO., Principal Depot for United States and Canadas. JAMES PALMER & CO., No. 439 MARKET Street, sc16-stuth3t WHY NOT USE THE BEST?—

Over twenty years' increasing demand has establed the fact that MATHEWS' VENETIAN
HAIR DYE is the best in the word. It is the cheapest, the most reliable, and most convenient. Complete in one bottle. Does not require any previous preparation of the hair. No trouble. No crock or stain, Does not rub off or make the hair appear dusty and dead, but imparts to it new life and lustre. Produces a beautiful bluck or brown, as preferred. A child can apply it. Always gives

satisfaction. Only 75 cents not read to the state of the s as preferred. A child can apply it. Always gives satisfaction. Only 75 cents per bottle. Sold every

JOHNSTON, HOLLOWAY, & COWDEN,

A. I. MATHEWS, Manufacturer, N. Y. DEMAS BARNES & CO., New York, MARVIN'S NEW PATENT. ALUM AND DRY PLASTER.
FIRE AND BURGLAR SAFES, Do not mould their concus-Do not corrode the fron. Do not lose their fire-proof qualities. Are furnished with the best locks. MARVIN & UO., Do not mould their contents. MARVIN & CO.,
721 CHESTNUT Street, (Masonic Hall.)
43 Safes of other makers taken in exchange of
the most liberal terms.

Sep11-12t

PHILADELPHIA NATATORIUM AND PHY SIGAL INSTITUTE.—The Swimming Department was close its season SATURDAY next, September the 23d, 9 P. M. The last Ladles Class will meet at [6] 3d, 9 P. M. The last Ladies Class will meet at 10 A. M. The Institution closes two weeks for reating and renovating, The season for Gymnastics, etc., to begin the second week of October, se20-4t WM. JANSEN. OF ALL THE KNOTTY QUESTIONS

OF ALL THE KNOTTY QUESTIONS

That human wisdom vex,
The tougheat is "What meaneth
S. T.—1860—X!"
This secret would'st unravel?—
PLANTATION BITTERS take,
And thou shalt be the wiser
For thy sick stomach's sake,
PLANTATION BITTERS—the original S. T.—
1860—X.—the poser of medical "science"—the
Eighth Wonder of the World-quickly and permanently cures Dyspepsia, Hearthurn, Cholic, Cramps,
Dizziness, Sick Headache, and all unpleasant feel
lugs arising from an incorrect condition of the Stomach and Gastric Julees. They are
PURE, PALATABLE, AND SURE, seig-file perfect preparation for the hair ever offered to the public. It is a vegetable composited, and contains no injurious ingredients. It will restore gray hair to its original color—will prevent the hair failing that the property of the gray of the g out—and will promote its growth. It is a splendid hair dressing—cleansing the scalp, and making the hair soft, lustrous, and silken. R. P. HALL & (3), Nashua, N. H., Proprietors. Two BAD CASES OF PILES CURED BY DR, STRICKLAND'S PILE REMEDY. Mr. Glass, of Janesville, Wisconsill, writes for the benefit of all who suffer with the Piles, that he has been troubled for eight years with an aggravated case of Plies, and his brother was discharged from the arms as incurable, the being quite paralyzed with the Plies.) Both these distressing cases were qured with one bottle of Dr. Strickland's Pile Remedy. The one bottle of Dr. Stratage 2 in a section of these gentlemen, beside the daily testimonials received by Dr. Strickland, ought to convince those suffering that the most agert

vated chronic cases of Piles are cured by Dr. Strickland's Pile Remedy. It is sold by Druggist everywhere. (WHEATONS) SALT RHEUM. (OINTMENT) SALT RHEUM.
Will cure the itch in forty-eight hours. Also cures
Salt Rheum, Ulcers, Chilblains, and all Emploss
of the Skin. Price, 50 cents. By sending 50 cents to
WEEKS & POTTER, BOSTON, Mass., will be for warded free by mail. For sale by all Druggi mhi8-6m

PRICES REDUCED. Popular Clothing House,

OAK HALL, S. E. cor. SIXTH and MARKET MARRIED. CHASE-WHITE. On the 23d of February la by the Rey, James Kennard, Stephen G. Chas-Jennie, only daughter of J. H. White, both of the Jennie, only daughter of J. H. wheet wou to the city.

KOBERTS—SHANNON.—On Wednesday, Sopi 20th, 1865, at the Church of the Holy Trimity, Ritten house Square, by the Rev. Richard Newton, D. D. Solomon W. Roberts to Jane Ellwood, daughter of Filwood Shannon, all of Philadelphila. No cards, BURKHARDT—ENA MUSS.—On Sunday evoluge September I7, 1865, by the Rev. E. W. Hutter, M. George Burkharth, of Thiladelphila, to Miss Elly Knauss, also of Philadelphila, tormerly of Aller town, Lehigh county, Pa.

DIËD. QUINN.—On the 18th inst., Hamilton, Infant som of Dr. John Paul and Emily Quinn. ROBESON.—On the 20th inst., Joseph P. Robe-son, in the 55th year of his age. His relatives and triends are invited to attend his funeral from his lage residence, No. 1613 Fibers tirect, on Seventh day, 23d inst., at 12 o'clock. "T THORN TON.—On the 15th inst., Enma, yoully, and daughter of Thomas and the late Mary Ain Thora-ten, aged 5 years. daughter of Thomas and the late Mary Ann Thori-ten, aged 5 years.
VANHORN.—On Tuesday, September 19th, 1sar Vanhorn, aged 53 years.
The relatives and friends of the family are invite to attend the funeral, from his interesidence, N-222 Bridge avenue, Chmren, N, 11, 5th Friday, fi 22d inst., at 20 violek F. M., without further livit

fion.

JOYCE.—Suddenly. on the 19th inst., John Joyc in the 42d year of his age.

Due notice will be given of his funeral. BLACK MOUSSELINES, WITH D White Polka Spots. all wool and best quality also, with purple dots. BESSON & SON, Mourning Store, No. 918 CHESTNUT Street. Store, No. 918 CHESTNUT Street.

GOOD BLACK SILKS,—BESSON &
GOOD BLACK SILKS,—BESSON &
Taffetas, Gros Grains, Mourning Silks, Poult de
Sols, Armures, Gros d'Ameriques, &c. Mourning
Store, No. 918 CHESTNUT Street.

SULLIT EYRE & LANDELL ARE OPENING

FALL GOODS.
Magnificent Silks and Shawls,
Winceys with Silk Chain.
Winceys with Cotton Chain,
Richest Printed De Laines.
Luphn's Merinoes, New Colors.
Saint Bernard Square Shawls. COUNCIL No. 4, U. L. A. POWELL RUN AND SLIPPERS
ROCK OIL CO.—A meeting of the stock
holders of the above-named company with he held a
the company's office, No. 409 WALNUT Street
on THURSDAY, 5th of October, 1865, at 4 o'cele
P. M.
Sezikoc5-2t
Secretary, SPRING-GARDEN BAPTIST CHURCH, THIRTEENTH Street, a WALLACE. The services of the Ordination their Pastor cleet, LEWIS P. HORNER HERE HE Held THIS EVENING, at 73 o'clock. See by Rev. Dr. EATON, President of Malison versity. Ordaning Prayer—Rev. Dr. KENNOCHARGE of Fellowship—Rev. P. S. HENSON, Charge to Candidate—Rev. W. W. LILDER. Of Fellowship—Rev. P. S. HENSON, Charge Chrich—Rev. N. B. BALDWIN. Rev. JACOOPER, presiding. COOPER, presiding.

PENNSYLVANIA NITRE COM
PANY.—A Special Meeting of the STOCK
HOLDERS will be held at No. 428 WALNUT Months of the County of October P. Mo., to attend to the business of the Amnual Meeting; and, if though beet, to attend to the business of the Amnual Meeting; and, if though beet, to attribute to Directors to close up the address of the County.

Also, to transact they other business which are come before the meeting. GULLLVER, Secretary.

Convention for Escort of the GOOD INTELS HOSE, H. and L. CO., will be held on THIS (Thursday) EVENING, 21st instant, at the Hall of the Preseverance Hose Co. Companies intending to participate will please send two Delegates.

GEO. McDOWELL, Sec. [11*] H. McINTYRE, Preseverance GLENNVILLE COAL COMPANY The annual meeting of the stockholders the Glennyille Cond Company will be held at it rooms of the Philadelphia Cond Exclusives & 205½ WALNUT Street, on WEDNESDAY, Oct. at 12 o'clock. CHAS. H. H. COOK, Secretary, Sec21-12* NOTICE.—THE ANNUAL MEET
ING of the Stockholders of the North
MOUNTAIN GOAI, COMPANY for the election of Directors and the transaction of such other had the as may be legally brought before the meeting, will be held at the CONTINENTAL HOTEL. Philadel phia, on WEDNESDAY, the 4th day of October 1885, at 10 elook P. M.
Action will be had upon a proposition to sell the property of the Company.

WM. B. FOULLE. Secretary. office of the franklin fire insurance company.

An ELECTION for TEN DIRECTORS, for the ensuing year, will be held, aspeciably to finite; a general meeting of the Stockholders for that purpose, at the Office of the Company, on MONDAY, October 2, 1865, at 10 o'clock A. M.

J. W. McAllister, seco-10t

THE AUTUMNAL EXHIBITIO of the PENNSYLVANIA HORTICULTINAL SOCIETY will open on WEDNESDAY EVENING, Sept. 27th, at 7 o'clock, and continue Thursday and Friday, day and evening, in a GRAND FAVILLON, on the lot on BROAD Street, next the Academy of Music. A BAND OF MUSIC was be in attendance every evening. Contributions of Frith, Plants, Flowers, and Vegetables will be received by the Committee on Tuesday, 23th, at the place of exhibition.

Single Tickets 50 cents; children half price; set son tickets \$1; tickets to acmit one gentleman and two laddes \$4. BURNING SPRING OH. COMPANY OF PENNSYLVANIA.—The Annu Meeting of the Stockholders of the BURNYL SPRING OH. COMPANY OF PENNSYLVANI Will be held on SATURDAY. October 7th, at 405 WALNUT Street. An Each tion for Directors will be held, and busing so it portance will be brought before the meeting.

Philadelphia, Sept. 16, 1865. Sci8-mide. SITY OF PENNSYLVANIA. A Tena sil begin on MONDAY, October 2d. The Introductive will be delivered by Professor E. SPENGE MILLER, at 80 clock P. M., at the lecture roots the University. OFFICE OF THE STAR OF COMPANY, No. 123 South SEVENT Street.

Philadelphia, Sept. 15, 15

The first Annual meeting of the Stockholder
this Company will be held at their office, on W
NESDAY, September 27th, at 3 o'clock P. M.
An election for Directors will be held.
SAMUEL ALLEX, Secretar DIVIDEND NOTICE.—OFFICE
OF THE PHILADELPHIA, GERYA,
TOWN, AND NORRISTOWN RAILROAD (C. PANY).
The Board of Managers have this day deels a Dividend of FOUR PER CENT., cher of all (as payable on and after the 2d of October next.
The stock transfer book will be closed on the ansatz and remain closed mull, the 2d of October next.

nst., and remain closed until the 2d of Octo sei5 tO2 A. E. DOUGHERTY, Tree CIPALS OF BOYS, and Gless Grand CIPALS of Boys and Girls Gramms Schools of the First School District, will be high the MOUNT VERNON GRAMMAR SCHOOL, CATHARINE Street, above THRID, on FRIDAY 22d instant, at levelock P. M., and to be continuous SATURIDAY, 23d instant, by order of the Committee on Qualifogations Teachers, J. W. HALLIWELL. Selfs-mwth8t OFFICE OF THE MILLER OF COMPANY, 133 South FOURTH Street.

At a meeting of the Stockholders, head THIS DAY an assessment of PIFTEEN CENTS per share we vised to increase the Working Capital, payaberon the 20th to the 30th inst. Books will be open for transfer until the 19th inst., after which it transfer can be made until the assessment is pad By order of the Stockholders.

Sel2-18t JOHN H. WYLE, Transurer. TAL OIL COMPANY, No. 133 SOUTH HOLDERS.—In accordance with sections 16. T. a. 18. of the act of July 18th, 1883, notice is here given that inless the assessment called for a meeting of the Directors, held July 10th. 1886, while on or before the 30th July 40th. 1886, while on the or the the 30th July 40th. 1886, while on that day at 10 o'clock, at the office of the company, to pay said assessment, with necessed and incidental expenses. By order of the Boath, 1869-18th. 2014 N. WYLE, Treasurer.

CUMBERLAND COAL AND IN PROVEMENT COMPANY. \$1,000,000 CAPITAL STOCK OF SHARES, AT 45 EACH. Office No. 326 South FOURTH Street. DIRECTORS: Joseph Lesley, Bobert H. Bestty, Albert D. Boliesu, Edward H. Faulkner, Thomas H. Rickert.

President, SYLVESTER J. MEGARGEE. SCHOSecretary and Treasurer, ALBERT R. and of FIELD. ORS: Sylvester J. Megarge Tatlow Jackson. Price I. Patton. Thomas H. Rickert.

MILITARY. UNITED STATES MARINE CORP
Wanted for the UNITED STATES MARINE
CORPS, able-bodled MEN. Splendid india
ments held out to all entering the Marine Corf
glorious opportunity to visit foreign countries
cod pay, excellent accommodations, light accom EYE, EAR, AND CATARRII SUCCESSFULLY treated by J. ISAACS, M. D., Oculist and Aurist, 519 PINE Street. Artificial eyes inserted. No charge for examination.