The Press.

SATURDAY, JUNE 24, 1865.

RELIGIOUS INTELLIGENCE.

AFFAIRS IN THE CITY.

Church Dedication.—The dedication services of the Spring Garden M. E. Church (Rev. A. Cookman, pastor), at Seventeenth and Spring Garden streets, will be solemnized to-morrow. In the morning there will be a sermon by Rev. Bishop Simpson, who will formally dedicate the Church. The afternoon service will be presided over by Bishop Simpson, and will be of a social character, participated in by Rev. J. B. Simmons, Rev. T. M. Cunningham, Rev. W. W. Taylor, Rev. T. H. Hanna, and Rev. D. W. Bartine. Rev. J. P. Durbin will preach a sermon in the evening.

Personal.—Rev. G. D. Carrow, Pastor of the Union M. E. Church, has so far recovered from his recent severe sickness, that he will again occupy his pulpit to-morrow morning.

Excursion.—The Sunday-school of the First Congregational Church, Kensington, will make an excursion next Tuesday to Sylvan Grove, on the North Pennsylvania railroad.

Fidelity of the Churches.—The revivals and prayer meetings in the churches of the city have not with much spiritual success. A prayer meeting is now held daily between 3 and 9 o'clock A. M. in the Calvary Presbyterian Church, as an assistance to Rev. Mr. Hammond in his present labors, and last Sunday, we are told, forty-eight persons united themselves with the church. The revival at the North Broad-street Presbyterian Church has added seven persons to the congregation, which has increased one hundred and one in the last nine months. Nineteen have been added by similar means to St. Luke's Lutheran Church, Fourth and Girard avenue.

A New Presbyterian Church.—For some time past another Presbyterian church has been a great want in the northwestern section of the city. For the want of proper accommodations, for the children especially, a Sunday-school had to be opened at Eleventh and Columbia avenue, beginning with sixty-six scholars. This proved insufficient, and another school had to be begun in the Wagner Free Institute of Science. Though both are now in successful operation, it has been determined to erect a first-class chapel at the northeast corner of Broad and Oxford streets, where there is an extensive lot. The contract has already been drawn up. The chapel will front on Oxford street, with entrance porches on the east and west, ample space being allowed between this and Broad street for the church proper, which will front on Broad street. The building will be of Newark brown stone, in the Norman style. The dimensions are forty-two feet front by eighty feet deep, and will seat more than five hundred persons, with an infant school-room and library, and a gallery over them. The height of ceiling will be thirty-four feet to the crown, in the form of a pointed arch. It is expected that the chapel will be completed early in the winter, and be an ornament to that improving neighborhood.

Flourishing.—The Eighth United Presbyterian Church, Shippen street below Twelfth, held their communion last Sabbath, when seventeen persons were admitted to membership; nine by profession of their faith, and eight by certificate from other churches. The pastor, Rev. W. W. Barr, has been highly successful in his labors. The Sabbath school is steadily increasing in numbers and efficiency. Within a short time past, the floating debt of the church has been nearly extinguished. The congregation intend soon to enlarge their house to room for the accomodation of the Sabbath school.

Philadelphia Mission and Tract Society.—The one hundred and third meeting of this society will be held in the Presbyterian Church, Rev. Mr. Rice, pastor, Lombard and Twelfth streets, to-morrow evening, at eight o'clock. The one hundred and fourth will be held on Wednesday evening next, at the same hour, in the Presbyterian Church, Rev. Mr. Crowell, pastor, Broad, above Chestnut.

Confirmation.—Right Rev. Bishop Stevens will administer confirmation in the Olay Mission Chapel, Pearl, above Twelfth street, to-morrow evening. A sermon will be preached by Rev. Phillips Brooks. The same will be administered at St. Paul's Church, Rev. Dr. Goddard, Third, below Walnut, in the morning.

Called.—Rev. Dr. Cooper, of this city, has been called to establish a mission of the U. P. Church, in San Francisco. His salary, as missionary, will be $2,000 a year.

Ordination.—Yesterday morning, the members of the graduating class of the Protestant Episcopal Divinity School were ordained at St. Luke's Church by Bishop Stevens, with the usual solemn ceremonies. Their names are: Henry Anstice, Jr., Jno. Bakewell, Thos. T. Burk, M. Dillon, J. H. Eccleston, Charles Logan, James A. Mook, H. P. Orrick, D. Brainerd Ray, J. Sanders Reed, Snyder B. Simes.

A cotemporary informs us that the Divinity School was founded mainly through the efforts of Bishop Potter, assisted by clergymen of this and other dioceses. It probably would not have been established but for the breaking up of the church seminary at Alexandria, Va., by the rebellion. The school is now in a flourishing condition, having a spacious edifice and a good library. Among its faculty are Rev. G. A. E Hare, D. D., D. K. Cowlin, D. D., J. S. Stone, D. D., and O. M. Butler, D. D." The late Dr. Vaughan was a professor at the time of his death.

Death of a Catholic Clergyman.—The funeral obsequies of the late Father Pilgrot took place yesterday morning, at the Church of St. Vincent de Paul, Germantown, the pastor, Rev. Father Leyden, officiating. Chenwald's Requiem Mass was sung by a largely-augmented choir.

Commencements.—The 118th Commencement of the College of New Jersey will be held on Wednesday next. The Centennial Anniversary of the Philomathic Society of the College will take place on the 27th.

OPINIONS OF THE RELIGIOUS PRESS.

Action of Virginia Baptists.—A convention of Baptists, lately meeting in Richmond, passed a series of resolutions disfellowshipping their Northern brethren, and calling on the churches of the South to have no dealings with the ministers sent among them by the American Baptist Home Mission Society. Because this society has, in the order of the Government, occupied houses of worship abandoned by their owners, or vacated before these Virginia Baptists are out in arms. Hath, charging the society with "precaution," remarks with "striving to create and foster jealousy and disunion between classes residing in the Southern States, and especially to sweat the colored people and those who have so long and so faithfully labored in their behalf," but adduces not a single fact in proof of the assertion. But the most extraordinary feature in these resolutions is the old which they make on the Southern churches for their neglect to prosecute the work of negro instruction, in which they have been so many years successfully engaged." And yet they have given the negroes only oral instruction. They have not taught them to read the Bible. They have not taught them the sacredness of marriage, but encouraged among them the general system of concubinage. They have merely given them scan an education as would put into them the greatest value as the property of their masters. We forbear in the Virginia Baptists like their resistance to the new order of things is impotent, a kicking against the pricks, and the injury to themselves is greater than to those whom they assail. They will find themselves beached like stranded whales, the element to drift their old ideas of negro education having receded to a returnless distance.—*N. Y. Independent.*

"Are we to have a Religious War?"—This question the Boston *Pilot* asks, and answers, saying—No. It contends that those who have been trying to infect the public mind with the idea that the Catholic Church has been identified with the rebellion will fail miserably, citing the following from the New York *World*:

"This is done in the face of the facts that every hospital in the land has seen our wounded and suffering soldiers tenderly cared for by our Roman Catholic Sisters of Mercy; that upon every battlefield the Roman Catholic chaplains of the army have been seen pursuing their sacred calling along the lines and under the fire, until the common roared and the shells shrieked above them on their errand of death; that Roman Catholic soldiers from the North, the South, the East, and the West, have been fighting in the front of war for the Union, *while those hypocritical wolves in sheep's clothing, of sanctimonious sheep, safe safety at their desks inditing their venomous balderdash, to inflame and pervert the public mind;* and that the Roman Catholic Church numbers among its most devout adherents in American generals who have earned a fame for patriotism, single-heartedness and gallantry which will last as long as the memory of this great struggle for the liberties of the nation."

Advice to Christians Seeking Summer Pleasure.—This is the season when large numbers of persons seek change and recreation by going among, and this is well. The body and the mind need occasional unbending. In seeking this change many resort to the public fashionable gathering-places. And there can be no harm in this in itself. Satan has no more right to a monopoly of beautiful and desirable places than he has of anything else. But that there is danger in such places no one can doubt. The whole atmosphere seems pervaded with a spirit of lightness, as if all were seeking entertainment and amusement, and so in its proper limits it should be. But the Christian should be specially guarded that he do not allow himself to be led into practices or associations tending to bring reproach upon the Christian name, or to originate of foster habits that would be against grace. Abroad as well at at home true Christians ought to have the question often ringing in their ears, "What manner of persons ought we to be in all holy conversation and godliness?" No duty is enjoined by God, and is needful for the spiritual well-being of a man of home, ought to be neglected or set aside when he is *away from* home; and in no place has a man more liberty to feel that a thing is any less wrong *away* from home than it would be at home.

In view of the importance of having professing Christians maintain the true character of the Christian in public places as well as in private, we sustain the following suggestions:

Never go to any place where you cannot take the Saviour with you, and openly and consistently *live* the religion he enjoins.

Never feel that the reading of the Scriptures and secret prayer, and, if possible, social or family prayer, can be dispensed with abroad and among strangers any more than they can be at home.

Never be ashamed to have it known that you are a Christian. Never fail to make it a matter of prayer that in selecting the place to which you will go God will guide you to one where good may be done as well as received. There are churches in Northern New York now that grew out the summer jaunts of good men from New York, Philadelphia, and other places, who, while they sought bodily recreation, aimed also at good. Bright crowns will yet rest on the brows of those that were faithful wherever they went.—*Philadelphia Christian Instructor, to-day.*

GENERAL SUMMARY.

The Popedom.—On the 13th of May the Pope kept his seventy-third birthday, and on the 16th of June he completed the nineteenth year of his pontificate. Of the two hundred and fifty-nine Popes who have followed St. Peter, there are only eight who have reigned longer than the present Pontiff. St. Sylvester governed the Church from the year 314 to 336; St. Leo the Great from 440 to 461; Adrian I. from 772 to 795; Alexander III. from 1159 to 1181; Urban VIII. from 1623 to 1644; Clement IX. from 1700 to 1721; Pius VI. from 1775 to 1800; Pius VII. from 1800 to 1823. These two reigned longer than any of the others, the former for twenty-four, the latter for twenty-three years. The chroniclers of the Church assign a reign of twenty-five years to St. Peter alone. The Roman predict that it is reserved for Pius IX. to complete the number of Popes who have, since St. Peter, enjoyed the longest reigns, and thus to fulfil the ancient Latin proverb, *Omne trinum perfectum.*

The one hundred and eighteenth annual convention of the Pennsylvania Lutheran Synod has been in session at Easton, and adjourned after transacting much important business. The twenty-second convention of the Pittsburg Synod of the Evangelical Lutheran Church has also been held at Wheeling.

Representatives from the principal Jewish congregations in the country, comprising the Board of Delegates of the American Israelites, were in session last week, in New York, to take into consideration subjects affecting the interests of the Jews.

Rev. Mr. Burleigh and his *free* Congregational church at Florence, Northampton, have passed some rather violent resolutions touching the late Unitarian Convention. Mr. *Burleigh*, it will be remembered, is the man who received a sudden check in the convention for language deemed well nigh blasphemous concerning our Saviour.

Bishop Gregg, of Texas, in a pastoral letter, instructs the clergy of the Episcopal Church to return to the liturgy as it was before the war.

The First Congregational Church of Baltimore was organized on Wednesday last.

The Committee on Missions of the New School Assembly are about to send ten of the ablest men of their body to East Tennessee to spend three months in preaching to the destitute churches in that region. The men are appointed, including Rev. Dr. Brainerd, of Philadelphia, Rev. Dr. Spear of Brooklyn, Rev. Dr. Patterson, of Chicago, &c.

A convention to complete the endowment of the Lutheran Theological Seminary, at Gettysburg, by an addition of $50,000 or upwards to its fund, was held at Baltimore, on the 13th and 14th instant, pursuant to a call issued by the Board of Directors of that institution. Rev. John E. Graeff, of Philadelphia, was elected president, after which appropriate religious exercises took place, and addresses explanatory of the objects of the meeting were delivered. On taking up subscriptions, over $12,000 were subscribed, in addition to $14,000 heretofore reported.

An article in the *National Baptist*, of last week, gives an account of the seven published works of the famous Roger Williams. The titles of some of them are quaint and antique, like most of the religious treatises of that day. "George Fox digged out of his Burrowes." "A New England Firebrand Quenched," "The Bloody Tenant yet More Bloody by Mr. Cotton's endeavors to wash it white in the Blood of the Lamb," &c.

The Episcopalians in Canada are a little excited about the election of an assistant and successor of Dr. Strachan, Bishop of Toronto, who is now ninety years old; and though he is still vigorous and clear-headed, they see that he cannot much longer discharge the duties of his position. The parties are high and low church. The present Bishop is a high churchman.

Meeting of Bishops of the Methodist Church.—The Bishops of the Methodist Church had a private conference at Erie, last Friday week, in which the important subject of church reconstruction with the South was the chief discussed. Although this was private, still all of importance is given herewith to the public. For quite a number of years the Methodist Church on this country has been divided, in organization and government. The division was caused by the slavery question, and has been complete, the presiding bishops of the church North having no control over the church South, and the Southern bishops having no connection with their Northern brethren. An impression has extensively prevailed that during the war the Methodist Church in the rebel States was in a disorganized condition, but the facts are the reverse. The Southern Methodists have preserved intact both their Episcopal and district jurisdiction, and these governing powers have not proposed any reconciliation with the Methodist Church of the North. Several Southern bishops are still rancorous against the North, though they at present have little or no power in either section. The anti-slavery, or Union portion of the Southern Methodist Church, which portion is mainly composed of the laity, the bishops, elders, etc., being mostly secessionists, though not strong in numbers, has, to some extent, applied to come under the jurisdiction of the Northern church. The present conference was called to consider this proposition and several other projected modes of reconstruction. The main questions before the bishops on Friday was whether to admit the anti-slavery portion of their Southern brethren as an inchoate body, and thus extend over them the jurisdiction of the church as it now exists in the loyal States, or whether to first reorganize the Southern church by itself, but on a loyal basis, and then make a common union of the church North and South. These were the main points at issue, and they were quite fully discussed. A series of resolutions were drawn up and adopted, which will form the basis of future action in dealing with the Southern members of the Methodist denomination. They declare that the Methodist Church will support the Administration of Andrew Johnson so long as it maintains honorable peace with foreign nations, sustains the abolishment of human slavery, and acts in general with equity, and renders justice to all. Those members of the Southern Methodist Episcopal Church who apply to be received under the jurisdiction of the loyal portion of the Church on the ground of undoubted loyalty and anti slavery principles and action, will be welcomed, and every proper effort made to have the Southern church members so apply. To this line of action the bishops have agreed, and so fast as Southern churchmembers will come back to the fold as loyal citizens, anti-slavery men and Christian brethren, so fast will they be welcomed with open arms.

THE CITY.

FUNERAL OF A BRAVE OFFICER.—Yesterday morning the remains of Albert C. Walker, captain of Company M, 2d Pennsylvania Cavalry, Colonel R. Butler Price, were deposited in Monumental Cemetery. Captain Walker went out as adjutant of the regiment, and, in that difficult office, discharged the duties to the entire satisfaction of his fellow-officers, and won the respect of the men of the command. For gallantry displayed on several occasions, he was promoted to the captaincy of "M" Company, in place of Captain Kelley, who had been made major. Some slight dissatisfaction was at first manifested by the members of the company (it being raised in Allegheny county,) at the appointment of a Philadelphian to their command. Captain Walker by his intelligence, courtesy, gentlemanly bearing, and bravery soon won their entire confidence and esteem, and at the time of his death was one of the most popular and efficient officers of the regiment. He was killed on the 13th June, 1864, near Trevilian Station, while on picket duty, by a bushwhacker, who discharged a double-barreled duck gun at him, nine slugs entering his body below the eighth rib, in such a manner as to indicate that he was in the act of making a sabre cut at the time. Several brave fellows of the command charged the bushwhackers, and recovered the body. Adjutant J. C. Reed was present when the body was interred, and, by marks placed near the grave, it was readily recovered.

INTERESTING SCENE.—A very interesting affair came off at the Sunday-school of the church of the Nativity, Eleventh street and Mount Vernon, on Thursday evening, June 22d, it being the occasion of the presentation of a roll of honor of the Morrison Missionary Society, composed of the young men's Bible class, handsomely designed and drawn by Mr. Addison Burk, a young and rising artist of this city, and contained all the members' names that had entered the army since the commencement of the rebellion. The presentation speech was made by Mr. Geo. W. Bispham, and received in behalf of the class by Mr. Eli Kline, and to which a suitable gold badge was presented to Mr. Burk by Mr. Lewis Bitterly, in behalf of the committee, as a token of the appreciation of the task he has just concluded. The exercises concluded with the presentation of a magnificent gold pen and pencil by Mr. Lewis Ravenstal, in behalf of the Bible class, to their teacher, Mr. S. C. Hill, who is about leaving them, and who responded in a very touching manner. Altogether it was an affair ever to be remembered in the history of that Church.

SALE OF GOVERNMENT HORSES.—To-day many of the worn-out Rosinantes which have hurried the artillery into the fray, or have borne our cavaliers over long and weary marches, and hurled them, with their keen sabres, upon the ragged rebel ranks on many a field, will be disposed of at auction on Washington-street wharf. There is not the slightest reason to doubt that there will be numbers of people there, anxious to turn an honest penny, by buying at low prices and selling at higher, or to acquire the war-worn steeds for other, and, maybe, better reasons; so that a curious scene may be witnessed by any body who has interest or curiosity enough to attend the sale. The warranty which will be given is couched in a few words: "No warranty given; cash immediately after the horse is knocked down; the horses to be removed at once." At other sales in other cities scores of the horses have brought very good prices, ranging even as high as $150. Speculators and railroad men have in other sales taken up most of the stock, for they are of quick perception, and overcome outside and less acute bidders. Of course, the Government loses in the sales, and will, maybe, lose in this, since most of the horses have cost it from $175 to $250.

FATAL ACCIDENT.—Henry Ristine, a decerter from the 7th Regiment, Hancock's Corps, in attempting on Monday night last, to escape from the custody of the officers, who were returning him to Washington, fell between the cars and the side of the Baltimore train, and was instantly killed. The affair occurred near Elkton. He had left the car under the pretence of getting a glass of water, visited the rear end of the car, and, rushing upon the platform, attempted to escape by leaping from the car, the train having, in the meantime, been put in motion. The guard was too quick, however, and, in the effort to rescue the prisoner, the latter was thrown between the wheels and so completely crushed that he expired in a few moments. Sergeant Wer, 186th Pennsylvania Volunteers, was in charge of the prisoner. The unfortunate man was a resident of this city.

LINCOLN MONUMENT ASSOCIATION.—The following contributions were received June 23d, by James L. Claghorn, treasurer, at the office of the Association, No. 921 Chestnut street:

Francis Barton	$25 00
Commercial Lodge, No. 256, I. O. of O. F.	10 00
Ashland Encampment, No. 45, I. O. of O. F.	25 00
Shiloh Baptist Church, per J. S. Kinney	15 00
Edw. Willing, Alice B. Willing, and J. R. B. Willing, per Dr. Barton	50 00
Marshall Hill, Isaac Williams, Thomas Hill, and W. Suddards, per Rev. Dr. Suddards	25 00
C. S. Turnbull, Alice H. Turnbull, and M. E. Turnbull, per Dr. Turnbull	3 00
Painters' Department, United States Navy Yard, per J. N. Robinson, acting master	69 00
Christ Church, Pottstown, per Rev. Geo. A. Latimer	10 00
A citizen of the Fifth ward	50 00
Citizens of Norristown, per Harvey Shaw, Esq.	21 00

LIEUTENANT GENERAL GRANT.—This distinguished military chief will be handsomely received this morning, at the Union League House, on Broad street, by the members and their families. The issue of tickets of admission is limited to the number of members of the League. Some time since Independence Hall was placed at the disposal of General Grant, in order to receive the citizens generally. This event will probably come off in a few days.

FATAL ACCIDENT.—N. Shelly, an employee of the Reading Railroad, was instantly killed yesterday afternoon, at the junction of that road near this city. Mr. Shelly was caught between two cars, and so fatally injured that he died shortly afterwards. He resided at 315 Hanford street.

FATAL OCCURRENCE.—Wm. Campbell, aged four years, was run over yesterday afternoon by a cart, in Frankford street, above Cedar, and received such injuries as to cause his death in a short time. The driver of the cart, as we are informed, inhumanly drove on, not stopping to see what injury he had inflicted.

DROWNED.—On Thursday evening, about half-past eight o'clock, Stephen Craig was drowned in the Delaware, while bathing at Greenwich wharf. He was twenty-three years of age, and leaves a wife and two children residing on Green street, above Second.

DISTRESSING CASE.—A friendless woman, while passing through the Fifth ward, yesterday, discovered that her babe had died in her arms. The distracted mother proceeded to the Fifth ward station-house, where the kind-hearted officers did all in their power to alleviate her distress.

COAL OIL AGAIN.—A barrel of coal oil took fire yesterday on Spring Garden street, between Twenty-third and Twenty-fourth. It is fortunate that we are not compelled to record the destruction of a block or two of houses.

COUP DE SOLEIL.—A youth, named Snyder, was run-struck yesterday afternoon, in the vicinity of Richmond and Clearfield streets.

THE COURTS.

Court of Quarter Sessions—Hon. Joseph Allison, Associate Justice.

[T. K. Finletter, Esq., Prosecuting Attorney.]

DESERTION DAY.

Yesterday was set apart to hear desertion cases and, per consequence, a large number of females, who do not live with their husbands, were in court, some of them attired in the latest fashions. But few of the husbands were in the dock, the others being on bail. It is curious to notice the readiness with which the ladies who always attend on desertion day become acquainted with one another. A wife may make her first appearance in the court-room, and sit alone for a few hours, but she soon becomes acquainted, and that misery likes company is clearly verified as the amiable ladies narrate in touching language the sufferings endured at the hands of their liege. Representations are made by wives that they are in a starving condition, yet, singular to relate, many of them have lawyers engaged to fight up their claims. Husbands are not exempt from this feature, as they represent to the court, *through counsel*, that they have no work, and cannot contribute anything to the maintenance of their families.

MRS. BARNEY GALLAGHER'S STATUS IN COURT.—Mrs. Barney Gallagher claimed support from her husband. Some time since the lady was convicted of assault and battery on her husband. The testimony at the trial showed that Mrs. Gallagher would not cook breakfast for him, and when he went home at night, she gave him a poker over the head for supper. She locked up Barney's bed and, worse than all, she made her little girl drink. Judge Ludlow sentenced Mrs Gallagher to prison, and gave the child to the custody of the father, who placed it at school. Mrs Gallagher was released from prison through the influence of her husband, who thought she had reformed. As soon as she came out of prison she met with her old associates, and fell into habits of intoxication. She then sued her husband for maintenance. The Court refused to render any assistance to Mrs. Gallagher, and she left the court in a high state of indignation. Poor Barney dodged as she passed him, evidently fearing another dose of poker.

A RAPID TALKER.

Mrs. James Mills claimed support from her husband. "The lady made two or three attempts to tell her story, but she talked with such lightning speed that she could not be understood. She was usually checked, and we caught the following from her slow style: "Nothing two years my husband has given me five dollars a week. I am not a bad woman in no way or no how, but his sisters caused the trouble. He has given me twelve cents from January 1st to the 20th of March."

The sister of Mr. Mills testified that her brother had been suffering from a hemorrhage of the lungs for some months. She offered a home at her house for himself and wife. She came there and remained six weeks, during which time she took out portions of the furniture, and finally took it all away to the house in which Mr. Mills has an interest. Me ate with the witness because the wife took the meat intended for his meal and dragged it about the yard, after which she rubbed it over a dog and then cooked it for him. Some of the women in the neighborhood helped the wife to do this.

Judge Allison said if this husband made reasonable his provisions for his wife he was entitled to live with him. It was a mistaken idea in a great many wives that they should be the judge of what kind of a home her husband should furnish her. This wife had no right to claim the home provided for her and go plant herself somewhere else. It was the duty of the husband, however, to provide a comfortable home. The amount ordered to be provided could be allowed by the Court for house rent. When the wife returns to her husband he house he shall pay $4 a week for her maintenance and $1 for each of the children.

PAINFUL CASE.

A case of a very painful character was heard, in which a widower with two children married a widow with an equal number. The eldest daughter of the lady was charged by the husband with being the cause of the separation and other difficulties attending the case. The Court disposed of the case, the husband to pay $4 a week for his wife's support.

THE POLICE.

[Before Mr. Alderman Beitler.]

SHOPLIFTER CAUGHT BY LOVE.

Sally Dully, rather a good-looking young woman hailing from Broad and Sansom streets, was yesterday morning, in company with another female, on a tour of inspection among the stores on Chestnut street. Attracted by the display in one show-window of Mr. C. H. Love, opposite the Central Station, they stood and ogled awhile. Presently they entered the store, and desired to examine some handkerchiefs. The young man in attendance displayed several lots, and the young women admired them closely. Now, it so happened that Mr. Love, the proprietor, was in another part of the store, and he kept a watchful eye upon the visitors. Little did Sally dream that the eyes of *love* were upon them. Presently, Sally was seen to secrete a number of the handkerchiefs under her basque. The proprietor walked out behind the counter, closed the entrance, but still kept a vigilant eye upon Sally.

As she and her companion were about to retire, without buying anything, the piercing eyes of love were thrown around her. She became quite indignant; the other female walked away, as though nothing serious had happened. A policeman was called, and Sally was delivered into his custody. At this moment the roll of stolen handkerchiefs dropped from beneath her basque, and the case was up. Sally was arraigned at the Central Station, and after a hearing was committed, in default of $800 bail, to answer.

ALLEGED DISHONEST DOMESTIC.

Elizabeth Sweeny was arraigned on the charge of stealing a watch, the property of William F. Warburton. The accused was a servant in his family. Some time since several articles were missed from the house, and the accused mysteriously disappeared and was not seen until Thursday evening, when she was arrested on the street. In her pocket were found fifteen pawn-tickets, upon which a number of articles were recovered—among them the watch of Mr. Warburton. Among other articles, a ring, on the outside of which the name "Mary" is engraved; on the inside, the words "Father and Mother." The accused was committed, in default of $2,000 bail, to await a further hearing.

[Before Mr. Alderman Butler.]

POCKET-PICKING.

Patrick Morrow was arraigned yesterday on the charge of picking a man's pocket of a book containing $4 20. The alleged occurrence is said to have taken place on Thursday evening. The accused was committed, in default of $600 bail, to answer.

[Before Mr. Alderman W. B. Wiley.]

ALLEGED CONSPIRACY CASE TO DEFRAUD PHILADELPHIA MERCHANTS.

No less than twenty-one of the best business houses of Philadelphia have been apparently swindled by sharpers, doing business as merchants, at Richmond and New Haven, in Lancaster county. The following named firms have been taken in and done for, in goods varying in amounts from $180 to $2,750, the aggregate reaching $20,000:

Wood, Bonbright, & Co., Lippincott, Bond & Co., Joseph Riegel & H. S. Fister, Koons & Grubb, Hiram N. Rank, Shields & Brown, Hacker, Moyer & Co., Royal & Hoyt, Emerick & Hopkins, Edwin A. Henry, Wanner, Kline & Co., Bernard Reilly, Lippincott & Trotter, Riegel & Brother, John M. Clothier & Co., A. H. Frantzius & Co., Benjamin W. Souder, Riegel, West & Irwin, Meller, Baines & Meller, Edward Trotter.

It seems that a couple of men entered into partnership and procured large amounts of goods from different parties in several sections of the country, among them the firms named above. On or about the first of April, one of the firm, it is alleged, purchased the interest of his partner, and continued the business. About the middle of that month, it is stated that he found himself insolvent, and as it alleged, he imparted the information to the creditors of the establishment residing in the section where his business house was located. It is alleged that after this the surviving partner, whose name is Colonna, came to Philadelphia and purchased goods on credit from the houses above named, goods on credit from the houses above named, goods on credit from the houses above named, which transaction, it is alleged, constituted judgment in favor of the house creditors for the amount of the bill. Upon the judgment so confessed, executions were issued and the property was sold by the sheriff. The sale was not realized sufficient to satisfy the claims entered up against him. The Philadelphians were thus victimized. Several of them proceeded to Rothville, and, after making themselves acquainted with the facts of the case, had warrants issued for the arrest of John Colonna, A. R. Weidman (his former partner), J. F. Bomberger, S. E. Keller, and John H. Erb, on the charge of conspiracy to cheat and defraud complainants. The parties thus charged appeared before Alderman Wiley, on Thursday, and entered bail to answer at the August term of the Court of Quarter Sessions. No less than twenty-one warrants were issued against them.

[Before Mr. Alderman Finch.]

DESPERADOES.

Two men were arraigned yesterday on the charge of beating a watchman to death, near the corner of Ninth and Ogden streets. They are also charged with having robbed him of a small amount. Upon the person of one of them a bloody club was found. The accused were committed to answer the charge of riot, assault and battery, and robbery.

[Before Mr. Alderman Godbon.]

LARCENY OF TUMBLERS.

Two persons, giving the names of Katie Hays and James Dougherty, were arraigned yesterday morning on the charge of stealing glass tumblers from an ice-cream saloon at Eighth and Wood streets. The prisoners had gone into the place to refresh themselves during the scorching summer luxury, and it is alleged they availed themselves of the opportunity to purloin all the tumblers they could conveniently pocket. The accused were bound over to answer at court.

SUNDAY-SCHOOL PIC-NIC ATTACKED.

It is a burning shame and disgrace to the enlightened age of civilization and Christianity that Sunday-school scholars cannot enjoy a pic-nic excursion to school of Delaware County, populous of Philadelphia without danger of being molested by gangs of disorderly boys. On Thursday afternoon, the scholars attached to St. Paul's Church made an excursion to Schuylkill Heights, to enjoy themselves in the shady retreat of that beautiful and romantic spot. Everything went off pleasantly until about four o'clock in the afternoon, when a gang of rowdy boys assaulted the excursionists with stones and other missiles, and, to give estate to the scene, discharged several pistols, said to have been loaded with shot and gravel stones. The party, of course, broke up; their day's sport spoiled, and a number of the participants more or less injured. Towards evening, as the excursionists were returning, they were assaulted by some of the same gang, near Girard-avenue bridge. It is really a pity that such a beautiful and healthy section of our city should be thus infested by persons of such a diabolical character, immoral youth. It should be stated, as a matter of justice, that the owners of property in this section do not pay police taxes, and therefore cannot have the police for the protection at the expense of other tax-payers. These fights may be considered one of the effects of a sectional law, passed by stupid councilmen some years ago.

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