The Press.

SATURDAY, JUNE 3, 1865.

END OF THE WAR.

DEPARTURE OF THE EXPEDITION FOR TEXAS.

ITS POINT OF DEBARKATION—ITS DESTINATION.

FORTRESS MONROE.

FORTRESS MONROE, Va., June 1.—The Texan expedition, under the command of Major General Godfrey Weitzel, which has been fitting out in this harbor during the past week, is now fairly on its way to the point of destination, somewhere along the coast of that State. Preparatory to its sailing the orders were issued to the commanding officer on board each vessel to proceed first to Mobile Bay, in the vicinity of Forts Morgan and Gaines, with the view of making a rendezvous at that harbor, in order to coal and water the steamers, and to thoroughly clean them, before proceeding any further southward. The steamers comprising this expedition fleet are among the largest and best adapted to a long sea voyage of any known to the mercantile service, and were chartered especially by the different quartermasters in New York, Philadelphia, and other places, for this purpose. The major portion of the fleet, comprising some fifteen of the largest steamers, has already sailed, while the remainder, comprising the steamers Star of the South, Richmond, Western Metropolis, Tonawanda, C. C. Leary, J. P. Everman, Cumbria, Empire City, Rebecca Bailey, and Tillie, are now laying in the Roads, and will sail either this evening or to-morrow. Everything seems auspicious for the safety and success of the various steamers with the troops to reach the point of rendezvous in about a seven days' sail. The weather has been fair for the past week, with every prospect of continuing so for some time to come.

NORTH CAROLINA CITIZENS AND FORMER SLAVES RETURNING.

Former wealthy citizens of Newbern are returning, and meet with hospitable treatment from their late servants, who not only relieve their wants, but furnish them with money to pay their taxes.

The slaves who followed our armies through the South are returning to their homes in great numbers, having experienced much suffering, and being satisfied that there is no place like home.

THE SOUTHWEST.

Another Great Crevasse Threatening at Algiers—Trade Reopened with Southern Arkansas—General News

CAIRO, June 1—New Orleans dates of the 27th ult. say that General Canby will establish his headquarters in that city in a few days.

Another great land-slide has occurred below Algiers, and a fearful crevasse is impending, threatening immense destruction of the crops and other property.

The $9,000,000 received by the steamer McClellan goes to General A. J. Smith's corps, stationed around Selma and Montgomery.

A recent expedition from Baton Rouge captured Colonel Hatch, the collector of the customs at New Orleans under the rebel rule, and also all the records of the custom house during his administration. Hatch says that the books of the record of the custom house prior to secession are secreted in New Orleans.

Two thousand Union prisoners from Tyler, Texas, are at the mouth of the Red river, on their route for the North.

The rebel General Forrest has arrived at Memphis.

The people of Northern Mississippi are represented as greatly impoverished and destitute.

Trade has fairly opened with the people of Northern Alabama, two steamers from Cairo having gone with merchandise for that section, which was readily and satisfactorily disposed of, money being found in unexpected abundance.

Work has been suspended at the navy yard at Mound City, and the rumor is current that the naval department at that place will soon be removed to Pensacola.

The steamer Decatur brought one thousand bales of cotton out of the Washita river. Two hundred and twenty-five bales of cotton for Evansville, eighty-five bales for Cincinnati, and three hundred bales for St. Louis, have passed Cairo.

Cotton was firm at Memphis, ranging from 31 @34c.

SAVANNAH.

NEW YORK, June 2.—Steamer Port au Prince has arrived, bringing Savannah dates to the 29th ult.

The Savannah *Herald* has the following from the interior of Georgia:

The Macon papers are discussing railroad affairs. Referring to the sad condition of the roads, and the urgent necessity for immediate reconstruction and repair, the Macon *Telegraph* says that General Thomas' course in the restoration of civil rule was liberal and conciliatory, and it knows that they will be met with a corresponding spirit by the people. They will tend to dissipate the gloomy apprehensions that the Federal authority is to be exercised in a rigorous and oppressive manner. The *Telegraph* is also pleased with the state of affairs in Savannah, and the Union rule there. Marietta is rapidly recovering from her desolation. The regular mail communication has been re-established through the place, and planting is going on with energy. The season promises well for all produce.

HARRISBURG.

MEETING OF THE UNION STATE CONVENTION—TROOPS RAPIDLY ARRIVING—DISSATISFACTION AMONG THE ONE-YEAR TROOPS—MOVEMENTS OF TROOPS.

HARRISBURG, June 2.—Great dissatisfaction prevails here among the one year troops at the order of the Government reducing the bounties of such organizations twenty-five per cent. The excuse has these troops are mustered out before the expiration of their term is regarded by all right-minded men as untenable. The State authorities are increasing their exertions to have these orders rescinded, and to secure for the one year troops the original amount of bounty to which they are entitled. Up to this hour ten regiments have reported for payment at Camp Curtin. The paymasters are now actively engaged in paying off these troops, and as soon as the transportation can be arranged the men will be sent to their localities in different parts of the State.

The Pennsylvania Railroad Company received orders on Wednesday to be in readiness to send 20,000 Western men over their line to Pittsburg.

Governor Curtin will formally receive the battle-flags of the different regiments in Camp Curtin to-morrow. Some of these flags are in a dilapidated condition, perforated with bullet holes and rent by shells, so that they present the appearance of mere threads and tatters.

A call has been issued by Simon Cameron for a meeting of the Union State Convention, at Harrisburg, on Wednesday, the 19th of July, 1865.

First Day in Rhode Island.

PROVIDENCE, R. I., June 2.—The day of mourning was observed here by the general suspension of business, and religious services in nearly all the churches. William Binney delivered an eulogy before the municipal authorities. William Lloyd Garrison addressed the Union League.

Sinking of a Schooner.

BOSTON, June 2.—The British steamer Bosphorus, from Liverpool, reports that May 29th, off Cape Sable, she spoke with the fishing schooner Northern Chief, of Gloucester. The schooner sunk immediately, and out of a crew of eleven persons six were lost.

From Cairo.

CAIRO, June 2.—One hundred and sixty bales of cotton have passed up for St. Louis.

The Memphis cotton market is active, with large receipts. Quotations range from 26 to 33 cents.

The New York Races.

NEW YORK, June 2.—The trot to-day, at Fashion Course, between Dexter and General Butler was won by the former in three straight heats. Time—2.26¼, 2.26¾, 2.24¼. Flora Temple and Lady Emma did not appear.

Falling of a Bluff near Columbia, Ky.

CAIRO, June 2.—A portion of the bluff above Columbia, Ky., fell into the river to-day, carrying with it a part of Fort Halleck and several buildings. The extent of the casualties are not fully known, but it is feared a number of lives were lost.

From New Brunswick.

ST. JOHN'S, N. B., June 2.—In the admiralty cause of the Queen vs. Seeley, of the steamer Chesapeake, to-day, Sir James Carter, Chief Justice, and Judges Parker and Ritchie, presiding, the jury went out. There is no probability of their agreeing. The trial excites no interest.

The Virginia Election.

[From The Richmond Whig.]

The returns come in slowly, but, as far as received, the singular result is exhibited of the defeat of the nominees of "Union Conventions" in Norfolk the "Regular Union nominees" were William T. Harrison for the Senate, C. L. Cole and A. L. Hill for the House of Delegates. *The Old Dominion* supported this ticket, and urged their election, but the majority of the voters preferred Dr. E. C. Robinson for the Senate, E. T. Hardgrave and Cole for the House of Delegates, and they were elected. *The Old Dominion says:*

"This result became a foregone conclusion when it became known that the Union League were running two candidates.

"The lightness of the vote for Mr. Harrison for the Senate, and Cole for the Legislature, is only to be attributed to the fact that it was given out early in the day that these gentlemen had withdrawn, and, consequently, it would be useless to vote for them. Although defeated, there are but few but will accept the decision of the people with proper resignation. None can assail the character of the gentlemen elected, and Messrs. Hardy and Ellis are known only to be respected."

There seems to have been no election in Norfolk county.

The "County Convention" held in Alexandria on the 22d instant, recommended Thomas F. Brown, of Fairfax, for re-election to the Senate, and nominated Lysander Hill and Paul R. Evans for the House of Delegates from Alexandria county. However, D. F. Dulany (not W. H. Dulany, as erroneously reported,) was elected to the Senate; T. B. Robertson and James A. English to the House of Delegates.

These gentlemen are natives of the State and old residents, and were supported, generally, as Conservative in their views, and opposed to ultraism and radicalism. Every effort was made by the friends of the Convention ticket to prevent their election, but it was in vain. The result was as stated. Messrs R. Johnston and J. F. Caroll were supported by their friends, and received a respectable vote.

D. W. Lewis appears to have been elected in Fairfax county to the House of Delegates.

WEST VIRGINIA.

The election of members of the State Legislature took place on the same day. The Wheeling *Intelligencer* of the 30th says:

"The election yesterday resulted as we feared it would—in the defeat of Mr. Caldwell, the Union candidate. This result might very easily have been obviated, had our Union men simply come out to the polls and voted."

In another paragraph the *Intelligencer* says that but little over one-half the vote of the city was polled. Major Good received 938 votes; Caldwell, 546 votes.

NEW YORK CITY.

New York, June 2

GENERAL SHERMAN IN NEW YORK.

General Sherman, in moving about the city, was beset by crowds of citizens, anxious to hear him speak and to shake hands with him. He would not speak, however, and hastily extricated himself from the crowds surrounding him, shaking hands with those he came in contact with. This evening he will receive his friends at the residence of his cousin, Mr. Scott, and to-morrow evening he will be the guest of the Union League. The most intense enthusiasm is manifested by all classes on the appearance in any place of the great hero.

SALE OF HORSES, ETC.

The horses, carriage, and harness, declined as a present by President Johnson, were sold at auction to-day. The horses brought $1,900 and cost $3,500. The carriage brought $1,400 and cost $2,100. The harness brought $435 and cost $675. Another span of horses equal to the above were sold for $1,600.

THE STOCK EXCHANGE.

SECOND BOARD.

$200 U S 6s	81	300 Erie R	71½
500 U S 6s 62	105¾	400 do	71½
100 do	105¾	600 do	71⅜
100 U S 5s 10 d	94½	400 do	71⅜
20000 Tn N 7s 10 d	59½	100 Hudson R R	130½
25000 O & M cer	23¾	400 do	130¾
400 do	23¾	100 do	130
10,000 do	23½	400 Reading R	91
100 Quick Rin Co	6	200 do	30 2d 30¼
800 do	50	100 C & N W Pr	54½
100 Mariposa	11	300 do	54½
100 Canton Co	36	200 M S & N I	67¾
80 Atlantic Mail	170	200 do	67⅝
400 N Y Cen R	88	200 do	67⅞
100 do	88	100 do	68
100 do	89¾		

EVENING STOCK BOARD.

At Gallagher's Exchange this evening gold closed at 137¾; Five-twenties (old), 103½; N. Y. Central, 89¾; Erie, 72¾; Reading, 90¾; Michigan Southern, 68¾; Pittsburg, 69¾; Northwestern, 24¾; Fort Wayne, 91; Quicksilver, 50¾.

The stock market was dull, and gold was not very active.

Chicago Markets.

CHICAGO, June 2—Flour active. Wheat firm at $1.24@1.24¾, closing at $1.21½ for No 1, and $1.13 @1.14 for No 2 Corn active at a decline of 4c; sales at 86@86c for No 1, and 53@54c for No 2. Oats firm, and 2c higher; sales at 43@45½c. High Wines dull. Provisions dull. Freights dull.

Receipts—Flour, 5,000 bbls; Wheat, 68,000 bus; Corn, 110,000 bus; Oats, 30,000 bushels.

Shipments—Flour, 75,000 bbls; Wheat, 89,000 bus; Corn, 140,000 bus; Oats, 28,000 bushels.

Jeff Davis—An Epigram.

We've heard of an ass in a lion's skin,
Jeff was an ass in crinoline.

RELIGIOUS INTELLIGENCE.

RELIGIOUS ANNIVERSARY.—The Bible-Christian Church, located in North Third street, above Girard avenue, will celebrate its forty eighth anniversary as a church in this city, on Monday next. The peculiarity claimed by this church, consists in dispensing with all human creeds and traditions as of any binding effect. The Holy Bible, as the Word of God, is the alone test of religious truth. The Discipline of the Church requires its members to shun the common evils of the world, to abstain from all intoxicating beverages, and from the flesh of animals as food. This last peculiarity of living is claimed to be warranted by the authority of nature, and in conformity with the direct command of God in the Bible. Genesis 1, 29th verse is quoted as an imperative command to *all mankind*, to subsist on vegetarian food. The church has also always borne unequivocal and urgent testimony against slavery. The mode of worship is congregational, and the church is independent of all other associations. All its services and sacraments are open to all who desire to participate. The present minister, the Rev. Joseph Metcalfe, is the son of the founder of this church. He is about 55 years of age, and has strictly conformed, through life, to the church discipline, never even having tasted animal food, to his knowledge. Though the church numbers only about eighty members, yet their building is a neat and commodious structure, fitted up in the modern mode of church furniture, and out of debt. A sermon commemorative of the day—Whitsunday—will be preached to-morrow.

THE CITY.

CLOSING OF THE SOLDIERS' READING ROOM.—The Soldiers' Reading Room, on Sixteenth street, above Chestnut, was formally closed yesterday afternoon. A meeting of the association was held at the rooms. In the absence of the president, Mr. L. H. Redner was called to the chair. The meeting was opened with prayer by Rev. J. M. Crowell, D. D. Mr. Wm. P. Gresson, secretary, then read the final report of the doings of the association. From it we learn the following facts: The Soldiers' Reading Room was opened on the 18th day of October, 1862, and since its organization the reading-room has never been in need of funds for carrying on its operations. From October, 1862, to May, 1865, the number of 9,178 soldiers are registered on the books as members, who received every attention from the lady managers. A library of over 2,000 volumes was soon collected, and daily and weekly papers and periodicals of our own and other cities supplied. The treasurer's report shows the amount received $4,324.31; expended $4,000.82, leaving a balance of $323.39. The restaurant department proved to be an important feature, as many of the soldiers came from great distances and remained the entire day. Twelve thousand one hundred and ninety-five meals were furnished.

Lectures on historical and other instructive subjects were weekly delivered by prominent clergymen. Concerts, tableaux, and stage entertainments were given by ladies and gentlemen at which as many as five hundred men were sometimes present. Committees of ladies were in attendance daily to write letters, distribute books, &c. A number embraces these opportunities for study and obtained commissions, through the military school, as officers for colored regiments. Many were the blessings invoked upon the institution by the soldiers.

At the close of one of the exhortations they passed resolutions expressive of their gratitude to the lady managers. The report in closing, says: The gentlemen managers feel that the great success of this institution is due to the untiring energy of the ladies, and presents the following resolution:

Resolved, That the board of managers present their thanks to the lady managers, for their untiring fidelity in the work of the Soldiers' Reading Rooms, to whom the success of the institution is justly due, and hereby endorse all the measures adopted by the lady managers in carrying on the same.

The resolution was adopted.

Dr. Crowell then made an interesting address, and the meeting closed with singing the doxology.

So ends one of the institutions originated by the war, of which our city has every reason to be proud. The report speaks for itself; but when we look back into the dark days of bloodshed and rebellion, we see that darkness somewhat dispelled by institutions born in the hearts of loyal women, and carried on by their hands alone, such as the Soldiers' Reading Room of Philadelphia.

THE SHIPPLEN STEAM FIRE COMPANY.—The splendid and substantial new steam-engine of the Shiffler Hose Company was housed yesterday afternoon at their station, on Reed street, below Second, First ward. The Weccacoe public school house, at the corner of these streets, was robed in flags—in fact, the entire neighborhood was gay with the victorious banner of the world. The company had contracted with a gentleman for the building of the steamer, and paid the first instalment; but, the contractor failing to perform his part, the company were compelled to obtain an engine elsewhere, in time to retain their position as a steam organization under the ordinance of City Councils. A contract was made with the proprietors of the Amoskeag Works, New Hampshire, and the apparatus was completed in time. While in the rough its power was tested, and a good solid stream of water was thrown to a distance of 250 feet. The engine was received by the company at Market-street wharf about four o'clock yesterday afternoon. The members were out in strong numbers, and made a very attractive appearance. Headed by an efficient band, the company proceeded through a number of the principal streets with the apparatus, and reached the house between six and seven o'clock last evening. A collation incident to such occasions, was served up in the meeting room of the company, second story. John W. Lynn, Esq., presided. Speeches were made by Mr. Henry Baum, city treasurer; M. Chas S. Close, Thomas A. Barlow, member of Select Council; Alderman Bunali, and others. The greatest hilarity prevailed and harmony marked the course of proceedings.

The engine has all the latest modern improvements. It cost $6,700; pair of fine, noble horses, $400; new stable, $1,500; necessary improvements throughout the building to make it suitable for the steamer, $400. Total cost, $9,000. The company carried in the parade yesterday afternoon a large and certainly splendid silk flag, large size. This cost $250, and was presented by the ladies of "old Southwark." Also a banner wreath worth $25, presented by the ladies of the ward. The harness cost $150; it was presented by the ladies of the western part of the ward. The company propose to test the power of their splendid and substantial "fire extinguisher" on Monday, at the corner of Fifth and Washington streets. It may be said the Shiffler, in point of activity of its members, is second to no other company in the fire department of Philadelphia.

RECEPTION OF VOLUNTEERS.—Francis A. Wolbert, chairman of the committee on reception of volunteers, received the following despatches from Washington, last evening:

"The Philadelphia troops will leave by regiments as they are mustered out under orders of the War Department, as those now ordered out of service will be assembled at Philadelphia within a week and will be necessarily retained there for pay, I would suggest your ovation being postponed until all have reached the city. GEORGE G. MEADE, Major General.

[SECOND DESPATCH.]

F. A. Wolbert, Esq.:

We have made all necessary arrangements. Gen. Meade will command the troops in person; he will appoint the day by telegraph, to-morrow; the Philadelphia regiments in the 6th Corps, and the 6th Regiment have been ordered to Philadelphia at once, to be mustered out at their rendezvous and participate in the review.

ALEXANDER M. FOX,
General Chas. H. T. COLLIS.

The Committee will meet this afternoon in the Select Council Chamber to progress with the necessary arrangements.

PROMOTIONS.—Col. Geo. W. Mindie, of the 23d New Jersey Volunteers, has been promoted to the rank of brevet brigadier general, "for general good conduct, ability to command, and gallantry in action during the Savannah and Carolinas campaigns." Four years ago Mindie served the service as second lieutenant in the 23d Pennsylvania Volunteers, commanded by Col. D. B. Birney, who afterwards became major general. General Mindie is a Philadelphian.

The following promotions were also made in the 81st Regiment Pennsylvania Volunteers, to date from April 20, 1865:

Lieut. Col. Robt L. Orr, promoted colonel.
Major Chas. J. Greene, promoted lieut. colonel.
Captain Oliver A. Parsons, promoted major.
First Lieutenant John A. McClay, promoted captain of Company C.
First Lieut. S. D. Rhodes, promoted captain of Company D.
Second Lieutenant William Grey, promoted first lieutenant of Company C.
Second Lieutenant William Lathrop, promoted first lieutenant Company D.
First Sergeant Cyrus Adsit, promoted second lieutenant Company C.
First Sergeant Samuel Fell, promoted second lieutenant Company D.

THE CRICKET-FIELD.—It is with pleasure we announce a great testimonial benefit to the veteran cricketer, Thomas Senior, of Philadelphia, which will take place upon the ground at Camden on the 16th and 20th of June, between eleven selected from and around New York and Philadelphia. All that are conversant with cricket will remember the rapid strides cricket was making about Philadelphia before the war began, principally resulting from the patient and hearty efforts of Mr. Senior. For ourselves, we remember it well, having carefully noted its progress, and know how proud he was when some youngster showed to his critical eye future promise. Of course, then, as now, the lamented Walter Newbald was his greatest pride. The untimely death of Walter will ever be regretted by all who knew him. His manly form, though lost to sight, will be held in kind remembrance by all who ever met him on the contested field of cricket. Barclay and others he used to boast of with much pride and delight, as showed that his heart was in the business; and we think it is principally through Mr. Senior's exertions that cricket acquired the footing it has in Philadelphia. There was always between him and his pupils a respectful confidence; therefore, we think that, now the war is over, the Philadelphia players have done honor to themselves by recognizing, as their first act, their appreciation of Mr Senior as a man and an old servant, by getting up the above match. We sincerely trust that it may prove as great a benefit as he deserves. So far as New York is concerned, we think we can promise that nothing will be left undone. It is in the hands of Mr. Kendall, of St George's, and H. Sharp, of the New York. We should like to see some little action taken by the clubs in that vicinity as a mark of esteem for Mr. Senior on his retirement from the active duties he so ably filled for years as a professional.

BASE-BALL.—The return match game of base-ball between the Neptune, of Philadelphia, and Eureka, Jr., of Camden, was played on Thursday, June 1, on the grounds at Camden, resulting in the victory of the latter.

Neptune.	Positions.	H.	L.
Cook	Pitcher	3	2
King	Second base	3	3
Borden	O F	3	2
Burke	Catcher	3	1
Stewart	R F	3	2
Cushman	First base	3	2
Trimble	C F	3	2
Wilson	Third base	4	0
Hoins	S S	3	2
		27	17

Eureka, Jr.	Positions.	H.	L.
Edwards	R F	3	2
Albertson	Pitcher	5	1
Sites	Second base	3	3
Simonton	Catcher	3	3
Miller	First base	1	5
Burdsall	S S	3	2
Doyle	C F	4	1
Lippincott	Third base	1	4
English	L F	4	2
		27	23

EUREKA, JR.

Innings	1.	2.	3.	4.	5.	6.	7.	8.	9.	
Eureka	0.	1.	1.	1.	1.	2.	3.	1.	1.	—17.

NEPTUNE.

Innings	1.	2.	3.	4.	5.	6.	7.	8.	9.	
Runs	0.	0.	1.	0.	1.	1.	2.	3.	1.—	11.

Umpire—W. D. Fisher, of the Camden R. C.
Scorers—Mr. Grim, of the Neptune, and J. Page Fisher, of the Camden.

A match game of base-ball was played yesterday between the Excelsior, Jr., and the Wyoming, which resulted in favor of the former by the following score:

Excelsior, Jr.	31
Wyoming	11

LINCOLN MONUMENT FUND.—The following contributions were received by the Mayor yesterday:

Ashland Lodge, No. 32, per David Griffith	$10 00
Cobocksink Tent, No 9, D. of T., per James Wright	25 00
All Saints' Church, Rev. George Bringhurst	37 67
Church of the Nativity, per Robert Brown, warden	24 17
St. Andrews' Church, West Philada	27 00

The following collections in the churches, in addition to the above, are reported:

Holy Trinity	175 00
Church of the Epiphany	135 00
St. James' Church	100 00
St. Luke's, Germantown	100 00

THE SOLDIERS' AND SOLDIERS' AND SAILORS' HOMES.—At a meeting of managers from the Philadelphia Soldiers' Home and U. S. Soldiers' and Sailors' Home a resolution was unanimously passed to blend the two associations, and a committee was appointed to carry out the measure. The Rev. T. Atkinson was present, and stated that he had received in Pottsville, Reading, and Norristown, contributions of $10, $5, $2, $1 from several individuals.

VISIT TO THE GAS WORKS.—The annual visit to the gas works at Point Breeze was made yesterday afternoon by the trustees. A number of the members of the city councils and other guests were present. The works were carefully inspected in all their departments. It is apparent that considerable money had been expended for certain improvements not at all necessary for the generating of gas. There seems to be a disposition to reform many abuses that have existed hitherto, and therefore it is quite probable the price of gas to consumers will be reduced.

SOLDIERS AT THE SALOONS.—Yesterday the following troops arrived in this city, and were received at the Union Volunteer Refreshment Saloons: 14th Connecticut, 210 men and 17 officers, fed at the Cooper Shop. 11th New York Battery (Haven's), 125 men and 4 officers, fed at the Cooper Shop. 19th Maine, 260 men and officers, fed at the Union. 9th Massachusetts Battery, 216 men and 5 officers, fed at the Union. 99th Pennsylvania, 400 men and over 200 men, fed at the Cooper Shop. 5th New York Infantry fed at the Cooper Shop. It was expected that more regiments would arrive early this morning.

IMPROVEMENTS IN THE CITY.—Permits issued for buildings during the week ending June 1, 2 fire-story, 77 three-story, 59 two story, 1 one-story; bath houses, 5; boiler houses, 2; convent, 1; conservatories, 1; foundries, 1; factories, 2; hotels, 2; laundries, 2; lumber offices, 1; machine shops, 13; stables, 7; stores, 5; taverns, 1—alterations and additions, 68. Total, 258.

HOMEWARD BOUND.—The 19th Maine Regiment, 260 men; 14th Connecticut Regiment, 227 men; 19th Massachusetts Regiment, 220 men, and 11th New York Regiment, 250 men, passed through the city on Thursday night on their way home. The men were handsomely entertained at the refreshment saloons.

THE RECEPTION OF RETURNING SOLDIERS.—This afternoon, at four o'clock, a sub-committee of the committee of Councils having in charge the reception of returning volunteers, will report the result of a visit made by them to Washington for the purpose of bringing the regiments belonging to this city return home at the same time, that a grand reception may be given to them.

NINTH UNION LEAGUE REGIMENT.—The 215th Pennsylvania Regiment, which had been stationed at Dover, Delaware, have more of the "Old Delaware, where they will have plenty of fresh air, comfortable quarters, and perhaps a fine chance for orating on the principles of freedom and right, enhanced, in any honorable way, than a thorough retreat from the "Old Dominion." Our boys, if they are modest; when that virtue is broken down the victims become like so many fallen angels, never, unless in the world to come, to be redeemed. Society generally should take this subject in charge, and have furnished to needful females honorable employment for their support, instead of the contrary, as it now is.

SALE OF VESSELS.—The barks Brazilian and Fernandina were sold for account of the Government, yesterday, at the navy yard. The latter vessel was bought by J. G. Punch, of New York, for $100. The former vessel brought $8,200. Both were purchased by Fitzpatrick & Heraty, of this city.

THE MASSACHUSETTS.—The U. S. supply steamer *Massachusetts*, Lieut. W. H. West, commander, will sail from the Navy Yard on Wednesday, 7th inst. All packages intended for the squadron will be forwarded if left on board at or before noon on said date.

FATAL RESULT.—Mary Hughes, aged 9 years, who was run over by a wagon on Wednesday, at Eighteenth and Vine streets, and had three ribs and her collar-bone broken, has died from the effects of her injuries. She resided at No. 1920 Wood street.

PRIZE FIGHT.—It was reported at the police station, last evening, that a prize fight between two of the "fancy" of Philadelphia was to take place somewhere on the borders of the city this morning. The name of one of the aspirants for pugilistic "honors" is Butler.

MATCH GAME.—A match game of cricket will be played to-day, at 10½ A. M., between the second eleven of the Germantown Cricket Club, and first eleven of the University Cricket Club, at the Young America's grounds, at Turnpike Bridge, Germantown.

FIRE.—The alarm of fire about half past ten o'clock yesterday morning was caused by the spontaneous ignition of two frame dwellings on Palmer street, below Girard avenue.

PETROLEUM LICENSES.—The Mayor yesterday morning issued, under an act of the Assembly, licenses for the storage of petroleum, benzine, benzole, and naphtha.

THE PUBLIC SQUARES.—Hereafter during the summer the public squares will be kept open till 10 o'clock at night.

THE COURTS.

U. S. District Court—Judge Cadwalader.

CHARGE OF STEALING AT THE NAVY YARD.

The United States vs. Anthony Kelly.—The defendant was, in the year 1864, an employee of the United States at the navy yard in this city, and is indicted for embezzling, carrying away, and appropriating to his own use the property of the said United States, to wit: Eighty-five barrels of pitch. The jury to try the case was empanelled yesterday and the trial progressed. The testimony for the United States showed that an immense quantity of valuable property in the shape of naval stores had been carried away from the navy yard, and the pitch of this is charged upon the defendant, who was the "carter," or the chief man in charge of the carts, many of which were seized by the navy yard police about the yard. Some of his subordinates drivers, who said they were under his control, testified that they had repeatedly carried the pitch from out of and away from the navy yard large quantities of pitch and rosin. They did not say by his immediate order, but by that of another, who was a chief under the defendant.

William Keenan, a ship chandler and keeper of a "junk shop," No. 15 Poplar street, testified that the defendant repeatedly called upon him, saying that he had pitch and rosin to sell; he bought of him, at different times, large quantities of these articles, paying for the pitch at the rate of $10 per barrel. [The indictment states the pitch to be worth $20 per barrel.] Witness said the property was paid for to defendant by a check or checks upon his (witnesses') bank of deposit.

The case is still on trial.

United States District Attorney Gilpin, Assistant District Attorney Valentine, and F. Carroll Brewster, Esq., for the United States; O'Neill for the defendant.

Court of Common Pleas—Judge Allison.

THE WALNUT BEND OIL STOCK CASE.

Harper, Durney, & Co., vs. John Thornton, Robert M. Evans, E. W. Davis, G. & W. Y. Helverton, Adams, Knight, & Co., and The Board of Brokers.

The prayer of the bill in this case was set forth a few days ago, when the matter was first presented to the court. It contained the complaints, because of a difficulty in the settlement by and between brokers and parties of a transaction of sale and purchase of certain oil stock of the "Walnut Bend Oil Company. A sale of several thousand shares of stock of this company having been made by and through the complainants, at the price of one dollar per share, which almost immediately went up in the market to between five dollars and ten dollars per share, and to which, they were unable to deliver, in consequence, as they allege, of the refusal of their principal to hand over to them the stock, the matter was brought to the attention of the Board of Brokers, of which plaintiffs are members. The question as to the delivery or non-delivery by the complainants of the stock so sold by them was referred to a committee of the Board this morning. The name of one of the aspirants for pugilistic "honors" is Butler.

MATCH GAME—A match game of cricket will be played to-day, at 10½ A. M., between the second eleven of the Germantown Cricket Club, and first eleven of the University Cricket Club, at the Young America's grounds, at Turnpike Bridge, Germantown.

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THE COURTS.

U. S. District Court—Judge Cadwalader.

CHARGE OF STEALING AT THE NAVY YARD.

The United States vs. Anthony Kelly.—The defendant was, in the year 1864, an employee of the United States at the navy yard in this city, and is indicted for embezzling, carrying away, and appropriating to his own use the property of the said United States, to wit: Eighty-five barrels of pitch. The jury to try the case was empanelled yesterday and the trial progressed. The testimony for the United States showed that an immense quantity of valuable property in the shape of naval stores had been carried away from the navy yard, and the pitch of this is charged upon the defendant, who was the "carter," or the chief man in charge of the carts, many of which were seized by the navy yard police about the yard. Some of his subordinates drivers, who said they were under his control, testified that they had repeatedly carried the pitch from out of and away from the navy yard large quantities of pitch and rosin. They did not say by his immediate order, but by that of another, who was a chief under the defendant.

William Keenan, a ship chandler and keeper of a "junk shop," No. 15 Poplar street, testified that the defendant repeatedly called upon him, saying that he had pitch and rosin to sell; he bought of him, at different times, large quantities of these articles, paying for the pitch at the rate of $10 per barrel. [The indictment states the pitch to be worth $20 per barrel.] Witness said the property was paid for to defendant by a check or checks upon his (witnesses') bank of deposit.

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W. J. McElroy, Esq., then read the affidavit of John Thornton in answer of the bill, denying all participation in or knowledge of any combination in regard to the stock and gives a narrative of his connection with the transaction in question. He says that he never knew Adams, Knight & Co., nor the Heberlings, nor Harper, Durney & Co., until introduced at the time of offering the stock for sale. The jury to try the case was empanelled yesterday and the trial progressed. The testimony for the United States showed that an immense quantity of valuable property in the shape of naval stores had been carried away from the navy yard, and the pitch of this is charged upon the defendant, who was the "carter," or the chief man in charge of the carts, many of which were seized by the navy yard police about the yard. Some of his subordinates drivers, who said they were under his control, testified that they had repeatedly carried the pitch from out of and away from the navy yard large quantities of pitch and rosin. They did not say by his immediate order, but by that of another, who was a chief under the defendant.

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