## FOREIGN NOTES.

— Mr. John H. Addison, a London broker, who has recently been praised by the Spiritualist journals in England as "one of the strongest mediums who has yet appeared," has amused himself, first by performing before select circles of friends all the tricks of the Davenport Brothers, and secondly by writing to the London *Star* to say that he is no "medium" at all, but did it for fun.- The *Spiritual Times* and the *Spiritual Magazine*, which took up Mr. Addison as a remarkable being, now drop him in great disgust.

— A rich Englishman has entered into negotiations for the purchase of three-fourths of the island of Caprera, in order to present it to Garibaldi, who already owns the remaining fourth. The entire island is valued at $16,000.

— A lock of Queen Elizabeth's hair, with an original poem by Sir Philip Sydney on receiving it, has lately been found in an old folio volume of the Arcadia, at Walton, in England. The hair in color is golden brown.

— M. Sainte Beuve has undertaken to write for a new encyclopædia, published in Paris, an article on the influence of letters on the nineteenth century. He receives 800 for it, and is allowed two years for the preparation of it. He will contribute to "Le Constitutionnel" only once a fortnight (instead of weekly, as heretofore) until the article is written.

— Brignoli does not seem to have ingratiated himself into Parisian favor. The *France Musicale*, which praised him up at first, in grand style, says: "Brignoli is doing all in his power to overcome the coldness with which the public receives him. We wish him a better chance at Covent Garden, where he is engaged for the next season."

— The "Macbeth" of Verdi, now in rehearsal at the Theatre Lyrique, is not to be confounded with the primal "Macbeth" of Verdi. He has modified, qualified, nay, really changed and transformed his original work, to the extent that the "Macbeth" now in rehearsal at the Theatre Lyrique is considered in Paris an original creation.

— Casselli's autograph electric telegraph is now used on one set of wires between Paris and Lyons. Telegrams from it must be written on sheets of metal, which are sold by the telegraph office at four sous each sheet. The cost of despatching them is reckoned at the rate of four sous the square centimetre. Despatches cost 6, 12, 18, and 24f.

— The rehearsals of "L'Africaine" are to be as thorough as those of Meyerbeer's previous opera, when under his personal supervision. A march in the opera was rehearsed at first with every instrument singly and separately, and, when each player was considered to have mastered the music, the piece was rehearsed by the whole band.

— Mme. de Tocqueville is dead. She was the widow of the eminent political writer and statesman, whom she has thus survived only six years, for he died in 1859.

— Spain spends $20,000 annually for tobacco and $64,000,000 for lottery tickets!

— M. Cauderay, an engineer of Lausanne, has applied the galvanic battery to the sharpening of needles and pins by connecting a bundle of wires with the negative pole.

— A new prima donna at Vienna is Mdlle. Stehle.

— There is a great excitement in Munich about Wagner, the composer. One party says that he has offended his patron, the young King, and another that he has not.

— Baron Ricasoli has declared himself in favor of a church reformation in Italy by which the Italian church shall elect her own bishops, without any reference to the Pope.

## HOME NOTES.

— The Union armies have captured 1,900 cannon from the Confederates since August.

— The number of United States pensioners is increasing with startling rapidity, no less than 13,724 having been placed on the rolls during the year 1864. The number of invalid pensioners at the commencement of the present year was 236,445, and the number of widows pensioned was 36,968—making a total of 66,390.

— One million two hundred thousand two-cent pieces were coined last month.

— A fight occurred under the gallows on which Sue Mundy was hung, in Louisville, for possession of his black cap.

— Bishop Potter, of New York, has issued an appeal to the clergy and laity in behalf of the "Mission to the Jews," and recommending that the collections taken up in the churches on Good Friday be devoted to this cause.

— All jurors in the State of Maryland are hereafter to receive $2 a day for every day they attend, and to be allowed 12½ cents a mile going and returning once in each term.

— Marian McCarthy, an actress, died at the Indianapolis Insane Asylum last week, from congestion of the brain.

— It is stated that Mrs. Ritchie (Mrs. Mowatt), who resides in Florence, Italy, has become so corpulent that her former friends scarcely recognize her.

— At the Great Sanitary Fair in Chicago, Mrs. Stephen A. Douglas and Mrs. Gen. Sherman are to have charge of the tables under the auspices of the Roman Catholics.

— A Memphis paper heads its list of divorce cases in court "Matrimonial Shipwrecks."

— A Boston physician is said to have discovered that gold has medicinal virtues. So the yellow metal, we suppose, is to become a drug.

## THE CITY.

### MILITARY.

RECRUITING.

Yesterday warrants were issued for the payment of the city bounty to one hundred and eighty-eight men, sixteen of whom enlisted for three years, the balance for one year. They were credited as follows:

| | Men. | Wards. | Men. |
|---|---|---|---|
| First | 2 | Fifteenth | 3 |
| Third | 12 | Sixteenth | 12 |
| Fourth | 4 | Seventeenth | 12 |
| Fifth | 8 | Eighteenth | 36 |
| Sixth | 11 | Nineteenth | 18 |
| Seventh | 17 | Twenty-fourth | 13 |
| Twelfth | 24 | Twenty-fifth | 7 |
| Eleventh | 1 | | |

### MISCELLANEOUS.

BOARD OF SCHOOL CONTROLLERS.

A stated meeting of the Board of Controllers of the Public Schools was held yesterday afternoon.

President Shippen in the chair.

The minutes of the previous meeting were read and approved.

A communication from the Fourteenth section asking that the lot of ground on the south side of Callowhill street, west of Tenth street, be purchased for the purpose of erecting thereon the Northern Home House, the present building being in too close proximity to a saw mill, and the Legislature having authorized the sale of said school house for the sum of $15,000.

Also, a communication from the same section, asking that the lot of ground on the south side of Mellon street, between Eleventh and Twelfth streets, be purchased for the purpose of erecting thereon the Hancock Secondary School. Both communications were, on motion, referred to City Councils.

A communication from the Twenty-second section, asking that the lot of ground on Evans street, Germantown, be purchased for school purposes. On motion, referred to City Councils.

A communication from the Twenty-fifth section, asking that a lot of ground at Rising Sun be purchased for the purpose of erecting thereon the Hopkinson School House, was referred to the Committee on Property.

The Committee on Accounts reported expenses amounting to $24,127.

On motion, it was ordered that warrants be drawn for the payment of the several items in favor of the persons to whom the same are due.

The Committee on Grammar, Secondary, and Primary Schools reported in favor of confirming a number of appointments of teachers. The report was adopted.

A resolution was offered authorizing the establishment of a sixth division in Secondary School No. 3, corner of Twentieth and Chestnut streets. The resolution was opposed by Messrs. Moore and Freeborn on the ground that there was no money to pay additional teachers. Mr. Freeborn stated that one teacher had yesterday brought a petition before Alderman Beitler on her warrant, and that others were about doing so; that the city was thereby mulcted into additional costs, and that there should be a halt in the increasing of the number of teachers until the finances of the city were in a better condition.

The resolution was adopted—yeas 26, nays 5.

Dr. Neblinger, from the special committee to whom was referred the matter of regulating examinations of applicants for positions as teachers under the recent act of Assembly, offered the following as rules for the government of the committee examining applicants:

I. They shall hold two examinations annually, of such persons as may desire to obtain certificates of qualification for the position of teachers in the Public Schools; these examinations shall be held on the second Thursday and Friday of May and November.

II. They shall award to such persons as, upon examination, are found qualified, certificates which shall be of the first, second, third or fourth class.

III. No person shall be elected to the position of first, second, third or fourth-class teacher in any of the public schools of said district by any of the sectional boards of school directors within the same, unless such person shall have been found duly qualified for the position to which he or she shall have been elected, nor unless he and she shall have received a certificate of qualification duly issued by the authority of said Controllers, after his or her examination, provided that this rule shall not apply to teachers who have been duly elected prior to the passage of said act.

IV. The holder of a first-class certificate shall be eligible to the position of principal of a grammar school.

V. The holder of a second-class certificate shall be eligible to the position of first assistant in a grammar school or any lower position, or if at least twenty-one years of age, to that of principal of a secondary school.

VI. The holder of a third-class certificate shall be eligible to the position of second assistant in a grammar school, or any lower position; if at least twenty years of age, to that of principal of a primary school.

VII. The holder of a fourth-class certificate shall be eligible to the position of third or fourth assistant in a grammar school, or any lower position.

VIII. Certificates of the first class shall be awarded to such persons only as shall have taught for at least three years.

IX. Certificates of the second class shall be awarded to such persons only as shall have taught at least two years.

X. Certificates of the third class shall be awarded to such persons as shall have taught at least one year.

XI. The committee shall hold a special examination for the position of principal of a boys' or girls' grammar school, whenever the same shall be necessary.

They may ask the assistance of such of the principals of the boys' grammar schools, or of the Faculty of the Boys' High School, and no others, as they may deem proper, to conduct such examinations; and they shall report to the Board the result of such examinations, at the next stated meeting, in a printed report; said report to give the name of the successful applicants, the school from which they came, and the result of each applicant's examination in each study, as well as their general average and position on the list.

XII. Said committee shall cause such rules to be made as will ensure at all times, the utmost fairness and impartiality.

XIII. No person under the age of seventeen years shall be elected as a teacher in the Public Schools of this district.

XIV. Candidates who shall obtain averages sufficient to entitle them to second and third-class certificates (which the president and secretary are authorized to issue) may be precluded from obtaining such certificates until they shall have arrived at the age, and taught the term specified in rules five and six.

Mr. Fletcher moved to postpone the consideration of the subject until the next meeting of the Board.

Lost—yeas 12, nays 13.

Mr. Freeborn moved that the report be considered seriatim. Agreed to.

The first two rules were adopted. Upon the consideration of the third rule a motion to postpone till a special meeting, to be held Tuesday, April 25, was adopted—yeas 18, nays 12.

Mr. Moore offered the following preamble and resolutions:

*Whereas*, There is now a sound of joy through all the land, and the public heart throbs with deep emotion over the victories which have been vouchsafed to the armies and navies of our United States by Divine Providence, to whom all blessings flow; and whereas, our schools should have equal share with others to manifest their gratitude, joy and participation in the glories of the times, therefore

Resolved, That this Board hereby authorizes the President and Secretary to proclaim a general holiday to all our schools when recommended by national or State authority.

*Resolved*, That we recommend to the Sectional Boards the propriety of illuminating the school houses when the evening shall be set apart.

The resolutions were unanimously adopted, and the Board adjourned.

### AFFECTING INCIDENT.

In the summer of 1861 a young man, by name Richard Callahan, only about twenty-three years old, with a wife, and an infant daughter at the age of one, enlisted in the 23d Pennsylvania Volunteers for three years, having been discharged as a journeyman gasfitter by Cornelius & Baker with many others. He followed his regiment to Virginia, and there participated in all the principal actions during the campaigns of McClellan, Hooker, Pope, Burnside, and even served under the gallant Grant. But, sad to relate, while nobly striving—for the great cause at Petersburg, some days since, he fell another martyr to the glorious cause of freedom. He died within eight hours. Such is life. After four years' steady fighting he lived only, like Wolfe, to hear the cheers of his comrades proclaiming victory for that which he had so long been fighting. Last week his poor, suffering wife received the intelligence of the sad occurrence. She is left almost penniless with her little infant daughter, now five years old. It is hard to tell how she will manage the battle of life. Persons that wish to render her any service can do so by calling at 1916 Wood street, for Sarah Callahan.

### CELEBRATION OF THE VICTORIES.

A proposition to have the public celebration of the recent victories celebrated in this city on Monday next will be introduced to-morrow in the Councils. The Mayor will be requested to invite all the citizens to illuminate their houses. A grand display of fireworks at Penn Square, and an illumination of the public buildings, are talked of.

### PARADE OF CADETS.

Col. Hyatt's cadets will arrive in Philadelphia this morning and parade over the following route: From Thirteenth street down Market to Twentieth, thence to Chestnut, thence to Third, thence to Walnut, thence to Broad street and Academy of Music.

### RELIGIOUS SERVICES ON FRIDAY NEXT.

The First Baptist Church, Broad and Arch streets, will be open on the 14th inst. at 12 o'clock. The exercises will consist of thanksgiving and prayer, and also a sermon by Rev. Geo. Dana Boardman.

### BUTTER SEIZED.

The clerks in the Market Department confiscated thirty-seven lumps of butter for the week ending the 10th inst. Reason, light weight.

### SALE OF REAL ESTATE, STOCKS, &C.

Messrs. Thomas & Sons sold at the Exchange, yesterday noon, the following stocks and real estate, viz.:

| | |
|---|---|
| 55 shares Commercial Bank | $3,305 00 |
| 6 shares Jeffersonville and Indiana Railroad—$10 60 | 52 50 |
| Few No. 26, Holy Trinity Church—$325 | 325 00 |
| 15 shares Columbia and Indianapolis Railroad—$15 | 2,220 00 |
| $19,000 bonds Columbia and Indianapolis Railroad—75 per cent | 14,250 00 |
| Three-story brick dwelling, No. 1714 Ritner-house street | 1,600 00 |
| Four-story brick store and dwelling, No 1035 South street, subject to a yearly ground rent of $60 | 2,505 00 |
| Brick tavern and dwelling, store, dwellings, office, and stables, Frankford road, Allen street, and Marderson street | 10,000 00 |
| Lot, Dauphin and Lemon streets, Nineteenth Ward | 700 00 |
| Two two-story brick stores and dwellings, northwest corner Thirteenth and Potts sts., subject to a yearly ground rent of $80 | 1,500 00 |
| Three-story brick dwelling, No. 311 North Twenty-first street | 1,500 00 |
| Lot, northeast corner Wood, Emerald, and Moore streets, subject to a yearly ground rent of $90 | 1,475 00 |
| Two-story brick dwelling, No. 814 Crown street | 2,330 00 |

## THE COURTS.

### Court of Quarter Sessions—Hon. James R. Ludlow, Associate Justice.

[William B. Mann, Esq., Prosecuting Attorney.]

SQUABBLE IN A CONFECTIONERY.

Hannah Roberts and A. A. Strausburg were tried on cross bills for assault and battery. This was one of those miserable squabbles growing out of places known as courts, and originated about a pan full of ashes. The jury acquitted the parties, but ordered each of them to pay the costs in the case. The parties obtained both satisfaction and justice, each having to pay the sum of $16.87.

DISHONEST HELP.

Annie Haylett pleaded guilty to the larceny of wearing apparel valued at $112. Mr. Crowther testified that the accused lived at his house, and left, saying she was going to be married. The clothing was missed, and Annie being followed it was found on her. Sentenced to one year in the County Prison.

PICKPOCKET DISPOSED OF.

Alex. Carr was charged with stealing a watch. Mr. Downey testified that he was looking at a procession, and missed his watch.

Mr. Wagner testified that the prisoner offered to pawn the watch, and he had him arrested.

Detective Levy testified to arresting the accused. Verdict guilty.

Detective Levy was now called by Judge Ludlow, and said that the accused procured bail on the charge of stealing the watch above mentioned. A few days afterwards he was again arrested for stealing a gold watch.

The prisoner said he had been an honest man until two months ago, and he begged to be sent to the army.

Judge Ludlow said that it was his duty to protect citizens from professional thieves.

The prisoner was then sentenced to an imprisonment of eighteen months in the Eastern Penitentiary.

George Sproll was charged with committing an assault and battery on Charles Dougherty. The latter testified that he went to the office of defendant to inquire if he was the agent of some property. He no sooner asked the question than Sproll told him he did not want any dirt in his house, and took him by the neck to put him out.

The defence was that the defendant was not yet in his house, and ordered the prosecutor out as soon as he opened the door.

A number of witnesses were called to prove the character of the defendant, the first one of whom was a tavern-keeper. The court stated that the occupant of a house had the right to order a person out. Verdict, not guilty, and the prosecutor to pay the costs.

ALAS! POOR DESDEMONA.

Annie Shearton was charged with committing an assault and battery on Bridget Broderick.

John Broderick sworn.—Wife, I was sick and heard my children screaming; I looked out and this Desdemona lady had her hand in my wife's hair; she pulled my wife across the street and bruised my five red hot irons were stuck in her body; she let go my wife's hair after she took out as much of it as she could carry; my wife is not here, because if she left the children I firmly believe they would scream themselves to death.

Sentenced to pay a fine of one dollar and to undergo an imprisonment of twenty days.

CHARGED WITH ROBBING A SOLDIER.

James McClellan, an orderly sergeant, and E. R. Benhard were charged with the larceny of $350 from Wm. Harris, a soldier.

Officer Myers testified to seeing the prisoners take Harris, who was very drunk, into Mara's house. McClellan is an orderly sergeant.

Officer Jones testified to arresting Benhard on a warrant. He went by the name of Jack Sheppard.

Margaret Mara testified that the prisoners brought the soldier, Harris, into her house, and laid him on a sofa in a back room; they had their hands in his pockets, but she did not see them take anything out; she then ordered them to take the soldier out.

On cross-examination the witness said she kept the McClellan Shades, and also lady boarders; it is a first-class hotel.

Mrs. Weldon sworn.—I saw McClellan and Benhard with Harris; they came to my house, and wanted a place to lay Harris down to sleep, saying he had had $800 with him; McClellan said he would take care of the money; I ordered him to take Harris away; my house is corner of Vine and Crown.

Examination direct.—I told the officers about this.

William Harris sworn.—I left the McClellan Hospital recently; I was shot through the left lung; I had got paid off $425, and fell in with the sergeant on Callowhill street; I went to get a drink, and a woman took $20 from my hand; I went to the alderman's office and had his arrested; I took out all the money there; the sergeant was there, and took charge of me to go and buy a belt to put my money in safe; we got a drink, and that's all I knew until the officer picked me up; I live in Michigan; I recollect at Mrs. Mara's house the sergeant said he wanted my money; Mrs. Mara run out and this old Jack Sheppard came in; I bought a cloak for a woman.

No defence was offered by Mr. Goforth, who represented Benhard.

Verdict, not guilty.

John Geo. Meyer and Jacob Miller were charged with the larceny of clothing valued at $87.

George Miller testified that his trunk was broken open and robbed of the clothing. The prisoners confessed before the alderman (Myers) to breaking into the house, and selling the clothing to pawn.

Verdict, guilty. Sentenced to seven months in the county prison.

Enough of business done in the civil courts yesterday, and none of the business transacted was of special interest.

### U. S. Circuit Court—Judge Grier.

Richter et al. vs. The Schooner Saxon. In Admiralty. This case came up on appeal from the District Court, and, having been argued, Judge Grier yesterday delivered an opinion affirming the decree of the District Court.

### District Court—Judge Sharswood.

The Erie Carbon Oil Co. vs. Richard Wright *et al.* —This was an action to recover for an alleged breach of contract, it being alleged by plaintiffs that the defendants refused to receive a quantity of oil after having purchased the same. The defence was that the agent of the plaintiffs guaranteed that the oil could be shipped with an assorted cargo, and that it was only upon ascertaining that this could not be done that they refused to comply with the contract. Plaintiffs, on the other hand, deny that there was any guarantee of the sort, and assert that the contract of sale was absolute. Jury out.

Auge and W. L. Hirst for plaintiffs. Gibbons for defendants.

### District Court—Judge Strong.

Michael Lutz vs. Robert Wells, administrator of John H. Drinker, deceased. Verdict for plaintiff, $200.

James W. Hendershot *vs.* same. Verdict for plaintiff, $320.

Benjamin Frazier vs. same. Verdict for plaintiff, $510.

In the above cases verdicts were taken without a defence.

Morris Coughlin vs. Thomas Webb, and to assess damages as to J. R. Cantwell. Promissory note. No defence. Verdict for plaintiff, $112.50.

Benjamin L. Berry vs. Robert DeCou. Promissory note. No defence. Verdict for plaintiff, $681.01. Brooke for plaintiff.

Thomas Mather and Rachel Shoemaker, administrators of Charles Shoemaker, vs. John Ullman, owner or reputed owner, and Augustus Sauer, contractor. This was a suit to enforce a mechanic's claim for lumber sold and delivered. The defence set up, that the owner of the house into which the lumber was put had paid the contractor. Jury out.

Geo. W. Thorn and Shoemaker for plaintiff. Earle and White for defendant.

### Court of Common Pleas—Judge Allison.

Yesterday morning, upon motion of Thomas J. Worrell, Esq., it was ordered that the proceedings in court and the remarks of Judge Allison in relation to the surrender of Gen. Lee's army, as they appeared in some of the morning journals, be spread at length upon the minutes as an evidence for all future time of the loyalty and patriotism of the judiciary and of the Philadelphia bar.

## THE POLICE.

ALLEGED LARCENY—THE EARLY MORNING DODGE.

Bryan Brady, a tall, well-formed and a pretty good-looking man, and Sylvester Bennett, a short, thick-set and not very good-looking fellow, were arraigned at the Central Station yesterday afternoon on the charge of purloining several pieces of silk goods from the store of Messrs. Wood & Cary, on Chestnut street, near Seventh. Brady says he lives at 508 Greenwich street, New York, and Bennett lives at 500 in the same classic thoroughfare.

Thomas H. Wood, a member of the business firm, on being sworn, said that upon coming to the store this (yesterday) morning he found that four pieces of silk goods had been found behind a sign in front of the store; understood that some of the neighbors saw two men coming from the store; several weeks ago some men came to the store at an early hour in the morning, and said to the lad in attendance that they expected to meet Mr. Cary there to examine some goods; the lad exhibited some pieces and the men went away; the stock is from six to ten pieces of valuable silks short.

James Styles sworn.—About four weeks since three men came to the store early in the morning; they first said that Mr. Cary had promised to meet them early, and they asked me to show them some goods; I did so; after they had made the examination they said they would go and "send the old lady around;" about two weeks ago they came again, early in the morning, and asked to see some black silk gloves; I told them that goods could not be shown so early in the morning; there were three men; these men are two of those.

Mr. Cary was called to the stand, and testified that he had never seen the men before; he certainly had not made any appointment with them to examine goods.

John A. Fry testified that upon coming out of his store, No. 723, at about half past 7 o'clock in the morning, he observed a man coming out of the store of Messrs. Wood & Cary; he had to stoop in order to get out, and, in so doing, his coat flew open and several pieces of silk were discovered; they were pink and blue, in color; I passed up the street, supposing for the moment that the man was taking away goods that were not delivered on the afternoon before because of the rain; presently I noticed another man coming out with a piece of silk under his coat; I had only a back view of the men as they walked away; the defendants look very much like the men I saw coming out of the store.

Francis Doer testified that he was in the employ of Messrs. Wood & Cary; several weeks ago I saw this man (Bryan Brady) at the store.

At this stage of the proceedings the prisoner said the witnesses had committed perjury. He also assured the magistrate that he was as innocent as a child; that he was ready to prove that he slept in New York last night, and had started from that city in the seven o'clock morning train.

The parties were committed, in default of $2,000, to await a further hearing, to take place on Friday afternoon at two o'clock.

[Before Mr. Alderman Beitler.]

OBSCENE PUBLICATIONS.

Isaac De Young, the proprietor of a store on Chestnut street, near Seventh, was arraigned at the Central Station, yesterday afternoon, on the charge of circulating obscene publications. The article complained of was printed on slips of paper, of different colors, and set forth the particulars of certain articles, morally contraband, which the publisher had for sale. Some of these documents found their way into respectable families, and complaint was entered to his Honor Mayor Henry. The subject was referred to Chief Lingles, who despatched John Lamon, of the detective force, to attend to it. Mr. L. yesterday morning walked into the store and purchased one of the publications in question. He read the document, and found the contents of the things thus advertised. He was handed quite a number of the publications. Having paid for the article he identified himself, departed, and, making the necessary affidavit, the warrant was issued and the arrest made. Dennis O'Brien, Esq., appeared as counsel for the defence. He had no objection to admit, on behalf of his client, that persons simply purchasing such articles did not constitute a crime on the part of Mr. De Young.

"Certainly not," said Mr. Beitler; "it is the issuing of the publications upon which the proceedings have been instituted.

"Did you have anyone handed you gratis?" asked Mr. O'Brien.

"Yes, sir," responded Mr. Lamon.

"Well, that was simply an act of kindness on the part of Mr. De Young."

The investigation here ended, and the defendant was bound over, in the sum of $800, to answer.

AN INTERESTING CHAPTER IN CRIME.

Mary Rayner, a black woman, yesterday afternoon, on the charge of purloining five coats, one of them a sealskin sacque, the property of Mr. John T. Wells, military clothier, in Arch street, near Sixth. James Dougherty, a pawnbroker in South street, was also arraigned on the charge of receiving the stolen goods.

The facts of this case are interesting, and may serve to place the proprietors of tailor stores, and others who pass work to go out, on their guard.

Mr. Wells testified that a woman calling herself Jane Tarlton called upon him some time since for work; she had a recommendation purporting to have been issued by Mr. S. P. Kelly; it was upon that paper and the statement of the female that four coats to be made up, and a sample coat, showing how the work was to be performed, were given her; she failed to return the coats, and the foreman of the establishment was sent to the store of Mr. Kelly, where it was ascertained that the recommendation presented by the woman was a forgery; it was also ascertained that several coats had been served in the same way; among them was the firm of Messrs. Wanamaker & Brown; Mr. Wells had in his employ a tailor who knew the woman, and he arranged a plan to detect the woman, if possible; it was agreed, with the consent of Messrs. Painter, Elfridge, and Cooper, to insert the name Jane Tarlton in an advertisement for hands to make up clothing; this was published in the newspapers; among the applicants yesterday was the woman who had defrauded the coats from Mr. Wells; she was taken into custody; she made a full acknowledgment of the crime, and said that she had pawned the articles at the shop of James Dougherty, on Dock street, below Seventh; she was asked for the ticket, but replied that she had not received any; witness proceeded to the pawn shop of Dougherty, and demanded the coat; he refused to give it up unless I paid him two dollars and a half; he finally said he would leave the coats at Alderman Dougherty's office; it was left there, and I got it.

Mrs. Rayner, the female in question, was called to the stand. She testified that she had pawned the sample coat at Dougherty's; no ticket was given to her.

Benjamin Levy, detective officer, was called to the stand. His evidence is peculiarly interesting. On being qualified he said: I know Dougherty; has received stolen property, and I have had a great deal of trouble to recover it; I have arrested one, the burglar, who robbed Mrs. Poore's house, I issued to all the pawnbrokers lists of the articles stolen; his alderman never has done anything; he had a piece of unbleached muslin and a table-cloth, stolen from Mrs. Poore's residence; in reference to the robbery of the house of Mr. Yocum, I sent notice to the brokers, and he did not give up some article, a table-cloth, or sheets [Dougherty here said two sheets], without trouble; in fact, as a general thing, I have always had difficulty with him; I heard him instruct his boy not to answer questions relative to stolen goods.

Dougherty was required to enter bail in the sum of $1,000 to answer.

MORE ABOUT THE FEMALE.

The woman implicated in this case has passed herself off as Jane Palmer, Mary Clemens, Emma Rollough, and quite likely other names; she has made known. She has used recommendations as to character, signed by John W. Floyd and others. It is reported that she is the same woman who robbed Messrs. Wanamaker & Brown. Her story was adroitly told about having a poor sick mother and helpless children to take care of. It is not known what she came the soldier dodge on; that is, having a wounded husband or son in the army fighting the battles of the country, while she was lost to virtue. The court further stated that the occupant of a house had the right to order a person out. Verdict, not guilty, and the prosecutor to pay the costs.

ALAS! POOR DESDEMONA.

Annie Shearton was charged with committing an assault and battery on Bridget Broderick.

John Broderick sworn.—Wife, I was sick and heard my children screaming; I looked out and this Desdemona lady had her hand in my wife's hair; she pulled across the street and bruised my five red hot irons were stuck in her body; she let go my wife's hair after she took out as much of it as she could carry; my wife is not here, because if she left the children I firmly believe they would scream themselves to death.

Sentenced to pay a fine of one dollar and to undergo an imprisonment of twenty days.

CHARGED WITH ROBBING A SOLDIER.

James McClellan, an orderly sargeant, and E. R. Benhard were charged with the larceny of $350 from Wm. Harris, a soldier.

Officer Myers testified to seeing the prisoners take Harris, who was very drunk, into Mara's house. McClellan is an orderly sergeant.

Officer Jones testified to arresting Benhard on a warrant. He went by the name of Jack Sheppard.

Margaret Mara testified that the prisoners brought the soldier, Harris, into her house, and laid him on a sofa in a back room; they had their hands in his pockets, but she did not see them take anything out; she then ordered them to take the soldier out.

On cross-examination the witness said she kept the McClellan Shades, and also lady boarders; it is a first-class hotel.

Mrs. Weldon sworn.—I saw McClellan and Benhard with Harris; they came to my house, and wanted a place to lay Harris down to sleep, saying he had had $800 with him; McClellan said he would take care of the money; I ordered him to take Harris away; my house is corner of Vine and Crown.

Examination direct.—I told the officers about this.

William Harris sworn.—I left the McClellan Hospital recently; I was shot through the left lung; I had got paid off $425, and fell in with the sergeant on Callowhill street; I went to get a drink, and a woman took $20 from my hand; I went to the alderman's office and had his arrested; I took out all the money there; the sergeant was there, and took charge of me to go and buy a belt to put my money in safe; we got a drink, and that's all I knew until the officer picked me up; I live in Michigan; I recollect at Mrs. Mara's house the sergeant said he wanted my money; Mrs. Mara run out and this old Jack Sheppard came in; I bought a cloak for a woman.

No defence was offered by Mr. Goforth, who represented Benhard.

Verdict, not guilty.

John Geo. Meyer and Jacob Miller were charged with the larceny of clothing valued at $87.

George Miller testified that his trunk was broken open and robbed of the clothing. The prisoners confessed before the alderman (Myers) to breaking into the house, and selling the clothing to pawn.

Verdict, guilty. Sentenced to seven months in the county prison.

Enough of business done in the civil courts yesterday, and none of the business transacted was of special interest.

### U. S. Circuit Court—Judge Grier.

Richter et al. vs. The Schooner Saxon. In Admiralty. This case came up on appeal from the District Court, and, having been argued, Judge Grier yesterday delivered an opinion affirming the decree of the District Court.

### District Court—Judge Sharswood.

The Erie Carbon Oil Co. vs. Richard Wright *et al.* —This was an action to recover for an alleged breach of contract, it being alleged by plaintiffs that the defendants refused to receive a quantity of oil after having purchased the same. The defence was that the agent of the plaintiffs guaranteed that the oil could be shipped with an assorted cargo, and that it was only upon ascertaining that this could not be done that they refused to comply with the contract. Plaintiffs, on the other hand, deny that there was any guarantee of the sort, and assert that the contract of sale was absolute. Jury out.

Auge and W. L. Hirst for plaintiffs. Gibbons for defendants.

### District Court—Judge Strong.

Michael Lutz vs. Robert Wells, administrator of John H. Drinker, deceased. Verdict for plaintiff, $200.

James W. Hendershot *vs.* same. Verdict for plaintiff, $320.

Benjamin Frazier vs. same. Verdict for plaintiff, $510.

In the above cases verdicts were taken without a defence.

Morris Coughlin vs. Thomas Webb, and to assess damages as to J. R. Cantwell. Promissory note. No defence. Verdict for plaintiff, $112.50.

Benjamin L. Berry vs. Robert DeCou. Promissory note. No defence. Verdict for plaintiff, $681.01. Brooke for plaintiff.

Thomas Mather and Rachel Shoemaker, administrators of Charles Shoemaker, vs. John Ullman, owner or reputed owner, and Augustus Sauer, contractor. This was a suit to enforce a mechanic's claim for lumber sold and delivered. The defence set up, that the owner of the house into which the lumber was put had paid the contractor. Jury out.

Geo. W. Thorn and Shoemaker for plaintiff. Earle and White for defendant.

### Court of Common Pleas—Judge Allison.

Yesterday morning, upon motion of Thomas J. Worrell, Esq., it was ordered that the proceedings in court and the remarks of Judge Allison in relation to the surrender of Gen. Lee's army, as they appeared in some of the morning journals, be spread at length upon the minutes as an evidence for all future time of the loyalty and patriotism of the judiciary and of the Philadelphia bar.

## THE POLICE.

ALLEGED LARCENY—THE EARLY MORNING DODGE.

Bryan Brady, a tall, well-formed and a pretty good-looking man, and Sylvester Bennett, a short, thick-set and not very good-looking fellow, were arraigned at the Central Station yesterday afternoon on the charge of purloining several pieces of silk goods from the store of Messrs. Wood & Cary, on Chestnut street, near Seventh. Brady says he lives at 508 Greenwich street, New York, and Bennett lives at 500 in the same classic thoroughfare.

Thomas H. Wood, a member of the business firm, on being sworn, said that upon coming to the store this (yesterday) morning he found that four pieces of silk goods had been found behind a sign in front of the store; understood that some of the neighbors saw two men coming from the store; several weeks ago some men came to the store at an early hour in the morning, and said to the lad in attendance that they expected to meet Mr. Cary there to examine some goods; the lad exhibited some pieces and the men went away; the stock is from six to ten pieces of valuable silks short.

James Styles sworn.—About four weeks since three men came to the store early in the morning; they first said that Mr. Cary had promised to meet them early, and they asked me to show them some goods; I did so; after they had made the examination they said they would go and "send the old lady around;" about two weeks ago they came again, early in the morning, and asked to see some black silk gloves; I told them that goods could not be


MR. M. G. BROWN'S

GREAT METAPHYSICAL DISCOVERY

FOR DEAFNESS,

NOISES IN THE HEAD, DISCHARGES FROM THE EAR, CATARRH, NEURALGIA, RHEUMATISM, ASTHMA, SCROFULA, BRONCHIAL AFFECTION, THROAT DIFFICULTIES.

Diseased Eyes, Loss of Hair, Dyspepsia, Enlargement of the Liver, Diseases of the Kidneys, Constipation, Dropsy, Fits, Insanity, Fits, Paralysis, Rush of Blood to the Head.

CONSUMPTION.

With all and every disease which infests the human body.

CURED EFFECTUALLY BY

MRS. M. G. BROWN'S

METAPHYSICAL DISCOVERY.

PRICE $5.

OFFICES:

No. 410 ARCH Street, Philadelphia;
No. 714 BROADWAY Street, New York;
No. 15 TREMONT Street, Boston; and
No. 42 West MONUMENT Street, Baltimore.

READ THE FOLLOWING REMARKABLE CERTIFICATE, WITH AFFIDAVIT:

OXFORD, January 20, 1865.

MRS. M. G. BROWN—Madam:—I have been to the city several times, but had not time to call. I have got entirely well, and under God I owe it to you. My right ear I have not heard in 20 years, but now I hear it. I can now hear some with it. My left ear, the hearing left it just after harvest; in this way: I took a thickness in my head, and it worked, accompanied with a ringing noise in my ears. I was so bad that I could not hear without; they would holler at the top of their voices. First got a prescription from a physician, which consisted of almond oil and something else; can't tell; it was a little stained all along, but it did me no good; then I got some Homœopathic medicine, but with the same effect. I then tried old women's cures by the score; still no benefit; I went to Philadelphia, put myself under the care of a celebrated aurist; he bored at my ears with instruments, and run others up my nostrils, for five weeks, and ended by cheating me out of seventy-five dollars ($75), as that was all the benefit I received from him. I then saw one of your advertisements; I got the Metaphysical Discovery, used not more than half of it, and have recovered my hearing, which I had lost for years.

I remain yours, truly,

THOMAS B. DICKEY,

Oxford, Chester county, Pa.

Affirmed and subscribed to before me, this 21st day of March, A. D., 1865.

SYM. T. KITCHEN,
Justice of the Peace.

THOS. B. DICKEY,
Oxford, Chester county, Pa.

ALL PERSONS DESIRING
MORE REPUTABLE TIME TABLE.
Commencing MONDAY, APRIL 3d, 1865, Trains will leave and arrive at PHILADELPHIA and WASHINGTON as follows:
Express Train, at 4.05 A. M. (Mondays excepted), for Baltimore and Washington, connecting with Express Train leaving Baltimore at 8.45 A. M., and arriving at Washington at 10.30 A. M.
Express Train, at 7.45 A. M. (Sundays excepted), for Baltimore and Washington, connecting with Express Train leaving Baltimore at 12 M., and arriving at Washington at 1.45 P. M.
Express Train, at 11.30 A. M. (Sundays excepted), for Baltimore and Washington, connecting with Express Train leaving Baltimore at 3.30 P. M., and arriving at Washington at 5 P. M.
Express Train, at 11.30 P. M. (Sundays excepted), for Baltimore and Washington, connecting with Express Train leaving Baltimore at 3.30 A. M., and arriving at Washington at 5 A. M.
Express Train, at 4.30 P. M. (Sundays excepted), for Baltimore and Washington, connecting with Express Train leaving Baltimore at 7.30 P. M., and arriving at Washington at 9.15 P. M.
Express Train, at 11.45 P. M. (Sundays excepted), for Baltimore and Washington, connecting with Express Train leaving Baltimore at 3.30 A. M., and arriving at Washington at 5 A. M.
Express Train, at 3.45 P. M. (Sundays excepted), for Baltimore and Washington, connecting with Express Train leaving Baltimore at 7.30 P. M., and arriving at Washington at 9.15 P. M.
Express Train, at 8.00 P. M. (Sundays excepted), for Baltimore and Washington, connecting with Express Train leaving Baltimore at 12 M., and arriving at Washington at 1.45 P. M.
Express Train, at 12 M. (Sundays excepted), for Baltimore and Washington, connecting with Express Train leaving Baltimore at 3.30 P. M., and arriving at Washington at 5 P. M.
Express Train, at 12 P. M. (Night), for Baltimore and Washington, connecting with Express Train leaving Baltimore at 3.30 A. M., and arriving at Washington at 5 A. M.
The 4.05 A. M. Express Train will stop at Havre-de-Grace, Aberdeen, Perryman's, and Magnolia.
The 7.45 A. M. Express Train will stop at Havre-de-Grace, Aberdeen, Perryman's, and Magnolia.
The 11.30 A. M. Express Train will stop at Havre-de-Grace, Aberdeen, Perryman's, and Magnolia.
The 3.45 P. M. Express Train will stop at Havre-de-Grace, Aberdeen, Perryman's, and Magnolia.
The 8.00 P. M. Express Train will stop at Havre-de-Grace, Aberdeen, Perryman's, and Magnolia.
The 11.45 A. M. Express Train will stop at Havre-de-Grace, Aberdeen, Perryman's, and Magnolia.
The 12 M. Express Train will stop at Havre-de-Grace, A