THE CITY.

POLITICAL INFIDELITY.

Lecture by George William Curtis.

Last evening Concert Hall was well filled by an appreciative audience, assembled to listen to a lecture on Political Infidelity, by Mr. Geo. W. Curtis, of *Harper's Weekly*. This was the first appearance of Mr. Curtis in this city since the attempt of sympathisers with slavery to mob him, in 1860. The lecture, which was purely a political one, shows how the times have changed in those four years. Mr. Curtis said, in his lecture, in those four years we have lived fifty.

Mr. Curtis was introduced to the audience by Mr. James Chambers. He began his lecture by saying that the cloud of darkness and doubt was being dissipated by the dawn of a brighter and more glorious political day. The speaker then related a number of instances wherein the American people had been political infidels to the principles of free speech and free press. A grand jury in Alabama indicted a publisher in New York, and sent a requisition to that State for him to have him tried in Alabama for publishing a matter which they believed to be in opposition to their interests. Philadelphia had vindicated these rights upon one occasion through its Chief Magistrate, who had stood up and said, on a certain occasion when a person got up to speak to the people, that he would not speak, but if he insisted upon so doing the law would support him. The name of Alexander Henry shall always be remembered with respect. Our present national troubles and the civil war now upon us result not from any radical defect in the organization of our Government or the faction of the democratic principle, but from our own unfaithfulness to our professed principles. This was our political infidelity. The lecturer showed this to be true chiefly by citing our history in reference to the sacredness of the freedom of speech, which, he maintained, we had never insisted on or guaranteed in this country. The right of free speech had been tamely surrendered for forty years by politicians and people in reference to slavery; hence our humiliation and our difficulties. John C. Calhoun was the original apostle of the aristocratic idea of slavery, and the father of Secession. There are two Americas as there are two Englands—one democratic, the other aristocratic—contending for the mastery, and here now it has come to the wager of blood and battle between the two. Calhoun perceived that free discussion would be fatal to his schemes and the continuance of Southern slaveholding domination; so he said, "you shall not debate the slavery question." Our great men, and the public generally, submissively accepted this insolent dictation, and we bowed down at the feet of the aristocratic element. We have in this way given England good cause for her mean opinion of us. Foreigners were justified in assuming our weakness and pusillanimity when they saw us hesitating and doubting at the beginning of this rebellion whether the nation had a right to coerce a rebellious State; in other words, whether we had a right to exist as a nation. We were ourselves to blame, for we had been political infidels to our own faith. In the city of New York, at a private meeting, held in December, 1861, one of the Representatives in Congress, not Fernando Wood, gravely proposed that the terms of the Southern leaders should be accepted in advance, whatever they might be; and a rich merchant arose and said: "O, gentlemen, what beautiful sentiments these are! let us all be followers of the Prince of Peace." He owned a line of packets to Savannah. Another merchant arose and said: "The South owes me a million, but I will gladly lose every cent in the world to save that Union under which I have grown rich." Just as man came to this country, he took a land without a cent in his pocket, and grew rich; but those were not the sentiments of the majority of the citizens of New York. If that city had voted on the Montgomery Constitution four years ago, it would have swallowed it, bones and all, as a box constricted swallows a rat. Calhoun had said: "I will put this gag into your mouths, and you shan't say a word about slavery." That was what led this great North into questioning itself on the policy it should pursue in regard to the rebellion and the slavery question. Public opinion as to the right of the National Government to defend its own life was unsound, and it was not to be wondered at that foreigners believed that we had grown so corrupt that our national ruin was a foregone conclusion. The South has been attempting an impossible experiment. It has been trying to establish an aristocracy that should govern a free democratic government. The North has also been attempting an impossible experiment, to perpetuate human slavery in a free republic. We must all be free and democratic or all aristocrats and slaves. We have been guilty of political infidelity in our dealings with foreign nations. Our foreign ministers met at Ostend and plotted piracy and plunder of a Power with whom we were at peace. The reward the American people gave the chief conspirator for the crime of the Ostend manifesto was the position of President of the United States. We should remember, when we point out our injustice against our offending neighbors, that we ourselves are not guiltless. They have been our enemies during all this struggle. They have sinned; but we ourselves have been confession and ourselves repentance. This political infidelity still exists. The last political campaign showed this. A great party attempted to surrender the Government into the hands of those who seek its overthrow, and Robert C. Winthrop, and others like him, stood up in the city of New York and charged the Union on the defenders of free speech and American liberty. We have betrayed our own principles, and yet no man can be an American without being of necessity an Abolitionist, and no word is more despised by the majority of the American people than that. They are lunatics; of course they are! So was Columbus and Martin Luther, Shadrach, Meshach, and Abednego. Fanatics! what is Sherman? Is Wall street a fanatic? And it yet sends to a fanatic a Christmas gift of $40,000, which will not be forgotten as long as there is a navy and a Mobile bay in America. From this time forth we should have one aim in view—to achieve our own liberty, and the liberty of the two great halves of our country. One of this country are John C. Calhoun and John Brown, and every man or woman in this country is to be on the side of the latter. Calhoun died in his bed, honored by his country and wept by a nation. The other dies on the gallows, and, tenderly lifting a child of the despised race, beneath the shadow of the winters sun sinks to his rest. Whose soul is marching on! It has been fire fighting fire, and by God's grace the fire of heaven is being triumphant over the fire of hell. We have our feet upon slavery. We don't know what it will be to-morrow. We must seize it by the throat and drag it down, or it will drag down the nation.

We are unable to give the space in our columns that this lecture merits. The audience were delighted, and gave expression to their feelings by frequent outbursts of applause.

MISCELLANEOUS.

BUSINESS VIEW OF PHILADELPHIA.

The attention and patronage of the public are solicited to a large advertising card published as above. "The Business View" will be hung up in conspicuous places at hotels, depots, and other public places in this city, and in several adjacent towns on all the principal railroads leading out of it, and on the boats, under his personal supervision. Its permanency will make it the best and cheapest advertising medium ever offered to the business men of Philadelphia, and the opportunity is such as will not be offered to them again for a long time. Three hundred copies will be distributed, neatly up in an attractive manner, each chart (31 x 44) being embellished with a fine steel engraving of the map of Philadelphia, for the benefit of strangers and business men. Bowes is a regular card printer, and has every facility for printing any card in the most satisfactory manner. He has always given entire satisfaction to his numerous patrons. But the chart will be printed on fine cloth paper, the most substantial material, and also finely varnished, just like genuine maps. Great care will be taken to make it durable, and also to post it favorably for observation. It will be furnished, with map sticks and rings, gratis. Mr. Bowes is a deaf mute, and communicates his business wishes by his pen. He is a gentleman of enterprise, and deserves encouragement.

EQUAL RIGHTS CONVENTION.

Last evening, in pursuance of a call issued by the Executive Committee of the Pennsylvania Equal Rights League of the Colored People of Pennsylvania, a meeting assembled in Franklin Hall for the purpose of making arrangements for the representation of Philadelphia in the Equal Rights Convention to be held in Harrisburg February 8th.

The meeting was called to order by Mr. Charles B. Colly, who proposed for president, the name of McG. Crummell, supported by a number of vice presidents. Messrs. J. C. White, Jr., C. B. Colly, J. W. Purnell, J. W. Cassey, and T. Fauset were elected secretaries.

In accordance with a resolution presented by Mr. J. O. Bustill, the city was divided into six districts, and committees appointed by the Chair to canvass and tend the details of effecting representation in their respective districts.

The meeting was eloquently addressed by Rev. Theo Doughty Miller, David B. Bowser, Isaiah C. Wear, and others.

COLLEGE COMMENCEMENT.

The Commencement of the Eclectic College took place yesterday afternoon, at Concert Hall, the college building in Tenth street, below Locust. The whole number of students is 125. On the occasion of the Commencement, yesterday afternoon, there was a large assemblage of ladies, and the degree was conferred upon the following-named graduates:

D. S. Pratt, Penna., L. A. Daniels, Ohio,
O. P. Hinkle, Maryland, O. D. Styles, Penna.,
M. Tallcon, Illinois, John D. Young, Mass.,
F. W. Sheppard, Penna., J. L. Kilgore, Delaware,
E. Hershiger, Ohio, J. S. Wright, Ill.,
J. D. West, Delaware O. A. Tucker, Mass.,
H. A. Record, Penna., N. J. Taylor, N. York,
J. S. Stewart, Penna., Wm. Hill, Indiana,
John D. Wheeler, Pa., H. A. Summers, O. W.,
L. J. Bradford, Penna., E. F. Wiley, Indiana,
H. A. Tucker, Penna., Peter Summers, K. T.,
J. R. Rorland, Penna., J. E. Morland, Penna.,
Rufus B. Weaver, Pa., W. O. Roney, Penna.,
H. R. Shafford, Md., D. R. Maloney, Illinois,
Morris Baily, Vermont,

MURDEROUS OUTRAGE.

About half past one o'clock, Saturday morning, three men kicked in the back door of house No. 1825 Wood street, and commenced abusing some young women of doubtful repute, who happened to be there. Four young men, named Peter Kelly, Henry Schwartz, James Johnson, and Peter Kelly, who happened to be present, interfered to defend the females. The intruders immediately drew their knives and stabbed the four defenders of the women. Mercer was cut severely in the abdomen. A terrific fight ensued. Police officers reached the house, and as they proceeded to mount the stairs the three assailants escaped through the front doorway. Mercer was taken to the hospital. The other three men were not much injured.

APPOINTMENTS BY THE TAX RECEIVER.

Mr. Chas. O'Neill, the Receiver of Taxes, entered fully upon the discharge of his official duties on the 23d inst. He appointed Mr. Reality Smith, chief clerk, Jonathan P. Nuttall; assistant search clerks, Robt. O'Neill and Jos. P. Kelch; receiving clerks, Geo. W. Briggs, Geo. P. Kern, John M. Harman, Richard Peters, Richard Phillipps, Jr., J. P. Michener, Absalom Taylor, H. Oscar Roberts, Samuel Bray, Chas. P. Shinn, Edw. T. Wood, John A. McDowell, Chas. L. Hunt, Jacob Kurtz.

THE EASTWICK PARK.

The Eastwick Skating Park, near Gray's Ferry, is one of the most successful of the skating parks recently established. Its management is in the hands of a gentleman of tact and energy, who is determined to make it a complete success. It has been visited by thousands of people, among whom are the most refined of our population. The ice will, doubtless, be in good condition to-day, when we may expect to see a vast attendance. A band of music will be present, and a pleasant time may be anticipated.

ACCIDENT.

Henry Young, employed in a warehouse at St. John and Callowhill streets, fell through a hatchway, on Monday evening, and was severely injured. He was conveyed to his residence.

THE COURTS.

Supreme Court at Nisi Prius—Judge Thompson.

INJUNCTION TO RESTRAIN THE CONSUMMATION OF THE HAYS COAL CONTRACT REFUSED—THE GAS WORKS NOT A DEPARTMENT OF THE CITY GOVERNMENT.

Yesterday Judge Thompson delivered an opinion on the application for an injunction, as follows:

Hacker & Stetson vs. The City of Philadelphia, Thos. S. Stewart, and William B. Hays—In Equity.

It is quite apparent to me that if I refuse an injunction the defendants no serious injury is likely to occur, even if the contract with Mr. Hays about to be consummated, the preponderance of evidence being that the proposed contract is favorable, both as regards price per ton for gas coal and the quality of the gas. The question involved is simply whether one of Power that of lumping practical consequence, although, remotely, it may be consequential, is in the hands of a committee of the City Gas Works must be after advertisements only, or may be made at the trustee's may deem best, and as the exigencies of the works may demand, in view of the acts of Assembly of 1854 and the 18th of May, 1858.

The fifth section of the act of 1854 does contemplate the establishment by ordinance of departmental regulations and the appointment of clerks and assistants in those indicated in it, and by other laws—viz: Law, Police, Finance, Surveys, Health, Water, Gas, Fire, Tax, Poor, The City Property, and The Public Grounds. To what extent a Gas Department as a portion of the municipal authority was necessary at the time or might become so, I do not know. But it is possible that it might exist without any necessary connection with the operations in the manufacture. Many public lamps were to be lighted, and extinguished, and extended, and the time and continuance of burning regulated. There was, perhaps, enough in these considerations to make a place for a Gas Department.

I am far from feeling clear, especially after the two cases of the Western Saving Fund decided by us, The City, 7 Casey, 172 and 185, decided after an interval of three years, that from the trusts annexed to the Gas Works it was intended, that it ever could have been intended that they were to come under the municipal control and management of the city, or that they are any part of its political machinery. Indeed, if I understand these decisions, the very opposite is affirmed, that the city is only interested in their operations as a private owner, and that she is a *cestui que trust* like other private owners. If this be the true meaning of these decisions, the "Department" of gas cannot apply to operating the works, or interfering in their operations, but means something else, if indeed such department was, in fact, established by the ordinance of 1855.

I do not therefore arrive at the conclusion desired so clearly as to justify me in saying that the act of 1856 means a "department" which belongs in no way to the city as an arm of the municipal government. Law, finance, highways and the like are all components of instruments of government, but making gas and selling it to the city as well as to others, although the city is deeply interested in it, has assumed a shape, owing to the circumstances of its works, as a trustee for the loan-holders, to the same extent at least of greater independence of the city than other political or municipal departments. It does not seem that the City Councils ever provided by ordinance for the advertisement claimed here at least. I have not been able to find any such ordinance, and this is some evidence of their interpretation of the act of 1856. Although it is said to be a rule in equity that want of certainty as to the law is no reason for withholding relief on an application for a preliminary injunction, because a chancellor is presumed always to have an opinion on the law of the case presented; yet, notwithstanding this, an injunction is an act of discretion or grace, and it is be uncertain whether grant or refuse will result from withholding or granting it, no chancellor will grant it. I am strongly impressed that the Gas Works not a department in the municipal sense of the act of 1856, and this is the only sense in which the word is to be understood in this case. Without positively determining that now and for the reason suggested, that I am not certain on which side the greatest evil would come to grant or refuse the injunction, I must decline to grant it, and dismiss the answer and pleadings.

I have no doubt but that the city or any other loan-holder can at any time, when it interferes to prevent abuses in the contract system, and that a chancellor would, if favorable relief in injury were shown, require advertisements for general supplies of coal. But the application here is not sustained on that ground, for the testimony does not tend to show that the proposed contract to be a favorable one, and prudent at the present, at least. For this reason, I think any case remains of doubt or difficulty between one of the trustees and the proposed contractor, to procure the contract to be improperly made. It is distinctly denied, and is otherwise disproved. I also have great doubts about the *status* of the complainants. They claim no interest equity, but as taxpayers. They are not loan-holders. They have not shown how these taxes are to be increased, if the contract be consummated. There is a possibility that at some time they might be, but their interest is both contingent and remote. I cannot discuss the bill, however, at this stage, for this reason, nor do I refuse the injunction on this ground, but think it worth being suggested to the complainants themselves, in view of future proceedings. Injunction refused.

District Court—Judge Hare.

James C. Finn vs. O. C. Brown. Before reported. Verdict for plaintiff, $3,438.24.

Charles Hellner vs. Alexander McGarvey. A felonged issue to test the ownership of certain property taken in execution by the Sheriff, but which was claimed by plaintiff. Verdict for plaintiff. Boyer for plaintiff; Cassidy and Pierce Archer, Jr., for defendant.

Lewis Kensil vs. John J. Hungerford. An action to recover an amount alleged to be due defendant by plaintiff upon settlement of a partnership account. Jury out.

District Court—Judge Stroud.

Edward S. Yocum, by his guardian, James Jenner, vs. Daniel Trout. An action of ejectment to recover possession of a house and lot in Willow street above Fairhill. Defendant is the tenant under a Mr. Belcher, who claims title and has possession under a deed from Mrs. Yocum, mother of plaintiff, conveyance of the property having been made to her of the same after she became a widow, and by her to the present owner, to whom it is now sought to eject. Mrs. Yocum denies that she ever executed the deed or sold the property, and alleges that her signature to the same was forged. The property was her husband's before his death, though no deed had been made to him, and such being the case, it is contended that it passed to the heir-at-law, it belonged to him, as the only son and that even if his mother executed the deed it would be null and void as to him, and could not affect his rights. On trial, Gordon and Silcock for plaintiff; W. L. Hirst and Juvenal for defendant.

Court of Quarter Sessions—Hon. Joseph Allison.

But two cases were tried in this court yesterday.

Xavier Frick was charged with having committed an assault and battery, with intent to kill Cornelius Straline, and also with carrying concealed deadly weapons. and Straline was, in turn, charged by Frick with assault and battery. Being cross bills, and the facts being identical, they were tried together.

On behalf of Straline it was testified by himself that he was in company with Xavier Frick, without any provocation whatever, approached him in the no ghoulsend of Eleventh and Oxford streets, and inflicted two blows upon his person with the sharp edge of a hand-saw—one upon the head and the second upon the arm, the latter causing a severe wound. Straline also said he that Frick then drew a pistol and threatened to shoot him. Other witnesses testified to the fact that, on the day in question, they had seen Frick with a hand-saw and a pistol in his possession, and one of them said that he heard Frick say that he had struck prosecutor with a saw, and if that would not do he would shool him.

On behalf of Frick it was shown that on the previous day, the day of election, Straline and others had a difficulty with Frick at the polls about political matters, that they attacked and threatened to kill him, and that it was only through the interposition of parties present that they were prevented from inflicting upon him great personal violence at that time. It was also proven that on the day of the alleged assault and battery Frick was first attacked by Straline and his friends, who threw stones at and knocked him down, and that he was only in self-defence, and when he was in danger of receiving great bodily harm that he used the saw and threatened to use the pistol. Jury out. G. Remak for Straline; Benham for Frick.

Richard Lutker, Chas Shaw, Geo Sedley, and Edwin M Croll, charged with the larceny of $1,200, the property of Ed. S. Satterwhite, of Clifton street, were acquitted. The Court then adjourned.

THE POLICE.

[Before Mr. Alderman Beitler.]

ALLEGED HOTEL THIEF.

A man giving the name of George W. Shirley, was arraigned at the Central Station yesterday afternoon on a charge of robbing some of the boarders at the Continental Hotel. Officer Vorhees, employed at the hotel, stated that he had watched the defendant all yesterday between 7 and 8 o'clock in the morning. He had been watching the parlor ever since several robberies had been committed, and, in case of an extra rush of boarders at night cots are erected in the parlor, for the accommodation of the travellers, and upon several occasions recently the defendant slept there; and one morning several gold and silver watches and $40 in money disappeared. Officer Vorhees stationed himself in the parlor, but the defendant avoided the place, probably because of his presence.

W. Ashman, of 702 North Third street, staid at the Continental Hotel, on Saturday night last, in room No. 226. On Sunday morning, a little before 8 o'clock, he heard a rustling among some paper; upon springing up in bed, he observed defendant there, who rushed out and locked the door after him, the key being on the outside of the door. Witness gave the alarm, but being locked in the room, the fellow escaped.

The defendant said that he was a grocer, from Louisville, Ky., that he had arrived in Philadelphia on November 27, and stopped three days at the American Hotel; and since that time resided with a friend near the Schuylkill Arsenal. He went to the Continental last evening, where he met a friend, named John Adams, a steamboat man, living at Chicago; he and Adams were together, and they separated at 927 Chestnut street, to meet again at a later hour; he proceeded to the hotel yesterday morning in search of his friend. The defendant was committed in default of $2,500 to await another hearing on-morrow.

SELLING LIQUOR ON SUNDAY.

Henry Brew was arraigned on the charge of selling liquor at his place, Ninth and Elliott, on Sunday. Mr. Howard, the police officer in Mifflin street, above Seventh, testified that he and two police officers went to Brew's place on Sunday and obtained something to drink. Howard paid for the liquor, and the two officers winked at some other kind of spirituous liquor. The defendant was bound over in the sum of $1,000 to answer.

[Before Mr. Alderman White.]

ALLEGED LARCENY.

Annie Miller, otherwise known as Stovepipe Annie, keeps a drinking place on Water street, above Dock. She and her husband, J. R. Miller, were arraigned yesterday on the charge of the larceny of $23. The sailor testified that on Monday night he was at the house occupied by the prisoners, and he had occasion to drink several times. On each occasion she called for something to drink and then invited all hands to drink. The sailor put a five-dollar note on the counter each time he called for drinks, and thus he found himself minus twenty dollars in a short space of time. The second and her husband were bound over in the sum of $1,000 to answer.

[Before Mr. Alderman Allen.]

SHOOTING CASE.

John Gallagher, of the Twenty-fourth ward, was arraigned yesterday, on the charge of shooting at the residence of Mr. Dougherty, of the same ward. It seems he was put off the car for disorderly conduct, and proceeded to the residence of the conductor. A revolver with two loads in it was found in his possession. The accused was committed to answer.

[Before Mr. Ald. Toland.]

ARREST OF ALLEGED ROBBERS.

Wm. H. Milward, Geo M Smith, and James Buckley, were arraigned yesterday on the charge of breaking into the counting-house of Messrs. Malone & Taylor, lumber merchants, at Delaware avenue and Noble street. Officer Lutzinger, on going past the place, observed the men in there. He entered. Two escaped, and the other one was arrested. A bunch of skeleton keys, fifteen in number, were found on the floor. A coat and hatchet found in the possession of one of the party belonged to Messrs. Malone & Taylor. The property was found on the spot gave such information to the officer as to lead to the arrest of the others. The parties were committed.

EXTREME INHUMANITY.

Rebecca Reed, residing at 543 North Third street, was arraigned before the same magistrate on the charge of cruelty to her adopted child, a girl twelve years old. The evidence in this case presents an array of startling facts. It seems that some time since the Guardians of the Poor bound this little girl out to Mrs Reed. The child has had a hard time of it. The neighborhood has often been thrown into excitement by the loud shrieks and cries of the child. It is alleged that Mrs Reed was in the habit of beating her most unmercifully with a cowhide, and also beating her with a broom-handle. The back of this badly-treated girl was scarred in a most terrible manner. Some of sores are healed, and others are not yet healed. She was dragged about the room, punched, kicked, thumped, and her flesh was made to quiver under the stroke of the cowskin at early hours in the morning and at the deep, lone hour of midnight. On Monday night, the atmosphere being cold and raw, the little girl was stripped stark naked and made go into the yard to wash some clothing. She came very near freezing to death. To save herself from death, the child, naked as she was, got out of the yard, and begged of a neighbor for "pity sake to take her in, that she was freezing."

The half-frozen creature was admitted and wrapped in a shawl. Yesterday morning word was sent to the Guardians of the Poor of the circumstances of the case and the arrest of Mrs Reed was ordered.

The police officers and neighbors testified as to the above facts. The defendant was required to enter bail in the sum of $800 to answer at court. She sent for a number of her neighbors to enter bail for her, but they refused to comply.

LETTER BAGS.

AT THE MERCHANTS' EXCHANGE, PHILADELPHIA

Brig Anna, Morrow.....St. Thomas, soon.
Brig Herald, Davis.....St. Thomas, Havana, soon.

PHILADELPHIA BOARD OF TRADE.

JAS. R. CAMPBELL,
SAML. W. DE COURSEY, } COMMITTEE OF THE MONTH.
JAS. C. HAND.

MARINE INTELLIGENCE.

PORT OF PHILADELPHIA, JAN. 24, 1865.

SUN RISES....7 07 | SUN SETS...4 53 | HIGH WATER..12 43

ARRIVED.

Steamship John Gibson, Bowen, 36 hours from New York, with mdse to Wm Taylor & Sons.
Steamship Saxon, Matthews, 50 hours from Boston, with mdse to Henry Winsor & Co.
Bark E Kelley, Bray, 14 days from New Orleans, with empty bbls to Workman & Co.

CLEARED.

Bark G W Horton, Packard, Manzanilla.
Bark Eventide, Park, Tortugas.
Bark A G Adams, Perkins, Key West.
Bark Alex McNeill, Small, S W Pass.
Brig Mystic, Berry, Trinidad de Cuba.
Brig R C Ellsworth (Br), McHeide, Matanzas.
Schr M M Merriman, Fox, New York.
Schr Eliza Francis, Bogart, Boston.
Schr M A Magee, Ayers, Newburn.

MEMORANDA

Steamship Nova Scotian, for Liverpool, sailed from Portland 21st inst.
Ship John Bryce, Galloway, from Cardiff for Australia, was spoken 29th Nov, lat 1 S, lon 30 W.
Brig Timothy Field, Patterson, hence via Newburyport, at Portland 20th inst. Her mainsail took fire same evening, and was consumed.
Schrs Rose Lambert, and Fanny Keating, Rich, hence at Boston 21st inst.
Brig Fannie, ashore on Race Point, has been entirely discharged. The cargo from between decks is in tolerable condition; that from the hold is badly damaged. The vessel will be a total wreck.
Schr Independence, Daggett, arrived at Holmes' Hole 20th inst, with 35 hhds molasses from the wreck of bark Albion, ashore off Nashawina. The Albion is full of water, and the wreckers can only work on the cargo at low tide. She has been stripped of sails and rigging, and should the weather continue moderate the largest part of her cargo remaining will be saved.

J. HOLMES GROVER.

ENAMELLED SLATE MANTEL WAREROOMS.

TABLE TOPS, &c., &c.

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