THE CITY.

MILITARY.

THE BOUNTY COMMISSION.

The following gentlemen constitute the bounty commission under the new bounty law: John B. Rosengarten, appointed by the Mayor; John R. McCurdy and James Barrett, appointed by president of Common Council, and John Ashmead and Joseph S. Severing, by the president of Select Council.

OUR QUOTA.

No definite quota under the last call of the President has yet been assigned to this State, and consequently the quota of this city and other districts have not been fixed. The boards of enrolment throughout the State have been notified to send on correct copies of the enrolment, with an account of how former quotas have been filled, the credits on the same, &c., and the new quotas will then be assigned.

MISCELLANEOUS.

BOARD OF CONTROL.

A stated meeting of the Board of Controllers of Public Schools was held yesterday afternoon.

President Shippen in the chair.

The credentials of Adam Taylor, member elect from the First section, in the place of James S. Stewart; William M. Levick, member elect from Twelfth section; Samuel Scheide, member elect from Fourteenth section, in the place of L. R. Fletcher; John L. Bender, member elect from Sixteenth section, in place of Daniel Witham; James McManus, member elect from Seventeenth section, in place of James Hockey; Samuel S. Money, member elect from Twenty-sixth section. The newly elected members were duly sworn into office.

The credentials of James McCutcheon, as controller from the Twenty-fifth section, were presented to the Board by the president.

Mr. Haines objected to the administration of the oath of office to Mr. Mc Lutcheon. That gentleman was elected in December, although he did not become a director until the following month. The law was positive against the election in the Board of Control of any one not a member of the board of directors. After considerable debate, the credentials of Mr. McCutcheon were referred to a special committee of three. The president appointed the following gentlemen to constitute the committee: Messrs. Haines, Vaughan, Fletcher.

Mr. Taylor offered a communication from half the members of the Board of the Second Board of Sectional Control, in the Second section, setting forth that a minority of the Board had illegally elected officers of the Board, less than a quorum voting on any ballot.

After considerable discussion the matter was laid on the table on the ground that it was not within the jurisdiction of the Board.

A number of communications were received and referred.

A communication from the Colored Civil Social Statistical Association, protesting against the discontinuance of the colored school in the Fifteenth section, was received and referred.

Mr. Cushman presented a resolution providing for petitioning Congress for the repeal of the tax on school books.

Mr. Fletcher was in favor of removing the tax on school books, but he was opposed to doing so at this time, after the contracts for the purchase of school books had been made with the publishers, not one of whom would probably make any deduction from the contract prices. The resolution was lost.

Mr. Levick offered a resolution that a committee of seven be appointed to prepare a memorial to the Legislature, asking for a revision of the school laws of the Commonwealth. The resolution was adopted, and the chair appointed Messrs. Levick, Fletcher, Moore, Freeborn, Nebinger, Hilles, and Marks.

The following is a list of the members of the new Board:

Ward.	Ward.
1. Absolom Taylor (U.)	14. Samuel Scheide (U.)
2. Geo. W. Bellaire (U.)	15. John A. Clark (U.)
3. Jas. W. Fletcher (O.)	16. John L. Bender (O.)
4. Patrick A. Fagan (U.)	17. James McManus (O.)
5. Michael McGrath (O.)	18. Geo. W. Vaughn (U.)
6. Patrick Duffy (O.)	19. Lewis F. Linde (O.)
7. John Noble (U.)	20. Wm. H. Haines (U.)
8. Edward Shippen (U.)	21. James Crout (U.)
9. James Freeborn (U.)	22. John Rittenhouse (U.)
10. Robt. W. Cushman (U.)	23. Nathan Hilles (U.)
11. Charles Abel (O.)	24. James N. Marks (U.)
12. William M. Levick (U.)	25. Jas. McCullough (O.)
13. DeWitt G. Moore (U.)	26. Samuel S. Money (U.)

Union 16; Opposition 10.

FAST CONDUCTORS.

In the course of an argument made in the Court of Quarter Sessions yesterday, District Attorney Mann referred to the rapidly increasing evil of stealing, and the manner in which it was countenanced by the community. Men receiving small salaries suddenly splurged out and erected large houses, not warranted by their means honestly obtained, yet the friends of the men, a few years ago, during the trials of that period, would have forsaken them as being dishonest men, now cling more closely around them.

He cited the case of a conductor on a passenger car in this city, of which he had knowledge, who took on a down trip $1.25, of which he returned to the company five cents, and retained $1.20 for himself. On the up-trip he took up a number of passengers, and said to the starter that he had succeeded in making something for the company as well as himself, but he always took care of himself first.

This certainly was a very fast knight of the rear platform and strap in a financial view, and this reminds us that conductors generally are getting very fast. If persons are so unfortunate as to be of the male gender, but few conductors ever offer their car for them, and they get on the best way they can. With those of the female gender, however, these knights are more courteous, for they hand a woman to get one foot upon the step, when "click" goes the gong, and away goes the car, the would-be passenger scrambling on to the platform of the car or falling off as the case may be. This is no fancy sketch, but a sad reality, as many of our citizens can substantiate.

Parents, in order to render their children sufficiently active to keep pace with the fast conductors, must either give them the advantages of a gymnasium or must each morning lubricate them with petroleum.

PENNSYLVANIA COLONIZATION SOCIETY.

The monthly meeting of the Board was held on Tuesday afternoon. John P. Crozer, Esq., president, occupied the chair. A letter was read from ex Governor Pollock, acknowledging his recent election as a vice president of the society. Resolutions offered by Mr. Wm. V. Pettit, Esq., were unanimously adopted expressing grief in view of the death of Hon. John R. Reed, a vice president of the society, of Washington, Pa. Mr. Wm. P. Nelson, of Barbados, was introduced, who made, in connection with Revd. Mr. Crowell, interesting statements about the spirit of emigration on the part of hundreds who wish to settle on the St. John's river, in the republic of Liberia. Liberal subscriptions in aid of this new and important enterprise were reported by the corresponding secretary.

THE DROWNED HORSES.

The carriage and horses which floated into the wharf at the foot of Market street, Schuylkill, as briefly noticed in *The Press* of yesterday, it has been ascertained belonged to John McFall, who resided at Twenty-second and Guilford streets, and stood at Eighth and Chestnut streets. John McFall and his chaise have been missing. Since the finding of the vehicle McFall is believed to have been drowned.

ADMITTED TO THE BAR.

We call attention to the notice appearing in another column of the admission of Mr. Samuel W. Hoffman, as a member of the Bar. Mr. Hoffman intends locating in Franklin and Oil City, Venango county.

LOAN FOR EXTENDING THE WATER-WORKS.

To-morrow, in Councils, an ordinance providing for a loan of one million dollars for the further extension of the water-works will be reported.

THE COURTS.

Supreme Court—Before Woodward, C. J., and Justices Strong and Agnew.

LIST OF PHILADELPHIA CASES ARGUED.

Jaugeretche vs. Proctor. Argued by Guillou for plaintiff in error, and by George W. Biddle, Esq., for defendant in error.

Hubert vs. Allen. Argued by Lucas Hirst for plaintiff in error, and by Pierce Archer for defendant in error.

Keen vs. Hartman. Argued by Lucas Hirst for plaintiff in error, and by J. A. Owen for defendant in error.

Keen vs. Hopkins. Argued by Lucas Hirst for plaintiff in error.

SECOND CALLING OF THE LIST.

Judge Woodward announced that the Philadelphia list would be taken up on second calling this morning. The attention of the Bar is called to this fact.

Supreme Court at Nisi Prius—Judge Thompson.

Mary E. Reeside, executrix, &c., vs. John E. Reeside. An action to recover moneys alleged to have been received by defendant for the account of plaintiff. After the plaintiff's evidence closed, Judge Thompson directed a non-suit, on the ground that the action should have been of account under instead of on the case.

Lovering vs. the Buck Mountain Coal Company. An action to recover damages for an alleged breach of contract, on behalf of defendants, to deliver four thousand tons of coal as agreed upon. Plaintiff's evidence closed, when the court adjourned.

District Court—Judge Stroud.

Bank of Delaware County, vs. Isaac Abrams. This was an action on a promissory note discounted by plaintiffs, and on which defendant was endorser. The defence was that the bank had in its possession funds of a prior endorser sufficient to pay this note, but that instead of resorting to and appropriating the same to the payment of the note, they returned the money to said prior endorser.

It was contended that plaintiffs did not take advantage of their own neglect to the detriment of defendant. Verdict for the defendant, T. J. Clayton for plaintiffs. Daniel Dougherty for defendant.

Sylvester Day to use vs. Jacob Garland. An action on book account for goods sold and delivered. Verdict for plaintiff of $250.40.

Louisbourne & Tessier vs. O. J. Turner. A feigned issue, under the Sheriff's interpleader act to test the ownership of 800 barrels of coal oil. Verdict for plaintiff.

District Court—Judge Sharswood.

Brooks & Hall vs. James S. Gibbons. An action to recover a balance on account for goods sold and delivered. Verdict for plaintiffs $861.23.

Thomas S. Stott vs. Bayard Stott. Promissory note. Verdict for plaintiff $369 97.

James M. Miller vs. George Barnholt. Promissory note. Verdict for plaintiff $971 37.

Theodore Stagers to use, &c., vs. C. Somers. A feigned issue. Verdict for plaintiff.

Francis Mollvaine vs. E. H. Chapman & Bro. To recover on book account for goods sold and delivered. Verdict for plaintiff $94.57.

Isaac Langbartel vs. The City of Philadelphia. An action to recover balance claimed by plaintiff to be due him for paving on Lehigh avenue. Defence, that the work was not properly done. Jury out.

Court of Common Pleas—Judge Ludlow.

James F. Sherry vs. Leonard Grover & W. E. Sinn. To recover thirty days' wages, being the amount of one week's salary, alleged by plaintiff to be due him as an actor at the Chestnut-street Theatre, the defendants having, however, discharged him because, as they said, he had appeared upon the stage and attempted to play while in a state of intoxication.

The charge he denied and brought suit to recover his wages. The case was given to the jury on Monday, and yesterday they came in with a verdict for plaintiff for $30. Thos. J. Worrell, Esq., for plaintiff; L. Hirst for defendants.

Court of Quarter Sessions—Hon. Joseph Allison, Associate Justice.

[William B. Mann, Esq., Prosecuting Attorney.]

RAILROAD-IRON CASE.

William Sager was charged with the larceny of four hundred pounds of iron.

Charles Cornell testified that railroad iron was taken from his machine shop, and he watched and caught a man, named McElwee taking it and loading it up in a wagon. Witness had notified defendant not to buy railroad iron.

Mr. McElwee testified to selling the accused iron at $1.90 per hundred.

Mr. Cornell, recalled, testified that the iron stolen was manufactured, and worth five cents per pound.

The defendant said he bought both wrought and cast iron, and that Mr. Cornell came there he told him to search his premises. Verdict not guilty, the Commonwealth abandoning the case.

STEALING A SCOW RAILROAD IRON.

William Lake and Jacob Albright were charged with stealing railroad iron.

Charles Cornell testified to seeing a horse and wagon at his pile of iron; saw McElwee in the wagon, and another man near, who ran off.

Mr. McElwee testified that Lake took him to the iron pile at night, and loaded up the iron in the wagon of witness. Some of the iron being heavy, Albright was called in to help load it. Both Lake and Albright accompanied witness when he went to sell the iron.

The defence called Mr. Killler, who testified that McElwee told him he was going to haul potatoes, when he went off and took Tom Shields with him.

A number of witnesses gave the defendants an excellent character. Verdict not guilty.

ALE AND PORTER.

Thomas Mackin was charged with embezzling the money of his employer.

Philip Gurkus testified that Mackin was employed by him to sell ale and porter about the streets.

E. T. Maguire testified to having two receipts dated 30th August and 14th September. He paid $11 on the first and $22 on the last account, to defendant for Gurkus.

Mr. Gurkert testified that he was book-keeper for Gurkus. The defendant returned on account of Maguire, on the 30th August, $5.50, and on the 14th September, $16.

On cross-examination the witness said that the drivers who served ale and porter were allowed to spend five per cent. on their sales; sometimes they exceeded this, and the excess was put against their salary.

The defence called a number of witnesses, who gave Mackin an excellent character. A former driver of Mr. Gurkus testified that the drivers were agreed to spend money to retain their customers. The only restriction was that Mr. Gurkus told them not to throw their money away. He never heard of the five per cent. Mackin could dirty paper, but could not write.

Mr. Maguire was recalled, and stated that in a conversation with Mr. Gurkus he said he would like to settle the case if he had not gone so far with it with the lawyers. Witness said he would rather pay the money over again than go to court.

John Shorty testified that Gurkert called on him to see his books, which he refused to show. Witness then paid Gurkert for half a barrel of ale, of which he had no charge whatever on Mr. Gurkus' books.

Verdict guilty, with a recommendation to mercy.

A motion was made for a new trial.

WOMEN'S TROUSERS.

Jane Porter was charged with committing an assault and battery on Catharine Bloomer. This was another one of those cases growing out of two families residing in one house. The jury acquitted Jane Porter, and ordered the prosecutrix to pay the costs.

RESCUING A PRISONER.

Alfred and Mary Ann Barris were charged with committing an assault and battery upon and rescuing a prisoner from Policeman Jones.

The officer testified that he saw a man knock another down on Thanksgiving day, and attempted to arrest him, when he fled to the tavern of Barris, pursued by the witness. Mr. Barris interfered, in connection with his wife, and refused to allow the prisoner to be taken without a warrant was produced. The two defendants then seized witness by the arm, releasing his hold upon the prisoner, who escaped. The name of this prisoner is Hays, a brother of Mrs. Barris.

The defence called Mrs. Hays, who testified that after her husband ran into the house three officers followed, and all of whom drew their billies, when Mr. Barris said Hays should not be taken without a warrant; neither Mr. nor Mrs. Barris took hold of the officers, but it was Hays they had hold of; one of the officers struck Mrs. Barris over the arm with a billy.

Verdict, guilty of rescuing a prisoner, and not guilty of assault and battery. Sentenced to pay a fine of $20 and costs and enter bail in $300 to keep the peace.

Dennis Conley was charged with keeping a disorderly house.

Ann Henry testified that the accused lived in a court back of her house; he kept an open-house for women and men to drink and fight in; the women slept in the alley all night when the weather permitted.

Mary Wise testified that the people in the house of defendant were sober about one day in two weeks, and cried murder all hours of the night; never saw any disturbance when the defendant was present.

The defendant stated to the jury that he was a hard-working man, and had found the prosecutrix drunk in his house and put her out. His sister-in-law and prosecutrix had frequent difficulties heretofore. Verdict, not guilty.

CHARGED WITH ROBBING A SOLDIER.

James Pollock was arraigned on a charge of robbery, and pleaded not guilty.

Pollock was also arraigned on a charge of committing an assault and battery on Timothy Justice, to which he pleaded not guilty.

The prisoner was arrested on Monday night, and the Grand Jury found a true bill yesterday morning.

The defendant asked for a delay of trial until he could obtain his witnesses. An officer was sent for them, but could not find them.

Application was then made to admit Pollock to bail.

Timothy Justice sworn.—I arrived here last night, by the Baltimore train, and went to the tavern across from the depot; I came out shortly after, when a man came up, caught me by the coat, and said: "Come, you can go with me for anything I know; it shan't cost you anything;" I said no, I intended stopping at the tavern all night; just then another man came up, and, running his hand in my pocket, took my pocket-book, and ran to a carriage and jumped on the box; I caught at him, when he beat me, and attempted to drive off; I jumped on the box by the head and cried for help, when a policeman came up; I had $55 in money in my pocket-book, and my discharge from the army.

The policeman who made the arrest corroborated the statement of the witness as to the arrest, and said it was a highly ocurrence that men were robbed and beaten at the depot. The court fixed $800 as the bail for the appearance of defendant this morning, when he will be tried.

ANOTHER CHARGE OF ROBBERY.

Joseph Freno was also arraigned on a charge of attempting to steal, and pleaded guilty.

This transaction also occurred at the depot on Monday night.

In charge of maliciously breaking the cells at the First-ward station house, he pleaded guilty.

The prosecutors in these cases are strangers, and are left in this city penniless, and without personal friends. Alderman Lutz took them from the court house, and will no doubt see to their wants for the present. Adjourned.

THE POLICE.

CORNER LOUNGERS.

A correspondent claims on behalf of morality, law, and order the use of "this valuable and useful journal" to call the attention of the police to the set of young blackguards and vagabonds that congregate at and around the corners of Eighth and Race streets, in the evenings and on Sundays. No respectable lady or gentleman can pass there without being insulted; and when they have a large crowd there, they even insult ladies accompanied by gentlemen. To prevent the evil spoken of above, you will do a favor upon the community who have to pass this nest of loafers, as I am sure you will upon a resident of the Thirteenth ward.

[Before Mr. Alderman Beitler.]

ALLEGED ROBBERIES.

Peter Casey was arraigned at the Central Station yesterday afternoon on the charge of committing a series of robberies. The defendant had been employed by the proprietor of a establishment of Mr. Franklin C. Smith, at Front and Willow streets, for many years, and thus became acquainted with a large number of houses he has been in this city. The following evidence, elicited at the hearing, develops the particulars of the case:

ABOUT TARPAULINS.

Joseph Hamilton sworn.—On the afternoon of the 28th of November the defendant came to our stables and said that Mr. Smith sent him there for some tarpaulins, as many as could be spared; I knew that he was a man in the employ of Mr. Smith, and did not think it was anything wrong; the defendant obtained twelve tarpaulins, valued at $600; I knew defendant for two or three years; understood that he had been in the employ of Mr. Smith for twelve years.

Adam White sworn.—I was present when the defendant got the twelve tarpaulins; he told me he was Mr. Smith's man; he said he had with him Mr. Smith's carriage-horse; I helped defendant to put the tarpaulins in the wagon; the defendant then drove away with them; I am sure he is the man.

KNOW OF NAILS CONTAINED.

Silas H. Rush sworn.—On the 26th of November a man came to my place, and said that Mr. Smith, at Front and Willow streets, had sent him for three kegs of nails; I told the boys to deliver them; the nails were worth $30.75; the defendant is the man who got them; I gave him the bill, and as he was walking away I asked him for the money; he said he had no order, and he was well known about these "diggins;" I gave the bill to my son; the nails were placed by defendant in a furniture car and driven away; I went up on Noble street to Marshall, thence to the Reading Railroad depot, where he delivered them; no one about the depot knew anything about the nails.

HE GOES INTO THE CANVAS BUSINESS.

J. H. McClure sworn.—My place is on Delaware avenue; on the 28th of December the defendant came to my store and said that he wanted some canvas for Mr. G. Smith for his business; I gave the defendant had a piece of canvas with the name of Mr. Smith upon it; I let him have the canvas; it was worth $20.

DEFENDANT BORROWS MONEY.

William Dunlap sworn—The defendant became to my place at Fifth and Buttonwood streets in July or August last, and said that Mr. Smith's carriage had broken down in front of his place; he was half to have it mended; several weeks after this I met Mr. Smith, who knew nothing about it; I found the defendant was not in his employ.

HE OBTAINS A HAM.

John McKenny sworn—On the eleventh day of June the defendant called at my store and got a ham in the name of F. G. Smith; it was worth $2.25; he was not employed at this stage of the proceedings closed. There are several other charges against the defendant. At the hearing yesterday he attempted to argue the case to such an extent that his counsel became almost inclined to withdraw. The accused was committed in default of $1,500 bail to await a further hearing to take place this afternoon.

MISPLACED LENIENCY.

Dennis Ryan, who was arrested some time since, on the charge of larceny, and was restored to liberty, after having been incarcerated in prison several weeks, by order of the judge, was arraigned at the Central Station on the charge of the larceny of a coat and pair of pants, the property of Messrs. Perry & Co., tailors, Chestnut street, near Sixth. On being arraigned the magistrate asked him when he got out of prison.

"About five weeks," replied the defendant.

Edward Carlisle sworn.—Last evening I saw this man going down Chestnut street, with the pants and coat under his arm; I headed him off, and asked him where he got them; I took him into custody, and brought him here.

Edward Perry sworn.—The pants and coat belong to our firm, Perry & Co.; the goods are worth $70.

"Well, Dennis, what have you to say?" asked the magistrate.

"I bought them, sir, from a man, for the sum of thirty dollars."

"You are required to enter bail in the sum of $1,000 to answer at court."

"Sir."

"You were put down before for stealing; how did you get out?"

"I never stole anything in my life."

"Take him below." Ewent officer with prisoner.

A POCKET PICKED IN A CAR.

Frank Dillon, a pretty good-looking young man, with black hair and eyes to match, and a symmetrical moustache of the same color, was arraigned on the charge of picking the pocket of Margaret McGinnis, a resident on Market street, Pottsville, Pa. The lady testified that she got into a passenger car on Thirteenth street on the 5th inst.; the car ran off the track at Market street; there was a rush to get out; I went out with my carpet bag; I had taken my pocket-book out before this to pay the conductor, and replaced it in my pocket; it contained $155; when I got out of the car I missed my money; I gave the alarm, but I did not recover it.

"Was the defendant in the car?" asked the magistrate.

"Yes, sir. He was seated right opposite to me," replied the lady.

"Do you say I was sitting in the car?" interposed the prisoner, with some degree of apparent astonishment.

"Yes, sir," replied complainant, "you got up and gave a lady your seat."

"Was there any excitement at the time the car ran off the track?" asked the magistrate.

"Yes, sir, and he (the prisoner) was in it, rushing towards the door to get out; it was about this time my pocket-book was taken; it was in my pocket a moment before, and the next moment I missed it."

The prosecution here closed, and the accused was bound over in the sum of $1,000 to await a further hearing, to take place on Friday.

CAMP CADWALADER.

There are numerous complaints freely circulated respecting the monstrous outrages upon the rights of the people of Philadelphia that have been committed at Camp Cadwalader. The desertions from the camp, the free issuing of passes—or, perhaps, even forged passes, the accumulation of immense amounts of money in the hands of officers, as taken from recruits, form a subject that every person in Philadelphia must feel an interest in. Much of the money retained by the officials there under a military rule, which is probably proper in itself, has been furnished by Philadelphia; and as recruits have received passes and deserted, the money ought to be restored to the city government, whence it was issued. The committees of the wards who are interesting themselves in filling up the quota of the city under the next draft should take some action in the matter. It is vaguely reported that hundreds of thousands of dollars have been withheld. The real amount might possibly be ascertained if proper inquiry should be made. A special committee, representing the City Councils, would probably be respectfully received, as it was recently stated by a high Government official that the United States Government did not want the money so retained.

[Before Mr. U. S. Commissioner Smith.]

ALLEGED FRAUDULENT ENLISTMENT.

Ralph Walsh and Michael Houghton, who were bound over by Alderman Beitler to appear before U. S. Commissioner Smith, on the charge of attempted fraudulent enlistment, have been heard, but it does not appear that they have done anything which the United States laws can take hold of. The parties of course are discharged, but will probably be held, with the enlisted rebel, to appear before a court martial, about to try Lieut. McIlvain, upon certain charges growing out of the issuing of passes to recruits at Camp Cadwalader.

COPARTNERSHIPS.

DISSOLUTION OF PARTNERSHIP.—The Copartnership heretofore existing between JOHN F. YOUNG, General Partner, and CHARLES KILLINGER, Special Partner, was dissolved by mutual consent on the 31st day of December last.

All persons indebted to the said firm are requested to make immediate payment, and those having claims thereon to present them to JOHN F. YOUNG, No. 726 North FOURTH STREET, who is duly authorized to settle the affairs of the late firm.

JOHN F. YOUNG.
C. H. KILLINGER.

JANUARY 5, 1865. 2t5-fmwSt

NOTICE.—JOHN B. ELLISON THIS DAY retires from the firm of JOHN B. ELLISON & SONS. The undersigned will conduct the business under the same style of firm as heretofore.

WILLIAM P. ELLISON,
RODMAN B. ELLISON.

12th month 31st, 1864.

SAMUEL COLLIER, JR., AND ISAAC KEELER still retain an interest, and WILLIAM H. LEWIS is admitted to an interest in our business from this date.

JOHN B. ELLISON & SONS.

PHILADELPHIA, 12th Month 31st, 1864. ja2-10t

DISSOLUTION OF PARTNERSHIP.—The subscribers, heretofore trading under the firm of BURTING & JONES, have this day dissolved partnership by mutual consent.

SAML. A. JONES,
THOMAS BARNES.

PHILADELPHIA, Dec. 31, 1864.

COPARTNERSHIP.—THE UNDERSIGNED have this day formed a copartnership under the style and firm of JONES, BARNES, & CO., and will continue the business of the late firm of Burting & Jones at the old stand, No. 28 S. WHARVES.

SAML. A. JONES,
THOS. BARNES,
S. LEHMAN SMITH.

PHILADELPHIA, Dec. 31, 1864. ja2-1m

THE COPARTNERSHIP HERETOFORE existing between S. SMUCKER, JR., and GEORGE BOYD, under the firm of S. SMUCKER, JR., & CO., is this day dissolved by mutual consent.

GEORGE BOYD.

PHILADELPHIA, December 31, 1864.

The business will be continued by the undersigned, who will be settled by S. SMUCKER, JR., at No. 605 MARKET Street.

THE UNDERSIGNED WILL CONTINUE the wholesale Grocery and Commission business as heretofore done by Smucker & Co., under the firm of S. SMUCKER, JR., & CO., at the old stand, corner of TWELFTH and MARKET Streets.

GEO. BOYD.

ja2-10t

THE FIRM OF DE COURSEY, LAFOURCADE, & CO., doing business at 631 CHESTNUT Street, has been this day dissolved. The business of the firm will be settled by S. W. DE COURSEY, M. LAFOURCADE, E. LAFOURCADE, and CHARLES LAFOURCADE, who are authorized to settle the same.

S. W. DE COURSEY,
M. LAFOURCADE,
E. LAFOURCADE,
CHARLES LAFOURCADE,
W. E. LAFOURCADE.
CHARLES DE COURSEY,
WM. H. IRWIN.

PHILADELPHIA, Dec. 31, 1864. ja2-tf

DISSOLUTION OF PARTNERSHIP.—The subscribers, heretofore trading under the firm of BURNS & SMUCKER, JR., have this day Dissolved their partnership, by mutual consent.

All outstanding business of the late firm will be settled at 605 MARKET Street.

BENJ. S. JANNEY, JR.,
JOHN M. BURNS.
SAML. A. COYLE.

PHILADELPHIA, Dec. 20, 1864.

THE UNDERSIGNED WILL CONTINUE the Wholesale GROCERY AND PRODUCE COMMISSION business, as heretofore, done by JANNEY & ANDREWS, at No. 631 MARKET Street.

BENJ. S. JANNEY, JR.,
B. W. ANDREWS.

DECEMBER 20, 1864.

COPARTNERSHIP.—J. MORRIS BURNS, (of the late firm of B. S. Janney, Jr., & Co.,) and S. SMUCKER, Jr., (of the late firm of S. Smucker, Jr., & Co.,) have this day formed a copartnership, under the title of BURNS & SMUCKER, and will continue the Wholesale GROCERY and COMMISSION business at the old stand, the store occupied by B. S. Janney, Jr., & Co., at No. 605 MARKET St., Phila.

PHILADELPHIA, Dec. 30, 1864.

COPARTNERSHIP.—THE UNDERSIGNED have this day formed a Copartnership, under the style and firm of BURNS, SMUCKER, & CO., for the purpose of transacting a General Commission Business. All orders for the purchase and sale of Railroad, Mining and Oil Stocks, Government Securities, &c., &c., promptly and faithfully executed.

J. M. BURNS,
R. H. ADAMS,
T. C. KNIGHT,
JOHN F. GRAFF,

No. 146 SOUTH THIRD Street,
Opposite the Exchange.

PHILADELPHIA, Jan. 3, 1865. ja3-6t

THE UNDERSIGNED HAVE ENTERED into a Copartnership for the purpose of manufacturing Flint and other Glass Ware, under the name, style, and title of SUMMIT GLASS WORKS, Flint Glass Works, Kaighn's Point, N. J.

THOR. J. DUFFIELD,
CALVIN H. TEST,
JNO. K. FOWELL.

PHILADELPHIA, Jan. 2, 1865. ja2-6t

THE COPARTNERSHIP HERETOFORE existing between SEAL & HESTON in this day DISSOLVED by mutual consent. The business of the firm will be settled by either of the firm.

WM. SEAL,
THOMAS W. HESTON.

HESTONVILLE, Jan. 1, 1865. ja10-3t*

THE COPARTNERSHIP HERETOFORE existing between R. MOORE and CLAS H. EMERY, Distillers, is this day DISSOLVED by mutual consent.

REES MOORE,
SILAS H. EMERY.

PHILADELPHIA, Nov. 19, 1864. ja10-3t*

THE COPARTNERSHIP HERETOFORE existing under the firm of GETTY & ARROTT is this day dissolved, by WM. GETTY retiring from the Firm. The business of the firm will hereafter be conducted by WM. AROTT, No. 425 CHESTNUT Street, who respectfully solicits a continuance of the patronage of the friends of the late firm.

January 9d, 1865. ja10-3t

DISSOLUTION.—THE LIMITED partnership heretofore existing between the undersigned, under the firm of WOOD & CARY, expires this day by its own limitation.

THOS. H. WOOD,
CHARLES CARY,
General Partners.
WILLIAM L. GREGG,
Special Partner.

PHILADELPHIA, Dec. 31, 1864.

COPARTNERSHIP.—The undersigned will continue the Straw and Millinery Goods business at No. 728 CHESTNUT Street, under the firm of WOOD & CARY.

THOS. H. WOOD.
CHARLES CARY.

PHILADELPHIA, Dec. 31, 1864. ja5-9t*

THE UNDERSIGNED HAS THIS DAY associated with himself WM. H. H. HUGHES, and will continue the Dry Goods Commission Business, at No. 316 CHESTNUT Street, under the firm of DUNCAN & CO.

W. T. H. DUNCAN.

PHILADELPHIA, January 2, 1865. ja2 1m

PROPOSALS.

ARMY SUPPLIES.

CLOTHING BUREAU,
QUARTERMASTER GENERAL'S OFFICE,
WASHINGTON, January 9, 1865.

SEALED PROPOSALS will be received at the office of Army Clothing and Equipage, NEW YORK CITY, until 12 o'clock M., on TUESDAY, the 17th instant, for furnishing by contract, at the Depot of Army Clothing and Equipage, New York city:

Uniform caps, standard.
Artillery jackets, standard.
Trousers, dark blue, standard.
Sack Coats, lined, standard.
Sack Coats, unlined, standard.
Shirts, flannel, red, standard.
Drawers, Canton flannel, standard.
Stockings, standard.
Boots, cavalry, sewed, standard.
Shoes, infantry, India rubber, standard.
Ponchos, India rubber, standard.
Knapsacks, standard.
Haversacks, standard.
Canteens, standard.
Camp kettles, standard.
Mess Pans, standard.
Axes, felling, standard.
Pick Axes, standard.
Hatchets, standard.
Spades, standard.
Shovels, standard.
Garrison Flags, standard.
Tents, Sibley, standard.
Tents, shelter, 5-ounce cotton duck, standard.
Great coat straps, standard.

Further information may be had, and samples of the above articles may be seen, at the office of Army Clothing and Equipage, New York city.

Bidders will state the number of supplies they propose to furnish, how soon they can commence, and the number they can deliver per month; and if they propose to furnish the articles, or of the material of which they are to be made, and when a textile fabric at least one yard should be furnished.

Proposals must be accompanied by a guarantee signed by responsible parties, that the contract will be entered into if a contract is awarded to the party making the bid, that he or they will at once execute the contract, and give bonds for the proper fulfilment of the same.

The right is reserved by the United States to reject any part or the whole of the bids, as may be deemed for the interest of the service.

Awards will be made subject to the approval of the Quartermaster General. The supplies must be delivered in regulation packing boxes.

Proposals should be endorsed "Proposals for furnishing Great Coats," and addressed

Brevet Brigadier General D. H. VINTON,
D. Q. M. General U. S. A.

OFFICE OF POST QUARTERMASTER, No. 721 MARKET Street.

PHILADELPHIA, January 9, 1865.

SEALED PROPOSALS will be received at this office until noon of THURSDAY, January 12th, for the prompt delivery at the United States Warehouse, Hanover street:

400 feet of LEATHER HOSE, 4-inch, in sections of 50 feet, with coupling screws.

1 Branch Pipe and Nozzle to suit.

To be of good quality, and approved by the United States Inspector.

Proposals must be properly made out upon the regular forms, which can be had at this office, and must state the shortest time for delivery.

The United States reserves the right to reject all bids deemed objectionable.

ALBERT S. ASHMEAD,
Captain and A. Q. M.

QUARTERMASTER'S OFFICE, 12 TWELFTH and GIRARD Streets,

ARTILLERY AND CAVALRY HORSES.

Forty-one (41) Cavalry and Forty-two (42) Artillery Horses are immediately required at the WESTERN HOTEL STABLES, MARKET Street, above Thirteenth.

Proposals will be received at the Western Hotel Stables as accommodate. On and after the delivery of said numbers, the purchases of Artillery and Cavalry Horses will be completed at the Stables, in Philadelphia, Pa., when notice is given.

The aggregate amount of the capital contributed by the special partners to the said partnership is One Hundred and Fifty Thousand Dollars, of which One Hundred Thousand Dollars in cash have been contributed by Jacob Riegel, special partner, and Fifty Thousand Dollars in cash have been contributed by Peter Sieger, special partner.

That the said partnership is to commence on the second day of January, A. D. 1865, and is to terminate on the thirty-first day of December, A. D. 1866.

JOSIAH RIEGEL,
JACOB RIEGEL,
ALFRED BYERLY,
WM. L. ALBRIGHT,
SAM'L M. COYLE,
General Partners.
JACOB RIEGEL,
PETER SIEGER,
Special Partners.

Philadelphia, January 2, 1865. ja2-6w

PARTNERSHIP DISSOLVED.—THE firm of BILLINGS, ROOP, & CO., of this city and New York, expired THIS DAY by limitation. The business of the said firm will be settled by the undersigned.

E. M. BILLINGS,
S. W. ROOP,
H. R. KIBBE.

Executor of W. F. Washington.

PHILADELPHIA, Dec. 1, 1864.

LIMITED PARTNERSHIP NOTICE.—The undersigned have THIS DAY entered into a Limited Partnership, agreeably to the Act of Assembly of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania, entitled an Act relative to Limited Partnership, etc., passed the twenty-first day of March, A. D. 1836, and the supplements thereto, and they do hereby give notice that the name of the firm under which said partnership is to be conducted is ROOP & KIBBE; that the general nature of the business to be transacted is the general Dry Goods, Importing, and Commission business, and that the same will be carried on in the City of Philadelphia; that the names of the General Partners of the said Firm are SAMUEL W. ROOP, HENRY R. KIBBE, CLINTON J. TROUT, and JOSEPH C. ROOP, and the name of the special Partner is JAMES M. BILLINGS, all of the city of Philadelphia; that the capital contributed by the said James M. Billings, the Special Partner, to the common stock, is one hundred thousand dollars in cash, and that said partnership is to commence on the first day of December, A. D. 1864, and terminate on the thirtieth day of November, A. D. 1867.

SAMUEL W. ROOP,
HENRY R. KIBBE,
CLINTON J. TROUT,
JOSEPH C. ROOP,
General Partners.
JAMES M. BILLINGS,
Special Partner.

PHILADELPHIA, Dec. 1, 1864.

NOTICE.—The undersigned successors of BILLINGS, ROOP, & CO., in New York, will continue the *Importing and Commission Business*, at No. 38 WARREN Street.

J. M. BILLINGS,
E. C. GRAVES.

NEW YORK, Dec. 1, 1864. dc2-6w

COPARTNERSHIP NOTICE.—THE undersigned have this day formed a Copartnership under the firm of HADDEN, JENKINS, & MAGINNIS, for the transaction of the Jewelry, Watch, Clock-keeping Articles, and Importers of Fancy Hardware, &c., at No. 120 North SECOND Street, Philadelphia.

JOHN H. HADDEN,
SAM'L H. JENKINS,
ARTHUR MAGINNIS.

JANUARY 2, 1865. ja3-3t*

THE COPARTNERSHIP HERETOFORE existing under the firm of FRISHMUTH, BRO. & CO., is this day dissolved by mutual consent.

W. D. & E. H. FRISHMUTH retiring.

THE BUSINESS will be continued by the undersigned under the same name and style as heretofore, at 151 North THIRD Street, 221 and 223 QUARRY Street.

W. D. FRISHMUTH, Jr.,
J. C. W. FRISHMUTH,
E. H. FRISHMUTH, Jr.

JANUARY, 2, 1865. ja4 3t*

COPARTNERSHIP NOTICE.—JOSEPH NEVIL and W. H. NEVIL have this day associated with them JOHN R. NEVIL, and will continue the Hosiery Manufacturing business under the firm of JOSEPH NEVIL & SONS, at 144 MARGARETTA Street.

PHILADELPHIA, January 1, 1865. ja9-6t*

I HAVE THIS DAY ASSOCIATED with myself, in the business, at the southeast corner of SECOND and GALLOWHILL Streets, my son,

WM. J. CROWELL, Jr.

The business will be continued under the style and firm of JAMES W. CROWELL & SON.

JAMES W. CROWELL.

PHILADELPHIA, Jan. 2, 1865. ja10-3t*

RAILROAD LINES.

IMPORTANT TO RAILWAY TRAVELLERS.—For full information in reference to Stations, Distances, and Connections, illustrated by one hundred Railway Maps, respecting the principal Railways of the country, see APPLETON'S RAILWAY GUIDE. no19-6m

CHANGE OF TIME.

THE PENNSYLVANIA CENTRAL RAILROAD.

PHILADELPHIA TO PITTSBURG—356 MILES.

The Ticket Office of the PENNSYLVANIA CENTRAL RAILROAD is now located at the New Passenger Depot of the Company, THIRTEENTH and MARKET Streets, Philadelphia.

THE PHILADELPHIA EXPRESS leaves daily. THE MAIL leaves daily, except Saturday. All other trains leave daily, except Sunday.

On and after MONDAY, December 26th, 1864, Trains will leave Philadelphia as follows:

8.00 A. M.—MAIL TRAIN, with the following connections: Arrive at WEST CHESTER INTERSECTION at 10.05 A. M., connecting with West Chester