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MONDAY, JANUARY 2, 1865.

Mr. Seward's Correspondence with Brazil. The correspondence of the Government of the United States with that of Brazil, in relation to the capture of the Florida in the harbor of Bahia, is before the public. Mr. SEWARD's action in this delicate question has already received national approval, which the publication of this correspond-

ence will increase. . It is unfortunate that the seizure of the Florida was in defiance of law. It galled the American people to yield Mason and SLIDELL, and to admit that the Wachusett had no right to seize the Florida in a Brazilian port. But what else could be done? In the case of the Alabama, Captain Winslow's triumph could not be questioned. But Captain Collins' commission was no warrant for his unauthorized procedure in making war in the harbor of a country with which the United States is at peace. The claim of Brazil was just; it was plainly sustained by international law, and our own national precedents; in admitting it our Government simply granted to Brazil the justice it demands from all other States, and showed to the world that it was not willing to establish principles that it did not itself intend to respect. Mr. SEWARD's correspondence makes very plain the fact that the United States disayow and regret the capture of the Florida, solely upon the ground of its violation of law. His letter of December 26th is a model document; it exhausts the question, it makes plain the entire position of this Government, and while conceding the claim of States with an emphasis which cannot fail to impress the court of the South American empire with a new sense of responsibility. The points of his answer to Mr. BARBOZA

are as follows: That the claim of Brazil is admitted exclusively because it is just.

That the United States does not admit or believe the charges made against Captain Collins and the consul at Bahia, exinternational law. That as they offended the law of the

United States as much as that of Brazil, thev will be subjected to its penalties. That Brazil has had no right to assume that the American rebellion is a lawful belligerent, that its vessels are anything but pirates, and, therefore, that the United States expect reparation from Brazil for the injury it has done them by such assump-That these positions are not open to

That the subordinate agents of Brazil combined with those of the United Statesin the attempt to begin unauthorized war. That the crew of the Florida, being illegally captured, will be liberated.

These points cover the whole question. They leave nothing for Brazil to demand, and place the United States in the honorable position of a great Power awarding justice to an inferior nation, while, without making one threat, it reverses the original situation and demands Thus ends the Florida affair, honorably and peacefully; and while everybody, of course, profoundly deplores the accident which rence has the investigation of two courts of

The Late Mr. Dallas. Although George Mifflin Dallas had retired from public life, and was to the generation in which he lived a statesman of the past, the announcement of his death was a good man, and, in some respects, a great man, and he will live in history among those who have served the nation with dignity and discharged every trust with honor. By the test of present greatness Mr. Dallas need not be tried. When the war came, revolutionizing public opinion, law, constitutional prerogatives, and commerce, his work was done. He belonged to the past, and when we looked upon his magnificent manhood - his tall, stately form, that reminded us of the palms of Palestine, his good, gray head that all men knew-we saw not only one of the first gentlemen of Pennsylvania, but a statesman whose career was a part of history, and whose associations brought to us the easy, rhetorical, quiet, prosy, romantic times of peace. Therefore, although to-day we stand, as it were, over the grave of this dead man, and see only his neverspeaking lip and never-beaming eye, we

feel as though we had opened the page of history, and were about to speak of one of that great race of statesmen who went to their peace before this wild unrest of war. Mr. Dallas was the second son of ALEXANDER J. DALLAS, and was born in this city July 10, 1792. He received his collegiate education at Princeton, graduating in the year 1810, and then studied law in his father's office, being admitted to the bar of Philadelphia in 1813. The same year he received the appointment of private secretary to Mr. GALLATIN, and accompanied that gentleman on his mission to Russia to negotiate a treaty of peace with England through the mediation of the Emperor Alexander. On his return to this country in the following year, he assisted his father, for some months, in his duties as Secretary of the Treasury,. and then commenced the practice of law in this city, and was solicitor of the United States Bank. In 1817 he was appointed Deputy Attorney General for Philadelphia county. Taking an active part in politics, Mr. Dallas was, in 1829, elected Mayor, and, on the elevation of General Jackson to the Presidency, in 1829, he was appointed United States Attorney for this district. He retained this position till 1831, when he was elected to the United States Senate, and took a prominent part in the debates ought not to be acknowledged, shows how of that body until the expiration of his term, in 1833, when he declined a re-electhe working classes of England sympathize tion, and returned to the practice of the law. In 1837 President VAN BUREN appointed him Minister to Russia, which position he retained till October, 1839, when he was recalled, at his own request, and he again returned to legal practice. In May, 1844, the Democratic Convention at Baltimore nominated Mr. Dallas for Vice President of the United States. in connection with JAMES K. POLK for President. The Democratic candidates were elected by an electoral vote of 170 out of 275. The questions of the time were the tariff and the annexation of Texas. Mr. Poik's election caused the admission of Texas to the Union just before the close of Mr. Tylen's term of office, and the subject of the tariff was left for the new Administration. A bill which levied duties on imports for the purpose of revenue only, and abandoning the protective policy, was passed by the House of Representatives in 1846, but when it reached the Senate that body was so evenly balanced upon the question that the decision was left to Mr. Dallas, who gave his casting vote for the new bill. In giving his vote Mr. DALLAS stated that though the bill was defective, he belived that "ample proof had been furnished that a majority of the people of the States desired a change to a great extent in principle, if not fundamentally." His Vice Presidential term expired in 1849, when he was succeeded by Mr. FILL. MORE. In 1856 Mr. DALLAS succeeded Mr. Buchanan as Minister to Great Britain, and continued in that post until the appointment of Mr. ADAMS by President LINCOLN. Shortly after his return to Phi-

ladelphia he made a speech at his resi-

dence, in which he declared his loyalty to

the Union, and he also wrote a very pa-

triotic letter to a meeting held in this city.

Besides, it is well known that he has been

frequently and earnestly pressed to preside at public meetings of the opponents of the present Administration, and has always

refused. Let us cover his tomb with laurels, for America has had no worthier son. His life is an example and an illustration. He rose into power without envy; he wielded it without partiality; he returned to private life the beloved friend and respected neighbor. He was a good man. He had courage, for although the favored son of Pennsylvathe risk of being disowned. He was true to his country and a believer in the war; but

not for him were blows and strife. He looked on, lamenting, perhaps, with Riche-LIEU, that he could not wield the sword of earlier days, but content to look on, even as the statues of our dead men gaze upon us from their cold niches, and see the world pass by them. The men who come after Mr. Dallas are of a rude and lusty composition. They tear down and build upall the while uprooting and destroying the pleasant walks of the academy of CLAY, and GRUNDY, and BENTON, and DALLAS. In the busy present, let us not forget the past, and, above all, let us not refuse the highest homage that can possibly be paid to our illustrious townsman-the citizen, the statesman, the friend-a representative of the men whom our fathers gladly followed. And of all this race, none is more worthy of our emulation and esteem than the statesman who now goes down to the grave of his fathers.

Latest from Europe.

It has been said that "No news is good news." If so, there is good news from Europe, up to the 15th of this month. The British Parliament is to commence its session on Wednesday, the 1st of February. Brazil, it affirms the rights of the United | Of course, Queen VICTORIA, who is still nursing her grief-so much to the annoyance of her subjects that The Times berates her roundly for it, saving that she is maintained to perform certain duties which she has neglected for the last three yearsof course, then, VICTORIA will deliver the speech from the throne by proxy, and not in person. As usual, it will be delivered by a Commission of several nobles, of whom the Lord Chancellor, the lay subject cepting so far as they imply violation of nearest to Royalty, and hereditary "Keeper of the Queen's conscience," (absurd as this may read, it is true!) is always head. Lord WESTBURY, the present Chancellor, is a gentleman of fine presence, and has unusually good elocution, so that the Ministerial manifesto will lose nothing when read by him to the assembled Lords and Commons. Nothing is known yet of the intended

financial measures of the Government, but Lord CLARENCE PAGET, Secretary of the British Navy, in a recent speech to his constituents, the electors of Sandwich, took credit for \$10,000,000 having been taken off the naval expenditure in 1864, and held out a hope that there would be further retrenchment in his department in 1865. He mentioned that England now possesses. built or being constructed, thirty armorplated ships, each of which cost nearer \$2,500,000 than \$1,250,000. He denied \$2,500,000 than \$1,250,000. He denied that there was a scarcity of seamen in the ters on the 27th. A rebel spy was recently captured British navy, and especially that there had been any difficulty in manning the line-ofjustice to itself. Mr. SEWARD's action is | ported, but Lord CLARENCE declared that, | mission by examining the inner line of works at that rigorously impartial, and his correspond- within forty-eight hours after her officers place. ence is remarkable for the ability with had joined, her full complement of men | Passengers who left that picket-firing is still going on at the front. which it upholds the dignity of the United | was supplied, the only vacancies on | Within the past two days 150 deserters have come States in the very act of making reparation. | the ship being for five shipwrights. | into our lines, among them five North Carolina con-England possessed, he said, a nava force of 75,000 men, in addition to which there was a naval reserve of 16,000 sunk the Florida at Hampton Roads, the | first-class, thoroughly drilled, and able sea. | rities at Richmond were discussing and maturing Brazilian Government must be thoroughly | men. After the manning of the Victoria, satisfied with the knowledge that the occur- | a three-decker, there were upwards of a thousand men available and disposable, awaiting ships in British ports, irrespective of the crews of several ships lately paid off. of which the sailors had gone on leave. Finally, to justify the expense of getting up the thirty armor-plated ships-from \$37,500,000 to \$75,000,000-Lord CLA-RENCE PAGET read quotations from the Reports of the Secretary of the United States Navy, in 1862 and 1863, complaining of the want of a reserve of ships-ofwar and of gradual accumulation of naval stores in this country. The whole purpose dently was to convey the impression that England is well prepared for any contests

at sea, in the event of being compelled, in-

duced, or tempted into war. But the pub-

lic belief in Europe, and among many

persons in England, is that her boasted

'wooden walls' being rendered valueless

by the substitution of iron-clads, England is only indifferently prepared for naval warfare. Sir ROBERT PEEL, Chief Secretary for Ireland, also made a recent speech to his constituents at Tamworth, in which, alluding to the fact that the Opposition have lately been busily canvassing the counties and boroughs, on the rumor of a dissolution of Parliament in the spring, he said: But that passed off, and I do not see that it is more likely that we shall have a dissolution of Parliament in next March or April than in this present month of November, and my impression is, that if the Government maintain its position in the House of Commons, as it has done during the past three or four years, there will be no dissolution until the year 1866. Of course, that depends upon the wishes of Parliament, the majority being in favor of the Government. and there being no necessity for a dissolution before the spring of that year." Some of our readers may ask, what does it concern us whether there be a general election in the United Kingdom in 1865 or in 1866? We believe that it concerns this country a great deal. A change of the British Ministry may be the result of that General Election, and whereas the present Government is ostensibly friendly to us, we might calculate, if the Tories came into power, upon a policy as near hostility as dared be ventured upon in the face of public opinion in England and the Queen's known predilection for the principle of emancipation, which is the basis of what the North fights for in the present war. The decision of the great open air meeting of the operatives of Manchester, within the last fortnight, that the slaveholding Confederacy

The news from Continental Europe is singularly uninteresting. Commercial failures of some importance had occurred in England and France, and trade is dull.

WASHINGTON.

SMUGGLING ON THE CANADIAN FRONTIER. personal inspection of the long line of coast to nore effectually secure the arrest and punishing of violators of the revenue laws. The addition of six steam cutters, for which an appropriation of \$1,000,000 has recently been made, will enable the

MISCELLANEOUS. PARDON WORSLEY, the detective and spy, on whose information a number of merchants of Washington and Baltimore were arrested, some weeks ago, charged with selling goods to the rebels, has made an affidavit before the proper authorities ving played at a gam three thousand dollars in money belonging to the Government, consequently the premises have been placed in charge of a military guard pending an in-

vestigation.

The Commissary of Subsistence has accepted a bid for furnishing the Government with corn meal at \$7.80 per barrel. About four hundred thousand dollars has thus far been expended in paying the paroled prisoners at Annapolis the commutation of rations due them while in the hands of the rebels. Up to yesterday eight thousand had received their cortificates. nel SEATON, after an active service of more than half a century, announces that after to-day the proprietorship and editorial management of the National Intelligencer will pass into other hands. JAMES C. WILLING also retires from that esta-

The trial of Colonel North, New York military The trial of Colonian to The trial of M. M. Jones and Levi Cohen, will be concluded on Tuesday. It has been pending before the military commission for six weeks. THE Election of Trustees of the Penn Mutual

Life Insurance Company takes place this morning

etween 10 and 12 o'clock.

THE WAR, THE WILMINGTON EXPEDITION

Return of Butler's Forces to Fortress Monroe. ADMIRAL PORTER STILL BOMBARDING FORT FISHER.

nia, he did what he deemed to be right at | Rebel Reports of the Situation. HOOD'S ARMY STILL NORTH OF THE TENNESSEE.

> WILMINGTON. RETURN OF BUTLER'S FORCES TO FORTRESS MON

ROB-ADMIRAL PORTED STILL BOWRARDING FORT PISHER-NORTH CAROLINIANS CAPTURED. FORTRESS MONROE, Dec. 30.—Nearly all the teamers comprising the portion of the expeditionwhich sailed hence several weeks since, have re-turned in safety, notwithstanding the severe storms experienced along the coast, and while anchored off Wilmington, N. C. The Santiago de Cuba and Fort Jackson have

been the only vessels attached to the naval fleet which have as yet arrived from off Wilmington, and the latest advices received from Admiral Porter represent him as still subjecting Fort Fisher to s rigorous bombardment.

The Norfolk Regime of to-day contains the followice, from off Fort Fisher, dated the

"The shore is strewn with broken boats, mostly naval, which have been wrecked in one way or an other. They lie strewn along the beach, from Fort Fisher to Masonboro Inlet." "The North Carolina salt works, at Masonboro were destroyed by fire last Saturday. Many of the navy vessels have withdrawn from these waters, and

bardment may be said to have come to an

"In my last letter it was insisted that there was, from some cause, a want of co-operation between the army and navy. I think that I established that fact. but let me say, to avoid all mistake, that there were individual instances, and quite a number of them; where naval officers acted in concert with the army.' Two hundred and fifty of the North Carolina reserves, captured by Major General Butler in the vicinity of Fort Fisher, disembarked from the steamer Baltic yesterday afternoon, en route for Point Lookout, Marvland. The condition of these prisoners is exceedingly

wretched, many of them being without blankets of overcoats, and in some cases they were sheeless Two thirds of the number apparently had not yet reached the age of twenty-one, while the remaining third of them ranged between the ages of twelve and REBEL REPORTS-THE FEDERAL FLEET SAID TO have disappeared—the damage done by the

BOMBARDMENT. New York, Jan. 1 .- A rebel despatch from Wilmington, North Carolina, on the 28th ult., says : "The Federal fleet has disappeared, and only the usual blockaders remain. "Bragg reports that with his present means and disposition of his forces no danger need be appre hended. Had reinforcements arrived sooner, we might have captured many prisoners. The enemy drew up in a semi-circle and poured a centric fire

into Fort Fisher, destroying every house and ploughing up the ground. There was another heavy gale last night." GENERAL GRANT'S ARMY. NEW REBEL BATTERIES-A DIVISION OF EARLY'S

IS GOING TO ASTONISH THE WORLD. WASHINGTON, Jan. 1 .- An army letter says: On the 27th ult. several shells were thrown by the No damage resulted to our troops. Picket firing is still maintained at intervals at several localities along the front, but was not so general as a few days previous. Desertions from the rebels continue in about the same proportion as for some ten days near City Point, upon whose person elaborate drawings and descriptive sketches of our defences in this locality were found. It is stated that, when taken, battle ship Victoria. This had been re- he was on his way to City Point to complete his

Passengers who left City Point on Friday report a division of EARLY's command was in Richmond, Rebel deserters recently reported that the authoa movement which would astonish the world. This effect would doubtless be produced if the following

from the Alexandria (Va.) Journal is worthy of credit in connection with that subject, namely; We learn from persons who seem to have been ormed in regard to the secrets of the Secession ebel authorities for the sudden massing of all their available force in Virginia in the event of their BUMORED EVACUATION OF RICHMOND

NEW YORK, Dec. 31 .- A despatch from Washington says rumors were rife of the evacuation of Richthe Evening Post says they are unfounded.

CINCINNATI. Dec. 31 .- The Commercial has resays: "It is thought that the bulk of Hood's army attempted to strike the river at Decatur, but Gen. him off. At the same time the gunboats came up the river, and compelled him to abandon a point near Florence, where he had pontoons. Owing to

not be rapid." FORTRESS MONROE.

LIST OF ESCAPED UNION OPPICERS FROM COLUM-FORTRESS MONROE, Dec. 30 .- The Hon. Montgoday, and left at a late hour last evening on a visit o the army operating against Richmond The following is a list of the officers who arrived Port Royal, S. C., having made their escape from guard of old men and boys placed over them: guard of old men and boys placed over them:
A.W. McDonald, major, 16th New York Infantry
E. P. Brooke, adjutant, 6th Wisconsin.
P. W. McManus, adjutant, 27th Massachusetts.
G. H. Gamble, adjutant, 50th Pennsylvania.
G. Rink, adjutant, 100th Ohio.
W. J. Baines, captain, 100th Ohio.
W. J. Baines, captain, 38d New York.
A. Bliss, captain, 10th New York Cavalry.
J. L. Unthank, captain, 10th Kentucky Cavalry.
G. Brady, captain, 2d New York Infantry.
L. D-Tyler, captain, 10th Pennsylvania.
F. Krops, lieutenant, 77th Pennsylvania.
T. J. Crosby, lieutenant, 57th Pennsylvania.

OF STOLEN MONEY RECOVERED. la. named Hunter, was recently arrested at Salt \$200,000 in greenbacks stolen from the bank at General Conner, and will be taken to Huntsville in

THE LOWER MISSISSIPPI. MREANCHOLY ACCIDENT AT MOUND CITY-STEAM-BOATS WARNED AGAINST GUERILLAS—TRIAL OF DR. MILLER AT MEMPHIS. OAIRO, Dec. 31.—A surgean's gig, with a party of twelve persons aboard, left the Naval Hospital at Mound City last night with the design of landing at the navy yard. The night was very dark and the snow was falling fast. The gig was swept under the bows of the despatch boat General Lyon and capsized, and L. C. Dudiey and daughter, of St. Louis. and John Hester Jones, seaman, were drowned. Mrs. Dudley, who was of the party, was so over-The steamer Silver Moon, with 390 bales of cotton

reports very heavy ice between Hickman and Cairo. General Canby has issued an order warn-

ing steamboats to be on their guard against gueril-las, although they have not disturbed boats for the purpose of destroying steamers and storehouse along the river.

The trial of Dr. Miller, charged with attempting

to burn the Memphis and Charleston Railroad depot, some time since, is progressing before a mili-BLOCKADE-RUNNERS.

CAPTURE OF VALUABLE PRIZES BY UNION STEAMERS. WASHINGTON, Jan. 1.—The Navy Departmen has received information of the capture of the schooner Lowood by the United States steamer Chocura, Captain Meade, off Velasco, Texas, with United States steamer Pembina, off Brazos Santiago, Texas, of the Holland brig Geziena Hilde-gonda, from Liverpool to Matamoros. at sea the schooner Mary, of Nassau, N. P., bound from Dewees Inlet, South Carolina, to Nassau, with 17 bales of cotton, 58 boxes of tobacco, and some

SANDWICH ISLANDS. ARRIVAL OF WHALERS AT HONOLULU-THE WE SAN FRANCISCO, Dec. 21.—Sandwich Island advices of December 2d announce the arrival at Honolulu of 55 whalers-45 from the Arctic and 10 from the Okotsk seas. The former bring 20,898 bbls. of oil and 20,800 hs. of bone, and the latter 8,912 bbls. of oil and 5,215 ibs. of bone, which shows a smaller average than during the last season.

There have been no arrivals from the Atlanti The continued rain makes everything duil.

CINCINNATI. Dec. 31.-The Gazette publishes a espatch from Columbus, which says that a deserte named Charles has been arrested there on the supposition that he is connected with the murder of the Ten new regiments, authorized by the War Department, will be organized and ready for the field

The Legislature of Nevada has passed an act enforcing contracts for payments in gold.

CINCINNATI.

MURDHES BY MAGRUDER'S GANG. LOUISVILLE, Dec. 30.—Major John L. Shirk, surgeon, and Captain R. M. Membernick, acting brigade inspector of the 7th Pennsylvania Cavalry, were murdered in the parlor of Mr. Grisby's hous near Bardstown, Ky., by a party of sixteen of Ma-

BERMUDA. HALIFAX, Dec. 31.—The steamship Alpha, from St. Thomas on the 22d, via Bermuda on the 27th in stant, arrived here to-day.

The following vessels had arrived at Bermuda of the 23d. The steamer Charlotte, from Wilmington, N. C., with 1,024 bales of cotton, the Owl with 700 bales, and the Colonel Lamb with 1,800.

The Raid on St. Albans, Vt.-Arrest of Suspicious Characters.

New Haven, Dec. 31.—The Palladium, of this evening, says: The following facts, furnished by Captain James Rice, provest marshal of the Conscript Camp, are very interesting, as they indicate that four of the St. Albans raiders have been caugh at that camp. On Friday, the 23d inst., a detachment of recruits arrived from Windsor, Vermont, in which were four men evidently Southerners and of good appearance.

Two of them, soon after their arrival, displayed a great deal of St. Albans money, and desired to know if the St. Albans banks were redeeming their bills, and wanted to exchange them for other money. They also showed bills on Georgia and South Caro lina banks, and a quantity of Canadian silver. They claimed to belong to Canada, and sent away money from the camp under different names from those under which they had enlisted. They also said that they came down from Canada with those same St-Albans raiders who went to Concord and enlisted and were caught; that they came with them to White-river Junction, where they parted company their companions going to Concord to enlist, and they coming on to Windsor for the same purpose. Provest Marshal Rice, on these and other suspicious grounds, arrested the men or Thursday, Dec. 29th. He then had them photographed, and their pictures sent on to Gov. Smith, of Vermont. Gov. Smith has telegraphed to Capt. Rice to hold on to the men. Since the arrest of these men the wo other Southerners were heard to say that they. were present at the trial of the St. Albans raiders, and they knew all about the case. They also ap peared to be flush with Confederate and Canada peared to be ausa with Confederate and Canada money, and accordingly Capt. Rice has also had these two placed in confinement. The first two ar-rested have appeared extremely anxious to have an interview with some friend whom they supposed to e in this city, and offered fifty dollars to the ser-

Arrival of Mr. Dayton's Remains at Trenton.
TRENTON, N. J., Jan. 1.—The remains of the ion. William L. Dayton arrived here at 5 o'clock on Saturday evening, and were excerted to the State House by the Governor and city authorities, where the body was laid in state, a detachment o national troops being placed as a guard of honor. The funeral will move from the State House on Thursday morning at 11 o'clock.

geant or Captain Rice to help them to obtain suc

the present, to await further developments.

n interview. The matter is held in abeyance for

NEW YORK CITY. NEW YORK, Jan. 1, 1865. THE LATEST QUOTATION FOR GOLD. Gold closed last evening, at Gallagher's Ex. change, at 227%. ARBIVAL FROM NEW ORLEANS. The Evening Star, from New Orleans on the 24th, via Havana on the 27th ult., has arrived here. She brings no news. THE FLORIDA APPAIR.

A special despatch from Washington to the Eve-ning Post says the Brazilian minister has accepted Mr. Seward's letter as a satisfactory explanation. - ABRIVAL OF A STEAMER. The steamer Britannia, from Glasgow on the 14th ilt., has arrived. Her news is anticipated. The Dead of 1864.

The New York Post publishes the following classified summary of the necrological record of the past W. M. Thackeray,
Nathaniel Hawthorne,
Walter Savage Landor,
George P. Morris,
Park Benjamin,
Henry R. Schoolcraft, Thomas Colley Grattan,

Ampère, Catharine Sinclair, Hubbard Winslow, Miron Winslow, Peter Bullions, Archbishop Hughes, Thomas Starr King, SOLDIERS General Wadsworth, General Sedgwick, General Rice, General McPherson,

Admiral Storer, Commod'e W. D. Porter. Joshua R. Giddings,
Joshua R. Giddings,
Owen Lovejey,
Chevaller Hulsemann,
Wm. S. Thayer,
Wm. L. Dayton,
N. P. Tallmadge,
N. P. Tallmadge,

lovernor Fairbanks. ARTISTS, MUSICIANS, AND ACTORS,
David Roberts,
Giscomo Meyerbeer,
Fred. George Robson,
James W. Wallack,
Samuel Cowell. SCIENCE. Struyè—astronomer, Benjamin Silliman, Dr. Franklin Bache,

King Kamehameha,
King G Bavaria,
King of Wurtemburg,
King of Wurtemburg,
King of Walakoff, TRAVELLERS.

| Jules Gerard. John Speke, Ohief Justice Taney, James M. Porter.
Judge Hornblower, William Curtis Neyes. James H. Hammond, James B. Clay, Thomas Butler King, W. R. W. Cobb, Thomas F. Marshall.

NEW YORK MERCHANTS AND OTHERS.
Peter A. Hargous, John Clanry, Alexander Vattemare, Isaac L. Varian, Père Enfantin, John Hopper, William D. Ecknor, John C. Rives. Villiam D. Mcknor,

This list contains the names of nearly one annored persons who have finished their labors since the year began. It will be seen that the ravages of war have swept away many of the leaders of the loyal and the rebel forces, while the ranks of literature and art have also suffered severe losses. Public Entertainments. CHESTNUT-STREET THEATRE. The return of the

cere congratulation to all lovers of good comedy has visited our city for years. Mr. Warren is one of the finest and most humorous comedians upon the stage, and attains his successes by legitimate roupe, is a performer of great taste, modesty, and versatility, and during her previous visit portrayed some of the most difficult parts in the range of conedy with a polish and humor not easily equalled Miss Mestayer, too, is a very deserving across, and plays with considerable correctness and spirit. Mr arron generally speaks with too great rapidity He generally affords a good support to the other nembers of the company. The Warren combina-ion will remain with us but two weeks, a time fai much shorter than we could wish. The fine come Panaloss is one of Mr. Warren's best parts, an ARCH-STREET THEATRE.-This is the last week of Mr. Clarke's engagement—the only melancholy fact which suggests itself in reading the bills which nights that remain we must make the most. Mr ouses have been immense, and worthy of the rar fun of his comedy. The feature of the week will be the production of Toodles—a character which Mr. Clarke has made his own, and which conthis fall. It is said that Mr. Clarke has greatly improved the performance since he played it in this city. Toodles and De Boots would be a great bill. which we hope will be presented. To-night the American Cousin's will be repeated. Lynne" as a matinee at the Academy of Music on Saturday afternoon. An advertisement gives the particulars of the entertainment, which will gratify

housands of persons. The Academy is likely to be thronged, for "East Lynne," though so often played, retains its remarkable popularity. THE NATIONAL CIRCUS.—There will be an extra formance at the Circus this afternoon. During he present week there will be several new artists oduced. They are said to be very superior per ormers. M'ile Elize, a young and graceful eques trienne, will make her first appearance this evening, in a beautiful act of horsemanship. Mrs. Warner has succeeded in elevating the character of the Circus to a high standard. o-day. He announces three performances-morn

is sure to entertain and astonish his audiences. The Signor is an unfailing spring of mirth and mystery.

-The Richmond correspondent of the London Times writes:

"I am happy to report that Gen. Longstreet is at precent quite free from the nervous sensibility in his right arm from which for some time he suffered. The nerves of motion are still entirely paralyzed, and the arm is almost useless, but he is able slightly to move the fingers, and it is the opinion of army surgeons that he will regain plenary use of it in from eighteen months to two years, when the nervous tissue shall have had time to repair itself. His general health and spirits are excellent, and his confidence in the ability of his soldiers to hold the Confederate lines, and to keep the enemy out of Richmond for an unlimited period, is unabated. It is a strong testimony to Gen. Longstreet's value as a soldier that each of the three great captains of Secessia—Lee, Beauregard, and Johnston—estemath cossia—Lee, Beauregard, and Johnston—esteems him equally, and desires his presence by his side. Upon the 18th inst. Beauregard telegraphed from Jacksonville, in Alabama, soliciting Longstreet's company in the West, but it was determined that he could not be spared from his old army corps before Richmond."

- We learn that, at a meeting of the New York Leader Association, Mr. S. R. Fiske, one of the editors of the New York Herald, was elected to the responsible post of controlling editor of the former paper. Thereupon, it is said that Mr. Henry Clapp, Jr., who has managed that paper admirably since he death of Mr. Olancy, has resigned his connection with the establishment.

THE LONDON TIMES ON THE FLORIDA CASE.— Granted that it was a Yankee trick of no very legitimate kind to make specific performance of an international duty impossible by destroying the property in dispute, what are we to say of the proceedings to which the Florida owed her existence? If her capture was a lawless violation of neutrality, what was her equipment; if underhand means were employed to get rid of her, what sort of means were employed to produce her? Far be it from us to instify or palliate one immoral act by another; but the question here turns, not on the morality of those who contrived the "accident," but on the claim of those who suffered by it to our sympathy.

"Quis tulerit Gracchot de-seditions querentes?"
Those who sacrifice means to ends in the protecu Those who sportion means to ands in the protocu

tion of their own objects cannot be pitied when the tables are turned on them by equally unscrupulous opponents. The party whose rights have really been outraged on our present supposition is the Brazilian Government, and from this point of view the original seizure of the Florida was a more law-less act than har "anoidentall" submersion.

H. Paul, in a communication to the London Times, The account given in the Times of this morning of experiments being made at Woolwich Dockyard in relation to the use of petroleum as steam fuel for ships, shows that the erroneous opinions formed as to the practicability of substituting petroleum for soal as fuel in steam vessels have not been abandoned. A very slender consideration of the character

A very slender consideration of the character, composition, and cost of petrcleum would be sufficient to show the impracticability of using it as fuel in such a case.

The heating power of petroleum is certainly higher than that of coal, equal 15:1. But the price of petroleum varies from £15 to £20 per ton. Its bulk in relation to coal is as 1:1.15, for quantities of equal heating power.

Now, sir, these facts will, I believe; be sufficient to convince any one of the impracticability of using petroleum as a substitute for coal in steam vessels, quite independently of any contrivance as to the mode of burning.

I have no knowledge of the plan referred to in the notice which appears in the Twee of this morning, but the statement it contains that "the oil was utilized so as to be equal for steam purposes to five tons of coals" is so starting, and is so calculated to create an erroneous impression, when given under the sanction of the Trues, that I take the liberty of submitting to you the facts above stated for your own consideration; and, as the subject has now acquired public importance from its being under the notice of the Government authorities, I beg to request that you will insert this letter in your columns if you should consider it worth notice.

[For The Press.]
The New Year.
Vaar with Let us welcome the New Year with psalms and r joioing; Let us hasten to honor the day of his birth': Like a bride in her garments of virtue and beauty. With a vesture of snow he has gladdened the

He has come all arrayed in a blast of the whirlwind And a storm-cloud encircles with glory his face; He is cold, this new infant of old Father Tempus We must warm him with kindness, and welco n his hands he is grasping a wonderful casket,

Painted strangely in alternate sunshine an gloom;
And the sunshine is happiness—sorrow the gloom is: Will he sing us our pleasures or read us our doom ? Thou art holding, young child of a ne'er dying father,
All the sorrows and joys of a cycle of time;

We ask but a glance at the far reaching future—

Comes the hearse to the door, or will marriage

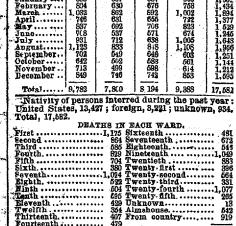
bells chime? He will answer no word, and he makes not a gesture Save a nod of his head that he speaks but by deed That we patient must wait till the future, un Reads the sinner his doom and gives virtue its JANUARY 1, 1865.

THE CITY.

FOR ADDITIONAL CITY NEWS SEE FOURTH PAGE. MORTALITY OF THE CITY. MORTALITY OF THE CITY.
We are indebted to G. E. Chambers, registrar of births, marriages, and deaths, for the following statement of mortality during the year 1834: General summary of deaths reported for 1864, 17,582; white, 16,287; colored, 1,295; males, 9,782; females, 7,800; male adults, 4,723; female adults, 2,471; male children, 5,059; female children, 4,329. Total, 17,582. From which deduct still-born (788) and those brought from the country for burial within and those brought from the country for burisi within the city limits (919), neither of which are properly chargeable to the mortality of our city, and we have the net deaths in our city for the year 1864, 15,675. Number of soldiers interred in our city during the

year, 1,598.

The following tabulated statement of deaths i each month of the year will exhibit the number of the year will exhibit the number of the year. leaths of adults and children, and also the numbe of deceased males and females for each month re Males. | Females. | Adults. | Child'n. | Tota



THE STREETS. Owing to the want of proper attention on the part of the passenger railroad companies generally, many of the street intersections are in a dangarous condition. In case of a sudden thaw they would be come impassable, and the citizens would be greatly annoyed. The refuse pickled salt used by some of the railroad companies to clear the snow from the tracks will be the first to yield to the power of the sun, and thus place the streets in a worse condition than ever. The Board of Health have recently petitioned City Councils to pass an ordinance preventing the salting of the tracks.

About 7 o'clock, yesterday morning, a fire broke out in a mill at the Falls of Schuylkill, the property of Mr. Summer Leison. The dry-house and stock were almost entirely destroyed. The damage was about \$5.00.

CITY ITEMS. SUPPLICIENT CAUSE FOR A DIVORCE .- A WISE

ground that her husband was a "confounded fool," the husband had stubbornly and persistently re fused to procure his Sunday suits at the Brown Stone Clothing hall of Rockhill & Wilson, Nos. 603

BY A FELLOW (NOT LONG). The shades of night were falling fast, As a "one-hoss shay" went driving past, Which bore aloft a youth so nice.

His brow was gay, his nose beneath And as his cab-wheels rattled on The book shone out with the name upon, In driving on (his head was light).

A provo' marshal caught his sight,
While gathered round were well-dressed folks, "Try not that dodge," the Provo' said. "Crack jokes at me, I'll crack your head; Halt! What's that thing you sit astride?"

O stay! hold up!" cries the rest. "When we want jokes we 'Get the best;" He slacked his steed, and, drawing nigh, Showed them a page of jokes most dry, Beware the station house, my lad!

Beware such jokes—they are too sad; This was the Provo's last "beware." The youth replied, with stupid stare, Next morning, in the starlight gray, Beside an "S.—T. (X)" he lay; His "shay" was smashed, his horse they stold,

Norm.-We would inform the public and our patrons that we have issued no "Almanac" for 1865, but have published a small book with the title of alling at our store, No. 824 Chestnut street. Clothiers, under the Continental

Stokesiana" sent by return mail. FALSE DELICACY.-The friends of those who are roubled with bad breath, and, through over squea-nishness, dislike to refer to it, commit a positive and ernel mistake. especially if they are aware of iont. This is the true and only remedy for the diffi. culty; there is no valid excuse for a bad breath now. sold by all druggists. " A DISEASE ALL OVER."-So consumption was

once pithily defined by the celebrated Dr. Rush, meaning thereby that this dreaded complaint negating thereby may be whole system. In-leed, there are well established cases where persons have lived to old age with but a portion of their lungs in healthful operation, death supervening at last from the effects of their condition on the who system, and yet this disease, so formidable in its character, so far-reaching in its effects, so generalcharacter, so fai-reaching in its effects, so generally fatal when once established, is easily controlled and may be thoroughly eradicated in its first stages. In a variable climate like ours Coughs and Colds are commonly the exciting causes of Diseases of the Lungs, and these should be removed at once. In many instances persons are born with unsound or tuberculous lungs, and in such cases the most con-stant care and watchfulness is required to rid the organs of the taint; but a prompt resert to the Ex. enterent of Dr. D. Jayne, no matter whether the isease is constitutional, or whether it has been en-rendered by severe colds or exposure, will be found seintery and effectual; and, if any proof of the cu-rative powers of this medicine is wanted, it can eadly be found in the testimony of those who have seen saved from Consumption and Pulmonary Complaints by its use, and whose evidence is expli-citly given in the annual publications of the proprietors. Act rationally, therefore, on the first symptoms, and by a prompt recourse to a remedy o well established escape the wretched sufferings of the consumptive. Prepared only at No. 242

LADIES' AND CHILDREN'S HATS-Latest styles

at Charles Oakford & Son's, Continental Hotel.

A SPLEEDID NUMBER THE JANUARY NUMBER OF THE

UNITED STATES SERVICE MAGAZINA CONTAINS: An important Letter from Major General Sher-man; A full and graphic Blography of Admiral Far-ragut, with Portrait on Steel; The late Campaign in Missouri; Romance of a "Raid :" Justice to our Officers, and many other articles of the highest h terest and value. Every citizen needs the informa-tion given each month in the Service Magazine. Sold by all newsdealers. Sent, post-paid, for 50 C. B. RICHARDSON, Publisher,

441 Broadway, New York. EASTWICE PARK.—The North Basin, which has been successfully flooded during the late snow storm, is now frozen, and presents a smooth, glassy skating. The subscribers, and their friends, will be fully re-

paid by visiting the Park to-day. A Brass Band will SKATING.—The Union Skating Park, Fourth and Diamond streets, being flooded yesterday afternoon, is in fine condition for Skating. Open to day, and from 7 to 10 in the evening. Thetruction given every morning from 9 to 12, M. C. CAMPBELL, Proprietor. SKATING! SKATING!-Skating to-day on Park

Thirty-first and Walnut streets. BURDSALL'S ARNICA LINIMENT, an infallibl cure for burns, scalds, sprains, rheumatism, gun-shot wounds, &c. A single application allays the pain from a burn the instant it is applied. No family should be without it. GENTLEMEN'S HATS-All the latest styles Charles Oakford & Son's, Continental Hotel. GEORGE STECK & Co.'s Planes, and Mason Hamlin's Cabinet Organs, for sale only by J. E Gould, Seventh and Chestnut streets. nois-tf EYE, EAR, AND CATARRE, successfully treated by J. Isaacs, M. D., Coulist and Aurist, 511 Pine st. Artificial eyes inserted. No charge for examination. Purchasers may rely upon getting the best Furs at Charles Oakford & Son's, Continental Hotel. LADIES' FURS .- A large assortment of elegan

SPECIAL NOTICES.

Oakford & Son's, Continental Hotel.

goods, at David H. Solis', 622 Arch street. de29-6t*

Ladies' Furs-An elegant assortment at Charles

HAIR DYE! HAIR DYE!
BATCHELOR'S HAIR DYE is the best in the world. The only true and perfect Dye-harmless, instantant ous, and reliable; produces a splendid Black or Natural Brown; remedies the ill effects of Bad Dyes, and frely restores the original color. Sold by all Drug-The genuine is signed W. A. BATCHELOR, 81 BARCLAY Street, New York. FOR A USEFUL GIFT, SEND A CLOTHES-WEINGER, CARPET-SWEEPER, or Patent ASH-SIFTER. For sale at TRUMAN & SHAW'S, No. 835 (Eight Thirty-five) MARKET Street, below Ninth. 1t

BOYS' WORK-BENCHES AND TURNING-LATHES AND CHESTS OF TOULS, from \$2 to \$30 each: Patent Handle, containing miniature tools. For sale by TRUMAN & SHAW, No. S35 (Right Thirty-five) MARKET Street, below Ninth.

HAVING DETERMINED TO CLOSE OUT OUR WINTER STOCK OF READY MADE CLOTHING, We are selling it in large amounts daily at REDUCED PRICES, MUCH BELOW PRESENT COST OF PRODUCTION. Our purchases having been made for cash, at the lowest prices of the season, we are enabled offer customers the advantages thereby secured. Our assortment is full and complete—our goods new, fresh and fushfonable, equal to any made to order, and sold so much lower in price, as to astonish those who usual. ly procure their clothing in that way. An examin invited.

518 MARKET Street E. McClain's Cactus Grandifloris OR, NIGHT-BLOOMING CERUS —We believe it to be the only genuine extract in the market, it being mad-from one of the most beautiful and fragrant flowers o the Cactus tribe; also, his new extract Queen of th Meadows, Perfect Love, and other choice extracts of the toilet. Prepared by W. E. McClain, No. 334 N N. B.-A'liberal discount given to wholesale deal

GEORGE STECK & CO.'S

PIANOS,

MASON & HAMLIN'S

CABINET ORGANS.

PIANO
FORTES.
PIANO by Mr. G. and the demand CABINET

PORTES.
PIANO FOR SALE ONLY OF CREASE.

PIANO FOR SALE ONLY OF CREASE.

PIANO FOR SALE ONLY OF CREASE.

CABINET For sale only by CABINET ORGANS.
SEVENTH and CHESTNUT Sts. CABINET ORGANS.

GIFTS OF HARDWARE. - TABLE CUPLERY. with ivory, rubber, and other handles; Children's Knives and Forks, Pocket Knives, fine Scissors and Razors in cases; Boxes and Chests of Tools, from \$2 to \$25; Boys' Turning Lathes and Work Benches; patent Tool Handles with miniature tools in them; Boys' and Ladies' Skates; Clothes-Wringers (they'll save the Ladies' Skates; Clothes-wringers (they it save and cost in time and clothing), Carpet Sweepers, Plated Spoons, Forks, and Butter Raives, ministure Garden Tools, Spice Boxes, Cake Boxes, Fancy Tea Bells, and Spring Call Bells, Nut Crackers and Nut Picks; patent Spring Uati Bells, Alls Orlanders and Alls I and parts Ask. Sifters (pay for themselves in the coal saved), and a good variety of other Housekeeping Hardware, Guilery, and Tools, at TRUMAN & SHAW'S,

No. 835 (Eight Thirty-five) MARKET Street, OVERCOATS FROM \$14 TO \$55. OVERCOATS OVERCOATS FROM \$14 to \$55. OVERCOATS. VERCOATS FROM \$14 to \$55. OVERCOATS. ERCOATS FROM \$14 to \$65. WARAMAKER & BROWN,

OAK HALL, S. E. sorner SIXTH and MARKET Streets Young Men's Suits and elegant variety of best class Clothing at REASONABLE PRICES. Wheeler & Wilson's Highest Premium LOCK-STITCH

THE CHEAPEST, SIMPLEST, AND BEST. VAN DEUSBN-GRIFFITH.—November 30, 1864, in Philadelphia, by Rev. George Dana Boardman, John Van Deusen to Francina Louise Griffith, all of this city. DIED.

McILVAIN.—On the 31st ult., Horatio J. McIlvain, in the 44th year of his age.

The relatives and friends of the family are respect-fully invited to attend his funeral, from his late resi-dence. 316 Wharton street, on Tuesday morning, at 9 o'clock.
FREEMAN.—At the Naval Academy Hospital, Annapolis, Md., from starvation, Herry Clay, son of the late Major Alex. H. Freeman, Co. D. 5th Penna, Cavalry, recently paroled from Florence Prison, S. C., aged 17 years 11 months.

field, N. J., on Tuesday afternoon, January 3d, at one o'clock.
SHARPR.—On the 31st inst., Jacob L., Infant son of Charles and Julia Sharpe.
WAYBE.—On the 30th instant, Joseph Wayne, Sen., in the 72d year of his age.
The relatives and friends of the family are respectfully, in yited to attend his funeral, from the residence of fully, in yited to attend his funeral, from the residence of fully in yited to attend his funeral, on Manday, January 3d, at 10 o'clock; to proceed to Monument Gemetery.

FERREE.—Suddenly, on the 30th inst., Philip Ferree, in the 63d year of his age.

The friends of the family are requested to attend his funeral, on Monday, Jan. 2, at 1 o'clock, from his late residence, No. 421 Wetherlii street.

MORRIS—On the afternoon of December 30th, Chas.
M. Morris, Jr., aged years, son of Annie H and Wm. J. Morris. J. Morris. Interment from 2009 Walnut street on Monday, Jan. 2d. 1865, at 11 o'clock A. M. LAFFERTY.—On Saturday morning, December 31, 1664, Mary, wife of William Lasserty.

Weekly Report of Interments. Egalth Office, December 31, 1864 Deaths and Interments in the City of Philadelph from the 24th day of Dec. to the 31st of Dec. 1864 DAUSES OF DEATH. Heoping Cough.... Inflammation, Brain old Age..... Desification, Heart. Bebility

Effusion on Brain.

Erysipelas

Fever, Catarrhal

Continued OF THE ABOVE THERE WERE-WARDS.
31 Tenth
17 Eleventh
13 Twelfth
23 Thirteenth
19 Fourteenth
5 Fifteenth
23 Sixteenth WARDS. First Second Phird WARDS.

12 Nineteshi.

8 Twentish.

4 Twenty-first.

10 Twenty-first.

8 Twenty-first.

25 Twenty-forth.

9 Twenty-first.

number of deaths, compared with the corres-

ponding week of 1863, and of last week, was at folponding week of the company 2d, 1894, was 291.

Week ending December 2dth, 1894, was 378.

Males, 165; females, 119; boys, 86; striks, 95.

Deaths and interments of soldiers, 14.

By order of the beard of Health.

GEORGE E. CHAMBERS, Registrar. BLACK CRAPE MASK VRILS. Grape and Lace Mark Vells. Grape and Lace Round Vells. BESSON & SON, Mourning Store, No. 918 CHESTNUT Stree MOURNING BALMORAL SKIRTS. Oray and Black Balmorals. Gray and Purple Balmorals. White and Black Striped Skirtings. BESSON & SON, Mourning Store, No. 918 OHESTNUT Street. GREEN BAIZE FOR SKATE BAGS.

NOTICES. REV. H. M. SCUDDER, D. D., WHO HAS RECENTLY RETURNED FROM INDIA Will deliver his fine Lecture on THE HINDOO MUTINY AND THE AME-

RICAN REBELLION." ACADEMY OF MUSIC. MONDAY NIGHT, JANUARY 9, 1865. This is one of the most successful efforts of this brilliant Lecturer, and he comes to Philadelphia only at the urgent invitation of many of our leading citizens. Tickets to be had on and after TUESDAY next, at MARTIEN'S, 606 CHESTNUT Street, and at the Book ores generally, at 25 cents each.

posed of at MARTIEN'S at 50 cents each.

AND NOTICE.—To avoid crowding and loss of time,
the sale of Tickets will commence on TUESDAY, at 7% o'clock A. M. HON. SCHUYLER COLFAX. The distinguished SPEAKER OF THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES WILL DELIVER AN ADDRESS BEFORE THE

sed of at MARTIEN'S at 50 cents each.

YOUNG MEN'S CHRISTIAN ASSOCIATION OF PHI LADELPHIA. "OUR DUTIES." MEXT TUESDAY EVENING, JANUARY 3, 1865, IN THE

ACADEMY OF MUSIC. Tickets for Reserved Seats, 50 cents. To be had at MARTIEN'S Bookstore, 606. CHESTNUT Street, on ind after SATURDAY, December 31 Unreserved Seats, 25 cents. To be had at MARTIEN'S cokstore. de28 6t THE CITIZENS' VOLUNTEER

orge, 2 business utraips, 1 beside beets, 3 bushels pota-ces. I basket onions.
Mrs. Philips—2 turkeys.
Mrs. Philips—2 turkeys.
Mrs. Stewart—11 large Dutch cakes.
Mrs. Stewart—11 large Dutch cakes.
Mrs. Estwine—Cakes and jelly.
Mrs. Latimer—7 jars preserves, 12 gallons syrup and
aspherry vinegar. BEGISTBATION DEPARTMENT, PHILADELPHIA, December 31, 1864. TO CLERGYMEN, ALDERMEN, PHYSICIANS, AND MIDWIVES:

MIDWIVES:

MIDWIVES:

The conformity to the Registration Act, approved March 8th, 1860, you are required to make your MARCH 8th, 1860, you are required to make your MARCHAGES AND BIRTHS

For the Quarter ending December 31st, 1864, to this Office early in the ensuing month, so that this Department may make their Annual Report to the Mayor.

By order of the Board of Health, 182-3t GEO. E. CHAMBERS, Registrar. OFFICE UNION CANAL COMPATY,
PSHLADELPHIA, December 31, 1864.
The Bond and Stockholders of this Company are reduested to meet at the ROOMS of the BOARD OF
TRADE, NO. 505 CHESTNUT Street on TURSDAY,
the 10th day of January, 1865, at 12 M.
By order of the Board.
ja2-mwir6t

JAMES PAGE, President.

NOTICE.—THE ANNUAL MEET. IRG of Stockholders of Masonie Hall, Mana-yunk, will be held JANUARY 4, 1865, at 8 o'clock P. M., for the Election of Trustees. Polls open one EMANCIPATION PROCLAMATION -CELEBRATION at NATIONAL HALL,
THIS EVENING at 7% o'clock. HENRY H'GHLAND
GARNET will deliver the ORATION. Frederick
Douglass, Robert Purvis, Esq., and others will address
the meeting either in person or by letter. Music
by U. S. Band from Camp William Penn Tickers 25
cents. To be had at PUGH'S, SIXTH and CHESTNUT,
and GOULD'S, SEVENTH and CHESTNUT.

The managers have this day declared a dividend of SIX PER CENT upon the Preferred and Gommon Stocks of this Company, payable—less the United States and State Taxes thereon, retained according to law-on the 23d of January next.

Ja2 6t W. M. TILGHMAN, Secretary, 3

NOTICE OFFICE BUCK MOUNTAIN COAL CO., PHILATELPHIA, Jan. 2, 1855.
The Annual Meeting of the Stockholders of the BUCK MOUNTAIN COAL COMPANY will be held at the Office of the Company, No. 320 WALNUT Street, on WEDNEDAY, February 1st, 1885, at 11 o'clock A M.
An election for seven Directors to serve the ensuing year will be held on the same day, between the hours of 11 A. M. and 2 P. M.
ja2-mwfifel T. H. TROTTER, Secretary.

for the ensuing year.

GEO. MICHOLS, Secretary.

PHILADELPHIA, Jan. 2, 1866.

Ja2-mw-tt PHILADELPHIA, Jan. 2, 1896. ja2-mwith Ja2-mwith THE WEEK OF PRAYER.—FOR Several years past Christians throughout the world have been called upon to unite in services of Spacial Prayer for the Church and for the World on the successive days of the First Week of the New Year. Signal bleesings have followed in answer to these prayers. This call is renewed for the opening year. An arrangement has been made, in the order indicated, for united services from four to ave o'clock EACH AFTERNOUN of the First Week in the Year, in the following Churches, viz: TERNOON of the First Week in the 1201, in the lowing Churches, viz:

The Church of the Epiphary, MONDAY and THURSEDAY, Baptist Church BROAD and AROH Streets, TUESDAY and FRIDAY: Penn square Presbyterian Church, WEDNESDAY and SATURDAY.

Ministers and members of other Churches are cordially invited to attend and take part in these cervices. d31-25.

HOLDERS OF RECEIPTS OF THE WINFIELD OIL COMPANY will please pre-sent them at the Office, 139 South FIP'H Street, and get their Certificates of Stock, H. MIARIS, de31 3t* NOTICE.-A MEETING OF THE OFFICE OF THE HARRISBURG. PORTSMOUTH, MOUNT JOY, AND LANGASTER RAILROAD COMPANY, THIRD and WILLING'S Alley,

Alley,

PHILADELPHIA, Dec. 30, 1884.

A semi-annual dividend of THREE-AND-ONE-HALF
PER CENT. on the Capital Stock of this Company will
be paid to the Stockholders, or their legal representatives (clear of State and United States taxes), on and
after the 10th day of January, 1865.

GEORGE TABER,
ing. 91*

Treasurer. ja2-2t*

de24-smw8t* OFFICE OF THE LEHIGH AND
DELAWARE WATER GAP RAILROAD COMPANY, No. 123 South SECOND Street.
The annual meeting of the Stockholders of this Company, and an ELECTION for a President and twelve Directors to serve for the annuing was a "" W. B. WHITNEY, OFFICE OF THE "SHAMOKIN COAL COMPANY."

PHILADRIPHA, Dec. 23, 1854.

The Annual Meeting of the Spockholders of the abovenamed Company will be held at their Office, No. 204.

Nouth FOURTH Street, on WEDNESDAY, the 18th
day of January next, at 11 o'clock A. M., when an
Slection will be held for Five Directors to serve for
the ensuing year. The Transfer Books of the Company will be closed for The Transfer Books of the Company will be closed for fifteen days prior to the day of said election. GHAS, R. LINDSAY, Secret wy. TREASURER'S DEPARTMENT

TOETHERN CENTRAL RAILWAY COMPANY—CALVERT STATION,
DIVIDEND NO. 4.—The President and Directors of
this Company have this day declared a Dividend of TWO
(2) PER CENT. clear of National and State taxes, for the
quarter ending December 31, 1864, payable to the Stockholders on the 20th of January, 1835, at this office.
The Transfer Books will be closed from 1st to 19th of
January, 1865, inclusive. By order
de21 w/m 10th

THE CONSOLIDATIONAL NA-THO AAL BANK.

PHILADRIPHIA, Dec. 8, 1864.

The Annual Meeting of the Stockho ders of the Consolidation National Bank will be held at the BANKING BOUSE on TURDAY, January 10, 1865, at 12 o'clock M. An election for Directors to serve the enging year will be held between the hours of 10 o'clock A. M. and 3 o'clock P. M., on that day. JOS. N. PJERSOL, depther.

Caphier. des inwitials

OFFICE OF UNION ERNALVOLENT
ASSOCIATION, N. W. corner of SEVENTH and
SANSOM Streets, December 5, 1864.
At the Thirty-third annual Meeting of the Association, the following named gentlemen were elected offers and managers for 1864–165: BAMUEL H. PERKINS.

RICHARD D. WOOD, J. FISHER EXAMINA. EDMUND WILCOX, No. 404 CHESTAUL Street, L. MONTGOMERY BOAD. JOHN H. ATWOOD.

NOTICEA' MEMORIAL THE GREAT CENTRA L FA U. S. SANITARY COMMISSION, HELD IN PHILADELPHIA, JUNE 19 BY CHARLES J. STILLE PRICE, FIVE DOLLARS.

U. S. SANTARY COMMENT PHILADELPHIA AGENCY, 1307 CHESTRY of the Members of the Various Committees of Central Fair: To the Members of the Various Committees of the frame Committees, and a finite of the frame Committees, and a limited editional the charge of Mr. JAMES K. SIMON, as special teat in the charge of Mr. JAMES K. SIMON, as special teat in Those who desire copies will please of the frame Committees. that ye or art. sombo h. Dimon, he special state in its delivery.

Those who desire copies will please call on or it. Art. Simon will call upon those who may not be also communicate with him.

H. E.—Will be ready for delivery on WEDNEDAT Matinst. UNION VOLUNFEER REPROSE

UNION VOLUNFEER REPROSE

MENT SALDON, foot of WASHINGTON

MENT SALDON, foot of WASHINGTON

MENT SALDON, foot of WASHINGTON

Inc.—We are again obliged to appeal to our single of the sald of the second o

A number of Tickets for Reserved Seats will be disnics' Bank.

J. B. Austin, Ksq., President Southwark Bank.

M. W. Woodward, Rsq., Cashler Manufacturer' in
Mechanics' Bank.

Thomas T. Firth. Esq., Treasurer Penns. Relight.

James C. Hand & Co., corner Market and Decure at
Samuel B. Fales, Esq., 77, 79 are street.

J. B. Wade, Secretary.

GOODPER SHOW NOTE: J. B. WADE, Secretary.

COOPER SHOP VOLUNTEER BY
FRESHMENT SALOON, 1909 0752303.

We are again compelled to appeal to the cities of the cities

WM. M. MAULI, Secretary,
330 GATHERINE Street,
E. S. HALL,
President Seventh national Sant MATIONAL BANK OF THE NATIONAL BANK OF THE NORTHERN LIBERTIES.

PRILABELPHIA. Dec. 33, 1854.

The Directors have this day declared as Extra Directors of the Cart. Day and the control of the PER CENT., payable on Fillox next, lanuary 6, 1865.

Innuary 6, 1865.

President Seventh Mational Bank of the Range of the Authority of the Cart. Day and the name of the National Bank of the Ranthern Liberta, de31.6t SEVENUE CHART CALL DAME,
PHILADELPHIA, December 12, 184
The annual meeting of the Stockholders of this fact
for the ELECTION OF DIRECTORS, will be held a
TUESDAY, January 10, 1865, between the hours of the
o'clock A. M. and 20'clock P. M.
del8-tja10

E. S. HALL, Gastler THE ANNUAL MEETING OF THE Stockholders of the POTTSVILLE MINIS AND MANUFACTURING CO., for the ELECTION of Officers for the ensuing year, will be held at the 02s of the Company, No. 217 WALNUT Street, on TURDAY, Jan. 10, 1805, at 20 clock P. M. dell's tjalo RICHARD JONES, President

OFFICE OF THE LOCUST MUM.
TAIN COAL AND IRON COMPARY,
HILADELPHIA. Dec. 15. 126.
The Annual Meeting of the Stockholders of the shown named Company will be held at their Office, 10. 23.
South THIRD Street. on MONDAY, the lift det of January next, at 12 o'clock M, when an ELECTICS will be held for seven Directors to serve for the estain year. will be held for seven Directors to serve tor the assing year.

The Transfer Books of the Company will be closel in fifteen days prior to the day of said election dell'-tials EDWARD ELY, Secretary.

NOTICE.—THE SUBSCRIPTION Books of the PERNSY LYADIA IMPERIAL 91 COMPANY will close on TUESDAY next, January 1865, at which time a meeting of the Stockholder will be held at the Office of the Company, 139 Saids Fifth Street, Philadelphia.

JAMES M. SRLLER, Secretar, de30-4t OFFICE OF THE ATLAS OIL No. 524 IWALNUT Street, Room No. 22

PHILADELPHIA, Dec. 21, EXAMPLE OF THE BOARD OF Directors have THIS DAY declared dividend of THREE PER CENT (16 came per than out of the net earnings of the Commany for the most

AMERICAN LIFE INSURANCE
AND TRUST COMPANY,
PHILADELPHIA, December 29, 183.
The Trustees have this day declared a Dividend of FIVE PER CENT. out of the profits of the last six months, payable to the Stockholders, clear of all taxs, on and after January 6, 1865 RITCHIE OIL COMPANY-DIV DEND NUTICE -Office, No. 115 FOURT Street. Pittsburg. The Board of Directors have this day declared advi-dend of FIVE PER CENT. on the dapital Stock of said

SPRING GARDEN INSTITUTE

MERCANTILE PETROLEUM (9, Office, 22 North FRONT Street.
DIVIDEND MOTICE.—The Board of Directors but
THIS DAY declared a dividend of TWO PER CELL
on the capital stock of this Company, free of Ser
Taxes, payable on and after the 6th of January, Traise
Books closed from the 3d to the 6th proximo. Centil cates of Stock are now ready for delivery.

JOHN H. TAYLOR, Secretary

DECEMBER 28, 1864.

OFFICE OF THE UNION PASSENGER BALL WAY COMPANY, No. 25. EOUTH FOURTH Street, PHILADELPHIA, Dec. 27. 155. NOTICE.—The compons of the bonds of the Compassed due on the last of January next, will be paid of 27 sentation at this office, free from all taxes, National State, and Municipal.

WM. H. KMSILE.

Treasurer.

OFFICE OF THE MANUFACTS
REES' INSURANCE COMPANY, No. 418
WALNUT Street,
PHILADRIPHIA, December 1, 1854,
Manufacturers' Insurance Company of the State
Pennsylvania' will be held, at the office of the Corpany, on MONDAY, the 2d day of January, 1854, when it ween the hours of 4 and 60 clock P. M. when it election for Ten Directors for the year 1855 will be held as the office of the pany, on MONDAY, the 2d day of January, 1854, when it ween the hours of 4 and 60 clock P. M. when it election for Ten Directors for the year 1855 will be held as the pany of th OFFICE OF THE WESTER
PRIMSYLVANIA RAILROAD GOMPANY
PRILADEPHIA, December 2: 183
NOTICE TO STOCKHOLDERS.—The Annual Mark
of the Stockholders of the Western Pennsylvatia &c.

STOCKHOLDERS NOTICE.

The Annual Meeting of the Stockholders of th PHILADELPHIA, Dec. 22, 1864. THILDREPHIA, Dec. ZZ, 1863.

OFFICE OF THE WESTHOLD
LAND COAL COMPANY, No. 230 to
THIRD Street, corner of Willing's alley,
At a meeting of the Director of the WSS, Williams
LAND GOAL COMPANY, held this day, a Divided
FIVE PER CENT. on the Capital Stock was declar
psyable on and after January 3d, 1866

The Transfer Books will be closed until January
E. H. JACKSON.

de22-tja5 de24-tia9 THE FOURTH NATIONAL

at the same time. de20-1jal0 FARMERS AND MECHAL
DATE 1864 ber 2, 1864.

The Annual Election for Directors of this state be held at the BANKING HOUSE, on WEINST the lith day of January next, between the hour clock A. M. and So'clock P. M. dello-tiall W. RUSKTON, Jr. 384 OF PHILADELPHIA,

The Second Annual Meeting of the STUGE of the Third National Bank of Philadelphis in the dat the Banking Hosse, B. W. corner of the and MERRICK Streets, on TUSSDAY, Januar at 12 o'clock noon.

An Election for Directors to serve for the aming will be held on the same day, between the herry and 2 o'clock.

del0-1m R. GLENDINNING. The Annual Meeting of the block and Serie held, at the Office of Company, on Montal instance of the block and Serie held, at the Office of Company, on Montal instance of the block and Serie held, at the Office of Company, on Montal instance in the beheld for Right Directors to serve for the page of the beheld for Right Directors to serve for the page of the page o de19-18t

UNION NATIONAL BANK An Election for Rine Directors of this Bank held at the Banking House, on TUSSDAY, January 1866, between the hours of 10 A. M. and J. R. dep. fmijal0