BADGER HAS REMOVED TO

1633 SPRUCE Street, where she will resume s of her institute September 19, room has been fitted up for healthful exercise

LEVUE FEMALE INSTITUTE.

SSICAL AND MATHEMATICAL

HOOL, 1008 CHESTNUT Street. Number imited. The Sixteenth Sersion will commen DAY, Sept. 5. WM. FEWSMITH, Principal.

S E. T. BROWN'S ACADEMY

R YOUNG LADIES, 1003 SPRING Street, on MONDAY, SEPTEMBER 5th. aux-1m*

SPRING GARDEN ACADEMY.

lassical, Mathematical, and English SCHOOL, ng Men and Boys, corner of Eight H and BUT COD Streets, ra-opens MONDAY, September 5 22 J. P. BIRCH, A. M., Principal.

DAME MASSE AND M'LLE.

ORIN'S ENGLISH and FRENCH SCHOOL for Ladies, at No. 1842 SPRUCE Street. Philadel-will reopen on WEDNESDAY, SEPTEMBER 14th.

ILADELPHIA MILITARY HOOL, (Courtland Saunders' Institute, THIRTY-I and MARKET Streets,) reopens September 6th, a Professor E. D. SAUNDERS, D. D. au29-1m-

RGARET ROBINSON WILL BE-EN HER SCHOOL FOR GIRLS, RACE Street, ranklin, on the 6th of Ninth mouth. Apply to NSON, Cottage Row, Germantown. au29-121

ENGLISH AND CLASSICAL

RGE R BARKER'S ENGLISH

GLASSICAL SCHOOL, PRICE St., Germantown, OPEN on MONDAY, Sept. 5, 1864. au29-12t*

N HALL FEMALE SEMINARY—

ed at PARADISE, Lancaster county, Pa. The on of this Institution will open on the third 19th) of September: A full corps of able will be employed. For further particulars circular or address the Principal.

Paradise, Lancaster co., Ps.

CLASSICAL AND ENGLISH

MOOL of the subscriber, S. S. corner of THIR-land LOCUST Streets, will reopen on MON-splomber oth. Applications aga now be made M. to 2 P. M. B. KENDALL, A. M.

RY P. ROBESON WILL OPEN r School for Young Ladles at 1613 FILBERT n the 12th of Ninth Month (September).

ING GARDEN INSTITUTE, FOR YOUNG LADIES
BOARDING AND DAY SCHOLARS.
To be reotened on the 6th of September.
GILBERT COMBS, A. M., Principal,
8t* GOS and G11 MARSHALL Street, Phila.

SS V. P. BROWN, No. 1907 PINE Street, will, on MONDAY, Sept. 8, resume the of her School for Children between the ages of 4

ner of MARSHALL and SPRING GARDEN Sta. Saumed September 12th. ENUCH H. SUPPLER, Singles au 24-tf

VING LADIES' SCHOOL AND AD.
VANCED CLASERS FOR HOME STUDY, 903
TON St. Formerly Prof. G. D. Cleveland's. Fall
begins Sept. 15th PLINY B. CHASE, Principal;
Jones, A. V. Buffum, Associates. 2024-1m²

E CLASSICAL AND ENGLISH SCHOOL of H D. GREGORY, A. M., No. 1108 KET Street, will re-open on MONDAY. Sept. 6th. aug. 1m²

BACHMANN, PROFESSOR OF

TUSIC, and Organist of the Fifth Baptist Church, ume his lessons September lst. Registence, 923 3 GARDES Street.

HANNAH MORE ACADEMY,

TLMINGTON, helaware.
Fall bossion will commence MONDAY, SEPTEMkh, 1861. For particulars, apply to the Principals,
CHARLOTTE and ISABELLA GRIMSHIAW,
Im

OARDING and DAY SCHOOL for Young Ladies, 9 LOCUST Street, on WEDNESDAY, the 14th au22-Im

SEIDENSTICKER'S CLASSICAL

ESTNUT-STREET FEMALE SEMI-

Y —Miss Bonney and Miss Dillaye will re-r Boarding and Day School at No. 1615. IT Street, WED MASDAY, September 14th, re from circulars.

GARAYINSTITUTE.—ENGLISH

Letters to the above address will receive prompt on. Personal application can be made after Au no. Personal application can be made after Au no. Personal application can be made after Au no. Personal application of the persona

HOOL AND KINDERGARTEN AT.

Inth and Spring Garden will be REOPENED
imber 12th, at 1912 MOUNT VERNON Street.

GERTRUDE W. FULTON.

HABRIET B. DARLINGTON.

7-11 MARY E. SPEAKMAN.

OODLAND SEMINARY, 9 WOOD-LAND TRERACE, WEST PHILADELPHIA.— HEMRY REEVES, A. M., Principal, (late of the nberaburg Seminary,) Session opens September A Day and Boarding School for Young Ladies, richneed Teachers; instruction soild, choice, and jugh. Circulars sent on application. suif-tr

DLMESBURG SEMINARY FOR YOUNG LADIES will be reopened on TUESDAY,

They CHROULARS, containing references, &c.,

the Misses CHAPMAN, Principals, Holmesburg
Philadelphia City.

aul6-lm

IE MISSES CASEY & MRS. BEEBE'S
ENGLISH and FRENCH BOARDING and DAYDOL. NO. 1705 WALNUT Street, will 'RE-OPEN
FEDMESDAY, the 18th of September. aud-2m

ILITARY COLLEGE, ALLENTOWN, Panna, within three hours' ride of Phiphits; ohartered by the State, provided with spas grounds and buildings, and opened in May last
over the hundred pupils. Commences its next sesisoptamber 6th. For circulars, address Rev. M. L.
FORD, A. M., President. au10-1m

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atalogues and full information apply to:

With F. WYERS, A. M.:

Principal;

ENGLISH AND CLASSICAL HOOL, N. W. corner CHESTNUT and TH Streets, will reopen on MONDAY, Septem-

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ILLAGE GHEEN SIMILARY. MI-LITALY BOARDING SCHOOL, 4 miles beyond Me-sairoad. Thorough course in Mathematies. Ratu-sairoad. Thorough course in Mathematies. Ratu-sin Surveying and Givil Regineering. Fine library-in Surveying and Givil Regineering. Fine library-superatus. Number of pupils limited. Begins Sept. Appearatus. Number of pupils limited. Begins Sept. Furits have benefits of a home. Refers to John Q. A kion, 23 Sonit Third street; Thos. J. Clayton, Fifth and Prans; John H. Dishi, 300 Wahnil-yess. Rev. J. HENNY BARTON, A. M., 23-3m VILLAGE GREEN, Penns.

LADELPHIA COLLEGIATE IN-

STITUTE FOR YOUNG LADIES, No. LEG ARCH et. Rev. CHAS. A. SMITH, D. D., E. CLARENCE FH. A. M., Frinchpile. The A. M., Frinchpile. The Departments: Primary, Academand Collegato. Full college course in Classics, nematics, higher English, and Natural Science, for a who graduats. Modern Languages, Music, Paint.

who graduate. Mousin industries. For circulars, and Elecution by the best masters. For circulars, y at No. 1530 ARCH Street, or address Box 2511. Philadelphia.
e next session will commence on Monday, September 2020-6m.

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RTH BROAD-STREET ACADEMY

STITUTE, 127 N. TENTH Street, will reopen Y. Sept. 5. All English branches. Letin, Greek, and French taught. Call for a Circular,

for Boys, No. 2 WEST PENN SQUARE, Da-id Sept. 5. J. DAVISON, Principal. au29-lm*

893-3m

rs obtained at her residence.

HOW REBELS AND COFFEENEADS HAVE GROWN TOGETHER—THE NEW CÆSAR AND POMPEY.

VOL. 8.-NO. 34. PHILADELPHIA. THURSDAY, SEPTEMBER 8, 1864.

FOUR CENTS.

EDUCATIONAL. INSTRUCTION THROUGH BOOKS, OBJECTS, AND PICTURES,—AND DICKSON will recopen her School for Boys and Girls, at No. 108 South EIGHTEENTH Street, on the 12th Sept. an25-thatnut INSTRUCTION IN FRENCH. - RA-ANDIKUCTION IN FRENCH.—RA-THER UNUSUAL facilities are afforded in C. S. HALLOWELL'S SELECT HIGH SCHOOL, No. 110 North TENTH Street, for obtaining a rapid and thorough acquaintance with the French Language and Literature. The department is in charge of a native French genileman of large experience as author and teacher. He is assisted by an American Linguist of known attainments, who attends constantly in the School, and is ready at all times to solve difficulties, and encourage the students in their acquisition of the language.

mage. Exercises will be resumed on the 13th inst. sec-6t* WEST GROVE BOARDING SCHOOL
FOR GIRLS, CHESTER COUNTY, PA., THOMAS
P. CONARD, Principal.—The 22d semi-annual session
of this Institution will commence on the SECONDDAY, the 7th of Eleventh month next. The situation is
pleasant and healthful, near West Grove Station, on Balt
Central R. R. The course of instruction is thorough and
extensive, including Latin, French, Drawing, BookReeping, and Telegraphing. For circulars, &c., address
the Principal, as above. MISS C. A. BURGIN'S SCHOOL FOR VI. YOUNG LADIES, No. 1037 WALNUT Street, will REOPEN on THURSDAY, Sept. 15th. se7-1m* BOARDING SCHOOL FOL BOYS.—
The Loller Academy at Hatborough, Montgomery county, Pa., is now open for the reception of papils.
For Circulars, address H. MORROW, Principal, Terms moderate.

CIGNOR P. RONDINELLA WILL RE-SUME his Singing Lessons and Private Classes on the 5th of September. Address 1324 SPRING GAR-DRN Street. and them low MRS. GERTRUDE J. CARY WILL resume the duties of her BOARDING and DAY SCHOOL for Young Ladies, at 1532 SPRUCE Street, on WEDNESDAY, Sept. 14th. au24-tuthslm* THE MISSES ROCKES, 250 SOUTH FIFTEENTH Street, will resume the duties of their Boarding and Day School for Young Ladies and Chil-dren on MONDAY, Sept. 5th. au27-stuth12t* PRCILDOWN BOARDING SCHOOL FOR GIBLE, Erclidown, Chester County, Penns.
The winter term will commence 10th mo. 10th, 1884.
Terms, 870 per session of twenty weeks, for English branches and Languages. Drawing or Painting, 85:
Music, 810. Circulars can be obtained of 8. DABMusic, 1810. Circulars can be obtained of 8. DABMusic, 1813. South FOUETH Street, or of the
Principal, RICHARD DARLINGTON, Jr., Erclidowa,
Chester co., Ps. 2013. Stuthim

M. P. GIBBONS INTENDS REOPENgate below Eighth, north side), on the 12th of 9th Mo.
EEPTEMBER. BRISTOL BOARDING SCHOOL FOR D GIRLS will reopen on the first Second-day in the Kinth month. For circulars apply to au3-tuths-28t* RUTH ANNA PRIROR, Principal. CALEBS. HALLOWELL, A. M., WILL REOPEN his SELECT HIGH SCHOOL for young men and boys, No. 110 North TENTH Street (near Aych) on the 18th of the 8th month (September.) Re-sidence, 1501 GREEN Street. au23-tuths10t* UNIVERSITY OF PENNSYLVANIA—
DEPARTMENT OF ARTS.—The First Term of the
College year will open on THURSDAY, the 8th inst.
Gandidates for admission will appear at the University,
for examination, on that day, at 10 o'clock, A. M.
Tuition for each Term Thirty-five Dollars.

GEORGE ALLEN,
8e5 4t Secretary of the Faculty of Arts.

MARY E. WILKINSON'S SCHOOL FOR LITTIE GIRLS, 118 North ELEVENTH St. Thorough instruction in French, Music, and Drawing. Six pupils can be received as obarders. MR. THUNDER, 280 SOUTH FOURTH Street, has resumed his Professional Practice, the bome from 2 till 40 clock daily. SCHOOL FOR BOYS, 1625 LOCUST STREET, ROBERT H. LABBERTON and REGINALD H. CHASE have associated themselves for the purpose of conducting a School, in which Boys will be prepared either for college or business.

The Antum Session of the School will commence on MONDAY, September 12, 1863. Until that date the Principals can be seen at their school-house daily, between the hours of 10 and 12 A. M. ee3-10t WESLEYAN FEMALE COLLEGE. WILMINGTON, Delaware.—The next Session will begin on THURSDAY, September 8th. BOSN'S JOHN WILSON, President. ADEMY FOR BOYS, 142 NORTH MISS BYRNES WILL REOPEN HER ENTH Street, Duties resumed Mouday, Sept 6th. -Im T. BRANTLY LANGTON, Principal. FRENCH and ENGLISH DAY SCHOOL for g Children, at 1800 CHESTNUT Street, on MON-DAY, September 12th.
Private French and Music Lessons given. 8e3-7t* COLLEGIATE AND COMMERCIAL ACADEMY for BOYS, 355 North TENTH Street, reopens MONDAY, September 12. Gall for a circular, se3-124 [ARIRIS, Principal. FRIENDS' ACADEMY FOR BOYS, rear of 41 North ELEVENTH Street, reopens on the 6th inst. \$15 per term of 22 weeks. All deapminations admitted. [see 1m] N. WHITALL. POLYTECHNIC COLLEGE-SCI-ENTIFIC SCHOOL for the general Student of Mathematics, Expel imental Science, and Natural History, will re-open, with enlarged accommodations, on MONDAY, September 12th. TECHNICAL SCHOOLS of Control of the College Building, MARKET Street and West Fenn Square. ISS ELIZA W. SMITH'S SCHOOL FOR YOUNG LADIES, 1210 SPRUCE Street, be reopened on WEDNESDAY, Sept. 7th. The embraces a thorough English education, with Frence, German Music, Drawing, Painting, &c. M. McMULLIN RESPECTFULLY IN

VI. FORMS her friends and patrons that she will open her School on MONDAY, 12th inst., at No. 411 South BIGHTEENTH Street. WM. S. COOLEY, A. M., WILL RE-OPEN his Classical and English SCHOOL, at 1112 MARKET Street, en.5th September. au30-im* CHESTER VALLEY ACADEMY FOR Young Ladies and Gentlemen will Reopen Ninth month (September) 5th, 1854. J. K. TAYLOB, Principal, COATESVILLE, Chester county, Pa. au20-im* IVATE SCHOOL FOR BOYS, N. E. strer of CHESTNUT and EIGHTERNTH Streats, reopen on MODAY, September 6th. L. BAR-18, JNO. G. R. McELEOY, Principals anti-im-THOMAS BALDWIN'S ENGLISH Mathematical and Classical School for Boys, N. E. corner of BROAD and ARCH Streets, will reopen SEP-TEMBER 6th. au27-lm* ISS HOOPES WILL REOPEN HER MISS MARY E. THROPP WILL REOPEN her ENGLISH and FRENCH BOARDING
and DAY SCHOOL for YOUNG LADIES, at No. 1841
CHESTRUT Street, Philadelphia, on the 12th of September. For circulars, apply at the School.
aga-ow-E H MANTOWN FEMALE SEMI-NARY GREEN Street, south of Walnut lane, will sen W P DNESDAY. Sept. 7th. roulars, setting forth the Gourse of Instruction, &c., &c. may be obtained at the Seminary. Frof. WALTER S. FORTESOUR A.M., Principal. CLENWOOD ACADEMY, DELA-WARR WATER GAP, MORROE GO., PA. The fall session of the above institution wil com-mence on the 12th of the 9th month (September). For particulars apply to SAMUEL ALSOF, Principal jyso-2m Delaware Water Gap, Monroe co.. Pa. DALUSIA INSTITUTE A HOME OARDING-SCHOOL FOR BOYS, at Andalusia, i miles from Philadelphia RENOES,—Rt. Rey. Alonzo Potter, D.D., Id. D., Rey. Wm. B. Stevens, D. D. auli-im

CENTRAL INSTITUTE, TENTE and SPRING GARDEN Streets, will seopen Sept. 6th. Boys prepared for any Division of the Public Grammar Schools, for College, or for Business. Special situation given to small boys.

au25 lm* H. G. McGUIRE, A. M., Principal. GEO. W. PETTIT WILL RE-OPEN his Etudio for the reception of Pupils in the arts of DRAWING and PAINTING, at No. 100 North TENTH Street, on the 15th of September. CLASSICAL INSTITUTE, DEAN TEMBER 5. Dutles resumed SEP.
J. W. FAIRES, D. Dr.
2025-2m* Principal. A NNA KAIGHN'S SCHOOL FOR YOUNG LADIES will be reopened Minth month, Fifth, at No. 2044 MOUNT VERNON Street au25-18t

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This hay is compressed direct, and ten tone can be
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Th A 11 TATINNY HOUSE; DELA WARE
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THE COLORED TROOPS. The Constant Rebel Cannonading a Mystery-lilness of Gen. Wm. Birney-Special Correspondence of The Press, I
BEFORE PETERSBURG, Sept. 5, 1862-6 A. M.
We have been speculating in camp to day as to the result of the shot and shell which were poured in copious showers during last hight and Yesterday was the quietest Sunday we have had along this part of the line for some time. The absence of the usual cannonading produced the impression that it was caused by the neutral respectwhich the belligerents entertain for theday. During the night, however, the artillery duel wassevere. Where must be some object in the incessant artillery and musket firing by the enemy in front of Petersburg. Every inducement possible has been made, on the part of our troops, to cease this barba-

THURSDAY, SEPTEMBER 8, 1864.

rous practice, but the overtures have been met by re-newed malignity and vindictive bitterness. When it is known that the enemy is especially anxious to discontinue this murderous propensity everywhere else but in front of Petersburg, it gives cause for suspicion that the rebels are endeavoring, by the report of cannonading, to conceal some terrible purpose. The future can only develope the mysery of the present.

The new railroad which is in progress of construction is rapidly advancing to completion. It begins at the terminus of the road from City Point, which runs to nearly the limits of Petersburg, and will run along the line to connect with the Weldon road. The rapid manner in which it is being laid urance that but a few days will be required grees assurance that our slew also were required to completes it. This looks very much like over-coming the usual objections and obstructions to prosecuting a winter campaign. Brigadier General Birney, commanding the 8d Division, 10th Army Corps is now quite ill with the dysentery, and, with a view to assist in his recovery, he has been removed to the Chesapeake Hospital at Fortress Monroe. The absence of this gallant officer is a source of serious regret to the colored troops, who have the most implicit confidence in God and General Birney. Colonel Howell, of the 85th Pennsylvania. Volunteers, is the temporary commander

CASUALTIES AMONG THE COLORED TROOPS. Dennis Portlong, Company C, 22d United States Colored Troops, was killed on the 1st, and Daniel Wilson, Company K, on the 2d, in the trenches be The following persons, of the same regiment, have been wounded recently: Sergeant William H. Mathews, Charles Middle worth, Isaac Young, Company C; James Harris, Co. I; James Murry, Joseph Wilson, and Samuel The 22d was raised in Pennsylvania. John Wil-

on, Co. A; John Ford, Co. C; William Jones, Co. K : and Charles Shortes, have recently died in the hospital. Shortes died from the effects of a wound received at Fort Powhatan on the 31st of May. In the 7th United States Colored Troops, recruited in Maryland, George Young, Co. E., was wounded in Maryland, George Young, Co. E., was wounded slightly in the left shoulder; Sergeant John H.
Bundick, Company K, on the 2d; E. Mooney, Company D; and on the 3d Sergeant John Gross, left hip, and Samuel Mander, Co. G, side of the foot;
Samuel Burton, Co. K, and Henry Parker, Co. I,
22th (Connecticut) U. S. C. T., were killed on the 1st left and on the 3d Chee, E. Farting. 1st inst., and on the 8d Chas. D. Ennings. The folowing persons were wounded during the last day Johnson, Co. H. flesh wound in the cheek; William Lambert, Co. G, back, a contusion ; Geo. F. Porter, Theodore Anderson, thigh.

II. S. C. T. were discoursing excellent music vesterthe instruction of Captain Joseph Anderson, the leader of Frank Johnson's fatious band, has pro-gressed to an efficiency in music which has endeared it to the officers and men of that excellent regiment, and is calculated to surpass in correct playing any of the similar institutions which have had their exinstructing them, though they can execute, to the satisfaction of competent indges, some forty places of scientific music. He will probably visit Philadelphia in a day or two, from which city he has been absent since the 8th Regiment left Camp Penn, about nine months ago.

Headquarters 5th Army Corps, September 4, 1864. Siz: I beg respectfully to call your attention to a matter of injustice to this corps and its commander. In the last number of the War Press, that reached us to day, in an an editorial on "The Weldon Rail-road," I read the assertion that the enemy, in reattempts to drive the Union forces from off it, but that all such attempts have signally failed to drive the 2d Corps from its entrenchments. This is manifestly unjust. The 2d Corps does not, and never did, "hold the Weldon Railroad." It is the 5th Corps that gained possession of the road, and which has held it against all the attempts of the enemy to dislodge it, with one exception, and the 5th Corps noise holds it, being entrenched upon it in such a position as to render its repossession by the enemy an impossibility. The 5th Corps has received but little of the credit due to it in the operations in this quarter, and without wishing to detract from the merits of and without wishing to detract from the merits of

ection of the above is due Cen. Warren and the Respectfully yours, To the Editor of The Press: Sin: An article appeared in the columns of the ny voted by the city of Philadelphia."

Now, we would beg leave to inquire of the writer (who states that he is attached to the Relief Commission) how it happens that the families and children of the large number of colored soldlers accredited to this city and State are deprived of this relief? Application has been made frequently, and always refused, as fan as we have heard. The result has been that numbers of women with leave sult has been that numbers of women, with large families of children, finding themselves unable to

MEN'S FURNISHING GOODS.

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to which they

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—In a letter to the editor of La. Nation Suisse, Caribaldi says:

"I desire to add my name to the four thousand citteens of Geneva who have addressed the United States in favor of the maintenance of the Constitution and the abolition of slavery, and I hope, in so doing, to obtain the approbation of the Liberal press, and of all my fellow-citteens. Glory to Switzerland! That old home of liberty deserves to stand in the vanguard of human emancipation. From a fatality now weighing on nations, we see great peoples grow less, and even disappear before the lying flattery of despotsm, and the champions of freedom become the police of tyranny. Well, let Switzerland take the lead till nations repent. Tyrants pass away; nations are immortal. What avails a minority? We shall conquer by add of our old traditions; and we shall again see tyramy melt before the popular phalanx as snow before the sun. We shall conquer because we have right, justice, and brotherhood on our side. Let me now call the attention of Switzerland to a great fact. The American Republics present to the world the spectacle of the connection of the peoples. An aggression against the Peruvian territory, completed by the Spanish Bourbons, has raised a cry of shame and vengeance from all her sister nations. If the elder sister, it would be a striking contrast to the shameful league of tyrants against liberty, which we now see in Europe. Mind this: Poland swamped by Russia, amid the apathy of all, is the first step to a return to the barbarism of the middle siges. If the 'partition' disgraced the eighteenth, the destruction of Poland is a lasting blot on the nineteenth century. Alas! our elvillization, as yet, is but false."

— John Wentworth, at the late Chicago meeting, said: In a letter to the editor of La Nation Suisse,

tor keeping cider sweet; a perfectly harmless preparation, put up, with full directions for use, in packages containing smidelent for one harrel. Orders by mail or city post will meet with prompt attention; or special quotations will be furnished when requested.

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SPEECH BY SECRETARY SEWARD. Review of the Wilitary and Politics Situation—Masterly Exposition of the Niagara and Chicago Conspiracy—The Safety and the Peril of the Republic-

The Secretary announces there will be Bo Drait.

From the Auburn Union, Sent. 5.1

Saturday was a gala day in Auburn, over the splendid victory of General Sherman in the capture of Atlania. At an early hour all the flags in the city were run up, giving it a very gay and patrictic appearance. At 5 o'clock P. M. all the bells struck up'a merry peal, and about the same hour a salute of one hundred guns was fired. Immediately a large crowd, including several hundred volunteers who were waiting to be mustered in, assembled in front of the Western Exchange, and were briefly addressed by Hon. Christopher Morgan and Provest Marshal Enapp. After the speeches it was proposed that the assemblage form in procession and march to the residence of Governer Seward. The band led off with a lively tune, and the line of march was immediately taken up. On arriving in front of Governor Seward's residence the assemblage became so large that it was found necessary to continue the march to the park adjoining Governor Seward's grounds.

After the procession had halted, Governor Seward's march to the park adjoining Governor Seward's grounds.

After the procession had halted, Governor Seward was dalled for, and came forward and addressed the crowd in one of his mpst camest and effective speeches, which was received with unbounded enthusiasm. After he concluded, three cheers were called for and given with a will, for the following persons: Sherman, Grant, Sheridan, Meade, Stanton, Farragut, Lincoln, and Seward. Three more rousing ones were given for the soldiers and the Union. The crowd then separated. In the evening Governor Seward was screnaded by the Auburn band, and respended to the compliment in a brief speech. band, and responded to the compliment in a brief speech.

The following is the speech of Governor Seward delivared in the Park:

My Dear There is: It is so that I like to see you come—marching to the time of national airs, under the folds of the cide national fisg. I thank you for this hospitable and patriotic welcome. It proves that though you deal rigorously with your public servents, exacting reasons for their policy, energy in their conduct of affairs, and explanations for failures and disappointments in their administration, yet you are, nevertheless, just, because you willingly allow them to rejoice with you when you have successes, victories, and trium phs, to celebrate: In the news that brings us together is authentic. [A voice: Do you think it is reliable?] Yes, Here is a telegrain which I received this morning from the Scoretary of War:

Van Duzer reports that Sherman's advance entered Atlanta about noon to day. Particulars not yet received.

Enwin M. Stanton.

EARRAGUIT AND SHERMAN.

tered Atlanta about noon to-day. Particulars not yet received.

[Three cheers were given for Atlanta.]

FARRABUT AND SHERMAN.

Now, this news comes in a good chape. It is pleasant to have a grand result at the first, and it protracts the interest of, the thing to have particulars coming in afterwards. [Yes, yes, we can wait for the particulars.] This victory comes in the right connection. It islis in with the echoes of the capture of Forts Gaines and Morgan, which I understand to be the particulars of Farragut's glorious naval battle in the bay of Mobile—a battle equalled by no other in American history but the naval achievements of the same veteran admiral at New Orleans and Port Hudson; and all these have no parallel in naval warfare but the battles of the Nile and Trafalgar. [A voice: "I take we were all Farraguts."] Well, my triend, I know the Admiral well, and I confess that we all can't be Farraguts. Indeed, very few of us can. But we may take this comfort to conselves, that, as a whole people, we can appreciate the veterans. We can also appreciate General Sherman, who has performed the most successful and splendid march through a mountainous and hostile country recorded in modern history, and in doing this we show ourselves inferior in virtue to no other nation. By the way, everybody admired Farragut's heroism in climbing the topmast to direct the battle. But there was another, "particular." of that contest that no less forcibly illustrates his heroic character. "Admiral," said one of his officers, the night before the battle, "won't you consent to give Jack a glass of grog in the morning—not enough to make him drunk, but just enough to make him fight cheerfully?" "Well," replied the Admiral, "I have been to see considerable, and have seen a battle or two, but I never found that I wanted rum to enable me to do my duty. I will order two cups of good coffee to each man at 20 clock and at 8 o'clock, I will pipe all hands to breakfast in Mobile Bay." [Hurrah for Farragut I And he did give Jack the coffee, an Richmond and Atlanta; the whole must crumble to pieces. While Sherman, under Grant, has been striking the big end, Meade, under Grant, has been striking just as hard blows upon the lesser end. The whole shell will now be easily crushed, for it has grown brittle with the exhaustion of vitality within.

This glorious victory comes in good time for all other reasons. Just now we are calling upon you for 300,000 more volunteers, if you will—dratted men if we mist—to end the war. You were getting a little tired of long delays and disappointed expectations. In Indiana, a portion of the people, instigated by rebel plotters, at the Clifton House, in Canada, were importing Ritish; revolvers in boxes, which passed the custom-house as stationery, under pretence of arming to defend themselves, but really to resist the draft, and bring the Government down to ruin, through a subordinate and auxiliary civil war. frue, no arms have been imported here. Yet delegates went out from among you and sat down in council at Chicago with those Indiana conspirators, and agreed with them not only that that importation of arms shouldide defended in the election canyass, but also to demand the cessation of the war upon the ground sharped costs in resolving the Union is unattainable. Already, under the influence of the cheering news from Atlanta, all this discontent and this despondency have disappeared. We shall have no draft because the army is being reinforced at the rate of five to ten thousand men per day by volunteers. [Hurrah for the volunteers.] May I not add that this victory at Atlanta comes in good time as the victory in Mobile bay does, to vindicate the wisdom and the energy of the war Administration. Farragut's fleet did not make itself, nor did he make it. It was prepared by the Secretary of the Navy, and he that shall record the history of, this war truthfully, and impartially, will write that since the days of Carnot, no man has organized war with the ability of Stanton. [Cheers for Stanton, cheers for the Secretary of the Navy, and he chat shall record the history of, this war truthfuller of the Navy in the secretary of the Navy.] THE CLIFTON HOUSE CABAL AND THE PURPOSED RESISTANCE TO THE DRAFT,

Les Hiefmond and the Democracy at Chicago, like Caesar and Pompsy, seem to retain all their original amily resemblance. They are very much allkenespecially Pompsy. Ruit fit is not in mere externals that their similarity lies. They talk very much allke, as I have altready shown you. When you consider that among the Democrats at Chicago the Indians Democrats were present, who have indicated the control of the ported arms to resist the national arms, who have indicated the control of the ported arms to resist the national arms to r ne that shall record the niscory of this war the days of Carnot, no man has organized war with the ability of Stanton. [Cheers for Stanton, cheers for the Sectary of the Navy.]

The MALCONTENT SPIRIT.

But, auspicious as the occasion is, it has nevertheless failed to bring out some whom we might have expected here. Why are they not here to rejoice in the victories that will thill the hearts of the lovers of freedom throughout the world. Alas, that it must be confessed, it is party spirit that holds them aloof. All of them are partisans. Some are Republicans, who cannot rejoice in the national victories because this war, for the life of the nation, is not, in all respects, or wife, and universal, and complete emanchation, or they do not want the nation saved. Others for swift, and universal, and complete emanchation, or they do not want the nation saved. Others say away because they want to be assured that, in coming out of the revolutionary storm, the Ship of State will be found exactly in the same condition as when the tempest assailed it, or they do not want the ship saved at all, as if anybody could give such guarantees in the name of a people of thirty millions. Others are Democrats. They received from their fathers the axiom that only Democratic could save the country, and they must save it by Democratic formulas and combinations which the progress of the age has forever exploded. They cannot come up to celebrate achievements which condemn their narrow and hereditary bigotry.

Others, of both the Republican and Democratic parties, are willing that the nation shall be saved, provided it is done by some one of their chosen and idolized chiefs, which chief they mutually denounce and revile. They cannot honor Grant, and Sherman, and Farragut, and Porter, because by such homes; they found out at the beginning of his tremandous chyl man, and Farragut, and Porter, because by such homes; they found out at the beginning of his tremandous chyl man, and Farragut, and Porter, because by such homes, and they could save

same one bested the second of the content of the co response to the revisited of additionals. Every control of the collection of the control which is a proper of the control which is a

teined on our side to suppress the usurper, and to bring the insurjent States back under the authority of the constitutional President. The war is at its crisis. It is clear, therefore, that we are fighting to make Abraham lineoth President of the whole United States, under the election of 1860, to continue until the 4th of March, 1865. In voting for a President of the United States, can we wisely and fishly vote out the identical person whom, with force and arms, we are fighting into the Presidency of the United States, can we wisely and fishly vote out the identical person whom, with force and arms, we are fighting into the Presidency of the nothing less than to give up the very object of the war, to the ballot-box. The moral strength which makes our loyal position impregnable would have a manifable. By such a proceeding we shall have agreed with the enemy, and shall have given him the victory. But in that agreement the Constitution and the Union will have perished because when it shall have crice been proven that's minority can by force or circumvention, defeat the full accession of a constitutionally chosen President, no President theresiter, though elected by everso large a majority, can hope to exercise the Executive powers two things must follow that fatal error. Either a contest between your newly-elected compromise President, and the same usurper, in which they usurper must prevail, or else a combination between them through which the usurper or his successor, subverting your Constitution and substituting his own, will become President, King, or Empertor of the United States with foreign add, it he can; with foreign intervention if necessary. [ThatPreso,] To be sure it is so; nothing is more certain than that either the United States and their constitutional President, or the occalled Confederate States and their constitution and a country-form this fearful danger? [Vote Lincoln in again.] You have hit it exactly, my friend. We must yot a function of a connection and a country-form the recommendations ing just the system which to now recommended at Chicago. Namely, first, a treasonable Confederacy, in arms against the Federal authority. Swood recommended at the federal and forth was an construed that while the pational ports and forth were thoroughly invested along the sea coast and rivers by the insurgents, they could be neither reinforced nor supplied, over with food, by the Government. Third, a languid declare with a view to an ultimists National Convention, which the rebels haughtly despised and contampt us onely rejected. What were the alternatives left us the filter to surrender ourselves and the Government, at discretion, or to summon the people to arms, terminate the winkitee, adjoorn the demoralising denate, and "repossess" ourselves of the national forts and ports. And now has all the treasure that has been poured forth, gone for nothing, else but to soccure an ignominious retreat, and return at the end of four years to the hopeless imbedility and rapid process of national dissolution which extend when Abraham Lincoln took into his hands the roins of Government.

Every one of you knows that but for that accession of Abraham Lincoln took into his hands the roins of Government.

I will not dwell long on the complaint which misguided but not intentionally perverse men bring against the Administration of Abraham Lincoln. They complain of military arrests of spies and lurking traitors in the loyal States, as if the Government of this secession:

They complain of military arrests of spies and lurking traitors in the loyal States, as if the Government we present the afternative of a draft, as if when the ship has been scutled the capitain ought to leave the ship has been scutled the capitain ought to leave the ship has been scutled the capitain o

Prace.

The chief complaint against the President is that he will not accept peace on the basis of the integrity of the Union, without having also the abandonment of slavery. When and where have the insurgents of fered him peace on the basis of the integrity of the Union? Nobody has offered it. The rebels never will offer it. They are determined and pledged to rule this kepublic or ruin it. I told you here a year ago that mactically slavery was no longer in question; that it was perishing under the operation of the war. That assertion has been confirmed.

The Union men in all the slave States that we have delivered are even more anxious than, we are to abolish slavery. Witness Western Virginia, Maryland, Missouri, Louislana, Tennessee, and Arkansas. Jefferson Davis tells you in effect the same thing. He says that it is not slavery, but independence and sovereignty, for which he is contending. There is good reason for this. A hundred dollars in gold is only a year purchase of the labor of the working man in every part of the United States. At less than half that price we could buy all the slavers in the country. Nevertheless, our oppenents want a distinct expesition of the Rresiont's views on the ultimate solution of the slavery question.

Why do they want it? For the same reason that the Pharisees and Sadducees wanted an authoritative resolution of the questions of the casuistry which arose in their day. One of those sects believed in a Kingdom to come, and the other denied the resurrection of the dead. Nevertheless, they walked together in loving accord in search of instruction concerning the spirit-world. "Master," said they, "there was a man of our nation who married a wife and died, leaving six brothers. These brothers successively married the wildowed woman, and afterwards died; and, last of all, the woman died also in the regurrection, which of the seven shall have this woman to wife in Heaven! It could be nothing to the Sadducees in any case. What was it to them whether one or all should have the woman t The chief complaint against the President is that public.

HOW REBELS AND COPPERHADS HAVE GROWN

TOGETHER—THE NEW CASAR AND POMPEY.

The Democratic party, of course leaving off the loyal Union Democrats, opposed the election of Abraham Lincoln in 1860. In doing so, they divided and organized in three columns. One, a treasonable column of State-rights disunion Democrats, under Breckinridge. A second, a loyal Northern column, under Douglas. The third, a conciliatory flying column, under John Bell, who has since joined the insurgents. We therefore invited the two loyal columns to combine with the Republican party to oppose the disunion Democratic column. They declined. On the eve of the election in 1860 I told the followers of Douglas and of Bell that when the election should have closed they would find that they had inadvertenity favored disunion and rebellion. They persisted, and the attempted revolution came. Disunion then presented itself, in the practical form of preventing Abraham Lincoln from assuming the Executive authority. Thus the Democratic party produced that calamity, the Southern Democrats pasty entrough inadvertence. The disputed succession still remains unadjusted. A new election has come on. For a time, the Northern Democratic insurgents of the South. But the same Democratic insurgents of the Southern Democratic insurgents of the Southern Betton or 1860, now appear in the political field, with positions and policy unchanged since that time, as I tilink, except for the worse. The Supplied of the Southern Democratic insurgents of the Southern Democratic insuration of the Constitutional President of the United States. They agree not only in this attempt, but they assign the same reasons for it, namely, that Abraham Lincoln is a tyrant.

They spread a southern the real gaurper at Richmond on to gainsay it. To me, therefore, the Democracy at Richmond onto gainsay it. To me, therefore, the Democracy at Richmond onto gainsay it. To me, ther

Now, what was it to them whether one or all should have the woman to wife in Heaven? It could be nothing to the Sadducese in any case. What was it to any human being on this side of the grave? What was it to any human being in Heaven except the woman and her seven husbands? Absolutely nothing. Yet they would have an answer. And they, received one. The answer was that, while in this mortal state men and women shall never cease to marry and to die, there will be in the resurrection-neither death nor marrying, or giving in marriage. Although altogether unauthorized to speak for the President upon hypothetical questions, I think I can give an answer upon the subject of slavery at the present day—an answer which will be explicit, and I hope not altogether unsatisfactory. While the rebels; continue to wage war against the Go-

Tan give an answer whom the subject of slavery at the present day—an answer which will be explicit, and I hope not altogether unsatisfactory. While the rebels continue to wage war against the Government of the United States, the military measures then a successful end, will be continued, except 50 far as a successful end, will be continued, except 50 far as a successful end, will be continued, except 50 far as a proposition where the same end when the inpurgents shall have disbanded their armies and laid down their arms, the war will instantly ease, and all hew as measures then existing, moluding those which affect slavery, will ease also, and all the moral, economical, and political end will be a successful end will be presented as a special way of the same and the be existing between individuals and shall then be existing between individuals and are concurred to the arbitrament of courts of law, and to the councils of legislation.

I am not unsophisticated enough to expect that conspirators while by the unsubdued, and exercising an unresisted despotism in the insurrectionary States, will either sue for, or even accept, an amount of the councils of legislation.

I am not unsophisticated enough to expect that conspirators while by the unsubdued, and exercising an unresisted despotism in the insurrectionary States, will either sue for, or even accept, an amount of the councils of legislation.

I am not unsophisticated enough to expect that conspirators while by the moral councils of legislation.

I am not unsophisticated enough to expect that the conspirator is an admittance of the power they have no recklessly surpred. Nevertheless, I know their many such conspirators and successes and the far and an answer prompled purely by accessed the analysis of the power they have no recklessly surpred. Nevertheless, I know their many such conspirators and the expect will be accessed as a successful to the world knows, that so have a complete the success of the surpred of the power than the success and the farmant of the ty with peace, prosperity, and freedom throughout the whole land, from the lakes to the Gulf, and from ocean to ocean.

And so I bid you good night; and may God have you, with our whole country, always in His holy and paternal keeping.

Enthusiastic cheers were given at the conclusion of the speech.

FINANCIAL AND COMMERCIAL. is no accounting for the "oil fever," as it is called. Unlike other stocks which have been bought: and sold at the Stock Board for years, the rise and decline of their prices have been inrespective of reports as to the demerits or merits of the companies. A rumor that a firmly established railroad would declare a dividend, in a short time, was always productive of an increase at once in the price of its stock. A falling off in revenue, conscioned by mine management or misfortune, is always the foreument of a tumble in the quotations for all securities of good stock corporations. The old-time dividend-paying and reliable stocks appear almost abandoned now, and a new description cocupies the time and brains of thousands who, until, within. a few months, never visited a brokar's office, or desired to do so. Oil stocks where been the rage for many months, and it is quite likely, from present appearances, they, will continue to be so for many more. The characteristic of the new forer is that, hor parties infected with it show a rectlessness and bilindness that have never been equalled. The breaks which one is wanted, out of the inumfects on the parties infected with it show a rectlessness and bilindness that have never been equalled. The breaks which one is wanted, out of the inumfects on the straight on the sorder to buy an oil stock, and if he asks which one is wanted, out of the him directs on the same of the order of the pays the same of the order of the pays the same of the order of the order of the same fore of the man fore of the same fore of

and profitable to invest. It requires no great effort of judgment, after all, to discover the good stocks from the bad. Those which are known to declare dividends regularly, and which have earned a standing and character, should alone be tolerated. Government loans were in steady demand yesterday, though prices were rather weak. The 5-20s fell off a fraction, as also the 7-30s. The 5-20s, coupon off, sold at 103%, and the '81s at 107%; the 7-30 notes a 50 and at 110%, and F.&A. end, at 110. State

나를보다 보고 생긴 하는 것은 비교를 되었다. 한 경우를 하는데 보고 한 것이 되었다. 생각 때문에 가는 것은 말이 되었다.

THE WAR PRESS. (PUBLISHED WERKLY.)

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To the getter-up of the Club of ten ortwenty, see extra copy of the Paper will be given. cure the favor of banks land other capitalists, and the military news, this week, greatly encourages confidence in the credit, as well as in the power and determination of the Government. Bidders for the loan are reminded that their proposals should ge forward by the mail this afternoon (if not soones sent), as the awards will be made at Washington on Friday at neon.

The following is a statement of coal transported on the Delaware and Hudson Canal for the week Delaware and Hudson Canal Co.....

....43,232 868,861 elaware and Hudson Canal Co. unsylvania Coall Co...... .54,875 891,590 The shipments of Pittston in Coal Company for the week ending September 1864 , Were: For the Week. For the Season. 13,297 322,757 322,757 189 818 By canal..... By railroad.....

Incasse, 1854..... rexel & Co. quote: Vew United States Bonds, 1651. levy United States Certi. of Indebted ew United States 7 S-10 Notes.

tering Excense STOCK EXCHANGE SALES, SEPPEMBER 7.

AFTER BOARD.

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50 Dalrell 24 200 Ribberd 20

missori vs. 65% 65 % Atlantic Mail 186 184 1 Pacific Mail 185 275 275 275 New York Central 188% 128 ½ Erie 188% 128 ½ Erie 188% 183 183 1

The Flour market is dull, the demand, both for 25001 1,000 506 at \$12 for good reinis extra, and \$12@12.50 for extra family, including 500 bbls Blue Ridge do on private terms; the retailers and bakers are buying in, a small way at \$10.50@14 for superfine, \$11.50@12 for extra, \$12@12.50 for extra family, and \$13. \$5. bbl for fancy brands. Rys Flour and Corn Meal are unchanged.

Grans In Wheat there is very little doing, and