MONDAY, MAY 30, 1864.

We can take no notice of anonymous commu ications. We do not return rejected manuscripts. ** Voluntary correspondence is solicited from all parts of the world, and especially from our different litary and naval departments. When used, it will be paid for.

The Church and the State. Our Church Conventions are now holding their annual sessions. By a happy and agreeable coincidence Philadelphia has been famed with an unusual number of these ecclesiastical bodies. - The great Methodist Conference has concluded its discussions after a prolonged session; the societies of the Baptist Church have had their meetings and their semi-annual jubilee; there are two branches of the great Presbyterian family now in session; and the largest branch of all is holding its General Assembly at Newark. Many years have passed since we have had in our midst such a large number of the ministers of the Church of Jesus Christ. The importance of their deliberations cannot be overlooked. They represent a large portion of our people from all parts of the nation, and from other nations. As we read the proceedings of these Conventions we see a power that in some respect surpasses the power of the nation itself. These religious bodies speak as conoucrors and princes. Their word is obeyed in the East Indies, in China, and far off in the uttermost parts of the earth. They quietly parcel out new dominions on the shores of the Pacific. Without speak-

ing of the power that binds these men together, we view with interest and respect the deliberations of representatives of a faith and feeling that is closely associated with our civilization, and whose progress We have seen in these various Church Conventions many evidences of material prosperity. They have increased in numbers. Their members have reason to be proud of what they call the grace of God, for their different communions have all been blessed with additional strength and wealth the people which has chosen him, reand dignity. Without presenting the unity and carnestness and majesty of discipline that characterizes the Catholic Church, these Protestant donominations have those advantages of separate action that we do | The renunciation is, therefore, not absonot see in the Church of Rome. With all | lute. In declaring that the effects of his our respect for the Roman Church and our renunciation will continue so long as his admiration of its history and power, we feel for Protestantism a sympathy that suggests the sympathy we feel for our own republican form of government. A State without a king is not always the greatest admirer of a Church with a bishop and a pontiff. In this matter of religion we see. or rather we fancy we see, the progress of American ideas. In New England we throne, he would recognize him as legitihave an abscence of forms of church government. The ecclesiastical democracy, which does

not recognize any power but the majority of the worshipping congregation, is peculiar to New England, and there exists in its strength. It has advanced into other parts of the country, and under the name of Congregationalism is springing up in every State or Territory where sons of New England have settled. The progress of this sentiment, which is certainly simple and plain and all-embracing, and which does not trouble its believer with any nice or exclusive points of theology, marks an the observer of the new nation and new race now shaping itself on these new and undeveloped shores. When we speak of religion or forms of religion it is simply as we would speak of certain disciplined forms of thought. We believe in the Church of Jesus Christ without expressing any preference for one branch over another. Our country does not recognize any faith as being more worthy of Government support, for the history of the world has told us that, while no love is greater than the love of Christians, no hatred is more intense and vindictive. Therefore, we say to all men, worship God as it seem eth right. As a people, we desire God to be worshipped; for his commandments teach love, and honor, and peace, and good will, and chastity; and, if those commandments are obeyed, law and order will prevail. As a people, we desire to see the worship of God extended to other countries, for His worship accompanies civiliza-So long as these ecclesiastical bodies remain united—so long as they increase and prosper-it will be well for our country and the world.

While we rejoice at these many evidences of prosperity on the part of the Churches, we cannot refrain from expressing our gratification at the noble ground they have taken on the question of rebellion and slavery. They begin to see that treason and slavery are incompatible with the duty of a Christian, and that a man who does not love his country cannot love his God. We are glad to see the sentiment of religion united with that of loyalty. Heretofore there has been too much alienation and coldness of feeling between the Church and State. All good Christians and good citizens should endeavor to bring them together; not as portions of the Government machinery, like the Church in England and Italy, but by those strong ties of love and fellowship that lie at the basis of all true | us to state that contributors of works of art, for exreligion and government. The New Ruler of Mexico.

The Emperor of Mexico, for it is time so to designate MAXIMILIAN, late Archduke | thing except on an order signed by Mr. Joseph Harof Austria, has probably reached Vera Cruz ere this. After having received the special benediction of the Pope, in the Vatican, he quitted Italy, with his wife and suite, touched at Gibraltar on the very day that GARIBALDI arrived there, homewardbound, and has last been heard of as having reached Madeira.

As crowns, imperial or royal, are not to be had every day, one. might ask why should Maximilian have paused for several months before accepting that of the newly-constituted Empire of Mexico? In Aus- there have a public parade. They will leave Hartria, with only a nephew between him and the succession, MAXIMILIAN would always have been an important personage. He had shown some administrative power as their stay at Pittsburg will encamp in the field, Viceroy of Venetia, and is admitted to be (for his years, and with the limited experience he could have had in such a small marine as that of Austria,) a passable naval officer. In the event of his elder brother, the Emperor Francis Joseph, dying without issue, MAXIMILIAN would succeed him. That brother, however, is loads of coal, and will divide the entire proceeds not thirty-four years old, and, as we have said, he has a little Prince Imperial, called the Archduke Rodolpu, after the founder of the dynasty, who is in his sixth year, and as likely to live as any other child of his age. Evident enough, then, that MAXIMILIAN'S chance of becoming Em- The ballot for a nominee for Lieutenant Goperor of Austria is not much.

Still, there is a chance. MAXIMILIAN Still, there is a chance. MAXMILIAN reckoned on it when he hesitated to accept the crown of Mexico, and had plenty of time for consideration, seeing that, as far back as October, 1861, weeks before the invading French army was shipped for Mexico, Napoleon the Third had privately offered to put Maximilian at the head of the empire which he had predetermined to found, on the ruin of a republic, beyond found, on the ruin of a republic, beyond the Atlantic. If popular rumor be true, his sketch of the original "Jenkins" and "Dead Beat :" pecuniary embarrassments had some share in On the arrival of the Prince of Wales in Canada, inducing him to leave Europe. He thus was and during his tour through this country, Howard willing to accept his new position in Mexico, provided that in doing so he did not co, provided that in doing so he did not jeopardize his rights and expectations in hoarstory in relation to Mr. Lincoln's escape "in a

Austria. The patrimonial property of the House of Austria was consolidated, if not created, spondent, but was never, as has been stated, the city editor of this journal. About sixteen months ago during the reign of the Empress-Queen MARIA THERESA. A large portion of it was then set aside for the extraordinary requirements of the different members of the family. For example, the dethroned rulers of Tuscany, Modena, and Parma receive of Tuscany, Modena, and Parma receive prietors of the Brooklyn Eagle, and was city editor of that paper at the time of his arrest. Almanach de Gotha puts down \$3,729,350 Any articles intended for the great Sanitary Fair as the amount payable in 1863, for the Em- the Committee on Labor, Revenue, and Income, at peror of Austria's civil list, and this does the residence 618 Washington Square.

not include the large allowances to the deposed Austr'-Italian grand dukes. When an Austrian archduchess contracts foreign marriage, she must formally renunciate her claims and undertake not

to raise for herself or for her descendants of either sex any pretensions to the eventual succession to the throne, nor to any participation in either the endowments raised on the patrimonial property, or the inheritances which might fall in ab intestato. Hitherto, these acts of renunciation had only occurred on the marriage of archduchesses. The acceptation of a foreign crown by an archduke is a fact without precedent in the annals of the House of Hapsburg. When the Mexican crown was offered to MAXIMILIAN there was a solemn family council held at Vienna, at which it was resolved to subject him to the above rule, and put his younger brother (the Archduke CARL, aged 33) into his shoes, as respects the right of succession in Austria: Thus the Austrian prince who denaturalized himself by accepting a foreign crown was placed on the same footing with

the Austrian princess who took a foreign ausband. While MAXIMILIAN was simply Archduke, he was what the civil law terms first agnate—that is, connected with the reigning Emperor of Austria by his father's, or by the male side, and, as such, would of right become Emperor should Francis Joseph die without a male heir. As an Austrian Archduchess by a foreign marriage ceases to belong to the imperial family, and loses her quality of agnate to such an extent that her heirs are only entitled to be considered as cognates, or connected with the House of Austria through the mother's side or the female bone, it was contended, in the family council, that MAXIMILIAN'S taking a foreign crown reduced him, also, from the status of an agnate to that of a cognate. The question had not been provided for, and MAXIMIwe cannot regard without pride and hope. | LIAN, claiming that by accepting the sceptre of Montezuma he had not ceased to be first agnate, refused to sign the document renouncing his right.

What he finally did sign was to this effect:-that the Prince, having firmly resolved to devote himself to the destinies of nounces for himself and his heirs, of both sexes, all right to the eventual succession to the throne of Austria so long as the new Mexican dynasty shall continue to reign. dynasty shall reign, he implicitly deprives himself of the right of abdicating, except under the pressure of causes independent of his will. He also engages to respect accomplished facts in the interior of the Austrian monarchy. After leaving, if, during his absence, one of his brothers should be called on to succeed to the mate sovereign. But, if Mexico shall become too hot to hold him, MAXIMILIAN may return to Austria (one account says within six years), and resume his position, only below the Emperor and the Prince Imperial, as first agnate. He resigns half of his appanage and the whole of his succession ab intestato, and it is said that his wife, now Empress of Mexico, has renounced the pin-money, \$10,000 per andaughter and an Emperor's sister-in-law), which was settled upon her when she married.

when assuming the imperial dignity in Mexico, MAXIMILIAN has little confidence in its stability. If he believed in it, he would at once have renounced his rights as an Austrian prince. On the contrary, he bargained, and chaffered, and made such position in Austria, should the new Empire of Mexico prove a flasco. The chances are that he will have a short reign, but scarcely a merry one. He gets his debts paid by assuming the imperial sceptre, and trusts to the chapter of accidents to hold on to what he has got.

Who are the People? The getters-up of the Convention at Cleveland, which meets to-morrow, have done a very cool thing. For some weeks they have been advertising a call "to the people of the United States" to meet at Cleveland. Ohio, there "to consult freely and deliberate peaceably" upon the next tion, and enlightenment, and civil liberty. Presidential election. The New Nation, Lieutenant Robert L. Meade to be first lieutenant; the editor of which, General Cluserer, is one of the provisional committee, and which is the organ of the Fremont movement, thus exposes the utter insincerity of this call. It announces that the meeting "has been called by men who mean to assert and not to discuss the one-term principle," and adds: "It is open to any nomination excepting that of Lincoln. We hope that the friends of the President will understand this matter, and not attempt to disturb the peaceable proceedings of the meeting by their presence." Upon this understanding the members of the Convention may deliberate peaceably, but

> United States, and exclude the friends of Mr. Lincoln, is something more than cool-it is icy! Fine Arts of the Great Central Fair, has requested hibition at the fair, whose lists have been reported. will be waited upon during the early part of this week by persons duly authorized to receive these contributions for transmission to the fine-arts gallery. Our citizens are requested not to deliver any rison chairman of the Committee on Fine Arts, or by Mr. Caleb Cope, or Mr. James L. Claghorn, members of the committee. Lists will be sent to each contributor as a receipt for pictures delivered, and it is suggested that directions be left by the wners, so that there may be no delay in their de-

how they can consult freely it is impossible

to discover. To call the people of the

livery, thus preventing the curtailment of the very imited time left to arrange the fine-arts gallery. PITTSBURG GREAT FAIR .- On next Wednesday, me 1. will commence the Great Fair at Pittsburg in aid of the funds of the Sanitary Commission. This afternoon the staff and teachers, with one hundred and forty-six cadets of the Pennsylvania Military Academy Corps, will leave West Chester, to arrive at Harrisburg at half past six this evening, and risburg at 2 A. M. to-morrow, to arrive at Pittsburg at 1 P. M. They will have a distinguished reception there and parade. They will be on duty on Wednesday, when the Fair is opened, and during taking their tents and all necessary camp equipage with them from West Chester. The drill and discipline of this young corps is most creditable to Col. Theodore Hyatt, president of the Military Academy.

Those who are interested in the Sanitary and Christian Commissions have an excellent opportunity to aid them. Mr. Davis Pearson, whose card is ewhere published, offers for sale one hundred can equally between the two organizations. This very liberal gift should realize several thousands of dol

Governor had been made by the Illinois Union Convention on Wednesday last, the General was introduced, and returned thanks in a patriotic address. vernor resulted in the choice of William Bross, of the Chicago Tribune, whereupon Mr. Bross, being loudly called for, came forward and said: -The New York Tribune furnishes the following Scotch cap and long military cloak," a statement which had not a shadow of truth in it. For a short time he was employed by the Tribune as a correhe was appointed city editor of the Times, a position which he held but a short time, when he was employed by the Daily News, and wrote inflammatory articles in relation to conversations with working-men, at the time of the draft and just before the

July riot. He was afterward employed by the promay be sent to Mrs. J. W. Forney, the chairman of The Senate then went into executive session, and af-erwards adjourned.

WASHINGTON, May 20, 1981 ARMY MATTERS.
Parties who reached here from Fredericksburg today report that guerillas continue to hover around the town in considerable numbers. Many of them

are also to be seen along the banks of the Rappa hannock.
On Thursday evening the guerillas, supposing that Fredericksburg had been evacuated, made a dash up to where some of our troops were in the river bathing, and fired upon them, killing one and wounding two. They soon discovered that our forces held the

town, and immediately retired.

A detachment of Union cavalry were sent in pursuit, but they were unable to overtake the marau-The steamer City of Albanyarrived at Alexandrie to-day, from Port Royal, with 700 wounded on board The men were wounded on Tuesday and Wednesday

WASHINGTON.

last, in the fighting on the North Anna. In order to facilitate the transmission of medica supplies to points developed by emergencies, to secure the proper distribution and presence of modical officers and their assistants where their services are most required, and to provide comfortable abundant, and available hospital accommodations for the sick and wounded of the armies of the Wes

and Southwest, the office of the Assistant Surgeon General has been established at Louisville, Kentucky. WOUNDED FROM FREDERICKSBURG. The steamers Keyport and Lizzie Baker arrived here this morning, with five hundred wounded, being all that remained at Fredericksburg. These wounded are about the most serious cases that have reached here, nearly all of them having lost

Some of these cases were found to be so dangerous that it was impossible to move them from the litters on which they were brought up in the boats, and as they could not bear the jostling of the ambulances detachments of the Reserve Corps were engaged for several hours in carrying them from the wharf to the hospitals. Six died on the Keyport on the way up, and quite

wharf while waiting for the litters to be removed, and others breathed their last while being carried from the wharf to the hospitals. INTERVIEW OF BAPTISTS WITH THE PRESIDENT. A large delegation of Baptist clergymen from Philadelphia waited upon the President, on Saturday morning, to present a set of patriotic resolutions. The delegation consisted of Rev. Dr. BRIDE. Senator Doolittle, and Hon. A. Hurble. They bore the resolutions adopted by the American Baptist Home Mission Society, in session recently t Philadelphia. The resolutions endorse the cours the President, and express the warmest wishes for his welfare and the welfare of the country.

a number on the Lizzie Baker. Five died on the

Dr. BRIDE, in the presence of about a hundred The President, in reply, spoke as follows: "In the present very responsible position in which I am engaged, I have had great cause of gratitude for the support so unanimously given by all Christian denominations of the country. I have had occasion so frequently to respond to something like this assemblage, that I have said almost all that I

had to say. "This particular body is, in all respects, as respectable as any that have been presented to me. The resolutions I have merely heard read, and I, therefore, beg to be allowed an opportunity to make a short response in writing."
The President then, after giving each minister a cordial hand-shaking as they passed before him, re

THE TEN-FORTY LOAN. The Secretary of the Treasury has directed the assistent treasurers at New York, Philadelphia, and Boston to receive five-per-cent legal tenders with undetached coupons at the full amount of their face and June coupons in payment of ten-forties. The subscriptions to this popular loan continue to flow in at the rate of a million per day, and if the internal revenue and tariff acts were in full operation, the revenue from these sources would, it is thought, pay the entire expenses of the Government To and for the expenses of the great military move ments now in progress, bonds of the loan of 1881, to the amount of \$50,000,000 or \$75,000,000, will probably be offered through the assistant treasurers and national banks to the highest bidders. SERMON BY DR. CHEEVER.

The Rev. Dr. Chkever, of New York, preached in the Hall of the House of Representatives to-day. num (only a small allowance for a King's on the right of representation without regard to race or color, as indispensable to a republican form of government and of justice to the colored race, and as determining our destiny as a nation. The Hall was so much crowded that many persons were unable to gain admittance. The speaker was stated, it may be conjectured that, even applauded at the conclusion of his address:
when assuming the imperial dignity in Dr. Cheeven and fifteen other delegates to the

Cleveland Convention will leave here for that city to-morrow. The Senate, in executive session, on Saturday Colonel S. S. Griffins, 6th New Hampshire Regiment, to be brigadier general, having been recom reservations as will place him in his old | mended by General Grant for his gallantry in the eight days' fight in the Old Wilderness and at Spottsylvania.

Colonel George D. Ramsay to be chief of the or nance department, United States army, with the rank of brigadier general.

Colonel Emory Upton, 121st New York Volunteers, and first lieutenant of the Fifth Artillery, to be brigadier general, for services in the eight-days The following, among others, were confirmed as additional paymasters: John A. Dale, of Pennsylvania; Jas. P. Canby, of Delaware; Joel A. Fithian, of New Jersey, and William P. Asson, of Ponnsyl-Also, the following as Commissioners of Subsistence: Edward B. Moore, of Pennsylvania, and John

F. Garwood, of New Jersey. And in the Marine Corps: First Lieutenant Jas. Forney to be captain; Second Lieutenant William A. Remey to be first lieutenant : Second Lieutenant Henry J. Bishop to be first lieutenant; Second Second Lieutenant Lyman R. French to be first | they were repulsed with severe loss. Murdering and lieutenant. By the recent confirmation of the Senate, Ger Woodbury has been promoted to be lieutenant does not exceed 800. The 1st and 2d Kansas (colored) colonel, and General Q. A. Gilmore to be major, in

the regular army corps of engineers. DISPOSITION OF STATE PRISONERS. Edward A. Pollard, late editor of the Richmond Examiner, who had been on parole of honor at one of our best hotels, was to-day sent to Fort Warren, in accordance with orders from Washington. Belle Boyd has been released in obedience to orders from Washington. THE SWISS CONSUL GENERAL

The President has recognized JOHN HITZ as consul general of the Swiss Confederation, to reside at

XXXVIIIth CONGRESS—1st SESSION. SENATE.

AMENDMENTS TO THE CHARTER OF WASHINGTON CITY.

If, WADE, of Ohio, called up the bill to amend the charter of 1830, of Washington, in regard to the registration of voters, the pending question being on Mr. Willey's amendment to Mr. Sumner's negro-suffrage proviso; Mr. Willey's being in (the following words: "Provided, however, That no such resident who is entitled to vote elsewhere shall be entitled or allowed to vote under or by vitue of this resolution."

This amendment to the amendment was rejected.
The question was then take nou Mr. Sumner's amendment, as previously amended by Mr. Harlau, limiting the negro suffrage, or permission to register to those who have borne arms in the United States military service and been honorably discharged, and it was agreed to AMENDMENTS TO THE CHARTER OF WASHINGTON Mr. CARLILE, of Virginia, then suggested to amend by substituting the word "citizen" instead of "resi-dent" in the bill, so as to prevent temporary residents and those who hold citizenship in other States from reging here. woting here.

Mr. WILLEY thought the amendment would not accomplish the object, and, on motion of Mr. TENEYCK, of New Jers-y, the words "who is a malified voter in other respects," was then inserted in the first line of the bill after the word "person." respects." was then inserted in the first line of the bin after the word "person."

Mr. SUMNER then moved another proviso, giving all persons, without distinction of color a vote, who had, during the previous year, paid a tax on any estate, or been assessed for part of the revenue of the city, &c.

After a debate, it was rejected—yeas, nays 27.

Some further modifications of the first amendment of the proviso of Mr. Summer were then made, and it was put in the following form:

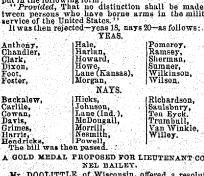
"Provided, That no distinction shall be made between persons who have borne arms in the military service of the United States."

It was then rejected—yeas 18, nays 20—as follows:

YEAS.

Authory.

[Hale, [Pomeroy,

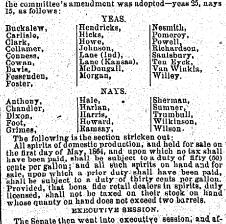


A GOLD MEDAL PROPOSED FOR LIEUTENANT COLO-NEL BAILEY. Mr. DOOLITTLE, of Wisconsin, offered a resolution tendering the thanks of Congress to Lieut. Col. Joseph Bailey, for the distinguished genius, skill, energy, and cores, in his late operations upon the Red river, by which he saved the fleet under Admiral Porter, and that the President of the United States cause a gold medial to be struck, with suitable emblems, devices and inscriptions, to be presented in the name of the people of the United States, with a copy of this resolution engrossed on parchment. grossed on parchment.

INTERCOURSE WITH STATES IN REBELLION.

Mr. MORRILL reported a bill concerning the commercial intercourse between the loyal and insurrectionary states, with amendments which provide that all officers or privates of the military or naval foreas are prohibited from buying or selling the products of such districts under penalties of the act and a fine of five thousand dolars; that the clause of the bill of July, 1801, authorizing, the President to issue permits for commercial relations in districts in insurrection be stricken out; that all property is to be regarded as abandoned when its lawful owner is voluntarily absent therefrom engaged either in arms or otherwise adding rebellion.

THE REVENUE BILL. The consideration of the revenue bill was then re sumed.
The Finance Committee's amendment, striking out
the clause taxing domestic spirits on hand, was considered.
Mr. SHERMAN advocated the retention of the House Mr. Prowell And a tax.
Mr. POWELL, of Kenucky, opposed such a tax as unjust, upon the principle that it was a duplication of taxes on an article which had heretofore been taxed. and that fifty cents per gallon on the article would bring more revenue than an increased rate on the ar-After further debate, on motion of Mr. TRUMBULL, he committee's amendment was adopted—yeas 25, nays YEAS.



THE WAR.

THE TOWN OF HANOVER TAKEN BY SHERL-DAN'S CAVALRY.

GRANT CROSSES THE PAMUNKEY.

The Army Within 18 Miles of Richmond. DALLAS OCCUPIED BY SHERMAN. INHARTAN RAGAGRA AND REATEN AT PHAPKIN

ANOTHER BATTLE AT HAND.

OFFICIAL GAZETTE. WASHINGTON, May 28, 9.50 P. M. To Major General John A. Dix: An official despatch from the headquarters of the Army of the Potomac, at Magahick Church, ton miles from Hanover Town, dated yesterday afternoon at 5 P. M., has just been received. It states that our army was withdrawn to the north side of the North Anna on Thursday night, and moved towards Hanovor Town, the place designated for the crossing of the Pamunkey.

with the first and second divisions of cavalry, took possession of Hanover Ferry and Hanover Town, inding there only a rebel vidette. The 1st Division of the 6th Corps arrived at 10 o'clock A. M., and he now holds the place with a sufficient force of cavalry, infantry, and artillery to resent any attack likely to be made upon him. The remainder of the corps are pressing forward with rapidity.

At90'clock yesterday (Friday) morning, Sheridan,

The weather is fine and the roads perfect. A later despatch, dated at 7 o'clock this morning (the 28th,) from the headquarters at Magahick Church, has also been received. It reports that everything goes on finely. The weather is clear and cool. The troops come up rapidly and in great spirit, and the army will be beond the Pamunkey by noon. Breckinridge is at Hanover Court House with a force variously reported at from 3,000 to 10,000.

The despatch further states that, after seizing Hanover Ferry yesterday, General Torbert captured seventy-five cavalry, including six officers; that the rebel cavalry is exceedingly demoralized, and flies before ours on every occasion. A despatch from General Sherman, dated May 28th, 6 A. M., near Dallas, reports that the enemy, discovering his move to turn Altoona, moved to

Wickham's and Lomax's brigade of cavalry are

also there.

neet our forces at Dallas. Our columns met the enemy about one mile east of the Pumpkin Vinc creek, and we pushed them back about three miles, to the point where the roads fork to Atlanta and Marietta. Here Johnston has chosen a strong line, and made hasty but strong parapets of lumber and earth.

General Sherman's right is at Dallas, and the centre about three miles north. The country is densely wooded and broken. There are no roads of We have had many sharp encounters, but nothing

No despatches from any other field of operations have been received to-day. EDWIN M. STANTON, Secretary of War. GENERAL BUTLER'S ARMY—IMPORTANT MOVEMENT IN PROGRESS. FORTRESS MONROE, May 27 .- The steamer United States, from New York, bound to Washington. went ashore on the Wolf Trap, in Chesapeake Bay, at one o'clock this morning. Assistance has been sent, and she will probably be got off at the next

high tide.
The steamer Thomas Powell, from Bermuda Hundred, brings twenty-five rebel prisoners, captured during a recent skirmish. There are reports of active movements in the army under Gen. Butler.

THE WAR IN THE SOUTHWEST.

GEN. STEELE'S ARMY AT FORT SMITH, ARKANSAS. Iwenty-five Rebel Steamers Reported up Red River.

GENERAL MCARTHUR'S COMMAND AT VICKSBURG. GEN. STEELE'S ARMY SAFE AND STRONG. FORT SMITH, Ark., May 25.—Our army has fallen back on the line of the Arkansas Railroad the rebels under Moxie, Copper, and Shelby, having

made demonstrations in this direction, endangerin ur occupancy of the country, while the Army of the Frontier has succeeded by forced marches from Little Rock in reaching this point, which is now secure against all attacks. Shelby crossed the river a few days ago at Darda force after him, and Thayer is driving him out in BUSHWHACKING, MURDER, AND ROB-Moxie is reported with a division of infantry sixty miles south. The rehels are endeavoring to cut off our communications, but will not succeed. A faint was made by them on Clarkesville yesterday, but robbing by the bushwhackers are of daily occurrence. The loss of the army in the recent campaign

suffered the least. The army is en route for General THE LOWER MISSISSIPPI, CAIRO, May 27.—The steamer Hillman, from Memphis yesterday evening, has arrived here, with fifty-nine bales of cotton for St. Louis. She was fired into at Island No. 10. The St. Louis, when on her way to New Orleans, was fired into at Fuenia Bend. The shells struck her and exploded near her boilers, but no one was injured. The rebels are said to have twenty-five steamers up the Redriver, above the farthest point reached by our army. The steamer Silver Moon, from Memphis for Cincinnati, had a cargo of 773 bales of cotton and rags. Gen. McArthur's command returned to Vicksburg on the 20th. He had had no eagagement with the enemy of import-

ance. There was great excitement in Vicksburg on the reception of news from General Grant's army CALIFORNIA. THE CHRISTIAN COMMISSION—A LAND-SIDE DISASTER. SAN FRANCISCO, May 27.—The meeting in aid of he Christian Commission, last evening, was the irst meeting in California at which the clergy of all Evangelical churches were present. Bishop Kip made the opening prayer. Eight thousand dollars were subscribed, and additional subscriptions are It is proposed to improve Victoria harbor, and to xplore Vancouver's Island.

There is nothing of interest from the northern There had been a tremendous land slide at Pemerton, near the head of Sillooct Lake, filling up thirty or forty feet of the lake, and narrowly esaping the town. Arrived, steamer Pacific, from Victoria, with one undred and ninety thousand dollars in treasure. Sailed, Witch of the Wave, for Callao. Arrived, hip Sirius, from Hong Kong. ROSTON.

THE DEATH OF MR. GIDDINGS BOSTON, May 28.-A Montreal despatch gives me particulars of the death of the Hon. Joshua R. Giddings, last evening. He was engaged in a game of billiards at the St. Lawrence Hall, with Mr. Felkman, when he suddenly complained of weakness and sat down on a sofa. Dr. Turner, of the Scots' Fusileer Guard, and Dr. Patten, both living at the St. Lawrence Hall, and . Sutherland, were promptly by his side, but he at once became insensible, and expired in a few Arrived, steamers London, from Liverpool 12th ad Jersey Blue, from New Orleans; bark P. C.

nd Jersey Blue, from New Orleans; Data L. lexander, Matanzas; brig Los Amigos, Belize The St. Louis Sanitary Fair. St. Louis, May 28.—The cash receipts of the Sanitary Fair up to Friday night amounted to \$319,000. This does not include any of the anticipated donations on the way, notice of the shipnent of which has been received, nor the Smyse farm tickets, thirty thousand of which have been sold: nor any of the large schemes in which shares are being sold. The Fair will continue open during

Relief of the Pennsylvania Wounded. HARRISBURG, May 28.—Surgeon General King left here to-day for the valley of Virginia, having en ordered thither by Governor Curtin to look after the Pennsylvanians wounded in the recent de eat of General Sigel. A Diamond Robbery. CINCINNATI, May 29.—Messrs. Durhem & Co., jewellers, were robbed yesterday of diamonds valued

AN AMERICAN VESSEL STOPPED BY A SPANISH

to proceed. STOCK BOARD-LATEST QUOTATIONS. NEW YORK, May 28-11 P. M .- The following are the closing quotations at Gallaher's Evening Stock Exchange: Gold, 189%; New York Contral, 133%; Erle, 114%; Hudson River, 146%; Reading, 148%; Michigan Southern, 98%; Cleveland and Pittsburg, 114%; Illinois Central, 129%; Galena and Chicago, 149%; Rock Island, 114%; Northwestern, 62; Fort Wayne, 1174; Cumberland Coal, 76; Mariposa, 45. The REPORTED REMOVAL OF GENERAL BUTLER.

The New York Army and Navy Gazette, in an article referring to the removal of Generals Huribut, Banks, Peck, and Sigel, from their commands, says: "It is reported that an order has been issued removing still another prominent officer command
The Union.

In Freen an. New York A Burwell, Mercer, Pa J W Gillespie & Ia, Balt P Hull, Cincinnati J T French, Buffulo, N Y II W Hitsker W Samberson, Wayneshoro J Holland, Pennsylvania L J Kenser, Pa J W Gillespie & Ia, Balt P Hull, Cincinnati J T French, Buffulo, N Y II W Hitsker W Samberson, Wayneshoro brilliantly rendered by Mr. Wolfsohn. The violin solo by Tartini was elegantly and expressively played J M Brown, Massillou, O Geo Browu, Tamaqua G market closed steady, with light sales.

expectations which his admirers entertained of him. But the order has not been published, nor has it yet taken effect." This obviously refers to Gen. Butler. THE GOLD MARKET. Gold reached 190 to-day, closing at 188. FROM NEW ORLEANS. The steamer George Cromwell has arrived from

Now Orleans. Her news is anticipated. SHIPMENT OF SPECIE. The City of London sailed to-day for Liverpoo with \$350,000 in specie. MARINE INTELLIGENCE Arrived—ships May Dundal, from Cardiff; New Holf, Amoy; Hormes, Marsoilles; Orion, Antwerp; Japara, Antwerp; Princeton, Demarara. Below— Barks Sea Ranger, from Messinn; Anne Charlotte.

NEW YORK, May 27, 1864.

PREVALENCE OF INFECTIOUS DISEASE. The often-repeated fears regarding the health of this city bid fair to be realized in fact. A summer season of gloom; a season of interminable funerals of long obituaries, and horrible death gossip, will result, unless some change is effected regarding the general sanitary condition of the streets, and vigoous action by the Board of Health is undertaken At present the small-pox is almost raging in our midst. Jersey City is filled with it, and New York s scarcely freer from the scourge. Its form is virulent : that of the genuine confluent disease. In some ases, bodies have been buried in wrappers, having nearly lost all shape and cohesion. A slight moni ion of the danger apprehended has been conveyed to the public through the action of the Health Commissioners, who have directed the immediate remo val of infected persons to the hospitals, whonever the resident physician may see fit to request such

[Special Correspondence of the Press.]

New York is about the last city in which a respectable man would wish to die. Even the sad ites of burial are matters of elbowing and nudging. Here they buffet—these corpses of men and womenfor first chances. At Greenwood Cemetery the funeral corteges stand in long grim lines, taking turns. At the general receiving vault the mourners pause only for a moment, while here or there a coffin can be moved. There is a shuffling and terrible attrition of box upon box; a moving of dry bones out of the way for the new comer. Then away rattles the cortege in a mad race for the ferries, and another moves up and deposits its load.

After being carefully poisoned by the noxious cfluyla from recking streets and pest-puffing slaughter-houses and bone-boiling establishments, men are crowded away into their sepulchres with the least possible solemnity and decency, the smallest possible space being considered rather too much for such useless things as mortal remains.

THE CONVICTION OF "ANDREWS."

Andrews, "the Virginian," has been convicted upon the charges made against him, and sentenced to imprisonment at hard labor for three years. Before sentence was passed upon him he made two addresses; one to the jury, the other to the court. They were characterized by much luxuriance of expression and gluberish. The testimony given in this case was very brief, but of a positive character Andrews, it will be remembered, made his advent upon the first of the riot days, and made an inflam matory appeal to the mobs, urging them to resist the draft, destroy the custom house and other public buildings, and seize the arsenal. He offered himself as a leader, and was carried by the assembied cut-throats upon their shoulders in token of their approbation. It appeared upon the trial that he narrowly escaped annihilation in one instance. Calvin Pepper, a witness, testifying that he (Pepper) followed Andrews with the design of killing him when an opportunity presented itself. Richard Grant White, the Shakspereian commentator, was one of the witnesses, and testified to facts which, like some of his annotations upon the bard, were rather immaterial. Mr. Blankman, counsel for defence, asserted, by

way of extenuation, that Governor Seymour, of New York, and Judge Woodward, of Rennsylvania, had expressed opinions similar to those of Andrews, which must be consoling to the former brace of Andrews declared, in the course of his speeches, that if it was treasonable or criminal to oppose the draft, he admitted himself guilty. The peroration

was as follows: was as follows:

"Strike me, your Honor; strike me down! But when you strike, concede to me the claim I assert of a free citizen, of a sovereign citizen of this free Constitution. Concede to all men their rights—liberty of speech, liberty of thought, liberty of action, under all circumstances whatever. That I ask, and no more. Your Honor, I have done."

The court ratiosal to strike him however, we can be considered to strike him however. The court refused to strike him, however, but conceded him liberty of speech, liberty of thought, and liberty of hard labor in Sing Sing for the space of three years. AN AUTHOR IN TROUBLE. A gentleman of literary persuasions has lately come

to grief through lack of self-control and a proclivity 609 Chestnut street, whose stock of gentlemen's for wife-heating. The gentlemen has, it appears veakness for occasional crapulous indulgence, and while laboring under the effects thereby induced has been given to the criminal practice before referred to. If any proportion of the stories related of him in this connection is capable of substantiation, he is certainly deserving of no profound com-Of the lady it is said, "afflictions sore long time she bore," until patience ceased to be a virtue, and she entered a complaint at the magistracy against

her erring spouse. Summary incarceration followed; and in penniless misery he now suffers the penalty of his pugilistical insanity. Some ten or twelve years ago this same gentleman was nearly involved in a duel, though, probably, hrough no fault of his own. In some manner h aggrieved a Bostonian, who, smarting under the insult (personal chastisement, I believe), wrote rather affected challenge, leaving everything in his hands but the "time," which he stipulated should o personal perforation, very sensibly declined the honor of puncture, and the affair resulted in the arrest of the challenger. POLITICAL AND MILITARY CRITICISM.

The Republican press is bestowing severe censur apon Governor Seymour's letter to the District Atorney, directing him to procure the indictment of the United States officials concerned in the suppre connection, some rather unpleasant allusions to the gubernatorial speech of July last have been made and his severe principles regarding the pre-em nence of the laws applied to the somewhat unruly action of his "friends" during that notable month. The general ground upon which all this censure seems to be based is the inexpediency of such a step inder existing circumstances. The fact is, how ever, that any attempt to get at the real logical gist of the editorials now served up in our dailies, is necessarily futile. The prevailing style is non-committal, non-lucid, and Germanesque, The editorial treatment applied to the now famous Arguelles case may be similarly characterized. No reader can sufficiently concentrate the radiated opinions set forth to comprehend the exact point at which they are intended to culminate. Of course, there is much profound speculation indulged in regarding the legality or illegality of the strictly speaking; but this opaque speculation is s far overshadowed by eulogies upon the stern que tion of politico-morality involved therein that its exact value is far from ascertainable. General Butler and his campaign have become leading topics for debate. The General is being somewhat harshly criticised for the supposition miscarriage of his plans for the reduction of Rich nond. The Times, in an article upon the superio ability of West Point graduates, joins Sigel in the

same category, and sneers at the claims of civilian generals. General Banks was read out long ago. Ernst Francis Dietz, a gentleman of German descent, is presenting his claims as the inventor, or rather discoverer, of "perpetual motion," as well as of a method for applying it as the motive power to machinery. The sale of the great Bohn collection of books bids fair to eventuate in "slaughter." An average of from forty to fifty cents per volume is all that

has thus far been obtained. This result was altogether unexpected, Bohn's publications having always heretofore commanded large and remunerative prices, even under the hammer. John Bradburn is republishing Dickens' new novel, "Our Mutual Friend," in monthly parts, similar to those which are now being issued in London. He has also just issued "Ye Book of Bubbles." a companion volume to Lear's (English) Darley, Hoppin, Beard, the satirical painter, and The Florences are playing, at Winter Garden, in Byron's burlesque of "Fra Diavolo." "Bel Demonio" is attracting immense audiences at Niblo's The draft is being enforced in Jersey City and Hoboken, although this city, as yet, escapes the manifest destiny of the conscription. Why New York should be absolved from bearing its proportion

of the general burden, no one pretends to understand. Doubtless there is some important reason for granting this immunity, and, as far as our citizens are concerned, no querulousness has yet been exhibited upon the subject. The Common Council of Jersey City has voted to pay the exemption money for the conscripts. Some legal objection prevents a similar action on the part of the Hoboken authorities, at which the residents in that benighted ocality are highly indignant. STUYVESANT. Public Entertainments. WALNUT-STREET THEATRE.-To-morrow evening Mr. Henry D. Bascombe will take his benefit here.

There is an excellent "bill of fare," but, indepen-

dent of this attraction, Mr. Bascombe is one of the

most popular, as he cortainly is one of the most ef-

ficient of the Walnut-street company. His friends

will be glad to learn that he continues in this company during the season of 1864–65.
AROH-STREET THEATRE,—Mr. Frank Drew commences the fourth week of his engagement to-night. He will appear as Dromio of Syracuse in the "Comedy of Errors, Mr. Stuart Robson performing the part of his brother of Ephesus. The drama entitled "The Pirates of the Savannah" will also be played for the first time. OHESTNUT-STREET THEATRE.-The new sensational drama, entitled "The Pirates of the Savannah," will be produced at this theatre this evening. Little Katie Baker will make her first appearance. CARL WOLVSOHN'S MATINEE at the Academy of Music on Saturday was a brilliant termination to The schooner Flash, from St. Martins and Bara- his fine series of classical concerts. It was the occoa, reports that on her passage from the former to the latter place, off Isabella Bay, she was fired at man tener, Mr. August Kreissmann, who, though by a Spanish man-of-war, who sent a boat on board, and, after examining her papers, allowed the Flash several years. Mr. Kreissmann has a rich and sympathetic voice of great range, power, and sweet ness, and, in the rendition of the song-music of his native land, he is not excelled, if equalled, by any artist we have heard. He sang, on Saturday, Schumann's beautiful "Dichterliebe," Schubert's celebrated "Erlkoenig," and three charming ballads by Franz, giving to each of them wonderful force and delicacy of expression. Schubert's songs are comparatively well known in our musical circles, but the vocal compositions of Schumann and Franz are seldom heard, and Mr. Kreissmann descrives our thanks for producing them. The

ing a heavy column, who has not fulfilled the great | by Mr. Thomas, and the matinee closed with Schumann's magnificent Quartette in E flat major for plane and stringed instruments. A concert of such substantial excellence in both the matter and the performance is seldom heard in America. E.- Mrs. H. G. Guinness, wife of the well-known preacher, recently delivered a sermon in the Friends' Moeting-House, in Limerick, Iroland, to a crowded congregation of ladies. She took for her text. Romans, eighth and fourth verses. She is said to have spoken with great volubility and animation for nearly an hour. LARGE IMPORTANT ATTRACTIVE POSITIVE SALE

OF FRENCH, GERMAN, SWISS, AND BRITISH DRY GOODS, SUN UMBRELLAS, &c .- The carly particular attention of dealers is requested to the very extensive and valuable assortment of French, Swiss, Gorman, and British dry goods, embracing 931 lots of choice and desirable fancy and staple articles, in silks and shawls, in large varieties, linens, cottons, worsteds, sun umbrollas, &c., &c., to be peremptorily sold by catalogue, on four months' credit, commencing this (Monday) morning, May 30th, at ten o'clock precisely, to be continued all day and the greater part of the evening, without intermission, by John B. Myers & Co., auctioneer, Nos. 232 and 234 Market street.

Augtion Notice—Sale of Boots and Shoes.— The early attention of buyers is invited to the large and attractive sale of 1,000 cases boots, shoes, brogans, balmorals, gaiters, slippers, buskins, cavalry boots, &c., &c., to be sold by catalogue, for cash, this morning (Monday), commencing at 10 o'clock pre-cisely, by Philip Ford & Co., auctioneers, at their store, Nos. 525 Market and 525 Commerce streets.

CITY ITEMS.

THE "FLORENCE" SEWING MACHINE.-It ought to be distinctly borne in mind that the "Florence" sewing machine, sold at 630 Chestnut street, challenges the widest comparison with any other machine in use; that it is preferred over all others in every instance where such comparison is made: that it is the best machine in the world for all kinds of family use, and that it is the only sewing machine in existence that is sold with a guarantee to give perfect satisfaction to the purchaser, or the money t

THE GREAT CENTRAL FAIR .- It is to be expected

that all our citizens whose hearts are in the good cause will do what they can for the benefit of the Sanitary Fair. For this reason we advise our readers to buy their coal at W. W. Alter's, 935 North Ninth street, as by doing so they will save a hand-some amount to contribute for patriotic purposes. THE "PRIZE-MEDAL" SHIRT, invented by Mr. John F. Taggart, and sold by Mr. George Grant, 610 Chestnut street, is, without exception, the best in fit, comfort, beauty, and durability. His stock of Gentlemen's Furnishing Goods, of his own exclusive manufacture and importation, is also the choicest in the city, and his prices are moderate. NEW NOVELTIES FOR LADIES AND MISSES. Messrs, Wood & Cary, No. 725 Chestnut street, have Pourri" Turbans for misses and ladies. These are the newest things out for covering the ladies' heads. Their stylish English Walking Hats are also com-

nanding much attention. ABOUT FLOODS, AND SO ON .- The Schuylkill has been emulous of the dairymen of late, and been "taken with a rising." It wentup and then down, like stocks, or almost anything you please. Shak-speare says: "There is a tide," &c. The "swan" had no thought of the Schuylkill when he penned these lines; but he was the poet for all time, and he was probably only anticipating the huge current of trade which in 1864 would be setting towards the Brown Stone Clothing Hall of Rockhill & Wilson, Nos. 603 and 605 Chestnut street,

above Sixth. "PROVISIONS DECLINING."-The Richmond Sentinel mentions, as a healthful sign in the Confederacy, that provisions in all of the Southern cities are leclining in prices. "In Macon flour is now selling at \$150 a barrel." This may be a matter of consolation to Dixie, but we think if the third of that was charged here for the "staff" people themselves would go into a decline. But thanks to a good Government, prices here are moderate, and nobody declines buying a coat at Chas. Stokes & Co.'s, under the Continental, when they want one. A FAIR DEVOTEE lamented to her confessor her love of gaming. "Ah, Madam," replied the reverend gentleman, "It is a grievous sin; in the first

place, consider the loss of time." "That's just what I do," said she, "I always begrudge the time that is lost in shuffling and dealing the cards."

There need be no loss of time to those who desire to procure a suit of elegant clothes, if they will but visit the "palatial" store of Granville Stokes, No. ready-made clothing is unequalled by lishment in the country.

first approaches of Consumption that thousands renain unconscious of its presence until it has brought them to the verge of the grave. An immediate resort to Dr. Jayne's Expectorant, upon the first appearance of Cough, Pain or Soreness of the Throat or Chest, would very generally preclude a fatal result; or, in case these symptoms indicated the presence of latent consumption, would tend to subduthe violence of the disease, and thus materially assist in prolonging the life of the patient. Use the Expectorant, therefore, when you take cold, and thus prevent the necessity for its use in more dan Prepared and sold at No. 242 Chestnut st. my23-2t

gerous complaints. JAYNE'S ALTERATIVE .-It is an established fact that a very large class of diseases can only be cured by such remedies as will enter into the blood and circulate with it through every portion of the body, for only by this means can the remedy be brought into immediate contact with the disease. To obtain this desirable end, no preparation has ever been so uniformly successful as DR. JAYNE'S ALTERATIVE. Scrofula. Skin Diseases.

Erysipelas, Rheumatism. Dropsy, Epilepsy, &c., Cancerous Tumors, White Swellings, Gout, Liver Complaint, Dyspepsia Ulcers, Scald Head, &c., &c. have all been effectually cured by this ALTERA TIVE. It is, besides, one of the most pleasant arti cles that can be taken into the stomach, operating as a tonic, and removing Dyspeptic and Nervous ections. Prepared only by Dr. D. Jayne & Son No. 242 Chestnut street. CORNS, BUNIONS, INVESTED NAILS, ENLARGED

NTS, and all diseases of the feet, cured withou pain or inconvenience to the patient, by Drs. Zacha rie & Barnett, Surgeon Chiropodists, 921 Chestnu street. Refer to physicians and surgeons of the ARRIVALS AT THE HOTELS.

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Sami Keys, Pittsburg

an Jas Shouse, Pittsburg

an Wail, N Jersey
Miss Boyle, N Jersey
Miss Michols, N Jersey
Miss Michols, N Jersey
General Cooke, U S A

of R Harris, Portland
C Lloyd & wf, Wash,
A D Wash, New York
T S Classton, Eosston ninam, Boston J
Leatherbee & l, Boston J
Leatherbee & l, Boston M
Walker, London
Walcott, New York M
CCauley, New York M
Robarts, London G
W T Helmuth & la, Mo F
Lord, Boston G Connor Hubbard &la, Syracus ittaburg Penna l. New York

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L Bewley, Oil City
A Bigler, Harrisburg
W Robarts, London
'C Strawbridge, W Chester
F Stockes, Newport
L Hunt, Maryland
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Wm Derrickson, Dei
R L Tatem, Delaware
S G Hunt, Delaware
S G Hunt, Delaware
M R Thomas, Delaware
Maj R L Thompson, US A
Capt Thos L Greene, US A
Capt Thos L Greene, US A
M A Jones & Ia, New York
Miss T Jones, New York
Miss Wolcott, New York
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John Robinson & wf, N Y
S F Hutchinson, New York
J H Schultz, New York
J H Marington
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Mr Bartlert, Bethiehem
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James Lee, New York
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Chas L Bown
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J W Shipman, New York
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G W Hail
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G E Sackett, New York
A W Fellows, New York The Merchants'. The Merchants'.

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Geo Reed, Laneaster
Lewis Carl, York, Pa
N M Horton, Wilkesbarre
Thos White, Indiana, Pa
Edw Wetherill, Frankford
Fredk Laner, Reading
Geo Zinnel, Norristown
H H Boyles, New York
John G Leslee, Poland, O
Mirs K Gilkey, Foland, O
Miss Cofiman, Reading
Miss Yanreid, Reading
Miss Yanreid, Reading
Miss Yanreid, Reading
Miss Gofiman, Reading
Miss Vanreid, Reading
Miss Parker & da, Lewist'n
J K M Vun Zandt
S S Mitchell, Harrisburg
Jas Parker & da, Lewist'n
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Rees Bridgewater, Pa
J S Mess, Pittsburg
J A Mess, Miesburg
J B As, Miesburg
Thos M Ogle, Delaware
Chas Howell & wife, Balt The Madison.

J T Barns, Narrowsburg
A H Rundio, M Chunk
Schastian Pledel, Tamaqua
Thos Long, Woodstown
H Smurthwait, W Chester
J O Whitaker, Luzerne co
J Bartley, New Hope
Henry Adams, New York
P S Kugler, New Jercey

The Madison.

Wm Kimble & wf, Bybarry
C Pellett & wf, Panoack
Mrs Genung, Panpack
Mrs Kimble, Panpack
Mrs Kimble, Panpack
Mrs Kimble, Panpack
J D Branning, Narrowsbg
Isaac Pounds, Penna
J D Smith, Monroe co
Jas A Dreibelbis, Penna

The American

Furlong, New York M Weaver Hunter, Baltimore

John Forrest, Baltimore Edwin Sharpless, Md JS Parker, Watertown H C Gibson J C Kirkbride H Bunter

W H Wagner, Lancaster co | W G Le Roy, New York W E Thompson & la, Wash | W G Shreve, Chester G W Barter, New York A F Woodward, Penna S Laubach M D, Easton I F Hetzel Chus Allen W Kuhne, Chester co Jacob G Staly, New Jersey G C C Childs, Conu C Herret, Penna The Commercial.

namercial.

Jas T Brown, Penna
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J Newell, Trenton
G Hasafat, Mt Pleasant
J O Kane, New York
C F Thomas, Wilm, Del
E R Truitt
G II Bugle, Virginia
W H Chase Rogers
DO'Hera, Washington
W S Sager, Hathoro
F W Hansen, New York
H Bush, New York
J B Okeson, Perryville
G W Doxey, New York
Jas Van Horn & la
Mrs Isaac Van Horn
J Gaylee, Iowa The National. The National.

The National Stational Stational Stational States of the Stational Stat The Black Bear.
FT Beanes, Yardleyville W Bothwell, Hartsville H Carr, Hartsville H Tomlinson, Byberry Jas R Buckman, Hartsville C Carr, Hartsville S.Janney, Yardleyville R Koons. Eimerick W Livezey, Attleboro

The Barley Sheaf.

Thos P Rowlett, Pa
John D Ellis, Trenton

H Whitney
L La Bar, Point Pleasant
Geo V Forman, N J
John Saylor, Frenchtown SPECIAL NOTICES. THE ADULTERATION OF SPIRITUOUS LI-QUORS.—What with the increased daties on imported spirits and the heavy taxes on fourth-proof domestic li-quors, an immense quantity of alcoholic preparations are thrown upon the market as representatives of the regular spirits used as beyorages, such as whisky, brandy, gin, and rum, the former now being about as difficult to obtain pure and unadulterated as it used to be common and of good quality. The result of the scarcity of good spirituous liquors has been to introduce into the market a species of beverage composed of pure spirits combined with some tonic vegetable extract, the compound being known as Bitters. These "Bitters' are, generally speaking, as far superior to the spirituous liquors ordinarily retailed at bars and taverns as possible and much less injurious than even the best spirits are, for their tonic effects counterbalance the inflammatory tion that accompanies all alcoholic drinks. But even

in the manufacture of this class of popular beverages. here is more or less adulteration, and therefore care is equired in making a selection, in order that the best mality may be procured.

The best in the market that we have yet seen is that known as the "Golden Bitters," which is warranted of the best materials, and composed of extracts from purely A medical analysis which Mr. HUBBEL had made for the purpose, shows that his Bitters are eminently calculated to relieve the dyspeptic, and afford that gentle stimulant necessary to assist the weak and infirm to bear with the fatigues of daily life. The time will come when these Bitters will supersede the poisonous drinks now imbibed at our public bars, and when this change takes place we shall hear of fewer cases of mad drunk

enness and less deaths from delirium tremens. — Broo HOYT'S HIAWATHA HAIR RESTORATIVE HOYT'S HIAWATHA HAIR RESTORATIVE. HOYT'S HIAWATHA HAIR RESTORATIVE. HOYT'S HIAWATHA HAIR RESTORATIVE. HOYT'S HIAWATHA HAIR RESTORATIVE. In Longfellow's Poem Hiawatha was adjudged to nave conferred the greatest boon on his tribe because no brought to its notice corn. Every one will admit hat our preparation is worthy of its name, for the benefits it confers when it is known.

WHAT THE HIAWATHA DOES. It restores faded and grav hair and whiskers to their

original color. It brings up the natural shading of one nair with another, thus giving the hair a perfect life appearance, so that the most critical observer cannot letect its use. It makes harsh hair soft and silky, stope te falling out, cleanses it and the scalp from all imputies, is as readily applied and wiped from the skin a cts of previous use of preparations containing sulphur sugar of lead, &c.

The proprietors of the Hiawatha published the fol-lowing challenge to test in the New York dailies three weeks, which
WAS NEVER ACCEPTED: Let some well known and disinterested persons ap-point one to the proprietor of each preparation for the hair to bring up the color. Every proprietor to me nothing but his own preparation, and the person

nething also during the test. A certificate of the re notessful competitors. Sold everywhere.

JOSEPH HOYT & CO., 10 University Place, New York mhl9-ly TO CLEAR THE HOUSE OF FLIES, USE Dutcher's celebrated LIGHTNING FLY-KILLER. neat, cheap article, easy to use. Every sheet will kill quart. Sold everywhere. FRENCH, RICHARDS, & CO., TENTH and MAR-

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BATCHELOR'S celebrated HAIR DYR is the Best in the World. The only Harmless, True, and Reliable Dye known. This splendid Hair Dye is perfect-changes Red, Rusty, or Gray Hair instantly to a Glossy Black or Natural Brown, without injuring the Hair or staining the Skin, leaving the Hair Soft and Beautiful imparts fresh vitality, frequently restoring its cristine color, and rectifies the ill-offects of bad Dyes. pristine color, and rectifies the ill-effects of bad Dyes The genuine is signed WILLIAM A. BATCHELOR; all others are mere imitations, and should be avoided. Sold by all Druggists &c. FACTORY, 81 BARCLAY Street, New York. Batchelor's new Toilet Cream for Dressing

STEINWAY & SONS. FFF PIANOS, For sale only at 1006 CHESTNUT Street my4-tf STECK & Co'.s MASON PIANOS. HAMLIN'S ff ff CABINET STECK & GO.'S ORGANS. PIANOS. J. E. GOULD. SEVENTH and CHRSTNUT.

THE POPULAR CLOTHING HOUSE OF PHILA. "OAK HALL." Best-class goods and moderate prices.

WANAMAKER & BROWN, S R corner SIXTH and MARKET St ent (to make to order) No. 1 S. Sixth st. WHRELER & WILSON'S HIGHEST PREMIUM LOCK-STITCH THE CHRAPEST, SIMPLEST, AND BEST.

Salasrooms, 704 CHESTNUT Street, above Seventh

MARRIED TATEM-RICHARDSON.—On the 5th inst., by Rev. J. Hyatt Smith, Alfred Tatem to Rebecca G. Richard-ion, all of this city. FARR.—On the 29th inst., Thomas B: Watison, son of John and Fanny W. Farr, aged Smonths and 2 weeks. The relatives and friends of the family are respectfully invited to attend the funeral, from the residence of his parents, No. 1619 Chestnut street, on Tuesday afternoon, 31st inst., at 4 o'clost, in the 20th year of his age, while charging the enemy's rifle pits on the James river, Sergeant Lawis H. Watkin, of Co. H. 97th Regiment P. V. V., son of Issac watkin, of this city.

Due notice will be given of the funeral on recovery of the body. DIED. nent P. V. V., son of Issac watth, of this city.

Due notice will be given of the funeral on recovery of the body.

LOPER —At his residence, in New York city, at 12 o'clock M., 26th inst., after a long and severe illness, william H., eldest son of Captain Richard F. and Margaret Loper of this city, in the 37th year of his age.

His friends and relatives, and the friends of the family, are respectfully invited to attend his funeral, at St. Pany's Church, Third street, below Walkat street, this (Monday) afternoon 30th inst, at 2 o'clock P. M., without further notice.

BRADY.—Died in Christ, on Friday, May 27th, inst., from diseases of the heart, contracted by her voluntary efforts on behalf of the sick and wounded soldiers on the battle-fields of the Army of Potomac, Va., Mary A. Brady, wife of Edward Brady, West Philadelphia, aged 23 years.

vited to attend his funeral, from his late resident, 1607 Mount Vernon street, on Tuesday, 31st ins 13 o'clock. P. M.

ALLISON.—On the 28th inst., Matida H., wife of
John H. Allison, in the 37th year of her age.

The relatives and friends of the family are respectulty invited to attend the funeral, from the residence
of her husband, No. 223 North Forty-first street, West
biladelphia, on Wednesday afternoon, June 1st, at
clock. To proceed to Mount Moriah Cemetery. Weekly Report of Interments. HEALTH OFFICE, May 28, 1864.

Deaths and Interments in the City of Philadelphia from the 21st to the 28th May, 1864. CAUSES OF DEATH. Hooping Cough.... ronp.... longestion, Brain. Cholera Infantum... Cerebro Spinal Me-Old Age.... Perforation Bowels Leg. Spine Fever, Catarrhal. Total. WARDS.
Ninetcenth...
Twentieth...
Twenty-first.
Twenty-scond
Twenty-third.
Twenty-fourth.
Twenty-fifth. WARDS. Fourth 10 Instruents
Fifth 12 Fourteenth
Sixth 9 Fifteenth
Seventh 17 Sixteenth
Eighth 10 Seventeenth
Ninth 4 Eighteenth
Deduct deaths from the country. 16; Almsnouse, 11; Leople of control, 21, 11.

The number of deaths, compared with the corresponding week of 1863 and of last week, was as follows:

Week ending May 30th, 1863, was 242.

Week ending May 21st, 1864, was 257.

Males, 160; Females, 123; Boys, 85; Girls, 63

Deaths and interments of soldiers, 20.

By order of the Board of Health,

GEORGE E. CHAMBERS, Registrat. BESSON & SON HAVE JUST OPENED Black Canels' Hair Barge Long Shawls.

Barege Square Shawls.

Grenadine Barege Square Shawls.

Silk Grenadine Square Shawls.

Monsseline de Laine Square Shawls.

White and Black Shepherd Plaid Mohairs, 37/4c.

76c, 87%c, \$1, and \$1.25 a yard. Valencias, atomy, White and Black Striped Skirting, 75c. Black neat Check Barges, 87%c. myl0 MOURNING STORE, No. 918 CHESTNUT Street. ZA-SIDE HO1

CHEAP.
Table Linen by the piece.
Mapkins by the dozen, low.
Gullis for single beds, &c.
Red border Chamber Towels.
Hugnenot Stout Sheetings.
EYRE & LANDELL.

WANY AT THE REQUEST OF MANY OF our citizens, Dr. H. T. CHILD, who has just returned from the seat of war, will deliver a LECTURE, On FRIDAY EVENING next, at SANSOM-STREET HALL, the net proceeds for the Sanitary Fair, on "The Condition of the Wounded Men after the Fourteen Days' Battle in Virginia—The Working of the Christian and Sanitary Commissions—The Volunteer Nurses, Sargeons, &c., &c." Tickets 25 cents. For sale by T. B. PUGH. SIXTH and CHESTNUT Streets, and at 931 RACE Street.

RACE Street.

ILINGERIE AND TRIMMINGS DEPARTMENT, GREAT CENTRAL FAIR.—The
Ladies in charge of the above Department, destring to
carry out the duties which have been imposed upon
them, take this method to earnestly solicit contributions
of all articles which come under the above classification, viz: White Goods, Embroideries, Laces, Ribbons,
Ladies' Under-Clothing, Trimmings, and Notions of all
descriptions. Every donation will be thankfully received and acknowledged. Contributions, ticketed with
donors' names, etc., may be sent to any of the undersigned members of the Committee:

Mrs. J. WARNER JOHNSON, chairman, 535 Chestnut street. DIG. J. WARDEN JOHNSON, challing and Cassi-nut street.
Mrs. ELLISTON PEROT, 1932 Arch street.
Mrs. CHAS. S. OGDEN, 1314 Arch street.
Mrs. HENRY DUHRING, 239 North Sixth street.
Mrs. HENRY DUHRING, 239 North Sixth street.
Mrs. H. C. HARRISON, 934 Franklin street.
Mrs. JOSEPH M. STODDARF, 252 North Sixth street,
Mrs. JOSEPH M. STODDARF, 252 North Sixth street,
Mrs. CHARLES W. WHARTON, 125 S. Twelfth st.
Mrs. H. A. DUHRING, 1932 Spruce street.
Mrs. JOHN H. LONGSTRECH, 215 W. Logan Square. GREAT CENTRAL FAIR.-THE

Blon Dunbar
From M. & H. Nathans & Co., Bradford, Eugland, one package Black Alpaca Dresses, received through Lewis & Co., value
Invoice of one case Scotch Tarian Goods, from
Cook, Forbes & Co., Glasgow, through James
S. Fenton, of the firm of Edmund Yard & Co.,
value 615 00 value
Invoice one case 1% extra Wool Premium Twilled
Bed Blankeis, from Norway, Plains & Co., of
Rochester, N. H., by their agent, J. D. Sturtevant, to care of David S. Brown & Co., Philadelphis, value
H. N. Burroughs \$2,015 00 41.165 00 \$43,180 00 DAVID S. BROWN, Chairman

UNITED STATES SANITARY Cash.
James Steel, Huntingdon, Penna.
Methodist Episcopel Church, Nesqueh
per J. Slichter, pastor
T. W. & M. Brown (additional).
George Flack, Chambersburg, Pa... \$131,136 07 CALEB COPE, Treasurer GREAT CRETRAL FAIR.

\$1,709 59 60,044 79 \$61,754.38 CALES COPE. Treasure THE CITIZENS' VOLUNTEER

HOSPITAL ASSOCIATION appeals to a generous people to sustain them in their efforts to administer relief to the noble men who have sacriteed every home comfort, risked life and limb in the desperate conflict with treason: who are determined to crush with the iron heel of right the deep ingratitude of a misgnided and basely rebellious faction, and restore to its pristine purity and beauty the Union of our noble sires, plant upon every Southern hill-top our liberty tree, and moisten its roots with their warm life-blood, or find a grave beneath its soil.

Several thousand wounded in this contest have already surfived among us, and been received at this institution; proper refreshment freely and promptly given, their festering wounds bathed and dressed by woman's tender hand, and every want anticipated.

Donations of money, clothing, vegetables, preserves, dried fruit, or any article beneficial to the afficted, will be cheerfully received, and may be sent to the Hospital, care of THOMAS L. GIFFORD, Secretary, or to J. H. CLATTON, Storekeeper.

The following members comprise the Finance Committee, and would be relad to hear from the friends of

ne following members comprise the Finance Com-tee, and would be glad to hear from the friends of he soldier:
JOHN WILLIAMS, Office No. 6 Willing's alley.
THOMAS T. TASKER, Sr., No. 1822 S. Fifth street,
FRANK BAYLE, at M. Thomas & Sons', No. 139 S. Fourth street.

SAMUEL BAYLE, Office of the Florence Sewing Ma-thine Company, Chestaut street, below Seventh.

CHAS. P. PEROT, Treasurer, S. E. corner Broad CORNER-STONE TO BE LAID. The ceremony of laying the Corner-stone of the Olivet Presbyterian Church, corner of TWENTY-SE-COND and MOUNT YERNON Streets, will take place THIS ATTERNOON, at 4 o'clock.

Short addresses will be made by Rev. Messrs. Barnes, March, Mitchell, McLeed, Willis, and Aikman, of Wilmington, Delaware.

Should the weather prove unfavorable, the services will be conducted in the Chapel adjoining. OFFICE OF THE TREMONT COAL COMPANY, No. 11 Washington Buildings, 274
South Third Street, Philadelphia, May 25, 1834.—The
cortificates of stock of this company are now ready for
delivery, on application therefor at this office.
ALBERT B. ECKEL,
my30-6
Secretary and Treasurer.

my30-6

GREAT CENTRAL FAIR.—THE
Ladies' Committee on Wholesale Dry Goods
acknowledge the subscription from Curwen Stoddart
& Bro., of \$250.

Mrs. J. C. FARR,
Chairman, CARRIAGE DEPARTMENT
GREAT CENTRAL FAIR.—The Committee on
Carriages respectfully desire that all courintuous for
this department be sent in by Saturday next, the 5th of
June, marked "W. D. Rogers, Great Central Fair
Warehouse." Invoice to accompany goods. Donations in money received by any of the Committee.
WILLIAM D. ROGERS, Chairman,
mys0-mwfst 1009 CHESTNUT Street. NOTICE.—THE ANNUAL MEET-NOTICE.—THE ANNUAL MEETSTEAMSHIP DOCK COMPANT, for the election of Directors, and the transaction of other business, will be held at No. 126 North DELAWARE Avenue, second floor, on MONDAY, June 5th, 1884, at 12 o'clock noon, my30-6: WM. DENNIS, Secretary and Treas. ST. ANDREW'S SOCIETY.-A GEORGE YOUNG, Secretary. my30-2t CONGREGATIONALISM.—APPROPRIATE religions services connected with
the public recognition of the First, Second. and Central
Congregational Churches of this city, and the installation of Rev. G. W. SMILET, D. D., as pastor of the
Second Congregational Church, will be held at the
ACADEMY OF MUSIC, on WEDNESDAY next, June
1st, at 7% P. M.

A sergmen will be preached by the Part Taylor lst, at 7% P. M. A sermon will be preached by the Rev. HENRY WARD BEECHER. Other parts in the services have been assigned to Rev. Dr.s. KIRK and STONE, of Boston, Rev. Dr. BACON, of New Haven, Rev. Dr. PALMER, of Albany, Rev. Dr. TODD, of Pittsfield, and others others.

Tickets may be obtained, GRATUITOUSLY. on and after Monday, at Gould's Music Store, Seventh and Chestaut streets, at the office of The Press, at 756 Spring Garden street, and on the evening of the meeting, at the door of the Academy.

my28-4t*

ny25-4t*

REV. COL. G. MOODY, FIGHTING
Parson of the West, will Lecture at the MUSICAL FUND HALL on next TUESDAY EVENING,
May SI, at S.o'clock. Subject—"Our Country." Admission, 25 cents. Tickets may be had at the Methodist
Book Room, Fourth streat, below Arch, or at the door on
the evening of the lecture. For the benefit of the Nineteenth-street M. E. Church, E. T. KENNEY, pastor.

my25-33* The Directors have this day called in the finar instalments to the Capital Stock of this Hank, nayable as follows: TEN DOLLARS PER SPARE, payable on or before the sit day of June next, and the remaining TEN DOLLARS PER SHARE, payable on or before the sit day of June next, and the remaining TEN DOLLARS PER SHARE, payable on or before the sit day of June next.

W. TORREY, Cashier, my25, st.

ARFICE OF THE METALLINE LAND COMPANY OF LASE SUPERIOR.

PRILADELY BIA MAY 16, 1884.

The Stated Annual Meeting of the Stockholders of the METALLINE LAND COMPANY will be held at the OFFICE OFTHE COMPANY, 324 WALNUT Street, on MONDAY the 5th day of June pext, at 12 M.

PRESOLUTE MINING COMPANY. myll-ue6 F. K. WOMRATH, Clerk.

RESOLUTE MINING COMPANY.—
The Annual Meeting of the Company.— KESULULE MILITERS USBITANY.

The Annual Meeting of the Stockholders of the
RESOLUTE MINING COMPANY, of Lake Superior,
will be held at their Office, No. 394 WALNUT Street,
Philadelphia, on MONDAY, the sixth day of June gext,
at 11 o'clock, A. M., for the Electory of Directors and
other business.

B. A. HOOPES, Secretary.
PHILADELPHIA, May 21, 1864.

my22-tje6

Brady, wife of Edward Brady, West Philadelphia, aged 12 years.

The friends and acquaintances of the family and soldiers are respectfully invited to actual her funeral, from her late residence, 408 South Forty-direct street, above Baltimore avenue, West Philadelphia, at 10 clock on Wednesday morning, the 1st of June. To proceed to Moint Moriah Comelery.

NINESTEEL.—On the 56th inst., John D. Ningsteel, in the 66th year of his fage.

The relatives and friends of the family are respectfully NOTICE.—APPLICATION HAS
been made at the office of the Delaware and
Chesapeake Canal Company for a renewal of a Certificate of One Share of Stock in that Company, in the name
of JEREMIAH EMILEN, deceased, the original having
been mislaid or destroyed. WM. P. GRESSON,
adm. cum Test., &c., of the will of
apilimist.