RELIGIOUS INTELLIGENCE.

Religious Statistics of the World.

The *National Almanac and Annual Record* for 1864, published by George W. Childs, of this city, gives us the world as it is in a nut-shell. Among the great amount of valuable statistics which it contains, its compendium of the *religious* world will be to many a highly interesting feature. As a reference *for ecclesiastics* it is an indispensable record. Those, for example, who believe that the Millenium is to be brought about by the conversion of the whole human race through the preaching of the Gospel, can see at a glance the immense field of missionary labor still remaining to be done from a single fact. The total population of the five grand divisions of the world is set down at 1,234,788,000, of which number the total Christian population is estimated to be 361,713,000, or little more than one-fourth of the whole. The proportion of Protestants to Roman Catholics in this estimate is about as 1 to 2, the former numbering 95,916,000, and the latter 165,041,000. This relative proportion is approximately maintained in America, Europe, Asia, and Africa; whilst in Australia and Polynesia, (the fifth grand division,) it is very strikingly reversed, the Roman Catholics there numbering but 250,000 to 1,100,000 Protestants.

It is evident from Mr. Childs' great book that our own country takes down in the world in the number and variety of her religious denominations. Their number and relative membership are estimated as follows: African Methodist Episcopal Church, 26,000 members. Baptists of all grades (embracing Regular, Anti Mission, Seventh-Day, Six-Principle, Free-Will, River Brethren, Winebrennarians, Dunkers, Mennonites, and Disciples, or Campbellites). Total—1,544,453. Christian Connexion, 180,000; Congregationalists—Orthodox, 259,110; Unitarian, 30,000. Episcopalians, 150,593. Friends—Orthodox, 54,000; Hicksites, 40,000. German Evangelical Union of the West, 2,000. German Reformed, 100,691. Israelites, 200,000. Lutherans, 268,983. Methodists (including Episcopal, Church South, Protestant, Evangelical Association, Wesleyan, Free-Independent, Central, and Primitive). Total, 1,681,732. Mormons, 70,000. Presbyterians (including Old School, New School, Cumberland, Reformed, United, Associate, Associate Reformed, Free, and Independent). Total, 569,732. Reformed Protestant Dutch Church, 51,522. Roman Catholics, 3,177,140. Second Adventists, 20,000. Shakers, 4,700. Swedenborgians, 5,000. United Brethren, 5,759. United Brethren in Christ, 102,583. Universalists, 600,000.

The statistics, as presented in detail, concerning the state of religion in every nation throughout the world, constitute an inexhaustible mine of comparative comment, and the notes with which the tables are interspersed contain much late and important information. From the latter we learn, for facts like that 10,000 Christians of Russian America belong to the Greek Church; that the Protestant population of South America consists of a steadily-increasing number of congregations of German and Swiss immigrants in Brazil, of a colony of Waldensians in Uruguay, of German, English, American and other foreign residents in all the large towns of South America, and a small number of congregations of native converts to Protestantism; that in 1863, a plan of union was agreed upon by the General Assembly of the (Old School) Presbyterian Church of the Confederate States, and the United Synod of the Presbyterian Church, and that it is probable that most of the other Presbyterian bodies of the slave States, in particular the Associated Reformed Synod of the South, and the Independent Presbyterian Church, will join this union.

We hope at some future time to draw more largely upon these ecclesiastical statistics for the information of our readers, and we do so the more willingly from the fact that the greatest possible pains have been taken by the publisher to insure accuracy.

SUNDAY-SCHOOL ANNIVERSARY AT THE CHURCH OF THE HOLY TRINITY.—The fifth anniversary of the Sunday-schools of the Church of the Holy Trinity, Walnut street and Rittenhouse Square, was celebrated at that edifice on last Sunday afternoon, at 4 o'clock. The numerical strength of these schools, and the admirable manner in which they are conducted, have awakened such a degree of congregational interest in their behalf as exists in comparatively few churches.

The attendance was very large, and every one seemed delighted, not only with the admirable manner in which the various classes performed the parts assigned to them, but the discipline evinced by the children in a beautiful obedience to their teachers and superintendent. From the annual statistical report we glean the following facts: The main school of the church numbers 367 scholars, presided over by 40 teachers; infant school, 190 scholars and 12 teachers; Bible classes, 260 scholars and 5 teachers; schools of Trinity Mission Chapel, 324 scholars, and 32 teachers; Bible classes, 52 scholars and 3 teachers, making the total of all connected with both Sunday schools and Bible classes of the church and chapel, 1,214. The singing on the occasion was excellent, and the sermon by the rector, Rev. Phillips Brooks, pointed, pithy, and appropriate. The whole exercise will long be remembered with pleasure by all who attended them.

ST. CLEMENT'S CHURCH.—This beautiful edifice, at the corner of Twentieth and Cherry streets, recently consecrated, was finished in 1859. The corner-stone was laid by Bishop Potter, May 12, 1858. It is in the Romanesque style, and was built after plans furnished by John Notman, Esq., architect, who also superintended its erection. The church is on Twentieth street, and the entrance to the church by porches on either side, near the west end. The tower, with the spire, is nearly two hundred feet in height. The interior of the building is one hundred and forty feet in length, including the chancel, and sixty feet in width. It is without galleries, and will seat about one thousand persons. The organ, built by John C. Stark bridge, is a powerful and fine-toned instrument. The total cost of the building, ground, and furniture was $85,000. The Rev. H. L. Spackman was rector from 1855 to 1863, when he resigned. In March, 1863, the Rev. Treadwell Walden accepted the rectorship. Rev. Mr. Walden was formerly pastor of a church at Norwich, Conn. Rev. James Saul has been recently appointed assistant minister of this parish. A lot of ground west of the church has been secured for the erection of a Sunday-school building, which is to be commenced in a few weeks. This will furnish ample accommodations for the large and increasing Sunday-school, the Dorcas, and other societies connected with this flourishing congregation.

THE CITY.

Thermometer

	APRIL 22, 1863.		APRIL 22, 1864.		
6 A. M.	12 M.	3 P. M.	6 A. M.	12 M.	3 P. M.
41	54½	61	46	62½	65
	WIND.			WIND.	
NE	NNE	NE	W by N	W	SW

THE DOMESTIC MARKETS.—The "panic" which the money brokers speak of as having prevailed to a greater or less extent among their street, and at the Stock Exchange, during the week, producing a great fall in prices, has communicated itself to the farmers' stalls and produce markets. The house keepers will be rejoiced to hear this, and the dealers themselves ought to felicitate each other, for the reduction in price is sure to bring increase of business and greater profits. It is the conviction of this fact, brought directly home to the farmers, that has compelled them to accept lower rates for their butter and eggs. The formation of an Anti-Butter League in this city, a week or two ago, had the effect which it was intended to have, namely, to convince that they would forego such an expensive luxury, and await in patience the result of their action. They did not find it so great a sacrifice after all, though Philadelphia butter is said to be without an equal for excellence in the country. If the New Yorkers should resolve to do without butter, they would not earn a very great reputation for self-sacrifice. It is scarcely worth eating at any price. Our people, by resolving to do without this daily article of consumption, have shown a degree of firmness which does them credit. They have brought down the price of butter from sixty cents to thirty-five cents per pound, and it will probably go to the latter rate, and sweet begging for buyers. Quite a large number of families have entirely abstained from its use, and will no doubt continue to do so until it is brought to a fair price, and the farmers made to believe that their profits will result more from the sale at a reasonable rates, than small sales at exorbitant rates. Eggs which, a week or two ago, sold at forty five cents, sold yesterday at twenty-five cents per dozen. Shad which, last week, were commanding $16@20 are readily parted with at 25@40 cents. There was a decline, also, of four to six cents per pound in meats of all kinds. It may be that this fall is the result of the premium on gold has had something to do with this general decline in the produce price-current. It is likely, however, that the chief cause is the determination of the people to no longer countenance by their purchases a combination expressly maintained to keep prices above the reasonable level. The clique of speculators in the necessaries of life have long held high carnival, and it is time their operations had come to a close. To maintain the natural equilibrium in the markets, the combinations of speculators must be counterbalanced by the combinations of the consumers, and in this class is included the whole community.

A BOUNTY-JUMPER SHOT.—A notorious bounty-jumper, who last enlisted under the name of Joseph C. Herrick, was shot in the thigh, on Thursday, by the sergeant of the guard. It seems that a number of recruits were on the way to Camp Cadwalader. Four of them attempted to escape in the vicinity of Callowhill street and Ridge avenue, and three of them succeeded. The fourth fellow was followed by the sergeant of the guard, and, refusing to respond to the hailing challenge, was shot, and he fell. The ball was extracted by Dr. B. C. Hinckle. The wound is not dangerous.

FIRES.—Yesterday the roof of the produce commission house of Messrs. Hellings & Co., on Arch street, below Water, was partially destroyed by fire. In the morning the coal oil factory of Mr. C. F. A. Simonin, at Belgrade and York streets, was destroyed by fire to the amount of $500.

FOUND DROWNED.—Yesterday morning an unknown man was found drowned at Sassafras street wharf. He was about 35 years of age, dark whiskers and hair, check shirt, army undershirt, blue pants, and blouse. He was supposed to have been in the water about four months.

FROM FOREIGN PORTS.—The following vessels arrived at this port yesterday: Brig Cocksure, Capt. Hilton, from Matanzas, with 56 hhds sugar, 270 hhds and 36 tierces molasses. Also, brig H. C. Bazley, Capt Feven, from Havana, with 29 boxes sugar, 220 hhds old iron, and 150,000 cigars.

FATAL RESULT.—James Sanders, aged seven years, who was knocked down and run over by a Green and Coates-street Railroad car, at Eighth and Spruce streets, on Wednesday afternoon, died from the effects of his injuries yesterday at the Pennsylvania Hospital.

FOR THE SEAT OF WAR.—The 32d Regiment United States colored troops did not leave the city for active service yesterday, as was expected, but will get off this morning. The steamer Continental will convey them to their place of destination.

DEATH OF A SOLDIER.—The following death was reported at the medical director's office yesterday from the Cuyler Hospital, Germantown: Sergeant Charles Dougherty, Company G, 69th Regiment Penna. Vols.

THIRD DISTRICT.—The following are the names of the delegates elected in the Third Congressional District to the National Union Convention: Alexander M. Fox and William Andress; alternates, John G. Clothier and Amos Kulgnt.

OUR READERS are referred to another column for notice of meetings for special prayer for our country. These meetings, awakening a deep interest, are continued another week by general desire.

SMOKING ON THE CARS.—It is said that the presidents of the passenger railways have passed a resolution that smoking on the cars shall be prohibited on and after the 1st of May.

RUN OVER AND KILLED.—The number of persons run over and injured by the passenger railroad cars in this city since the first of this year have been numerous. Several accidents have already taken place this week. The cause, no doubt, in many cases, is all owing to the carelessness of the drivers. A boy, named Richard Howard only two years of age, was run over and killed, yesterday, at Front and Race streets, by one of the Race and Vine-street passenger railroad cars. The body was taken to the parents' residence, No. 146 Broad street. Coroner Taylor will hold an inquest at four o'clock this afternoon.

RECRUITING.—Fifty-one men received warrants for city bounty yesterday, at the office of the Mayor.

THE POLICE.

(Before Mr. Alderman Beitler.)

Specedy Justice

John Maddon was arraigned yesterday morning by Officers Murray and Hurst, of the First division of police, on the charge of robbing Timothy Kane, a young Irishman, of the sum of $4 55, under the following circumstances: It seems that Kane, who is pretty much given to drinking, arrived in this city about three weeks since, from the county Galway, Ireland, and proceeded to Cumberland Valley, Md., where he had a sister living. He was in search of farm work. There being very little of this to do in that section of the country in consequence of the unsettled condition of society and business, owing to the rebellion, he came to Philadelphia, arriving in the late line on Thursday night. Being a stranger and intending early to go to get boarding, he was immediately pounced upon by a set of sharpers, acting in concert. Two of them offered to take him in their carriage to a boarding house. One urged him to get in, while the other was getting on the seat. All was hurry and bustle, and young Kane being in the chaise, the driver was given to the horses and away they went. At a short distance off the horses were reined in, and a foot passenger wanted to be accommodated with a ride to the hotel. Jump on to the driver, and the next moment Kane had a companion. After driving around and coming to a pretty dark and secluded place the carriage stopped, and Maddon and Kane got out. Fare of one dollar was demanded, and Maddon pulled out his pocket-book to pay. Kane did the same thing, whereupon the former suddenly snatched it and ran away. Kane followed, and, giving the alarm, Officers Murray and Hurst were speedily upon the ground, and Maddon was arrested. The pocket-book, with the money in it, was found upon his person. The magistrate immediately returned the bill to the grand jury, which body acted upon it at once. It was then presented to the court. District Attorney Mann at once suspended the order of business. Maddon was placed on trial, was convicted, and before eleven o'clock was sentenced by the Hon. Judge Thompson to undergo an imprisonment for the term of two years at hard labor in the Eastern Penitentiary.

(Before Mr. Alderman White.)

A Daring Larceny.

A woman named Mary McGrann was arraigned yesterday morning by Officer Bell, of the Third division, on the charge of the larceny of a basket of groceries, the property of Hesea Baily, a farmer of Chester county, Pa. It appears that Mr. Baily occupies a stall in the south Second-street market, and puts up at the Plough Tavern. Yesterday morning, having sold out his produce, he purchased a variety of provisions, placed the same on his wagon standing on the street, and then went into the tavern. Presently the woman came along and took a basket of eggs, which was observed by John Connelly, one of the hostlers, who asked her what she was doing there?

She replied that "she was engaged to go to the country."

The hostler had his doubts about it, and informed Mr. Baily of the circumstance.

Upon going to the market, the woman and the basket of groceries were not to be seen. Search was at once made, and finally a glimpse of her was obtained as she was turning into Relief alley. She was finally traced to a hiding place, when an arrest was made, and the groceries were recovered. The defendant was committed in default of $600 bail to answer.

(Before Mr. Alderman Dougherty.)

Concealed Deadly Weapon.

W. F. Finemore is the cognomen given yesterday by a young man who was arraigned, at the Spring ward station house, on the charge of carrying a concealed deadly weapon. The evidence disclosed the fact that the defendant visited a ball at Franklin Hall, on Thursday night. During the revelry he became overcome by the power of whisky, and his behavior was of such a character that he was ejected. Upon getting the street, he became unruly, and desperately attempted to re-enter the building. He was arrested by an officer and taken to the station house. Upon his person, searching him, a loaded revolving pistol was found in his pocket. He was committed in default of $1,000 bail to answer.

Store Robbery and Arrest

Frank Broomer was arrested last evening by Officer Scheibley, of the Sixth ward, and Detectives Lamon and Bartholomew, on the charge of robbing the store of Mr. Wm. Allen, on Market street, at night or two ago. The goods were recovered in the cellar of a beer-house, on Front street, above Arch. The prisoner was looked up for a hearing, to take place this afternoon.

THE COURTS.

District Court—Judge Sharswood.

Davis Kimball vs. Chas. H. Cummings. Before reported. Verdict for plaintiff, $1,162 33.

Jurors were discharged from further attendance, and the court adjourned till this morning.

District Court—Judge Hare.

Donnelly vs. Donnelly. Before reported. In consequence of the indisposition of one of the counsel engaged, the trial of this case was interrupted and postponed till Wednesday next.

Henry Tutlow vs. The Second and Third-street Passenger Railway Company. This was an action to recover damages for the loss of the services of a son of plaintiff, a lad fifteen years of age. The allegation of plaintiff was, that, in May last, the boy was thrown off the front platform of one of the company's cars, and when at nearly his place of destination, the driver did not stop the car, and the boy, in jumping from the platform, fell, and the wheels passed over his right arm, crushing it so seriously that it became necessary to amputate it. The defence was, that the boy left the inside of the car and took his position on the front platform, and when near the place where he desired to get off and so stated to the driver, the latter requested him to be careful in making the crossing, and he would stop the car. The boy, however, jumped off while the driver was applying the brakes. He is lame, he spraining his ankle by the horses, thus, by his own awkwardness, rendering a fall unavoidable. Verdict for plaintiff, $5,000.

Bernard McAvoy vs. R. N. Pratt & Co.—An action to recover for work and labor done in manufacturing army blankets for defendants. The plaintiff had a contract with the Government to furnish 7,000 pairs. Defence—that the workmanship of the shoes made by plaintiff was so bad that they did not pass inspection, and that out of 500 pairs so made, by him more than 300 pairs were rejected as not up to the army standard. Jury out.

Court of Common Pleas—Judge Ludlow.

McGoy et al. vs. Irwin & Agnew.—This was an application by John O'Byrne, for plaintiffs, for an injunction to restrain defendants from quarrying and blasting rock alongside of the Pennsylvania Railroad, near the station, Twenty-fourth ward, on the ground that his and property were endangered thereby. The application was opposed by Mr. Pepper. After argument Judge Ludlow granted an order that the blasting should cease, until such time as Mr. Kneass, chief engineer of the city, should devise some plan by which it can be done without danger to either life or property.

Court of Quarter Sessions—Judge Thompson.

George Enorr, convicted of larceny, was sentenced to four months in the County Prison.

William Kelly, convicted on three bills of indictment, for assault and battery on Mrs Pickles and on two of her sons, little boys, was sentenced to an imprisonment of ten days, and was fined one dollar and costs of each bill.

In the case of Samuel Ennis, charged by Rlwood Pollard with the larceny of one hundred and forty dollars, the jury rendered a verdict of not guilty.

SHERIFF'S SALES.

SHERIFF'S SALE.—BY VIRTUE OF a writ of Venditioni Exp. nas, to me directed, will be exposed to public sale or vendue, on MONDAY Evening, May 2, 1864, at 5 o'clock, at Sansom-street Hall,

No. 1. All that lot of ground at the southeast corner of Broad and Sansom streets, in the First ward of the city of Philadelphia; being thirty-two feet in front on Broad street, by ninety feet in depth and seventy feet deep to a twenty-five feet wide street; subject to a mortgage for $6,700, given to secure purchase money, and advances to be made, on which there is due for the ground and advances made, with interest, the sum of four thousand two hundred and thirty dollars.

No. 2. A lot of ground next south of the above, being forty-two feet in front, by one hundred and seventy feet deep to said street; subject to a mortgage of $7,700, given to secure purchase money and advances to be made, on which there is due for the ground and advances made, with interest, the sum of five thousand three hundred and twenty dollars.

No. 3. A lot of ground next south of the last described, and of the same dimensions; subject to a mortgage for $7,700, given to secure the purchase money and advances to be made, on which there is due for the ground and advances made, with interest, the sum of five thousand six hundred and ninety dollars.

No. 4. A lot of ground next south of the above described, and of same dimensions; subject to a mortgage of $7,700, given to secure the purchase money and advances to be made, on which there is due for the ground and advances made, with interest, the sum of $5,699.

No. 5. A lot of ground next south of the last described, and of the same dimensions; subject to a mortgage of $7,700, given to secure the purchase money and advances to be made, on which there is due for the ground and advances made, with interest, $4,949.

No. 6. A lot of ground next south of the above described and of the same dimensions; subject to a mortgage of $7,700 given to secure the purchase money and advances to be made, on which there is due for the ground and advances made, with interest, $4,949.

No. 7. A lot of ground next south of the last described, and of the same dimensions; subject to a mortgage of $7,700, given to secure the purchase money and advances to be made, on which there is due for the ground and advances made, with interest, $4,949.

No. 8. A lot of ground next south of the last described, and of the same dimensions; subject to a mortgage of $7,700, given to secure the purchase money and advances to be made, on which there is due for the ground and advances made, with interest, $4,949.

No. 9. A lot of ground next south of the last described, and at the northeast corner of Broad and Wolf streets; being thirty-two feet in front on Broad street by one hundred and seventy feet deep along Wolf street to said twenty-five-feet-wide street; subject to a mortgage of $6,700, given to secure the purchase money and advances to be made, on which there is due for the ground and advances made, with interest, $6,699.

No. 10. A lot of ground at the southeast corner of Broad and Wolf streets, in said ward, being thirty-two feet in front on Broad street, by one hundred and seventy feet deep along Wolf street to said twenty-five-feet-wide street; subject to a mortgage of $6,700, given to secure the purchase money and advances to be made, on which there is due for the ground and advances made, with interest, $6,699.

No. 11. A lot of ground at the southeast corner of Broad and Wolf streets, in said ward, being thirty-two feet in front on Broad street, by one hundred and seventy feet deep along Wolf street to said twenty-five-feet-wide street; subject to a mortgage of $6,700, given to secure the purchase money and advances to be made, on which there is due for the ground and advances made, with interest, $6,699.

No. 12. A lot of ground next south of the last described; being forty-two feet in front, by one hundred and seventy feet deep to said street; subject to a mortgage of $7,700 given to secure the purchase money and advances to be made, on which there is due for the ground and advances made, with interest, $6,949.

No. 13. A lot of ground next south of the last described, and of the same dimensions therewith; subject to a mortgage of $7,700, given to secure the purchase money and advances to be made, on which there is due for the ground and advances made, with interest, $6,949.

No. 14. A lot of ground next south of the last described, and of the same dimensions therewith; subject to a mortgage of $7,700, given to secure the purchase money and advances to be made, on which there is due for the ground and advances made, with interest, $6,949.

No. 15. A lot of ground next south of the last described, and of the same dimensions therewith; subject to a mortgage of $7,700, given to secure the purchase money and advances to be made, on which there is due for the ground and advances made, with interest, $6,949.

No. 16. A lot of ground next south of the last described, and of same dimensions therewith; subject to a mortgage of $7,700, given to secure the purchase money and advances to be made, on which there is due for the ground and advances made, with interest, $6,949.

No. 17. A lot of ground next south of the last described and of same dimensions therewith; subject to a mortgage for $7,700, given to secure the purchase money, on which there is due, with interest, the sum of $4,978.

No. 18. A lot of ground next south of the last described and of same dimensions therewith; subject to a mortgage of $7,700, given to secure the purchase money, on which there is due, with interest, the sum of $4,978.

No. 19. A lot of ground next south of the last described and of same dimensions; subject to a mortgage of $7,700, given to secure the purchase money, on which there is due, with interest, the sum of $4,978.

No. 20. A lot of ground next south of the last described and at the southeast corner of Broad and Ritner streets, being 32 feet in front on Broad street, by one hundred and seventy feet deep along Ritner street to said 25 feet street; subject to a mortgage for $7,700, given to secure the purchase money, on which there is due, with interest, the sum of $4,978.

N. B. On premises No. 1 stone walls are erected up to the second story; on premises Nos. 2 and 3 three story stone buildings are roofed in and partly lathed; on all the other premises, except Nos. 17, 18, 19, on Nos. 17 and 18 cellars are dug out and partly walled up, and on Nos. 19 and 20 no improvements have been made.

(D. C., M., '64 534 Debt, $5,000. H C Townsend vs. Henry M. Boyd. JOHN THOMPSON, Sheriff.

Philadelphia, Sheriff's Office, April 20, 1864. apr22-3t

QUEEN OF BEAUTY

WHITE VIRGIN WAX OF ANTILLES.

A new FRENCH COSMETIC for beautifying, whitening, and preserving the complexion. It is the most wonderful compound of the age. There is neither chalk, powder, mas ella, blanmitt, nor lais in its composition. It being composed entirely of pure Virgin Wax; hence its extraordinary qualities for preserving the skin, making it soft, smooth, fair, and transparent. It makes the old appear young, the homely handsome, the handsome more beautiful, and the most beautiful divine. Price 25 and 50 cents. Prepared only by HUNT & CO., Perfumers, 41 South EIGHTH Street, two doors above Chestnut, and 133 SOUTH EIGHTH Street, above Walnut. mh18-3m

RELIABLE,—USE GALLAUDETT'S

DANDELION TEA RESTORER. It is not a dye. It restores the hair to its natural color. It does not stain the skin it needs no Bandalines or other dressing. It is a dressing of itself. Price moderate. Try it.

Prepared only by PAUL G. OLIVER, Apothecary, mhs-1m* EIGHTEENTH and SPRUCE Sts.

FINANCIAL.

NEW LOAN.

U. S. 10-40's.

JAY COOKE & CO. OFFER FOR SALE THE

NEW GOVERNMENT LOAN,

Bearing five per cent. interest, in coin.

Redeemable any time after TEN YEARS, at the pleasure of the Government, and payable FORTY YEARS after date. Both COUPON AND REGISTERED BONDS are issued for this Loan, of same denominations as the Five-Twenties. The interest on $50 and $100 payable yearly, on all other denominations half-yearly. The TEN-FORTY BONDS are dated March 1, 1864, the half-yearly interest falling due September 1 and March 1 of each year. Until 1st September, the accrued interest from 1st March is required to be paid by purchasers in coin, or its legal currency, adding 50 per cent. for premium, until further notice.

All other Government securities bought and sold.

JAY COOKE & CO.,

mh30-tf 114 SOUTH THIRD STREET.

5-20 COUPONS,

DUE 1st MAY,

BOUGHT.

ORDERS BY MAIL OR EXPRESS ATTENDED TO.

DREXEL & CO.

apl4-1m

FOURTH NATIONAL BANK

OF

PHILADELPHIA.

CAPITAL $100,000,

WITH

PRESIDENT,
WILLIAM P. HAMM.

VICE PRESIDENT,
ALBERT C. ROBERTS.

CASHIER,
SAMUEL J. MACMULLAN.

DIRECTORS.

WM. P. HAMM, A. BERT C. ROBERTS, JAS. C. KELGH, WM. BROOKS, D. W. BRADLEY, JOHN FARRIRA, WILLIAM S. STOKLEY.

THE FOURTH NATIONAL BANK

is now open at

No. 723 Arch Street,

for the transaction of a General Banking business, upon the usual terms.

Collections made on all points at the very lowest rates.

Subscriptions received for the United States 10-40 Bonds. SAM'L J. MACMULLAN,

apl7-12t Cashier.

FIRST NATIONAL BANK

OF

PHILADELPHIA.

DESIGNATED DEPOSITORY

AND

FINANCIAL AGENT

OF THE

UNITED STATES.

10-40 LOAN.

This Bank has been authorized and is now prepared to receive subscriptions to the

NEW GOVERNMENT LOAN.

This Loan, issued under authority of an act of Congress, approved March 3, 1864, provides for the loan of Two Hundred Millions of Dollars ($200,000,000) United States Bonds, redeemable after ten years, and payable forty years from date, IN COIN, dated March 1, 1864, bearing interest at the rate of

FIVE PER CENT.

per annum IN COIN, payable semi-annually on all Bonds over $100, and on Bonds of $100 and less, annually.

Subscribers will receive either Registered or Coupon Bonds as they may prefer.

Registered Bonds will be issued of the denominations of fifty dollars ($50), one hundred dollars ($100), five hundred dollars ($500), one thousand dollars ($1,000), five thousand dollars ($5,000), and ten thousand dollars ($10,000); and Coupon Bonds of the denominations of fifty dollars ($50), one hundred dollars ($100), five hundred dollars ($500), and one thousand dollars ($1,000).

INTEREST

will commence from date of subscription, or the accrued interest from the 1st of March can be paid in coin, or, until further notice, in U. S. notes or notes of National Banks, adding (50) fifty per cent. to the amount for premium.

mh30-tf **C. H. CLARK,** President.

TREASURY DEPARTMENT.

OFFICE OF COMPTROLLER OF THE CURRENCY, WASHINGTON, February 26th, 1864.

Whereas, by satisfactory evidence presented to the undersigned, it has been made to appear that the Fourth National Bank of Philadelphia, in the county of Philadelphia, and State of Pennsylvania, has been duly organized under and according to the requirements of the act of Congress, entitled "An act to provide a national currency, secured by a pledge of United States stocks, and to provide for the circulation and redemption thereof," approved February 25th, 1863, and has complied with all the provisions of said act required to be complied with before commencing the business of Banking.

Now, therefore I, Hugh McCulloch, Comptroller of the Currency, do hereby certify that "THE FOURTH NATIONAL BANK OF PHILADELPHIA, county of Philadelphia, and State of Pennsylvania, is authorized to commence the business of Banking, under the act aforesaid.

In testimony whereof, witness my hand and seal of office, this twenty-sixth day of February, 1864.

HUGH McCULLOCH, Comptroller of the Currency.

SECOND NATIONAL BANK OF PHILADELPHIA, FRANKFORD.

CAPITAL $100,000. WITH THE PRIVILEGE OF INCREASING TO $600,000.

WILLIAM H. SHAWN, Cashier. NATHAN HILLES, (Late of the Philadelphia Bank.)

DIRECTORS.

NATHAN HILLES, CHARLES E. KREMER, GEORGE W. SHAWN, BENJ. ROWLAND, JR., SIMON R. SNYDER, BENJ. S. COXCOM, EDWARD HAYES, JOHN COOPER, EDWARD SELLERS.

The Second National Bank of Philadelphia is now open at No. 124 MAIN Street, Frankford, for the transaction of a General Banking Business upon the usual terms.

Subscriptions upon all accessible points will be made upon liberal terms. Respectfully,

fe2 2m W. H. SHAWN, Cashier.

COPARTNERSHIPS.

THE UNDERSIGNED HAVE THIS DAY formed a Copartnership for the carrying on of the Dry Goods Jobbing Business, under the firm-name of MYERS, GRAHAM, & MCFARLAND.

C. MYERS, WM. J. GRAHAM, WM. MCFARLAND.

APRIL 15, 1864. apr20-12t*

DISSOLUTION OF PARTNERSHIP.

Notice is hereby given that the partnership heretofore existing between the subscribers, under the firm of LAUMAN & SALLADE, is now dissolved by mutual consent.

GEORGE M. LAUMAN, ANDREW M. SALLADE, J. O. SITTING.

PHILADELPHIA, April 12, 1864.

ALL PERSONS HAVING CLAIMS against the firm of LAUMAN, SALLADE, & CO., will present the same to LAUMAN & SALLADE, in whose names the business will be conducted in future.

LAUMAN & SALLADE.

APRIL 12, 1864. apr13-12t

NOTICE OF DISSOLUTION.—THE copartnership heretofore existing between the undersigned, under the name of M. & C. STERNBERGER, has been this day dissolved, by mutual consent. The business of the firm will be settled by MORRIS STERNBERGER, at No. 24 BANK Street.

MORRIS STERNBERGER, CHARLES STERNBERGER.

April 12, 1864

NOTICE OF PARTNERSHIP.—THE undersigned have this day entered into a partnership under the name of SCHULKILL ARSENAL PROVISION CO. for the Manufacture and Sale of Shirts, Collars, and Gents' Furnishing Goods, at No. 704 CHESTNUT Street, No. 14 BANK Street, Philadelphia.

CHARLES STERNBERGER, MICHAEL C. HIRCH, SOLOMON SHALHEIMER.

apl9-sun8t*

DISSOLUTION OF PARTNERSHIP.

HENRY W. KANAGA having purchased the interests of TREVOR T. FOWLER and TUTLOW JACKSON, in the business heretofore carried on in the Girard House, under the style of KANAGA, FOWLER & CO., the partnership heretofore existing is hereby dissolved. All parties indebted to the said firm are requested to make settlement with Henry W. Kanaga.

HENRY W. KANAGA, TREVOR T. FOWLER, TUTLOW JACKSON.

PHILADELPHIA, April 4, 1864. ap7-tf

NOTICE.—CHARLES C. KNIGHT IS admitted to an interest in our business from this date.

HOBBS & CO., Iron and Steel Merchants, 24 and 26 North FRONT Street.

N. E. corner SHIPPEN and VINE streets, and 24 and 26 North FRONT Street.

apl-1m*

THE UNDERSIGNED HAVE THIS DAY entered into copartnership, and having purchased the interest of PETER T. WRIGHT & CO., will continue the Wholesale Drug business, under the name of STRETCH, BENNETT & CO., at the old stand, No. 509 MARKET Street.

PHILADELPHIA, April 1, 1864. AARON STRETCH, JOSEPH S. BENNETT.

apl-1m

THE UNDERSIGNED HEREBY PUBLISH the terms of a Limited Partnership, which they have formed in conformity with the laws of Pennsylvania.

First. The name of the firm under which the said partnership is to be conducted is GEORGE V. NEVILLE.

Second. The general nature of the business intended to be transacted by the said firm or partnership is the COMMISSION PRODUCE BUSINESS.

Third. The general name of the said firm is GEORGE V. NEVILLE, residing at Holmesburg, in the Twenty-third ward of the city of Philadelphia, and the special Partner is JOHN WHITEMAN, residing at 316 South Tenth street, in the city of Philadelphia.

Fourth. The said Special Partner has contributed to the common stock of the said firm the sum of five thousand dollars.

Fifth. The said partnership shall commence on the first day of January, in the year of our Lord one thousand eight hundred and sixty-four, and shall terminate on the 31st day of December, in the year of our Lord one thousand eight hundred and sixty-seven.

GEO. V. NEVILLE, JOHN WHITEMAN.

Witness at signing, JOHN WHITE.

CHAMPAGNE WINE.—AN INVOICE of "Crescent" and "Comet" Champagne Wine, now landing from Brig Hugo Georg, and for sale by

JAURETCHE & LAVERGNE, 303 and 305 SOUTH FRONT St.

apl1-2w

FINANCIAL.

U. S.

TEN-FORTY BONDS.

These Bonds are issued under the Act of Congress of March 3th, 1864, which provides that in lieu of so much of the loan authorized by the Act of March 3d, 1863, to which this is supplementary, the Secretary of the Treasury is authorized to borrow from time to time, on the credit of the United States, not exceeding TWO HUNDRED MILLION DOLLARS, during the current fiscal year, and to prepare and issue therefor Coupon and Registered Bonds of the United States: and all Bonds issued under this Act shall be EXEMPT FROM TAXATION by or under any State or municipal authority. Subscriptions to these Bonds are received in United States notes, or notes of National Banks. They are TO BE REDEEMED IN COIN, at the pleasure of the Government, at any period *not less than ten nor more than forty years* from their date, and until their redemption FIVE PER CENT. INTEREST WILL BE PAID, IN COIN, on Bonds of not over one hundred dollars annually, and on all other Bonds semi-annually.

The interest is payable on the first days of March and September in each year. The semi-annual Coupons are payable at those dates, and the annual Coupons on the 50 and 100 dollar Bonds are payable on the first of March.

Subscribers will receive either Registered or Coupon Bonds as they may prefer. Registered Bonds are recorded on the books of the U. S. Treasurer, and can be transferred only on the owner's order. Coupon Bonds are payable to bearer, and are more convenient for commercial uses.

Registered Bonds will be issued of the denominations of Fifty Dollars ($50), One Hundred Dollars ($100), Five Hundred Dollars ($500), One Thousand Dollars ($1,000). Five Thousand Dollars ($5,000), and Ten Thousand Dollars ($10,000); and Coupon Bonds of the denominations of Fifty Dollars ($50), One Hundred Dollars ($100), Five Hundred Dollars ($500), and One Thousand Dollars ($1,000).

Subscribers to this loan will have the option of having their Bonds draw interest from March 1st, by paying the accrued interest in coin (or in United States notes, or the notes of National Banks, adding fifty per cent. for premium), or receive them drawing interest from the date of subscription and deposit.

As these Bonds are exempt from municipal or State taxation, their value is increased from one to three per cent. per annum, according to the rate of tax levies in various parts of the country.

At the present rate of premium on gold they pay over eight per cent. interest in currency, and are of equal convenience as a permanent or temporary investment.

It is believed that no securities offer so great inducements to lenders as the various descriptions of U. S. Bonds In all other forms of indebtedness the faith or ability of private parties, or stock companies, or separate communities, only is pledged for payment, while for the debts of the United States the whole property of the country is holden to secure the payment of both principal and interest in coin.

The Bonds may be subscribed for in sums from $50 up to any magnitude, on the same terms, and are thus made equally available to the smallest lender and the largest capitalist. They can be converted into money at any moment, and the holder will have the benefit of the interest.

The fact that all duties on imports are payable in specie, furnishes a fund for like payment of interest on all Government Bonds largely in excess of the wants of the treasury for this purpose.

Upon the receipt of subscriptions a certificate of deposit therefor, in the form of advertisement must be attached to each bid, and the proposals must be specific in complying with all its terms. Each bid, to have consideration, must contain the written guarantee of two responsible names, as follows:

"We, the undersigned, guarantee that, should all or any part of the above bid be accepted, it shall be fulfilled according to the terms proposed and conditions; also, that a written contract, with bonds to the amount of one-fourth the value of the stores proposed to be furnished, shall be executed if required.

The seller's name, place of business, and date of purchase, with the kind, contents, gross, tare, and net weights, must be marked on every package, and all old marks must be obliterated.

Return of weights by professional public weighers to be given whenever required.

Bids will include packages and delivery at any point in the city, and any inferior packages or cooperage will be considered sufficient cause for rejection of contents.

Payment to be made in such funds as may be furnished by the United states for the purpose.

Proposals must be endorsed "Proposals for Subsistence Stores," and directed to

F. E. BUDIE, Captain and C. S. Vols.

apl1-6t

NOTICE TO CONTRACTORS.

OFFICE OF THE COLUMBIA AND PORT DEPOSIT RAILROAD COMPANY.

COLUMBIA, Pa., April 6, 1864.

Sealed Proposals for the Graduation and Masonry of that portion of the COLUMBIA AND PORT DEPOSIT RAILROAD, between Columbia and the head of the Old Maryland Canal, a distance of twenty-nine miles (in sections of one mile), will be received at the OFFICE IN FRONT Street, below Locust, until noon of the 26th instant, at which time the contracts will be awarded. Plans will be exhibited for one week previous to that date.

C. S. KAUFFMAN, President.

W. F. BUTLER, Engineer. apl9-2t

OFFICE DEPOT COMMISSARY OF SUBSISTENCE

WASHINGTON, D. C., April 15, 1864.

PROPOSALS are invited until the 25th inst., at 10 o'clock M., for furnishing the Subsistence Department with

EIGHT THOUSAND (8,000) BARRELS OF FLOUR.

The proposals will be for delivery at the depot as Nos. 1, 2, and 3, and bids will be entertained for any quantity less than the whole.

Bids must be in duplicate, and for each grade on separate sheets of paper.

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