THURSDAY, APRIL 14, 1864. FORNEY'S WAR PRESS, For the week ending April 16th, 1864.

ENGRAVING —The Metropolitan Sanitary Fair.

New York.
II. PORTRY.—"The Tennessee"—"To a Mother". TI. PURINI.— AND ADMINISTRATION OF THE PROPERTY OF THE PROPERT

ment Abroad—Queen Victoria Writing a Blok—Liberatism in Parls—The Papacy.
V. LETTERS OF "OCCASIONAL."
VI. CONGRESSIONAL SOM MARY.
VII. PENNSTLVANIA LEGILLATURE.
VIII. OUR HARRISHIRG LETTER.
IX. THE WAR IN THE SOUTHWEST.—Letter from

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XX. PEILADELPHIA MARKETS.

23 Feetimens of the "Was Press" will be forwarded when requested. The subscription rate for single copies is \$7 per year. A deduction from these terms will be allowed when clubs are formed. Single copies, put up in wrappers, ready for mailing, may be obtained at the counter. Price five cents.

What is Demandea of Congress. Congress should tax. Heavier taxation is demanded by the country, and every day we suffer from the failure to impose it. The power to prevent the evils which threaten is with Congress alone; and unless this power is speedily exercised the people will have the right to accuse their representatives of positive neglect of duty. We do not think the House is wasting time in considering the very important question raised by the speech of Mr. Lone; there its own honor and the dignity of the nation are at stake, and the matter cannot be passed over. But we earnestly urge that it be at once decided whether Mr. Long is to be expelled or merely censured, and that, immediately after this decision, Congress address itself energetically to the great work before it. The Secretary of the Treasury has repeatedly and imperatively shown that upon loans we cannot entirely depend, and that the vast expenses of the war must be met by proportionate taxation. His late annual report analyzed thoroughly the financial condition of the country, and pointed out the only methods of avoiding future difficulty. Congress must act upon the principles there laid down, or

accept the chief responsibility of the evils which will inevitably follow its failure to act promptly. To show how light has thus far been the burden of taxation, and how entirely disproportioned to the strength and wealth of the nation, it is but necessary to refer to the statistics of revenue for the fiscal year ending June 30, 1863, which show that the revenue from loans was \$776,682,361, and from taxes \$111,399,776. We cannot go on in this way; we are dependentupon loans, it is true; but we cannot continue to depend upon them for seveneighths of the national expenditure. To make our system of internal taxation adequate to our wants, Congress must act sternly; it must be made exhaustive and complete; at present, it is notoriously unequal and superficial. Increase the direct income by taxation,

and stop the rapid expansion of paper money, and the upward tendency of gold is airested. Gold ought not be rated at 79 per cent. premium. It is over six per cent. higher now than it has been even in the midst of our greatest military depressions. Congress has it in its power to bring it rapidly down. The inflation of the currency is not the work or wish of the Government, but is the result of the continually increasing issues of the State banks. plenty as greenbacks, for it is a fact that the total amount of these latter is not \$400,-000,000, certainly not more than is required for the transaction of business. A wise legislature would provide for the limitation of the issues of State banks, and their con-

version into national institutions. These matters are forced upon Congress. and have been too long neglected. The true methods for remedying the evils have been proposed to it, and the people wait anxiously for its action. Let the House expel or censure Mr. Long at once, and then go to work.

General Grant's Report. We like General GRANT's report of the brilliant and brief campaign which virtually ended with the battle of Chattanooga, for it is clear, concise, and straightforward, and strictly confined to its subject. It is the work of a soldier, not of a politician, and is doubly unlike the report of Gen. McCLEs-LAN, in recording decisive victories and in the 6th Corps, has been assigned to the command making no complaints of the Government. As the authentic account of the battle of Chattanooga it will be read with interest, and from it may be gathered a clearer idea of the simplicity and strength of the plan of the whole campaign, which was a masterpiece of practical common sense. General GRANT's strategy is not of that kind which is irresistible on paper, but immovable when it is stuck in the mud. The report fully recognizes the important services of SHERMAN and THOMAS, and finally settles the question whether Hooken is not a good general. All of Hooker's onerations in this campaign were successes and the Lieutenant General entrusted to him duties which required more than courage. The extracts we publish from the report contain its more important statements.

Harrisburg and Philadelphia. The proposed removal of the seat of our State Government from Harrisburg to Philadelphia has naturally excited a protest, more or less general, from the inhabitants of the former city, for Harrisburg depends, in conformer city, for Harrisburg depends, in considerable measure, upon its possession of the capital, in the removal of which to roe with the wheelsman, steward, and three of the Philadelphia it is, of course, impossible to bring Harrisburg along with it. All that our legislators have to think of, however, is the interest of the State. Harrisburg has nothing to commend it to the State except the Legislature; Philadelphia has every interest concentrating in and branching out from its limits. Our Legislature would take new and double importance from being

from its limits. Our Legislature would take new and double importance from being seated in one of the finest cities of the world, a metropolis which gathers the intellect and wealth of the State, and is representative of the nation.

The experience of the war shows that it would have been better had the State capital been in Philadelphia, for a hundred obvious reasons which the raising of troops and the invasion of the State will suggest. Here is assuredly the place where the Legislature and the Governorican do the greatest parm, and this truth should test the question between Harrisburg and Philadelphia. Our State Government has no interest in endeavoring to build up forced prosperity for a particular town which has no especial element of growth; otherwise, it would be a most beneficent plan to remove the capital once every half-dozen years, for the benefit of the country towns. Generations have failed to make Harrisburg a populous, important, or very habitable city. On the principle of centrality, and to accommodate the country districts, the Le city. On the principle of centrality, and to accommodate the country districts, the Le gislature removed to Harrisburg; but at this date that town lacks both centrality and accommodation. Now, with railroads and telegraphs, and the great inflow and outflow of our city, Philadelphia is the real heart and centre of the State, and all the . heart and centre of the State, and all the work of time and legislation cannot make an artificial heart at Harrisburg. Here should stand the capital best worthy of the dignity and greatness of the State. It is important that the State Government, at any time, but especially in times of crises, should have at immediate command the resources and power of a great community. Philadelphia must not be considered as a section, with the prejudices

State, and must always be, from the nature of a large and orderly city, a more impartial representative than Harrisburg, even with the Legislature sitting in it. The moral aspect of the question certainly gives no preference to Harrisburg, and here, in Philadelphia, would undoubtedly be the largest and fairest tribunal of criticism. The removal of the capital is not a question of fate, but only of time, and if it is at all necessary, it

is necessary now. Philadelphia will always be a great city, with or without the capital, and the recom mended change we must consider as chiefly o the interest of the State, and not to our own neighborhood. Nevertheless, our municipality is willing to give more than its share to the erection of new Capitol build-

Garibaldi in England. There will be great rejoicing in London to-morrow, on the occasion of a visit from the illustrious GUISEPPE GARIBALDI, who left his island-hermitage with the sole purpose, it is said, of consulting eminent nedical authorities in London as to his health, which is still suffering from the effect of the wound he received at Aspromonte. It is suspected, however, that he has some political object in view, for it is known that he is dissatisfied with the wait-a-while policy-Macbeth's "letting 'I dare not' wait upon 'I would' "-of VICTOR EMMANUEL towards Venetia and what remains to the Pope of the affairs of the Church. It is thought that the main purpose of his visit to England, at this crisis, when the peace of Europe trembles in the balance, is to arouse the friends of Italian nationality and freedom

from their apathy. A great deal, in that case, will depend upon the persons into whose hands he may fall, on reaching England. If the associates there of the wild revoluionists of Europe, the friends of MAZZINI and Louis Blanc, and LEDRU ROLLIN, parade him like a show, he will receive little substantial aid in England. If he avoids being thus taken possession of, he will be received by the friends of liberty and order, the real men of Progress, as one worthy of all honor, public and private, as one whose sword has carved his name on the page of history. The Times sensibly says: "A quiet and dignified but cordial reception is the proper way to welcome him, because it is the way in which eminent men are generally welcomed among us. Nor is it becoming that one so deservedly popular in England should be monopolized by those who only wish to make themselves notorious by clinging to his skirts." The re-action which followed the great

Kossuth ovation, in 1851, should be remembered in this instance, when GARIBALDI, a greater man, is the object. SHARSPEARE declared that all the world s a stage, all the men and women merely players, and that each in his time plays many parts. GARIBALDI has had a great many rôles to perform. A sailor in Italy, Barbary, and South America; a soldier in Montevideo; a general in the Italian war of 1848-'49; a guerilla in the campaign of 1859; a deliverer in Sicily, in 1860; a kingdomconqueror in Naples, in the same year; a dictator in that same Naples while it was in a transition state from the tyranny of the BOURBON to the free rule of VICTOR Ex-MANUEL; next, after striking another blow, to liberate Venetia, a wounded captive, tried for his life, and liberated by the courtesy of the monarch for whom he had conquered a kingdom. Besides this, he had been a trader in the United States, for a bare subsistence; a general in the war of 1859; a legislator elected by several constituencies; he had re-Knighthood, and, with the revenues of a conquered realm in his hands for months,

an Italian farmer would consider decent GARIBALDI, in his grand and simple dignity, as an honest patriot, stands higher than any other European since the fall of the Roman Empire. We do not except The notes of country banks are almost as NAPOLEON, whose genius, whether in war or peace, is unchallenged, but who educed Order out of Chaos, largely for the gratification of his own personal ambition, and even in exile, had vast sums of money to bequeath to his followers, his family now ranking among the wealthy royal houses of Europe. But GARIBALDI has always been disinterested, hating pomp, despising titles, not

covetous of moneyrning the common lust of pelf, He loves his country for itself."

WASHINGTON

WASHINGTON, April 13, 1864. The Army of the Potomac. Accounts from the Army of the Potomac say that our souts report that Longstrant is in Richmond with the greater portion of his army, and that many The squadron of the 1st Regular Cavalry, acting as General Meade's escort, have been ordered to the front, and they will be replaced by a detachment

of the 1st Massachusetts. General Torbett, formerly commanding a brigade of the 1st Division of Cavalry. The regular troops on detached service are ordered to rejoin their respective regiments. Movements of General Grant.

Lieutenant General GRANT returned to Wash Indian Superintendent in California. Austif Willey has been appointed Superinter lately consolidated into one district. The Treatment of Imprisoned Soldiers.

The Secretary of War has approved the recommendation of Congressman Opell, and issued orders accordingly, that the soldiers confined in New York prisons be placed upon the same feeting as State convicts. with reference to the law, which says: "For obedience and good conduct, a convict shall be entitled to a commutation of two days per month for the term of sentence." Cavalry Expedition to Middleburg.

A detachment of the 2d Massachusetts Cavalry under Captain PRILLIPS, went out to Middleburg on Sunday night, and succeeded in capturing nine of Mosser's men, three of the nine being leading spirits in his band—one of them, SAM. Underwood principal scout. They are in the Old Capitol. Money Sent to the Army of the Potomac. Eight million dollars were sent to the Army of the Potomac to-day in charge of sixteen paymasters.

The Gunboat Iroquols.

passengers of the Georgianna. The Expulsion of Mr. Long. Several Representatives who had prepared speeches on the resolution to expel Mr. Long will not have an opportunity to deliver them, as Mr. COLPAX will, to-morrow, demand the previous

Mr. COLPAX will, we morrow, demand the previous question on its passage. Thirty-six speeches have already been made upon the subject, equally divided Mr. Stevens' Bill to Regulate the Cur.

The New Jersey Legislature. TRENTON, April 13.—A concurrent resolution was introduced in the House of Assembly to-day proposing amendments to the constitution of the State, posing amendments to the constitution of the State, that the Legislature shall not hereafter grant exclusive privileges to any incorporated company, or to any persons or corporations, nor extend any privileges are to be supposed to the control of lege now held by any incorporated company. The resolution was laid on the table.

THE STATEMENT of the produce of the oil wells of Pennsylvania, going the rounds of the press, is incorrectly credited to the Pittsburg Chronicle. It is of a section, for it represents the whole we are informed, the work of the Commercial.

THE WAR IN THE SOUTHWEST. ANOTHER ATTACK ON PADUCAH THREATENED.

Columbus and Paducah Safe.

THE REBEL ATTACK ON COLUMBUS. GALLANT REFUSAL TO SURRENDER REINFORCEMENTS ARRIVING.

CAIRO, April 12.—The steamer City of Alton brings Memphis dates of the 11th inst. The rebel cavalry are scouring the country in the vicinity of Duval's Bluff. The steamer Lloyd was fired into n the White river, and had her pilot wounded Paducah, and a portion of his force is marching on the latter place. They passed Lovettaville to-day, and it is expected they will make an attack to night. Our pickets at Columbus were driven in to-day Basides the reinforcements sent from here, five gun boats are ready to receive the rebels. The steame Belle of St. Louis has passed up with 150 bales of

cetton for St. Louis.

CAIRO, April 13.—The rebel General Buford sent a flag of truce at seven o'clock this morning, demanding the surrender of Fort Halleck, at Uclumbus, Ky., the white soldiers to be treated as prisoners of war, but no protection promised to the colored troops found in arms. Five hours was given for the removal of the women and children. As she was orowed with women and enlider. As she was leaving Columbus, two steamers arrived from below with three thousand veterans on route home on fur-lough, also a battery. They were landed, and would couptless materially change the calculations of the

rebels.

The steamer Olive Branch, from New Orleans of the 6th inst., has arrived, and reports that fighting had been going on at Fort Pillow all day yesterday. and up to the time she passed there, when there was occasation of hostilities. Negotiations were pending and a flag of truce was visible. After passing, the fighting was renewed, and the Federal flag was seen to come down, but it was believed to have been shot away, as there seemed to be efforts made to raise it again. Amongst the passengers by the Olive Branch were General Shepley, from Louisiana; Captain Miller, late acting Mayor of New Orleans, and Captain Thompson, of the

Jeneral's staff. LATER. General Buford's demand was for an unconditional surrender of Fort Pillow. It was stated that if the fort was surrendered the negroes would be returned to their masters, but if forced to take he place no quarter would be shown them. Col. Lawrence, of the 34th New Jersey Regiment, commanding the post, replied that his Government had placed him there to defend the fort, and that a had placed him there to defend the fort, and that a nurrender was out of the question. Paducah advices up to noon to day report matters more quiet, and the probabilities of an attack are greatly lessened. General Brayman has sent adequate reinforcements both to Columbus and Paducah, and no fears are entertained by the military authorities for the safety of either place. Passer gers from below report that Forrest recently crosses

THE WAR IN VIRGINIA.

the Coldwater river near Jackson, going Sout with 3,000 horses and 900 wagons, but this is doubt

CAVALRY COMBAT NEAR WINCHESTE A Successful Reconnoissance.

BALTIMORE, April 13.-The Sun of this morn has the following:
"Passergers, both soldiers and citizens, from Martinaburg and Harper's Ferry yesterday, report that a fight occurred near Winchester on Friday at-"It was stated that Major Hunter, with a cavalry force, started upon a reconnoissance from Martins-burg towards Winchester on Friday morning last, and that in the afternoon his forces met those of Gen. Imboden near Winchester, and a severe fight ensued, in which from fifty to one hundred me yere killed and wounded on both sides.
"Major Hunter, having accomplished the object

of the reconnoissance, returned to Martinsburg on "The greater part of the cavalry force with Major Hunter belonged to a Pennsylvania regiment.
"In connection with the above, we learn from burg, Harper's Ferry, and many other places along the line of the Baltimore and Ohio Railroad, have been placed in such condition and numbers as fused the patent of a Marquis in the King- to be ready for any emergency. No immediate at dom of Italy, as well as various orders of tack by Confederates on the line of the road is anticipated, either by the military authorities or officers of the road.

"Passengers from the West confirm the aboveretired into private life, with scarcely what They also say it was a decided triumph to the Union

MISSOURI AND ILLINOIS. ST. LOUIS, April 13.-Judge Niles, of Belleville, an old Democrat, and formerly colonel of one of the Illinois regiments, has announced himself as a canof an untiring, unflagging, and vigorous prosect tion of the war, for the attainment of peace and permanent reunion. For that end, and to establish uatice, I go for the abolition of slavery, and a grant of absolute freedom before the law to every human being in the United States, so as to make slavery impossible in the reconstruction. Cotton 2 cents higher; 74 cents for good middling.

Receipts 440 bales. Flour advanced 20@25c. Wheat 6 cents higher Corn advancing, ranging from \$1@ 1.10, Oats stiffer; 90@92c. Provisions advancing; Mess Pork \$25. Hogshead Leaf Tobacco sold today for \$2.06 \$ 100 hs.

FORTRESS MONROE, April 12.-The Baltimore

steamer Georgianns, Capt, Pearson, this morning, off New Point Comfort, picked up three deserters in a small skiff from Yorktown. They were making for the eastern shore. Their names are Henry Holt, Owen McDonough, and James Scott, all of the 2d New Hampshire Regiment. They were delivered over to the provost marshal of this place. Two steamers, the A. Winands and S. O. Pierce, eft at one o'clock this morning, in search of the disabled steamer Thomas Scott, reported off Cape

CALIFORNIA.

SAN FRANCISCO, April 12.-The Ladoga has ar rived here from New York.

The demand for money is rather active, with a general complaint of short collections. The rates of bankers for good business are paper 1%@2 per cent. a month, and on the street the rates are 2@1

Atlantic currency exchange opened to-day at 58@ towards noon a telegraphic despatch from that city, announcing a further advance in the price of gold, unsettled the price of exchange, which closed at 62 Corn bills, telegraphic transfers, and sterling exchange are at the same rate as last steamer day.

HAVANA AND MEXICO. The Quarrel between Juarez and Vidaurri. New York, April 13.—Intelligence has been received in this city from Havana to the 9th inst. The news is only of local interest, there having oeen no later arrival from Mexico. the Government authorities at Havana had made a formal inspection of the canal of Veuto and expressed their approbation of the enterprise,
Troops continue to arrive from the San Domingo

expedition.

The quarrel between Juarez and Vidauri was much commented on by the Havana press, and it is alleged that the recent vote taken in the States of New Leon and Coabula proves the disposition of the people of those districts to submit to the Go-vernment instituted by the French invader. An effort was on foot in Havana to establish a University, which, both from its architectural ap-pearance and course of studies, will be worthy of the Cuban capital. A site has been selected in the imediate vicinity of the city, and the Government will probably take an active interest in the enter

Death of a Telegraphic Superintendent. New York, April 13.—Mr A. A. Lovett, the su-perintendent of the People's Line of Telegraph, died this evening, of apoplexy, at his office, No. 21 Wall Mr. Lovett had long been identified with the telegraphic interests of the country, and during his useful career had endeared himself to a large circle of friends. His remains will be taken to Beverly,

The Pirate Retribution. NEWARE, N. J., April 13 .- In the case of the pi sel entered Nassau fully armed. The case has been

Non-Arrival of the Asia. HAZIFAX, April 13-9 o'clock A. M.-There are no signs of the steamer Asia, now due from Liverpool. The wind is southeast and the weather is thick with

Sailing of the Africa. BOSTON, April 13.—The royal mail steamer Africa sailed hence to-day. She took \$50,000 in spesie for Halifax, but none for Liverpool. The Welland Canal. Toronto, April 13 -The Welland Canal was

into Lake Erie. The First Rhode Island Cavalry. NEW YORK, April 13 .- The 1st Rhode Island Davalry (veterans) left to day for Washingto Election at Jersey City. New York, April 13.—Oretes Cleveland (Demo crat) was chosen Mayor of Jersey City yesterday.

Cincinmant, April 12.—The ocean fron-siad steamer Catawba was successfully launched here at noon The 10-40 Loan. NEW YORK, April 18.—Subscriptions to the 10-40 loan at the First National Bank to-day amounted to The Price of Gold.

at 179.

NEW YORK, April 13 -Gold closed this evening

Another Iron-Clad Afloat.

EUROPE. Politics in Tennessee. THE KNOXVILLE GREENVILLE CONVENTION Louisville, April 13.—The Journal has a special despatch dated Knoxville on the 12th, which says ARRIVAL OF THE ETNA AND PERUVIAN. Details of the Wreck of the City of New York.

cespatch dated Knoxville on the 12th, which says the Knoxville Greenville Convention met to-day, and elected Hon. T. A. R. Nelson president, who declined the honor, when Col F. A. Heiskel was appointed. The entire session was consumed in the discussion of a resolution to expel any delegate who aided or abetted the rebellion since the meeting of the Convention in 1861. The resolution was tabled by a clear acts. THE WAR IN DENMARK. by a close vote. The Convention then adjourned until to-morrow. Governor Andy Johnson is addressing the crowd in the street. The train which ran off the track has been replaced, and would ar rive with a fresh accession of delegates last evening. A large number of delegates are already in attendance. The Convention is not a packed one, and the indications are against a new State being

CINCINNATI, April 13.-A special Chattannogs despatch to the Gazette says the Greenville-Knox-ville Convention meets to day. It is not supposed bere that the proposition for a separate State or-ganization will prevail. Governor Johnson addressed the citizens of Athens yesterday in a speech more radical than any heretofore delivered by him, Military matters are quiet. The situation of the rebel army is unchanged. Considerable rain has fallen recently, and the Tennessee river is rapidly rising.
A train from Kuoxville to Chattanooga was thrown from the track near Athens, and several soldlers were injured.

From New Orleans via Cairo CAIRO, April 13.—The Free-State Convention was to meet on the 6th, when a temporary chairman was to be elected and the machinery for business put in motion. Four passengers were lost by the recent burning of the steamer Russell, amongst them a Catholic priest, supposed to have been stationed at Natchez.

The Times says it is reported that the French have occupied Matamoros, but nothing is said to indi-cate whether Cortenas made any resistance. It is

likely that the announcement is premature.

The small-pox prevailed at New Orleans to an alarming extent. Merchandise, valued at \$34,000, recently landed opposite Port Hudson, was seized by the military The steamer Creole was to sail for New York of the 6th, and the George Washington for Havana of the 10th. Cotton in fair demand, and an advance of 20 or last week's quotations. A sale on the 5th of 30 bales at 58@71c. Sugar, 18%c. Molasses, 82c.

> PENNSYLVANIA LEGISLATURE. HARRISBURG, April 13, 1864.

Petitions Mr. CONNELL, from citizens of Frankford road in favor of opening Montgomery street; also, favor ing Front street Railroad.

Mr. NICHOLS presented the annual report of Pennsylvania University. Bills Introduced.

Mr. REILLY, incorporating Greenwood Coal Company; also, increasing capital stock of Phenix Coal Company.

Mr. NIUHOLS, incorporating Working Men's Protesting Beneficial Society.

Mr. CONNELL, relative to sale of a proposed railroad depot; also, relating to railroads using steam in the city of Philadelphia.

Mr. RIDGWAY, incorporating the Arizona Gold and Silver Mining Company, and a supplement to the Connecting Kailroad; also, incorporating United States Mining Company.

Mr. SMITH, supplement to the Norristown and Allentown Esilroad.

Mr. SMITH, supplement to the Norristown and Allentown Railroad.
Mr. HOPKINS offered a resolution instructing the Committee on Federal Relations 1) report, to morrow morning, a resolution increasing the pay of soldiers in the army. Not agreed to—ayes 11, noes 15.

The apportionment bill (already published) was passed—ayes 16, noes 13.

Mr. LOWRY introduced an act relative to the Phitadelphia and Eric Railroad, allowing the construction of a branch road from Garland to Franklin.
Mr. NICHOLS, an act relative to the registry of bircha, deaths, and marriages. Mr. NICHOLS, an act relative to the registry of births, deaths, and marriages.

Mr. DONOVAN moved to make the act incorporating the Delaware River Railroad the special order for Tuesday next. Agreed to.

An act relative to the Philadelphia and Eric Railroad was a constant of the special parts. road passed. Acjourned.
AFFERNOON SESSION.

AFFERNOON SESSION.

The following bills passed:
An act incorporating the Local Telegraph in Bucks. Chester, and adjoining counties.
An act incorporating the Manor Railroad.
An act incorporating the Grant Land and Improvement Company.
An act incorporating the Middle Coal Field and Railroad Company.
An act incorporating the Middle Coal Field and Railroad Company.
An act incorporating the National Mining Company of Colorado.
Adjourned until evening. Adjourned until evening. EVENING SESSION.

HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES. Company was considered and passed.

Twelfth and Sixteenth streets Railway.
Mr. QUIGLEY introduced as act incorporating
Twelfth and Sixteenth streets Railway, the corporators being Francis P. Goodwin, Jas. A. Alderdice,
E. R. Helmbold, Thos. McCullough, A. L. Crawford, Alfred Hearkness, and Samuel Bailey.
An act was passed requiring the return judges to
add the returns of election on each Friday succeeding the election.
A supplement to the act incorporating the Frankadd the fetulins of election on each Friday successing the election.

A supplement to the act incorporating the Franklin Lastitute was passed.

A report was received from the Joint Committee on the State Library, stating that, owing to the want of accommodations in the present State Capitol, ten thousand volumes were stored in dark cupboards, in heaps, while only a few thousand volumes could find place on the shelves. There was great danger of fire. Among those stored in heaps, were very valuable Parliamentary and Legislative reports. Adjourned,

AFTERNOON SESSION. AFTERNOON SESSION.

The general appropriation bill was discussed. The proposed increase in the salary of the Adjutant General gave rise to a debate as to the propriety of an increase in all the salaries of Harrisburg officers. It was alleged that no State in the Union pays its legislators more than Pennsylvania, and that the taxes were already enough without paying bigher salaries. Without coming to a vote the House adjourned.

The evening session was devoted to the general appropriation bill. Adjourned.

George Thompson on President Lincoln. In the speech of the English orator, at Washing. ton, he paid the following high tribute to the mind and heart of the President:

I am happy to know that in the crisis of the nation's fate, when the future has to be determined by your present action, the people of the United States are represented, in the person of their elected Chief Magiatrate, by a man so worthy of eateen and confidence as the present incumbent of the Presidential chair. [Enthusiastic and long-continued applause.]

A man not only upright and honest, but asgacious and far seeing. A man who, six years ago, said:

"A house divided against itself cannot stand. This Government cannot endure permanently, half free and half slave." [Applause]

Who declared his own opinion, and that of millions of the American people, when he said:

'I do not regard this matter of slavery as a 'very little thing?—this keeping of one sixth portion of our population in a state of oppression and tyranny, ur equalled in the world; neither do the American people—they regard it, not as a very little thing, but as a vest moral cut!" [Applause] ton, he paid the following high tribute to the mind

as a vast word cour. [Apparents of the Declaration of In-Who said:

"If we take exceptions to the Declaration of In-dependence, which says that all men are equal, where shall we stop? If that declaration is not the truth, let us get the statute books in which it is written, and tear it out. If it is the truth, let us stand by it. Let it be our charter." [Applause.] written, and tear it out. If it is the truth, let us stand by it. Let it be our charter." [Applause.]

Who said that—

"The representatives of the people, gathered within Independence Hall, when they put forth the declaration that men are born equal, and endowed by their Oreator with the inalienable rights of life, liberty, and the pursuit of happiness, gave a majestic interpretation to the economy of the universe. That it was their lofty, and wise, and noble understanding of the justice of the Oreator to his creatures—to the whole great family of man. In their enlightened belief, nothing stamped with the Divine image and likeness was sent into the world to be trodden upon, degraded, or imbruted by their fellow men. They grasped, not only the race of men then living, but they reached forward and selzed upon the furthest posterity. They lighted a beacon to guide their children and their children's children, and the countiess myriads that should inhabit the earth through all future ages." [Applause]

These were the words of Abraham Lincoln when he stood before the people of Illinois sky years ago, seeking at their hands the honorable position of

sges." [Applause]

These were the words of Abraham Lincoln when he stood before the people of Illinois six years ago, seeking at their hands the honorable position of their representative in the Senate Chamber of this House. To night I quote them as the words of Abraham Lincoln, President of the United States, whose Government is represented, and well and ably represented, at the court of every civilized nation on the face of the earth. [Cheers]

To day Mr. Lincoln, with the aid of a willing people, and a brave and devoted army and navy, has the power to give effect to these solemn and emphasite words; and the expectation and belief of all good men, the hope and prayer of every lover of the human race, are that he will give them effect [cheers], and that as his illustrious and honored predecessor, the first President, was the chief founder of American independence, he may be known hereafter as the liberator of America from slavery; that Washington and Lincoln may go down to future ages linked in blessings and in fame together, the one the deliver, the other the repenrator of his country. [Immense applatue.]

"So shall they both forever rest, By all their country a wishes blest. When spring, with dewy fingers cold, Si all come to deck their hallow'd mould. She, then, shall drass a sweekers of the state of the country of the country of the country. There home, too, a preliminator of the country. And treedom shall ewhile repeat To dwell a weeping hermitthere."

New Catholic Archbishops.

New Catholic Archbishops.

[From the New York Herald.]

It is rumored in the city that the Papal bulls have strived in this country, from Rome, appointing the Right Reverend John McCloskey, Rishop of Albany, Archbishop of New York, in succession to the late Archbishop Hughes, and the Right Reverend Martin John Spaulding. Bishop of Louisville, Kentucky, Archbishop of Baltimore, in succession to the late Archbishop of Baltimore, in succession to the late Archbishop Kentick.

It is said that a messenger has arrived in New York having these important documents in his possession, and that he has already journeyed towards Albany and Buffslo. The rumor is very generally creuted in Catholic orders, although we curselves have not been informed by any of our European correspondents, nor have we seen in any of our foreign exchanges that the Pontifical resoript to such effect had been sent into the Sacred College in Rome before the 28th of March, although the Cincinnati Catholic Telegraph, the organ of the Archbishop of that province, contained the following paragraph in its last issue:

"We learn from a well-informed correspondent in Rome that the Apostolic letters confirming the nomination, by our prelates, of Rt. Rev. Bishops Spaulding and Modloskey, respectively to the Archbejssopal sees of Baltimore and New York, were to be expedited the week after the date of his letter, early in March."

After the celebration of the "Month's Mind," for the repose of the soul of Archbishop Hughes, it Indian, by our prelates, of Rt. Rev. Hishops Spaulding and McCloskey, respectively to the Archiepiscopsises of Baitimore and New York, were to be expedited the week after the date of his letter, early in March."

March. "After the celebration of the "Month's Mind," for the repose of the soul of Archibihop Hughes, it was understood that the clergy of the archibicose of New York assembled in causall and delibrated or New York assembled in causal and delibrated or New York assembled in causal and delibrated or New York assembled in causal and countries and countries

for the repose of the soul of Archbishop Lughes, it was understood that the elergy of the archdioeses of New York assembled in council and deliberated on the choice of a successor to that prelate, and that the result of their deliberation was the forwarding to Rome of the names of the Right Rev. Bishop Mc-Ucakev, of Albany; the Rev. Bishop Bayley, of Newark, N. I.; and the Right Rev. Bishop Timon, of Buftalo. We were then informed that the name of Bishop McCloskey was marked as dignissimus; atthough it does not follow, as a matter of rule, that the Holy Father should appoint the person so distinguished, nor is it incumbent on him to nominate any one of the three persons on named, the Head of the Church being entirely unfettered in his action, and the Catholic world always acquiescing in his croice. - The American publishers of the poetry of Jeanhie Ingelow having sent to her the notices of her volume, published in the prominent newspapers and magozines of the United States, and also autograph hisgarines of the Control of the Con

dart, Miss Pressott, Mrs. A. D. T. Whitney, and

Miss Alcott, she replied in a very modest and grace-

A Storming Attack on Duppel Repulsed. French Disposition in the Danish Question. New York. April 13 -The steamship Eins. from New York, April 13—The steamship Etna, from Liverpool on the 30th uit, via Queenstown on the 31st, arrived at this port this morning.

Her papers contain additional particulars of the wreck of the steamer City of New York. She ran on Daunt's Rock, at the entrance of Queenstown barbor, at three o'clock on the morning of the 29th. The rock penetrated the bottom under the bunkers, and as the tide rose the ship filled to her main deck. The passengers, mails, specie, &c., were safely lanced. nded.

Numerous steamers assisted in dismantling the

ship, and endeavored to get out the cargo. Little hopes are entertained for the vessel. Some of the cargo may be saved, but in a badly damaged condicargo may be saved, but in a badly damaged condition.

On the morning of the 30th the water was over
the upper deck, and nothing could be done.
The owners of the ship loae £25,000 sterling, and
the underwriters £70,000. The value of the cargo
has not been ascertained. It consisted mainly of
cotton and bacon.
German accounts say that the Danes had attacked
the Prussian entrenchments, and, after fighting
hand to hand, were driven back, and the Prussians
occupied their previous position.

The Loudon Times thinks that the Conference will
meet with reasonable hope of success, the basis being the Danish integrity.

The Paris Bourse is lower; Rentes are quoted at
656.70c. THE LATEST, VIA QUEENSTOWN.

THE LATEST, VIA QUEENSTOWN.

LONDON, Thursday.—Affairs in Denmark are unchanged. There has been no additional fighting.

The steamer Kearsage has arrived in the Thames, and the corvette St. Louis at Lisbon.

Applications for disco. In at the Bank yesterday, though on the full scale, were not so heavy as previously.

It is thought that Maximilian is requested by his brother to surrender his right of succession to the Austrian throne and to the royal property.

The Prussian division of the Guards have gone to Frederica to co-operate with the Austrians in continuing the siege.

Two engagements, which resulted in favor of the insurgents, have occurred in Poland.

The Portuguese Cortes have passed the measure for the abilition of the tobacco monopoly.

France is said to have deciared, it unadvisable to maintain the treaty of London as a basis of negotiations in the Danish question, and that she considers universal suffrage the only means of arriving at a solution of the question.

The fear of a war in Italy is said to be disappear. universal suffrage the only means of arriving at a solution of the question.

The fear of a war in Italy is said to be disappearrive Danish steamers had appeared off Ragen

The Court of Assize, at Paris, sitting without a Emperor.

THE ALLIED STORMING ATTACK ON DUPPEL REPUBLISHED.

LIVERPOOL, March 30.—The Prussians attempted to carry Duppel by storm, but were repulsed after a five hours' engagement along their whole line.

COPENBAGEN, March 28.—At three o'clock this morning the enemy attempted to surprise our position at Dybool. He penetrated between two of our trenches, but was repulsed to his former position. The engagement lasted five hours. The conflict extended along the whole line. Our iron-clad took an effective part in the contest.

It is announced from the north of Schleawig that render along the whole line. Cell richests took as effective part in the contest.

It is announced from the north of Schleswig that the Prussans in Juliand are moving southward.

SONDERSBURG, March 28—10 A. M.—This morning at three o'clock an attack was made on Batton No. 6, and on the whole Dybool lines. The Prussians were three repulsed. At last the Prussian soldiers refused to obey the command of their officers to advance.

The Rolf Krske fired on the Prussians' right from Webinangbraid. The engagement lasted several hours. The cannonade continues. One hundred Danes are killed and two wounded. Twenty-two Prussian prisoners have been taken. Only Danish regiments were engaged.

Danish regiments were engaged.

THE WAR IN POLAND.

The Austrian authorities in Galatia have placed beyond all doubt their countivance with the Russian authorities in Poland... The declaration of the state of siege was closely followed by an order strictly forbidding the local press to publish anything of an unfavorable tendency to Russia, and now a decree has been issued directing all Polish fugitives from the kingdom to be at once given up to the Russian authorities.

FRANCE. FRANCE.

Admiral Penaud died on the 25th of March, of in-

fishmation of the liver.

Negotiations have been resumed for a treaty of commerce between France and Switzerland, but it is said there was little expectation of a successful ITALY. The Pope was so far restored to health that he officiated at the religious ceremonies of Easter Sun day. On account of rain, however, he bestowed the public benediction inside of St. Peter's, instead of

rmed at Bologna.
Commercial Intelligence. Commercial Intelligence.

STATE OF TRADE.—The advices from Manchester are uniavorable, the markat being flat, and prices having a downward tendency.

LIVERPOOL EKEADSTUFFS MARKET.—Mesers. Richardson, Spence, & Co., Wakefield & Mash, and other authorities, report Flour very dull, with a downward tendency in prices. Wheat quiet at a decline of 1622d for winter red; red Western is quoted at \$3628.7d.

LIVERPOOL PROVISION MARKET.—The circulars transit stated oniat but steady. Park declining. Eagon hivshpool Provision manner.—And strong report Heef Quiet but steady. Pork declining. Bacon steady. Lard quiet but steady. Tallow steady. Butter steady.

Liverpool Produce Market.—Askes are quiet at 338 66 for Pots and 33s for Pearls. Sugar quiet but steady. Coffee inactive. Bice—no sales. Linseed firm. Resin inactive. Sprints of Turpontine—sales small Petroleum quiet but steady.
Lonbold Market Fig.—Breadstuff, inactive but steady. Sugar steady. Rice quiet. Coffee firm. Tallow steady. Linseed Oil firm. Sprints of Turpontine steady at 322 to for French.

tos for French. THE LATEST!

LIVERPOOL, March 31.—Cotton—The sales on Wednesday and Thursday amounted to 12,000 bales, including 3,000 bales to speciators and for export. The market is constant unthinged. 1,000 bates to speculators and not sapora.

Thiel but unthanged

Breadstuffs are dull but steady.

Beef is very dull. Pork is still declining. Lard firm.

The produce market is quiet but steady.

LONDON MOREY MARKET, March 31, P. M.—Conols are quoted as 9.3/2091/ for money
American Stocks - Illinois Central shares 17/215 per
elt, discount Eric Bailroad 8/2071.
STILL LATER FROM EUROPE. PORTLAND, April 13.—The steamer Peruvian, from Liverpool, March 31st, via Londonderry on the 1st of April, has arrived here. Her news is one day

[SECOND DESPATCH.]

PORTLAND, April 13.—The steamer Peruvian, Captain Ballentyne, arrived at this port at 12.30 (10° clock this afternoon. Her advices are one day later than were fursished by the Etna.

Dabish affairs were unchanged.

It is asserted that the negotiations between the Archduke Maximilian and the Emperor of Austria have terminated favorably.

It has been rumored that the pirate Georgia had burnt the ship William Crampton, of New York, in the Bay of Biscay, but nothing could be learned of the affair from the officers of the Georgia. The pirate was being rapidly refitted in Garonne.

PORTLAND, April 13.—The steamer Peruvian has been lying off Portland since yesterday noon.

The Nova Scotian, from Portland, arrived at Londonderry on the lat.

The London Post's city article says private meetings were held on the 31st, of gentlemen connected with the cotton trade, for the purpose of furthering arrangements to import cotton from the Southern in States by means of the purchase and withdrawal from circulation of bonds through a company connected with Paris, London, and Liverpool. The arrangement is virtually complete.

The Times' city article says the discount demand at the bank yesterday (the 21st) was extremely heavy.

Gold continues to be taken from the bank, but the [SECOND DESPATCE.]

at the bank yesterday (the 21st) was extremely heavy.
Gold continues to be taken from the bank, but the state of continental exchange does not indicate a probability of continued withdrawals.
The United States steamer Kearsage was in the Victoria docks repairing.
The Paris Constitutionnel says that, considering the diversity of pretensions, France would not consent to a conference deciding the destiny of Schleswig or Holstein, either by choosing a sovereign or by dividing those places between different Powers. The only possible solution would be to ask what form of government and sovereign they desire. This solution is in conformity with the principles of the Imperial Government, and this most equitable. Tols alone would afford European order a durable guarantee. Commercial Intelligence. Commercial Intelligence.

Liverpool. April 1.—Cotton is quiet and unchanged for all descriptions except middling and inferior surets, which are %6% dower. The sales of the week amount to 33,00 bases, and 6,000 bales were sold to-day.

Breadstuffs are very dull. Wheat is easier. Provisions are quiet but steady.

London April 1.—Consols are quoted at 91% 931% for money. Hilmois Central shares 16% 916% per cent. dis. Brie shares 70% 971.

The bullion in the Bank of England has decreased \$4,285 000 during the week

London, March 31.—Sugar firm and unchanged. Rice firm. MANCHESTER, April 1.—No change in actual demand

of price.
LIVERPOOL, April 1.—A fair attendance. Wheat in
moderate demand at easier rates. Plour quiet and nominal. Indian Corn steady. LIFE OF MR. LINCOLN.-A neat 12mo. volume, with portrait, containing the Life and Public Services of Abraham Lincoln, is this day published by or his private and public life, and gives his various Proclamations in full, down to the present time. It AUCTION NOTICE-SALE OF BOOTS AND SHOES -AUGICAL INVITOR—SALE OF DOORS AND SHORE
who would call the attention of buyers to the large
and desirable sale of 1,600 cases boots, shoes, brogans, balmoral gaiters, buskins, slippers, cavalry
boots, &c., to be sold this morning, by catalogue, for cash, commencing at 10 o'clock, precisely, by Philip Ford & Co., auctioneers, at their store, Nos. 525

Market and 522 Commerce street. LARGE IMPORTANT AND PEREMPTORY SALE OF DRY GOODS, CLOTHING, STRAW GOODS, &c.—The early particular attention of dealers is requested to the valuable and extensive assortment of American, the valuable and extensive assortment of American, British, French, and German dry goods, clothing, palm hoods and hats, &c., &c., embracing 815 packages and lots of staple and fancy articles in cottons, lineus, silks, worsteds, and woolens (including a large line of linen goods, partially damaged), to be peremptorlly sold by catalogue, on four months' credits, and part for eash, commencing this morning (Thursday), at ten o'clock precisely, to be continued all day and part of the evening, without intermis-tion, by John B. Myers & Co., auctioneers, Nos. 232 and 234 Market street.

THE GERMAN OPERA -To-day the sale of seats for the opera will be held, at the Chestnut street Theatre and Gould's music store. The first perwill be produced with all the Chestnut street stage. ARRIVAL OF SOLDIERS.—The following

ABBIVAL OF SOLDIERS.—The following regiments passed through the city yesterday, on their way South: 3d Regiment New Hampshire volunteers, numbering 297 men, under the command of Major Randlett. They were fed at the Union Volunteer Refreshment Saloon. Also, the 1st Regiment Rhode Island Cavalry, numbering 340 men, under the command of Major Farrington. They were fed at both Esfreshment Saloons. The former regiment strived about one o'clock in the morning, and the latter between five and six in the afternoon. FROM AFRICA.—The bark Aaron J. Har-vey, Captain Fader, arrived at this port yesterday from Sierra Leone, W. O. A., with 7,442 dry hides, 711 hs, 30 pieces camwood, 347 hs old coppen, 1 340 2.5 yellow metal, 12,321 hb old wrought iroo, 2 bags Pulgary nuts, 6 bags shelled almonds, 6 bags pod pap-per, 2 bales cotton, and 33 bags of ginger. ACCIDENT.—An old man named John Bainbridge had his leg broken yesterday afterdoon while working in a cellar at Hestonville. He was taken to the Fennsylvania Hospital.

FINANCIAL AND COMMERCIAL. prices have sgain advanced. With cales of about 470 bbls at from 123@1250 F gallon.
The following are the receipts of Flour and Grain at this port to-day: THE MONEY MARKET. PHILADELPHIA, April 18, 1984.

PRILADELPHIA, April 15, 1984.

There was intense excitement among the gold brokers to-day. About noon the price of gold reached 79%, Issing six and a half per cent. higher than at any period during the war. Predictions are plenty that it will run to 200, but our faith is, that it will have to do so before the spring campaign commences. We all remember what General Grant did for the speculators last summer, and the prospects are at least flattering that something of the spring campaign commences. We all remember what General Grant did for the speculators last summer, and the prospects are at least flattering that something of the spring campaign demand large, and speculators are rempant. It is easily seen that a great victory would influence all these reasons. People are hoarding in the same way they did a year ago, because they were affaid of coming events, and just in proportion as their fears increased their stockings enlarged, and they held on with terrible earnestness to their "little saving from the general wreck." The spring and summer campaigns opened, and when gold reached 60, 49, 30, they commenced to unite the strings and sell the gold. This very hoarding is the cause of the bresent searcity, which it is said is the cause of the high figures. The foreign demand is the only real argument for an advance of sold, but our separatities are becoming favorities in Europe, and in some the cause of the night light. All the cause of the cause of the cause only real argument for an advance of sold, but our securities are becoming favorites in Europe, and in some measure relieve our wants in that direction. A great victory would certainly not injure the reputation of our bonds. The people are gloomy because nothing has been the cause of t bonns. The proposed story recorded nothing as seen done for three or four months. Transpiring events promise cheerfulness. Towards the close a reaction set in and the price receded to 177%, closing at 178%. government securities were strongly in demand at yesterday's figures. The money market is well supplied it six per cent The stock market was dull, with prices rather weak. Reading fluctuated between \$2½@81½, closing at the former; North Pennsylvania sold at \$3½; Phitadelphia and Brie at \$7½; Huntingdon and Broad Top at 25. the

Organic Oil opened at 2%, and sold down to 21/4; Mc-Organic Oil opened at 22: 18th sold down to 22; into Clintock was effered at 6: 2% was bid for Mineral: 10% for Perry; 11% for Oil Creek; Butler Coal advanced from 46% to 48%; 2-was bid for Clinton: 2% for Feader Dam; 8% for North Carbondale: 8% for Green Mountain: 20 for New York and Middle: 10% for Big Mountain: Ontonagon Mining sold at 4%; 80kemian at 10%; Penn Mining sold at 11. The market closed weak and unsatiled Drexel & Co. quote

Messrs Jay Cooks & Co. announce that all the 5-23 scribed for through their house, are now opened at noon to day by the Mayor, in the presence of the City Treasurar. City Controller, and chairman of the The bids amounted to \$3,538,500, of which there were warded—

\$2,160,000 to Drexel & Co.

\$00,000 to Philadelphia Bank

\$50,000 to Thos. A. Biddio & Co.

\$0,000 to Cooper & Graf.

\$0,000 to Frankin Fire Insurance Company.

11,000 to Jos. Jones, (trustee) \$2,671,000

nms ranging from 106 03 to 109.08, and the ba larce- of \$667,500 at lower premiums was declined. This will bring to the sinking fund about \$200,000 in premiums.

The following is the statement of coal transported over
the Hazleton Rallroad for the week ending Apri
9, 1864, compared with the same time last year:

Work Persylvan. Total 24. 315 01 14. 165 19 15. 609 04 27. 450 16 21. 400 02 10. 928 12 12. 899 13 51, 285 08 10. 937 06 11, 647 19 16, 325 14

Increase..... 7,054 01 7,578 08 24 07 

riem ading.

a 

Philada. Stock Exchange Sales, April 13. (Reported by S. E. Slatmaner, Philadelphia Exchange BEFORE BOARDS. 200 do.... 2000 do.... 750 do.... 

200 Spruce & Pine ... 153/2 50 Lit Sch. ... 494

SECOND BOARD.

1000 N Penna 6a ... 1034/200 Del Div. ... ... 55 47

1000 do ... 1033/2 40 Tenth & Rieventh R 51

1000 do ... 1034/200 Organic Min ... 550 25

1000 do ... 112

1000 Alleg Co Cp 6a ... 55 31 25 Mineral Oll ... ... 56

200 TS 55-20 Bda ... 114/2 200 N Y & Mid ... 199

100 Blue Coal ... 510 415/4 4 Fulton Coal ... 12

100 do ... 510 42 100 Reading R ... 56 32

100 do ... 414/100 do ... 82

100 do ... 414/100 do ... 82

100 Del Div ... 56 47 AFTER BOARDS.

| 100 | 1 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 |

Philadelphia Markets.

The Flour market is active, and prices are firm; sales comprise about 5,600 bbls at \$7.75@8.25 for extra family, including 200 bbls extra at \$7,50 % bbl. The retailers and bakers are buying freely in small lots, at prices ranging from \$6.56@6.75 for superfine, \$70.0 % for extra, \$7.00 % 25 for extra family, and \$3.50 up to \$9.60 % bbl for fancy b ands, as to quality. By Flour is firm; sales are making at \$6.00 % bbl. Corn Meal is also firm but there is very little doing in the way of sales.

GRAIN —There is a good demand for Wheat, and prices are firm About 14 600 brahels have been disposed of at 15 @1526 for red, 1340 for Western amber delivered; white is selling at 190@200 % butbels, as to quality. Bye is scarce and in demand at 1350 % brahel for which is an advence. Oats are firm and in delivate, with sales of 3,600 bushels at 90 for Pennsylva Bales in a steady demand, with sales of 20 bhds lat

Install, which is a steady domand, with sales of 20 hhds lat Mo 1 at 83 from.

No 1 at 83 from.

COTTON —There is more activity in the market, and prices have divanced 260% ft in about 120 bales sold in lots, at 80c ft in cash for middings of the cash for middings at 80c ft in cash and prices are very first small sales of Bio at #645 ft it. In Engarthere is the cash of the cash is the cash of the ca a vory little coing; soons no nogeneeat soid at 107.09
PETHOLEUM.—The transactions are limited, but holdreare firm in their views; small sales are making at
12046 for gride, 50222 for refused in bond, and 603
120 was lind not tree, according to quaity.
120 was lind not real according to quaity.
121 was 122 ra's for prive.

PROVISIONS continue very firm, and p to says lonking to. Sees Pork is held at \$50 \$50 for new. Bee in figure. Sees Pork is held at \$50 \$50 for plat and facey. Pick led Hames are held at 150 for fire better a various of little in the sees of the sees of the sees of the little in the sees of the sees o

New York Markets-April 13. for trade and lamily branch, and the market is firm.
Canadian Flore is more active, and the market is firm at an advance of twenty cents per barrel. Sales of 4,500 barrels at 87 5508 25 for the low grades of extra, and 88.8°, 50 trade and family extras.
Southern Flour is fairly active, and 250 % bit higher Sales of 2 000 bits, at 88 5508 56 for mixed to good saperfine country, Battingure, 30, 1,2ad \$3.506 11 50 for trade and family brands
Fra Flour is firm and fairly active; sales of 300 bbts at and ramily brands

By a Flour is firm and fairly active; sales of 300 bbls at
85.1695 50. Corn Maal is scarce, and hald higher in con-COLENG.—The Wheat market is unsettled, and prices are higher, in sympathy with gold and exchange, but are quite numines. The demand is mainly for milling, but in past for export. are quite memias. The demand is mainly for milling, but in past for export.

The cases are 78.000 bay, at \$100 for Chicago apring: \$1.8500 190 for Milwankee club: \$1920.94 for amber do: \$1.8500 190 for red Western: \$1.900.195 for amber do. and \$1.900 for for red Western: \$1.900.195 for amber do. and \$1.900 for for Canada West, and \$1.00 for lillings. Barley la firmer and more active. Sales of \$7.000 bus, at \$1.900 for Canada West, and \$1.00 for lillings. Uais are in beiter demand, but prices are unchanged: \$1.900 for Canadian at \$2.000 for Dancels (Vals are in beiter demand, but prices are unchanged: \$1.000 for lillings. Uais are in beiter demand, but prices are unchanged: \$1.000 for lillings. Uais are in beiter demand, but prices are unchanged: \$1.000 for lillings. Uais are \$1.000 for lillings. Uais are \$1.000 for lillings. Corn is again higher and in fair remains. though less active; \$3.000 of \$2.00 hu.beits at 1.33500 34 for mixed Western, in store: \$1.35 for new yellow Delaware, and \$1.40 for white Southern.

PEROVI: 10 ks.—The Pork market is still very active and excited, and prices are again decidedly higher, elected by the price are \$1.000 but at \$2.175.000 for old. excited, and prices are again occidently intending by buopair, by buopair, be sales on the spot are 6.500 bhis at \$21.75@25 for old 1.85@25.77% for new Meet. \$23.60@25.70 for new meet. \$25.70@35.00 for Western prime Mees, the interpolated \$25.37%@18.50 for shin Mees, \$25.50 for year-old sheer clear future delivery we hear of 500 bhis Mees for May at 55.00 bbis new Mees for June. sellow option, at 55. and 650 bbis prime Mees to arrive at \$5.5. Gain for the mees of arrive at \$5.5. Gain for the mees of the sales of 50 bis at \$14@17 for plain mees; \$17@19 for extra 20 bbis at \$14@17 for plain mees; \$17@19 for extra 27 bis at \$14@17 for plain mees; \$17.019 for extra 15 fees her firmer, and fairly active. Sales of 50 at \$25. at \$26.

I Meats are firmer and in good demand. Sales of plags at 10%@1:%c for shoulders 14%@15c for shortnams, and 10%c for fancy sugar-cuted do. con is not fiered freely, but prices are higher and firm. Sales of 500 boxes at 13c for fancy Cumber cut. 13c for short-libbed, 14c for short clear, and for long-cut bams.

Continental-Minth and Chestrut streets

iconer. Hew York r. New York ning. New York illiams. Mass ent, St Louis

o wi. Nebraska

orpool
Sew York
Washington.DC
Salas Baitim
Baitim

Rev S D Hillmon

G. Romph, Germany
(J. Kirz, Germany
J. F. Boyle, Keniacky
J. F. Boyle, Keniacky
J. Boyle, Horion, Louisville
Miss Wid. Biston
Miss Ragan, Boston
E. F. Dorracce, hewark, E. J.
G. R. Howerty

Lawrence New York W Ward, Wareaw

Wm Duffy
John Bryant
Robt M Purves, Treaton
Jas Keeler, New Jersey
Lewis Miller, New York
Wm J Patmer, Grester, Pa
Jas Pillen, US &

Rote, Scranton

B Pairchild, New York
ra B Burritt. U.S A
tewart Newell, New York
hos F Knowies. Dalware
Y R Maffit. Wilkesharre

American Hotel-Chestaut st., above Fifth.

withey, Wash, D C eithbone, Wash, D C las Dillan, U S A last more through a wf I owa J B Mose, Sew York I B Mose, Sew York J B Mose, Sew York J Wares Boston last B Arey, B Ar

Merchants' Hotel-Fourth St. below Arch.

G W Wootten & Ia, Penna
J W Frey, Mescopeck, Pa
J W odourn, Franklin, Pa
G W armstrong, McReyensy
W Helner, Minton, Pa
J H B. sker, Muncy

Heiner, Mitton, Pa

wenk. Mitton, Pa

bother ck. Williamsport

Gosh, Dewart. Pa

n W C Espunde. Penna

T Gardner Darville

Johnston, Induna co

wen. York. Fa

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b Harpeter, Cente co

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S Young Allentown

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ilder. New Hampshire

ren P Hull, Stranton

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Barr. Laccaster

Levan, Pchuyil Haven

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Woodle Penra

Mahlon Long. Hatteville

Woodle Penra

Mahlon Long. Hatteville

The Union-Arch street, above Third.

J L Coilina, Logen, O
W F James, Logan, O
B G Collina, Ohio
W M Field, Milpewille, Pa
Copt Young, Ft Delaware
J Hollia, Salem, O
R K Hollia, Salem, O
R B Hollia, Salem, O
R B Hollia, Salem, O

ommercial Sixth street, shove Chestant

National-Race street, above Third

National-Race street, above Third.
Geo Gieim, Lebanon
F Balitott. Lehigh eo, Pa
Joa Laubach, Ponna
Hisa Mal Asubach, Penna
Hisa Mal Manbach, Penna
Hisa Salida, Raading
J W Tucker, Mineraville
Jacob E Funck, Lebanon
Adam Funk, Lebanon
J I Blair. Lebanon
J I Blair. Lebanon
J K Billbeimer & 13. Penna
M:s McNair, Penna

Barley Shear -Second Street, State 1 | Shear | Sheary | John J Rogers, New York | C H Banes. Byberry | M Costs, Pottsville | J W Bartlesen, Doylestown | B Ivins, Philadelphia | J Culp., Germantown |

Baid Eagle-Third street, above Callowhill.

hillippi Buch. Reading Jorter, Jr. Delaware Fodd. Pitt-burg Julia Robison N Jamey & la, Va i F Gorle, Baltimore is C Corie, Baltimore

Kearny C Mulford, Salem, N J

very firm. Sales of 500 boxes at 13c for fancy Gumbsr-lvd cut. 13c for short-libbed, 14c for short clear, and It ice for loun-cut bams. Lard is active, excited and higher, closing very strong. Sales of 3 200 bbls and tos at 14015% for No 1 and 144/20 1.3/c for fat to prime steam and kettle sandared, and the for largy for fature delivery, we hear of 2,600 tes for CITY ITEMS. BUY THE "FLORENCE."-This is the advice of everybody who has now the "Florence" in use to their friends in want of Sewing Machines. It is, without doubt, the most perfect instrument for all kinds of family sewing yet given to the public, and the fact that it is the only Sewing Machine sold that is warranted to give perfect satisfaction very natural-ly secures for it the largest sale. The Rooms of the Agent, No. 630 Chestnut street, are daily thronged SPRING MILLINERY.—The popular old house of

Wood & Cary, No. 725 Chestnut street, have now

ready their latest Parisian styles of Ladies' Bonets for Spring. The largest and most stylish assortment in the city. A RABE COLLECTION OF AUTOGRAPHS. - M. Hennin, a celebrated collector of autographs, has left more than 10,000 autographs to the library of the French Institute, amongst which is a series of letters Voltaire, written to the father of the above genleman. There is also a letter of a former French minister, in which the elegant wearing apparel for gentlemen and youth, made at the Brown Stone Clothing Hall of Rockhill & Wilson, Nos. 603 and 605 Chestaut street, above Sixth, is spoken of. ON OUR PROMENADE through the city we dropped in the store of Messrs. Scott & Stewart, No. 622 Chestnut street, and were amazed at the large and elegant display of an immense variety of paper hangings; among them we noticed splendid solid naugings; among anem we nested speaked softly velvet and stamped golds, decorations of French and domestic make, of costly and graceful styles, gold and colored papers of every hue and pattern, as well as all the cheaper styles of glazed and unglazed. The trade and others will do well to attend this sale to be held next Thursday, at ten o'clock. This we believe to be the largest sale of the kind ever held in this country. SOLON ROBINSON, OF THE N. Y. TRIBUNE,

SAYS: "If I can say anything to induce families SAYS: "If I can say anything to induce families to buy the Universal Wringer, with cog-wheels, I shall be glad of the opportunity. It is one of, if not the very best labor-saving machines ever invented for woman's use. My family would as soon give up the cooking stove. It cannot be too highly recommended. Agency for the Universal Wringer, No. 27 south Sixth street, between Market and Chestnut streets, formerly 721 Chestnut street. ONE DAY TO THE SANITAR Mr. D. W. Clark, No. 602 Chestnut street, will devote all the profits of his sales on Wednesday, the 20th inst., to the Sanitary Fair. Here is a chance for persons to purchase something for themselves, and, at the same time, aid the soldiers who are light. ing our battles.

R S Hollis, Salem, O
W Twining, Fenns
E sliten & sop. Pr Carbon
H W Harper, Fenns
A Lowber, Delaware
S Hensh, Lewisburg
John Brown, Slate Lick
W Jones, Washington, O
Hy Mendel, Owensboro, Ky
Geo Johnston, Zaneaville, O
R MeMullen, Bedford, Pa
John N Shuch, Bedford, Pa
John Marris, Bedford, Pa
Miss D Smith, Bedford, Pa
Miss D Smith, Bedford, Pa
Miss D Smith, Bedford, Pa
Miss B Harry, Bedford, Pa
Miss J Harry, Bedford, Pa
Miss B Harry, Bedford, Pa
Miss B F Harry, Bedford, Pa
Miss B F Harry, Bedford, Pa
Miss B F Harry, Bedford, Pa
Miss B Comman, Ohio THE LONDON NEWS says Queen Victoria has determined to hold a court at Buckingham Palace shortly. "So much for Buckingham!" No doubt, amongst the notables present on the occasion, none amongst the holones present on the decasion, however, will receive more attention than the "American gentleman" whose admirable forethought induced him to procure his court suit at the Paistial Clothing Store of Granville Stokes, No. 609 Chesinut st. BROWN'S BRONCHIAL TROCHES, for Colds, Coughs, Pulmonary and Asthmatic troubles, are highly recommended and prescribed by Physic:ans and Surgeons in the Army.

Commercial—Sixth street, above Chestast.
John Traynor. Chester co
O 8 Braynor. Chester co
O 8 Braynor. Pennsylvania
W Search. U 8 A
E W Leine. U 8 A
E B Lient A Marcellur. U 8 A
E B Lient A Marcellur. U 8 A
E B House. Coxiora
M A Force. Clearfield
M S Force. Clearfield
M S Force. Clearfield
E B Humberty. Cavity
H B Challer. Politiown
J Folilips. Chester co
H F Vain. Politiown
S Fenneck. Kenne t Equare
Sam'l Werick. U 8 A
R H Gillespie. Penns
R H Gillespie. Penns
R H Gillespie. Penns
R H Gode. Perryville. Md
Mire Kouse, Ferryville. Md
Mire Kouse, Perryville. Md
Mire Kouse, Perryville. Md
Mire Kouse, Perryville. Md A HARDSHELL Baptist preacher, in discoursing about Daniel in the lion's den, said, "And there he sat all night long, looking at the show for nothing, and it didn't cost bim a cent!" Those who visit Chas. Stokes & Co., under the Continental, are not charged anything for looking at their splendid assortment of Spring Overcoats, Vests, Pants, and gentle-States Union. Market street, above Sixth.

John Siair & Ia. Delaware
JA Kins. Wilmington, Del
John R Ricards, Delaware
John R Ricards, Delaware
Thomas J Rush
Acoh & Hask, Lyons
H B Miller, Bojlestown
Geo J Smith Fa
M L Herr, M D, U S A
J F Jones & Is. Pa
N Hantch, Garlisle
A Brandt, Bloo mäeld
TE Penrece, Pennsville, O
Courad Batt men's wear. Officers of the army and navy are also invited to inspect their elegant uniforms. Chas. Stokes & Co., under the Continental. DELAWARE MINING COMPANY OF MICHIGAN.-

A private letter to a gentlemau in this city, dated Eagle Harbor, Michigan, March 28th, says: "I had a letter the other day stating that the drift north on the Delaware was showing a vein two feet wide. and as finely filled with 15 per cent. copper as had Mason & Hamlin's OABINET ORGANS, Used by Gottachalk at all his concerts throughout the country, and pronounced THE PINEST BEHD

INSTRUMENTS IN THE WORLD. For sale only by J. E. Gould, Seventh and ap9-stutham Chestnut. DEAFNESS, Eye, Ear, Throat Diseases, and Catarrh treated by Dr. Von Moschzisker, Osulist and Aurist, author of the work just published, "The Ear, its Diseases, and their Treatment," Dr. Von Moschzisker is the only regular physician in Phila-delphia who makes the above maladies his specialbe examined at his office, 1027 Walnut St. aps 111 CORNS, BUNIONS, INVESTED NAILS, ENLARGED

JOINTS, and all diseases of the feet, cured without pain or inconvenience to the patient, by Dr. Zacharie, Surgeon Chiropodiat, 921 Chestnut street. Refers to physicians and surgeons of the city. jan-w ARRIVALS AT THE HOTELS. Black Bear—Third st., above Callowhill,
Addis, Huntingdon Valley G Gehman, Reading
L Brown, Lobsoheville
W Heymer, Penaburg
J Hermer, Pennaburg
J Retirer, Hoppersville
H Herch, Hoppersville
C Harper, Jenkintown
W Thompson, Jenkintown Mrett. below Minth.
Mr. Mow York
P. Bacon, Penna
Geo Cunkle, Harrisburg
Jos S. Kvans, West Chaster
F. M. Camp. West Chester
Chas Haggetty, New York
Wanderson, New York
Lieut B. A. Irwin, U.S. A.
Aif Lamb, Venange co. Pa
Chas Summers, New York
H. Effer Mount Vernon-Second street, above Arch Bount Vernous Companies of George Smith R Hites George Smith R Hites Themas Richardson L vis Bickords & wf. Va. J W Johnston, Berryville J Singer, Brynolds, N York Leffier
I P Wyndham. US A
K Power, Massachusetts
bertson Toop, Memphis
A Haskill & Wf. Boston
I Briscott, Cleveland O Learey, Wash, D C
Burk, U S N
R McConomy
Lanaghan
W De Long, Cincinnati
M Hamilton, Kentucky
Tuaker, Dew York
B Purviance, Pittsburg SPECIAL NOTICES. A Girardson, Brooklyn B Hail, U S A Belling, Penna b, Ponna T, Obio her, Varmont
lyder, Penna

o, Washington, D

G Oliver, U & A

lor, Battimore

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pe, Salem. N J

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to Pittsburg W Kirk, Ohio

Cirk oman, Rochester, N I ores. USB H J Gifford, USA ap H J Gifford, U S a
B Fovo, Pepu's
I Brobosco, Washington
J P De Frawe, Bastimore
Miss S Juree. Woodbury, Pa
O Crellender. Ohio
S M Jaokson Cinetinnati
J Fulton. New York
T Smith, Bew York
W F Young, Boston
W G Baunders
Thoo Peviin, Ohio
Jas Johnson Ohio
Jas Johnson Ohio r B. Biehol. Cleveland I V. Criswall. Harrisburg. J. Kohn. Charleston. B. C. J. Grathew. Baltimore John Wills, Baltimore Thos Heyden. Bedord J. S. H.-d., U. B. A. J. G. Doyldridge, Ohlo St. Louis—Chestnut Street, above Thurn.

St. Louis—Chestnut Street, above Thurn.

Jas L Wilson. New Jorsey Ottas Heydrick, Delaware
Wm Dovey, Potteville
Thesinor, Phonicaville
Thesino

k. New Y. Wilmington, Dear y. Wilmington, Dear cherdson han C Heylman, Park too F smith. Eye of the Korosin. Beston in the Korosin. Beston y. Wilmington, Beston y. You have you have you have not been been you will be to be

HOYT'S HIAWATHA HAIR BESTORATIVE. HOUT'S HIAWATHA HAIR RESTORATIVE. HOUT'S HIAWATHA HAIR RESTORATIVE. HOUT'S HIAWATHA HAIR RESTORATIVE. HOUT'S HIAWATHA HAIR RESTORATIVE. In Longiellow's Poem Hiawatha was adjudged to have conferred the greatest boon on his tribe because he brought to its notice core. Every one will admit that our preparation is worthy of the name, for the benefits it confers when it is known.

WHAT THE HIAWATHA DOES. WHAT THE HIAWATHA DOES.

It restores faded and gray hair and whiskers to their original color. It brings up the natural shading of one hair with another, thus giving the hair a perfect life appearance, so that the most critical observer cannot desert its use. It make sharsh hair soft and silky, stope its falling out, eleaness it and the scalp from all impurities, is as readily applied and wised from the skin as any hair tendent and attitudy operations the had effects of the is as readily applied and wiped from the skin as any hair ireas: ng, and entirely overcomes the bad effects of prerions me of preparations containing sulphur, sugar of 
tead, &c.

The proprietors of the Hiawatha published the following challenge to test in the New York dailies threeweeks, which

WAS REVER ACCEPTED:

Let some wall known and disinterested persons apsoint one to the proprietor of each preparation for the 
hair to bring up the color. Every proprietor to use nething but his own preparation, and the person nothing 
slee during the test. A certificate of the result to be 
kidely published at the expense of the unsuccessful compatitors. Sold everywhere. JOSEPH HOYF & CO., 
mhl9-ly 10 University Place, New York. COLGATE'S HONEY SOAP. This celebrated TOILET SOAP, in such universal demand, is made from the CHOICEST materials to WILD mand, is made from the chickonsk imagerials, is milled and EMOLLIENT in its nature, FRAGRANTLY, SCRET-ED, and EXTREMELY BEREFICIAL in its action upon the Skin. For sale by all Druggiets and Fanoy Goods NUT Street.

FAULY SEWING, EMBROIDERING, BRAID-IFG. Quilting, Tucking, &c., beautifully executed on the GROVER & BAKER SEWING MACHINE. Mas. With operators, by the day or week, 730 GHS: HAIR DYE! HAIR DYE!! BATCHRLOR'S selebrated HAIR DYR is the Best in the World. The only Harmless, True, and Reliable Dye known. This splendid Mair Dye is persect—chapses Dye known. This spiendid Mair Dye is persect-consurged Bed, Busty, or Gray Bair Instantly to a Glossy Blazior Natural Boson, without injuring the Hair or saining the Edin, leaving the Hair Soft and Beautiful; imparts fresh vitality, frequently restoring its pristing solor, and rectifies the lit effects of had Dyes. The genuine is signed Whintak A. Baychenon: all others are more imitations, and should be avoided. Sold by all Drassists, Soc. Pactorny, 81 Barchay Street. Rew York, Batchelor's new Toilet Gream for Dressing the Hair.

ONE PRICE CLOTHING, OF THE LATES! STILES, made in the Best Manner, expressly for RETAIL SALES. LOWEST Selling Prices marked in Plain Figures. All Goods made to Order warranted estications. Our One-Price System is strictly ashered to All are thereby treated allbe.

dessly JOHES & CO., 604 MARKET Skrots.