PRE ARRUM, in advance.

ribers out of the city at Four Doulars

Tine worsted, in colors; ides, is and see, in COTTON YARNS,
In Warp and Bundle, manufactured by
ZABRISKIE,
PRALL,
OAKMAN,
And other well-known Mills. CARPETS.
CONTINENTAL MILLS, INGRAIN, AND VENITIAN
CARPETS. AMPSON'S ARGYLE,
VINCENT MILLS,
MCDONALD'S.
ACTIN FINISH BOOKBINDERS',
'ARPET THESAD,
le by LINEN THREAD.

HORACE H. SOULE. 32 North FRONT Street. Eor sale by m b1-3m THE ATTENTION OF THE TRADE

OUR STOCK OF BAXONY WOOLEN CO. all-wool Plain Plannels. TWILLED FLANNELS.
Various makes in Gray, Scarlet, and Dark Blue. PRINTED SHIRTING FLANKELS. PLAIN OPERA PLANNELS. BLACK COTTON WARP CLOTHS. 15, 16, 17, 18, 19, 20, 21, 22 or

PANCY CASSIMERES AND SATINETTS. BALMORAL SKIRTS, all Grades. COTTON GOODS, DENIMS, TICKS, STRIPES, SHIRT-INGS, &c., from various mile. DE COURSEY, MAMILTON, & EVANS, 23 LETITIA Street, and

32 South FROMT Street. fe27-wem teef TNSKEEP & TRUEFITT, COMMISSION MERCHANTS. No. 241 CHESTNUT STREET. Have in Store, and offer to the trade, FRENCH, BRITISH, AND GERMAN DRESS GOODS. SHAWLS, of all descriptions. VEIL GOODS, in all colors. VEIL GOODS, IN SHEOLISH ORAPES. 4 4. 5-4, and 6-4 ENGLISH ORAPES. LINEN CAMBRIC HARDKERCHIEFS, &c. fe26-lm

PAGS! BAGS! BAGS! NEW AND SECOND-HAND.

SEAMLESS, BURLAP, AND GUNNY

BAGS,

FLOUB AND SALT BAGS, ALL SIZES.

PRINTED TO ORDER, BY JOHN T. BAILEY & CO.

GRAIN BAGS.—A LARGE ASSORT-MENT of GRAIN BAGS.
In various sizes, for sale by Nos. 405 and 407 MARKET Street. SHIPLEY, HAZARD, & HUTCHIN-No. 119 CHESTNUT STREET. COMMISSION MERCHANTS, FOR THE SALE OF PHILADELPHIA-MADE GOODS.

CARPETINGS 1864. 1864. SPRING, GLEN ECHO MILLS, GERMANTOWN, PA.

McCALLUM & CO., MARUFACTURERS, IMPORTERS, AND WHOLESALE DEALERS IN CARPETINGS, OIL CLOTHS, &c. Warehouse, 509 Chestnut Street, OPPOSITE INDEPENDENCE HALL. 61-

SPECIAL NOTICE. BETAIL DEPARTMENT. MCCALLUM & CO., Beg lears to inform the public that they have leased t No. 519 CHESTNUT STREET, onite Independence Hall, for A CETAIL DEPARTMENT, Where they are now opening a NEW STOCK

IMPORTED AND AMERICAN CARPETS, Imbresing the choicest patterns of
TAPESTRY CARPETS,
TAPESTRY CARPETS,
VENTURE,
VENTURE,
Together with a full assortment of everything pertains
tel to the Carpet Business. ENTERPRISE MILLS.

ATWOOD, RALSTON, & CO.,

MANUFACTURERS AND WHOLESALE DEALERS IN CARPETINGS, OIL-CLOTHS, MATTINGS, &c., &c.

WAREHOUSE, 619 CHESTRUT STREET,

616 JAYNE STREET. WILLIAM M. WILSON, True Turkey Myrth, edwoons.
Corisuder Seeds, bags.
Corraway Seeds, bags.
Unb. Jam. Ginger, bbls.
Grain Ergot, new crop. bbls.
Ber. Arrow Boot, kegs.
Union Salad Oil, bbls.
Oil Sassafras, cans.
Citronella, Winter'a, cases.
Citronella, native, cases.
Lemon, new crop. asses.
Bose, Commercial, cases.
Orange, case. 308 MARKET Street

... noise, tolanterent, cases.
... Trange, caus.
... Bergamet F. O., cans.
Pow'd Antimony, 100 fb cases.
Rad Gentian, bales.
Canary Seed, bbis.
In store in this port and New York, and for sale as asted.
fel6-tif ROBERT SHOEMAKER & CO., PHILADRLPHIA,

WHOLESALE DRUGGISTS. WPORTERS AND DEALERS IN POREIGN AND DOMESTIC WINDOW AND PLATE GLASS. WHITE LEAD AND ZINC PAINTS, PUTTY, &c. FRENCH ZINC PAINTS.

salers and sonsumers supplied at 27 Sm VERY LOW PRICES FOR CASE. PAPER HANGINGS. 1864. PHILADELPHIA 1864. PAPER HANGINGS.

## HOWELL & BOURKE,

MANUFACTURERS OF WALL PAPERS WINDOW CURTAIN PAPERS, COR. FOURTH AND MARKET STS., M. B.-A fine stock of LINEN SHADES constantly on

CARRIAGES. CARRIAGES. WILLIAM D. ROGERS. Coach and Light Carriage Builder,
Kos. 1909 and 1911 CHESTRUT Street,
PRILADELPHY

THE BEST-FINISHED STOCK LIGHT CARRIAGES
In Philadelphia.

J. S. COLLINGS & SONS,
628-ARCH Street. GEO. W. WATSON & CO., CARRIAGE BUILDERS.

CARRIAGE BUILDERS.

CARRIAGE BUILDERS.

Are now prepared to execute orders for every desaring the state of light and heavy CARRIAGES, and having at all since the year best materials and workmen, can promise the utmost estimated to to all who may favor them with their custom.

The Repairing business. The Repairing business will be continued by Mr. JACOB LOUDERSLAGER, at the old stand, on ULOVER street, rear of Gonart Hall.

COAL. PUBE LEHIGH COAL - HOUSE REPRES can rely on getting a pure article at south-east corner FRONT and POPLAR fell-lm\* JOHN W. HAMPTON. Tell'-im JOHN W. HAMPTON.

CENUINE EAGLE VEIN COAL

Roual if not anperior to Lehigh Also, Hart's No.

25 50. Large Nui, \$7.70 per ton. Coal forfeiled if not an individual to the coal forfeiled if not full weight as per ticket. Depot, 14:19 CALLOW WILL Street, above Broad. Office 121 South FOURTH, below Chestunt. Call and examine. Orders by dispatch promptly attended to by

RLLIS BRABRON RLLIS BRANSON. COAL.—SUGAR LOAF, BEAVER

Dest Locust Mountain, from Schwight of Princes.

Description Family use. Depot. W. corner RICHTH

BY 11 WALTON & GO.

WALTON & GO.

BLAY SER.

PRUNES.—50 KEGS NEW FRENCH

Prunes.

100 boxes new French Prunes.

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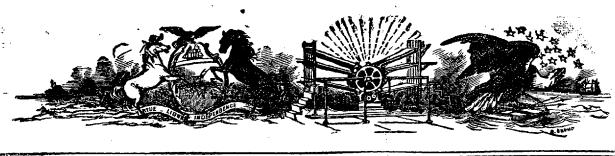
100 boxes new French Prunes.

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100 boxes new French Prunes.

100 boxes



PHILADELPHIA, MONDAY, MARCH 7, 1864. VOL. 7.—NO. 185.

SILK AND DRY-GOODS JOBBERS. SPRING 1864. DRY GOODS. GREAT INDUCEMENTS TO CASH BUYERS. HOOD, BONBRIGHT, & CO., Wholesale Dealers in

FORFIGN AND DOMESTIC DRY GOODS, 529 MARKET Street, and 526 COMMERCE Street, PHILADELPHIA, Would respectfully invite attention to their LARGE STOCK of leading

DOMESTICS, DRESS GOODS, MEN'S AND BOYS' WEAR, PHILADELPHIA MANUFACTURE.

NEW CASH HOUSE. GOODS BOUGHT AND SOLD FOR CASH.

LITTLE & ADAMSON, 335 MARKET STREET. vite attention to their entire new and Splendid Stock SPRING DRESS GOODS. BLACK SILKS, MOURNING SILKS, FANCY SILKS, POULT DE SOIES. SEASONABLE SHAWLS. CLOAKING CLOTHS, MANTILLA SILKS, MANTILLAS,

Manufactured by themselves from late Paris Styles. SPRING, 1864. JAMES, KENT, SANTEE, & CO., IMPORTERS AND JOBBERS OF DRY GOODS, Nos. 939 and \$41 NORTH THIRD ST., above Race. PHILADELPHIA.

Have now open their usual LARGE AND COMPLETE STOCK POREIGN AND DOMESTIC DRY GOODS. Motwithstanding the scarcity of many kinds of Dry cods. our stock is now full and varied in all its deartments.
Special attention is invited to our assortment of

PHILADELPHIA-MADE GOODS. A full assortment of Cloths, Cassimeres, &c.
A full assortment of Frints, De Lainas, &c.
A full assortment of Notions, White Goods, &c.
A full assortment of Sheetings, Circle State of Colors, &c.
A full assortment of Omish Goods, &c.
full assortment of Omish Goods, &c.
full assortment of Omish Goods, &c.
full State of Colors &c.
full State of C MELLOR, BAINS, & MELLOR, Nos. 40 and 43 NORTH THIRD STREET. IMPORTERS OF

HOSIERY, SMALL WARES, WHITE GOODS MANUFACTURERS OF SHIRT FRONTS.

1864. 1864. SPRING, EDMUND YARD & CO., 10. 617 CERSTEUT AND No. 614 JAYER STREETS. Have now in Store their SPRING IMPORTATION of SILK AND FANCY DRY GOODS,

DRESS GOODS, BLACK AND FANCY SILKS, COTTONS AT RETAIL. DRESS TRIMMINGS. White Goods, Linens. Embroideries, AND LACES. large and handsome assortment of

SPRING AND SUMMER SHAWLS. BALMORAL SKIRTS, Of all grades, &c. Which they offer to the Trade at the LOWEST PRICES. ja30-3m CHOICE SPRING IMPORTATIONS,

1864. DAWSON, BRANSON, & CO., 501 MARKET STREET,

CORNER OF FIFTH, Have now in store, and will be constantly receiving, during the season, an attractive line of

PARIS, GERMAN, AND BRITISH DRESS GOODS, BLACK SILKS, STAPLE AND FANCY SHAWLS, &c., &c.

all of which will be sold at the LOWEST MARKET PRICES. 8 P B I N G 1864. TABER & HARBERT, No. 401 MARKET STREET. SILKS, RIBBONS, FRENCH FLOWERS,

MILLINERY GOODS. Merchants are invited to call and examine our stock of SPRING RIBBONS, which will be sold at the LOWEST PRICES.

NEW YORK ADVERTISEMENTS. SHAW & COFFIN,

IMPORTERS, 19 PARK PLACE AND 16 MURRAY STREET,

NEW YORK. BURLAPS, all widths FLOOR CLOTH CANVAS, 4, 6, and 8 yards. BAGGING, in Bond, or Export. CANVAS PADDINGS, HEMP CARPETING, RED PADDINGS,

DIAPERS SHEETINGS, &c. FLAX AND JUTE YARNS, FOR GARPET MANUFACTURERS. For sale on favorable terms.

GAS FIXTURES, &c. MR. CHARLES PAGE, pal Designer of GAS FIXTURES for MESSES. CORNELIUS & BAKER, this day admitted a Partner in our firm. We will continue the sale and manufacture of GAS FIXTURES

nder the firm name of van kirk & co., MANUFACTORY AT FRANKFORD. SALESROOMS-912 ARCH STREET.

PAINTINGS AND ENGRAVINGS. RLEGANT MIRBORS, A LARGE ASSORTMENT. MRW ENGRAVINGS

FINE OIL PAINTINGS. JUST RECEIVED. \$16 CHESTNUT STREET.

EABLE'S GALLERIES, CABINET FURNITURE. ABINET FURNITURE AND BIL-LIARD TABLES. MOORE & CAMPION, No. 261 SOUTH SECOND STREET, action with their extensive Cabinet business, nufacturing a superior article of BILLIARD TABLES,

nd have now on hand a fail supply, finished with the MOORE & CAMPION'S IMPROVED CUSHION'S, which are pronounced by all who have used them to be upperfor to all others.

For the quality and finish of these Tables, the manufacturers refer to their numerous patrons throughout the Union, who are familiar with the character of their york. CPECTACLES TO SUIT ALL SIGHTS. Inserted without pain, by

JAMES W. QUEEN & CO.

934 CHESTNUT STREET. ARTIFICIAL HUMAN EYES OPERA GLASSES AND OFFICERS

FIRLD GLASSES. Microscopes for Physicians and Students.

A very large assortment for sale by JAMES W. QUEEN & CO., 924 CHES INUT Street. MATHEMATICAL DRAFTING IN-STRUMENTS.
Chesterman's Metallic and Steel Tape measures. For sale by JAMES W CURE & CO.
Priced and insurated catalogues gratia. 1623-lm PRUNCE.—
Prunes.
100 boxes new French Prunes.
10 toxes it jure new French Prunes.
10 toxes it jure new French Prunes.
10 toxes it jure new Erench Prunes.
100 Boxes it jure new Erench Prunes.
107 South WATERStreet.

RETAIL DRY GOODS. SPRING OPENING.

> ' NEW SILKS. FRENCH CHINTZES

NEW DRESS GOODS.

FRENCH CLOAKINGS.

H. STEEL & SON, Nos. 713 and 715 North TENTH St.

EYRE & LANDELL.

E.

FOURTH AND ARCH, ARE OPENING FOR SPRING SALES.

1864.

FINE PLAID SILKS. HOUSEHOLD GOODS INDIA PLAID SILKS, BEST GLOVES ONL STANDARD SHEETINGS, BROCADE GRENADINES, SHAWLS, NEW STYLES, 68 PIECES FANCY SILKS MAGNIFICENT ORGANDIES FINE PLAID BONNET SILKS ORDERED POULT DE SOIES. 100 PIECES GOOD BLACK SILKS. MAGNIFICENT PERCALES AND fel3 smwtjel3 EDWIN HALL & CO.,

> 26 SOUTH SECOND STREET, Have now open the

BEST STOCK OF SILKS they ever had the pleasure of offering to their custome

SPLENDID QUALITY MOIRE ANTIQUES. SPLENDID QUALITY CORDED SILKS. CHENEA SILKS OF THE NEW STYLES. PLAID SILKS OF THE NEW STYLES. STRIPE SILKS OF NEW STYLES. SPLENDID QUALITY PLAIN SILKS. VERY HEAVY BLACK CORDED SILKS. SUPERIOR BLACK TAFFETAS, PLAIN AND FIG'D FOULARD SILKS, BROWN AND OTHER COLORS FIG'D SILKS.

N. B. -One case of next Stripe Summer Silks, that we ntend selling at \$1 per yard, a decided bargain. Also, a bargain in Plaid Silks, at \$1. mb3-thm2t 1864. 1864.

We call the attention of Housekeepers to the LARGEST STOCK OF COTTON GOODS Ever offered at retail in this city.

Having purchased largely of these soods at the GOMPARATIVELY LOW PRICES of last month, we can extend to our customers superior inducements, not only in the character of our assort ment, but ment, but

Among our extensive line of Cottons are to be found the following popular makes of

4-4 Bleached Shirtings.

Wamsutta, Semper Idem, Rockland, New Jerse per idem, cland, per idem, document in Pillow-Case and Sheetings In Pillow-chase and Shectings
We offer the following leading makes:
40-inch Bartalett.
42-inch Waltham.
10-4 Pepperill,
42-inch Waltham.
10-4 Pepperill,
5-4 Boot W. extra heavy. And other makes.
5-4 Boot W. extra heavy. And other makes.
9-4, 10-4, and 11-4 UNBLEACHED SHEETINGS.
Mayselfiles Counterpanes.
We can furnish these goods in all sites and gralities.
We have several lots in LOW-PRICED GOODS that are
FAR BELOW PERSENT IMPORTATION PRICE, and are also prepared to furnish, in large quantities, the well-known

known Lancaster, Manchester, and Honey-Comb Quilts,
In 10-4, 11 4, and 12-4 sizes

Rouse-Furnishing Linen Goods.
LIBEN SHEETINGS, all widths,
TOWELS, from \$2 to \$7 per dozen.
NAPKINS, all Linen. \$1.62.
Barnely Damask, Power Loom, and other standard
makes of

Table Linen. Persons about purchasing Linen Goods would do well to examine our stock. We invite comparison. He trouble to show our goods. COWPERTHWAIT & CO., Northwest corner Eighth and Market Streets. jalo fmw tiyl NEW MOURNING STORE.

JUST RECEIVED. NEW GOODS SPRING TRADE,

Australian Craps, Rep Alpaca, Armures, Camels' Hair Bombazines, Fine Grenadines

SECOND-MOURNING GOODS. ALSO,

A large assortment of BLACK and LIGHT SUMMER
BILKS at LOW PRICES. M. & A. MYERS & CO., 1626-fm lm 936 CHESTNUT Street CIVIL AND MILITARY CLOTH

HOUSE. WILLIAM T. SNODGRASS, No. 34 SOUTH SECOND and 23 STRAWBERRY Streets, is happy to state that he has laid in an exjen-

GIVIL LIST.

Black Cloths,
Black Coatings,
Black Casaimeres,
Elegant Coatings,
Builliard Cloths,
Bagatelle Cloths,
Trimmings,
Beaverteers,
Cords and Velveteens,
We advise our friends to come early, as our presentock is cheaper than we can purchase now.

GIVIL LIST.

Bluc Cloths,
Sky bine Cloths,
Sky bine Cloths,
Sky bine Cloths,
Dark Bine Decekins,
Dark Bine Beavers,
Dark Bine Pilots,
S-4 and 6-4 Rine Flannels,
Searlet Cloths,
Waxarine Bluc Cloths.

We advise our friends to come early, as our presentock is cheaper than we can purchase now.

GIV-III

N THE CLOTH AND CASSIMERE N THE CLOTH AND CASSIMERA DEPARTMENT will be found Harris' Mixed, Striped, and Plaid Cassimeres, Caster Black Cloths and Cassimeres, Fine Black Cloths and Cassimeres, Cassimeres all prices, Mt. STOKES', ml6 TOWARCH Street. MUSLINS OF EVERY WIDTH AND

WUSLINS OF EVERY WIDTH AND
GUALITY.

New York Mills,
Wamsuita,
White Rock.
Semper Idem,
Williamsville,
Bay Mills,
Forestale,
Forestale,
Housekeeper A.

24. and 22 wide; Buck Mills, heavy. 1½ wide. Also,
Unbleached in every quality.
The cheapest place to buy any of the above is of
GRAPVILLE B BAINSS,
fe29 muthest
1013 MARKET St., ab. Tenth. POWIN HALL & CO., NO. 26 SOUTH

SECOND Street, would call attention of DESS GOODS:
Plaid and Flaured Poplins.
Plaid and Flaured Poplins.
Plaid and Strips Silk Warp Taffetas.
Dress Goods, of new styles, in variety.
French Chintzes and Percales.
Strips French Chintzes, for trimmings.
Organdles and Jaconet Lawns.
Figured Silk Challies.
Percale Bobes. &c.

SPRING TRADE. E M. NEEDLES Is now receiving, and offers for sale below present market rates, many novelties in LACS AND WHITE GOODS.

He would call "special attention" to his assortment of over 20 different new fabrics and styles of White Goods, suitable for "Ladies Booies and Dresses," in stripes, plaids, and figured, puffed and tucked Muslins. 100 pieces of figured and plain Buff and White Piques, bought before the recent advance. white riques, bought beared and Thread Laces, New involces of Guipure and Thread Laces, Thread and Grenadine Veils, Edgings, Insert-ings, Flouncings, &c. Broad Hem-Stitched HANDKERCHIEFS, all lines, good quality, from 25 cents up. 1024 CHESTNUT STREET. H. STEEL & SON HAVE NOW OPEN

a choice assortment of New SILKS.

Noire Antiques. 85 to 45

Plain Corded Silks, \$1.63% to 85.50.

Figured Corded Silks, \$1.63% to 85.50.

Flain Poli de Boiss, \$1 25 to \$2.25.

Plain Poli de Boiss, \$1 25 to \$2.25.

Plain Black Silks, \$1.25 to \$2.2

Plain Black Silks, \$1.25 to \$3.28.

Plain Black Silks, \$1.25 to \$2.

Plain Black Silks, \$1.25 to \$2.

Plain Black Silks, \$1.25 to \$3.

Plaid India Silks, \$7.6c. to \$6.

Light ground Rich Agured Foulards, \$1.25 to \$1.62.

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1 MARSEILLES QUILTS-OF FINE M ARSELLES QUILTS—OF FIN.

quality at moderate prices.
Good Biankeis, in large sizes.
Sheeting Muslim, of every width.
Several grades of tickings.
Just opened. a large lot, marked low.
Spring De Laines and Prints.
Mode Alperac, choice shades.
Printed Brilliants and 4 Faney Shirtings.
GOOPER & CONASD.

(19)

8. 2. corner RIETH and MARSEL Sec.

MONDAY, MARCH 7, 1864.

I. E. WALRAVEN.

MASONIC HALL,

719 CHESTNUT STREET HAS OPENED A SPRING STOCK OF

(SUCCESSOR TO W. H. CARRYL,)

CURTAIN GOODS.

CURTAIN MATERIALS, FURNITURE COVERINGS, LACE CURTAINS,

WINDOW SHADES, PIANO and TABLE COVERS, OF NEW AND RICH DESIGNS. AT EXTREMELY LOW PRICES.

CLOTHING. SPRING GOODS. EDWARD P. KELLY, JOHN KELLY, TAILORS.

612 OHESTNUT STREET. (JONES' HOTEL ) LATE 149 SOUTH THIRD STREET, Have just received a large stock of choice

SPRING GOODS. TO LET. -BOOMS UP STAIRS, 612, 614 CHESTNUT PLACK CASS. PANTS, \$5.50,
At 704 MARKET Street.

SLACK CASS. PANTS, \$6.50, At 704 MARKET Street.

SELGOK CASS. PANTS, \$6.50, At 704 MARKET Street.

SELGOK CASS. PANTS, \$6.50, AT 704 MARKET Street.

SELGOG & VAN GUNTEN'S, No. 704 MARKET Street.

SEIGG & VAN GUNTEN'S, No. 704 MARKET Street. SEIGG & VAN GUNTEN'S, No. 704 MARKET Street. self-fm GENTS' FURNISHING GOODS. TOHN C. ARRISON,

Sos. 1 and 5 NORTH SIXTH STREET.

MANUFACTURER OF THE IMPROVED PATTERN SHIRT, FIRST OUT BY J. BURR MOORE. VARRANTED TO FIT AND GIVE SATISFACTION.

importer and Manufacturer of

FURNISHING GOODS. GEORGE GRANT,

No. 610 CHESTNUT STREET. A LARGE AND COMPLETE STOCK GENTS' FURNISHING GOODS Of his own importation and manufacture. "PRIZE MEDAL SHIRTS,"

JOHN F. TAGGERT. (Formerly of Oldenberg & Taggert,)
are the most perfect-fitting Shirts of the age.

#3. Orders promptly attended to, jal3-wfm-6m NEW STOCK. LINFORD LUKENS,

N. W. CORNER SIXTH AND CHESTNUT STREETS, A LARGE AND ELEGANT NEW STOCK GENTLEMEN'S FURNISHING GOODS. FINE SHIRT MANUFACTORY.

CARTAINTY POECULE FOR GRATLEMEN'S WEAR.

GRATLEMEN'S FORNISHING STORE.

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JAIS-11 FOUR doors below the Continental BLANK BOOKS AND STATIONERY. Moss & co., 432 CHESTNUT STREET,

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HARRISBURG.

[Special Correspondence of The Press. ] HARRISBURG, March 4, 1864. Modern Democracy is a mystery. It is not easily understood; it pretends to be devotedly attached to the Union; it indignantly repels any attack upon its loyalty; yet there are some things about it which

SSTITUTIONAL AMENDMENT-MODERN DEMO ORACY.

The last Legislature, one branch of which was Democratic, proposed three amendments to the Constitution. One was to allow soldiers in the actual military service of the United States the right of Another was to prohibit the Legislature from granting any power or privilege in any case where the authority to grant such power or privilege has

been, or may hereafter be, conferred upon the courts of this Commonwealth. The third provided against the passage of what are usually termed "omnibus bills."

These proposed amendments passed the House without opposition. No objection was made to them, and apparently then the Democratic party seemed to be in favor of extending the right of voting to soldiers. But it has long been evident that they have no particular relish for the soldiers' vote. Perfectly well they know that it will afford them but little aid and comfort.

It is the opinion of many eminent legal gentlement has all of these amendments must stand or fall together; that the failure of one will be equiva. Light to the failure of all of them; that they must all be submitted to the people as they passed the last Legislature. The Democratic side quietly allow the soldier amendment to pass, and then commence a force onslaught upon the other. The very men who world for the scena heavestien at the last who voted for the second proposition at the last session are now bitterly opposing it. Why is this opposition? What has come over the spirit of their dreams? Is it not fair to infer that they have no particular affection for the first amendment?

There amendments were before the House day before yesterday, but, there being no constitutional majority present, they were lost for the present. But the Senate have the amendments passed to third reading, and when they are taken up by the House, a constitutional majority will undoubtedly be present. The Union men are united upon this question. Though some of them are not personally in favor of the second amendment, yet they will vote for it rather than endanger the first.

THE RAID DAMAGEE-MR. WATSON'S SPRECH. Last evening the House had under consideration the bill introduced by Mr. Sharpe to provide for the payment of damages occasioned by the rebel raids on which Mr. Watson, of your city, made one of the best speeches of the session. The discuss having previously taken a wide range, he spoke mainly upon the great political questions of the day. His was an earnest, able, and eloquent defence of the present Administration. His speech should be placed in the hands of every voter in the country. He handled the Peace Democracy without gloves, and has placed them before the people in their true

After much rambling debate the hill was comnitted to the Committee on Federal Relations, of which the Hon. P. Frazer Smith is chairman. It while the Holl. F. Frazer Smith is charman, it will be materially changed. It will provide that the damages be assessed, and that the General Government be requested to pay them. That the National Government should pay these claims there can be no sort of question. They were committed by a common enemy, and there is no more reason why they should be paid by Pennsylvania than by New York or Massachusetts. Because our geographical position is such that our fields are laid waste by rebel raids, should this State bear all its burdens? Suppose the rebels had carried out their intentions, and remained all summer and winter in our cities and stowns, and laid waste the whole country, in that case should the losses have been borne by the State or National Government? There can be but

one answer to this question. These claims should be assumed by the nation, and the bill will be reported from the committee in such a way that this A company of recruits came down from Williams. A company of recruits came down from Williamsport last night, under the charge of the Deputy Marshal. Among them were four who pretended to
hail from Philadelphia. They came to Williamsport for the purpose of obtaining the local bounties.
Their actions were a little suspicious, and the officer was cautioned to keep a close watch upon them.
A soldier was nut over each one of them. As the A soldier was put over each one of them. As the night wore away, and when the train was running rapidly, one, and then another, stepped into the water closet, which attracted no attention at the time. They were going at the rate of twenty five miles an hour. They had been there but a moment when the Marshal went to look for them, when h their escape. They are evidently old hands at this game, and are of that class who travel around the country and enlist as often as they find an oppor-

tunity. The people should look out for recruits that hall from a distance. As they were mustered into the service, the loss falls upon the Government. QUOTAS AND RECRUITS. when the draft (if we have any) takes place. This city has for weeks been filled with agents from the realthy counties, who are here for the purpose of getting recruits. I know of several large counties oreign recruits. They are upon every street corner and the moment a parcel of new soldiers come in they are besieged with honeyed words and a shower of greenbacks, and in hundreds of cases they for ake heir own localities, and credit themselves to other which pay cash in hand. The inevitable result will be that the poorer counties will furnish double their quota in men, while the rich will give up their money

but keep their men at home.

OUR NATIONAL FINANCES. Mr. Chase's System Defended by a Demo-crat—The Solvency of the Government. Indestructible—Speech of Hon. H. G. Steb-bins, of New York. The able speech of Mr. Henry G. Stebbins, made lately in the House of Representatives, has created much sensation among the opponents of the Govern-ment. Mr. Stebbins is a leading banker of New York, president of the Board of Brokers, and is hal a Democrat. He has therefore unusual claims to be heard by all parties. His speech is an eloquent to be heard by all parties. His speech is an eloquent and unanswerable defence of the Government credit against its invidious assailants, chief of whom is Mr. Fernando Wood. Mr. Stebbins, it will be seen, based his argument upon fact and truth, and not upon speculation, taking for his text the recorded opinions of the Secretary of the Treasury, and opposing them to the false statements of Wood and others.

"Mr. Chase's avowed and recorded opinions are, that sufficient circulation has been provided—that it cannot be increased except at the hazard of swift destruction to the whole system—that no change whatever, limiting or increasing the quantity of circulating medium, which is four hundred millions, should be considered for one moment." "Page 8 presents an estimate of the condition of the public finances up to the 1st of July, 1884, and the estimated total debt up to the 1st of July, 1884, and the estimated total debt up to the 1st of July, 1885. On July 1, 1886, that debt will be \$1,686,956,641, of which \$400,000,000 is currency. On the 1st of July, 1885, it will be \$2,231,935,190, of which \$400,000,000 will still be currency. Deducting this currency from the debt, the funded debt of the United States will, in July, 1865, be \$1,631,935,190. I class all but the \$400,000,000 legal tender as funded debt, and I assume that the extreme limit of this kind of money has been reached—that it will never be exceeded."

A correspondent of the Tribune describes the speech

as follows:

"The orator, practically familiar with banking, and knowing man's ways with money, and his passion for interest and weakness for coupous, demonstrated this proposition in the clearest manner. He showed that the \$400,000,000 legal-tender 5 per cent. was, like the funded debt, a merchantable commodity, partaking of the character of the English exchequer bill—rising and falling in price with the augmentation of interest—floating as zurrency a few value of money, increasing in value daily with the days after being issued, but presently absorbed and gone from the market, not to reappear until presentdays after being issued, but presently absorbed and gone from the market, not to reappear until presented for payment, on maturity. In the same manner he showed that the debt certificates were not "our rency!"—that they are bought and sold for investment and as marketable commodities, and occupy precisely the same relation to capital that the promissory note occupies. The long loan he next showed to be like any other funded debt, and when he concluded this branch of his triumphant argument with the words. acided the prediction to capital that the price of the prediction of the companion and the properties of the prediction of the country which the prediction of the prediction

—the authority of the Federal Government vindicated. A financial system, the offspring of this great necessity, has grown up. It has been in operation for the past three years. It is interwoven through every part of our industrial system. We cannot shoulsh it if we could: we ought not to abolish it if we could. We must wait for peace to prevail before we undertake to pull down the structure, and build in its place another. To undermine and deatroy it now, would be to bury the nation under its ruins."

build in its place another. To undermine and deatroy it now, would be to bury the nation under its ruins."

Mr. Stebbins next indorsed Mr. Chase's national banking scheme as calculated to strengthen the national dredit, to provide a mode and means of seiling Government debts in considerable quantities, and to prepare the way for resumption of specie payments and the gradual displacement of the legal tender. And this resumption of specie payments, hebelieved, would take place through the influence of the national banking law without any of the disorders and convulsions which always heretofore have followed great financial changes.

He uttered his faith in the funded American debt, and hased the faith of the people in the bonds of the United States with economical truth as well as rhetorical beauty; the plowed fields and the homesteads between the Atlantic and the Missouri, on the public domain of a thousand million of square miles west of the Missouri; on its inexhaustible minerals of coal, iron, copper, sliver, and gold; on its Pacific Railroad to traverse and cut through this bed of eternal wealth, and to tap the commerce of the Pacific world; on the enterprise and intelligence of the fire race that will build this road, mine that mealth, and draw off that commerce.

"Sir," said the orator, "the people believe in this basis of their coutry's debt. I believe in it. I know the great economical truth, that while from the year 1801 to 1861 the population of France increased but 79 per cent., and that of Frussia increased but 79 per cent, and that of England 121 per cent., the growth of population in my country was 533 per cent.! I know, too, from the statis us of the last ten years, that in 1870 the mildle Atlantic carrying and manufasturing and the Western food-producing States will surely have thirty-five thousand millions of taxable property, and in 1880 eighty thousand millions."

"Sir, the four hundred millions of legal tender direct country among these States. A he paid by

taxable property, and in 1830 eighty thousand millions!

"Sir, the four hundred millions of legal tender divided equally among these States, to be paid by them out of their incressed wealth from 1850 to 1860 alone, would have been, "2 32 ginshed in the first six months of 1860, and the balknee of incresse of wealth remaining on hand be the enormous sum of \$7,500,000,000. Measured in sommettion with the nation's ability to pay, this legal tender debt, sir, is wholly unimportant. Have not twenty-five millions of Americans endorsed this paper, as well as all the debt of the United States; and is not this endorsement guaranteed by forty two millions of Americans thinking and laboring in 1870; and is not their guaranty underwritten by the fifty-six millions of Americans of the year 1870, backed up by their accumulated wealth of \$82,000,000,000?"

Coming to the measure before the House, the gold bill, he said, with a logical impressiveness which was irresistible:

"If this four hundred millions of currency were bill, he said, with a logical impressiveness which was irresistible:

"If this four hundred millions of currency were secured to be paid to morrow; if the nation could see it begin to die and disappear by the establishment of a sinking fund of 10 per cent. per annum, which would absorb it all in ten years; if by the legislative sanction the Secretary should direct the burning of \$100,000 of it a day, until the whole was destroyed, do you imagine you would hear anything more of rises in gold? Sir, those measures would be the death of the speculators on the seaboard, and the nation would rise above their fears and anxieties, full of fresh power and hope. The passage of this bill to authorize the Secretary of the Treasury to sell from time to time the surplus gold in the Treasury would, in my opinion, have a corresponding effect, and tend prodigiously to the reduction of the expenses of the Government."

Mr. Stebbins then unveiled and attacked the artifices by which the people's money is deprice ated in

tifices by which the people's money is depriecated in the great cities. His speech concluded as follows:

the great cities. His speech concluded as follows:

"Suppose, sir, some vast theatre, crowded with thousands of human teings, absorbed in a dramatic spectacle; and suppose, sir, in the midst of their happy absorption two, three, or more voices should suddenly raise the appailing arry of fire, and rush toward the narrow entrances for the street? Does it need any prophecy to forcell the fearful disaster that would ensue while this frenzied multitude dashed at the contracted outlets, and through the crowded corriders? Hundreds might be roushed, limbs be broken, numbers suffocated, while thousands might be robbed by the brigands who had perpetrated the calamity for the purpose of plunder. Sir, will any one undertake to say that the building is really on fire only because of the infuriated cry of fire? No, sir? And, sir, this is precisely the case of the people of this country.

"During the past three years disloyal voices have kept crying fire against the national finances, and there have been convulsive movements to escape the feaful calamitics said to threaten the paper system, and which is finally to be entirely demolished. And while this cry continues, and every imaginable auxiliary is used to magnetize the nation into such a belief, and while the masses are rushing out of the Federal building in mad disorder, a system of pillage has been going forward that defies description, and human ingenuity is taxed to the villainy may augment, and the opportunity for plunder be protracted yet awhile longer. Sir, it is our solem duty to assist in correcting this scandaplunder be protracted yet awhile longer. Sir, it is our solemn duty to assist in correcting this scanda-lous state of things. The first step that we are bound to take is to relieve the Government from the fearful position of being a hoarder of gold. It cannot afford to be an instrument in the hands of the correct a wavelength of its contract a wavelength of its

canzet afford to be an instrument in the hands of its enemies, a participator in the depreciation of its currercy, a confederate with the speculators of the seaboard.

"Sir, I repeat with all the emphasis I am capable of expressing, that in advocating every measure for attengthening our financial system; by encouraging the Secretary of the Treasury to persevere in carrying out the ideas distinctly presented in his annual report; by pointing out to the extent of my humble ability the way to roll back the current that has set in such irresistible force against the public credit; by pointing out the vast resources of our country, and showing that an issue of \$400,000,000 of currency is only a substitute for the gold and bank circulation it has displaced, I fulfil my duty as a Democratic representative." The Next Presidency.

A LETTER FROM HOR. JOHN SHERMAN.-The following letter has been written by the Hon. John Sherman to the Cincinnati Gazette: Sherman to the Cincinnati Gazette:

To the Editor of the Gazette:

The letter of your correspondent, "J. J. M.," in the Gazette of the 25th instant, enables me to state my agency in the distribution of a pamphlet headed "The Next Presidential Election."

A number of copies of this pamphlet were sent to my room, either by mistake, or with the fraudulent design of securing my frank in ignorance of its contents. They came folded and sealed in the usual way of speeches and other documents, and were distributed by the cierk, on the supposition that they were quite a different document.

As to the Pomeroy circular, there is but one assertion in it that I on not believe to be true, and that is the first. I have no doubt but Mr. Lincoln will be elected, if nominated. If this circular had been openly published and circulated as an appeal to the people in behalf of Governor Chase, it would have been entirely justifiable.

I did not know of its existence until published. I do not believe in secret circulars. As an open appeal to the judgment of the people, I would not have though I do not approve of all its contents.

I prefer the nomination of Governor Chase to that of Mr. Lincoln, as I believe Governor Chase to that of Mr. Lincoln, as I believe Governor Chase to that of Mr. Lincoln, as I believe Governor Chase to that of Mr. Lincoln, as I believe Governor Chase to that of Mr. Lincoln, as I believe Governor Chase to the more secutive ability than Mr. Lincoln should be nominated, he will receive my hearty support.

Very truly yours, JOHN SHERMAN.

Amoable Relations Between Messes. Lincoln and the Con and Conserve of the tumors that the relations To the Editor of the Gazette:

Very truly yours, JOHN SHERMAN.

AMICABLE RELATIONS BETWEEN MESSES. LIMCOLN AND CHASE.—The rumors that the relations
between Secretary Chase and Mr. Lincoln had been
disturbed by present political affairs will be set at
rest by the appearance of a correspondence between
the two, in which Mr. Chase frankly disavows
knowledge of the Pomercy circular, and informs the
President that at the request of his friends he had
consented to become a candidate for the Presidency.
He then asks Mr. Lincoln if he considers that his
action is incompatible with his position as a mewher of the Cabinet. The President replies that he
has not seen the circular, and that he does not know
of any act of Mr. Chase's inconsistent with his position as a member of his Cabinet.

from San Francisco that Rev. Thomas Starr King died in that city of diptheria. Mr. King was born in New York, on the 16th of December, 1824. His father was settled in 1834 as minister of the First Universalist Church in Charlestown, Mass. The death of his father left the family in a great measure dependent upon the son, who was obliged to forego his intention of entering Harvard College. From his intention of entering Harvard College. From the age of 12 to 20, young King was employed either as a clerk or a schoolmaster, devoting his leisure to theological studies. He presched in Woburn first in 1845. In 1848 he was called to the Hollis-street Church, in Boston, and in 1860 he sailed from New York for California, where he has since resided as pastor of a Unitarian Church in San Francisco. Mr. King was one of the most eloquent orators and bril-liant writers in the country. His scholarship, for which he was indebted to no college, and which received in 1850 the tardy recognition of the master's degree from Harvard, was of a high order. He had made himself thoroughly at home in California, where he was deeply beloved. His noble eloquence and his untiring zeal had done much to keep the State loyal. As a lecturer he was known in every city and large town of the Northern States.

— General Sherman is described as being an inch less than six feet high, and about forty-five years old. His frame is of good size, but a moderate development of muscle gives him an appearance of being more slender than he really is. His hair and eyes are dark-his forehead high, and so exceed-ingly fair that, standing, as it does, in marked conrast with his hair and eyes, it is his prominent while Age's crow has made a very palpable track at the corner of either eye. A benevolent counte-nance, together with a kind and genial manner,

THREE CENTS.

THE CITY.

MARCH 5, 1863.

A. M...... 12 M.... 3 P. M. 6 A. M.... 12 M.... 3 P. M. 18½..... 26..... 30 wind. .....S by W....SSW NW....N by E.....N A NOTED GUERILLA CHIEFTAIN FEAST-

ed in our City.—On Friday last, Buffi Duke, the notorious guerilla chieftain and horse-thief, arrived in this city, on his way to Fort Delaware, from Co-lumbus, Ohio, where he has been kept in durance vile for a length of time. He was accompanied here by Major G. E. Johnson, A. D. C., and a guard of four men, by special orders of Maj. Gen. Heintzelman, commander of that department. Five hundred rebel prisoners arrived in the city about the same time, and were taken to Christian-street wharf and placed on board the steamer Ashland. The Major was well acquainted with this fact, and instead of ducting Dake there he must needs order two roums at the Continental Hotel, one for the rebel

concering Duke there, he must needs order two rooms at the Continental Hotel, one for the rebel and himself, and the other for the guards, where they could enjoy all the comforts and luxuries which this hotel affords.

A number of the Copperheads who infest this city, hearing of Basil Duke's arrival, proceeded to the room occupied by him and the Major, and while there entered into a friendly conversation with this traitor, and, at the same time, indulged in liquors of all descriptions. When this was over Chestaut street was promenaded and a good time had in general. Before leaving the Continental on Saturday Duke was the recipient of numerous presents from his sympathizing iriends. Among the articles given was a small bundle, which the Major did not open, although a spored to his view.

White on their way to the depot at Broad and Prime, the guards were obliged to walk about twenty pages in the rear of the officer and prisoner, until they arrived at this place, when the cars were taken for Delaware City, and from there in a boat to Fort Delaware, where Basil Duke was immediately confined. Major Johnson then proceeded to Washington, and the guard to this city. Our reporter had a conversation with them last evening, and elicited the above information. They further stated that any quantity of Catawha wine was provided for all hands while on the way from Columbus to this city, which, with other things indulged in, could not have cost less than one hundred dollars, but at whose expense they were unable to inform us. The extreme lepiency displayed on this cosasion, to one who has been a terror to all Union-loving people in the South, is surprising, and the matter is of too much importance not to be investigated. Neither his name nor those of the guards were registered in the list of arrivals at the Continents. were registered in the list of arrivals at the Conti-uental Hotel.

PROFESSOR SAUNDERS' APPEAL IN BEHALF OF THE VETERAN SOLDIERS.—To the Editors
of the Evening Telegraph:—The veteran soldiers interested, and the undersigned, will regard themselves under obligations to all the journals and other
newspapers of the city which will kindly publish
the following article, containing an important fact,
a proposition, an argument, and an appeal:
The FAOT.—Many veterane, belonging to Philadelphia, at the call of the Government, instantly reculisted in the field, and were accredited to the city
at large, or to districts, and thus lost their claim to
ward bounty—a bounty received by new enlisted
men, and by veterans re-enlisted at a later date.
THE PROPOSITION.—Let the city, by adding a
small fraction (about one-seventieth), to its appropriation for city bounty, or by the contributions of
the benevolent, raise a bounty equivalent to the
ward bounty for each of these prompt and self-denying men.
The Argument.—First, justice requires it. Men
who, having gone without any bounty, have defended us for more than two years, should receive as
large a bounty, to say the least, as new recoruits.
Second, policy requires it. It is desirable that these
veterans shall feel themselves well treated, render a
cheefful service, and make a favorable impression
on others soon to be called on to re-enlist as their
times expire. We may yet have, in some of our
future complications, additional need of those veterans, who, thoroughly instructed in their duties,
and long inured to hardship and danger, are worth
at least twice their number of untrained, unsifted
new recruits.

The Appeal.—The writer respectfully and earn
eatly requests all who read this article and approve PROFESSOR SAUNDERS' APPEAL IN BE-

at least twice their number of untrained, unalited new recruits.

THE APPEAL.—The writer respectfully and earnestly requests all who read this article and approve of the proposition, to express their opinions of it to others, and thus create a public sentiment which, in some way, will soon supply this equalizing bounty to these generous and heroic men. He also begs leave to entreat these veterans, in case their fellow citizens take a different view of the matter to submit good naturedly to the decision, and to remember that the freely devoted and patriotic expose themselves to cold, hunger, and disease—to balls and hayonets—not for money, grateful as such reward may be to them, but for their country, their conmay be to them, but to the series of humanity.

E. D. SAUNDERS. THE SUPERVISORY COMMITTEE. -- Inteply

THE SUPERVISORY COMMITTEE.—Lirreply to a communication of February 27, the Secretary of War has authorized the supervisory committee of this city to raise another regiment of colored troops, to be called the 43d, which, when completed, will be the seventh regiment recruited by them. The 32d-was commenced on the 13th of last month and now numbers one thousand men. This may be considered rather quick work. The 25th regiment, which is now quartered at Camp William Penn, will receive marching orders in a few days. Gustavus A. Scroggs, of New York, has been commissioned as coionel of it. The military school established by the supervisory committee is in a flourishing condition. Many of the scholars receiving instructions here are graduates of colleges, and possess a good education. Among the number is the son of Hon, Henry Wilson, United States Senator from Massachusetts. RECRUITING.—The following is a statement of the number of men mustered into the United States service at the office of Captain Wm. B. Lane, No. 1102 Girard street, and credited to this city during the month of February:

First ward, 114; Second, 59; Third, 61; Fourth, 54; Fifth, 149; Sixth, 66; Seventh, 45; Eighth, 64; Ninth, 257; Tenth, 30; Eleventh, 64; Twelfth, 123; Thirteenth, 105; Fourteenth, 62; Fifteenth, 58; Sixteenth, 125; Seventeenth, 23; Eighteenth, 38; Nineteenth, 217; Twentyeth, 210; Twenty-first, 150; Twenty-second, 116; Twenty-third, 87; Twenty-fourth, 179; Twenty-fifth, 63—total, 2,655. Previous-ly mustered in at this office, 2,976; making a total of 5,641 men.

The reports of the provost marshals of this city

cal men. The reports of the provost marshals of this city or the same month have not yet been presented. He number which they have mustered in will swell the above amount considerably. CITY TREASURER'S OFFICE.—Mr. Henry Bumm, since entering upon his duties as the Treasurer of Philadelphia, has found his position anything else than sinceure. His whole time has been occupied, on many occasions, days and nights consecutively. The bounty fund had to be raised on a projected loan authorized by City Councils. The patriotic appeals of the Treasurer found a hearty response in the bosoms of patriotic capitalists, and the money was forthwith appropriated. Leat week the sum of \$381,000 was paid out to enlisted men for bounty alone, under the orders of the Bounty Fund Committee, R. P. King, Eeq., chairman. This makes nearly two-and-a-half millions already paid out. CITY TREASURER'S OFFICE.-Mr. Henry

DIED OF HIS INJURIES.—Lieutenant Wm. Harrington, Company B, 29th Pennsylvania Volunteers, who injured himself severely on Tuesday last, by falling from the back platform of one of the Baitmore railroad cars, died from his injuries on Saturday, at the Clitizens' Volunteer Hospital, Broad and Prime, to which place he was taken at the time of the accident. He was a fine officer, and has served the country faithfully with the 29th Regiment in all the battles in which that regiment was engaged. MEETING OF SYMPATHIZING GERMANS.-MERTING OF SYMPATHIZING GERMANS.—
An enthusiastic meeting of German citizens was
held, on Saturday evening, at the Mechanics' Hall,
on Third street, below Green, to express sympathy
with the German side of the Schleswig-Holstoin
question. Speeches were made in German and
English, and resolutions were shopted setting forth
that the question at issue has not been fairly stated
in the European press, and that, therefore, the minds
of the great American nation have been abused,

FIRE. On Saturday afternoon a slight FIRE.—On Saturday alternoon a Signific cocurred in the second-story of house No. 1816 America street, by which the bed and furniture were destroyed. The room was the abods of a woman and daughter who had gone out to do some work; leaving behind them a little boy, six years cld. During their absence he ignited a corn broom, and, while playing with it, set fire to the bed clothes. The oblid was rescued by members of a family living in the lower part of the house. THE UNITED STATES INTERNAL REVE-THE UNITED STATES INTERNAL REVE-NUE.—We call attention to an advertisement in an-other column of to-day's Press, cautioning all per-sons liable to a tax on carriages, pleasure yashts, billiard tables, and gold and silver plate, in the Se-cond Collection district of Pennsylvania who fail to pay their annual taxes on or before the 2d day of April, 1864, will insur a penalty of ten per cantum additional of the amount thereof, and be liable to costs.

FOR LIVERPOOL.—The ship Connecticut, Capt. Lucas, left Lombard-street wharf on Saturday morning, for Liverpool, with a cargo consisting of 1,761 bankels wheat, 6,305 barrels flour, 186 casks tallow, 60 hhda. bark, 300 bags cloverseed, 9 casks tallow oil, 26 cases paper hangings, 5 bbis, feldspar, and one burgy. COOPER-SHOP REFRESHMENT SALOON .-The officers of the guard which conducted the five hundred rebel prisoners to Fort Delaware on Friday night last have written an article of thanks to the committee of the above saloon, for their kindness ARRIVAL OF SOLDIERS.—A detachment of fifty men, under the command of Capt. J. H. Reid, arrived in this city on Saturday, from New York. They were fed at the Union Volunteer Refreshment Salcon, and then left for Washington to join an invalid corps stationed there.

MILITARY FUNERAL.—The military func-ral of Major Henry C. Whelan, of the 5th Pennsyl-vania Cavairy, will take place from his late resi-dence, on Vine street, above Fifteenth, at nine o'clock this merning. The Washington Grays and Professor Birgfeld's band will be in attendance. DECEASED.—Charles Hobbs, a member of the 183d Regiment P. V., Colonel McLean, died from brain fever, at Brandy Station, Va., a few days since. His body was brought to this city on Saturday, and taken to his late residence, on Second street, above FIRE IN WEST PHILADELPHIA. - The wheelwright and blacksmith shops of Mr. Gill, located in the vicinity of Market and Fortieth streets, West Philadelphia, was destroyed by fire between one and two o'clock yesterday morning. The loss is estimated at \$2,000.

HORRIBLE ACCIDENT. -On Saturday lad named Anthony Runsen, aged 15 years, was caught in a cotton picker, in full motion, at the factory of Messrs. Savel & Schofield, at Manayunk, and was mangled to death in a few moments. OPENING OF PROPOSALS POSTPONED,—It will be seen by the official advertisement in The Press to day, that the time for opening proposals relating to horse equipments, is postponed until the 20th inat., and the first delivery until April 9th. Press to day, that the time for opening proposals relating to horse equipments, is postponed until the 20th inst, and the first delivery until April 9th.

SAILED.—The supply steamer Massachusetts, Lieut West commanding, left the navy yard on Saturday with a cargo of stores for the vesting in the South Atlantic Blockading Squadron.

VETERINARY.—The annual commencement of the Veterinary College will be held to-morrow evening, at the hall of the Diligent Engine Company.

DROWNED.—The body of a laboring man, supposed to be that of John McBride, who disspeared several months since, was found in the Deligent Engine is more, near Pine-street wharf, on Saturday evening.

BECOND WARD.—In another column of this paper is a series of important resolutions adopted at the meeting of citizens of the Second Ward of Fiday evening last.

Here There have been further eales of Manila at 15% (2010).

Brain, with sales of 5, 200 bushels Canada West at 21.376 in the Second with sales of 6,000 bushels at 81.376 in the 1.376 in the state of the new second and the first state of the sales of the Second ward o

The monty must always accompany the or in no instance can these terms be deviated from aford very little more than the cost of paper. AT Postmasters are requested to set as Agents for The Was Prizes. To the getter-up of the Club of ten or twenty. an extra copy of the Paper will be given.

FINANCIAL AND COMMERCIAL. THE MONEY MARKET. PHILADRIPHIA, March 5, 1684

Money continues to increase, and gold, as also stocks,
continue to advance, the former article closing 613/602

THE WAR PRESS.

(PUBLISHED WEEKLY.)

per cent. Government, State, and city securities were arm. United States 1881 bonds are quoted at 111@111%; Sevenand three-tenths and five-tweaties keep steady at 107%.

The chief feature at the stock board was Beading. @M. The chief feature at the stock board was Reading. (the sales of which amounted to about 9,00 shares, commending at 68%, selling as high as 69, but eventually falling off to 66%@M. Echuyikili Navigation was very firm in the morning, advancing from 44 to 48%. It, however, fell off at the close, 44% being bid. North Pennyivania was affected in the same way, opening at 36%, advancing to 37, but falling back again to 36%@M. Philadelphia and Erie was very hrm. selling as high as 57%, resultar way, and 38%. (buyers' option,) an advance of 30 on yesterday's figures. Catawissa sold at 24%, and the preferred at 43, an advance of 30 on either. There were sales of Beaver Meadow at 76, and Shamokin Valling at 400.

were sales of Beaver Mendow at 76, and Shamokin Valley at 40.

Mining stocks seem for the present neglected, there being but very little done in them. They, however are generally firm: Attan selling at 21: Penn Mining quoted at 9½; New York and Middle, 12½ bid, % asked. Others were firm in proportion, excepting Manden, which fell off after boards to 5½.

In Pascenger Railways there was very little done, the only sales being of Thirteenth and Fifteenth, which opened at 43½, but fell off, the last sale being at 42.

Drayel & Co. gonte Government, securities, for any second at 42.

U. hew Cariffentes of Indebt dues: Deliveries of 6-20 bonds made to January 19, inclusive Quotations of gold at the Philadelphia Gold Exchange 18 South Third street, second story:

The New York Commercial Advertiser says:

The following is an official statement of the public debt of the United States as it existed on the lst of March: of the United States as tested on the lat
UNITED STATES DEBT.
4 per et. temporary loan.
5 per et. temporary loan.
7 emporary loan.
90,293,941 34
7 emporary loan.
123,100 00
21,775,660 22
21,775,660 22 164,150 00 7,330,817 03 emporary liabilities...
ld public debt...
year 7. 30 bonds...
nited tates notes...
ractional currency... Total March 1, 1864 ..... \$1.469, 192, 649 06 \$1, 513, 291, 042 35

Philada. Stock Exchange Sales, March 5, [Reported by S. E. Slaymaner, Philadelphia Exchange, ] do .....2dys&int 100 Mandan Mining 100 do ... b5 44 x 200 do ... 100 Phila & Erio R ... 55 45 x 100 Phila & Erio B ... 55 45 x 100 Phila & Erio B ... 55 45 x 100 do ... 14 150 do ... 55 45 x 100 do ... 15 150 do ... 15 

do......Pref 443 do.....b20.Pref 443 do.....65 '82 96 UB 5-20 Bonds ....1073 400 M Penna ... bl6 87 [200 Reading R ... ... s5 68]/

10 0. 6 6 67 Beav Meadow cash 78 SECOND BOARD.
1000 Penna Coup 5e-55 101 11 Far & Mac Bk... b5 60 100 N Penna R... b30 37 100 Sch Nav ... b30 pr 44% 60 Oll Crebs ... b5 14 100 60 ... b5 pr 44% 60 Oll Crebs ... b5 14 100 60 ... b5 pr 44% 600 Lebigh 65 ... 107 100 Phill & Bric R. b30 38% 60 Litischuy R... 107 100 Phill & Bric R. b30 38% 

| Color | Colo Philadelphia Markets. The demand for Flour continues limited, and the mar-et is dull and unsettled; sales comprise about 2,600 bbls

bbl. The retailers and bakers are buying at from \$600 6,25 for superfine. \$6 50007 for extra, \$5.7507.62 for extra family, and \$5@3.50 % bbi for fancy brands, as to qua-lity. Rye Flour is dull; the last sale was made at \$5 % bbl. There is little or nothing doing in Corn Meal, and the market is dull. the market is dull.

GRAID.—There is a fair demand for Wheat at former rates, with sales of about 5, 700 bus at 1805 for prime red, including 500 bus fair do at 180c; white is salling in a small way at 170,3195c % bu, as to quality. Bye is reling at from 182,3195c % bu, as to quality. Bye is reling at from 182,3195c % bu, corn is in demand, and prices are well maintained; 5,500 bus sold at 118,420c. ing at from 1920/1930 but Corn is in demand, and prices are well maintained; 6, 600 buts sold at 1180/1930, in store and float. Oats are very dull; small sales are many from 8.08 det for fair to prime. BAEK.—There is little or nothing doing in Quercitron; 18.00 is offered \$437 3 ton.

18.00 are limited, manufacturers are only purchasing to supply their immediate wants; small lots of middlings are selling at from 781/2070 but can be sales are limited; 193 but and the green are limited; 194 bits Rew Orleans Molarses sold by auction at 70/273/c. and 65 hints New Orleans Sugar at from 10/20/24/c. and 65 hints New Orleans Sugar at from 10/20/24/c. and 65 hints New Orleans Sugar at from 10/20/24/c. There is no material change to notice in price or demand, and the sales are limited; 800 harrels refined in bond sold at 45/26/5/c, free at from 53/25/65, and small lots of crude at 29/35/6 F gallon, according to REEN S. Through the property of the sales are limited; 800 harrels refined in bond sold at 45/26/5/c, free at from 53/25/65, and small lots of crude at 29/35/6 F gallon, according to REEN S. Through the number send a sale as a reference of the sales are limited; 800 harrels refined in bond sold at 45/26/5/c, free at from 53/25/65. and small lots of crude at 29@30c P gallon, according to quality.

BEEDS. —Timothy is unchanged; small sales are making at \$3.25 Phushel.

Glover ecatinues very dull at former quotations, with sales of about 90 bushels, at \$2.25 Phushel; the latter rate for choice.

PROVISIONS.—Prices are without any material change and the demand is steady. 100 bbis Mess Pork sold at \$23 per bbi, and \$0.00 bbis bason on private terms. City packed Mess Beef is selling at \$4.00 per bbi; and \$0.00 bbs Bason on private terms. City packed Mess Beef is selling at \$4.00 per bbi. Lind is in steady demand, with sales of thereas at 160 Hg, and teags at 160 Hg of bb. Lind is in steady demand, with sales of thereas at 160 Hg, and teags at 160 Hg of bb. Butter is in demand and selling at 20 900 Pb for fair to prime.

WHIRKY continues unsettled; holders have put up their prices \$60 Hg Pailon.

Bis. are quoted at \$3.200 bbs. are quoted at \$3.200 bbs.

The following are the receipts of Flour and Graig at this port to-dey;

New York Markets, March 5.

Ashes are firm with sales of 60 bbls at \$5.57% for pole.
and \$10 for pearls.

Breadstufffs, —The market for State and Wes'ern
Flour is a shade firmer, with a fair demand
The sales are 13,600 bbls at \$6.4026,55 for superfine
State; \$6.726,59 for extra do; \$5.4026,55 for superfine
Michigan, Indians, Iowa, Onio, &c. : \$6.507 for oneria do; heluding shipping brands of rouseful of the company
Tra do; heluding shipping brands of do at \$6.5026,50

87.1627.25, and trade brands of do at \$6.5026,50

8. inther Flour is firm and moderately active; sales
Suthern Flour is firm and moderately active; sales
(30 bbls at \$707.75 for superfine Baltimore, and \$7.505

10 50 for extra do.

Canada Flouris firmer, with sales of 600 bbls at \$6.0026

Canada Flouris firmer, with sales of 600 bbls at \$6.0026

Canada Flouris firmer, with sales of 600 bols at \$6.0026

Rye Flouris quiet and steady at \$5.0026,00 for the
range of fine and surperfine, with a good demand. The
wheat is one one belier, with a good demand. The
wheat is one one belier, with a good demand. The
wheat is one one belier.

All you is for a blevalue of this \$1.602,15 for amber
the want see dubt \$1.6001.70 for winter red Western, and
\$1.7001, 70 for suber Michigan.

By 91 s steady at \$1.2821.30.

Barley is firm, with sales of 8,000 bushels Canada West

at \$1.47.

Corn is quiet, with sales of 8,000 bushels at \$1.5261.324