## PERSONAL.

—Vincenzo D'Amarelli, professor of Italian, Spanish, French, and other languages, in the University of Pennsylvania, the Polytechnic College, and other schools, died suddenly in this city on Friday last, in his sixty-first year, and was buried on Sunday at the Roman Catholic church of St. Mary's. He was a man of fine education and varied experience, and had for many years held the position of professor of languages and literature in the University of Naples. A correspondent of the *North American* says: "Vincenzo D'Amarelli was of a noble Neapolitan family, which carried back its genealogy into the early middle ages. One of his ancestors, Allessandro Amarelli, was the companion in arms of Count Baldwin of Flanders, in the First Crusade, and the title of Baron was borne by the subsequent heads of the family. He was an accomplished scholar, and was master of Greek, Latin, Spanish, French, and Italian, but he only imperfectly spoke English. About twelve years ago he obtained from the Neapolitan Government permission to travel, and a pension was granted to him on his retirement. He visited Greece, Turkey, Syria, Egypt, Western Europe, and finally the United States, where he was so much delighted with the freedom and prosperity which prevailed, that he decided upon adopting this as his country." Professor D'Amarelli was well known and greatly esteemed in Philadelphia, and his death will be generally lamented.

—Napoleon III. has written an "affectionate" letter to the Spanish Queen, replying to that in which her Catholic Majesty announced the intended marriage of the Comte de Paris with the eldest daughter of the Duc de Montpensier. The Emperor can well afford to be "magnanimous" on this occasion, for if the Duke of Montpensier had not married the sister of the Queen of Spain, in the autumn of 1846, it is very probable that Napoleon III. would have been Emperor. The Spanish marriage business had much to do with bringing about the fall of the house of Orleans, which opened the way to the return of the Bonapartes to France, and the re-establishment of the Empire. The Duke of Montpensier is the third son of Louis Philippe, and hence his daughter and the Count of Paris are cousins; and the issue of their marriage may hereafter reign both in Spain, and over the French. The Count is the eldest grandson of Louis Philippe, and would be recognized by many as the legitimists, should the Comte de Chambord die; and his wife, failing the children of Isabella Segunda, would reign over Spain, or "the Spains." The chance that such a marriage might conflict with the purpose of the men who made the treaty of Utrecht, does not excite the alarm that the Montpensier marriage excited eighteen years ago.

—The deceased widow of President Harrison, who died at North Bend, on the 26th ult., was the daughter of John Cleves Symmes, the founder of the Miami settlements, but who is better remembered as the inventor of the famous "Symmes' Hole" theory, according to which the earth is hollow, open at the poles, and capable of being inhabited within. She was married in 1795 to (then) Captain Harrison, who was in command of Fort Washington, the site of the present city of Cincinnati. A biographer, writing of her a short time previous to the death of President Harrison, says: "She has been the faithful companion of this distinguished patriot during the various perils and vicissitudes of his eventful life, and lives to witness the maturity of his fame and the honors paid him by a grateful country." Mrs. Harrison has died "full of years," crowned with the glory of woman—a true and loving wife, a tender and affectionate mother.

—Mason and Slidell are actively engaged in the blockade-running business. They have purchased two British-built steamers, one a fast side-wheel boat that can go eighteen miles an hour. She is commanded by the notorious Bishop, and has on board Mason, Slidell, their secretaries, Eustis and Macfarland, Maury, Dudley Mann, and a number of ladies. The first destination of the steamer is Bermuda, now the rendezvous of the blockade-runners, where probably some of her passengers will dismiss her and await the rest of the venture in safety to their precious selves. Mason and Slidell will, however, risk running the blockade to Charleston, if they take with them an immense quantity of Confederate bonds (purchased cheaply, we doubt not,) and a considerable sum in gold, raised by the English Company, at the head of which is the firm of Isaacs, Campbell & Co., the army and navy agents.

—Correspondence between Jeff Davis and Gen. Jo. Johnston, relating to the siege of Vicksburg, is published *in extenso*. Johnston expresses faith in Pemberton; but begs for reinforcements and generals—the Northern generals in his army being unpopular. He asks for General Cadmus Wilcox, and the War Department sends him General French. Of all the troops at his disposal, available against Grant, there were only 24,000. His principal difficulty, however, was the nature of his command, and, to a despatch of his, Davis replies:

"Your despatch of the 12th inst. to Secretary of War noted. The order to go to Mississippi did not diminish your authority over Tennessee, both being in the country placed under your command in the original assignment. To what do you refer as information from no reliable authority? You should know that troops became no more could be spared? Officers ordered to you for duty generally are, of course, subject to assignment by you."

The upshot of this correspondence we notice the members of the old feud between Davis and Johnston.

—General Robert Toombs has been degraded to the rank of colonel, not for treason, as was reported, but for bad temper. His soldiers, who had to travel in box cars to Savannah, during the late severe weather, after laying a place on the floor with brick and sand, built fires to keep them warm. The agent prohibited the train from running unless the fires were extinguished, but General Toombs threatened to have the agent cut to pieces and thrown into the engine for fuel. Finally, he put the agent under guard, and ran the train.

—The Parisian series of official masked balls, including those of the Minister of State, Minister of Foreign Affairs, and the Duke de Bassano, closed with a magnificent ball at the Tuileries on the 22d, which was attended by the *élite* of the French and foreign aristocracy. The Duchess de Morny was dressed as an English lady of the last century, Princess Anna Murat as a marquise, Princess Troubeski as a cat, Countess de Fourtales as a blue butterfly, Mme. Emile de Girardin as snow, and the two misses Siddell as shepherdesses.

—Kinteimann, the head gardener of the King of Prussia, died the other day at the age of ninety. He was employed at the Sans Souci in the time of Frederick the Great, and related many personal anecdotes of the eccentric monarch. It was Kinteimann who cultivated the first dahlias which Alexander Von Humboldt introduced into Prussia, and to him are due the chief attractions of the gardens on Peacock Island, near Potsdam, the favorite resort of Frederick William III.

—The Paris *Presse*, in an article upon the American war, in which it arrives at the conclusion that the South is nearly ready to abandon the struggle, thus speaks of Gen. Grant: "Grant is the American Massena, the beloved child of victory, who has never met with a reverse, but who is as vigilant and indefatigable as if he had one to fear. Alone he is able to resist the three armies of the Confederation."

—Gen. Wool has written a letter to the secretary of the Albany Bazaar, in which he gives his plan for the defeat and crushing of the rebellion during the ensuing campaign. He would have 250,000 men under Grant, and as many more under Meade, moving upon the enemy at once and with irresistible power. Thus, placed between the upper and nether grindstones, the rebellion would be effectually crushed.

—In one of his recent lectures, George Thompson referred to the "musk-scented, rose-lined" aristocracy of England, and suggested that *their* ideas of property were shocked by the elevation of a common poor boy, who had practiced rail-splitting, to be the head of our nation.

—A. H. Stephens has so far recovered his health that he is able to walk about and resume his correspondence to some extent. He is at his residence in Crawfordville.

—The rebel general W. W. Mackall, who surrendered Island No. 10, has accepted a position as chief of Johnston's staff.

—Fitz John Porter, once a major general, passed through Atchison, Kansas, on the 4th inst., going to Colorado.

—The other evening General Halleck gave a dinner party at his residence, in Georgetown, to a large number of officers of the army.

### OBITUARY.

DEATH OF CHARLES M. MAJOR.—Mr. Charles W. March, a gentleman favorably known in literary circles in New York, died at Alexandria, Egypt, on the 24th of January, aged forty-seven years. Mr. March recently inherited a large fortune, and had undertaken an extended tour abroad, when he was suddenly prostrated by an attack of typhoid fever. He was a native of New Hampshire, was at one time engaged as an editorial writer on the *New York Tribune*, and subsequently became a contributor to the *New York Times* and a correspondent of the Boston *Courier*, for which latter paper he wrote under the signature of "Fequot." He published a lively and pleasant journal of his travels in Andalusia and Mauderia, and also a volume entitled "Reminiscences of Congress." At the death of Daniel Webster, with whom he was on terms of intimate friendship, Mr. March published a series of interesting personal reminiscences, which were widely read and admired.

DEATH OF AN ENGLISH ARTIST.—William Hunt, the well-known English painter in water colors, died in London on the 13th of January, aged seventy-three years. His first exhibition of paintings was made in 1824. A large proportion of his later works are now held by their purchasers in Manchester and vicinity. Two years ago his single figure, "Too Hot," was sold in London for three hundred guineas. He was an industrious worker and a superior artist, occupying a high rank among the English painters of scenes in humble life.

### M. Labouloye on American Affairs.

The following is an extract of a private letter from M. Labouloye to a friend in this city, dated at Paris on the 7th ult.:

"The return of Louisiana and Arkansas is a good augury, and I hope that the year 1864 will witness at last the victory of the Union. I think that the South has nothing longer to hope in Europe; on the one hand, its love of slavery has destroyed it in the opinion of honest men and religious minds; on the other, its want of success has lost it the politicians. Besides, Europe is so much occupied at home; there is such disquietude on all sides; we feel ourselves so truly on the eve of a universal war that no one cares to compromise himself with America.

"The Mexican war, so universally condemned in France, has at least had the advantage of making every one understand that trans-oceanic expeditions are something too costly, too uncertain, and too difficult for it, not to be to one's advantage to stay at home. It is also beginning to be said in many directions that the United States are the natural allies of France, and that it would be wrong to concur in their dismemberment. Succeed in re-establishing the Union, and extirpating slavery, and you will see an exercise an immense moral influence on the Old World, and will send us liberty by force of example.

"For my part, I regard it as one of the happiest events of my life to have been able to defend your course when so many believed it lost. I am, moreover, amply recompensed for the little that I have done by the testimonials of affection which come to me from all the Northern States. You have been pleased to consider me an American in heart and mind. I am happy and proud to find myself in some degree your fellow-citizen.

"EDOUARD LABOULAYE."

THE 22D AT BETHLEHEM.—A splendid supper was given by the Union League of the veteran volunteers of the 46th Regiment, at the Eagle Hotel, on the evening of the 22d. There were in all about two hundred seated at the tables, and everything passed off admirably. Among the guests were Brigadier General Knipe, formerly Colonel of the 46th, Colonel Selfridge, now commanding the same, and Captain A. J. Litelchsch, now of the War Department at Washington. He commanded Co. O, at the battle of Cedar Mountain, where he lost his right leg. Thirteen regular toasts were drank, and speeches were made by General Knipe, Colonel Selfridge, and others.—*Mauch Chunk Gazette, Feb. 25.*

## THE CITY.

| Thermometer. FEBRUARY 29, 1864. | | | |
|---|---|---|---|
| 6 A. M. | 12 M. | 3 P. M. | |
| 45 | 44 | 45 | 45 |
| NNW | WNW | NW | NNW |

| HOSPITALS. | Wounded in action. | Sick. | Wounded accidentally. | Wounded in action. | Sick. | Wounded accidentally. | Total. |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| McClellan | 11 | 32 | 0 | .. | .. | .. | 317 |
| Cuyler | 0 | 3 | 0 | .. | .. | .. | 143 |
| York, Pa. | 23 | 3 | 4 | .. | .. | .. | 402 |
| Citizens' Volunteer | 38 | 8 | 1 | .. | .. | .. | 71 |
| Christian Street | .. | 10 | 15 | .. | .. | .. | 681 |
| Summit House | 8 | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | 176 |
| Harper's Ferry | 28 | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | 28 |
| Islington Lane | 2 | 1 | 1 | .. | .. | .. | 16 |
| Cuyler, Germantown | 14 | 12 | .. | .. | .. | .. | 268 |
| South street | .. | 1 | .. | .. | .. | .. | 170 |
| Officers', Camac's Woods | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | 21 |
| Post at Chambersburg | 14 | 15 | .. | .. | .. | .. | 17 |
| West Philadelphia | 10 | 12 | 6 | 1 | .. | .. | 1,005 |
| Fort Mifflin | 3 | 1 | 0 | .. | .. | .. | 196 |
| Sixty-fifth and Vine streets | 31 | 19 | 27 | 2 | .. | .. | 307 |
| Convalescent, 16th and Filbert | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. |
| Total | 149 | 122 | 50 | 6 | .. | .. | 3,822 |

PHILADELPHIA DENTAL COLLEGE.—The first annual commencement of the Philadelphia Dental College was held last evening at Concert Hall. An efficient band of musicians enlivened the proceedings. The Rev. Richard Newton, D. D., presided. The faculty and trustees were seated on the stage. The degree of the college was conferred on the following named graduates:

Wm. A. Breen, Pennsylvania; Wm. P. Henry, Pennsylvania; Richard J. Hoffner, Pennsylvania; H. E. Knox, Massachusetts; Wm. S. Miller, Massachusetts; Jacob Tyler Tees, Pennsylvania.

The valedictory was pronounced by C. A. Kingsbury, D. D. S., professor of dental physiology, and operative dentistry.

The number of operations during the year, 1,066. Whole number of teeth mounted, 898.

The audience was large and fashionable, and the proceedings interesting.

THE PASSENGER RAILROAD FUROR.—The anxiety and desperation so violently displayed in the State Legislature to cover the streets of Philadelphia with passenger railroads, have shown an entire disregard to the interests of our citizens. Apparently there is no thought of the rights of the people or their welfare either. The men who are laboring through the Seventh and Ninth-street Passenger Railroad project have not taken time to consider how the cars are to be laid down. Most assuredly, not on street, as is proposed, there will not be sufficient room for carriages to pass either side of a railroad car. The space is but twenty feet in width from curb to curb, and a railroad car will occupy almost half of that, so that there can be room for other vehicles to pass by. The plans must be approved by the Board of Surveys before the road can commence operations.

THE STREET-CLEANING DEPARTMENT.—The Committee on the Cleansing of the Streets held a meeting yesterday, at which the Chief Inspector was instructed to employ as many carts, laborers, &c., as he may deem necessary, and as few as possible, so that the work may be proceeded with at once. It was also agreed that the street dirt should be sold, till a place of deposit can be obtained. The Chief Commissioner of Highways was instructed to hand over the tools, &c., in his possession to the Chief Inspector. A sub-committee of three was appointed to procure a place of deposit for the street dirt and ashes, and the meeting adjourned. Mr. R. R. Richardson has been appointed chief clerk to the department.

CAPTAIN WAGNER.—A letter was received last evening at the headquarters of the Supervisory Committee that Captain Wagner, of Company A, 8th United States Colored Troops, was badly wounded in the recent battle in Florida. The Captain was wounded in the right arm and left leg, and also across the back. This was the first time the regiment was under fire. Every company stood up to the work manfully. Captain W. is a brother of Colonel Wagner, commanding Camp Wm. Penn. He has seen considerable service.

THE CHURCH HOME FOR CHILDREN.—The annual report of the Church Home for Children shows that during the year the total amount received by the treasurer was $4,440 54. The total expenditure for the year was $4,320 36. Twelve girls and three boys have been received, thus completing the number of inmates the Home is able to accommodate.

SUDDEN DEATHS.—A child died suddenly, yesterday morning, at No. 8 Coke's place, Carpenter street, above Fourth.

In the afternoon, a man named Owen Murray died suddenly, in Somerset street, above Almond. The deceased had been drunkard in both cases, and rendered a verdict to that effect.

SLIGHT FIRES.—A slight fire occurred, yesterday, at No. 1329 Pearl street, and also one at a tavern, at Twenty-fourth and Coates street, occupied by Michael Lewis. The flames were extinguished with small loss.

PERSONAL.—Major General George Cadwalader, commander of the Department of the Susquehanna, arrived in this city last evening from the West, where he has been engaged, for a month past, in ameliorating official business.

CITY PROPERTY.—John W. Leigh, Esq., Commissioner of City Property elect, assumed the duties of his position yesterday. Joseph Bickley has been appointed bell-ringer in the State House steeple.

TESTIMONIAL.—Last evening Mr. Richard R. Young, agent of the Girard Estates, was the recipient of a handsome gold watch from the employees of the department. Mr. Young has held the position of agent during the past two years.

BOUNTIES TO VOLUNTEERS.—This evening a meeting of the delegates from the several wards, appointed for the purpose of equalizing the ward bounties, will be held in the Board of Trade room.

MARINE DISASTER.—The schooner Diamond, from Philadelphia for New London with coal, which ran ashore on the 26th ult. near Cape Henlopen, is full of water, and will probably be a total loss.

FROM NEW ORLEANS.—The brig Fannie Foulke, Captain Cook, arrived at this port yesterday, from New Orleans, with 110 hhds and 6 tbls of sugar, 239 bbls molasses, 3 bales of cotton, and 3 bbls of tar.

SHOOTING PIGEONS.—A shooting-match with guns off at Jolly Post Hotel, Frankford, between 20 select shooters, this (Tuesday) afternoon, at 2 o'clock, for a splendid bay mare.

OPENING OF A SCHOOL.—The new Washington Grammar School, in Fifth street, below Washington, Second ward, will be opened to-day.

## THE POLICE.

[Before Mr. Alderman White.]

### Highway Robbery.

On the 22d inst., the 122d anniversary of the birth of Washington, quite a number of the U. S. colored troops belonging to Camp William Penn obtained leaves of absence to come to town to see the parade, &c. One of these men, named Jeremiah M. Brown, hailing from Chambersburg, Pa., reached, in his rambles, the classic neighborhood of Seventh and Lombard streets. Presently three or four men stepped up to him and made themselves very familiar. "Hollo, old fellow!" said one of them, taking him by the hand. Before he had time to reply another of the party snatched the watch and chain from the soldier, and before the alarm was given another of the gang struck him. The watch was worth fifty dollars. Information of the theft was lodged with the authorities, and on Saturday night one of the men giving the name of Elias Farmer, was taken into custody. He had a hearing on Sunday, after which the man was committed in default of $2,000 bail to answer.

[Before Mr. Alderman Beitler.]

### Disorderly House.

John McCrystal was arraigned yesterday on the charge of keeping a disorderly house, where all sorts of the lower order of humanity were in the habit of resorting for purposes of dancing. The accused was held in the sum of $1,000 to answer.

[Before Mr. Alderman Moore.]

### Larceny of Wash Clothes.

Margaret Morgan was arraigned yesterday on the charge of stealing a tub of wash clothes from the yard of a house on German street near Third. Some of the articles were recovered. The accused was committed to answer.

### Caution.

The public are cautioned against a woman dressed in black soliciting aid, alleging that her husband and three sons were killed in battle. She is an impostor.

### Daring Outrage and Robbery.

Between twelve and one o'clock yesterday a couple of men entered the flag-making and patriotic establishment of Mr. E. H. Murray, on North Fifth street, and inquired for the proprietor. The young man in attendance, John Dougherty, replied that he was not in. One of the men then asked how gold leaf was placed upon the silk flags. The young man said he would show him, and, as he turned to get some gold leaf, one of the strangers struck him a violent blow on the back of the head, which felled him to the floor. Dougherty remained insensible for some time. When he recovered he ascertained that he had been robbed of all the money he had, being about $22 60. The robbers also stole a few other articles, and cut the fields of a number of silk flags.

## THE COURTS.

### Supreme Court—Before Justices Thompson, Strong, and Read.

Opinions were rendered in the following cases yesterday:

Penn Annuity Company vs. Vansyckle, Philadelphia county. Opinion by Strong, J. Judgment affirmed.

Robinson's appeal, Philadelphia county. Opinion by Strong, J. Decree reversed, and it is ordered that the account of the appellant be restated, and that a credit be allowed to him of the sum of $701 84, the sum lost by the insolvency of the Saving Fund of the National Safety Trust Company." Read, J., filed a dissenting opinion.

CASES ARGUED.

East Pennsylvania Railroad Co. vs. Shollenberger. Same vs. Hottenstein. Argued by F. W. Hughes, Esq., for plaintiff in error, and by Benj. W. Cumming for defendant in error.

The court then adjourned till Monday next. County cases will then be taken up.

### Court of Quarter Sessions—Judge Ludlow.

Commonwealth vs. McEwen and Costello. The defendants, convicted last Friday of having committed an assault and battery on John R. Ecke, were yesterday called up for sentence, which was pronounced by Judge Ludlow by a few remarks. He said, substantially, that he had given the case the consideration which it demanded. The evidence established the fact that a number of persons assembled at or near the office of a newspaper in this city, and when the prosecutor made his appearance, three of the number made an attack upon him. Of these three, one is identified positively; the other was undoubtedly upon the spot, though it is by no means certain joined in the attack. There is no evidence before me proving that the persons assembled near this office did so assemble for the purpose of *attacking* the individual or individuals engaged in the printing office, but rather for the purpose of expressing their disapprobation of the conduct of certain persons who were there engaged at work. And it appeared that these defendants acted in concert with others, and at their instigation, for the purpose of attacking the prosecutor, nothing would save them from a punishment which would be as marked as it would be just. In disposing of this case, it seems to me that one duty will require us to express our decided disapprobation of that course of conduct upon the part of a number of men which led to this assault, and to punish these defendants, that others may be alarmed (perhaps too much so), we will also vindicate the law. As this is the first case of the kind which has occurred, perhaps the necessity for an example does not exist; nevertheless, we shall impose a punishment which will, I hope, act as a warning, not only to these defendants, but to all who suppose that they can intimidate others, or violate the law, either as individuals or while acting in concert; and without any malice or ill-will to the defendants, or leads to an aimless expression of disapprobation, or leads to an assault and battery which, although not an aggravated one, is nevertheless an assault and battery.

After further remarks, the judge sentenced McEwen to pay a fine of $150 and costs, and to give bonds in $2,500 to keep the peace for one year, and Costello to pay $100 and costs, and was required to give bonds in $2,000 to keep the peace. The judge made a distinction between the latter and McEwen's case, because, he said, the evidence showed that Costello had attempted to shield Cook, one of the editors of the *Age*, from assault.

Commonwealth vs. Edward H. Reeder, Henry C. Reeder, Samuel Jeffries, Henry Jeffries, and Samuel Smith. The defendants are charged with having committed an assault and battery on Major Casper M. Berry, formerly of the 26th Regiment U. S. Colored Troops. The assault was at Germantown, on the 8th of February, at Reeder's Hotel, and the allegation of the prosecutor was that Major Berry was beaten without provocation, assaulted and cruelly beaten by some or all of the defendants, the weapon used being a billy.

The defence had not opened when the court adjourned. Wm. M. Small for the prosecution; Vandyke, C. W. Brooke, and Cassidy for the defence.

PHILADELPHIA BOARD OF TRADE.

ISRAEL MORRIS, EDMUND A. SOUDER, } COMMITTEE OF THE MONTH.

### LETTER BAGS

AT THE MERCHANTS' EXCHANGE, PHILADELPHIA.

Schr Francis Coffin, Consins.....Barbados, soon.
Schr Henry Nutt, Baker.....Port Spain, soon.

### MARINE INTELLIGENCE.

PORT OF PHILADELPHIA, March 1, 1864.

SUN RISES.....6 25 | SUN SETS.....5 35
HIGH WATER.....Feb. 29, 1864.....6 50

ARRIVED.

Steamship Ashland (transport), Teal, 2 days from Hilton Head, with 1,000 Confederate prisoners.

Bark Gan Eden, Reed, 4 days from New York, with salt to Alex Scott & Sons, vessel to Pusey & Jones.

Bark Warner Smith, Cook, 4 days from New York, with mdse to Crowell & Collins.

Brig Lizzie Fish, Hoffman, 29 days from Black river, Ja, with sugar and logwood to D N Wetzlar & Co.

Brig Fannie E Cook, Cook, 4 days from New Orleans, with sugar and molasses to S Morrison & Co.

Brig Aruncebah, Bray, 4 days from New York, with mdse to Crowell & Collins.

Schr Loring (Br), Cole, 20 days from St John, N B, with pickets to Oskill & Galvin; vessel to M A Bonder & Co.

Schr Advance (Br), Folker, 24 days from Cienfuegos, with sugar to Cramp & Sons; vessel to Neafie & Levy.

Schr Mary (Br), Tobin, 12 days from Halifax, with 100 tons coal to Castner & Co.

Schr Gen Meade, Dinsmore, 4 days from New York, with mdse to E A Souder & Co.

Schr Dilatory, Tice, 6 days from Piney Point, in ballast to Michael McShain.

Schr Thomas Clyde, Clark, 7 days from Washington, in ballast to captain.

Schr Neptune, Rotan, 5 days from Piney Point, in ballast to captain.

Schr Ida L Howard, Dudley, 10 days from Portland, with hemlock bark to Madeira & Schaats.

Schr J H Collins, Oliver, 6 days from Wellfleet, with mdse to Crowell & Collins.

Schr Green Girdler, Corson, 8 days from Hilton Head, in ballast to captain.

Schr Richard S Tyler, Conover, 3 days from New York, with salt to captain.

Schr E Thelwall, Grace, 4 days from New York, with old railroad iron to order.

Schr Eastern Belle, Haley, 4 days from Georgetown, in ballast to captain.

Schr Campbell, Soule, 3 days from New York, with railroad iron to M A Bonder & Co.

Schr R C Knight, Lear, 13 days from St Augustine, in ballast to captain.

Schr Jas Cordice, Stites, 6 days from Boston, in ballast to captain.

Schr Ariel, Merrin, Hollingsworth, 1 day from Little Creek Landing, Del, with corn to J L Bewley & Co.

Schr Vandalia, Cooper, 1 day from Smyrna Creek, Del, with wheat to Jas L Bewley & Co.

Schr Anna Gibbon, Russell, 1 day from Salem, N J, with cats to Jas L Bewley & Co.

BELOW.

Schr Advance, from Cienfuegos; one brig and a Br schooner, names unknown, came in the Capes of the Delaware on Sunday morning.

CLEARED.

Ship Tuscarora, Dunlevy, Liverpool, Cope Bros
Brig F J King, Doane, N Orleans, J E Bazley & Co.
Brig Ocean Wave, Smith, S W Pierce.
Schr Wm Collyer, Raynor, Boston, Noble, Caldwell & Co.
Schr Navigator, Robinson, Providence, Crowell & Collins.
Schr S V M Simmons, Godfrey, Salem, C A Hacksher & Co.
Schr Mary Eliza, Travers, Alexandria, Tyler & Co.
Schr H M Wright, Fisher, do do.
Schr E C Gibbs, Gibbs, Fort Monroe, do.
Schr S A Taylor, Dukes, do do.
Schr Florence, Bradley, Georgetown, D C, R Jones.
Schr Geo Lewis, Hart, Baltimore, Crowell.
Sl'r Octorara, McLaughlin, Baltimore, A Groves, Jr.

WENT TO SEA.

Ship Tamerlane, Lane, for Portland, went to sea on Saturday last. Ship Northampton, for Portland; barks E A Cocران, for Trinidad, and W Van Name, for Key West, went to sea on Sunday morning.

MEMORANDA.

Ships Relio, Ogilvie, Coburg, The Craigs, and Marla, were cleared at Liverpool 19th inst for Philadelphia.

Ship Empire Queen, Moran, sailed from Liverpool 11th ult for this port.

Ship Westfield, Trevellick, for this port, sailed from Liverpool 11th ult.

Ship Thunderegge, Houghton, from Cadiz, at Calcutta Jan. 7th.

Ships E Blanchard, Moody, sailed from Havre 10th ult for Calcutta.

Ship Florence Nightingale, Beard, from Foochow 28th November, for New York, passed the Straits of Sunda 17th December.

Ship Anna Decatur, Pickering, from Cardiff, at Singapore 6th Jan.

An American bark (name unknown) from Liverpool for this port, was spoken 19th ult, lat 40, lon 70 44, lon 10 55.

Brig Alfred, Huffnagel, from New Orleans 16th ult., for this port, with 120 hhds sugar, 6 bbls rice, 2 bbls sugar, 7 bbls molasses, 1 bale cotton, 1 box specie.

Brig George S Hunt, Woodbury, from New Orleans for this port, has on board 230 tons bones.

Schr Rosalie, Hall, hence for this port, from New Orleans 16th ult for this port, is in ballast.

Schr Sophia Ann Stephenson, at New York Sunday from Wilmington, Del.

Schr H Burnett, of Cape May, N J, 8 years old, carrying 250 tons coal, was towed by Capt H B Merrill and others, of Greenport, and will hereafter hail from that port. She will be converted into a coal vessel.

Bark Anna (Old), Schulkun, from Shanghae 12th Oct., at New York 19th ult, with teas.

Bark Damon, Crowell, from New York, at Montevideo 28th December and remained till 30th.

Schrs C Carroll, Marley; B Tallon Allen; T Benedict, King; Satchel Jane, Roath; Moonlight Tattle; J B Allen, Ross; Brewster, Conover; Wm H Wallace, Scull, cleared at New York 27th ult, for this port.

Schr Gen Knox, Baxter, cleared at N B 22d ult, for this port.


CEMENT.

GREAT DISCOVERY! USEFUL AND VALUABLE DISCOVERY!

HILTON'S INSOLUBLE CEMENT!

Applicable to the Useful Arts.

Is of more general practical utility than any discovery ever made for the public. It has been thoroughly tested during the past two years by practical men, and pronounced by all to be

SUPERIOR TO ANY

Adhesive Preparation known.

A New Thing. HILTON'S INSOLUBLE CEMENT

Is a new thing, and the result of years of study; its combination is overwhelming in simplicity. Cost and labor no drawback or hindrance or change of temperature will it become corrupt or smell any offensive smell.

Its Combination.

BOOT AND SHOE

Boot and Shoe Manufacturers.

Manufacturers, using Machines, will find it the best article known for Cementing Clinches, as it works without delay, is not affected by any change of temperature.

JEWELERS

Jewelers.

Will find it sufficiently adhesive for their use, as has been proved.

IT IS ESPECIALLY ADAPTED TO LEATHER.

Families

And we claim as an especial merit, that it sticks Patches and Linings to Boots and Shoes sufficiently strong without stitching.

IF IS THE ONLY

LIQUID CEMENT

It is a Liquid.

Extant, that is a sure thing for mending

FURNITURE, CROCKERY, TOYS, BONE, IVORY,

And articles of Household use.

REMEMBER,

Hilton's Insoluble Cement

Is in a liquid form, and as easily applied as paste.

HILTON'S INSOLUBLE CEMENT

Is insoluble in water or oil.

HILTON'S INSOLUBLE CEMENT

Adheres oily substances.

Supplied in Family or Manufacturers' Packages from 2 ounces to 100 lbs.

HILTON BROS. & Co.,

Proprietors.

Finis

PROVIDENCE, R. I.

Agents in Philadelphia:

LAING & MACKINNIS, JOSEPH GOMPERZ & Co.

No. 38 North FOURTH St.

fe29-tu3tu4t

COAL.

PURE LEHIGH COAL.—HOUSEKEEPERS can rely on getting a pure article at southeast corner FRONT and POPLAR.

JOHN W. HAMPTON.

fe10-1m*

GENUINE EAGLE VEIN COAL. Equal if not superior to Lehigh. Also, Hart's Nut, Pea Ultra Family Rainbow Coal; Egg and Stove sizes, $6 50. Lehigh, $7. Depot, Coal forfeited if not full weight as per ticket. Depot, 1419 CALLOWHILL Street, above Broad. Office 121 South FOURTH, below Chestnut. Call and examine. Orders by dispatch promptly attended to by

ELLIS BRANSON.

fe11-2m

COAL—SUGAR LOAF, BEAVER MEADOW, and Spring Mountain Lehigh Coal, and best Locust Mountain, from Schuylkill; prepared expressly for Family use. Depot, S. W. corner RIDGE and WILLOW Sts. Office, No. 112 South SECOND St.

J. WALTON & CO.

ab4-1y

WHITE VIRGIN WAX OF ANTILLES!—A new French Cosmetic for beautifying, whitening, and preserving the Complexion. It is the most wonderful compound of the age. There is neither chalk, powder, magnesia, bismuth nor lead in its composition, it being composed entirely of pure Virgin Wax—possessing the extraordinary qualities for preserving the skin, making it soft, smooth, fair, and transparent. It makes the old appear young, the homely handsome, the handsome more beautiful, and the most beautiful divine. Price, 25 and 50 cents. Prepared only by HUNT & CO., Perfumers, 41 South EIGHTH Street, two doors above Chestnut, and 188 South SEVENTH St. fe11-3m


## SHERIFF'S SALES.

SHERIFF'S SALE.—BY VIRTUE OF a writ of Venditioni Exponas, to me directed, will be exposed to public sale or vendue, on MONDAY Evening, March 7, 1864, at 4 o'clock, at Sansom-street Hall.

All that certain three-story brick messuage and lot of ground situate on the southwestwardly side of Martha street forty-five feet southeastwardly from Pepper street forty-five feet southwestwardly, containing in front, in the city of Philadelphia, twenty feet and in depth forty-seven feet to a three-feet-wide alley, with the privilege thereof. Which said lot John Medcraft, late of Philadelphia, conveyed unto John Ward and Frederick E. Brown in fee.

W. and B. have parted with their interest.

[D. C. M. '64. 114. Debt, $200. Gest.]

Taken in execution and to be sold as the property of John Ward and Frederick E. Brown.

JOHN THOMPSON, Sheriff.

Philadelphia, Sheriff's Office, Feb. 20, 1864. fe22-3t

SHERIFF'S SALE.—BY VIRTUE OF a writ of Venditioni Exponas, to me directed, will be exposed to public sale or vendue, on MONDAY Evening, March 7, 1864, at 4 o'clock, at Sansom-street Hall.

All that certain three-story brick messuage and lot of ground situate on the southwestwardly side of Carpenter street forty-five feet southwestwardly from Vine street, in the city of Philadelphia; containing in front twenty feet and in depth forty feet. Which said lot John Medcraft, late of Philadelphia, conveyed unto James Rond in fee; reserving a ground rent of two hundred and sixteen dollars, payable the 27th of March and September.

[D. C. M. '63. Debt, $110 61. Junkin.]

Taken in execution and to be sold as the property of George M. Tippenhauer.

JOHN THOMPSON, Sheriff.

Philadelphia, Sheriff's Office, Feb. 20, 1864. fe22-3t

SHERIFF'S SALE—BY VIRTUE OF a writ of Venditioni Exponas, to me directed, will be exposed to public sale or vendue, on MONDAY Evening, March 7, 1864, at 4 o'clock, at Sansom-street Hall.

All that certain lot of ground situate on the southwestwardly side of Levant street, sixteen feet northwestwardly from Sepviva street, containing in front or breadth twenty feet six and three-eighths inches and in depth ninety feet. Which said lot Thomas Griffith, late of Philadelphia, conveyed unto Jesse Neslit.

[D. C. M. '63. 42. Debt, $99.]

Taken in execution and to be sold as the property of James Neslit.

JOHN THOMPSON, Sheriff.

Philadelphia, Sheriff's Office, Feb. 20, 1864. fe22-3t

SHERIFF'S SALE.—BY VIRTUE OF a writ of Venditioni Exponas, to me directed, will be exposed to public sale or vendue, on MONDAY Evening, March 7, 1864, at 4 o'clock, at Sansom-street Hall.

All that certain lot of ground situate on the south side of Spruce street, one hundred and twenty feet eastwardly from Broad street; containing in front on Spruce street twenty feet, and in depth one hundred and twenty feet to a three-feet-wide alley on the rear and thereof part of a three-feet-wide alley which leads into Asylum street.] Which said premises Decree Dec. 1, 1859, recorded in Deed Book G. W. C. No. 7, page 285, conveyed unto Lewis Bernstein in fee; reserving a ground rent of three hundred and twenty-five dollars, payable the first of April and October.]

[D. C. M. '64. 119. Debt, $4,093 33. Hood.]

Taken in execution and to be sold as the property of Henry J. Boller, deceased.

JOHN THOMPSON, Sheriff.

Philadelphia, Sheriff's Office, Feb. 20, 1864. fe22-3t

SHERIFF'S SALE.—BY VIRTUE OF a writ of Venditioni Exponas, to me directed, will be exposed to public sale or vendue, on MONDAY Evening, March 7, 1864, at 4 o'clock, at Sansom-street Hall.

All that certain three-story brick messuage and lot of ground situate on the south side of Everett street, sixteen feet westward from New Market street; containing in front on Everett street sixteen feet, and in depth, on the east line, one hundred and twenty-three inches, and three-fourth inches, and on the west line, one hundred feet three and one-eighth inches.

[S. W. has parted with his interest.]

[D. C. M. '64. 84. Debt, $165.11. Bonsall.]

Taken in execution and to be sold as the property of Samuel Woodman.

JOHN THOMPSON, Sheriff.

Philadelphia, Sheriff's Office, Feb. 20, 1864. fe22-3t

SHERIFF'S SALE.—BY VIRTUE OF a writ of Venditioni Exponas, to me directed, will be exposed to public sale or vendue, on MONDAY Evening, March 7, 1864, at 4 o'clock, at Sansom-street Hall.

All that certain three-story brick messuage and two-story brick messuages and lot of ground situate on the southwestwardly side of Bath street, forty-five feet southeastwardly from Carpenter street, one hundred and forty eight feet westwardly from Sixth street, and Fifth street, in the city of Philadelphia; containing in front on Carpenter street eighteen feet eight inches, and in depth one hundred and twenty feet. Which said premises Susan Ewing, by deed dated September 14, 1852, recorded in Deed Book R. T. No. 1, page 150, conveyed unto George W. Tippenhauer in fee; reserving a ground rent of two hundred and sixteen dollars, payable the 27th of March and September.

[D. C. M. '63. Debt, $110 61. Junkin.]

Taken in execution and to be sold as the property of George W. Tippenhauer.

JOHN THOMPSON, Sheriff.

Philadelphia, Sheriff's Office, Feb. 20, 1864. fe22-3t

SHERIFF'S SALE—BY VIRTUE OF a writ of Levari Facias, to me directed, will be exposed to public sale or vendue, on MONDAY Evening, March 7, 1864, at 4 o'clock, at Sansom-street Hall.

All that certain lot of ground situate on the southwestwardly side of Sepviva street, one hundred and seventeen feet northwestwardly from Carpenter street (in Arcadia) in the city of Philadelphia; thence extending along Vernon street northwestwardly twenty feet six inches; thence extending of that width southwestwardly between two parallels of three eighths inches; thence south fifty-five degrees forty minutes, west three hundred and seventy-two feet six and three-eighths inches to the line of Lot No. 1; thence along the same two hundred and five feet; thence on a line at right angles to Vernon street three hundred and seventy-two feet eight