Cotton a Cosmopolite. The career of cotton is shining brighter and brighter unto the perfect day. It is becoming universal in its spirit, tolerant of all nations and creeds. It no longer rules supreme in our Southern States; is no longer holds within the hollow of its hand the power to create a great cotton famine like that of Lancashire, and to snatch from thousands upon thousands of hands and mouths the necessaries of life. In 1860 the cotton trade between this country and Great Britain was at its highest flow. Speculators had full swing then, and speculated accordingly. More than half a million operatives in the manufacturing districts of England earned enough to maintain themselves in neat and comfortable homes. Two and a half millions of bales of cotton were imported in one year, and at least four-fifths of these were the produce of the South. At the end of 1862, a half a million of English operatives were crying for relief. Within the past year that number has decreased to less than two hundred thousand, and at the same time, whilst the American supply has collapsed, other portions of the world have added forty per cent. to their customary contributions. Whilst the weekly consumption of cotton in England in 1863 was one-half of the average rate in 1861, the supply of cotton there in 1864 is expected to rise from half its old standard to at least three-quarters. The kingdom down South, of which cotton was lately king, has shared the fate of other kingdoms. It has been broken up into smaller principalities and powers, and these have been scattered here and there over the face of the

Not very long ago, a report was presented to the Italian Government on the cultivation of the cotton plant in Southern Italy. It appears that during the past year eighty thousand bales were grown in the latter, including Sicily, and that this amount would have been trebled had it not been for the extensive droughts. No sea-island cotton was produced, but the quality of that which was cultivated was very good, and yielded a profit to the cultivator of twenty pounds per acre. Central and South Italy are represented as favorable to the cultivation of cotton, and it has been estimated that from the latter five hundred and fifty inousand bales could annually be sent. Cotton cultivation has extended as far north as Tuscany, and it is known that in the Napoleonic wars, and during the Continental blockade, Italy supplied all Europe with the article. In July, 1861, the Governor General of India ordered a digest of the correspondence on cotton cultivation in each presidency. The response of the Madras Government is a resumé of the proceedings of the superintendent of the cotton-farms established there by the court. Certain American overseers were engaged, for the purpose of introducing improvements in cotton. Although it does not appear, from the report, that indigenous Indian cotton will soon compete with the cotton once so munificently produced in the teeming South, yet the question occurs, Cannot the quality be very greatly bettered, since there is a wide difference between the wild and the cultivated shrub? From Granada, Nicaragua, again, are sent samples of buff-colorvariety, and which is employed by the natives in the manufacture of coarse cloth. Cotton is likewise rearing its audacious head in the valley of the Sinaloa, Mexico. The soil and climate are claimed as being unequalled. Some California enterprisers have leased several hundred acres near the Presidio; have engaged a superintendent of large experience, and have imported the necessary farming utensils. Once in Mexico, it is not difficult to imagine one's self in Peru, but, of course, cotton is in Peru before you. We are told that much attention is being paid to it there, and that one million six hundred and eighty thousand pounds of cotton were last year exported through Peruvian ports of the Pacific. It is estimated that of the latest crop over four million pounds will be exported, and that this amount will be doubled during the present year. Peruvian facilities for the manufacture of cotton are represented to be so great, that with the advance of time, and with the creation of means of intercourse with her eastern ports, it is thought that Peru alone might become the cotton market of Europe. California enterprise is not confined to Mexico. Capitalists there are casting wistful glances at the South Pacific Islands, and are intent on growing cotton as well as sugar in them. Not long ago a vessel sailed from San Francisco for Tabiti. She was laden with all the necessities for a company engaged in the cultivation of cotton. The mlands in the neighborhood of New Caledonia are expected to yield natives in abundance, so that there will be no lack of labor. We can say of cotton, indeed, the "king is dead; long live the king." The sceptre of the South is broken, and the fragments, scattered over the earth, have magically budded forth. Time will develope what only time can—the unthought-of

resources of this wonderful world, and especially in relation to cotton.

LETTER FROM "OCCASIONAL." WASHINGTON, Feb. 5, 1864. Between the spring and the autumn of this quadrennial Presidential year many grave and important matters must be permanently disposed of. Within this comparatively short space of time the question of the next Presidency, and the last great struggle between Freedom and Slavery, on the battle-field, will be decided. The opposition to the Government and the war, composed, in nearly every case, of the men who helped the South to precipitate the rebellion, are not unmindful of these facts. Utterly indifferent to the troubles and responsibilities of the Executive, and too often politically interested in the defeat of our armies, they are preparing to seize upon every expedient to alarm and divide the people. Hence, a few financial failures, or a few defeats of our armies and our navies, will prove to be a rare God-send to these selfish and dangerous men. For, clamor as these Copperhead leaders may of their superfine loyalty, is it not beyond successful denial—is it not every day proved, that they are always despondent and defeated when the Government is successfully conducted, and when the Union arms are triumphant? Sometimes, as I observe the tricks and intrigues of these men, (in no one instance has any one of their number risen to the dignity of a statesman-like remedy, or boldly discarded the unworthy acts of the blindest partisanship), I ask myself how they would have managed the war had its dreadful responsibilities first fallen upon their shoulders? But to ask such a question is to answer it with terrible emphasis. Even if we had not their recent and present acts and admissions to sustain the charge that they would have surrendered to slavery the whole heritage of freedom, the fact that they were always committed against coercion, and that they all sustained Buchapan in his infamous argument, in his last message, that, while Secession was all wrong, the Government had no power to prevent a State from tearing itself loose from Federal authority—this fact establishes as well their consistency in opposing the as well their consistency in opposing the [Special Despatch to the Bulletin.]

Government and in laboring for a peace on NEW YORK, Feb. 5.—The Herald has a despatch any terms. The men who, in 1861, were so willing to let the seceded States go out and remain out of the Union, are laboring to the same end in 1864, when they harass and hamper the Administration in its efforts to bring these States back to duty. It is quite true that they profess to be in favor of what they call Restoration on the basis of the Union as it was and the Constitution as it is; but you cannot be blind to the truth that this proposal looks more to the forgiveness of the rebel leaders, and to the revival of rebel supremacy, than to the vindication and protection of the radical Union men of the Southern States. It is necessary that this assertion should be confirmed by

recalling to your recollection their bitter hatred of these brave and indomitable patriots? We daily realize their malignity. against Northern Democrats like Butler, Dickinson, Brady, Dougherty, Tod, Brough, Conness, and others. But their feeling against Southern anti-slavery men is, if possible, more intense and implacable. Witness their abuse of Andrew Johnson, W. G. Brownlow, Colonel Montgomery, Hon. Wm. Gantt, Governor A. J. Hamilton, Flanders and Hahn, of Louisiana, and

their associates. The Union is not to be restored, the secoded States are not to be brought back, to serve these gallant champions of liberty, but to make them outlaws, and to give the reins again into the hands of their oppressors. The period between May and November of this Presidential vear will, therefore, be the period in which all these experiments and doctrines will be tried and enunciated. So that the true friends of the country, fully forewarned, must be completely torearmed. Let the new levies be raised and sent to the field at the earliest moment, and we shall find the coming spring blooming with Union victories. Let us avoid local quarrels about men who think only of self. Let us discuss the great principles upon which our cause rests as upon a rock. and make them so clear that all good men must yield to them. Let us show how splendidly the much-assailed policy of Mr. Lincoln and the Union Congress has been vindicated by practical results. This is the year in which the majority of the members of the Congress that comes in with the new President in 1865 is to be chosen. What more need I say to point out the dangers and the duties that are in waiting for us in the

rapid and thick-coming future? OCCASIONAL. WASHINGTON.

WASHINGTON, D. C., Feb. 5. Congressional. The Committee on Public Expenditures voted this morning to ask leave of the House to go to New York to investigate the custom-house frauds. The Committee on Military Affairs in the House will probably agree to exempt Quakers. The Commit-tee on Ways and Means has agreed to the Senate bill increasing the pay of inspectors of customs one

llar per day. Mr. Chase recommends the mea The Select Committee on Emigration is maturing a very important bill to encourage emigration. In-digent emigrants will receive pecuniary aid. The inmates of the Campbell Hospital, on Seventh street, Washington, have instituted a new feature in hospital life. They have organized a course of le

tures, which are to be delivered every other Friday evening To-night Hon, WM. D. KELLEY lectures Lieutenant General.

At a special meeting to-day the Senate Military Committee, to consider the House bill conferring the rank of Lieutenant General upon GRANT, decided to report the bill without amendment. It is understood that some opposition will be made to it when it comes before the Senate. The Ways and Means Committee this morning agreed to the Senate bill increasing the pay of inspectors of customs one dollar per day. It will be reported at once for action by the House. The House Military Commit ee to day determined to continue the consideration of the conscription bill to the exclusion of all other usiness. They also settled an important question respecting private property destroyed by order of the Government for military purposes. They do not think it expedient to appropriate public money for the payment of such claims. The amended tax bill day, and it is to be considered on Monday. It is ques-tionable whether they will adopt the Senate amendments. The Custom-house Investigation Commit-tee to-day decided to ask permission of the House to proceed to New York to prosecute their investiga-tions there. Their request will be granted. The House Select Committee will soon report a bill to encourage immigration, which will hold out large pe-cuniary inducements to that end.

Virginia Legislature. ed cotton, which is said to be capable of thriving in colder climates than the white tion of State taxes for the years 1861-2, and '63, and therefore the collection of the same will be enf and for that reason the rate of tax on real and ner sonal estate for 1864 was fixed at only five cents or the hundred dollars. The tax on slaves, as was stated yesterday, was repealed.

A bill has been passed by the Legislature in session in this place extending the stay laws to 1865.

> The story that a large amount of greenbacks have just been brought to Washington from New York for immediate issue is false. They are to take the place of old notes, which will be burned. The Navy Department has thirty-eight steamer milding, which will have nearly the speed of the

The Departments.

Our Relations with France. The rumors recently put forth of real or apprehended difficulties between the United States and France are without any foundation. Contrabands.

It is said that the superintendent of the contra-bands here is giving notice to the owners of lots and shantles now rented to contrabands, that the rent of the same must be reduced.

Drowned. The body of a man was found this morning in the river near the foot of King street. The body ap-

peared to have been in the water for some time and vas dressed in soldier's clothing. Owing to the failure of the previous contractor the Navy Department has taken precautions to hav the work of faising the sunken vessels at Norfolk and vicinity faithfully performed, and the offer must be accompanied by the guarantee of responsible parties that the contract will be executed if awarded. The vessels to be raised are the Cumberland, Con-

gress, Merrimac, Raritan, and Columbia, the small steamer White-hall, and the line-of-battle ships Pennsylvania, Delaware, and Columbus. Discharged. Dr. STUART GWYNN, who was arrested on the charge of improper transactions in connection with the Treasury Department, was, after thirty days' confinement in the Old Capitol prison, uncondition

ally set at liberty to-day. Coast Defences. A board of engineers is now in session in this city

the subject of coast defences, and other matters of a kindred character. Mr. Colfax's Reception. The Speaker of the House holds his reception every Friday evening. They are the most popular

Ordnance for the Navy. Admiral Dupont has been summoned before the Committee on the Conduct of the War, for the purpose of obtaining his opinion as to the best ordnance Arrests in Washington. The chief of the military detective force of this District reports that, during the month of January,

sixty-two commissioned officers were arrested for various offences, and six hundred and twenty enlist ed men. The Virginia Legislature. The Virginia Legislature, sitting at Alexandria, has indefinitely postponed the election of a United States Senator in the place of Mr. Bowden, de

MEMPHIS.

CAIRO, Feb. 5.—The steamer St. Patrick, from Memphis, arrived to-day, with 600 bales of cotton for Louisville. The Memphis papers contain no general news. Strictly middling cotton was selling at 68@69e; good do. at 70@71c. Union Meeting in Boston.

BOSTON, Feb. 5.-Col. N. G. Taylor, of Tens delivered an eloquent Union address in the hall of the House of Representatives to day, to an immense audience. He was followed by Gen. Burnside in a brief address. Both speakers were greatly applauded. In some closing remarks Col. Taylor said that slavery was used up; that Jeff Dayis was re-sponsible to the slave-owners for its death, and no-body in Massachusetts need claim any credit therefor. The speaker had all along labored to preserve it, but had been unsuccessful.

At the present time, however, he and the people whom he represented were opposed to slavery and everything else that stood between them and their

ountry. On motion of Mr. Tappan Wentworth, of Lowel a committee of fifteen gentlemen was appointed, including the presiding officers of the Senate and House, to act conjointly with a committee of citizens, to devise a method for the relief of the suffer ing people of East Tennessee.

Compensated Emancipation. By People's Line.]

By Feople's Line. J
BALTIMORE, Feb. 5.—In the Maryland Senate, on
Thursday, resolutions were submitted by Mr. Mills
recommending a system of compensated emancipation by the National Government. They were referred to a special committee.
Mr. Brayne submitted resolutions looking to the encouragement of the enlistment of fugitive slaves rom this State now in the District of Columbia, and the compensation of the owners therefor, and the crediting of slaves so enlisted to Maryland's quota The bounty bill was passed by a vote of yeas 14, nays 2. An amendment was adopted authorizing the investment of one million dollars of the interest of the sinking fund in the defence fund raised for the payment of bounties.

Rumored Change of Commanders. WNEW YORK, Feb. 5.—The Herald has a despatch which states that it is rumored, at the headquarters of the Army of the Potomac, that General Hunter is to have the place now occupied by General Meade. It is also surmised that General Thomas is to be the new commander, and that General Hooker will take the latter's command in the West.

Central and Erie Railroad. ALBANY, Feb. 5.—A resolution has been adopted in the Assembly that the Central and Eric Railroad ought to pay tolls during suspension of canal navi-gation, and notice was given of a bill to that effect. Mutiny on Shipboard.

NEW YORK, Feb. 5.—Ten seamen of the bark Greenland, from New Orleans, have been arrested Departure of a Battery. BOSTON, Feb. 5.—The 11th Massachusetts Battery and 7th Maine Regiment left to-day for Wash-

Jan. 2024

WEST VIRGINIA.

DEFEAT OF GEN. EARLY. EARLY RETREATING IN CONFUSION.

NEW YORK, Feb. 5.—The Hersid has received t ollowing special despatches this evening: IN THE FIELD, Feb. 4, 6 P. M.—After six hours hard fighting, Colonel Mulligan drove General Early from Moorfield, and then sharply engaged General Rosser on the South Fork. We have met ith signal and brilliant success. HEADQUARTERS IN THE FIELD, W. VA., Feb. 5.-General Early has been compelled to retreat up the south fork of the south branch, towards the Shenan doah Valley, in consequence of the vigorous manne in which he has been attacked and pursued by Ger Kelley's forces. Our combinations have proved su Kelley's forces. Our communications may be proved a caseful in defeating the enemy's designs. We have taken a number of prisoners, and have recaptured pany of those taken from us. Our forces drove the enemy out of Petersburg The enemy have lost a large number of men by d sertion, and deserters continue to come in. The o cupation of the wires with military matters pr ides the possibility of sending a longer despat

at this time. NORTH CAROLINA. RAILROAD BETWEEN NEWPORT AND MOOREHEAD

SEIZED BY THE REBELS. Two Important Posts Threatened with Capture. GUNBOAT TAKEN AND DESTROYED. FORTRESS MONROE, Feb. 5. - A messenger ha

just arrived with despatches to Major General But-ler from Newbern, N. C., dated Feb. 2d, 5.15 P. M. The post in Newport is attacked, and the rebels have the railroad between Newport and Moorehead City. The post at Evans Hills is surrounded. Colonel Jordan still holds Moorehead City, but may be forced to retire to Fort Macon. As long as we can keep the river we are well enough off.

The rebels captured the gunboat Underwriter by urprise, and destroyed her.

LATER-DESPATCH FROM GEN. BUTLER-THE ENEMY RETIRING-NEWBERN RE-WASHINGTON, Feb. 5.—The following despate has been received at the headquarters of the army:
FORTRESS MONROE, Feb. 5.
Hon, E. M. Stanton, Secretary of War: A despatch received from Newbern, dated Feb. 3 "The enemy has retired on Kingston. New ern is relieved. BENJ. F. BUTLER,

Mejor General Commanding." FURTHER CONFIRMATION. FORTRESS MONROE, Feb. 5.—The steamer Louisa Moore has arrived from Newbern. She left there early yesterday morning, and brings a report from General Palmer to General Butler that the rebel orces were retiring from before Newbern.

A flag of truce steamer left for City Point to day ·CHARLESTON.

Arrival of the Gunboat Flambeau-Reb NEW YORK, Feb. 5.-The gunboat Flambeau has arrived from off Charleston, which place she left on the night of the 1st inst. She brings some fifty discharged seamen. General Gilmore keeps up a slow but regular firing on the city of Charleston, averaging three shells every five minutes. The rebels have mounted five guns in Sumpter, and have piled up sand bags andout ravines through General Gilmore keeps a good surveillance over he fort, and its garrison is enabled to do but little.

The navy is still quietly picketing the harbor.

mpt to raise the Weehawken will proba-

Charleston does not yet show many marks of our

bly be a failure.

LATE REBEL NEWS. Sumpter Still Defiant—Supposed Reinforce ment of Union Cavalry in Tennessee. The Richmond Scatinel of last Monday says that Commissioner Ould has lately gone to City Point, out found no one there authorized to make any arrangement with him as to the prisoners. Two stamers, the Pet and Hercules, have run the blockade into Wilmington. Mobile, Jan. 30.—A special despatch from Okaona, Miss., says the 12th Mississippi entered Corinth this morning, and captured a quantity of arms, &c. The Yankees left as they entered. CHARLESTON, Jan. 30 .- The hombardment of Sumpter ceased at dark. One hundred and fifty shells were thrown, of which one hundred and twenty-nine atruck. The shelling was resumed, this twenty-nine struck. The shelling was resumed, this morning, with 80, 100, and 200-pounder Parrotts and a lo-inch columbiad. The flagstaff was shot down yesterday, but was replaced by the garrison, under a rapid and accurate fire. The men repeatedly raved the flag in the face of the enemy, and waved their hats in triumph after hoisting the flag. The hombardment has continued all day, the fire being mostly directed against the western walls. Three persons only have been wounded since the bombard-CHARLESTON, Jan. 31.—The enemy keeps up the

bombardment of Sumpter by day, but ceases it at night. No damage of consequence is done to the fort. The fire upon the city was renewed at 9 o'clock on Saturday night, the shots being directed against Sumpter every ten minutes, and against the ity at intervals of five minutes.

Morristown, Jan. 30.—General Marting attacked the enemy on the 25th, and after a stubborn fight drove them from the field. They retreated in the direction of Sevierville. The enemy's cavalry have been undoubtedly reinforced.

The Hartford Fire. HARTFORD, Feb. 5.—Half of the factory of the Colt's American Arms Company was destroyed by fire this morning. In the buildings destroyed, Colt's pistols and revolving rifles were made; in the buildings saved, the manufacture of United States rifles is carried on, the company having a large contract from the Government for the manuacture of these weapons. This portion of the works will continue in operation, giving employment to eight hundred men.

The stock of pistols and rifles completed and in course of manufacture, and which was destroyed by this fire, is valued at \$1,000.000. The machinery destroyed cost more than \$500,000, and the whole loss is computed at \$2,000,000. The total insurance on the property is \$660,000, of which about 60 per cent. was on the property destroyed. Nearly 900 men are thrown out of employment. The fire broke out in the drying room and spread with great rapidity. The origin of the fire is a mystery. One

man was killed, and another is missing. EUROPE.

Arrival of the Arabia at Halifax. Programme of the Archduke Maximilian.

THE DANISH TROUBLE. HALIFAX, Feb. 5.-The steamship Arabia, Capain Hockley, from Liverpool, with dates to the 23d ultimo, and via Queenstown to the 24th, arrived at 1 o'clock this morning. She has thirty-six passengers for Boston. Passed, on the 23d, the steamship Persia and ship Consul, boundleast.

The Arabia sailed at 6 o'clock this morning for Boston, where she will be due at noon to-morrow. The news in regard to politics is not important.
The Paris Bourse was irm. Rentes 66f. 35c.
The ship Copernicus, from Baltimore, had arrived
at Heligoland.
The ship Alarm, from Akyab and Singapore,
has been wrecked on Preparis Reef. The orew were

THE LATEST. THE LATEST.

PARIS, Jan. 29.—Before assuming the reins of the Mexican Government, Maximilian will await the return of the Mexican deputation, who offered him the crown on the 3d of October, with the vote of the Mexican notables, and the adhesion of certain cities specified by the Archduke, who demanded that the vote of the notables should be ratified by the vote of the Mexican Councils. The mission of the French expedition will be accomplished by the middle of January, and the deputation is expected to return to France the first fortnight in February, and will proceed to Miramar to announce to the Archduke his election. The Archduke will not only accept, but ceed to Miramar to announce to the Archduke his election. The Archduke will not only accept, but immediately assume the sceptre, and visit Paris in the quality of Emperor of Mexico. LATEST BY THE ARABIA. LATEST BY THE ARABIA.

LONDON, Sunday morning, Jan. 24.—A Cabinet Council was held yesterday afternoon.

Sir J. B. Earl has resigned his seatfor Winchester. The rumored appointment of the Rev. Harold Browne to the Hishopric of Ely is confirmed.

Liverpool, Saturday evening. Jan. 23.—The Emancipationists, in their breakfast to Grozge Thompson, passed resolutions complimentary to that gentleman, and expressing their sympathy with the people of the United States, and their desire for the restoration of peace and of the Union on the basis of freedom to the slaves of the South.

MADRID, Jan. 23.—The Epoca announces that the Spanish Government will appoint a minister to Mexico as soon as it receives official notification of the crowning of the Archduke Maximilian.

Kiel, Jan. 22.—The Danish question remains unchanged.

In consequence of the "thaw" which has set in. changed.
In consequence of the "thaw" which has set in, the Danish outposts have been ordered to retire on the arrival of the Prussian troops.

It is expected that the Danes will defend the Danerwirke to the last extremity.

BERLIN, Jan. 23.—The Prussian Chambers have

adopted a resolution opposing the policy of Prussia in separating herself from the other German States, and threatening every resistance thereto. INDIA AND OHINA. LONDON, Jan. 24.—The Bombay mail resolved England in season to be forwarded by the steam ship Arabia. The following later telegrams have been received: Deen received: O.A.CUTTA, Dec. 30.—Cotton goods quiet and unchanged. Exchange 2s 0\footnote{A}. Freights dull.

CANTON, Dec. 14.—Shirtings are firm. Tea quiet.
Fxohange 4s 10\footnote{A}.

SHANGHAE, Dec. 8.—Tea is declining. Silk firm.
Exchange 6s 6\footnote{A}. Freights improving.

Major Gordon has been captured at Soochow.

A private telegram, dated Hong Kong, December 15, sajs: "There has been a material advance in exchange and cotton imports at Shanghae."

JAPAN.

LONDON, Jan. 24.—It is reported from Tanan that JAPAN.

London, Jan. 24.—It is reported from Japan that Prince Satsuma has refused to pay the indemnity demanded by the English until they evacuate Yokohama. The English are awaiting reinforcements. London, Sunday, Jan. 24.—Consols, after official hours, last evening, closed at 90%. £28,000 in gold were sent into bank to-day. More gold is expected to be withdrawn for Alexandria next week.

The United Service Gazette asserts that the 2d Brigade Royal Artillery is under orders to embark for Copenhagen.

The United Section of Section as a consequence of the combant for Copenhagen.

Livenproof., Jan. 23, Evening.—The Persia artived this evening. The Adriatic arrived at Galway this morning. She was in the ice off Newfoundiand, and had her atern damaged. She did not call at St. Johns, owing to the fog and snow.

The cotton sales to-day were 6,000 bales, the market closing firmer, and rates unchanged.

Breadatuffs dull and unchanged.

Provisions quiet and steady.

Petroleum easier.

There is no change in the Danish question. A kiel telegram of the 22d says, in consequence of the inaw, the Lanish outposts are ordered to retire on the arrival of the Prussian troops. It is stated that the Danes will defend Danneverk to the last extermity. The Prussian Chamber has adopted a resolution opposing the policy of Prussia in separating herself from the other German States, and threatening every resistance thereto.

NEW ORLEANS.

New York, Feb. 5.—The steamer Yazgo has arrived with New Orleans advices of the 29th ult. They contain but little news. Considerable interest any sontain put little news. Considerable interest is manifested in the forthcoming State elections, and several meetings had been held. The steamer Goo. Cromwell, from New York, arrived at New Orleans on the 28th uit. Commodore Palmer has been relieved of the command of the frigate Hartford, and has taken command of the steamship Penascola, and has been placed in charge of the first division of the Western Blockeding Sunadon. the Western Blockading Squadron, relieving Com-modore Bell, who goes North. modore Bell, who goes North.

The bark John Wightrop, which sailed from New Orleans on the 11th for Boston, was abandoned on the 18th, west of the Tortugas. Capt. Blanchard and the crew were reacced by the brig John Sherwood, and arrived at New Orleans. A paymaster's safe in New Orleans had been robbed of \$35,000. The Era, of the 29th, in its commercial columns. states that the week closes firm for money rates, showing an advance of one-quarter on New York.

Sight 21/2@5 per cent. on foreign exchange, and 4

Commercial Intelligence.

Commercial Intelligence.

Corn—Stock light; sales 550 sacks white Western \$1.70.
Frights by stamer to New York 1 to 1½c for cotton, \$4 \text{ } \te advance of 2c in truingry, and a second at an adgrader Sugar-The sales on the 27th were 600 hhds, at an advance of 1c; sales on the 28th 800 hhds, at 13@13%c for prime, and 15%@16% for yellow, being an advance of % @1% % he over yeareday a prices.

Molasses—On the 27th sales were 1.000 bbls, at an advance of 8% gallon on the week; on the 28th, 600 bbls, at 66c for ordinary, 57@58c for prime to choice, and \$2%c % as are. r syrup.
Flour in good demand, at \$9 for superfine, and \$9.05 or choice, with sales of 800 bbls for the two days. XXXVIIIth CONGRESS---1st SESSION.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 5, 1864.

HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES.

Mr. JAMES C. ALLEN, of Illinois, moved that when the House adjourns it be till Monday next; which was disagred to by a vote of 78 to 85—the Republicans voting against it. against it.

The Confiscation Bill.

The SPEAKER announced the pending question to be on the passage of the joint resolution to amend a joint resolution explanatory of the Confiscation Act of July, section expansions of the commension act of fifty, of Mr. HOLMAN moved to lay the joint recolution of the table, which was lost by a vote of 80 to 72.

Mr. COX, of Ohio, moved the Horse adjourn, as Mr. COX, of Ohio, with the Horse adjourn, and the states of the Horse adjourn, and the states of the Horse when the question should be taken without further ditatory motion.

Mr. SCHENCK, of Ohio, suggested that the subject be
laid over till next week.

Mr. CRAVENS, of Indiana, and Mr. COX severally
said that would be more satisfactory.

Mr. STEVENS, of Pennsylvania, objected to the arrangement. They had got to the regular time when the
mijority should rule.

Mr. VOORHIES, of Indiana, said, Very well. We
well avail ourselves of the rule of the House.

Mr. COX moved that the House adjourn. Diagreed to
by a yole of 84 to 85

WASHINGTON, Feb. 5, 1864.

Mr. GOX moved that the House adjourn. Disagreed to by a voic of 84 to 68.

Mr. J. C. ALLEN inquired whether it would be in order to now lay the joint resolution on the table.

The hPRAKER repised in the negative.

Mr. ALLEN then moved that when the House adjourn it be till Monday next. Lost by a vote of 79 to 61.

Mr. Wilbon of lowa, proposed that Mr. Bisir and Mr. Smith, of Kentucky, be permitted to address the House, when the vote shall be taken.

This was acquiesced in, with the addition that Mr. Pruyn, of New York, be also permitted to address the House. Mr. Blair's Speech.

mr. smin, of Aentucky, he permitted to address the House, when the vote shall be taked.

House, we hen the vote a shall be taked.

Mr. Blair's Specch.

Mr.

YEAS. Norton, O'Neill (Penna), Washburne (III), Washburn (Mass Williams, Wilson, Windom, Woodbridge, ŠĀLYS. Allen Jas. C. Ancona, Bailey. Baldwin, (Mich) Blair (W. Va.), Pruyn, Radford Randall (Pa), Randall (Ky), Robinson, Rogers, Rollins (Mo), Rollins (Mo),
Ross,
Ross,
Scott,
Steele (N Y),
Steele (N J),
Strouse,
Strart,
Thoma:,
Voorhies,
Wadsworth,
Webster,
Whaley,
White Joseph W
Winfeld,
Wood, Fernando
Yeaman,

The Confiscation Act Amended.

The joint resolution as passed amends the joint resolution of July 17, 1862, by making it read that no punishment or proceeding under it shall be so construed as two vork a foreiture of the estate of the offender contrary to the Constitution of the United States: Provided. That no other public warning or proclamation under the act of July 17th, 1862, chap. 96, sec. 6, is, or shall be required, than the proclamation of the President, made and published by him on the 25th July, 1852, which proclamation so made shall be received and held sufficient in all cases now pending, or which may hereafter arise under said act.

rise under said act, The House, at five o'clock, adjourned till Monday. PENNSYLVANIA LEGISLATURE.

Jiay. Coffroth,

HARBISBURG, February 6, 1884.

BENA? E.,

The Senste was called to order at eleven o'clock, by Senstor JOHESTON, Speaker pro tem.

Mr. CONÆELL saked leave to read a bill in place.

'An act to incorporate the National Express Company," Jee ding which.

Mr. RIDGWAY moved that when the Senste adjourn. it will adjourn to meet on Tuesday evening, at 8 o'clock. Agiced to—yeas 14, nays 10.

Mr. COMELL renewed his motion to read a bill in place. Not agreed to—yeas 12, nays 12.

Mr. BUSHEE moved that the Senste proceed to the 18th ballot for Spraker Pot agreed to—yeas 12, nays 12.

Mr. BUSHEE moved that the Senste do now adjourn, which was agreed to.

mr. LOWRY indeed to.

HOUSE.

The House met at 11 o'clock A. M.

Mr. COCHRAN, of Erie, from the Committee on Accounts, reported the bill of the postmaster for postage, &c. also a resolution authorizing the drawing of a warrant for the payment of the same.

Mr. COCHRAN, of Philadelphia. from the Committee of Ways and Means, as committed, a supplement to an act provious for the payment of the interest on the State debt. approved 1868

Mr. BARBETT, from Judiciary Committee, as committed, as act to attach Erie county to the Western Judicial district of the State.

Mr. ORWIG, from same, as committed, joint resolution proposing amendments to the Constitution relative to giving the soldiers the right to vote

Mr. BHAPE, from same, as committed, an act relative to proceedings in cases of partition.

Mr. DREBHING, an act relative to criminal prosecutions, as committed.

Mr. BARGER an act to vacate Nash street, in the city ions, as committed.

Mr. BARGER an act to vacate Nash street, in the city of Philadelphia

Mr. SCHOFIELD, from the Committee on Corporations, as committed, an act incorporating the Tocorora Water ss committed, an act incorporating the rundourn water to many.

Mr. JACKEON, with amendment, an act extending the term of policement from two years to five years.

Mr. HAKES, from the Committee on Federal Relations the term of policement, coint resolutions relative to the may of persons in the military and naval service of the United States.

The House then proceeded to the consideration of the calendary of public bills.

The House then proceeded and acted upon: a ender of public bills.

The following were considered and acted upon:
An act in relation to exoneration of taxes. Passed

fix ally.

An act in relation to cases in partition. Passed finally,
an act in relation to ground rents. Postponed on motion of Mr. Smith, of Chester.

Supplement to act relative to sale and conveyance of
real earate. Postponed on motion of Mr. Cochran, of
I bill adelphis. ical caiste. Postponed on motion of Mr. Cochran, of hiladelphia.

An act giving courts of common fleas certain powers in equity preceedings. Passed finally.

An act making the number of pupils attending public sthe class the basis for the distribution of appropriations for common school purposes. Passed finally. Supplement to act relative to roads, highways, and bridges. Passed finally.

Supplement to act to smend and after the fee bill passed it? It. hejected in Committee of the whole.

An act extending the jurisdiction of the Orphans' Court. Rejected in Committee of the Whole, an act relating to estain duties between husband and wife. Postponed.

An act extending the provisions of the mechanics' lien I. w to steam engless. Ac. capable of removal from the ground. Rejected in Committee of the Whole.

Mr. SMITH, of Philadelphia moved the House adjourn, to meet at 8% o'clock on Monday evening. Agreed to.

Last year, three young gentlemen of this city got up a select fancy dress ball, at Concert Hall, and its

ess has led to the formation of La Coterie Blace by ten gentirmen, including the original three, who gave a Fancy Dress Subscription Ball at the Academy of Music, on Thursday evening. Nothing could have been more successful. Three thousand persons were present. The parquet circle was ocoupled by the subscribers and their respective parties, and the dress circle and family circle were srowded with spectators, specially invited to witness the gale with persons, the parquet was floored over, and the full extent of the stage being thrown in, a magnificent all-room was the result. The ten getters-up were ball-room was the result. The ten getters by were attired in a handsome uniform of white cashmere, and acted as floor directors. Hassier's Band "descoursed most eloquent music"—the only fault of which was that there was not enough of string in it. At a ball, lively music is more-valued than elaborate and artistical execution. Danding compared about two Nicola and orded at three the menced about two o'clock, and ended at th next morning. Supper (catered by Mr. Price, corner of Chestnut and Fourth streets) was supplied in the Foyer, from eleven o'clock until the party proke up. The evening was one of great, even of unmixed enjoyment, for nothing occurred to ruffle the surface of the tide of pleasure. Among the company was a fair sprinkling of contumed representatives of various characters The most striking was a group, arm-in arm, fanch fully attired in "red, white, and blue" (dress, complexion, hair, gloves, hose, and shoes), representing the Union colors. Major De Boots was there—a well-surtained character—accompanied by Jemmy Jumps, also a theatrical reminiscence. The Major was reognizable at once; his dress, make-up, and action closely resembling Clarke's. The two Dromios were in full force, also several Clowns and

a brace of Harlequins. An Indian Chief,—a recollection of Metamora,—was a striking personage, and another of Mr. Forrest's cha-(Damon) was well dressed, at least. Close to Charles the Second, on one side, was a Chinese Mandarin, sumptuously and correctly attired, a handsome Vivandiere. A lady and gentlema were in full Scottish costume, and would have ob-tained the approbation of our brothers of the Cale-donian Club—especially as the lady was particu. to flirt with a pretty Quakeress, but, as she pa pably did not fancy him, he immediately transferred his attentions to a charming representative of Diana. There were shepherds and shepherdesses, claiming to belong to Switzerland, Germany, and Italy, and while one fair lady "walked in beauty," in a stargemmed robe of darkness, and the one of the male say was visible as amas Night, one of the male sex was visible as embodying Night and Morning in his own person, Spanish cavaliers, a dancing Turk, Mr. and Mrs. Peter White, gay young monks, a dashing young Oxford student, several red-coated English hunting squires, and a great many nondescripts, also helped gay and festive" one. A few ladies wore the white wig of the last century with any quantity of face-patches, and mostly succeeded in not looking well. None but a young and pretty woman should risk the trial. Fancy Marie Antoinette represented by a dowager! About one-third of the whole company wore fancy

innocent enjoyment. Public Entertainments. ACADEMY OF MUSIC.—The German Opera season commences on Monday evening. The German Opera is an established favorite here. The efficiency with which the music peculiar to the German school was, last season, rendered, bespeaks a munificent patr age for the season about to begin. For both the new sared to entertain the kindest appreciation. NATIONAL CIRCUS. - The twenty-fourth matines will take place this afternoon, at which the cele-brated Eaton Stone and the whole national troupe

coatumes. From the dress circle, up stairs, the as-

sembly looked brilliant, animated, and bent

will appear. THE CITY. [FOR ADDITIONAL CITY NEWS, SER FOURTH PAGE.] ARRIVAL OF THE STH PENNSYLVANIA
CAVALRY REGIMENT.—A battalion of four companies, belonging to the 5th Pennsylvania Cavalry
Regiment, numbering 116 men, arrived in West
Philadelphia, between one and two o'clock yesterday afternoon. This regiment left the city with
1190 men, and now numbers, with those who arrived
yesterday and those left at Warrenton, Va., about
375. They have participated in 170 skirmishes and
regular engagements. It was the nearest regiment
to Richmond during the peninsular campaign,
being within one and a half miles of that place,
when they were ordered to return. They have been
connected with the Army of the Potomac ever since
its organization, and are well known to the rebels.
The battalion which arrived yesterday have reenlisted for three years or the war and have
received a furlough of thirty-five days. They were
met at the depot by a large concourse of relatives
and friends, who gave themia cordial greeting. The
essort formed as follows:

Committee of Councils in carriages.

ormed as follows: Committee of Councils in carriages. Committee of Councils in carriages.

Liberty Cornet Band.

Henry Guard, Captain Spear.
Eighth Penna. Cavairy regiment, on foot.

Ambulances containing wounded men.

The following route was then passed over: Down Market to Seventh; down Seventh to Chestaut; down Chestnut to Third; down Third to Wainut; up Wainut to Fourth; down Fourth to Washington avenue, and thence to the Union Volunteer Refreshment Saloon, where they received a plentiful supply of coffee, bread, meat, &c., which was heartily indulged in. While at this place a patriotic speech was made by Col. Phillp S. White, in his usual happy style. After these proceedings were over, they formed again in line on Washington avenue, and marched to Second; down Second to Reed; up Reed to Fifth; up Fifth to Chestnut, and thence to Independence Hall, where they were dismissed. The following is a list of the officers of the battalion: Capts. J. T. Piggott, Jr., and H. H. Garrett; First Lieuts. Benj. A. Fifer, John H. Howard, and John Kane.

PRESENTATION OF COLORS.—Yesterday PRESENTATION OF COLORS.—Yesterday afternoon, the 82d Regiment P. V., received a stand of colors in Independence Square. They were presented on behalf of the veterans of the regiment to the present \$2d as being recruited. The presentation speech was made by James Page, Esq., and that of the reception by Daniel Dougherty, Esq., in a beautiful and patriotic manner. An efficient band of musicians were present, and played patriotic tunes. A large crowd of people encircled the regiment, and the scene finally ended amid deafening cheers.

LARGE SALE STOCKS AND REAL ESTATE, Tueslay next. See Thomas & Sen's advertise

CITY ITEMS. POPULARITY OF THE GROVER & BAKER SEW-ING MACHINES.—The testimonials in favor of the Grover & Baker Sewing Machines over all others in use are so numerous, and emanate from such respectable sources, that their supremacy may well be regarded as a universally admitted fact. The following, from the editorial columns of Godey's Lady's Book, is one among hundreds of similar commendations that have come under our notice. The editor mays: "We have frequently and strongly recommended these useful articles to our subscribers; we have done so because we know and have teste hem, both in our homes and elsewhere. There are two necessary things for housekeepersver & Baker's Sewing Machines, and Godey's Lady's Book. It is not housekeeping without them. Send to them for one of their catalogues, No. 730 Chestnut street, and see to what various uses in Sewing they can be applied. The very finest and the coarsest sewing can be done on them with equal

DON'T FORGET THE "LOVED ONES AT HOME."-We print this tender precaution with the specia view of reminding everybody in general, and mar ried men in particular, that one of the most things that they as do to-day, and one which will secure them the biggest return in the way of happy faces at the smallest outlay, is to go to the popular Confectionery establishment of Messrs. E. G. Whitman & Co., No. 318 Chestnut street, below Fourth, and select a budget of their delicious, pure, and healthful preparations. It will make you doubly welcome to the "loved ones at home." Think of

LUBRICATING OILS.—We have already had sion to speak approvingly of the excellent Lubricating Oils sold by Messrs. Hulburt & Co., No. 240 Arch street, as being in many respects superior to others in use, while their cost is moderate They have been tested, and are now in use by most of our city railroads, and are found to answer better than any other lubricator in the world. They ought to be universally adopted. Messrs. Hulburt & Co.'s Signal Olls, Carriage Oils, Sewing Machine Oils, and oils for illuminating purposes, are also unsurpassed by any others in existence, and their prices are unusually low. GREAT BARGAINS IN WINTER CLOTHING.

Mesars. C. Somers & Son, No. 625 Chestnut street, under Jayne's Hall, are now selling off their splen-did stock of fine fashionable Winter Clothing, at greatly reduced prices, preparatory to opening their spring stock. All persons wishing to obtain eleagain until "after the war," ought to embrace this

GREAT REDUCTION IN PRICES. Great Reduction in Prices. Ladies' and Misses' Fine Cloaks. Ladies' and Misses' Fine Cloaks. Also, Rich Furs of all kinds. Rich Furs of all kinds. In anticipation of the close of the season, we are

ow prepared to make a large concession from former prices on all our stock.

J. W. Proctor & Co., The Paris Cloak and Fur Emporium, 920 Chestnut street. A NEW PICTURE.—Messrs. Wenderoth & Taylor 912, 914, and 916 Chestnut street, are now executing the new style of picture (which we think dest unusual popularity), entitled the "Photo-Minia-ture." For artistic merit this picture excels any-thing that Photography-has hitherto produced. The

ens at their galleries are much admired by

AN ELEGANT STOCK OF GENTLEMEN'S FURNISH

the best judges of art.

ING GOODS, embracing everything necessary in that line for a man of taste to wear, will be found at George Grant's, 610 Chestnut street. His "Prize-Medal" Shirt, invented by J. F. Taggart, is the Shirt of the age. THE WAY TO PROSPER IN BUSINESS IS to sell THE attention of capitalists is invited to an adver-tisement in to-day's paper, offering for sale a valua-

ble property at Me Penna. A VALUABLE property on Market street, below Sixth, is offered for sale by A. P. & J. H. Morris. See advertisement in another column. THE PARABOLA SPECTACLES are every day THE PARABOLA SPECTACLES are every day growing in popularity. The philosophy of it is that it responds to the wants of a falling eyesight, and in such a manner as to diminish the infirmity. The focus of a Parabola is universal. At whatever angle you may look through it, the concentration is at the excess. They are for sale only by E. Borhek, Optician, No. 402 Chestnut street, above Fourth.

THE PERFECTION OF SEWING MACRIMES.

880 CHESTRUT STREET.

SPECIAL ANNOUNCEMENT Now Ready for 1884. Now meany for 1884.

Fourth Annual Issue of Charles Stokes & Co.'s Illustrated Almanas of Fashion. This valuable and attractive publication, being now in its fourth year, has steadily increased in public favor, and is ready for gratuitous distribution at the celebrated Clothing House of Charles Stokes & Co., Fashionable Ciothiers, under the Continents Hotel, Philadelphia.

This popular and well-known Clothing House has now entered upon its fifth year of business, and the unprecedented success that has attended the opening of this house can only be accounted for in the fact of the articles always being as represented, and always of the best material and make that the price will allow, and also the great favor attending the peculiar system of having the PRICE MARKED PLAINLY OF ALL OF THE GOODS.

And while the proprietors return their cordial thanks to an appreciative public for their past patronage, they will endeavor to merit a continu of their old, and an increase of new patrons, by emor their bid, and an increase of the peat materials at the lowest price, and by the most careful attention to the wants of the public in their line of The reputation of this house as furnishers of firstbasiness. class CIVILIAN AND MILITARY CLOTHENG is unequalled in the United States.

[From Chas. Stokes & Go.'s Illustrated Almanac of

Fashion for 1964. 1

"EDGAR," A POE (MI)

Showing how the hero was made " ravin". se, upon a midnight dreary, while I pondered weak and weary, In the Hotel "Continental," room eight hundred and twenty four, was smoking, nearly napping, suddenly there came a tapping, As of some one gently rapping, rapping at my chamber-door.
"'Tis the chamber-maid," I muttered, "sweeping round by chamber do Only this, and nothing more." Ah! distinctly I remember, it was in the bleak De-

Eagerly I wished the morrow; vainly had I sought From my uncle, where, in sorrow, hang) the "three balls" o'er his door, And the way I sought to borrow—shall be, with my uncle's store, Nameless here for evermore. And the silken, sad, uncertain rustling of each win-

And each separate dying ember wrought its ghost

dow curtain, Thrilled me! filled me with fantastic terrors never So that now, to still the beating of my heart, I stood repeating,
"If you come to dun for money, take your presence from my door.' Then a voice said. "Clothes from Stokes' oneprice' store, Only this, and nothing more." Deep into the darkness peering, long I stood there,

wondering, fearing, Wondering why the gaslight looked so dim above my door; But the darkness was unbroken, and the stillness gave no token, For the only word then spoken was "Clothes and bill from Stokes' store," Said I, "Boy, now leave the clothing, don't with your bill be such (a bore.")

Then the boy said, "Nevermore!"

Rack into my chamber turning, where the gas was better burning, 'Surely," said I, "they do no trusting down in es' one price' store." "Then with all my powers mental," said I, "In the I have a room, and pay my board, more than I ever paid before, paid before,

That should give me credit, boy, at Stokes' 'one
price' Clothing Store." Quoth the darkey, "Nevermore!"

Be that word our sign of parting, contraband!" I oried, upstarting; "Get thee back with box and clothing, back to Stokes' one price' Store. Leave no bill here as a token of the words you just have spoken, Leave my loneliness unbroken, take your shape from out my door. Take your bill and box of clothing back to Stokes' 'one price' Store,
And I will go there nevermore!" And that bill is ever flitting, and that boy is ever

sitting, In my dreams, upon the stairway, just beside my And my conscience has a seeming, of a demon that is dreaming Of a hasty word outspoken, words which often I And the gaslight o'er me streaming, throws shadow on the floor,
With the words of "Nevermore." Applications for the Almanac by mail, enclosing a

two cent stamp, will be attended to. "With sounding trump and pieroing drum— The war-worn veterans homeward come." And a right hearty welcome are they deserving at our hands. Citizens should vie with each other in kind offices, and in seeking to promote their comfort, one of the surest ways to which would be to point them to the superb civic and military Clothing Dépôt of Granville Stokes, No. 609 Chestnut street where they will find the choicest stock to select from in the city, at the lowest prices. AN ADVERTISEMENT in this morning's edition

states that the learned and eloquent Rev. Dr. Cox, of New York, will preach to morrow morning and evening, at the First Baptist Church, corner Broad GET THE BEST!-THE HOLY BIBLE-HARDING'S EDITIONS:—Family, pulpit, and pocket Bibles, in beautiful styles of Turkey morocco and antique

oindings. A new edition, arranged for Photographic WM. W. HARDING, Publisher, No. 326 Chestnut street, below Fourth. PHOTOGRAPH ALBUMS IN EVERY VARIETY OF STYLE.—Rich Turkey morocco, antique, ivory mountings, ornamental edges, &c., &c., holding from twelve to two hundred photographs, the largest and est assortment in the city. WILLIAM W. HARDING, Manufacturer, 1t* No. 326 Chestnut st., below Fourth, south side

FAMILY COAL,-The Hickory and Fisk Coal: also Spring Mountain Lehigh, prepared with care, and offered at reduced prices. Office and yard, Ninth and Willow. [fee-swtf] Knowles. DEAFNESS-EYE, EAR, THROAT DISEASES, CA-TABBE—treated with utmost success by Doctor Moschzisker, Oculist and Aurist. Testimonials and references can be examined at his Office, No. 1027 Walnut atreet. Notion.—Dr. E. B. Lighthill, from 34 St. Mark's place, New York, author of "A Popular Treatise on Deafness," "Letters on Catarrh," &c., &c., will

shortly make a professional visit to Philadelphia when he can be consulted on Deafness, Catarrh Discharges from the Ear, and all the various disease, of the Ear, Throat, and Air Passages. fe4-11t VISIT THE "FLORENCE" SALES ROOMS, 63 HESTNUT STREET, AND SEE THE CELERRATED DWDDGABLE-FRED LOUK AND KNOT-STITCH SEW-

CORNS, BUNIONS, INVESTED NAILS, ENLARGES JOINTS, and all diseases of the feet, oured without pain or inconvenience to the patient, by Dr. Zazha-rie, Surgeon Chiropedist, 521 Chestnut street. Refers to physicians and surgeons of the city. THE "FLORENCE" SEWING MACHINE, SOLD AT BEST IN THE WORLD. MASON

æ HAMLIN'S CABINET PIANOS PIANOS PIANOS ORGANS. J. E. GOULD, Seventh and Chesinut.

ARRIVALS AT THE HOTELS OP TO TWELVE O'CLOCK LAST MIGHT Girard-Chestnut street, below Minth. l Yater, Penna W Green, Delaware Kerby, U S N hn Ewer

elaware

D Wharton
Charles Works
C Bonnie

'Un Whiting, Detroit
Geo Earries Detroit
Geo Earries Detroit
J T Whiting, Detroit
Geo Earries, Detroit
John H Thomas on N Y
Chas Larkins, New York
R T Green & Wf. Boston
Jass Charles Willer Work
E Wilson, New York
E W Jon Ewer
Jos Swift. Boston
Jos Swift. Boston
John Clark, USA
P Christ, New York
A K Sloan, New York
E G Cattell
Daniel T Murphy, Cal
Miss K Cross, Baltimore
Miss MA Cross, Baltimore
H F Somers, St Louis
T I Shitm Cantwell, Penna Arundel, USN M Gallaher Grover, Washington unis, Belvidere, N J Almey, Montrose, Pa Carter, Montrose, Pa Moore & la. Newark i H Webb, Maryland Mecklin, Washington Mrs Meskilb, Washington
L Houssell, Marietta
Miss Bendig, Montrove, Po
Mrs Tealeb, New York
Mr K McConnard, Peana
H B Ritter, Sorristown
W H Yerkes, Forristown
Mr Dosen, Beloth Wis
Lonn Filtow Minchart, Kanass
B D Price, U S A
Mrs Pomeroy & 2 ch Penna
Jine McKanna, St. Louis
Jab Burns, Lewistown
Jas Broter, Jr., Lewistown
Jas Broter, Jr., Lewistown
Jas House, Lewistown
J W Daylon, U S A
Copi O M Dayton, U S A
C Carder. Penna

HEADQUARTERS 9TH ARMY CORPS. Commercial—Sixth street, above Chestmat.

Mrå Mr; H L Terry, Terryin Haryey Lang. Chester co David Seltter, Chester co Dav ELECTRICITY, BY A PHYSICIAN OF LONG experience, and who gives his whole attention to its proper application, at 1418 SOUTH PRIN SQUARE, Philadelphia. Certificates, references, and examinations/res.

tal-Hinth and Chestnut streets BAC Unsetting B Baker, Wheeling B C Dairell, Waseling B C Dairell, Waseling G C McCormick, US A Alfred Croff:
H P Palmer, New York Mr & Mrs W H West, Penns Mrs U E Faller, Bookin I Jos W Howell, Trenton, N J Chae W Heisler, Trenton B L Gaston, Trenton Thos Stinson, Lesven worth J K Watson, Portland, Me J C Starkon, Portland, Me J C Starkon, Boston Morrison J Hindeloper, Meadville neroy & wi New York M B Brown, Wash eacock, U S N 'almer, New York Jassidy, Washington ar & w...
inson, New York
ickle, Edinburg
cklo, New York
sverett, New York
Guimann, New York
i. Morrow, New York
ole, New York
sats & w. New York
Kimball, New York
dehædis: Lozdon พธอน ingtha. Baltimore

S Sheve, Providente, R I Tr. & Mrs Abree Mrs H B Hawlins & da. M. 1 E Hawlins, New York T 7 Strode, St Louis Mrs Peabody, New York I T Dickinson, New Tork & E Wriser & Greensto U Black Mow York J E English New Hoven A N Tornhul, Baltimers Baron, Gerolt Waterbury rick, Waterb'y Horace B Fry, Phila
F G Wolbert, New York
H H Gordon, New York
Josiah Colby, New York
A S Pratt, Beston
F H Patten, New York
J R Gasselberry
F D Egan, New York
Lt R J Ward, New York
Lt G Johnson, Harriaburg Merchants'-Fourth Street below Arch R L Thomas, Maryland Jacob Levi, Harrisburg W L Fowler, Chicago Lt W M Houser, Penna lineim, Kaston Bish Perrine & la.N. Jer

M Honser, Fenna Wertz, Chambertsburg ach, New York Y Whiman, Baltimore illey, Penn Haven Stiles & son, Allentown Hartford, New York Connelly, Pittsburg o Elliott, Tipton g Davis Tipton D Timmonds, Portsmouth M Damarine, Portsmouth M Murray & son, do G Balewin, Harrisburg S Workman, Havana

Chestmut street, above F American-Chestnut street, above Fifth. Y Sheppard, Bridgeton ut N M Brooks, A J Later, Boston
J W McCullough, U S A
H S Myers, Lancaster, Pa
W H Bechtel, U S A
Jas L Carhart, Maryland
E Carhart, Maryland
Miss K L Garhart, Maryland
J H Ludwig, Baltimore
S G Gester, California
Henry Johnson, Desdlock
V N Parny, Washington W Belt Lieut Geo Moora, U S A J H Smith, U S A W D Hazel, Smyrna, Del Jas F Smith, Reading John Mitchell, New Jersey

Pyle, Easton
W L Vanderlef, U B A
Indle, Wilmington, Del
a F Allen, Wilmington
swson, Norristown
Henlings, New Jersey
Foster, fethlehem A twood, Troy, N Y
as Maydwell, Memphis
S Freeman, New York
Sailer, New Jersey St. Louis-Chestmut street, above Third.

street, above Whird,

Miss Parker, Millville

A W Smith, Prov. R I

D L Davis & la, Baltimore

O Wert & la, New York

S Hawksworth. New York

D Whittaker, Salem

J 8 Sanderson, Davion. O

G Clough, Plymouth, Ct.

J H Nichols, Salem, Mass

J H Walter Pennsylvania

C H Chase, Brocklyn;

H 8 Stull, U 8 A

T M Murphy, U 8

T M Murphy, U 8

T M F Fanciscas Troy, N Y

R Dick, Buffalo

B F Gook, New York

Mrs A Robiason, N Haven

Mrs J Bowers, Bridgeport

A D Newcomb, Brocklyn Et Freer, Buffalo
H White, Buffalo
C Watson, Few York
H Shelley, New York
W Smith, New York
E Z Stever, Washington
W D Mitchell: Elkton, Md
Capi H Melville:
J W Danty, Pennsylvania
C Warren, Bristol, E I
Mrs M J Huthe, Harrisburg
D Shea Serapton, Penna T F Stone, Trenton CH Chase, USM & Capt McClurg, USA Miss McClurg, Millville The Union-Arch street, above Third.

The Union—Arch street, above Third.
Jor L Reves, New Jersey
J W Scott & Wf. Bedford
G W McKelvy, Catswissa
Geo A Dixon & Ia. Dayton, O
W N Steventon, Indiana, O
E B Remey, Bloody Knn
U L Patterson, Summit Hill
J H Fithian, New Jersey J H Fithian, New Jersey

J B McKim, Northeast, Md Watson Evans, N Jersey
Bl Palmer, West Chester
C H Bertolet, Chester co
C L Lucan, Chester co
S O Powell, Chester co
J E Hutton, Chester co
J E Hutton, Chester co
J A Nelson, Chester co
J Carler, New York
J Carler, New York
J K Flinn, Wilmington, Del
E B Pendleton, Delaware
B C Davidson, U S A
B C Davidson, U S A
B C Davidson, U S A
H Harkins, West Cester H Harkins National-Race street, above Third.

Peter Uhler, Uhlersville, Pa J J Blair. Lebanon W A Barry, M D, U S A B Lentz B Brook, New York Simon Derr. Pottsville Adam B Groff, Lanc co Black Bear-Third St., above Callowhill Black Bear-Third \$1, above Callowhill,
JB Fisher, Penn Hall, Pa
Hiram Carr, Hartsville
W H Scholl, Quskertown
B urkman, Mechansville
Chas Morrison, Rockville
Alfred Rosds, Scunthampton
A Bane, Sonthampton
Wm Levezy, Attleboro
Saml E Fetter, England

Barley Sheaf-Second street, below Vine Barley Sheaf-Second street, below Vine.
We fitepatrick & is. Wash'n
Y fitepatrick & is. Wash'n
J G Montgomery & is. Wash'n
Albert Harris. Philads
David Blair, Bucks co
A V Johnson, Bucks co
A W Harry Montgomery
Moses Knight. Bensalem
Saml Carr, Montgomery
C V Seaman. Illinois
John Kirkbride, Newtown
Harry C Parry, Attleboro

Barley Sheaf-Second street, below Vine.

Harry Senden Struktowr
Wm S Schoefield, Newtown
Harry C Parry, Attleboro

Wm Britin, New Jersey Hount Vernon-Second St , above Arch.

MOUNT VETMON-Second St, 2500 Area.

J A STice, Tremont, Pa
H Glomes, New York
W Fugh, Trenton
Mrs Jane Combs
H G Cake, New Jersey
H B Barrin, Barrisburg
W m B Martin, Barrisburg
S W Willams, New York
J J Houston, Trenton

SPECIAL NOTICES. A LADY'S ADVERTISEMENT. BY THE BARD OF TOWER HALL. A widow, fresh, and young, and fair, Left with an only son and heir, (The plague of many a suitor.) is now desirous to employ
For the instruction of her boy, To form his tender pupil's mind, And manners, too, to tastes refined, He must himself quite polished be,

Able with grace to ride or walk, And skilled in interesting talk, A single man, but not of those Who matrimonial bonds "pose,
And woman's intellect despise.
Such men are hways cross and vain.
And hold heir scholars with a rein
So strict, that it is quite unwise. He must be young, too, for no other Could please this pupil, or his mother; And last, but not the least of all. He must his taste and sense express

By careful neatness in his dress,
And buy his clothes at Towns Hall.
We have on hand, and make to order, all kinds gad
grades of Military Chothing, at lowest prices. Balance Winter Stock closing out at reduced prices 518 MARKET Street WATCHES! WATCHES! WATCHES! JEWELRY! JEWELRY! JEWELRY! SILVER-WARE! SILVER-WARE! FANGY GOODS. DIAMOND AND PEARL JEWELRY,

W. B. BLTONHEAD'S, 1332 CHESTNUT Street. 11* KENDALL'S AMBOLINE, FOR THE HALL MOISTENS. BEAUTIFIES. INVIGORATES. THE HAIR. MOURISHES. A PURBLY VEGETABLE COMPOUND, made entirely om stimulating extracts of BOOTS, HERBS, AND FLOWERS. Prevents the hair falling out or from turning pressa-nrely gray. Ladies who desire a luxuriant head of air should not fall to give the AMBOLINE a trial. Press II we hay southing two hotiles.

are should not fall to give the amb bottles, Price \$1 per box, containing two bottles, PREPARED ONLY BY KREDALL KEWDALL & CO.. 505 BROADWAY, New York. AGENTS IN PHILADELPHIA.

JOHNSTON, HOLLOWAY, & COWDEN,
wasm No. 23 North SIXTH Street. THE EAR—ITS DISEASES AND THEIR TREATMENT, BY DR. VON MOSCHEISKER.—Messrs, MARTIN & RANDALL, Publishers, 29 South SIXTH Street, will positively lesue the above work in a very few days. The delay of this great work has been unavoidable, from the anxiety and desire of the author and publishers to bring it out in a style in every respect worthy of the work, and they are able to bledge themselves to the public that never before has a popular medical work appeared so complete in every part bearing on its subject, and so comprehensive; as this will be found. They feel some satisfaction in stating that the already numerous inquiries for it assure them that such a work was needed, and that the public have confidence in the author who has undertaken the difficult task, and they repeat the assurance that no disappointment will be felt in his able accomplishment of it.

15. THE EAR-ITS DISEASES AND THEIR

HEADQUARTERS 9TH ARMY UORPS.

SPECIAL SERVICE.

NEW YORK, Jan. 23, 1864.

1. All officers and men belonging to PENNSYLVANIA

REGIMENTS, attached to the 9th Army Corps, now absent from their commands on recruiting or detached service, and all furloughed men, will report for duty to
Captain JOHN A. MORRIS, A. Q. M., in charge of reoruting feorvice for 9th Army Corps, at HARRISBURG,
Penna.

By command of Mai. Gen. BURNSTDE Penna.

By command of Maj. Gen. BURNSIDE.
EDWARD M. WEILL, Asst. Adjt. Gen. ja29-f3t

COUGHS, COLDS, AND CONSUMPTION COUGHS, COLDS, AND CONSUMPTION.

Thirty years' experience and the testimony of thorsist, who have been cured by its use, prove that JATE it EXPECTORANT is, without exception, the most reliable remedy in the world for Coughe, Colds, Asthms, the chitis, Consumption, Pieurisy, Group, Whooping Court, Spitting of Blood, and all Pulmonary Compisian. But the protition of the evidence:

COULD NOT SPEAK ABOVE MY BREATH . Mr. C. TYNDALL, of Loomis Mills, Ill., writing Ju. F. C. TYPALL, of Rocession I have been similarly yet, 1864:

For eight winters in succession I have been similarly with the Bronchitis or that I could not speak above my breath, my throat being so sore that I could active swallow. Having tried various medicines without been smallow. Having tried various medicines without been sit, I commenced a few weeks since the use of Dr 12784; I commenced a few weeks since the use of Dr 12784; Expectorant, and I am sow able to talk almost as feed aver I did, and the soremess has left my abroat, so that I have every reason to believe an entire cutte has been effected.

INSTANTANEOUS RELIEF AFFORDED (5 PLEURIS).

Tr. W. HOSKIES, of South Bara; Australia, willy Mr. W. HOSKIES, of South Para; Australia, whith October 6, 1863:

I have much pleasure in bearing my testimons to the efficiency of DR. JAYNE'S EXPECTORAGE. I could not breather without great pain. I taked two or three modicines without avail, and was hourly getting to the when I was induced to procure a bottle of the Rupedle rant. I now feel bound, in gratitude, to say that I against the definition of the function of the superior of the supe

A COMMUNITIVE RESTORED TO HEALTH Mrs. HARNAH J. PUGH, of Torman, Sullivan courty, Indiana, writes, under date of July 6, 1862;
"For some months I was confined to my hed with con-Indiana, writes, under date of July 6, 1867.

"For some months I was coasined to my hed with ext. sumption, and during all this time had the best medical attendance of this and adjoining counties. If y case we, pronounced hopeless by all of them, my right ing, they said, being entirely gone, and one after another than 4s. clared their inability to do anything for me. What about abandoning all hope myself of ever gatting well, I was induced, through the recommendation of Mr. L. O Shultz, of York, Clark county, Ill., and who our verify these facts, to try DR. JAYNE'S EXPECTORALFF; after using which for three months I was entirely cared, and am now as well as ever I was in my life, and fully able to perform my usual avecations. Occasionally I used, in connection with the Expectorant, the Alterative are Sanative Pills, as the symptoms seemed to require; and I am indebted for my restoration to health, that I am indebted for my restoration to health, that I grant you full liberty to give my case-publicity, in the hope that others now suffering from disease similar to mine may derive benefit from my experience." IMMEDIATE AND PERMANENT MELIEV.

IMMEDIATE AND PERMANENT RELIEF.

Mrs. J. B. FISHER, of St. Johnsville, Montgomery county, New York, writes:

"My little daughter, aged ten years, has always been subject to cold producing croup, congestion. inflammation of the lungs, or a severe profracted cough. Your Expectorantiis the only medicine that ever gave her im. ion of the auges, or a develop provisored sough. Your Expectoranties the only medicine that ever gave her immediate and permanent relief. I have tried other lung remedies, but they proved useless, and a recert to you Expectorant was the only means of cure. "COMPLETELY CURED MY COLD."

Rev. B. F. HEDDEN, Pastor of the First Baptlet
Church, Camden. M. J., writes:

"A few weeks since, while suffering from a very eevere cold, I became so hoarse that it was with great difficulty I could speak so as to be understood. While in this
condition your Expectorant not only gave me immediate
relief, but in three or four days completely cured my
cold, and removed my hoarseness. I therefore take
pleasure in recommending the Expectorant as being, in
my judgment, the best cough medicine before the

my judgment, the best cough medicine before the "HOAREE, HOLLOW COUGH."

Rev. NELSON COOK, of Bergen, N. J., writes:

"A young man living in my house was taken with a violent cold, which settled upon his lungs, causing a hearse, hellow cough, accompanied by a burning fever.

This continued for more than two weeks, when I commenced giving your Propectorant and Pills, according to directions much saying the will of the second to the set of the second to directions, much against the will of some of my neigh-bors In the course of two or three days he began to improve, and in two weeks was about, and was soon

Mr. ANDREW GOWANLOCK, of Bayfield, C. W. "Jayne's Expectorant has effectually cured me of a violent aftack of Inflammation of the Lungs." A VIOLENT COUGH OF LONG CONTINUANCE. "During the winter of 1860-'61, I contracted a violent cough, which, from its long continuance, was thought by many of my friends to indicate concumption. While in this condition I obtained, through the persuasion of Brs. D. O. Gaskill, of this place, a bottle of your Expectorant, and having taken the came according to your directions. I was soon greatly relieved, and eventually cured, and my health has been excellent ever sines. From my own experience, therefore, I cheerfully recommend it to all sufferers from Pulmonary Consump-

SPITTING OF BLOOD, WITH BECTIC FEVER. "Shortly before Christmas last, I gave two bottles of your Expectorant to a man that was troubled with very obstinate cough, accompanied by spitting k and hectic fever, from the combined effect of whice and hetic lever, from the combined cases of which ne was becoming rapidly reduced. He had, in compliance with the advice of a physician in his neighborhood, tried various medicines without relief, and was act in dined to look with any favor on the Expectorant How ed, and I have since received a visit from him, during which he spoke emphatically in praise of the Expect-rant, and returned his thanks for my exertions in caus-

Mr. A. D. LICEY, of River Styx. Ohio, writes:

"I have had a little girl subject to Croup, and bedy afraid to depend on the ordinary ramedles, have et along a physician for her. Last night. Dec. 27. U.S., she was taken worse than usual. The Doctor had 7 deep sailed ont of town; something had to be done at once or the shifd lost. I gave five teamyoneful of the 7 deep toward, and applied finance cloths, well saturated with your Lindment, to her neck and breast, and by a half at her relief was obtained. This morning the a child in quite easy, and will recover; and if you covered but hear the praises given your remedies by my with, you wontertainly feel that the Expectorant has always one life a least."

Dr. D. JAVEE'S EXPECTORANCE. Dr. D. JAYSE'S EXPECTORABLY prepared only a Dr. D. JAYME'S BASINGT Street.

HAIR DYE! HAIR DEF.!! BATCHELOR'S celebrated BJ IR DYR is the Best in BATCHELOR'S celebrated H. IR DYR is the Best in the World. The only Harm's ass, True, and Reliable Dye known. This splendid Flair Dye is perfect—change. Red, Rusty, or Gray Hair, instantly to a Glossy Black or Natural Broton, with out injuring the Hair or staining the Skin, leaving Yae Hair Soft and Bennifful; imparts fresh vitality, frequently restoring its pristing solor, and rectifies the ill effects of bad Dyes. The spunific is signed. WILLIAM A. BATCHELOR; all others are mere imitations, and should be avoided. Sold by all Druggists, &c. FACTORY, 51 BARCLAY Street. New York. Batchelor's new Tollet Gream for Dressing the Hair.

Dr. Sweet's Infallible Liniment Has been used by more than a million of people, and all WINTER CLOTHING-BARGAINS.

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WINTER CLOTHING—BARGAINS. WINTER CLOTHING-BARGAINS. WINTER CLOTHING-BARGAINS WINTER CLOTHING—BARGAINS.

AN EXTRA OPPORTUNITY is now offered to all wh)
want to furnish themselves with Fine Ready-made Clothing, or be measured in our Custom Department. Having an unusually heavy stock on hand, we will offer special bargains for a few days, so as to clear out goods and make room for Spring Stock, which will soon atrive. These goods are considerably cheaper than they
are likely to be bought in season. One and examine.

WANAMAKER & BROWN. S. E. Corner SIXTH and MARKET, and

CUSTOM DEPARTMENT, No. 1 South SIXTH Street MARRIED STEENBOCK—FEINBERG. On Wednesday, 3d inst. by the Rev. lease Leeser, Martin Steenbock, Esq., of New York, to Miss Fanny Feinberg, of this city, MILBY—ARMSTRONG, —January Sh., 1864, by Rev. D. L. Patterson, Mr. Andrew Jackson Mr. y to Miss Mary Ann Armstrong, all of Philadelphis.

FETERS.—At Newark. Del., after a short illness. Carrie M. Peters, only daughter of Wm. M and Caroline Fleters, aged siny years and nine months.

The relatives and friends of the family are invited to attend the inners. from the residence of Reese & Peters. No. 1630 North Fifteenth street, Philadelphia & Peters. No. 1630 North Fifteenth street, Philadelphia & d'olock, this (Saturday) afternoon.

DENNY —On the 6th inst., at Mrs. Ivens' boarding house, corner of Ninth and Spruce streets, Sarah Denny, formerly of Kent county, Delaware.

Interment at Smyrns, Delaware.

OURTIS.—Un Thursday morning, the 4th inst. John H. Curris: in the 76th year of his age.

His relatives and friends, the members of Metropolitan Lodge, No. 150, and jof Brotherly Love Racampment, No. 381. O. O. F., are respectfully invited to street and his funeral from the residence of his son, John H. Curris, No. 381. O. O. F., are respectfully invited to street and his funeral from the residence of his son, John H. Curris, Jr. No. 321 South Streenth street, on Monday. The Sih Inet. at 3 o clock is K.

OVERN.—On the 4th last, Samuel Raub, son of John and Sarah T. Overn, ages of Sorars I month and 5 days.

THOMAS. Robert resease of the 3d inst., Dr. Robert P. Thomas, in the 43d year of his age.

The relatives and friends of the family are respectfully invited to attend his Inners family are respectfully invited to attend his Inners and Surah (Cometery, Finners) services at Grace to Woodland Twellth and Chorry streets, at 9 o'clock, Liven his late residence. No. 143 Gorb Twelfth street, on Saturday, the Cometery, Finners services at Grace to Woodland Twelfth and Chorry streets, at 9 o'clock, Liven his age.

The relatives and friends of the family are Affection of the parents, No. 238 Gooper street, Cambers, M. John H. Ourris, in the 7th year of his age.

The relatives and friends of the family are affection of his parents, No. 238 Gooper street, Gameles, M. J., on Saturday atternoon, Feb. 6th at 2 o'clock. DIED. AT A MERTING of the Students of the Philadelphia Coilege of Pharmacy, the following preamble and resolutions were adopted:
the with extreme regret that the present
class of the P. C. P. learn of the decase of their late
Professor. R. P. THOMAS, believing his removal from
our midst to be truly a public calamity it removal from
Resolved, That, although we bow humbly to the will
from our midet.
Resolved. That we sympathize deeply with the family
of the deceased in their sad betweenent. ject, and so comprehensive, as this will be found. They feel some satisfaction in stating that the already numerous inquiries for it assure them that such a work was needed, and that the public have confidence in the author who has undertaken the difficult task, and they repeat the assurance that no disappointment will be felt in his able accomplishment of it.

COLGATE'S HONEY SOAP.

This celebrated TOILET SOAP, in such universal demand, is made from the choicest materials, is mild and emollient in its nature, fragrantly scented, and extremely beneficial in its nature, fragrantly scented, and extrem

CUPER BLACK SILKS.—BESSON & SUPER BLAUK SILKS.—BESSON of SON'S MOURBING STORE, No. 218 CHESTNUT Street, baye opened a new stock of super Black Silks. 25 to \$4 37/2 a yard.

Black all wool Mousseline, double width.

"Tamise Cloths,"

"And White Purple, and Gray Chintses.

and White striped and Plaid Ginghams.

and white Delaines, 31% ceats.

Grenadine Veils.

Alexander's Black Kid Gloves, plain and emb'd.

Second-Mourning Balmoral Skirts.

WHITE SELVIDGE BLACK SILKS DRAP DE LYONS. These are a very superior grade of SILKs, wavranted durable, and fine Parts Black, ordered for our best city trade. [328] TRE & LANDELL WIDOWS' SILKS, WITHOUT GLOSS. Boyal Armures.
Corded Gros Grain.
Heavy Black Poult de Soiss.
ELANDRILL.