THE CITY.

For Thermometer.

NOVEMBER 25, 1862.			NOVEMBER 25, 1863.		
6 A. M.	12 M.	3 P. M.	6 A. M.	12 M.	3 P. M.
39	49	50	43½	43½	42½
WIND.			WIND.		
S W	S W	S W	E	N N W	N N W

UNITED STATES SANITARY COMMISSION.—Philadelphia Agency, Nov. 24, 1863.—As every-thing connected with the relief of our suffering prisoners at Richmond is a matter of the deepest interest, I annex a statement of the articles forwarded from this agency for their use since November 18th:

Roast beef in cans	3,120 lbs.
Hams	3,379 lbs.
Tomatoes	254 cans.
Coffee	400 lbs.
Farina	183 lbs.
Butter	200 lbs.
Pickles	150 galls.
Beef soup	240 cans.
Condensed milk	480 cans.
Tobacco	121 lbs.
Soap	330 lbs.
Combs	10 gross.
Lot of wines, jellies, and preserves	9 pkgs.
Healing matter, cooking utensils, &c. &c.	

These articles have been purchased from the funds placed at my disposal for that purpose by the friends of the Commission in this city. That fund is not exhausted, and as long as it is kept replenished, weekly instalments of articles such as above enumerated, will be forwarded. This work, it should be remembered, is in addition to that of the Central Commission at Washington, which sends forward, by dog-all trains, very large supplies.

As the question is often asked whether the prisoners actually receive the articles sent to them, I give an extract from a letter of our agent, dated Norfolk, November 21:

"Four stores went up in the flag-of-truce boat to-day, as far as I am able to judge there is little doubt that the larger portion of them will reach their destination. I have just returned from City Point, to which place I accompanied our last consignment of stores. I saw that they were safely delivered into the hands of the rebel agents, everything being conducted in a perfectly business-like manner; bills of lading passed, and the articles checked as they were transferred from the Union to the rebel boat.

"The rebel agent gave me the fullest assurance that everything sent would be scrupulously applied for the purposes intended. Of the fifteen boxes of stores sent up in the flag-of-truce, I received an acknowledgement of thirteen of them."

Contributions will be received by Caleb Cope, Esq., the treasurer, at the northeast corner of Sixth and Minor streets, or at the Agency, No. 1307 Chestnut street.

R. M. LEWIS, General Superintendent.

THE HOUR BEFORE DAYLIGHT IS ALWAYS THE DARKEST.—There was more truth than poetry in this old proverb, yesterday morning, because the moon was almost totally eclipsed at the time mentioned, and, therefore, the atmosphere was cloudy; and all outdoors in that part of the city from which we made our observations was as profoundly dark as the Black Hole in Calcutta.

The following are the instants of the several contacts in mean time, civil reckoning:

	H.	M.	S.
First contact with Earth's penumbra...Nov.	25,	1	19
Shadow..... "	3	1	19
Middle of eclipse..... "	4	14	46
Last contact with Earth's shadow..... "	6	51	58
Penumbra..... "	7	51	58

The phenomenon of a lunar eclipse attracts but little attention among astronomers, particularly on account of the difficulty of observing, with much accuracy, either its beginning or end. The eclipse of yesterday morning attracted no attention from astronomers. A total eclipse of the moon is one of the sublime of all celestial phenomena, and is invested with almost universal interest, as well by reason of the strange phenomena wot, doubtless, all, in the eclipse means offered of rigorously testing the theory of celestial motion by actual observation.

As far back as the time of Hipparchus, four eclipses were observed for the purpose of ascertaining differences of terrestrial longitude between places in different meridians, but this method, after being used for ages, fell into disuse on the discovery of more refined and accurate methods of determining this great practical element in geography and navigation.

We suppose no one need be told that the phenomenon of a lunar eclipse arises from the cutting-off from the light of the sun, by the intervening earth, the solar light which renders it so radiant and beautiful.

Whenever, therefore, the moon in its revolution round the earth happens to come so directly opposite to the sun as to have the whole or part of the earth interposed between her and the sun, the phenomenon of a lunar eclipse occurs; and the eclipse is total or partial as the whole or part of the earth is interposed between the sun and moon at the time.

Even when the earth is directly between the sun and moon, the latter is not wholly invisible, but shines with a dull reddish light terminating on the margin with a brilliant or greenish light.

This phenomenon was for a long time inexplicable on any other theory than that the moon had some inherent light of its own, and did not depend on the sun for a full supply, but Professor Mitchel Kepler first suggested an explanation which has since been received as the true one. The dull illumination is due to the solar light which passes through the earth's atmosphere and is refracted, and at the same time becomes colored with the hues of sunset by the absorption of more or less of the violet ray, as it passes strata more or less remote from the earth's surface, and thereby more or less loaded with vapor.

Wherever it is desirable to know whether an eclipse has occurred in time past or will occur in the future, the Nautical and Lunar tables must be consulted. These tables have now reached such perfection that it is possible to deduce from them the fact of the instant of time when an eclipse has happened or will appear, no matter how remote from the present time the eclipse is sought.

The calculation of these tables, and also the eclipse tables, involves a knowledge of the laws of the motions of the earth and sun, and the use of delicate and refined mathematical processes; yet it is a historical fact, that without any knowledge of these, the ancients were able to predict eclipses with considerable accuracy.

THE FINANCES OF THE CITY.—We have already published the report of the majority of the Finance Committee of Councils, fixing the tax rate for 1864. Yesterday afternoon, Mr. Loughlin, in Common Council, submitted a minority report of the committee:

They state, as reasons for their differing from the majority, that Councils up to this hour have not passed one single appropriation bill. The bills which have been agreed upon in committee, and which were reported to Councils, have passed, with few exceptions, appropriate to the several departments of the city no greater sums of money than were expended during the year 1863. The question of increasing the salaries of the officers of the city government has been under consideration. The Committee of Finance do not believe that they have any authority to increase salaries; that is a power resting exclusively with Councils to regulate salaries.

The Legislature of Pennsylvania has made no provision for increasing the salaries of the State officers, neither has the Congress of the United States made any provision to increase the salaries of officers of the National Government.

In times like the present, when many of our citizens have left their comfortable homes to defend our institutions at the risk of their lives, and receive only thirteen dollars per mouth, the minor municipal officers should be content with their present compensation. Members of Council should carefully consider the condition of the country at this time before they attempt to place additional burdens upon them in the form of increased taxes. Taxes are now paying increased taxes to the State Government, besides taxes upon income, trades, &c., for the support of the General Government. These taxes are believed to be heavy enough at this time, without adding thereto by increasing our municipal taxes.

The statement submitted by the majority of the Committee on Finance, and which is recommended as the basis of the rate of taxes to be levied for the year 1864 has not been sufficiently considered. It was presented to the Committee for the first time on Monday evening last and was passed through with unusual haste, despite the protest of the minority, who asked for a postponement of only one week to afford them time to examine and verify the statements submitted by the City Controller.

The estimated expenses of the city for the comtxx year is fixed at.....$6,050,438 31

Temporary loan paid in 1863	$375,000
Building a new wharf to be paid out of loan	25,000
Furniture for school-houses to be paid out of loan	18,500
Extraordinary appropriations, to construct bridges	40,000
Extinguishment mortgage, Fairmount Park	11,000
Permanent improvement of Fairmount Park	11,000
Spruce Street Bridge, to be paid out of loan	30,000
Paid out of receipts of 1863	$418,500
Deduct expense: claimed for discount and allowance on taxes over any previous year	$100,000
Supposed amount of warrants to be drawn from Nov. 1, 1863, to Jan. 1, 1864, being an excess of previous year	300,000
Funded debt paid in 1863	$1,267,768
Funded debt to be paid in 1864	191,420
	95,298
	$1,703,00
Leaves the proper liabilities	$5,736,638 91
Assets of the city from all other sources than taxes in 1864	$2,950,011 17
Amount required by taxes	2,786,627 74
	$5,736,638 91
Valuation of property assessed for mayor's report	$158,451,5.2 at $2
Will yield	3,129,086 04
To be raised by taxation	2,786,627 74
Margin	$342,410 30

The Committee concluded by saying that two dollars on the hundred would yield more revenue than would be required to meet all appropriations that may be passed for 1864.

CONTRACTS AWARDED.—The following contracts have been awarded at the army clothing and equipage office:

E. W. Hunt, 200,000 yards gray twilled flannel, 49½ cents.

E. Lynch, 3,000 yards white domestic flannel, 47½ cents.

D. B. Reiley, 100,000 yards white domestic flannel, 46 cents.

D. B. Reiley, 100,000 yards white domestic flannel, 44½ cents.

W. H. Lewis, 20,000 yards gray twilled flannel, 49½ cents.

Stuart & Brother, 1,500 pounds dark-blue thread, $1.60.

Kimm & Brother, 500 bugles, $2.48.

Horstman Brothers & Co., 1,000 trumpets, $2 23.

Goldthorp, Woodward, & Co., 1,000 cavalry bugle cords and tassels, 76½ cents.

Henry Frankle, 100,000 common tent pens, per thousand, $11.45.

W. B. Dunton, 5,000 pounds blocking twine, per pound, 28½ cents.

Chas. Burnham Phelan, 12,000 tin cups, $19 per thousand.

INSTALLATION OF A PASTOR.—The Rev. Richard R. Maiery, new pastor of the Presbyterian Church in South street, between Eleventh and Twelfth, will be duly installed on next Sunday week. Mr. Maiery comes from Long Island, where he was obliged to relinquish the charge of a large and flourishing church, and come to this city on account of the declining health of his wife. Previous to his departure his congregation, who were much attached to him, presented him with a handsome testimonial of their high appreciation of his worth and ability as a pastor. He is a young man, and comes here highly recommended as a gifted and able instructor of the Scriptures. The father of Mr. Maiery was the first to establish a children's home in the city, many years ago, and his widow is still at the present time matron of the Northern Children's Home. His brother is also well known in this city, being at one time the pastor of a Presbyterian church at Norristown. Mr. Maiery fills the place of Rev. Mr. Smith, resigned, and through his known energies and talent will soon gain for his church that reputation and standing which it never before had.

COMPENSATION TO BE ASSESSED.—A meeting of the Committee on Railroads, of Council, has been called for Friday afternoon next. The object is to make an assessment of the compensation due by the Race and Vine-street Passenger Railway Company to the Second and Third-street Company, for the use of the tracks of the latter, on Second and Third streets, from Vine street to the Exchange. It is probable that the committee will try to ascertain how many thousands of dollars are due the city yearly by the railway companies generally. It must be a

A MATCH GAME OF BILLIARDS was played yesterday afternoon, between E. H. Nelms and Robt. T. Ryall, of the Continental Hotel Billiard Rooms; one hundred and fifty points (three balls), from game, (three balls,) won by R. T. Ryall, beating his opponent twenty-five points.

This match was the first one played by these gentlemen, and was witnessed by a large, appreciative, and respectable audience. During the play the contestants were frequently applauded for brilliant and accurate execution.

BASE-BALL.—A match-game will be played this afternoon, at one o'clock, between the Keystone and nine of the Chippewa Cricket Club, on the grounds of the former, at Eleventh and Wharton Streets.

SHOCKING ACCIDENT.—About five o'clock last evening Joseph Keller fell through the hatchway, from the fourth story of a drug store, corner of Second and Green streets. He was so badly injured that it is likely he will not recover. The unfortunate man was removed to the Penn Hospital. It was thought that he would not survive until morning.

THANKSGIVING DINNERS.—The soldiers in some of our hospitals, if not all, are to have Thanksgiving dinners to-day. The ladies and surgeons in charge have been unremitting in their labors in getting up first-class dinners at the hospital, Broad and Cherry streets, hospital at Germantown, and at the hospital on South street.

RELIGIOUS SERVICES.—At the Convalescent Hospital, on Filbert street, religious and patriotic services will be held at three o'clock this afternoon. The Rev. J. Hyatt Smith, Rev. Dr. Goddard, and Rev. A. G. Thomas, chaplain at the hospital, will be present. The occasion promises to be one of unusual interest. The friends of the soldiers are invited to be present.

FRUIT FOR THE HOLIDAYS.—Yesterday the brig Laura arrived at this port from Malaga, with a cargo consisting of 10,300 boxes raisins, 2,900 half boxes do., 3,600 quarter boxes do., 1,000 frails do., 100 boxes and 50 bags almonds, 50 half boxes figs, 200 quarter boxes do., 450 boxes lemons, and 153 boxes oranges.

FATAL ACCIDENT.—Rudolph Echenberger fell from the second-story window of his residence, on Hancock street, Nineteenth ward, yesterday, and died in a short time from his injuries.

LAUNCH.—The steamship Liberty, 1,200 tons register, will be launched at 3 o'clock this afternoon from the ship-yard of Mr. John W. Lynn, Reed street wharf, below the navy yard.

FIRE.—A shed in the brick yard of Mr. Jordan, at Washington avenue and Gray's Ferry road, was destroyed by fire about 6 o'clock yesterday morning.

CITY COUNCILS.

The regular weekly meetingof City Councils was held yesterday afternoon.

SELECT BRANCH.

President LYND in the chair

The reading of the journal was dispensed with.

Communications, &c.

Mr. ZANE presented a petition from the property holders in the Twentieth ward, asking for the paving of certain intersections. Referred

Mr. DAVIS offered a communication from the members of the Good Will Hose and Steam Fire Engine Company, asking for an appropriation to reimburse them for the amount of damage incurred to their property while engaged in doing service for the city at the fortifications. Referred.

A message from the Mayor was received, vetoing the ordinance to place a fence around the vacant lots in certain public squares, cut up by the drilling of the military companies in them. The Mayor states that the ordinance purports to authorize the Commissioner of City Property to draw the amount appropriated from the fund provided for the defence of the city, which fund, by ordinance approved June 30th, 1863, is subject only to warrants of the mayor. The veto was sustained by the Chamber.

Mr. SPERING presented another ordinance appropriating $1,650 for the same purpose, and authorizing the Mayor to draw the warrants for the payment of it. Agreed to.

Reports of Committees.

The Committee on Law presented an ordinance adverse to suspending the work on the Chestnut-street bridge till the opinion of the Supreme Court could be ascertained as to whether the ordinance is legal. The committee asked to be discharged from the further consideration of the subject. Agreed to.

Mr. MILLER rose and asked that the special committee appointed to inquire into the action of a part of the commite in the Twenty-fourth-ward contested-election case make a report of their proceedings. He wanted to know why the report had not been made long before this.

Mr. DUNN said the case was purely a political dodge, and he presumed that was the reason why no report had been made. He would not sign the minority report submitted.

Mr. OATHERWOOD thought the chairman of the committee had been derelict in his duty in suppressing the report. He hoped that this report would not only be made, but all others in which fraud had been charged.

Mr. UHLER said it would appear to him as if something would be implicated in the case if he was in favor of investigating the matter, so that if there was any fraud whatever in it, the world might know it.

Mr. LANE said that the chairman of this committee had never decided to suppress the report. The committee were at one time ready to report, but they were told that it would not be received, as the entire party would vote against it. At that time but one vote was needed to gain its acceptance, and as a part of the committee was against it, he asked that gentleman, to secure his vote, but he actually refused to give it, and consequently the reason for the committee not reporting the case.

After a long debate on the subject, Mr. MILLER moved that the bill be postponed until Thursday next and made the special order of the day, when the reports of the special committees are called for, and that they furnish t hereport desired. Agreed to.

The Committee on the Defence and Protection of the City offered a resolution to the effect that Councils appropriate a sufficient amount to pay a bounty of one hundred dollars over and above all other bounties to persons enlisting in this city, who will be credited to it.

Mr. BIDDLE thought this matter should be postponed until the legality of the action of Councils in appropriating money for such a purpose was looked into.

Mr. WETHERILL said the effect of a bounty prevents enlistments. We are doing a vital wrong by offering more money, when it will have no effect in raising men, from the fact that they can cross the river to Camden and there get $600. It will not do to pay such a high bounty when the city is already in debt to the amount of $24,000,000, and still increasing. It is all folly to talk of offering a bounty for the purpose of saving men, who, at the time of the draft, made the most frivolous and silly excuses to get exempted. As representatives of the tax-payers of this city, we should be on our guard. He hoped the ordinance would not pass.

Mr. UHLER said the city was not liberal enough. We are willing to pay for a bounty in money, and we do pay for the comfort of those who go to protect us.

Mr. ARMSTRONG was in favor of the bill, but he had one objection, and that was, the bounty offered was not large enough.

Mr. SPERING moved to amend the resolution, and increase the amount appropriated to $1,000,000, and the individual bounty to $200, which was agreed to. As amended, the bill passed.

The bill to increase the price at which the work on the Chestnut-street bridge was contracted for, and which was made the special order for the day, was taken up. The increase asked for is 27½ per cent. After considerable debate the bill was agreed to.

The Committee on Schools presented an ordinance appropriating $1,011 for new heaters in the school houses. Agreed to.

Also, one making an additional appropriation of $17,000 for the purchase of coal for the balance of the present year. Agreed to.

Mr. GINNODO, from the Committee on Girard Estates, reported an ordinance appropriating $68,000 out of the income of the Girard Estate fund to meet the expenses of the estate for the year.

Mr. CATHERWOOD offered a resolution restricting the laying of a track in the middle of Broad street by the North Philadelphia Passenger Railroad Company.

The SUBSCRIPTION AGENT reports the sale of $971,500 five-twenties on Wednesday. The continued scarcity of legal tenders somewhat hinders subscriptions, but on the other hand it is greatly aiding to have Government currency so highly appreciated.

Mr. GINNODO was opposed to countenancing such a company as this. He had been their warm defenders at one time, but he found them a set of cunning, tricky men, and he hoped the Councils, for their sake and the interests of the city, would place all the restrictions possible on them. Those men, he said, intended to cover other matters by this railroad; this was merely a beginning of the end. The speaker denounced the railroad company in strong terms. The resolution passed.

Mr. LOUGHLIN presented an ordinance making an appropriation of $2,300, to pay Messrs. J. & C. Lungberry, as an additional amount for a contract made, which was found to be so low as to be a loss to them, as the price of labor and material had advanced considerably during the time of their work. The bill was debated at length, and finally disagreed to.

Mr. ZANE presented a resolution in reference to the paving of Bridge street, in the Twenty-third ward. Agreed to.

Mr. MILLER offered an ordinance authorizing the superintendent of the Girard coal lands to advertise all proposals for the lease of these lands in one report of Pottsville and two in Philadelphia; said proposals to be in writing, and to be allotted to those offering the highest premiums, and could be of the same to be invested by the superintendent of the Girard Estate. Agreed to.

The bill from Common Council appropriating the sum of $100,000 for the relief of the families of volunteers was agreed to. Adjourned.

COMMON BRANCH.

Mr. LEIGH offered an ordinance authorizing the opening of Ninth street, between Snyder street and Buck road. Adopted.

Mr. WOLBERT offered an ordinance, from the Commissioner of Highways, for the macadamizing of Islington lane, near the Odd Fellows' Cemetery, the Cemetery Association to pay $300 towards the project, and the city $500. Adopted.

Also, to pave Plum street, Nineteenth ward, which was agreed to.

Also, an ordinance appropriating $650 to pay deficiencies in the salaries of the supervisors of the Highway Department.

Also, a resolution for the opening of Manayunk avenue, Twenty-first ward, which was referred back to the committee.

Mr. HARPER offered the following:

Whereas, On page 166 of Select Council Journal, April 2d, 1863, it is recorded that Mr. Zane presented a memorial from citizens of the Twenty-fourth ward relative to the repair of the roads, and the committee on the contested seat from said ward, and that a special committee was appointed, consisting of Messrs. Zane, Spering, Manuel, Rigg, and Armstrong, and

Whereas, That committee has never reported the result of their inquiry, and it is currently believed that the evidence before that committee conclusively shows that F. G. Brightly did receive a bribe in money paid to him, and also in the appointment of his relatives to positions under the City Government; therefore,

Resolved, By the Common Council, that the Select Council be respectfully requested to require the said committee to report, without delay, the evidence before them relative to the guilt or innocence of the said F. G. Brightly.

The Chair ruled the subject out of order, on the ground that it reflected upon the character of a member of another branch of Councils, and because also, it presumed to disclose what had never been officially disclosed by the committee.

Mr. WOLBERT offered a resolution rescinding the ordinance of the 10th of May, 1862, relative to the paving of the intersections of Tenth street, or so much of it as restricts the city of repaving the intersections to $1,400. The ordinance provided that the price be 90 cents per yard for all intersections.

The Highway Committee also offered an ordinance to appropriate $6,000 to clean the streets and remove the ashes until the 1st of the year. Agreed to.

Mr. STOKLEY offered a resolution requesting the Mayor to offer a reward of $500 for the detection of the murderers of James McGinnis. Agreed to.

Mr. BAIRD, of the Committee on Finance, offered a report in reference to the municipal loan published in yesterday's *Press*) and fixing the tax rate at $2 50 per $100.

Mr. LOUGHLIN presented a minority report, fixing the rate at $2 per $100.

Both reports were laid over and ordered to be printed.

The Finance Committee reported ordinances making the following annual appropriations:

For lighting the city	$387,000 00
City Treasurer	27,700 00
City Commissioners	197 862 40
Department of Market Houses	16,604 17
Receiver of Taxes	28,700 00
City Ice-Boat	13,700 00

The same committee also reported an ordinance appropriating $182,107 to the Commissioners of the Sinking Fund, to pay the funded debt falling due during 1864. Also, one appropriating $715,000 to pay the funded debt maturing on the 1st of January. Adopted.

The bill from Select Council appropriating $1,550 for the purpose of repairing the public squares, was concurred in.

The report in reference to the lease of the Girard coal lands was referred to a special committee.

Mr. QUIN offered a resolution that the bill abolishing the office of Commissioner of Highways be made a special order on Thursday next. Not agreed to. Adjourned.

LEGAL INTELLIGENCE.

U. S. District Court—Judge Cadwalader.

United States vs. Acker and others. Before reported. This case was not concluded yesterday. The Government called witnesses to show that, at the time of the fire in which the defendant alleges $1,000 worth of postage stamps were destroyed, he had postage notes in the hands of third parties as collateral security for his note.

District Court—Judge Stroud.

The President and Directors of the Bank of Delaware County vs. Isaac Abrahams. An action on a promissory note. Verdict for plaintiff for $628 06.

Charles C. Bishop vs. D. P. Cubberly. This was an action to recover several years' salary as bookkeeper for defendant. Verdict for plaintiff for $2,635 71.

Thomas Richardson & Co. vs. Archibald Montgomery. A felonied issue to test the ownership of the ship Fanny McHenry. On trial.

District Court—Judge Hare.

George Frazer vs. William S. Stiles. An action to recover rent alleged to be in arrears. Verdict for plaintiff for $215.62.

Charles R. Hicking vs. Henry Reyenthaler. This was an action to recover the difference between the price paid by plaintiff to defendant for a horse and the price brought for the same at auction. It is alleged that the defendant warranted the horse as sound, and that this warranty was false. Verdict for defendant.

M. L. Robinett et al., administrators of Allen Robinett, deceased, and Catharine Donnelly, defendant, and Samuel Kilpatrick, garnishee. An attachment execution to recover money in the hands of the garnishee alleged to be the property of defendant. Jury out.

Court of Common Pleas—Judges Allison and Ludlow.

In the matter of the petition of General R. Patterson to extinguish certain rent charges or ground rents.

The question in this case arises from the terms used in two deeds from Colonel John Hare Powell and wife to George Blight. The property is now owned by General Patterson, subject to these rent charges. The first deed is dated March 30, 1832, and grants "one yearly rent-charge or sum of $4,100 lawful silver money of the United States of America of the present legal standard fineness and weight." The consideration of this deed is $20,000 "lawful money of the United States." The extinguishment is permitted by the terms of the deed at any time after the 1st of April, 1839, on the payment of the sum of $20,000 lawful money aforesaid. The receipt for the deed is for "the sum of $20,000, being the consideration money above mentioned."

The second deed is dated Nov. 24, 1832, and grants another yearly rent-charge or sum of $276, "lawful silver money of the United States of America." The consideration of this deed is "$6,000 lawful money of the United States of America." The rent-charge may be extinguished at any time on or after the 1st of April, 1839, on the payment of "the sum of five thousand dollars, lawful silver money aforesaid." The receipt on the deed is for "the sum of 5,000 dollars, being the consideration money above mentioned." Since the decease of Mr. Blight these ground rents have been divided among his heirs. The question at the bar is. Can these rent-charges be extinguished by paying $25 000, in lawful money of the United States (greenbacks), or must the owner of the fee pay 25,000 silver dollars of the standard weight and fineness of 1832? Argued and held under advisement.

THE POLICE.

[Before Mr. Recorder Enas.]

Alleged Embezzlement.

William C. Moore, the treasurer of the Seamen's Boarding House Society, was arraigned yesterday afternoon on the charge of embezzling the sum of $201.05, being the balance on hand in the treasury of the institution. John C. Brady, the president of the institution, testified that Moore was elected organized last spring, and that all orders on the treasurer are signed by him and attested by the secretary.

Mr. Blanchout testified that he was secretary of the society, and that it was the duty of the treasurer to keep the money in question in his safe. The president, properly attested by the secretary. Several persons were examined who had presented orders, properly attested, to the treasurer, who refused to honor them. The defendant was committed in default bail in the sum of $1,000, to answer at court.

Counterfeiting Trade Marks.

Raphael Asron, and Jacob Priest, chemists, were arraigned, yesterday afternoon, on the charge of counterfeiting Eneu, on the charge of counterfeiting, or issuing a trade mark," claimed as the private property of Mr. Wiltberger, for a certain medicinal article as that offered by defendants. Mr. Mark L. Allaphan, who has been in the employ of Mr. Wiltberger for 13 years, testified that his employer purchased the right to make a certain chemical article. It was alleged that the defendants have produced an inferior article, and that the labels thereon are so nearly like those of the genuine article that the fraud may be very readily deceived. The defence claimed the right to use the labels, and insisted that the complainant in this case had infringed upon the right of the defendants.

The case as developed before the Recorder was, at times, very amusing, the counsel on both sides equally claiming that the rights of the respective parties to the suit were infringed upon. The whole affair was very well conducted, in an ingenious manner by counsel, and the defendant for the article in question, but we "couldn't see it" The defendants were required to enter bail in the sum of $1,000 each to be secured by two sureties. The counsel for defence stated that he intended to bring suit against Mr. Wiltberger for infringing upon the private rights of his clients.

[Before Mr. U. S. Commissioner Sergeant.]

Buying Soldier's Equipage.

Lazarus Jaffe, the keeper of a clothing store on South street, below Second, was arrested yesterday by Deputy U. S. Marshal Schuyler, on the charge of purchasing government property from Capt. Enoch Albertson. It is alleged that the Captain, who is now at Fort Delaware, was in the service of the United States, in July, he drew more equipage than he was entitled to receive, and that he sold these goods were, it is said, purchased by defendant, contrary to a law in such cases made and provided. He was held in $1,000 bail to answer, and in default another hearing, to take place to-morrow.

[Before Mr. Alderman Lynch.]

New Counterfeit Note.

A woman, giving the name of Sophia Hinton, was arraigned yesterday afternoon on the charge of passing a five dollar counterfeit note, purporting to be the issue of the Adams Bank, Massachusetts. This is a new counterfeit, and made its first appearance in our city yesterday. The accused was required to enter bail for another hearing.

PHILADELPHIA BOARD OF TRADE

THOMAS FAIRMAN, JR., }
ISRAEL MORRIS, } COMMITTEE OF THE MONTH.
JOSEPH C. GRUBB

LETTER BAGS

AT THE MERCHANTS' EXCHANGE, PHILADELPHIA.

Ship The Craigs, Baker.....Liverpool, soon
Bark Linda, Revill.....Sagua la Grande, soon
Bark Marion, Clark.....Cienfuegos, in 12 days
Brig Lilla, Day.....Matanzas, soon
Schr Greenland, Evans.....Havana, soon

MARINE INTELLIGENCE.

PORT OF PHILADELPHIA, NOV. 26, 1863.

SUN RISES.....7 44 | SUN SETS.....4 46
HIGH WATER.....1 41 | MOON SETS.....1 41

ARRIVED

Ship Arctic, (Brem) Stricker, 3 days from New York, in ballast to Peter Wright & Sons.

Bark Ida (Br) Pedersen, 62 days from Liverpool, with mdse to John R Penrose.

Bark Laura, (Br) Jenkins, 45 days from Malaga, with fruit to Jacob Sartorius & Co.

Brig Werner, Smith, 5 days from Boston, with mdse to Castner & Collins.

Schr Ira Lafferiner, Coleman, 6 days from Boston, with mdse to Twells & Co.

Schr Ellen Elwin, Price, 4 days from Sangus, in ballast to Bancroft, Lewis & Co.

Schr Stella T Charvez, Charite, from Lynn, in ballast to Sinnickson & Glover.

Schr Marine, Moody, from New York, with mdse to coals.

Schr Lady Suffolk, Clark, from New York, with mdse to D Cooper.

Schr Grace Girdler, Clark, 5 days from Boston, with mdse to captain.

Schr Olivia, Fox, 1 day from Odessa, Del, with grain to Pennock & Sons.

Schr Young America, Lawrence, 1 day from Port-Deposit, Md, with wheat to Jas L Bewley & Co.

Schr A Richmond, Higgins, 4 days from Boston, with ice to captain.

Schr Severn, Hovey, cleared at New York 24th inst for Crowell & Collins.

Schr Susan H Gibson, Bartlett, 5 days from Boston, in ballast to captain.

Schr Thomas Borden, Wrightington, 2 days from Fall River, in ballast to captain.

Schr Calais Packet, Beach, 3 days from New York, in ballast to E A Souder & Co.

Steamer Delaware, Phillips, 24 hours from New York, with mdse to W M Baird & Co.

Steamer Chesapeake, Lewis, 24 hours from New York, with mdse to W M Baird & Clyde.

Steamer Buffalo, Jones, 24 hours from New York, with mdse to W M Clyde.

CLEARED

Steamship Rebecca Clyde, Willets, Morris Island, W P Clyde

Bark Princess Alexandria, (Dan) Hansen, Rio Janeiro, John Mason & Co.

Schr W H Lincoln, Connelly, Port Royal, Tyler & Co.

Schr E L B Wales, Hoffman, do do

Schr Ed Stanwood, Smith, Newburyport, do do

Schr Sallie E, Robinson, Portsmouth, NH, do do

Schr Jno Leonhardt, Martin, New London, do do

Schr Susan Vinx, Lynch, Alexandria, do do

Schr Mary Frances, McDonough, do do do

Schr Mary Anna, Dunlap, Washington, do do

Schr Patrick Alfred, Darwood, Newbern, H A Adams

Schr J Stockham, Babcock, Hampton Road, do.

Schr Leander Spring, Fox, Newbern, Master Oliver.

Schr Evergreen, Potter, Providence, Keppler & Bro.

Schr Mary Ellis, Phillips, Boston, Bancroft, Lewis, & Co.

Schr S W Simmons, Godfrey, Boston, do do

Schr J W Hall, Cain, Saugus, do do

Schr Rebecca Scull, Scull, Port Reading, R L Gaskill.

Schr Trade Wind, Causey, New Haven, Workman & Co.

Schr J Hiness Lyons, Lyons, C A Heckscher & Co.

Schr C W Locke, Huntley, Providence, Milnes & Co.

Schr Z Kingsley, Kingsley, Providence, do do

Schr D G Floyd, Rackett, Providence, do do

Schr E W Pendrew, Somers, New York, John H White.

Schr W G Andrews, Hewitt, Providence, do do

Schr R M Browning, Gandy, Jersey City, Baum & Co.

Schr Mary, Nickerson, Washington, N C, Mohle, Gallwell, & Co.

Schr Special, Smith, Washington, captain.

Schr Ida S Lane, May, Port Royal, Hunter, Norton & Co.

Schr Lucy I Sharp, McElwee, Port Royal, do do

Str R Willing, Pade, Baltimore, A Groves, Jr.

Str Enggles, Mcdermott, Baltimore, W P Clyde.

Str E Coleman, Stewart, Alexandria, J Webster.

Str Putnam, Canfield, Baltimore, captain.

(Correspondence of the Philadelphia Exchange.)

LEWES, Del, Nov. 25, 1863.

Four brigs and eight schooners are at anchor in the roadstead. Wind strong from NE. accompanied with rain.

Yours, &c. AARON MARSHALL.

(Correspondence of The Press.)

READING, Nov 25

The following boats from the Union Canal passed into the Schuylkill Canal to-day, bound to Philadelphia. Iaden and consigned as follows:

Schr Ann Eliza, Malone & Trainer; Elizabeth Heilman, and Our Nephew, do to Norcross & Sheets; Minnie Sherk, wheat to captain.

MEMORANDA.

Ship Norway, Major, from Rangoon, at Falmouth 10th inst.

Ship Susan G Owens, Morton, from Callao, off Queenstown 12th inst, and proceeded for Liverpool.

Ship Severn, Hovey, cleared at New York 24th inst for San Francisco.

Ship Uncle Joe, Sewall, for New Orleans, cleared at New York 24th inst.

Bark Isaac E Davis, Hand, cleared at Port Royal 19th inst for Boston.

Bark Alex McNeil, Somers, hence, at Port Royal 11th inst.

Brig Geo F Lovitt, (Br) Hill, for New York in 7 days, was at Cardenas 14th inst.

Brig J W Spencer, Spencer, hence, at Port Royal 15th inst.

Brig Chas H Frost, Lee, cleared at Port Royal 16th inst for Philadelphia.

Brig Abby Waton, Auld, from East Harbor, Tl, 9th inst for this port, at Boston 24th inst. Brig Brize, (Br) from St Martin's for this port, with a cargo of salt, was run ashore in a sinking condition on the East Calcos 9th inst. Four of the crew came passengers in the A W.

Brigs Faustina, Griffin, and Randolph, Hallett, from Somerset for this port, at Newport 21st inst, and sailed again 22d.

Brig Maria Wheeler, Wheeler, hence for Boston, sailed from Holmes Hole 22d inst.

Schr J J Spencer, Fleming, at Cardenas 14th inst, for this port.

Schr Jane, (Br) Smith, cleared at New York 24th inst for Bermuda.

Schr G F Stickney, Garwood, hence, at Bristol 23d inst.

Schr Undine, Risley, hence for Norwich, at N London 23d inst.

Schr Starlight, York, hence, at Salem 23d inst.

Schr Mabel, Moore, from Havana, at Portland 22d inst.

Schr R W Eldridge, Smith, cleared at Port Royal 17th inst for Key West.

Schr E G Howard, Raymond, for this port, cleared at Port Royal 18th inst.

Schrs New Haven, Glover, from Boston, and R G Porter, Smith, from Danversport, both for this port, at New York 24th inst.

Schr Active, Calhoun, cleared at New York 24th inst for this port.

Schr Harper, Coombs, hence, at Boston 23d inst.

MARINE MISCELLANY.

Bark Wm Van Name, from Cape Haytien for Turks Islands, encountered a severe NE gale, on date, which hove her on her beam ends, and shifted ballast, and she was obliged to bear up for Inagua, where she arrived Nov 3. She was in port 8th, and would sail about 13th.

THE ARMY OF THE POTOMAC

buy their Chewing and Smoking Tobacco at DEAR'S, No 335 CHESTNUT Street.

Fine Cut Chewing Tobacco, in Tin Foil, $4.40 per gross, or 4 cents single papers.

Fine Cut Chewing Tobacco, in Tin Foil, $4.40 per gross, or 4 cents single papers.

Fine Cut Chewing Tobacco, in Tin Foil, $4.40 per gross, or 4 cents single papers.

Fine Cut Chewing Tobacco, in Tin Foil, $4.40 per gross, or 4 cents single papers.

Fine Cut Chewing Tobacco, in Tin Foil, $4.40 per gross, or 4 cents single papers.

Fine Cut Chewing Tobacco, in Tin Foil, $4.40 per gross, or 4 cents single papers.

AT DEAR'S, No. 335 CHESTNUT Street.

Allinkinds of Pure Old Virginia Chewing and Smoking Tobacco can be had at DEAR'S, No. 335 CHESTNUT Street.

All kinds of Fine Cut Chewing Tobacco, in bulk, at 5 and 6 cents per ounce, at DEAR'S, No. 335 CHESTNUT Street.

Hillskinick and Lynchburg Smoking Tobacco for 25 cents a pound. Also, Turkish Tobacco for $1 per pound, at DEAR'S, No. 335 CHESTNUT Street.

Imported and Domestic Cigars, at about one-half what others sell for, at wholesale or retail, at DEAR'S, No. 335 CHESTNUT Street.

All kinds of the best Fine Tobacco for 50, 60, and 70 cents per pound, at DEAR'S, No. 335 CHESTNUT Street.

SHERIFF'S SALES.

SHERIFF'S SALE.—BY VIRTUE OF a writ of Levari Facias, to me directed, will be exposed to public sale or vendue, on MONDAY Evening, December 7, 1863, at 4 o'clock, at Sansom-street Hall.

All that lot of ground numbered 19 in the plan of lots sold out by Henry K. Watson, in the township of Kingsessing and county of Philadelphia; beginning at a corner of lot number 18, in the middle of Cobb's creek; thence by lot number 18 south fifty-five and a quarter degrees east, three perches and a half; thence by the same south twenty-one degrees six minutes east, twenty perches and three-quarters to a corner of lot number 11; thence south seventy-nine degrees west, in the middle of an avenue sixty feet wide laid out for public use, seven perches to a point; thence on a curved line, having a radius of twenty-eight perches and 65-100ths of a perch in the middle of said avenue by lots number 11 and number 20 and number 20, thirty-three perches and 6-100 ths of a perch to a point; thence north forty two degrees east, eighteen perches and 85 100ths of a perch to a corner of lot number 2; thence by lot number 21 north fifty