CITY COUNCILS.

Special meetings of the City Council were held yesterday afternoon, having been called by the Mayor. The following business was transacted:

SELECT BRANCH.

At 4 o'clock, to the moment, Mr. JAMES LYND called the Council to order. A quorum answered.

Mr. Horace M. Martin, clerk of Council, introduced Mr. Ray, the Mayor's clerk, who presented the following message:

OFFICE OF THE MAYOR OF THE CITY OF PHILADELPHIA, August 7, 1863.

To the President and Members of the Select Council of the City of Philadelphia:

GENTLEMEN: I return for your reconsideration the bill entitled "An ordinance providing for the admission of one hundred additional pupils into the Girard College for Orphans," believing that the appropriation of municipal revenue towards the maintenance of that college is in plain contravention of the will of Stephen Girard, and that as a precedent it is highly objectionable. A careful examination of Mr. Girard's will must satisfy every impartial inquirer that the testator, in setting apart particular funds for the support of that institution, intended that its annual expenses should be met by annual income, and in the 21st section of his testament, he "enjoins and requires that if at the close of any year the income of the fund devoted to the purposes of the said college shall be more than sufficient for the maintenance of the institutions during that year, then the balance of said income, after defraying such maintenance, shall be forthwith invested in good security, thereafter to be and remain part of the capital." This clause will suffice to prove that if the city advances twenty-five thousand dollars towards the expense of the admission of one hundred pupils, such money can never be repaid as proposed by the accompanying bill, for if, during the next and subsequent years there be any surplus of income over the maintenance for those years respectively, it must be funded as capital, and cannot be used to return advances made for the use of former years. Mr. Girard bequeathed two millions of dollars, part thereof for the erection and furnishing of suitable college buildings, and the income of the remaining part for the support of the institution. If such income should prove inadequate for the maintenance of the college, as it should from time to time be enlarged, resort was to be had to the income of a final residuary fund, comprehending amongst other revenues the rental of his real estate in Pennsylvania, after first deducting from such rental the cost of repairs and improvements to his property in Philadelphia.

A fund of $500,000 was provided exclusively for the improvement of Delaware avenue and other specified objects, upon which the college has no manner of claim. It may be that the income of the testator's real estate, after providing therefrom for all improvements and repairs to his city property, will, in a few years hence, enable the Girard College to offer its advantages to a much larger number of orphans than are now gathered within its walls; but in the meantime it will not accord with his intentions that any part of the maintenance of the institution should be advanced from other sources than those which he has appointed. It was Stephen Girard's desire and pride that his college should be exclusively built, furnished, and maintained by the wealth of his life-long industry. The mode in which that purpose is to be accomplished has been carefully designated, and it would be a wrong to his memory if the city of Philadelphia, as the trustee of his wealth, should through any inducements, disregard his cherished wishes and intentions.

Respectfully, ALEXANDER HENRY, Mayor of Philadelphia.

Mr. LYND, president, said that unless other action be taken, the question now stands, shall the bill pass, notwithstanding the veto of the Mayor?

Mr. BROMLEY said that he could not see any force in the argument of the Mayor, nor could he see how it contravened the will of Stephen Girard, as stated by the Mayor. Mr. B. now entered into some thing like a dissertation on the will of the great benefactor of Philadelphia, and finally concluded by saying that he considered it eminently proper to pass the bill.

Mr. GINNODO advocated the passage of the bill, and said that it would give him pleasure to vote for it over the Mayor's veto.

Mr. KING had paid some attention to this subject, and though he was not exactly clear upon it, yet, if the question was now taken, he would vote for the bill over the Mayor's veto, at the same time he felt desirous to sustain the Mayor.

Mr. MILLER said he thought there was a very nice question of law involved in this case, and therefore moved a reference to the Committee on Law. This was agreed to.

Mr. GINNODO asked leave to offer a resolution requesting the Mayor to return a bill making an appropriation for the construction of a sewer in the Thirteenth ward, a previous appropriation having been made for said work.

The resolution was passed. Adjourned.

COMMON BRANCH.

The Common Council was called to order at ¼½ o'clock, President Kerr in the chair.

The call of the Mayor for the assembling of Council was read by the clerk.

A message from the Mayor in regard to the bills to be considered by the Councils was also read.

The resolution authorizing the paving of Norris street, in the Nineteenth ward, was then taken up. Considerable debate ensued.

Mr. LOUGHLIN was in favor of passing the bill over the veto of the Mayor. He thought it was high time that the work should be done. He knew of no other way of this being accomplished than by Common Council taking action on the matter at once. He wanted the two branches to set at naught all attempts of any officer to oppose their actions.

The resolution was not agreed to—yeas 15, nays 13—two-thirds not voting in favor of it.

The veto of the Mayor against the bill making an appropriation for the repairing of streets next came up.

The question occurring on the motion shall the bill pass notwithstanding the veto of the Mayor? the yeas were 17, nays 11—a two-third majority not voting in its favor.

The consideration of the resolution authorizing the paving of Girard avenue, in the Eighteenth ward, was postponed. This bill was also vetoed by Mayor Henry.

A motion was then made to adjourn, which, after some discussion, was agreed to.

WATER WORKS.—The following exhibits the amount of water used in Philadelphia during the hot months of July:

Works.	Number of galls. pumped	Average number of galls. pumd'd per day.
Fairmount	557,145,468	17,972,501
Spring Garden	199,606,100	6,438,923
Kensington	109,746,200	3,541,815
West Philada	46,137,300	1,488,300
Total	912,635,768	29,441,574

FOR THE BLOCKADING SQUADRON.—The United States supply steamer Arkansas, for the United States blockading squadron, will leave the navy yard, this afternoon at 5 o'clock, for her destination. All packages and letters for officers and sailors should be on board at as early an hour before 5 o'clock P. M. as possible. The Arkansas is commanded by Lieutenant Wm. H. West.

RETURNED HOME.—The majority of the scatterbrained representative delegates who attended the Union State Convention in the city of Pittsburg, from Philadelphia, returned yesterday morning in the shape of a clock, having the former city at 9 o'clock P. M. Thursday evening.

DROWNED.—A lad named James Gordon was drowned in a brick pond, yesterday morning, in the vicinity of Twenty-first and Pine street. His body was removed to the residence of the parents, on Lombard street, west of Eighteenth.

THE POLICE.

[Before Mr. Alderman Haines.]

Alleged Highway Robbery.

A man, named Isaac Sidea, was arraigned yesterday on the charge of having been one of a party who made an attack upon and robbed a young German, named Joseph Leidy, Jr., of gold watch and chain. The evidence adduced set forth that Mr. Leidy and a young lady had just left Engel & Wolff's farm. Three or four men made a sudden attack upon him without any provocation whatever. He was knocked down and robbed. The defendant was subsequently arrested and identified as one of the party. He was committed in default of $1000 bail.

Attempted Escape.

Frank Williams alias Charles Collins, arrested a day or two since on the charge of the larceny of a watch, attempted to escape from the city lock-up, about two o'clock yesterday morning, by lifting through one of the iron bars. He had nearly accomplished his object, when the noise of the filing was heard by a detective officer upstairs. The prisoner was then placed in the dock, and, after the morning hearing of yesterday, was committed to prison. The charge of malicious mischief will probably be preferred against him because of his attempt to escape in the manner named.

[Before Mr. Alderman Beitler.]

A Well-known Hotel Robber Caught.

Ephraim Pharo, alias Edward Fisher, alias J. Ronde, who recently served a term of three years and six months in the prison at Trenton, New York, and more recently had been operating in the hotels at Washington, D. C., was arraigned last evening at the Central Station on the charge of being a hotel thief. A number of witnesses were examined, from whose evidence we present the following narrative. It seems that yesterday morning Pharo and an accomplice left the crime arrived in town, and took boarding and lodging at the St. Louis Hotel. Room 36 third floor was placed at their disposal of the newcomers. They appeared to have just come from abroad like hurried travellers, had long dusters on, and seemed to put on airs. A shrewd domestic had her suspicions aroused and watched them. After awhile she called the attention of a couple of other domestics, and a strict watch was kept upon the parties. In the afternoon Pharo walked up and down the passage-way between the range of rooms, peeped through the keyholes, and listened cautiously at the doors, while the waiting domestics could not be seen, though they could easily see all his movements. His accomplice stood in the doorway of room number 36. Presently Ephraim, with a skeleton key, entered room number 39. The domestic hastened there and asked him what he was doing.

"Nothing particular," said he.

"I believe you're a thief," she said.

He thereupon knocked her down and escaped into his own room.

The other domestics came to the rescue, and the friend of Pharo leaped from the third story window to a shed below, thence to the pavement, and by means of an alley, effected his escape into Market street and eluded the crowd, who were running after him, crying "stop thief!"

Pharo was not so lucky in his attempt to escape. He was secured, and in a few moments Officers Henkert and Daly, of the Reserve Corps, came in the patrol wagon, and the prisoner was taken to the Central Station. At this place he was at once recognized, by some of the old detectives, to be the man of a likeness that had been in the Rogues' Gallery for a number of years.

Detective Lamon immediately proceeded to the St. Louis Hotel and secured the valise of Pharo. It was found to contain a full set of instruments used by hotel-thieves, such as screws, nippers, skeleton keys, wire, drivers, &c.

The defendant had no questions to ask nor any explanation to make. He has been known to the police for a period of nearly fourteen years, but he never was convicted in Philadelphia. He was committed, in default of $2,000 bail, to answer at the present term of the criminal court.

[Before Mr. Alderman White.]

Alleged Larceny.

Philip Schlagle was arraigned before Police Magistrate White, yesterday afternoon, on the charge of the larceny of the sum of $45, in gold and silver. This is a somewhat curious case. It seems that a man, named John Engle, rented a house belonging to Mr. Schlagle, and had been considerable "going to law" in regard to it. Finally the tenants moved out. Two days elapsed, when Mrs. Engle recollected that she had left the amount of money aforesaid in a closet of the house from which she had retired. The key had not yet been given up. On returning to the house to get the money, she found the place occupied by Mr. Schlagle. A locksmith, named Charles Schively, testified that he had been engaged by Schlagle to pick the locks of the front door, and thus the owner of the house was placed in possession of the premises.

None of the money was recovered. Mr. S. denies all knowledge of it. The accused, having taken illegal possession of the house, he was held in the sum of $1,000 to answer at court.

Larceny of a Watch.

Reed Weely, a colored servant in Earle's saloon, was arraigned at the Central Station yesterday afternoon on the charge of the larceny of a gold watch, valued at $125, the property of Samuel Moore. Mr. M. had obtained some refreshments in the saloon, and shortly after he left he missed his watch. A boy named James Hannerdine offered to pawn it for $30. The attendant suspected, and he made an attempt to arrest him. The fellow ran, was pursued—the cry of stop thief raised, and he was captured. He said that Weely gave it to him for a dollar. Weely said that he had justbought it from a boot-black. There was some evidence that the watch was seen in his possession on Thursday afternoon, which at once contradicted the story about the boot-black in regard to time. The defendant was committed to answer.

[Before Mr. Alderman Welding.]

Use of the Knife.

A man, named N. H. Leeds, a soldier, was committed yesterday by Alderman Welding, on the charge of disorderly conduct in an alley and stabbing a Mrs. Haggerty in the arm. The wound is slight. The affair occurred in New Market street. The soldier was in the alley, and Mrs. H., having come out of the gateway at the head thereof, ordered him to clear out. He immediately pulled out a dirk knife and cut Mrs. H. in the arm.

[Before Mr. Alderman Gibson.]

Counterfeit Notes Passed.

George Williams and Charles Wallace are the names given by a couple of men who made their appearance at Manayunk on Thanksgiving Day and attempted to pass counterfeit ten-dollar notes. The defendants were committed.

FINANCIAL AND COMMERCIAL.

THE MONEY MARKET.

PHILADELPHIA, August 7, 1863.

The market to-day was dull, though firm, money still remaining plenty, and easily to be had at a small interest.

Owing probably to the hopeful appearance of the siege of Charleston, and the dismal moanings of the rebel press, gold, which opened at 27½ premium, fell to 26½. This is an index of the fall it will eventually have when the rebellion shall receive its (we may hope) fatal blow in the fall of Charleston. This, no doubt, is the reason why the gold market is dull. If Charleston fall, so will gold; but the bears as yet are not enough certain of its future surrender to guaranty selling short to any extent, and, consequently, every bear—both in New York and here—is very careful to keep clear.

The subscription to the national loan still continues with unabated zeal, having to-day reached very nearly to a million and a quarter. If any one can doubt the confidence of the people in the Government, the energy and zeal displayed since the first opening of the subscription books to this loan, ought most certainly to dissipate not only all doubts but all accusations of lukewarmness.

The stock market was not as active or as firm as on Wednesday, the sales at the board amounting to but $16,950 in securities, and 2,716 shares. Governments were firm at Wednesday's prices. Old City issues advanced ½ ⅌ cent., while the new remained stationary. Pennsylvania fives rose from 101 to 102½. Reading Railroad fell ¼, while Pennsylvania Railroad advanced ½. 67 was bid for Morris Canal common, but none offered at any rate; this shows an advance of one dollar per share on Wednesday's rate. The Long Island Railroad, the Catawissa Railroad, and Schuylkill Navigation, stood firm at Wednesday's rates. There was no movement whatever in any other stock of sufficient strength to push them up or down.

Drexel & Co. quote Government securities, &c., as follows:

United States Bonds, 1881	106 @106¼
Certificates of Indebtedness, new	99⅛@ 99⅜
Certificates of Indebtedness, old	101 @101⅛
United States 7 3-10 Notes	103⅛@107
Quartermasters' Vouchers	¾@ 1¼
Orders for Certificate of Indebtedness	¾@ ¾d.
Gold	126⅞@127⅛
Sterling Exchange	140 @141

Jay Cooke & Co. quote Government securities, &c., as follows:

United States Sixes, 1881	106⅛@107
United States 7 3-10 Notes	106⅛@106⅜
Certificates of Indebtedness	101 @101⅛
Do. do. new	99⅛@ 99⅜
Quartermasters' Vouchers	99 @ 99⅜
Demand Notes	126 @127
Gold	126 @127

Sales five-twenties to-day, $1 022,900.

Messrs. M. Schultz & Co., No. 16 South Third street, quote foreign exchange for the steamer City of New York, from New York, as follows:

London, 60 days' sight	140¾@141		
Do. 3 days' sight	141 @141⅛		
Paris, 60 days' sight	5f02½@5f05		
Do. 3 days	5f00 @5f02½		
Antwerp, 60 days' sight	5f02½@5f05		
Bremen, 60 days' sight	101 @102		
Hamburg, 60 days' sight	46⅞@ 47		
Cologne, 60 days' sight	92⅛@ 93		
Leipsic, 60 days' sight	92⅛@ 93		
Berlin, 60 days' sight	92⅛@ 93		
Amsterdam, 60 days' sight	52 @ 52⅛		
Frankfort, 60 days' sight	52⅛@ 52⅜		

Market dull.

We are indebted to the Hon. James Pollock, director of the Mint, for the following statement of the deposits and coinage of the United States Mint, for the month of July, 1863:

DEPOSITS.

Gold deposits from all sources	$279,057 16
Silver, including purchases	22 385 32
Total deposits	$301,442 48

GOLD COINAGE.

	No. of pieces.	Value.
Double eagles	7,793	156,860 00
Fine bars	3	3,604 88
	7,983	$163,104 88

SILVER COINAGE.

Half dollars	50,850	25,400 00
Fine bars	1	100 72
	50,851	25,500 72

COPPER.

Cents	2,500,000	$25,000 00

RECAPITULATION.

	Pieces.	Value.
Gold coinage	7,983	$163,104 88
Silver	50,851	25,500 72
Copper	2,500,000	25,000 00
Total	2,558,834	$213,605 60

The Cleveland, Columbus, and Cincinnati Railroad pays from the 1st of August their semi-annual dividend of six per cent., at the office of the United States Trust Company. This company has never failed to pay less than ten per cent. a year, and for the last two years over sixteen per cent. It is said that they have a cash surplus, after paying their interest and dividend, equal to five per cent. on the capital stock of $6,000,000.

The following is the amount of coal shipped over the Huntingdon and Broad Top Mountain railroad for the week ending Wednesday, August 5, 1863, and since January 1:

Works.	Week. Tons.	Previously. Tons.	Total. Tons.
1863	8,618	171,512	180,430
1862	4,471	180,048	184,519
Increase	4,147		
Decrease		8,536	4,089

The New York *Evening Post* of to-day says:

The speculative feeling at the Stock Exchange is much less active, and the business of the morning shows an increasing tendency on the part of those who have made good profits to make sure of them by selling out, while a number of persons who are apprehensive of a reaction in the market for stocks from some of the numerous causes which the rumors of the street suggest have also thrown their stocks into the market. The result has been that the sellers have outnumbered the buyers, and quotations have receded, Hudson River, Harlem, Illinois Central, and Prairie du Chien being the only stocks which have resisted the pressure, nearly all other descriptions of railroad shares went down ½@2 per cent.

Governments are firm, without much activity. Coupons are in demand, and are wanted at 1½ per cent. Certificates at 101, and currency certificates at 99⅜. Border State bonds are steady, railroad bonds quiet, and bank shares dull.

Before the first session gold was selling at 127¾@128, Erie at 107, Reading at 117¾@118, Illinois Central at 119½@120, and Harlem was very active at 130@133.

The loan market is still plethoric, the supply of capital augmenting while the demand from borrowers is on the decrease. The rates for loans on call are 5 per cent., with a limited business doing at 6.

The appended table exhibits the clear movements of the market compared with the latest prices of Wednesday evening:

	For.	Wed.	Adv.	Dec.
U. S. 6s, 1881, reg	105	106		
U. S. 6s, 1881, cou	106	106		
U. S. seven-thirties	106⅜	106⅜		
U. S. 1 year Certif. gold	101	101		
U. S. 1 yr. Cert. currency	99⅜	99⅜		
American gold	127	127¾	¾	
Tennessee 6s	67	67¼	¼	
Missouri 6s	71¼	71¼		
Pacific Mail	225	225		
N. Y. Central, x. d.	122⅞	123½	⅝	
Erie, x. d.	106⅜	106⅜		
Erie preferred, x. d.	105¾	105¾	⅛	
Hudson River	48¾	48		¾
Harlem	128¾	128¾	2	
Harlem preferred	135	135	1	
Reading	117¼	117¼		¼
Mich. Central	116¾	116¾		¾
Mich. Southern	80¾	81	¼	
Mich. So. guar	115¾	115		1¼
Illinois Cen. scrip, x. d.	120¾	118¾	1½	
Cleveland & Pittsburg	59¾	59¾		
Galena	102	103¾	1¾	
Cleveland & Toledo	111	111		
Chicago & Rock Island	105¾	106¾		¾
Fort Wayne	75¾	75		¾
Canton	51¾	52		¼
Prairie du Chien	70¾	69	1¼	
Alton and Sterling Hands	63	63¾		¾
Alton & Ter. Haute, pref	86	86		

Philada. Stock Exchange Sales, August 7.

(Reported by S. S. SLATER, Jr., Philadelphia Exchange.)

FIRST BOARD.

24 Reading R.	59	6 Little Schuy R.	48
200 do	59	80 Penn Mining	8⅛
100 do	59	18 Minehill R.	62½
100 do	59	200 North Penna R.	17¾
100 do	59	12 Philada & Erie R.	24
100 do	59	3 Girard Bank	43¾
100 Penna Coupons 6s	108	500 City 6s	103½
1350 Penna 6s	lots 101	100 Spruce & Pine R.	5½

BETWEEN BOARDS

200 City 6s new	105¾	1100 Sch. Nav 6s '82	59
		5 Schuylkill Nav	15
10 Commercial Bank	62½	75 Schuy Nav	13
8 Minehill R.	62¾	3000 Cam & Amb mort	108
50 do	62¾	100 Penna R.	54½
500 City 6s R.	101	100 do	54½
1600 do new	107	200 Sch. Nav Prefer	32½
3000 Penna 6s	102	100 Reading R. 2d yrs	88½
2000 do	102	100 Wyoming Valley	49¾
1000 do	102	50 North Penna R.	17¾
10 Norristown R.	61¾	300 do	17¾
50 Cam & Allen Prefer	19	100 Susq Canal	30
50 do Prefer	19¼		

Weekly Review of the Phila. Markets.

AUGUST 7, 1863.

The warm weather has limited the operations in most departments of trade, and the markets have ruled dull. There is more inquiry for Quercitron Bark, and prices are firm. In Flour and Wheat there is not much doing, but prices are better. Rye and Corn, there is a fair demand. Candles are without change. In Coal there is less doing. In Coffee and Sugar there is rather more doing, and prices are better. Cotton has advanced. Fish are coming in freely, but prices are unchanged. Foreign Fruit is scarce; green Fruit is coming in and selling freely. The Iron market continues dull. Naval Stores are dull and rather lower. Linseed Oil has declined. In Provisions there is very little doing, and prices are without change. There is very little doing in Seeds, and the market is very dull. Whisky is nominally lower, and the sales limited. In Wool there is very little doing. The Dry-Goods market is firm, but very quiet, and the stocks on sale light.

The Flour market is quiet, the demand for export and home use being limited, and mostly for fresh-ground parcels. About 9,000 bbls, chiefly Ohio extra family, sold at $6@6.50 ⅌ bbl, including 2,000 bbls high grade fancy, on private terms; 2,000 bbls taken by the Government, and 1,800 bbls City Mills, all on terms kept private. The retailers and bakers are buying moderately at from $5.37 to $5 87 for common to good superfine and extras; $6@6.75 for extra family, and $7@7.50 ⅌ bbl for fancy brands, according to quality. Rye Flour is better and selling at $4.50@5 ⅌ bbl. Corn Meal is scarce and wanted at $4.20 ⅌ bbl for Brandywine, and $4 ⅌ bbl for Pennsylvania Meal.

GRAIN.—There is more demand for prime Wheat, but the receipts are light; about 25,000 bus fair and prime red have been sold at $1.33@1.40 ⅌ bus, which is an advance, and new do. at $1.15@1.30 as to condition, and white at from $1.40@1.50 ⅌ bus, including 1,000 bus new Kentucky sold at the latter rate. Rye is wanted at $1@1.05 ⅌ bus. Corn is in fair demand; about 20,000 bus sold at 78c for prime yellow, and 74@75c ⅌ bus for Western mixed. Oats are dull and lower; about 22,000 bus have been sold at 70@72c for good to prime old Pennsylvania weight, and 63@65c for new; 1,000 bus new barley has been sold at private terms, and some Barley Malt at $1.60 @1.65.

PROVISIONS.—There is very little doing in any kind, but holders are rather firmer. Small sales of mess Pork are making at $17@17½ ⅌ bbl for old, and $14@14.25 for new. Sales of city packed mess Beef are reported at $13@16, and country at $11.50@12, cash. There is a good demand for Bacon hams, with sales of plain and fancy at 11@13c; new sides at 7c, and shoulders at 6¾@6c ⅌ lb, cash and 30 days. In Green Meats there is very little doing; about 150 pieces Hams in pickle sold at 10¼@10¾c; and in salt at 8¼@8¾c ⅌ lb. In Lard there is very little doing, and prices are unchanged; about 400 bbls and tierces sold at 10¾c. Grease at 5½c, and kegs at 11½ @11½c ⅌ lb. Butter ranges at from 13@14c for common, and 17@21c for choice lots. Cheese is scarce at 10@12c ⅌ lb. Eggs are dull, and sell at 11c ⅌ doz.

METALS.—In Pig Iron there is very little doing; a few small lots of Anthracite are reported at from $29 up to $24 ⅌ ton, for the three numbers. Scotch Pig is held at $35. Lead is very dull, and we hear of no sales. Copper—no sales. Yellow Metal is selling in a small way at 28@30c ⅌ lb.

BARK.—First No. 1 Quercitron is firmly held, with sales of about 80 hhds at $30 ⅌ ton. Tanners' Bark is steady at $14 for chestnut, and 18 for Spanish Oak.

CANDLES.—Tallow Candles are very dull. Small sales of Adamantine are making at from 18 to 22c ⅌ lb for city, and full-weight Western.

COAL.—There is less activity, but prices are without much change; the shipments from Port Richmond are large, and the rates of toll have advanced 20c ⅌ ton on last list.

COFFEE.—There is not much demand, but prices are rather firmer; about 300 bags sold, including Rio, at 26¼@29c; Laguayra at 29@30c; Cape at 29c, and Jamaica at 30c ⅌ lb, cash and time.

COTTON.—There has been more doing this week, and holders have advanced their prices ¼ cents ⅌ lb; about 250 bales have been disposed of in lots at 63@69c, for middlings and good middlings.

DRUGS AND DYES.—There is very little doing; small sales of Sulphuric Acid are reported at 2¼@ 2½c; Alum at 3½c; Cutch at 8½c, and Cream Tartar at 46c. A cargo of Logwood sold on private terms. Indigo is scarce and high, with small sales at $1.75@2.25 ⅌ lb.

FEATHERS are unchanged; we quote Western at 47@50c ⅌ lb, as to quality, and Eastern at 55c.

FISH.—Supplies of new Mackerel are coming forward more freely, and an invoice new No. 3 sold, from the wharf, on private terms, said to be a decline. Old Mackerel range from $12.50 to $16.50 for bay and shore is, $11@12.50 for old and new 2s, and $6.75@ 8.50 for new 3s, medium and large size. Nothing doing in Herring or Codfish worthy of notice.

FRUIT.—A cargo of Sicily Oranges and Lemons has arrived, and a sale privately at full rates. Pineapples from $8@12 ⅌ 100. Green Peaches are more abundant, and sell at $1@2 ⅌ basket, the latter for rare ripe; for Dried Peaches prices are entirely nominal. Dried Apples range from 5¼ to 7c, the latter for choice New York.

FREIGHTS to Liverpool and London are dull, and the rates nominally unchanged; to the West Indies there is not much doing. A bark was chartered to load with lumber to Matanzas at $13 ⅌ M; a brig to Cuba and return at $2.200, and a $250 brig to Barbadoes at 80c ⅌ M., out. In coal freights no change. The Boston packets are getting 20c for hence; for return, 70c for Coal Oil, and $2.90@3.25 for Pig and Manufactured Iron.

GINSENG.—A sale of 4,000 lbs crude was made at 44c, and sales of Inkewarnuse.

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Do. 3 days' sight	141 @141⅛		
Paris, 60 days' sight	5f02½@5f05		
Do. 3 days	5f00 @5f02½		
Antwerp, 60 days' sight	5f02½@5f05		
Bremen, 60 days' sight	101 @102		
Hamburg, 60 days' sight	46⅞@ 47		
Cologne, 60 days' sight	92⅛@ 93		
Leipsic, 60 days' sight	92⅛@ 93		
Berlin, 60 days' sight	92⅛@ 93		
Amsterdam, 60 days' sight	52 @ 52⅛		
Frankfort, 60 days' sight	52⅛@ 52⅜		

Market dull.

We are indebted to the Hon. James Pollock, director of the Mint, for the following statement of the deposits and coinage of the United States Mint, for the month of July, 1863:

DEPOSITS.

Gold deposits from all sources	$279,057 16
Silver, including purchases	22 385 32
Total deposits	$301,442 48

GOLD COINAGE.

	No. of pieces.	Value.
Double eagles	7,793	156,860 00
Fine bars	3	3,604 88
	7,983	$163,104 88

SILVER COINAGE.

Half dollars	50,850	25,400 00
Fine bars	1	100 72
	50,851	25,500 72

COPPER.

Cents	2,500,000	$25,000 00

RECAPITULATION.

	Pieces.	Value.
Gold coinage	7,983	$163,104 88
Silver	50,851	25,500 72
Copper	2,500,000	25,000 00
Total	2,558,834	$213,605 60

The Cleveland, Columbus, and Cincinnati Railroad pays from the 1st of August their semi-annual dividend of six per cent., at the office of the United States Trust Company. This company has never failed to pay less than ten per cent. a year, and for the last two years over sixteen per cent. It is said that they have a cash surplus, after paying their interest and dividend, equal to five per cent. on the capital stock of $6,000,000.

The following is the amount of coal shipped over the Huntingdon and Broad Top Mountain railroad for the week ending Wednesday, August 5, 1863, and since January 1:

Works.	Week. Tons.	Previously. Tons.	Total. Tons.
1863	8,618	171,512	180,430
1862	4,471	180,048	184,519
Increase	4,147		
Decrease		8,536	4,089

The New York *Evening Post* of to-day says:

The speculative feeling at the Stock Exchange is much less active, and the business of the morning shows an increasing tendency on the part of those who have made good profits to make sure of them by selling out, while a number of persons who are apprehensive of a reaction in the market for stocks from some of the numerous causes which the rumors of the street suggest have also thrown their stocks into the market. The result has been that the sellers have outnumbered the buyers, and quotations have receded, Hudson River, Harlem, Illinois Central, and Prairie du Chien being the only stocks which have resisted the pressure, nearly all other descriptions of railroad shares went down ½@2 per cent.

Governments are firm, without much activity. Coupons are in demand, and are wanted at 1½ per cent. Certificates at 101, and currency certificates at 99⅜. Border State bonds are steady, railroad bonds quiet, and bank shares dull.

Before the first session gold was selling at 127¾@ 128, Erie at 107, Reading at 117¾@118, Illinois Central at 119½@120, and Harlem was very active at 130@133.

The loan market is still plethoric, the supply of capital augmenting while the demand from borrowers is on the decrease. The rates for loans on call are 5 per cent., with a limited business doing at 6.

The appended table exhibits the clear movements of the market compared with the latest prices of Wednesday evening:

	For.	Wed.	Adv.	Dec.
U. S. 6s, 1881, reg	105	106		
U. S. 6s, 1881, cou	106	106		
U. S. seven-thirties	106⅜	106⅜		
U. S. 1 year Certif. gold	101	101		
U. S. 1 yr. Cert. currency	99⅜	99⅜		
American gold	127	127¾	¾	
Tennessee 6s	67	67¼	¼	
Missouri 6s	71¼	71¼		
Pacific Mail	225	225		
N. Y. Central, x. d.	122⅞	123½	⅝	
Erie, x. d.	106⅜	106⅜		
Erie preferred, x. d.	105¾	105¾	⅛	
Hudson River	48¾	48		¾
Harlem	128¾	128¾	2	
Harlem preferred	135	135	1	
Reading	117¼	117¼		¼
Mich. Central	116¾	116¾		¾
Mich. Southern	80¾	81	¼	
Mich. So. guar	115¾	115		1¼
Illinois Cen. scrip, x. d.	120¾	118¾	1½	
Cleveland & Pittsburg	59¾	59¾		
Galena	102	103¾	1¾	
Cleveland & Toledo	111	111		
Chicago & Rock Island	105¾	106¾		¾
Fort Wayne	75¾	75		¾
Canton	51¾	52		¼
Prairie du Chien	70¾	69	1¼	
Alton and Sterling Hands	63	63¾		¾
Alton & Ter. Haute, pref	86	86		

Philada. Stock Exchange Sales, August 7.

(Reported by S. S. SLATER, Jr., Philadelphia Exchange.)

FIRST BOARD.

24 Reading R.	59	6 Little Schuy R.	48
200 do	59	80 Penn Mining	8⅛
100 do	59	18 Minehill R.	62½
100 do	59	200 North Penna R.	17¾
100 do	59	12 Philada & Erie R.	24
100 do Prefer	55	3 Girard Bank	43¾
100 Penna Coupons 6s	108	500 City 6s	103½
1350 Penna 6s	lots 101	100 Spruce & Pine R.	5½

BETWEEN BOARDS

200 City 6s new	105¾	1100 Sch. Nav 6s '82	59
		5 Schuylkill Nav	15
10 Commercial Bank	62½	75 Schuy Nav	13
8 Minehill R.	62¾	3000 Cam & Amb mort	108
50 do	62¾	100 Penna R.	54½
500 City 6s R.	101	100 do	54½
1600 do new	107	200 Sch. Nav Prefer	32½
3000 Penna 6s	102	100 Reading R. 2d yrs	88½
2000 do	102	100 Wyoming Valley	49¾
1000 do	102	50 North Penna R.	17¾
10 Norristown R.	61¾	300 do	17¾
50 Cam & Allen Prefer	19	100 Susq Canal	30
50 do Prefer	19¼		

RAILROAD LINES.

1863. ARRANGEMENTS OF NEW YORK LINES. 1863.

THE CAMDEN AND AMBOY AND PHILADELPHIA AND TRENTON RAILROAD COMPANY'S LINES FROM PHILADELPHIA TO NEW YORK AND WAY PLACES.

FROM WALNUT-STREET WHARF AND KENSINGTON DEPOT. WILL LEAVE AS FOLLOWS—VIZ:

FARE.

At 5 A. M., via Camden and Amboy, C. and A. Accommodation $2 25
At 6 A. M., via Camden and Jersey City, (N. J. Accommodation) 1 25
At 8 A. M., via Camden and Jersey City, Morning Mail 2 00
At 8 A. M., via Camden and Jersey City,