THE CITY.

The Thermometer.

JUNE 6, 1862.			JUNE 6, 1863.		
8 A. M.	12 M.	3 P. M.	6 A. M.	12 M.	3 P. M.
62½	72	73	63	76	76½
WIND.			WIND.		
NNE	NE	NE	SSE	NNW	NNE

JUNE 7, 1862.			JUNE 7, 1863.		
6 A. M.	12 M.	3 P. M.	6 A. M.	12 M.	3 P. M.
61½	79½	82	58	67½	70
WIND.			WIND.		
ENE	S	S by W.	NNE	NW	NW.

THE GRAND CELEBRATION ON THE FOURTH.—The preparations for the grand National celebration of the coming anniversary of the Declaration of Independence are assuming a magnitude that betokens the offering by the whole American people of the grandest and most complete tribute that has ever been paid in the history of the country to the birth-day of the Nation's Independence. The various committees, viz:

1. Committee on Finance.
2. Committee on Invitations and Correspondence.
3. Committee on Address and Resolutions.
4. Ceremonies at Hall of Independence.
5. Committee on Decorations and Arrangements.
6. Committee on Reception of Guests and Delegations.
7. Committee on Religious Services.
8. Committee on National Salutes, &c.
9. Committee on the Procession.
10. Committee for Arrangement of Music.
11. Committee on Torch-light Procession and Illumination.
12. Committee on Railroad and Conveyances,

have been appointed by the chairman of the General Committee, the Hon. Chas. Gibbons, and are now industriously at work in the performance of their duties. It is, of course, almost too early in the progress of the movement to definitely state the nature of the ceremonies of the day, but certain features of the programme have been certainly determined upon, and a brief reference to them will indicate how heartfelt is the enthusiasm of the patriotic citizens moving in the matter, and the grandeur that will attend its success. At daybreak national salutes will be fired from batteries stationed at various points. The State House bell will be struck eighty-eight times in commemoration of the eighty-eighth anniversary, and the different church bells and fire-alarm bells will be rung. A fine band of music will also be stationed in the State House steeple, and at sunrise the melody of the national airs will welcome in the day. It is also proposed to erect, along the route of the procession, which is to take place, arches in honor of the day, and its memories; and at Independence Square five triumphal arches are to be raised, at the intersection of Fifth and Sixth, and Walnut and Fifth and Sixth and Chestnut streets, and at the main entrance leading into the Square on Walnut street. These latter will be dedicated respectively to Liberty, the Union, the Army, and the Navy, and the Honored Dead, whose lives have been offered up in the struggle for national existence. The ceremonies at the hallowed spot where the nation's freedom was first proclaimed, Independence Hall, will be of an especially solemn and impressive character. What they will be, exactly, we cannot state now, but the public will, in due time, be made acquainted with their character. The President of the United States has *positively* promised to attend, and he will be accompanied by the members of his Cabinet, Senators of the United States, and the Diplomatic Corps as can be in attendance. In addition, the Governors of the loyal States have all been invited, and many will be present.

The grand feature of the day, however, will be the procession. From the appearance of things now, it bids fair to be of the largest and most stupendous proportions. Already communications have been received from various military and civic bodies, asking for places in the line, some alone promising six thousand members, and the cry is still they come. Special invitations must necessarily be very limited in extent, but all who come will receive a real Philadelphia welcome. The hotel clerks will be out to its fullest length. The voluntary offerings have already been so numerous that the committee feel safe in announcing that the procession will be swelled to the most colossal dimensions. The whole will be under the marshalship of Prof. Coppé, of the Pennsylvania University, a distinguished graduate of West Point, and a military author of great celebrity. In the evening, the Fire Department, always prompt and ready, more especially so when their patriotism is appealed to, and more particularly on this occasion, when the memory of so many gallant brothers fallen in their country's defence appeals to them for remembrance, will turn out in strong force, with their apparatus, in a grand torchlight procession, and the glorious celebration of the day will receive a fitting climax in their gorgeous display. Last, but not least, a grand banquet at the Academy of Music will take place, the particulars of which we will reveal at a later date to our knowledge. The citizens of Philadelphia, and the loyal people of the whole country, will, we are sure, on this day, render such a mark of love and respect for the Union as will be remembered with pride by their children, and pointed at in future generations as an example most worthy of imitation.

The following have been invited to participate in the ceremonies, together with his Excellency President Lincoln and Cabinet, who have accepted the invitation: Vice President Hamlin, the Governors of the States, Lieutenant General Scott, ex-President Fillmore, ex-President Pierce, Hon. Edward Everett, Hon. Lewis Cass, Hon. Geo. M. Dallas, Major General Halleck, Major Gen. Freemont, and Major General Butler.

The following military organizations will unite with the Leagues in the grand procession:

Three Regiments Home Guards.
Two Regiments Gray Reserves.
Two Regiments Blue Reserves.
20th Regiment P. M., Col. W. B. Thomas.
Invalid Corps Regiment.
Provost Guards Regiment.
Cadet Regiment.
Battalion National Guards.
First City Troop.
Battalion of Marines.
Squadron Connecticut Cavalry.
Squadron Home Guard Cavalry.
Keystone Battery.
Capt. Lindley's Battery.
Capt. M. J. Biddle's Battery.
Capt. E. Spencer Miller's Battery.

THE OLD AND NEW ARCH.—The old Arch-street theatre is upon its last legs, and the new Arch-street Theatre is toddling from the future into the present. The many memories associated with this institution are in the main as pleasant as they are diversified. From the date at which it was opened, on the 1st of September, 1828, by Mr. W. B. Wood, until the time it closed on the 9th of May, 1863, by Mrs. John Drew, it has met with the usual successes and non-successes of theatres. The Arch-street Theatre is the seventh theatre built in Philadelphia, and its erection met with similar opposition from many of the religious community that the erection of the others did. Indeed, the people of the different theatres held jealous and antagonistic relations to one another. In January, 1828, the Walnut-street Theatre had been opened by Jaisse de Blake, and in January, 1829, Pratt & Wemyss were the lessees of the Chestnut-street. A history of historionic at this period cannot with precision be given. Everything was upside down, and everything theatrical in conglomerated disorder. The present property of the theatre surmounts such reflections and reminiscences as these. The Arch has been very successful in the season just over, and will, no doubt, be equally so in the season to come. The improvements being made will be an additional support to the *this present condition* is suggestive. The portico, the pillars, and the Apollo, no longer hold their relative positions to each other. The awkward and unusual manner in which this was put up is noticeable The latter was not carved from a single block of stone, but was in separate pieces. These blocks, in their rough condition, were built in the wall, and the sculptor performed his work on a temporary staging that was erected in front, and that was enclosed in weather-boarding. The work was a long time in progress, and great curiosity was to be felt to know what was going forward behind the wooden screen which disfigured the front of the theatre for so long a period. In the third story of the new building this statue will occupy a niche. The reopening will doubtless be an interesting event.

THE TRANSATLANTIC TELEGRAPH.—Mr. Cyrus W. Field, who delivered an address before the Board of Trade of this city, a short time since, relative to the completion of a telegraph across the North Atlantic via Greenland and Iceland, and Iceland, has left for Europe in order to complete his arrangements. Signor Arturo de Marcoartu, chief engineer of the Spanish corps, somewhat in this city preparing to undertake to lay a telegraph cable across the Southern Atlantic from Cape St. Vincent to Cape St. Roque. The Boston Journal of Commerce published a very interesting pamphlet, in which he fully and clearly explains the enterprise in which he is engaged, and encompasses the feasibility and the certainty that it will be amply remunerative.

In his pamphlet Signor de Marcoartu gives a brief, impartial, and intelligent account of the various submarine telegraphs now in actual operation, and from their success he deduces the conclusion that the lines in contemplation will be successful also. The Signor claims for the route which he has selected the important advantages that the distance between Europe and America is least, and that it passes by many important islands and by various capes and banks favorably situated for the subdivision of the length of the line into short sections—shorter, indeed, than any of the lines already established between other points."

A GOLDED BRIGADE TO BE RAISED IN PHILADELPHIA.—The bravery and endurance displayed by the 2d Louisiana colored regiment, at Port Hudson, has settled all doubts as to their fighting qualities. Gen. Lafayette Bingham, of Washington, is now in this city, and will at once commence the work of organizing a Philadelphia colored brigade, having been authorized to do so. This evening he will delivery a lecture at the Union League room, on Chestnut street, relative to the subject. If proper efforts are used, there will be no difficulty whatever in attending the raising of a colored brigade in this city.

On Saturday morning about two hundred colored recruits, raised in the interior of the State, passed through the city on their way to Massachusetts. Their appearance created quite a sensation among the colored people in the neighborhoods of the city, and hundreds followed them through the streets cheering loudly as they took their departure.

PRESENTATION.—A handsomely made set of equipments for Mr. Wm. Dickson, of the Hibernia Steam Fire Engine Company, having been finished to the order of his friends, a committee proceeded to Washington, D. C., on Saturday, for the purpose of presenting them. Mr. John Sheehan, chairman of the committee, was selected to make the presentation speech. The equipments are made of the best fabric and finished in excellentstyle. The hat has what is known as a twenty comb, and is appropriately inscribed, to Wm. Dickson, as the efficient engineer of the Hibernia Steam Engine, now in service at Washington, D. C. The buttons of the coat are silver mounted, the belt of enamelled leather, the shirt and pants of the best fabric, all fully handsomely stitched by the use of Grover & Baker's sewing machines.

CITY FINANCES.—Notwithstanding the large and increasing debt of the city, her loans command a high premium in the market, and are as much sought after as a permanent investment. The city treasury has seldom been in so good a condition, and warrants, not only of this, but of past years, are paid promptly on presentation. In previous years it was a constant grievance that public school teachers and other employees of the city could not obtain, without a heavy discount, the wages they so dearly earned. The City Treasurer announces that he is ready to pay all loans maturing July 1, 1863, and January 1, 1864, interest ceasing at date of payment. Thus far, there have been very few applicants for payment of unmatured loans, an evidence of the people's confidence in the stock, and its value, as an investment of idle funds.

RAILROAD IMPROVEMENT.—The large amount of freight shipped and passenger travel at North Wales, on the Pennsylvania Railroad, makes it necessary to have better accommodations there for both. The railroad company intend to erect a new and commodious station-house during the summer, and make it a ticket and telegraph office, in charge of an agent. The great number of passengers brought down by stage every morning from Kulpsville, Harleysville, and Sumneytown will now have better accommodations than heretofore.

GLASS BLOWING.—During the present week, fancy glass-blowing will be introduced at the Fair now being held at the Cooper Shop Saloon. Various handsome ornamental articles will be blown in the presence of the visitors, and sold to them at reasonable rates. A vase of wax fruit is tendered as a subscription present to anybody who friends may select. As a work of art it stands very high. The name of the artist is unknown.

NAVAL CELEBRATION.—Yesterday a grand naval dinner was given on board the Genoese man-of-war San Giovanni, now lying opposite the navy yard. The dinner was given by the commander of the ship, and a number of prominent citizens and American naval and civil officers were among his guests. Salutes were fired at 8 A. M., 12 M., and 6 P. M., in honor of the achievement of Italian independence. The salutes will be responded to to-day.

CHESTNUT-STREET BRIDGE.—Workmen are engaged in erecting the pier in the middle of the Schuylkill for the new Chestnut-street bridge. The stones thrown upon the crib last fall for the purpose of sinking it, have been removed, and the first course of stones will shortly be laid.

THE SUFFOLK PARK RACES.—The arrangements in progress for the races to come off this week, at Suffolk Park, are of a character to give assurance that they will equal, if they do not excel, in merit and brilliancy any of the races that have occurred there for many years. Numerous entries always add much to the interest of races, and it will be the good fortune of those who visit Suffolk Park this week to see many competitors for each prize.

On the first day there will be three races, including the great post stake, for all ages, two mile heats, $200 entrance, play or pay, with $500 added, for which there are five subscribers. In this race, each subscriber having the right to start what he chooses, five of the best horses in the country will certainly come together, and a desperate contest is more than probable.

On the second day the great match for $10,000, three mile heats, between Blackbird and Idlewild, will come off. Both animals are doing finely, and a fast race is predicted.

On the third day four races will be run, closing with a dash of four miles for a purse of $600, free for all ages.

The horses already entered form the largest and rarest stud that has ever appeared on a race-course in this country at one time. Among others entered we notice—

By A. J. Watson.—"Alderbaram" (who won the great race at Paterson a few days since) and "Captain Morgan."

By John M. Clay (son of the lamented Harry Clay).—"Edger," "Bill Davis," "Lodi," and "Skedaddle."

By Captain Tom Moore.—"Idlewild" and "Marmora," who made the quickest running time in this country.

By Mr. Bush, of New Jersey.—"Levin Oaks" and several others.

By John Hunter, of New York.—"Rouble," "Cooper," and several others.

By Mr. Sherrerd, of Kentucky.—A Vandal colt.

By Dr. Welden.—"Blackbird," "Lizzie W.," and others.

By Mr. Hunter, of Kentucky.—Bay horse "Sovereign," formerly John Morgan, and a gray gelding.

By Mr. Murphy, of Kentucky.—"Oliver," and a three-year-old, by Lexington.

By Hon. Zeb Ward, of Kentucky.—"Blondin" and three others.

By Mr. Morris, of New York.—"Reporter," "Dangerous," "Albin-Beker," and two others.

By Mr. Hunter, of Kentucky.—Bay horse "Sovereign," formerly John Morgan, and a gray gelding.

By Mr. Murphy, of Kentucky.—"Oliver," and a three-year-old, by Lexington.

By Hon. Zeb Ward, of Kentucky.—"Blondin" and three others.

By Mr. Morris, of New York.—"Reporter," "Dangerous," "Albin-Beker," and two others.

FARMERS' MARKET COMPANY.—The stockholders of this company have authorized the managers to purchase the lot at the northeast corner of Twelfth and Market streets, adjoining their property, provided it could be bought at what they called a "fair and reasonable price," for building an addition to their present market. Finding the owners held the property so much above what they considered its real value, they have, we are informed, abandoned all idea of purchasing and increasing their present market building.

VARIATIONS IN PRICE.—The following shows the average price of flour in this market during May for ten years past:

1853	$6 87	1858	$4 44
1862	4 87	1857	7 19
1861	5 56	1856	6 06
1860	5 94	1855	10 75
1859	7 25	1854	8 69

HEAVY SHIPMENT OF COAL.—There were shipped, in vessels and boats, at the terminus of the Philadelphia and Reading Railroad, in this city, on the last week to see many competitors for each prize. on the preceding week, from twelve to fourteen thousand tons of coal. This is the largest quantity ever loaded in one day at the Richmond wharves.

THE NEW PROVOST MARSHAL GENERAL.—Lieutenant Colonel J. V. Bomfort, 16th United States regular infantry, has been appointed Provost Marshal General of Pennsylvania, in place of Col. Ruff. His headquarters, when permanently established, will be in Harrisburg, though he will probably have a branch office in this city.

REBEL PRISONERS.—During the past week about ninety rebel prisoners arrived at the provost marshal's barracks, corner of Fifth and Buttonwood streets. The larger portion of these, as well as other rebel prisoners who have been sent to the barracks, have taken the oath of allegiance.

ROBBED.—Some time during Friday night the court room of the Court of Quarter Sessions was entered, and the box containing the jury list was stolen. Sundry papers, bills of indictment, etc., were also taken, and some valuable official papers torn and strewn over the floor.

CONVENTION OF VETERINARY SURGEONS.—A meeting of the veterinary surgeons will be held in New York to-morrow. Robert McClure, President of the Surgeon of Philadelphia, will deliver the annual address.

UNION LEAGUE MEETING.—Gen. Bingham, of Washington, D. C., connected with the organization of colored troops, will address the meeting this (Monday) evening.

SOLDIERS' FUNERALS.—This afternoon, at about 4 o'clock, the remains of the late Samuel Wilson, a member of the 5th Pennsylvania Cavalry, and William Henry Williamson, of the 124th Pennsylvania Volunteers, will be buried in Cheyney's burying ground, on the West Chester and Philadelphia Railroad.

ADMITTED TO THE BAR.—On motion of Hon. Charles Gibbons, Fred. L. Sarsenton, Esq., was admitted to practice as an attorney at law, in the District Courts and Court of Common Pleas of the city and county of Philadelphia.

MUSIC AT THE PARK.—The subscription concerts, by Birgfield's band, will commence this afternoon at Fairmount Park.

IN PORT.—There were 115 vessels in port on Saturday, of which 4 were steamships, 7 ships, 28 barks, 26 brigs, and 30 schooners.

DOINGS OF THE DOG-CATCHERS.—During the past week about 85 dogs were captured by the men employed for that purpose.

THE POLICE.

[Before Mr. Alderman Beitler.]

Arrest of Lee and Grant.

On Saturday afternoon two young men, giving the names of Edward Lee and John Grant, were arraigned at the Central Station, on the charge of stealing $225.50 from the money-drawer, at the public house of Mr. Frank Fritch, at the corner of Coates and Seventh streets.

Mr. Fritch testified that the prisoners came into his house about half past nine o'clock on Saturday morning, and one of them called for sarsaparilla; witness proceeded to get it; during his absence, the sum of $225.50 was stolen from the money-drawer, with which the defendants decamped; they ran up to Eighth street, got in a passenger car, and rode to Poplar street, where they got off, and hastened to a coal yard in the vicinity.

Officer Ryons saw the detectives, and supposed there was a fire. He followed the prisoners to a house in Poplar, who brought up the rear that they had committed a robbery. Officer Ryons and Doyle proceeded to Second, and the first named traced them to the upper part of a stable. In searching Lee, he threw the bundle of notes over the shoulder of the officer. They were picked up, with the prisoners, brought to the Central Station.

"Well, Lee," said the alderman, "have you anything to say?"

"No, sir, except that the other fellow had nothing to do with the robbery."

"What have you to say Grant?" inquired the alderman.

"Nothing, sir, only I was selling potatoes, and this man came along and asked me to take a drink; we went in, and he called for sarsaparilla; and when the man went after it he run out without saying nothing."

"What money have you got?"

"I don't know, except I didn't know what was the matter, I would have run."

At this stage of the proceedings Lieut. Frank Hampton asked Lee where he lived.

"In Philadelphia, sir," he replied, doggedly.

"I think I've had you before," rejoined the Lieutenant.

"No you hadn't," replied the prisoner.

"You've been in one term?"

"Yes, but I didn't do it."

This scene ended by the prisoners being committed for trial—Lee in default of $2000 and Grant $1,500.

Charged with Burglary.

Edward Barber was arraigned on the charge of burglariously entering the house of Mary Lindsay and stealing therefrom a number of dresses and a roll of carpet, containing about thirty-four yards. The principal witness against the accused was James Drew, who had been previously held as a witness in a similar charge made a long statement, that on the night of the robbery he was with a party on a rural excursion, and did not get back until 2 o'clock in the morning. He heard some fellows talking about the robbery, and understood one of them to say that he was going to Lindsay's house to collect a "jimmy." Later in the day, he saw the women who owned the things, and they said they would pay all expenses if they could only get them back. Drew then went on a search, and ascertained that the articles were in the house of the prisoner's father. An express wagon was obtained and the goods were sent back.

Early said that when he went into the stable, in the morning, he found the bundles there, and took them into the house, and did not know they were stolen until he heard of the robbery from Drew. How the goods got into the stable he did not know.

Officer Ryons, of the Second division, testified that he arrested Early at Twenty-fourth and Poplar streets, and gone shortly after the robbery was discovered. He did not say anything about the things, except that he found them in the stable.

The defendant was committed, in default of $2,000 bail, to answer the charge of burglary.

Stolen Goods Recovered.

Messrs. Callanan, Henderson, and Carlin succeeded a few days since in recovering the goods stolen from the store of Messrs. Yard, Gilmore, & Co., by thieves who entered the premises by means of false keys. The value of the recovered articles foots up to $5,182. The detectives learned some points as to the whereabouts of the goods, and an uninterrupted watch was by turns kept by a number of detectives named. It was thought, at one time, the thieves could have been captured, but finally the idea was abandoned on Friday. The goods were found in a bureau and trunks in the second story of a house on Carlisle street, near Oxford. The person who lived there was taken into custody, and on Saturday evening was committed by Alderman Beitler, in default of $5,000 bail. It seems, from his statement, that at about the time of the robbery a person came to the house and rented the second story room, as a place to deposit some boxes of goods. These articles were placed there, but he says that he had no knowledge of their being stolen.

Store Robbery.

Early yesterday morning, the tailor store of Mr. S. S. Kelly, on Walnut street, below Ninth, was discovered to have been forcibly entered sometime in the night. A back window in the rear had been pryed open. A small amount of goods was taken. The rear door of a dwelling house adjoining, bore the marks of a "jimmer," from which it is very evident the robbers endeavored to effect an entrance there. It is supposed they became alarmed from a noise made in the house.

LEGAL INTELLIGENCE.

Supreme Court of Pennsylvania at Nisi Prius—In Equity—Justice Woodward.

INJUNCTIONS REFUSED.

The Catawissa Railroad Company, vs. The Williamsport and Elmira Railroad Company, and The Philadelphia and Erie Railroad Company, et al. An application for a temporary injunction. Before Judge Woodward. Justice Woodward delivered an opinion refusing the application to issue the injunction, on the grounds, 1st: That the "arrangement" alleged to exist between the Catawissa Company and the Williamsport and Elmira Company, to transport over their line a distance of a mile and a half, lies between the Philadelphia and Erie Railroad Company, and the canal basin, is not so explained and authenticated as to enable a chancellor to carry it into effect, and what is fatal to the present motion is that this arrangement is denied under oath as emphatically as it is alleged.

"Where the main fact on which the application is founded is in dispute, and there is such redundancy between witnesses as makes it necessary to decide on the relative truth of their conflicting statements, no prudent judge will undertake so dangerous an inquiry in the first stage of an equity cause. * * * * If the affidavits on the part of the plaintiff were not contradicted, it would be very difficult to define this 'arrangement' in such manner as to make it the basis of a decree, but denied as it is by affidavits on the part of the defendants, no attempt to define it is necessary, because in the matter of a special injunction, to doubt is to be resolved against it."

Second. The Catawissa is not recognized as a connecting railroad with the Williamsport and Elmira. The Catawissa get to Williamsport by virtue, solely, of their contract with the Philadelphia and Erie. They have no railroad at Williamsport to be connected with the Williamsport and Elmira road, and no duty can be altered against the Williamsport and Elmira, as a connecting road, until the Catawissa build up to them. Whatever rights the Catawissa possess at Williamsport it holds by contract. It has shown a clear contract right of transportation on the Philadelphia and Erie: it has given evidence from which rights subsistant the Williamsport and Elmira might be implied, if that evidence were not contradicted by other evidence. But it must stand upon its contract rights, and, until it extends its road so as to intersect the Williamsport and Elmira, it can claim nothing by reason of the statutory duties that might result out of such an intersection.

"For these reasons, it appears to me, the plaintiff's title to the extraordinary interposition invoked cannot be supported. Possibly, it may be supported on final hearing, and more likely it would support an action at law for damages."

The question raised as to the use of the sidings and laterals, is left to the parties for adjustment; otherwise, the court will grant plaintiff's leave to renew their motion for a special injunction as to this part of their complaint.

Young, Finley, & Co. vs. The Williamsport & Elmira Railroad Company and the Northern Central Railroad Company. Similar motion. Motion denied.

District Court in Banc—Judges Sharswood, Strong, and Hare.

APPLICATION TO REMOVE CAUSE TO UNITED STATES CIRCUIT COURT.

Wiener vs. Miller. This was an application under the recent act of Congress for a rule to remove a case pending in the court against the defendant for an alleged trespass in distraining upon the plaintiff's property for the collection of a tax that had been assessed against him on certain stock in trade. Mr. Edward Chase, United States Assessor for the Fifth collection district. The defendant is the deputy collector for the district. The court granted the application on the defendant giving bond as required by the act in the sum of $800. J. Hubley Ashton, Esq., appeared for the rule, and P. F. Morris, Esq., against it.

Nothing of importance transpired in the other courts. The Court of Common Pleas was engaged with the usual Saturday lists, and the Court of Quarter Sessions with a number of habeas corpus cases and other miscellaneous business.

MEDICAL.

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For Non-Retention or Incontinence of Urine, Irritation, Inflammation or Ulceration of the Bladder and Kidneys, Diseases of the Prostate Gland, Stone in the Bladder, Calculus Gravel or Brick Dust Deposit, and All Diseases and Affections of the Bladder and Kidneys.

HELMBOLD'S EXTRACT BUCHU.
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HELMBOLD'S EXTRACT BUCHU.

For Weakness, with the following symptoms: Indisposition to exertion, Loss of Power, Loss of Memory, Difficulty of Breathing, Weak Nerves, Trembling, Horror of Disease, Dimness of Vision, Hot Hands, Flushing of the Body, Dryness of the Skin, Pallid Countenance.

These symptoms, if allowed to go on, which this medicine invariably removes, soon follows Epileptic Fits, in one of which the patient may expire. Who can say that they are not frequently followed by insanity or premature decay?

INSANITY AND CONSUMPTION. The records of the Insane Asylums and a large number of melancholy deaths by Consumption, bear ample witness to the truth of the assertion. The Constitution once affected, requires the aid of a tonic medicine to strengthen and invigorate the system, which HELMBOLD'S EXTRACT BUCHU invariably does.

IN MANY AFFECTIONS PECULIAR TO FEMALES, THE EXTRACT BUCHU

Is unequalled by any other remedy, as in Chlorosis or Retention, Irregularity, Painfulness, or Suppression of Customary Evacuations, Ulcerated or Scirrhous state of the Uterus, and for all complaints incident to the sex in the

DECLINE OR CHANGE OF LIFE.
SEE SYMPTOMS ABOVE.
NO FAMILY SHOULD BE WITHOUT IT.

TAKE NO MORE MERCURY, OR UNPLEASANT MEDICINE FOR UNPLEASANT AND DANGEROUS DISEASES, HELMBOLD'S EXTRACT BUCHU AND IMPROVED ROSE WASH CURES THIS CLASS OF DISEASE. ALLAYING PAIN AND INFLAMMATION.

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For purifying the blood, and the only reliable and effectual known remedy for the cure of Scrofula, Scald Head, Salt Rheum, Pains and Swellings of the Bone, Ulcerations of the Throat, Tetter, Ringworm, Eruptions of the Skin, and beautifying the complexion.

Not a few of the worst disorders that afflict mankind arise from the corruption that accumulates in the blood. Of all the medicines that have been offered to the world to purify the blood, none can equal in effect HELMBOLD'S COMPOUND EXTRACT OF SARSAPARILLA. It cleanses and renovates the blood, instils the vigor of health into the system, and purges out the humors which make disease. It stimulates the healthy functions of the body, and expels the disorders that grow and rankle in the blood. Its extraordinary virtues are not yet widely known, but wherever they are known they create a sensation that remedy to employ in the great variety of afflicting diseases that require an alterative remedy. Such a remedy, that could be relied on, has long been sought for, and now, that it has been discovered, the public have one on which they can depend. Our space does not admit certificates to show its effects, but the trial of a single bottle will show to the sick that it has virtues surpassing anything they have ever taken.

Two tablespoonsful of the EXTRACT of SARSAPARILLA added to a pint of water, is equal to the Lisbon Diet Drink, and one bottle is fully equal to a gallon of the Syrup of Sarsaparilla, or the Decoction, as usually made.

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Prepared by Dr. J. C. AYER & CO., LOWELL, Mass., and sold by J. M. MARIS & Co., at wholesale, and by FREDERICK BROWN.

RED FOR THE FOLLOWING CARE-FULLY.—At the close of a Course of Lectures, delivered in one of the many Colleges of Philadelphia, by PROF. C. H. BOLLES, who has been developing his discovery for nearly twenty years, and for the last five years, in the City of Philadelphia, in the application of GALVANISM, MAGNETISM, and other modifications of ELECTRICITY, he was induced to publish the following unanimously passed:

Resolved, That, as we have been eye witnesses for many weeks in the institution of Prof. Bolles, and have good reason to believe that he has discovered new principles in the application of the different modifications of Electricity to the various diseased conditions of the human system; and that, in the treatment of different diseases, we have been convinced that, in his hand, as also his Students, the application of Electricity is a reliable therapeutic; and that he has taught us a new, rational, and scientific Philosophy, and we believe the only reliable theory and mode of cure.

Resolved, That, in our judgment, the philosophy advanced, and so clearly demonstrated in the Course of Lectures, is entirely new and original with Prof. Bolles, and not known to the Medical Profession, and that the great success attended in his practice, in his hands, is alone the result of his scientific discovery of Electrical force hitherto unknown to man, and that the many failures of other men in using this mighty agent, arise is their ignorance of the true principles of Electricity.

Resolved, That we do hereby recommend, in the strongest terms, the Electro-Magnetic Machine, and the Course of Lectures, as a means of relief to the afflicted, and a means of support to the Professor, and his theory and practice to the public, and bid him God-speed, as we believe his great mission is one of benevolence and philanthropy, and calculated to benefit humanity in the only scientific and reliable way to a final restoration of health and physical happiness.

Resolved, That, as a class, we feel bound to bear testimony for his lucid instruction and kind attention to us, individually and as a class; that he has redeemed every pledge or assurance made by him, and that in parting from him he has our best wishes for his happiness and prosperity, and we heartily commend him to all honest public investigators, and also to the diseased of body or mind.

Also, Resolved, That the proceedings of this meeting be signed by each member of the class, and published in the city papers.

By order of the Class.

M. J. GALLOWAY, M. D., Chairman.

W. B. Brown,
E. A. Steel, M. D.
J. Bond, M. D.
E. T. Ellis, M. D.
Frederick Walk, Allegheny House (514), Philadelphia.
Jacob Dunn, 1013 North Marshall street, Philadelphia.
W. H. Fuller, M. D.
Thos. Allen, three doors east of the British street.
S. W. Smith, 1013 Wood street, Philadelphia.
E. N. Nash, 313 North Sixth street, Philadelphia.
M. E. Pratt, 41 Ann street.
J. H. Bartholomew, Allegheny House (514), Philadelphia.
PHILADELPHIA, May 4th, 1863. my18

FOR SALE AND TO LET.

GERMANTOWN PROPERTY FOR SALE.—A STONE COTTAGE with eight Rooms, pleasantly situated on HERMAN Street, one square from Passenger Railway, on the main street, and ten minutes walk from the Railroad Depot. Lot 90 feet front, handsomely laid out, with abundance of Shade, Fruit Trees, and Shrubbery. Inquire of JOHN GOWEN, jed-121* 119 MARKET Street.

HOUSE AND LOT, BURLINGTON, N. J.—FOR SALE, a Superior Brick DWELLING HOUSE, The Residence of the late Mark Jennes, fitted up for the Comfortable Accommodation of a family of many conveniences. Has 12 Rooms, Green House attached, Cistern, Gas, House, and about one acre of Ground. Has Gas, Hot and Cold Water, Bath, Garden filled with choice Fruit Trees of all kinds in good bearing, strawberries, &c.

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HARRIET JENNESS, }
Or to EDWARDS, BROWN, & EDWARDS,
jed-121* No. 8 North FRONT Street, Philadelphia.

DELAWARE COUNTY COTTON FACTORIES FOR SALE.—The valuable Cotton Factories, known as ADAMS and AVONDALE, situated on Crum Creek, Delaware County, one mile from Westdale Station, West Chester Railroad, two miles from Media and three from Chester, now occupied by Simeon Lord, are offered for sale. "Avondale" includes a stone mill 70 feet, 3½ stories high, with dry house, picker house, twenty-two tenements, and about 9 acres of land, in Springfield and Nether Providence, with water-power, 200 feet fall, frame cotton mill, 82 by 30 feet, 2½ stories high, with picker house, dye house and stone tenements, and about 24 acres of land, in Nether Providence. The property will be shown by M