THE CITY. The Thermometer JANUARY 8, 1862. JANUARY 8, 1863.

6 A. M. ... 12 M. ... 3 P. M. 6 A. M. ... 12 M. ... 3 P. M. 22. ... 32 ... 32 ... 32 WNW....W.S. NNW...N by E...S SE. MEETING OF COUNCILS.

The Mayor Officially Recognizes Common Council, and Mr. Trego President—Reconsideration of the Vote in Select Council, by which the Democratic Faction of the Common Branch was Recognized-Disgraceful Scenes in Common Council-Business at a Dead-Lock. SELECT BRANCH.

The Chamber was, called to order by Mr. LYND, President. The reading of the journal was dispensed with. after a sharp debate as to the duties of the clerk, and his neglect in this instance to transcribe the minutes to the proper book instead of having them printed. A message was received from the Mayor, stating : "The Mayor takes this occasion to inform the president and members of the Select Council that he sident and members of the Select Council that he has officially recognized the organization of the Common Council of the city of Philadelphia, and Chas. B. Trego, Esq., as the president thereof."

A communication was received from the Mayor, enclosing one received by him from the president of the Board of Trustees of the Philadelphia Gas Works. It states that the assessor of the proper district had notified the officers of the Gas Works of the return he recuired to the mode of all the gas charged in bills notified the officers of the Gas works of the return he required to be made of all the gas charged in bills rendered by the Trust, including that used in street lamps. That return has not been made, and it is the intention of the assessor to proceed to a sumary process, enjoined by the act of Congress, if payment is longer delayed.

The communication was referred to the Committee or Gas. on Gas.

Mr. BRIGHTLY then addressed the Chair: I desire

the aggressions of Great Britain upon our flag and commerce. With a view to revive the recollections of the achievements of our soldiers and sailors; to inspire our younger fellow-citizens with a portion of the patriotic spirit that animated the people of the United States, South as well as North; and to keep up, in our declining years, those pleasant associations which have so long united the soldiers of the war of 1812, as a band of brothers—
Resolved, That we here renew our sacred pledge to support the Constitution of the United States, and to aid, to the extent of our soldiers, regulars, volunteers and militia, deserve all praise for their gallantry in action, as well as for their patient endurance under to make a motion, and before doing so, I will give my reasons therefor. It is my intention at the close my reasons therefor. It is my intention at the close of my remarks, to move a reconsideration of the motion to recognize the Common Council as presided over by Mr. Kerr, and then request a postponement of the original resolution. When the double organization of Common Council was reported to this Chamber, one of three courses was oven to me. Level there yould be recognize as the open to me. I could have voted to recognize, as the Mayor has done, the Republican organization, but to do so would have been doing, in my opinion, great injustice, because that organization recognization recogni been united with him in bonds of personal frien reproach.

Resolved, That we approve, with heart and mind, nizes several gentlemen as members who are no entified to a seat, and because it would have been unjust to the Democratic organization. I could have voted for a committee of investigation, but and all our powers, the most active and energetic prosecution of this defensive war against treason that would have been a party committee, and a party report would have been the result. A third course was open. This was to recognize the Demo-cratic organization, knowing that the Mayor would not do so, and that thus matters should be left in manner.

Resolved, That we warmly and deeply sympathize with our brave soldiers and sailors engaged in defence of our national Union; we rejoice in their not to so, and that this interes should be let in abeyance. I chose that, as involving harm to neither party. Before moving a reconsideration, I must enter my protest against the lawlessness, that has characterized the other chamber. There appears to be a mere scramble for the organization, and I fear that there exists a very determined scheme, sanctioned by the chief magistrate of the city, in violation of his oath of office, to acknowledge such victories, deplore their disasters, sorrow over their herdships and privations, compassionate their wounded and suffering, and mourn with patriotic pride their glorious dead. With them, we hail the unceasing bounties and tireless attentions of our patriotic countrywomen for their relief and comfort: for them, we beseech the vigilant care and prompt provision of our particles of our legislators and aventures and the violation of his oath of office, to acknowledge an organization of Common Council as shall throw the political power of the city government in the hands of one party. I have reason to fear this be-cause the Mayor has already recognized one branch of Common Council. I could be no party to such a conspiracy; but as I believe that neither organization is wholly in the right, I deem it my duty to ask for this reconsideration, and at the same time, as gentlemen who voted with me are not here to-day, where the prostructure of the prescription of the resolution in the same time. to ask postponement of the resolution itself until the next meeting, before which time, I trust, our friends in the other chamber will have arranged the matter honorably to both parties.

The question was then taken on the motion to re-

Following vote:
YEAS—Messrs. Armstrong, Baird, Barron, Brightly, Ginnodo, Greble, Harris, Kamerly, Manuel, Marcus, McElroy, Miller, Paullin, Spring, Uhler, Weaver, Wetherill, Zane, and Lynd, president. NAYS-Messrs. Catherwood, King, and Nichol-SON—S.

Mr. WEAVER presented a petition protesting against the right of E. Spencer Miller to hold a seat in Select Council. Mr. KAMERLY offered resolutions of condoler and respect for the memory of the late Major Hawksorth. Agreed to. Mr. Wetherill submitted a resolution accepting the portrait of Mr. Cuyler, late president of Select Council, and directing the clerk to place it in the chamber, in accordance with the wishes of the re-tiring members of Select Council. Agreed to. The Chamber soon after adjourned.

consider and postpone, and it was agreed to by the

The chamber of Common Council was at three o'clock jammed to suffocation. The galleries were filled by anxious politicians of all shades, and the floor, inside as well as outside the railing, exhibited the largest attendance ever witnessed at a regular meeting of Council. The two Presidents sat in the chairs they occupied on Monday, and apparently were forcing themselves to look as dignified and tage. Messrs. Lutts and Butler, the Democratic clerks, discharged their duties at the prescribed desk, and were defiant towards intruders. Mr. Gordon, the Republican clerk, held a standling position to the left of the Democratic clerk, and Mr. Trego, a sitting position to the left of the Democratic President. At a few minutes past three, Mr. Trego said: "The members will please come to order, and the clerk will call the roll."

At the same time, Mr. Kerr said: "The members will please come to order, and the roll." Off started Mr. Gordon with the roll-call.

Off started Mr. Gordon with the roll-call.
Mr. Lutts followed suit with equal spirit.
Then'came a scene which would do credit to Bedlam. The two cierks, who at the most quiet times hive excellent lungs, called out the names of the any other man? could distinguished the gallery yelled and cheered, the gallery yelled and jeered. The spectacle was worthy the determined efforts of a Fourth-ward convention to make itself ridiculous. It was hardly child's play, for children show at times some respect for each other. The call went on, however, and at the end each clerk reported the state of the attendance.
Mr. Truggo. There is a guorum of members premeeting.
Each of the clerks, obeying the order of the President whom he recognized, proceeded amid meeting in the last most and laughter to read "the journal of the last meeting." noise and laughter to read "the journal of the last meeting."

Mr. LUTTS read a communication from the trustees of the Gas Works, informing Councils that the agent of the Government demands the payment of the national tax; if not paid, he will sue the city. Laid on the table.

While the reading of the communication was in progress. progress,
Mr. HARPER said: Mr. President, I would like

Mr. Harper said: Mr. President, I would like to know why you permit unauthorized parties to usurp this place.

Each president announced that "petitions and communications were in order."

The Democratic messenger took from the Democratic members the petitions they had to offer to the Democratic president, and the Republican messenger took from the Republican members the petitions intended for the Republican president.

While Mr. Kerr was receiving "bills in place," Mr. Trego was still receiving "petitions and communications."

Mr. Painten offered a resolution making a further appropriation of \$100,000 for the relief of the families of the volunteers. Agreed to unanimously, the Republicans not voting.

Mr. A. W. Adams offered a resolution that a joint special committee be appointed to examine into the

While the above resolution was on its passage, Mr. Wolbert alose, and in a stentorian voice, which drowned Mr. Gordon's utterances, said, "I desire at this time to offer a resolution."

Mr. Thego. The resolution is before Council. (Referring to Mr. Adams.)

Mr. Kerr. The resolution is before Council. (Referring to Mr. Wolbert's.)

Mr. Wolbert's resolution was to the effect that the City Councils have heard with regret of the death of Major Thomas Hawksworth, and that the remains be allowed to remain in state for twentyremains be allowed to remain in state for twentyfour hours in Independence Hall.

Mr. Adams' resolution was agreed to, the Demoerats not voting.

Mr. Wolbert's resolution was also agreed to, the Republicans not voting.

Mr. Quin offered a resolution, instructing the Police Committee, when appointed, to inquire into the expediency of reducing the police force.

Agreed to by the Democrats.

A number of other resolutions were submitted, every one of which was agreed to, without debate and without a dissenting voice.

At this conjuncture, Mr. Wm. C. Haines, Mayor's clerk, was introduced by the Republican messenger,

The present number of inmates is seventy-six. The matron has been connected with the institution for thirteen years. In his address, Rev. Mr. Crowell remarked in relation to the unobtrusive features of this noble charity, and of the tender sympathies to which it appeals. He referred to the resemblance furnished in the benevolent ministration of this institution to the great work of Christ himself among the widowed and the poor. He spoke of the striking contrast between the great world without, tossed by tumult, saddened by the carnage of war, and the quiet, peaceful retreat afforded within these walls to those who were passing away from life and reaching the end of their journey. He closed his remarks by pointing the inmates of this asylum to Him who alone would be their help, their friend, and refuge, when all the scenes of earth should be ended.

The report of the Purchasing Committee state the amount of the purchases to be in the neighborhood of seven thousand dollars. Everything which marked the exercises was entertaining in the extreme. The fervor evinced by all participating was most gratifying to contemplate, and the amount of good rendered by this institution cannot easily be calculated. and he handed to Mr. Trego a message.

In this message the Mayor says that he vetoed the ordinance making extra appropriations to the clerks of Council for extra work alleged to have been done in 1862.

The reading of the message was, of course, interputed by the reading of recolutions as the Marketing of the country of the message was, of course, interputed by the reading of recolutions to the Marketing that the reading of the country of the message was, of course, interputed by the reading of recolutions to the Marketing that the country of the message was a course, interrupted by the reading of resolutions, &c., by Mr.
Lutts.

The message thus speaks of the difficulties in the
Common Council. It will be observed that the
Mayor recognizes officially the Chamber as it was
organized with Mr. Trego as president:

"The Mayor deems it proper, for the purpose of
record, to inform the president and members of the
Common Council, that, upon Monday last, the 5th
day of January, shortly after 10 o'clook A. Mr., the
hour fixed by law for the meeting of the newly elected members, and their qualification as such, he was
waited upon by Messrs. Simpson, Moore, and Taylor, who announced themselves as a committee from
the Common Council to inform him that a majority
thereof had duly organized such body, and had elected Charles B. Trego, Esq., as the president thereof.

"Subsequently, within the same hour, Messrs.
Baird, Painter, and Hulseman, members of Common
Council, presented themselves before the Mayor,
and stated that they were a committee to notify him
of its organization, and of the election of Wilson
Kerr, Esq., as its presiding officer; to which communication the Mayor replied to the purport that it
gave him pleasure to see the several gentlemen as
individual tembers of the city legislature, but that
he could not receive them formally as a committee,
as he had previously been duly notified of the organization of the Common Council, and of the election
of Charles B. Trego, Esq., as its president; and further, that the Mayor would recognize such organization and election until that Council should otherwise order.

"At a later hour of the same day, a committee of terrupted by the reading of resolutions, &c., by Mr.

PENNSYLVANIA RAILROAD.—The Pittsburg com-

inbefore stated.

"The Mayor is precluded from any official cognizance of the qualifications of members of the Councils, and therefore must be guided mainly by the notice which he has received, according to its due form and priority. But he has no reason, from any other information before him, to believe that the course which he has thus adopted—and to which he will adhere until other action of Common Council or will adhere until other action of Common Council or the decision of a competent tribunal—does in any wise depart from propriety or justice."

After the reading of the message, Mr. HARPER offered a resolution tendering the thanks of the city to Major General Butler for his patriotic, determined, and valuable services to the Union while commander of the Department of the Gulf. Agreed to by the Republicans.

There was one "no" to the passage. The voice was recognized as that of Mr. Wright.

Mr. Barger submitted resolutions expressive of the appreciation of Councils of the noble services of General Rosecrans. [Immense cheering in the gallery and outside the railing.] officers of the railroad company. The Pittsburg committee, through Mr. McCreary, the chairman, committee, through Mr. McCreary, the chairman, made a statement of the discrimination which the merchants of Pittsburg complained of as calculated to interfere with the business of that city. It was suggested on behalf of the company that the laws of trade would control the business of the road the same as that of a private individual, and that therefore the freight which proved the most remunerative would be taken by the company.

Mr. McCreary, in reply, urged that the business of the company should not be guided by the same policy as that actuating private individuals. The Pennsylvania Railroad Company was chartered to benefit the citizens of Pennsylvania, and special privileges had been granted in view of this, and therefore there should be no discrimination.

It was finally decided that the Pittsburg committee should reduce their suggestions to writing, to be laid before the Philadelphia committees, to be by them discussed, and suggestions added.

The propositions thus framed will be submitted to the Board of Directors of the Pennsylvania Railroad Company on Wednesday next. The principal change desired by the Pittsburg committee is the discharge by the company of all special agents, and the adoption of a uniform rate of charges for merchants of Pennsylvania.

the appreciation of Councils of the noble services of General Rosecrans. [Immense cheering in the gallery and outside the railing.]

Mr. Kenn called the members to order, and the resolution called out a speech from Mr. Quin.

Mr. Quin said: The recent deeds of General Rosecrans entitle him to the highest esteem of every lover of the Union. He has shown that he is a match for the enemies of his country. He and the men who fought with him have shown that they can be patriots, notwithstanding they were, a short time ago, branded as traitors, because they did not belong to a certain political party. They have shown that it is not necessary; in order to be a patriot, to be also a negro worshipper or a Black Republican. [Applause and hisses.] Every Democrat was branded as a traitor to his country, and is even to this day; yet the Democratic party is the only party that can save the country, and unless the Democratic party get again into power the country will go to utter destruction. [Laughter and applause.]

There is no man, continued the speaker, excitedly, who is laughing at me that I cannot whip, anyhow. [Renewed laughter and applause.]

Mr. Harpers, in the midst of Mr. Quin's oration, moved to adjourn. Agreed to by the Republicans. Mr. Quin still continued to dilate upon the greatness of the Democratic party until his voice became inaudible on account of the noise and bustle in the chamber.

Shortly afterwards the Democratic Common Counchamber.
Shortly afterwards the Democratic Common Council was adjourned, and thus ended the second act in the farce.

MEETING OF THE OLD SOLDIERS OF 1812-THEY COMMEMORATE THE MEMORY OF GINERAL JACKSON.—Yesterday morning the soldiers of the War of 1812 held a meeting in the Supreme Court Room, to commemorate the anniversary of the capture of New Orleans. Alderman Peter Hay, president, occupied the chair, and John H. Frick acted as secretary. Captain Daniel Saint, who served in the 42d Re-

and our parinoic ducy again to utter our reeings in regard to our country's peril and the administration of its affairs, have, therefore,

Resolved, That we hold our accustomed meeting on the anniversary of the glorious victory won by the immortal Jackson, which closed the war of 1812 in a blaze of glory, and, until now, put an end to the aggressions of Great Britain upon our flag and converse. With a view to revive the recollections

nction, as well as for their patient endurance under all the privations to which they have necessarily seen exposed; and that if they have not always seen entirely successful the fault has not been

Resolved, That we have heard with unfeigned sor-

row that, since our last meeting, the Hon. James M. Porter, one of the vice presidents of this Associa-tion, has departed this life. Many of us have long

ship: his career has been useful and distinguished;

and he has left the world with a character above

and rebellion; and we urge all who are in authority to use every means in their power to put down the rebels in the speediest and most thorough

provision of our legislators and executives, and the substantial gratitude of our whole people; and to them, we confidently promise the brightest halo of glory with which posterity can emblazon immortal

deeds of valor.

Resolved. That we ask our rulers to sift out mere

tion be not connived at, nor bad or doubtful charac

lue. The resolutions were unanimously adopted.

greet its return.
2. "The President of the United States."

The following toasts were also read:

1. "The 8th of January, 1815"—A day illustrious in the annals of the nation. We joyfully

in the memory of a grateful posterity, their fame

patriotism endure.

5. "The Congress of 1776"—Far-seeing wisdom, a

just appreciation of the true end of government, and ulsullied purity of intention distinguished them

from any other political assemblage in the world. May their example not be lost on their descendants

first in peace, and first in the hearts of his country

I remain yours, respectfully, ANDREW JACKSON.

After the transaction of some other business, the

AND SINGLE WOMEN'S SOCIETY.—The anniversary

meeting of this Society was held at the asylum, Cherry street, east of Eighteenth, yesterday at noon. The exercises were introduced by the reading of the

Scriptures. An appropriate prayer was then offered by the Rev. Dr. Edwards, of the West Arch Presby-

terian church. The reading of the 46th annual re-

port, and address, came next in order, and were given by Rev. Mr. Crowell, of the Penn Square Presbyterian church. The report states that no changes have taken place in the Board of Directors. Eleven of the inmates have died and two left the institution, the thirteen vacancies thus left being rapidly supplied. The dividends of the institution have been received with but small diminution.

The present number of inmates is seventy-six

THE REMAINS OF MAJOR THOS. HAWKS-

WORTH.—The remains of the deceased hero, Major

Thomas Hawksworth, of the Scott Legion, 68th P.

V., arrived last evening at the Baltimore depot, Broad and Prime streets, at six o'clock. They were

conveyed privately to Independence Hall by Mr. E.

PITTSBURG VS. PHILADELPHIA AND THE

mittee, together with the committees from the

Board of Trade, and the Corn Exchange Asso-

ciation, have held an interview with the executive

neeting adjourned.

the association.

in 1837.

Schnylkill. 168,261,960
Delaware 84,411,680
Twenty-fourth ward 35,961,210 giment in the War of 1812, was chosen a member of Total..... 516.463.974 HEAVY ROBBERY.—The store of Messrs Col. J. Ross Snowden, by request, read a portion Rosenheim, Brooks, & Co., on Market street, was of the farcwell address of President Jackson, written entered some time on Wednesday night, by robbers, entered some time on wednesday night, by rouders, and goods to the amount of several thousand dollars were taken. The robbers, having entered through a basement door, bored their way through into the store up stairs, and stole the goods away. They left behind them a gimlet or two and a dark lantern. This is the heaviest robbery that has taken place for some time in Philadelphia. Capt. George Emerick, of the Executive Committee, then read the following resolutions: We, a surviving remnant of the once numerous defenders of our country in the war of 1812-15, met in annual Convention within the sacred walls of Independence Hall, beneath that colonial bell which fulfilled its inspired prophetic inscription—"PROCLAIM LINERTY THROUGHOUT THE LAND TO ALL THE INHABITANTS THRISOF," believing it our right and our patriotic duty again to utter our feelings in regard to our country's peril and the administration

OPERATIONS OF THE PHILADELPHIA WA-

Gallons Pumped

during month. 257,829,124

5,427,805

2,722,957 1,160,039

17,627,870

TER WORKS.—The following table shows the amount

of water pumped at the various water works during

December, 1862:

Fairmount.

THE POLICE. (Before Mr. Alderman Beitler.) Twenty-fourth Ward Election Case - Al-Wm. Force, Thomas H. Fagan, James Torbert, Frederick Osterfelt, Thomas Lodge, Augustus Simpson, and Isaac Leech, were arraigned before Aldeman Beitler, yesterday afternoon, at his Seventhstreet office, on the oath of J. Alexander Simpson, with convining tivester to hinde charging them with conspiring together to hinder and embarrass John McGurdy, duly elected a mem-ber of the Common Council from the Twenty-fourth ward, from appearing and being sworn in as a mem-ber of the said Council, and that Isaac Leech should ber of the said Council, and that Isaac Leech should unjustly and illegally present himself and be sworn as a member of the Common Council.

The office was densely crowded with people, some of whom we recognized as leading ward politicians, others holding office under the present city government, anxious expectants, &c., &c., all of whom seemed to be very deeply interested in the proceedings. ings.

Wm. B. Mann, Esq., the District Attorney, was present to prosecute the case. Lewis C. Cassidy, Esq., appeared for the defence. Messrs. Charles Gilpin and Charles W. Brooke were also present.

Wm. B. Mann read the bill of indictment, which, stripped of its inevitable legal phraseology, sets forth that an election had been held in the Twenty-fourth wards the Pd. Threader. that an election had been held in the Twenty-fourth ward on the 2d Tuesday in October for a Common Councilman; that Isaac Leech had taken his seat as a member of Common Council, having been sworn in as a member by his taking, the oath of office; that John R. McCurdy was elected to said office, and that his place is occupied by a usurper, in utter violation of the law, the purity of the ballet-box, and the rights of the people.

Officer Brown sworn—I served a subpensa on Thomas O. Webb, a clerk in the office of the Prothonatory of the Count of Common Pleas; he replied that he could not be here.

hat he could not be here. Mr. Mann. Alderman, be kind enough to issue n attachment for Mr. Webb: Alderman. "Yes, sir." The attachment was vritten out. Alderman to Officer Brown. Did you read the Mr. Brown. Yes, sir.

By Mr. Mann, handing the attachment to Officer
Brown. "Take this, Mr. Officer, and assist Mr.
Webb to come here."

The Officer departed. In the meantime, the old clerk of Common Council,

Mr. Philip, Lutts is sworn,—I am one of the clerks
of the Common Council; have been clerk since
January 6th, 1862; I called the names of all the old nembers of the Council, at the meeting last Monday; have the certificate presented by Isaac Leech. snac Leech? ·A. I think I did.

Resolved, That we ask our rulers to sift out mere politicians and party hacks from all posts of honor, profit and trust—to punish without fear, favor, or affection all who shirk duty or abuse power—to bestow office only on the old rule, "Is he honest, is he capable, is he fit?"—especially selecting those who have suffered in defence of our country. There are enough honorably discharged, disabled soldiers to fill the marshalships, assessorships, collectorships, &c., now bestowed on men no more competent and far less deserving. Q. Was he sworn in? A. Yes, sir. Q. By whom? A. As usual—I think he was sworn in by the far less deserving.

Resolved, That we ask of our courts-martial and other tribunals, such devotion of time and labor to their duties, that their members and witnesses be President of Council.

Q. Have you any doubt about his being sworn in?
A. No, sir; his name was on the roll; I am not sure that I called the roll.

Cross-examined by Mr. Cassidy.—I presume the messenger presented the certificate of Mr. Leech; some certificates were presented by members, some by the messenger. resident of Council. not unnecessarily withheld from more imporant duties; that time and compensation be not squan-dered in useless forms and delays, and that peculaby the messenger. ters whitewashed; so that merit and incompetency, honesty and fraud, loyalty and treason, be not confounded, but each receive its proper name and honest RETURN JUDGE HAYS TAKES THE STAND.

Mr. Hays on being sworn testified that the Return Judges met at the Ohio House; Twenty-fourth ward; there were nine judges present—one from each precinct; each had the returns of the various officers voted for. Mr. Torbert was president in the chair when I got there; two clerks had been appointed; the vote was computed; John R. McCurdy had 22 majority over Isaac Leech; there was no dispute about the vote among the judges; when the returns were about to be made out. Mr. Philip Lowry came to the door and requested certificates for himself and Leech; Mr. Torbert, the president of the Return Judges, suggested that certificates should be made out for Leech and Lowry; some dispute now arose; some one made out the certificates; I think Augustus Simpson made them out; the clerks left the room without saying anything; don't know who wrote out the certificates; Simpson made out the certificates for Leech and Lowry; they were signed by a majority of the judges (all the Democratic judges) names were signed to the certificate produced at the hearing; no other names were appended); the certificates were handed to Mr. Pennington, a constable; the Republican 3. "The Governor of Pennsylvania"—We. thank him for his watchful care of our fellow-citizens in the field, and of the sick and wounded.

4. "The Soldiers of the Revolution"—Embalmed will flourish as long as the love of liberty and to Mr. Pennington, a constable; the Republican judges refused to sign the certificates of Leech and Lowry; Mr. Leech told me on the day after that he knew he was not elected, and had refused to receive the certificate. Until regularly amended, may all its obligations be faithfully observed.
7. "Gen. George Washington"—First in war, knew he was not elected, and had refused to receive the certificate.

Cross examined.—I was judge of the Second precinct; I was at the adjourned meeting; Mr. Lowry came to the door, and requested his friends to sign for him and Leech.

Q. Now, be careful what you say. Did he mention the name of Mr. Leech?

A. Well, sir, (musingly), I don't think that he did. He requested to sign for himself.

Q. Did he not say that he wanted his friends to guard his rights, or something to this effect?

A. Well, he said something like this.

Q. Did you see Mr. Leech at the meeting?

A. No, sir, I did not. The motion to make out the certificates for Leech and Lowry was put by the chairman, and a majority voted in favor of it. We had all called out our returns. I retained possession of my returns all the time. I saw Mr. Leech opposite the State House next day, between eleven and THOMAS O. WEBB APPEARS.

He stated, without being sworn, that he did not men.
8. "The memory of our departed brethren"—We war of 1812, the nero of the Mexican war, now resting from the toils of war. May health and happiness
attend him, and may he live to see the land he loves
restored to peace and Union.

10. "Our Army and Navy"—in defence of the
Union established by our Revolutionary fathers.
May victory always perch on the Star-Spangled
Banner.

May victory always perch on the Shar-Spanged Banner.

11. "General Andrew Jackson"—The man of iron nerve and honest purpose. His fame has survived the calumnies of his enemies, and flourishes in perennial youth. Our imperilled nation now needs just such a leader to organize a victory and save the tightham comman mass in our toasts—nest in our offsetion. affection.
When the toast "Gen. Jackson" was announced,
Colonel Snowden read the following letter, the original of which, in the handwriting of Gen. Jackson, is in the possession of Col. Snowden.

HERMITAES, Feb. 7, 1844. He stated, without being sworn, that he did not ring the election papers.

By Mr. Mann. Why not?

A. Because there was nothing said to me about them.
Q. Were you not subpensed?
A. No, sir; I thought you merely wanted me personally, and not officially.
By Mr. Mann (pleasantly). We want the returns of the election of Common Council of the Twenty-fourth ward, held on the second Tuesday in October last.

Herritage, Feb. 7, 1844.

Hon. James Ross Snowden, Speaker of the House of Representatives of Pennsylvania:

My Dear Sir. Your private letter of the 19th plt, concerning the proceedings of a State Democratic Convention, held at the seat of Government of Pennsylvania, on the evening of the 17th of January last, has reached me, and found me in such afflicted and debilitated state that disables me at present to reply to it in such terms as gratitude to the Democratic party of the State of Pennsylvania of my official conduct through good and bad report deserves from me. Should a kind Providence restore my health to a state of capacity to write, it shall be my first duty to reply to your official communication. I have, with great difficulty, thus made known to you my debilitated situation that the delay of my reply to the official communication may be, made known to you.

Present me to your brother, Dr. Snowden. I well recollect him, and thank him for his kind recollection of me. For the kind manner in which you have been pleased to make known to me the proceedings of your meeting, receive my thanks. The proceedings of your meeting, receive my thanks. The proceedings of your meeting, receive my thanks. By Mr. Webb. I can't bring them. Q. Are you physically unable?
A. No, sir; but nobody beside the Prothonotary himself can permit them to go out of the office; he is not present. is not present.

By Mr. Mann. We must have them, and have them now:
A. I have nothing at all to do with the returns; there is a clerk who has charge of them.

Here Mr. Mann asked for a subposna directing that clerk to appear here with the election papers forthwith.

Mr. Webb replied that a subpæna need not be made out; he would send him without one.

By Mr. Mann. Very well, sir; have them sent here forthwith.

Mr. Webb makes his exit, and

HENRY M. DECHERT Takes the stand. This witness testified that as Mr. Leech was about to get into the Darby car, having just alighted from a Market-street car, some one hallooed after him, telling him to stop, and he should have the certificate of his election. He replied, he would not lose his ride for any such non-sense as that.

The witness detailed, in a very clear and comprehensive manner, the subject of a subsequent interview had with Mr. Leech, in the presence of Mr. Townsend, near the State House, in which he (Mr. Leech) admitted the certificate issued for him was a fraud, for the had ciphered out the returns, and knew he had been defeated.

MORE TESTIMONY. MORE TESTIMONY.

Henry M. Smith, the return judge of the Ninth precinct, testified that it is not customary in the Twenty-fourth ward for the return judges to meet in the morning; they always meet in the afternoon; heard Mr. Lowry say the judges ought not to sign any returns for anybody, because so much fraud was talked about; when the motion was made to make out the certificates of Mcssrs. Leech and Lowry, some of the judges left the room; Gus. Simpson went in afterwards and made out the return for Mr. Lowry.

THOMAS B. REESE. THOMAS B. REESE,
one of the clerks, now appears with the bound file of
election returns, and also the general certificate of
votes for Common Councilmen, signed by all the
judges. The examination here was of a tedious character, and may be summed up briefly as follows:
The signatures of the judges to the Leech certificate
were proved by the returns made to the prothonotary's office.

ary's office.

It was also discovered that Mr. Hays, the return judge of the Second precinct, in making out his return, neglected to sign his name to it, an omission about which he said, "Well, really, I don't know how to account for it." It was also discovered, for the first time, that Mr. McCurdy gains ten votes, more than all the judges signed that he had received—his majority being thirty-two votes instead of twenty-two. THE ADJOURNMENT OF THE CASE.

Mr. Mann said that he desired to examine one more witness, Mr. J. Alex. Simpson, and then the Commonwealth will close for the present. As Mr. Simpson cannot be present to-day, he (the District Attorney) suggested to postpone the case until three o'clock this afternoon.

Mr. Cassidy gracefully acceded to this, and the office was speedily cleared of its superabundance of compressed humanity. There is no man in the world who can so well unravel the mysteries of an election traud as the ipresent District Attorney. election fraud as the present District Attorney, Wm. B. Mann. Alleged Pickpocket.

the Common Council to inform him that a majority thereof had duly organized such body, and had elected Charles B. Trego, Esq., as the president thereof.

"Subsequently, within the same hour, Messers, Baird, Painter, and Hulseman, members of Common Council, presented themselves before the Mayor, and stated that they were a committee to notify him of its organization, and of the election of Wilson incation the Mayor replied to the purport that it gave him pleasure to see the several gentlemen as individual sembers of the city legislature but that he could not receive them formally as a committee, as he had previously been duly notified of the organization of the Common Council, and of the election of the common Council, and of the election intil that Council should otherwise order.

"At a later hour of the same day, a committee of the Select Council, accompanied by gentlemen of Common Council, called upon the Mayor, and to the announcement which they made received as a reply an assurance of the recognition by the Mayor of the organization of the cognition by the Mayor is precluded from any official cognization of the last-named branch as hereinbefore stated.

"The Mayor is precluded from any official cognization of the Council should otherwise of the city legislature of the council should otherwise order.

"At a later hour of the same day, a committee of the same day, a committee of the organization of the consumance of the recognition by the Mayor and to the announcement which they made received as a constant of the fellow-man is whose cheerfulness imparted happiness to all around. Such a man was he welling the procedure of the same day, a committee of the same and the council should otherwise order.

"At a later hour of the same day, a committee of the same day, a committee of the same and the council should otherwise order."

"At a later hour of the same day, a committee of the same day, a committee of the same day, a committee of the same and the council should otherwise order."

"At a later hour of the same nudged me, and wanted to know how much money I'd take to let him off. Here the prisoner interrupted the witness by calling him a "liar." "Silence," cried Chief Frank-In.
Prisoner. "Well, he shall not tell a lie about it."
Witness proceeded, and said on coming up the street prisoner said what good would it do me to arrest him; he wanted to know if \$50 would serve the Here the prisoner was about to say something, whereupon the witness said: "Look here, young man, if you reiterate that, I'll smash your mouth; I am under oath, and will simply tell the truth." The prisoner was admonished by the alderman, and he kept quiet after this.

Mr. Smith testified as to the arrest of the prisoner. In conclusion, the alderman asked the prisoner if he had any questions to ask. ne had any questions to ask.

"About what, sir?" said he, as though perfectly ignorant.
"Have you any questions to ask the witness?" "Have you any questions to ask the witness;"
reiterated the alderman.

The prisoner maintaining silence, the magiatrate ordered him to enter bail in the sum of \$1,500 to an swer; to which the prisoner, in a very impertinent style, said, "Anything else, sir?"

The next moment he was on his way to the cell helow string in comment with an officer who had a

> the Board of Directors of the Pennsylvania Railroad Company on Wednesday next. The principal change desired by the Pittsburg committee is the discharge by the company of all special agents, and the adoption of a uniform rate of charges for merchants of Pennsylvania.
>
> KNIGHT'S PATENT SLEEPING CARS.—The Baltimore and Ohio Railroad Company having finished their road, commenced running through lines from Baltimore to Wheeling yesterday. The road will be equipped with new passenger cars of the most approved style and finish, and last evening two elegant sleeping cars (Knight's patent) were sent over the Philadelphia, Wilmington, and Baltimore road, to be placed at once on the through night lines on the first-named road. It is useless for us to say anything in praise of these sleeping cars; they have only to be seen to be admired. They speak for themselves. [Before Mr. Alderman Harmer.]

below stairs, in company with an officer who had a strong attachment for him.

"Why, you needn't be afraid to speak; ain't you going to tell me? Well, if you don't I'll knock the dumbness out of you." At this moment he made a desperate lurch and brought up against the "Now, I will hit you for running against me," shouted the individual, and at it he went. He struck shouted the individual, and at it he went. He struck the Pompey a pretty heavy blow—the next moment the inebriated individual fell sprawling on the sidewalk. On getting up he renewed the attack with vigor, but the Pompey was immovable, and of course resisted all attacks. resisted all attacks.

The police officer took the assailant to the station-house, where he had an hour's sleep. When he awoke and found himself arrayed before an alderman, he seemed to scarcely realize his condition. He remembered nothing about the Pompey, excepting that something appeared to him like a dream. The prisoner admitted that he had been at a wedding on Wednesday night, and had drank too much for his own peculiar benefit.

LEGAL INTELLIGENCE.

The Supreme Court of Pennsylvania-Chief

Justice Lowrie and Justices Woodward,

Thompson, and Strong.

The case of the Commonwealth vs. The Delaware and Hudson Canal Company, and the Pennsylvania Coal Company.

DECISION OF THE COURT The Commonwealth vs. The Delaware and Hudson Canal Company, and the Pennsylvania Coal Company. This was an information filed by the Attorney General in the Middle District, but transferred to this district by agreement, praying that a certain agreement entered into between the companies defendant be declared to be in excess of the legitimate power of these corporations, and that they may be enjoined from acting under it, and also that they may be required to appear and consent to or refuse its cancellation. The objections to the agreement were raised by the answers of the defer and are—
1. That the agreement grants to the Coal Company a monopoly of the one-half of the canacity of the canal, to the exclusion of the public, because it contracts to furnish to the Coal Company all the facilities of navigation which the canal will afford, not exceeding one-half of its whole capacity, ex-clusive of the tonnage employed in the transporta-tion of articles other than coal. On this point the clusive of the toninge employed in the transportation of articles other than coal. On this point the
opinion says that there is no complaint that anybody
has been wronged by this, or that either company
has actually exercised any function that is exclusive
of the public rights. When the defendants do, in
fact, transgress the limits of their legitimate functions, and interfere with the public rights, then will
be the time to bring a charge against them.

2. That the agreement, instead of fixed tolls to be
collected at the locks, according to the charter of the
Canal Company, provides for a rate of toll, to be ascertained by the market price of ooal in every year,
and thus the rate of toll remains uncertain until this
price is ascertained, and it cannot, therefore, be demanded at the locks, and may, in certain states of
the coal market, exceed the toll allowed by the charter. On this point the opinion says. "We do not
see that this objection involves any public grievance.
The Canal Company has a right to commute its
tolls, and we cannot see that the public has any interest in objecting that it may get too much under
the contract of commutation in a certain contingency,
or the tit has contracted any next of its means of the the contract of commutation in a certain contingency, or that it has contracted any part of its means of obtaining the little that it agrees to accept under the

contract."

1. 3. On behalf of the public, the objection is repeated, "that, on account of the uncertainty of the toll, the Canal Company cannot always know how much to demand of others, and, therefore, cannot do equal justice according to its public duty as a canal company."
On this point the court says that there is "no averment or pretence that the public or any private person has suffered any wrong by reason of this, or that the Canal Company has been compelled, in obeying this part of the contract, to exercise any functions that do not properly belong to it as a functions that do not properly belong to it as a canal company."

4. That because the tolls are fixed at half the proceeds of the coal, after deducting the estimated cost of its production, therefore the Canal Company is a speculative dealer in coal, which is a departure from the purposes of its charter.

As to this, the court says that "measuring toll by the profits on the article when sold is not becoming a dealer in coal, else Government would be a dealer in articles that are subject to an ada dealer in articles that are subject to an ad valorem tariff. It is very common for the State to valorem tariff. It is very common for the State to-measure taxes according to supposed profits, and we find no public wrong in the canal company doing so, in its contract of commutation of tolls."

5. That such a contract, to be valid, ought to have the sanction of the Legislature, because it affects the interests and income of the State.

On this point the courtsays: "But it is not in any way shown to us that it does so. Nothing like this is a varied in the information and of course were is averred in the information, and of course we can-not assume it. If either of these corporations do anything under the contract contrary to the inter-ests and income of the State and contrary to its charter, and this be shown to us in any regular manner, we shall probably interfere and correct

6. That since under the contract the tolls measured by the profits, the coal company has the power by sacrificing the regular profits or a portion of them in order to control the coal market, and of them in order to control the coal market, and may at its pleasure so depress the prices as to ruin many of those engaged in the trade, and greatly disturb the public interests without any serious injury to itself, and that it did so last spring.

On this point the court says: "If this had been avered in the information, and proved as one of the grounds of the complaint against the agreement, we should have regarded it as the most serious one of all those that have them proved but it is ment, we should have regarded it as the most serious one of all those that have been urged; but it is neither alleged nor proved by the Commonwealth. And we incline to think that is properly so, for it seems to us that this objection is founded rather on the abuse of the agreement than on the nature of it, and that the remedy ought to be compensation under the equity if not the letter of the agreement, rather than cancellation of it."

The information is dismissed.

The decision of the court was rendered on Monday last, by Chief Justice Lowrie. We noticed the fact of the decision at the time; but as inquiry has been made as to the points of the decision, we give the foregoing abstract, the full opinion being most too lengthy for our columns.

EJECTMENT—DEED TO BAR ENTAIL—OMISSION TO

lengthy for our columns.

EJECTMENT—DEED TO BAR ENTAIL—OMISSION TO RECORD IT.

The Theological Seminary of St. Charles Borromeo vs. Nicholas Wall. Certificate from Nisi Prius. This was an action of ejectment brought by the Seminary Company against Nicholas Wall to recover the newscassion of certain nremises, the infersement nary. The verdict was for the plaintiff.

The history of the case, as set out in the paper book, is as follows:

In 1849, Wm. Morrisdevised the premises in question to his nephews, Nicholas Wall and Henry A. In 1849, Wm. Morris devised the premises in question to his nephews, Nicholas Wall and Henry A. Farrell, entail with cross remainders.

In 1854, Wall & Farrell joined in a deed to Steiner, conveying the premises in fee, with intent to bar the entail under the act of Assembly.

This deed was never recorded.

Its admission as evidence that the entail had been barred, notwithstanding the omission to record it, is one of the points, and involves the only question in the cause. the cause.

Steiner reconveyed to Wall and Farrell in fee, and Farrell by his will devised his interest in this property to the seminary, charged with the payment of his debts and funeral expenses.

Farrell died, and the seminary company, a charitable institution for educational purposes, brought this ejectment.

this ejectment.

It was contended that the act of Assembly authorizing entails to be barred required the deed to be recorded, and, unless the conditions stipulated were complied with, the object could not be attained. It was answered, this devisee is a charity, and, therefore, can take entailed property by devise, without the entail having been barred, and so the judge decided. idge decided.

Error is assigned to the admission of the deed, Error is assigned to the admission of the deed, barring the entail, and to the instruction to the jury to find for the plaintiffs. Argued yesterday by R. C. McMurtrie and George M. Wharton, Esqs., for plaintiff in error, and George W. Biddle and Eli K. Price, Esqs., for defendant in error.

Without the argument having been concluded, the court adjourned until this morning.

The District Courts have concluded their lists for the week and adjourned. The District Courts have concluded their lists for the week and adjourned.

The Court of Common Pleas, Judge Allison, was engaged yesterday with the trial of an action to re-cover arrears of rent, in which a verdict for plaintiff was rendered; and the trial of an action of trover, was rendered; and the trial of an action of trover, to recover for a lot of quarried stone, alleged to have been removed by defendant from the place where it had been deposited. Verdict in this case was rendered for plaintiff for \$68. J. P. O'Neill, Esq., for plaintiff; B. Woodward for defendant.

The Court of Quarter Sessions, Judge Ludlow, was engaged with an assault and battery case most of the morning.

LEGAL. IN THE ORPHANS' COURT FOR IN THE ORPHANS' COURT FOR THE CITY AND COUNTY OF PHILADELPHIA

Estate of SAMUEL T. HOLT, deceased.

NOTICE is hereby given that PHEBE HOLT, widow of said decedent, has this day filed in the said Court her petition; and an inventory and appraisement, claiming to retain personal property of said decedent to the value of \$300 as therein expressed, under the act of 14th April, 1851, and its supplements, and that the said Court will approve the same on the 16th day of January, A. D. 1863, unless exceptions are filed thereto.

TH. PRATT POTTS, de30-tuf4t

Attorney of Petitioner.

IN THE ORPHANS' COURT FOR THE CITY AND COUNTY OF PHILADELPHIA.

Estate of JAMES KIRKPATRICK.

The Auditor appointed by the Court to andit, settle, and adjust the account of JOHN GARRETT, DANIEL BEIDELMAN, and WILLIAM H. KIRKPATRICK, Executors of James Kirkpatrick, deceased, and to make distribution of the balance in the hands of the accountant, will meet the parties interested for the purposes of his appointment, on MONDAY, 12th January, 1863, at 4 o'clock, P. M., at 128 South SIXTH Street, in the city of Philadelphia.

H. E. WALLACE

HOTELS. BRANDRETH HOUSE, BRANDRETH HOUSE,
Corner of BROADWAY, CANAL, and LISPENARD
STREETS, NEW YORK
CONDUCTED ON THE EUROPEAN PLAN.
The above Hotel is located in the most central part of Broadway, and can be reached by omnibus or city cars, from all the steamboat landings and railroad depots.
The rooms are elegantly furnished. Many of them are constructed in suits of communicating parlors and chambers, suitable for families and parties travelling together.
Meals served at all hours.
Single Rooms from 50 cents to \$1 per day.
Double Rooms from \$1 to \$2.50 per day.

JOS. CURTIS & CO.

SECOND COLLECTION DISTRICT, PHILADA., Jan. 3. 1862.—FRANCIS. P. HALLOWELL has been appointed ASSISTANT ASSESSOR for the Ninth Division of my District. Said Division is comprised within the limits of that portion of the Ninth ward commencing at the west side of Seventh. street, extending to, and including the east side of Broad street, and from the north side of Market street to the south side of Arch street, inclusive.

Ja5-W U. S. Assessor, Second District, Penna.

DUBLIC SALE OF DAMAGED CORN. — Will be offered for sale, at Public Auction. at the GOVERNMENT DEPOTS, in this city, on THURSDAY, January 15th, 1363, an amount of GRAIN, condemned by a Board of Survey.

The Sacks to be sold separate from the Grain, at a price to be fixed by the Quartermaster, or retained if deemed destrable by him.

Terms, cash in Treasury notes, on delivery.

JAS, BELGER, Colonel and Quartermaster, Quarternaster's Oppice, }
Baltimore, January 1, 1863. ja2-11t CHAS. S. & JAS. CARSTAIRS, NOS. 126 WALNUT and 21 GRANITE Streets,
Offer for sale the following goods in bond of their own cortation, viz: ognac and Rochelle Brandies, in half pipes, quarters, Cognac and Rochene prandles, in find pipes, quarters, and octaves.

Burgundy Ports, in quarters and octaves.
Oporto Ports, in octaves.
Triple-Anchor Gin, in pipes and three-quarter pipes.
Jamaica Rum, in puncheons.
Bay Rum, in puncheons and barrels.
Claret, in casks and cases.
Also, the following, for which we are the sole agents:
CHAMPAGNE.—The celebrated brands of "Gold Lac"
and "Gloria".

Purrey & Biarnes' Imperial French Mustard. " Olives. Capers. "Carstairs'" pure Salad Oil Also for sale, to arrive, 180 casks Marseilles Madeira.
200 baskets Olive Oil.
120 cases French Mustard.
500 cases Claret.
117 quarter casks Burgundy Port. BOWEN & CO., LITHOGRAPHERS DAND PRINT. COLORISTS, Southwest corner of CHESTNUT and ELEVENTH Streets, are prepared to execute any description of Portrait, Landscape, Natural History, Architectural, Autograph, Map, or other Lithography, in the most superior manner, and the most reasonable terms.

sonable terms.

Photographs, Portraits, Natural History, and Medical Plates, Maps, and any other description of Plates, colored in the best style, and warranted to give satisfaction. Particular attention to Coloring Photographs. oc23-if LUCIFER" OIL WORKS.

100 bbls. "Lucifer" Burning Oil on hand.

We guarantee the Oil to be non-explosive, to burn all the oil in the lamp with a steady, brilliant flame, with out crusting the wick and but slowly Barrels lined with glass enamel. WRIGHT, SMITH, & PEARSALL, 1621-17 COTTON SAIL DUCK AND CANVAS, of all numbers and brands.
Raven's Duck Awning Twills, of all descriptions for Tents, Awnings; Trunk, and Wagon Covors.
Also, Paper Manufacturers' Drier Felts, from I to feet wide. Tarpanlin, Bolting, Sail Twine, &c.
JOHN W. EVERMAN & CO., my4-tf 109 JONES' Alley.

RAILROAD LINES. THE GREAT DOUBLE-TRACK SHORT ROUTE TO THE WEST, NORTHWEST, AND SOUTHWEST. Equipments and facilities for the safe, speedy, au confortable transportation of passengers unsurpassed b any route in the country.

Trains leave the Depot at Eleventh and Market streets

Tickets to Cleveland, Detroit, Chicago, St. Paul; Columbus, Indianapolis, St. Louis, Leavenworth, Kanasa, Wheeling, Davton, Cincinnati, Louisville, Cairo, and all other principal points, and bargage checked through.

INDIANA' BRANCH RAILROAD.

The Through Express, leaving at 10.40 P. M., connects, at Blairsville, Indiana, &c.

EBENSBURGÉ CRESSON BRANCH RAILROAD.

The Through Express Train, leaving at 10.40 P. M., connects at Cresson, at 10.35 A. M., with a train on this road for Ebensburg: Trains also leave Cresson for Ebensburg at 2.15 and 8.45 P. M., with a train on this road for Ebensburg: Trains also leave Cresson for Ebensburg at 2.15 and 8.45 P. M., with a train on this road; for Ebensburg: Trains also leave Cresson for Ebensburg at 2.15 and 8.45 P. M., with a train on this road; for Ebensburg: Trains also leave Cresson for Ebensburg at 2.15 and 8.45 P. M., with a train on this road; for Ebensburg: Trains also leave Cresson for Ebensburg at 2.15 and 8.45 P. M., with a train of though Express, at 10.40 P. M., connect at Altona with trains for Hollidaysburgair at 10.40 P. M., and 8.25 A. M.

TYRONE & CLEARFIELD BRANCH RAILROAD.

The Through Express Train, leaving at 10.40 P. M., connects at Tyrone with a train for Sandy Ridge and Philipsburg. And by Bald Eagle Valloy R. R. for Port Matilda, Milesburg, and Bellefonte.

HUNTING DON & BROAD TOP RAILROAD.

The Through Express Train, leaving at 10.40 P. M., connects at Huntingdon, with a train for Hopewell at 7.30 A. M.

NORTHERN CENTRAL AND PHILADELPHIA & ERIE RAILROADS, FOR SUNBURY, WILLIAMSPORT, Look HAVEN, ELMIRA, ROCHESTER, EUFFALO, and NIAGARA FALLS! Passengers taking the Mail Train, at 8.00 A. M., and the Through Express, at 10.40 P. M., connect at Harrisburg with trains for Carlisle, Chambershung, and Hagerstown.

TORONGE ALLEY RAILROAD.

The Mail Train, at 8.00 A. M., and Through Express, at 10.40 P. M., connect at Harrisburg with trains for Carlisle, Chambershung, and Hagerstown.

FOR WEST CHESTER.

Passengers for West Chester taking the trains leaving

WESTERN EMIGRATION.

An Emigrant Accommodation Train leaves No. 137
Dook street daily (Sundays Excepted), at 3 o'clock P. M.

Glering a comfortable mode of travel to families going West, at one-half the usual rates of fare. Particular at tention is paid to Baggage, for which checks are given and baggage forwarded by same train with the passenger. Francis Funk, Emigrant Agent, 137 DOCK Street COMMUTATION TICKETS

For I, 3, 6, 9, or 12 months, at very low rates, for the accommodation of persons living out of town, or located on or near the line of the road:

COUPON TICKETS

For 26 trips, between any two points, at about two cents per mile. These, tickets are intended for the use of families travelling frequently, and are of great advantage to persons making occasional trips.

SCHOOL TICKETS.

For 1 or 3 months, for the use of scholars attending school in the city.

without change of cars.
For further information apply at the Passenger Statio
E. corner of ELEVENTH and MARKET Streets.
JAMES COWDEN, Ticket Agent.

FREIGHTS.

By this route freights of all descriptions can be forwarded to and from any point on the Railroads of Obio, Kentucky, Indiana, Illinois, Wisconsin, Iowa, or Missouri, by railroad direct, or to any port on the navigable rivers of the West, by steamers from Pittsburg.

The rates of freight to and from any point in the West, by the Pennsylvania Central Railroad, are, at all times, as favorable as are charged by other Railroad Companies. Merchants and shippers entrusting the transportation of their freight to this Company can rely with confidence on its speedy transit.

For freight contracts or shipping directions apply to or address the Agents of the Company:

he Agents of the Company: INGSTON, Jr., Philadelphia. TEWART, Pittsburg. D. A. STEWART, Pittsburg.
CLARKE & Co., Chicago,
LEECH & Co., No. 1 Astor House, or No. 1 South William street, New York.
LEECH & Co., No. 77 Washington street, Boston.
WM. BROWN, No. 50 North street, Baltimore, Agent
Northern Central Railway.

H. H. HOUSTON.

al Railway.

H. H. HOUSTON,
General Freight Agent, Philadelphia.
LEWIS L. HOUPT,
General Ticket Agent, Philadelphia.
ENOCH LEWIS,
General Superintendent, Altoona, Pa. ja2-tf ARRANGEMENTS OF 1000 1803. NEW YORK LINES. 1803. THE CAMDEN AND AMBOY AND PHILADELPHIA AND TRENTON RAILROAD COMPANY'S LINES FROM PHILADELPHIA TO NEW YORK AND WAY PLACES.

commodation. Sand Amooy, C. and A. Ac-At 6 A. M., via Camden and Jersey City, (N. J. Ac-commodation). 2 25 At 8 A. M., via Camden and Jersey City, Morning Mail.

For Bristol, Trenton, &c., at 11 A. M., 2½, and 5 P. M. from Kensington.

For Palmyra, Riverton, Delanco, Beverly, Burlington, Florence, Bordentown, &c., at 6A. M., 12 M., 1, 2, 4½, and 6 P. M.

**By For New York and Way Lines leaving Kensington Depot, take the cars on Fifth street, above Walnut, half an hour before departure. The cars run into the Depot, and on the arrival of each train run from the Depot.

**Fifty Pounds of Baggage only allowed each Passenger. Passengers are prohibited from taking anything as baggage but their wearing apparel. All baggage over fifty pounds to be paid for extra. The Company limit their responsibility for baggage to One Dollar per pound, and will not be liable for any amount beyond \$100, except by special contract.

WM. H. GATZMER, Agent.

LINES FROM NEW YORK FOR PHILADELPHIA.

WILL LEAVE, FROM FOOT OF CORTLANDT STREET,
At 12 M., and 4 P. M., via Jersey City and Camden.
At 7 and 10 A. M., 6, 7½, and 11½ P. M. via Jersey City
and Kensington.
From foot of Barclay street at 6 A. M. and 2 P. M., via
Amboy and Camden.
From Pier No. 1 North river; at 1 and 5 P. M. (freight
and passenger) Amboy and Camden.

ja5-tf WEST CHESTER & PHILADELPHIA, PENNSYLVANIA CENTRAL RAILROAD.

Passengers for West Chester leave the depot, corner of Eleventh and Market streets, and, go through WITHOUT CHANGE OF CARS.

FROM PHILADELPHIA.

Leave at 8.00 A. M......Arrive West Chester 10.00 A. M.

" 12.30 P. M. " 2.25 P. M.

" 4.00 P. M. " 10.55 A. M. " 12.15 P. M.

" 10.55 A. M. " 12.15 P. M.

" 4.55 P. M. " 12.15 P. M.

Passengers for Western points from West Chester, connect at the Intersection with the Mail Train at 9.17 A. M., the Harrisburg Accommodation at 3.45 P. M., and the Lancaster Train at 5.25 P. M.

Freight delivered at the depot, corner of Thirteenth and Market streets, previous to 12 M., will be forwarded by the Accommodation Train, and reach West Chester at 2.35 P. M.

For tickets and further information, apply to JAMES COWDEN, Ticket Agent, is 22 tf ELEVENTH and MARKET Streets.

PHILADELPHIA, GERMANTOWN, AND NORRIS TOWN RAILROAD.

TIME TABLE
On and after Monday, October 20, 1862, until furthe notice.

FOR GERMANTOWN.

Leave Philadelphia, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, 11, 12, A M., 1, 2, 3, 10, 4, 5, 5½, 6, 7, 8, 9½, 10½, 11½, P. M.

Leave Germantown, 6, 7, 7, 35, 8 5½, 9½, 10½, 11½ A. M., 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 10, 7, 110; 8, 9, 10, 10, 11 P. M.

ON SUNDAYS.

Leave Philadelphia, 9, 10, A. M., 2, 7, 10½, P. M.

CHESTNUT HILL RAILROAD.

Leave Philadelphia, 6, 8, 10, 12 A. M., 2, 4, 5, 6, 8 and 10½ P. M.

Leave Chestnut Hill, 7, 10, 7, 36, 9, 10, 11, 10 A. M., 1, 40, 3, 40, 10 and 10½ P. M.

10½ P. M.
Leave Chestnut Hill, 7.10, 7.35, 9.10, 11.10 A. M., 1.40, 3.40, 3.40, 5%, 6%, 7.40, and 9.50 P. M.
ON SUNDAYS.
Leave Philadelphia. 9.10 A. M., 2, 7. P. M.
Leave Chestnut Hill, 7.50 A. M., 12.40, 5.40, and 9.10 P. M.
FOR CONSHOHOCKEN AND NORRISTOWN.
Leave Philadelphia, 6, 9.05, 11.05 A. M., 1½, 3, 4½, 6.05, 8.05, 11½ P. M.
Leave Norristown, 6, 7, 7.50, 9, 11 A. M., 1½, 4½, and 6 P. M.
ON SUNDAYS. Leave Nortistown, c. 7, 7.30, 9, 11 A. M., 12, 2%, and 6 P. M.

ON SUNDAYS.

Leave Philadelphia, 9 A. M., and 2½ P. M.
Leave Norristown, 7½ A. M., and 6 P. M.

FOR MANAYUNK.

Leave Philadelphia, 6, 9.05, 11.05 A. M., 1½, 3, 4½, 6.05, 8.05, and 11½ P. M.

Leave Manayunk, 6½, 7½, 8.20, 9½, 11½ A. M., 2, 5, 6½ P. M.

ON SUNDAYS.

Leave Philadelphia, 9 A. M., 2½ and 6½ P. M.

Leave Manayunk, 7½ A. M., 5½ and 6½ P. M.

Leave Manayunk, 7½ A. M., 5½ and 8 P. M.

H. K. SMITH. General Superintendent, oct8-tf. Depot NinTh and GREEN Streets.

NORTH PENNSYLLEHEM, DOYLESTOWN, MAUCH CHUNK, HAZLETON, EASTON, WILLIAMSPORT, &c.
WINTER ARRANGE MENT.
THREE THROUGH TRAINS.
On and after Mouday, Nov. 17th, 1862, Passenge Trains
will leave the new Depot, THIRD Street, above Thompson street, Philadelphia, daily, (Sundays excepted.) as son street, Philadelphia, daily, (Sundays excepted.) as follows:
At 7 A. M. (Express) for Bethlehem, Allentown, Mauch Chunk, Hazleton, Wilkesbarre, &c.
The 7 A. M. Train makes close connection with the Lehigh Valley Railroad at Bethlehem, being the shortest and most desirable route to all points in the Lehigh Coal and most desirable route to all points in the Lehigh Coal region.

At 3.15 P. M. (Express) for Bethlehem, Easton, &c.
This Train reaches Easton at 6.40 P.M., and makes close connection with the New Jersey Central for New York.

At 5.15 P. M. for Bethlehem, Allentown, Mauch Chunk, For Fort Washington at 6.15 P. M.
White cars of the Second and Third-streets line City Passenger Cars run directly to the new Depot.

TRAINS FOR PHILADELPHIA

Leave Bethlehem at 7 A. M., 930 A. M., and 6.10 P. M.
Leave Doylestown at 6.30 A. M. and 3.40 P. M.
Leave Port Washington at 6.40 A. M.

ON SUNDAYS.
Philadelphia for Doylestown at 10 A. M. and 4.15 P. M.

Pare to Bethlehem.

Sl.50

Tare to Bethlehem.

1.50

Tare to Mauch Chunk

2.60

Through tickets must be procured at the Ticket Offices, Through tickets must be procured at the Ticket Offices, at THIRD Street or BERKS Street, in order to secure the above rates of fare.

All Passenger Trains (except Sunday Trains) connect at Berks street with Fifth and Sixth-streets Passenger Railroad, five minutes after leaving Third street.

nol7

ELLIS CLARK, Agent.

PHILADELPHIA

1862 WINTER ARRANGEMENT. 1862
For WILLIAMSPORT, SCRANTON, ELMIRA, and all points in the W and N W. Passenger Trains leave Dept of Phila, and Reading R. R., cor. Broad and Callowhill streets, at 8.15 A. M., and 3.30 P. M. daily, except Sundays. QUICKEST ROUTE from Philadelphia to points QUICKEST ROUTE from Philadelphia to points in Northern and Western Pennsylvania, Western New York, &c., &c. Baggage checked through to Buffalo, Nisgara Falls, or intermediate points.

Through Express Freight Train for all points above, leaves daily at 6 P. M. For further information apply to JOHN S. HILLES, General Agent, THIRTEENTH and CALLOWHILL, and N. W. corner SIXTH and CHESTNIT Street. REOPENING OF
RAILROAD.—This road; being fully REPAIRED and
effectually GUARDED, is now open for the transportation of passengers and freight to all points in the
GREAT WEST. For through tekets and all other
information apply at the Company's Office, corner of
BEOAD Street and WASHINGTON Avenue.

Ap3-tf President P. W. and B. R. R. Co.

RATEROAD LINES. WEST CHESTER
AND PHILADELPHIA RAIL ROAD.

VIA MEDIA.

On and after MONDAY, Dec. 5th, 1862, the trains will leave PHILADELPHIA, from the depot, N. B. corner of EIGHTEENTH and MARKET Streets, at 8.30 A. M., and 2.4, and 6.45, P. M., and will leave the corner of THIRTY-FIRST and MARKET Streets West Philadelphia, seventeen minutes after the starting time from Eighteenth and Market streets.

ON SUNDAYS, Market streets.

ON SUNDAYS,
Leave PHILADELPHIA at 8 A. M. and 2 P. M.
Leave WEST CHESTER at 8 A. M. and 4 P. M.
The trains leaving Philadelphia at 8.3 A. M. and 4 P.
M. connect at Pennelton with trains on the Philadelphia
and Baltimore Central Railroad for Concord, Kennett,
Deford, &c.

H. WOOD,
de8-tf.
Superintendent.

INSURANCE COMPANIES. THRE INSURANCE RELIANCE INSURANCE COMPANY OF PHILADELPHIA. ON BUILDINGS, LIMITED OR PERPETUAL, MER-CHANDISE, FURNITURE, &c., IN TOWN OR COUNTRY. OFFICE NO. 308 WALNUT STREET. CASH CAPITAL \$248,000-ASSETS \$330,175 10.

Invested in the following Securities, viz: First Mortgage on City Property, worth double Commonwealth of Pennsylvania, \$3,000,000 6
per cent. Loan.
United States 7.3-10 per cent. Loan.
Allegheny county 6 per cent. Penn. R. Loan.
Philadelphia and Reading Railroad Commany's
6 per cent. Loan (\$5,000).
Camden and Amboy Railroad Commany's 6 per
cent. Loan (\$5,000).
Pennsylvania Railroad Company's Stock.
Reliance Insurance Company's Stock.
Reliance Insurance Company's Stock.
County Fire Insurance Company's Stock.
Delaware M. S. Insurance Company's Stock.
Union M. Insurance Company's Stock.
Union M. Insurance Company's Stock.
Loan M. Insurance Company's Stock.
County Fire Company's Stock. 4.710 00 \$330,175 10 Losses promptly adjusted and paid. DIRECTORS.

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MARINE INSURANCE,
ON VESSELS. ON VESSELS, To all parts of the world. FREIGHT, FREIGHT, INLAND INSURANCES
On Goods, by River, Canal, Lake, and Land Carriage, to
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Scrip and Stock of sundry Insurance and other Companies, \$10,503, estimated value.

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INCORPORATED in 1794—CHARTER PERRPETUAL.
CAPITAL \$200,000.
PROPERTIES OF THE COMPANY, FEBRUARY 1, 1862,
\$438,516.13,
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CHARTER PERPETUAL. DIRECTORS:
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John B. Austin, HENRY D. SHERRERD, President, no18-tf WILLIAM HARPER, Secretary. TIRE INSURANCE EXCLUSIVELY TIME THIS CHARLE EACHUST FIRE THE PENNSTLVANIA FIRE INSURANCE COMPANY. Incorporated—1825. CHARTER PERPETUAL. No. 510 WALNUT Street, opposite Independence Square, This Company, favorably knownto the community for thirty-six years, continues to insure against Loss or Damage by Fire on Public or Private Buildings, either permanently or for a limited time. Also, on Furniture, Stocks of Goods, or Merchandise generally, on liberal terms. terms.
Their Capital, together with a large Surplus Fund, is invested in the most careful manner, which enables them to offer to the insured an undoubted security in the case of loss. DIRECTORS.

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Having a large paid-up Capital Stock and Surplus in yested in sound and available Securities, continues to insure on Dwellings, Stores, Furniture, Merchandise Vessels in port and their Cargoes, and other Persona Property. All losses liberally and promptly adjusted.

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PERPETUAL.
Office No. 311 WALNUT Street, between Third and
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This Company will insure against loss or damage by
Fire, on Buildings, Furniture, and Merchandise generally.
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THE ENTERPRISE INSURANCE COMPANY OF PHILADELPHIA. (FIRE INSURANCE EXCLUSIVELY.) COMPANY'S BUILDING, S. W. CORNER FOURTH AND WALNUT STREETS. DIRECTORS. F. Ratchford Starr, | Mordecai L. Dawson, | William McKee, | George H. Stuart, | John H. Brown, | John M. Atwood, | B. A. Fahnestock, | Andrew D. Cash, | Henry Wharton, | J. L. Erringer. | F. RATCHFORD STARR, President. | CHARLES W. COXE. Secretary. | fel5

THE ADAMS EXPRESS
COMPANY, Office 324 CHESTNUT
Street, forwards Parcels, Packages, Merchandise, Bank
Notes, and Specie, either by its own lines or in connection with other Express Companies, to all the principal
Towns and Cities in the United States.
(619 E. S. SANDFORD, General Superintendent. COAL THE UNDERSIGNED BEG

leave to inform their friends and the public that they have removed their LEHIGH COAL DEFOT from NOBLE-STREET WHARF, on the Delaware, to their Yard, Northwest corner of EIGHTH and WILLOW Streets, where they intend to keep the best quality of LEHIGH COAL, from the most approved mines, at the lowest prices. Your patronage is respectfully solicited.

Office, 112 South SECOND Street, Yard, EIGHTH and WILLOW. CLASSES.—All acute and chronic diseases cured, by special guarantee, at 1220 WALNUT Street, Philadelphia, when desired, and, in case of a failure, no charge is made.

Prof. C. H. BOLLES, the founder of this new practice, has associated with him Dr. M. GALLO-WAY. A pamphlet containing a multitude of certificates of those cured; also, letters and complimentary resolutions from medical men and others. will be given to any person free.

N. B.—Medical men and others who desire a knowledge of my discovery can enter for a full course of lectures at any time.

Consultation free.

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Fancy Flower Pots.

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Consols and Carriatades.
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Brackets, all sizes.
With a large assortment of other FANCY GOODS, entiable for CHRISTMAS PRESENTS, most of which are manufactured and imported for our own sales, and will not be found at any other establishment.

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MAGIC POCKET-BOOK, FOR THE NEW CURRENCY, Sent by Mail, for TWENTY: FIVE CENTS.

J.R. DILLON, Manufacturer, 13 as 6t 17 ANN Street, New York. LIQUEURS.—50 CASES ASSORTED LIQUEURS, just received per ship Vandalia, from Bordeaux, and for sale by JAURETCHE & LAVERGNE, and 202 and 204 South FRONT Street CHAMPAGNE.-GOLD LAC CHAM-PAGNE, in quarts and pints, for sale by CHARLES S. CARSTAIRS, oc20. Sole Agent. No. 126 WALNUT Street. CHAMPAGNE WINE.—AN INVOICE of "Vin Royal" and "Green Seal" Champagne Wine, to arrive, and for sale by JAURETCHE & LAVERGNE, jat 202 and 204 South FRONT Street. SAL SODA.—150 SMALL CASKS NEW
CASTLE Sal Soda just received, and for sale by
RHODES & WILLIAMS,
del2. No. 107 South WATER Street.

SHELLBARKS, AND BLACK WAL

NUTS.—A Consignment of New Shellbarks and Wal-nuts, of prime quality, for sale by BHODES & WILLIAMS, del2 No. 107 South WATER Street.

AUCTION SALES TOHN B. MYERS & CO., AUCTION. EEES, Nos. 232 and 234 MARKET Street. POSITIVE SALE OF BOOTS: SHOES, &c.
ON TUESDAY MORNING.
January 13, at 10 cilock, will be gold without reserve,
on 4 months' credit—
About 700 packages boots, shoes, brogams, cavalry
boots, &c., embracing a general assortment of prime
goods, of City and Eastern manufacture. PEREMPTORY SALE OF FRENCH, INDIA, GERMAN AND BRITISH DRY GOODS, &c.
ON THURSDAY MORNING,
January 15, at 10 o'clock, will be sold by catalogue, on four months' credit, about
of French, India, German, and British dry goods, &c., embracing a large and choice assortment of fancy and staple articles in silk, worsled, woolen, linen, and cotton fabrics

langgal pilatanggil Alika pilatangkil lata na langgal aki kagdanga-kabibibilikan penantungka paki

CURNESS, BRINLEY, & CO., No. 429 MARKET STREET.

SALE OF FURS.

THIS MORNING, at 10 clock.

A CARD.—The attention of purchasers is requested to our sale of furs, this (Friday) morning, January 9th, at 10 clock, by cats logue, on four months' credit, comprising martin at d fitch sable muffs, cloaks, capes, and cutts; fur caps, collars, sleigh robes. SALE OF IMPORTED DRY GOODS.
THIS MORNING,
January 9, at 10 o'clock, will be sold by catalogue

on 4 months: credit— 400 lots of fancy and staple imported dry goods. Samples and catalogues early on morning of sale. POINT BLANKETS, FOR RETAIL TRADE.
THIS MORNING.
600 12-4 fine all-wool white point blankets.
WEST OF ENGLAND BLUE BEAVERS.
20 pieces % heavy West of England blue beavers.
FUR.
100 LOTS OF FURS,
Consisting of—
ittel sable capes, cuffs, and muffs.
Siberian squirrel do de.
fitch sable capes and muffs.
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 SLEIGH ROBES. Also, large size bear, coon, and wolf robes DANCOAST & WARNOCK, AUC-TIONEERS, No. 213 MARKET Street. SALE OF AMERICAN AND IMPORTED DRY GOODS, HOSIERY GOODS, HOOP SKIRTS, &c., by catalogue.
ON WEDNESDAY MORNING,
Jan 14, commencing at 10 o'clock precisely. J. WOLBERT, AUCTION MART,

The subscriber will give his attention to sales of Real Estate, Merchandise, Household Furniture, Fancy Goods, Paintings, objects of Art and Virtue, &c.; all of which shall have his personal and prompt attention, and for which he solicits the favors of his friends. WHITE GRANITE WARE, GLASS, &c. In Lots adapted to the Retail Trade.

In Lots adapted to the Retail Trade.

THIS MORNING.

Jan 9th, at 100 clock, at No. 16 South Sixth street.

20 crates and casks assorted first quality white granite ware, comprising a general assortment of fresh goods, just landed; and ten cases tumbiers, goblets, beer-mugs, land contractors. bar decanters, &c.

EXTRA FINE OLD WINES, BRANDIES, &c., IN

CASES AND DEMIJOHNS.

ON TUESDAY MORNING,

Jan. 13th, at 11 o'clock, at No. 16 South Sixth street.

A large quantity of extraordinary high grade and pure old Madeira, sherry, and port wines; Martels' imperial cognac bigndy, in cases and bottles as imported; first quality on Monongahela whisky; Holland gin, in original cases and bottles; Jamaica, old nabob and Grenada

All warranted pure and unadulterated.
Catalogues now ready. MEDICAL. TARRANT'S EFFERVESCENT SELTZER APERIENT. This valuable and popular Medicine has universally received the most favorable recommendations of the MEDICAL PROFESSION and the public as the most efficient and agreeable SALINE APERIENT. It may be used with the best effect in Billous and Febrile Diseases. Costiveness, Sick Hee Nausea, Loss of Appetite, Indigestion, Acidity the Stomach, Torpidity of the Liver, Gout, Rheumatic Affections, Gravel, Piles,

A GENTLE AND COOLING APERIENT OR PURGA-TIVE IS REQUIRED. It is particularly adapted to the wants of Travellers by Sea and Land, Residents in Hot Climates, Persons of Sedentary Habits, Invalids, and Convalescents; Captains of Vessels and Planters will find it a valuable addition to their Medicine Chests. It is in the form of a Powder, carefully put up in bottles It is in the form of a Powder, carefully put up in bottles to keep in any climate, and merely requires water poured upon it to produce a delightful effervescing beverage.

Numerous testimonials, from professional and other gentlemen of the highest standing throughout the country, and its steadily increasing popularity for a series of years, strongly guaranty its efficacy and valuable character, and commend it to the favorable notice of an intelligent public.

Manufactured only by

AND ALL COMPLAINTS WHERE

TARRANTI& CO. No. 275 GREENWICH Street, corner of Warren st,, NEW YORK, ap21-1y And for sale by Druggists generally. A YER'S SARSAPARILLA IS A CON

AYER'S SARSAPARILLA IS A CON

Centrated extract of Para Sarsaparilla, so combined
with other substances of still greater alterative power
as to afford an effective antidote for diseases Sarsaparilla
is reputed to cure. Such a remedy is surely wanted by
those who suffer from Strumous complaints, and that
one which will accomplish their cure must prove of inmense service to this large class of our afflicted fellowcitizens. How completely this compound will do it has
been proven by experiment on many of the worst cases
to be found in the following complaints:
SCROPULA AND SCROPULOUS COMPLAINTS, ERUPTIONS
AND ERUPTIVE DISEASES, ULCERS, PIMPLES, BLOTCHES,
TUMOSS, SAIT RHEUM, SCALD HEAD, SYPHLIS AND SYPHILITIC -APPECTIONS, MERCURIAL DISEASE, DROPSY,
NEURALGIA OR TIC DOLOREUX, DEBILITY, DYSPEPSIA
AND INDIGESTION, ENSIPPELAS, ROSE OR ST. ANTONY'S
FIRE, and indeed the whole class of complaints arising
from IMPURITY OF THE BLOOD.

This compound will be found a great promoter of
health, when taken in the spring to expel the foul humors which fester in the blood at that season of the year.
By the timely expulsion of them many, rankling disorders are nipped in the bud. Multitudes can, by the aid
of this remedy, spare themselves from the endurance of
foul, eruptions and ulcerous, sores, through which the
system will strive to rid itself of corruptions if not assisted to do this through the natural channels of the
body by an alteraptive-malaism. Cleanse mut the veins;
cleanse it whenever you find its impurities bursting
through the skin in pimples, eruptions, or sores; cleanse
it when you find it is obstructed and sluggish in the
veins; cleanse it whenever it is foul, and your feelings
will tell you when. Even where no particular disorder
is felt, people enjoy better health, and live lenger, for
cleansing the blood. Keep the blood healthy, and all is
well; but with the pabulum of life disordered, there can
be no lasting health. Sooner or later something must go
vrong, and the great machinery of life is disordered Prepared by Dr. J. C. AYER & CO., Lowell, Massachusetts. Price & 1 per bottle; Six Bottles in one package, \$5.

Sold by J. M. MARIS & CO., at wholesale, and by FREDERICK BROWN.

HEALING POWERS OF ELECTRI-A CITY DEMONSTRATED ON OVER FOUR THOUSAND INVALIDS, AT 1220 WALNUT STREET, PHILADELPHIA.

The object of the following certificates is to show that cures at 1220 WALNUT Street are permanent and reliable. The first cure was performed nearly three years ago, the second was performed nearly one year ago, the third about one year, and hundreds more of like cases might be shown. ago, the second was performed nearly one year ago, the third about one year, and hundreds more of like cases might be shown.

READ THE FOLLOWING CAREFULLY.

About twelve months ago I had a severe attack of Diabetes, attended with other difficulties too numerous to mention. My desire for drink was constant, and although I drank gallons per day, my thirst was never allayed; I was only able to sleep at short intervals, which seemed like a trance. The mucous surface of my mouth and throat had become so parched and feverish, that I was in constant misery. I was also suffering from all the horrors of Dyspepsia, loss of appetite, Nausea, and frequent and severe attacks of vomiting; and so prostrated was my general system, that I was scarcely able to move about. I had availed myself of the science and skill of distinguished medical men, both of the Allopathic and Homeopathic school, and exhausted their catalogue of remedies, but found only temporary relief. In this condition, when every ray of hope seemed paralyzed, I heard of the discovery of Professor Bolles in the use of Electricity, and the wonders he was performing in curing disease, and placed myself under his treatment; and, to the astonishment of myself and friends, in two operations my Diabetes was controlled, and other difficulties soon disappeared; my appetite has returned, sleep undisturbed, and, in fact, I feel like one made anew.

I would further state that I have seen other remarkable cures performed by Prof. Bolles, and would advise the disease, at at 1220 Walnut street, and be restored to health. I shall be glad to give any one information calling on me.

Rose Mill, West Philadelphia.

Read the following from a preacher of the Methodist.

Philadelphia, May 1st, 1850.

Read the following from a preacher of the Methodist Episcopal Church, No. 1633 Helmuth street, Philadelphia:

In attempting a definition of my disease, I can only give some of the many symptoms which, taken altogether, were the most horrid; and even medical men did not know my disease from pathological symptoms. How ever, Professor C. H. Bolles, by whom I was cured, located my disease in the pelvic viseora, in five minutes after I entered his office, and offered to warrant a perfect cure in eight applications. And I frankly admit that in eight applications of Electricity, administered by Professor Bolles, 1220 Walnut street, Philadelphia, I am perfectly cured; and to me this is most astonishing, for I had exhausted the catalogue of old-school remedies, and grew worse all the time.

I had long believed that in Electricity resided a potent agent for the cure of disease, if a right application could be made; and now I can comprehend, from its powerful effects on me, for a speedy cure, although no shocks were given. All was pleasant, and accomplished as if by magic.

CONDENSING AND NON-CONDENSING ENGINE

fered much from lumbago, deranged secretions of the kidneys and other glands of the system, constant dragging pains in the lumbar region, and severe nervous dizziness.

I believe it is my duty, as a lover of humanity, to recommend this discovery of Professor BOLLES to the afflicted of all classes. There seems to be no guesswork, no confusion, no matter of doubt in his treatment. He proceeds on fixed principles, and according to fixed laws, which seem to me infallible and harmonious. He warrants, by special contract, the most obstinate, chronic and acute cases, and charges nothing, if he fails. I advise all of the diseased to try his treatment.

EDWARD T. EVANS.

RESHELMUTH Street, Philadelphia.

ANOTHER CURE OF PARALYSIS OF THE LOWER LIMES (Paraplegia) AND APOPLEXY COMBINED.

Read the following:

PHILABRIPHIA, March 31, 1862.

PROPESSOR BOLLES, 1220 Walnut street: The remarkable cure which I have derived from your method of applying Electricity compels me to thus acknowledge the great obligations I am under to you for snatching me, as it were, from immediate death. About two years ago, while a resident of Cincinnati, Ohio, I was visited with an attack of paralysis of the lower extremities, which rendered me almost entirely unable to stand upon my limbs. I employed some of the most celebrated physicians to be found in that section, but received no apparent benefit, and after a lapse of about eightpean months was taken with a spasm, which one of my physicians pronounced a fit of apoplexy. Two weeks elapsed from that time before I became the least conscions of anything that had transpired, nor could I concentrate my mind or converse upon any subject, without becoming very visionary and excited, until I placed myself under your valuable treatment. After my arrival in Philadelphia my attention was called to your treatment by a pamphlet handed me by my father, which contained the names of some gentlemen whom I had been formerly acquainted with, and whose statements I could rely upon. I immediately made up my mind to

N. B.—It will be well for the diseased to recollect that.

Prof. B. has given a word of caution in his pamphlet to guard them against trusting their health in the hands of those in this city claiming to treat diseases according to his discovery. This caution may seem severe on those using Electricity at hazard, but it is the severity of truth, and designed for the good of humanity. See advertisement in another column.

Consultation Free.

PROF. C. H. BOLLES, PROF. C. H. BOLLES, no.29-tf 1220 WALNUT Street, Philadelphia.

MACKEREL, HERRING, SHAD, 2.500 Bbis. Mass. Nos. 1, 3, and 8 Mackerel, late-caught fat fish, in assorted packages.

2.000 Bbis. New Eastport, Fortune Bay, and Halifax 2500 Boxes Lubec, Scaled, and No. 1 Herring.
2500 Boxes Horkimer County Cheese, &c.
In store and for sale by

MURPHY & KO in store and for sale by MURPHY & ROOMS, in 14th WHARVES. PARED PEACHES.—3,000 LBS.

M. THOMAS & SONS, Nos. 139 and 141 South FOURTH Street FALL SALES, STOCKS AND REAL ESPATE.
Twentieth Fall Sale—January 13, at the Sixcharge Twenty first Fall rale—January 23, at the Sixcharge Twenty second Fall Sale—January 23, at the Excharge Tatte of the handbills for each of the above now ready. REAL ESTATE AT PRIVATE SALE.

A large amount at Private Sale, including separate sale, including separate behave the Auction Store.

Practice in the Auction Store. SALE OF VALUABLE AND INTERESTING BOOK,

FROM A PRIVATE LIBRARY

THIS AFTERNOON,

Japuary 9, at the Auction Rooms, with he sold a triangle tion of valuable and interesting books, from a prince library. ibrary.
Sale to commence at 4 o'clock P. M.

AUCTION SALES.

Sale at N. W. corner Second and Walnut Special Structures OF A BILLIARD SALDON.

FIXTURES OF A BILLIARD SALDON.

January 14. at 10 c'clock at the northwest Second and Walnut streets, 3 superior billiard to tables, large mirror, large bar and fixtures, show &cc. May be examined any time previous to est PHILIP FORD & CO., AUCTIONE BRO 525 MARKET and 522 COMMERCE Street SALE OF 1,000 CASES ROOTS, SHOES, BRO GANS, &c. ON MONDAY MORNING.

January 12, at 10 o'clock precisely, will be said by a talogue, 1,000 cases men's, boy's, and youths' caif, by misses'; and children's boots and shoes.

MOSES NATHANS, AUCTIONER ner of SIXTH and BACE Streets. ner of SIXTH and BACE Streets.

FOR CHRISTMAS PRESENTS YOU SHOULD CLASS TO BE CHRISTMAS PRESENTS YOU SHOULD CLASS TO BE CONTROLLED TO THE USE OF THE TENENTS.

AT PRIVATE SALE, FOR INSTITUTE STATE OF THE USUAL SELLINGS THAN HALF THE USUAL SELLINGS THAN HALF Fine gold hunting case English patent lever wakes of the most approved and best makers topen for the most approved and best makers topen for the most approved and best makers topen for the most approved and lepine watches; elegant fine gold diamond first will eligible watches; elegant fine gold diamond first will eligible watches; such it is an anamelied lever and lepine watches; fine sold servest, and challein chains; fine gold braceler; earned breastpins, finger-rings, pencil cases and pens, long the delicity of evert descriptors.

EOWILDE THE CONTROLLED TO SERVE SERVED TO SERVED

M. NATHANS PROPOSALS. PROPOSALS FOR BEEF OFFICE OF NAVY AGENT
PROPOSALS will be received at this Office and by
AN NOON, January 12th, for furnishing ONE TO
SAND BARRELS OF BEEF, to be desired at
UNITED STATES NAVAL INPECTION OF PR
SIONS AND CLOTHING within thirty does not be acceptable. UNITED STATES NAVAL INSPECTION of Providate STATES NAVAL INSPECTION of Providate of the acceptance of proposal for the same reason of the packed in acceptance of proposal for the same. To ments of the Navy Standard. The Barres shall be activated by the state of the best seasons the most of the Navy Standard. The Barres shall be activated by the state of the best seasons to the Navy Standard. The Barres shall be activated by the state of the st

sions and Chounny, A READ STREET WHATE, Subjection in pection; the expenses of such inspection, if any, we borne by the contractor.

Security will be required for the faithful performs Security will be required to.

Security will be required to.

Security will be required to.

So Proposals will be considered unless arconnable

JAMES S. CHAMBERS.

Many Agen. PROPOSALS FOR BEEF CATTLE SEALED PROPOSALS are invited until the 15th days
January, 1863; for furnishing to the Substeme Dearment 2,000 head of BEEF CATTLE.

The Cattle to be delivered at WASHINGTON B.C.
and each animal to average 1,300 pounds, growed as
The first delivery to be made about January & 15th
or as soon thereafter as Government may direct out
undred head of Cattle per day will be registed to be
delivered under this contract. elivered under this contract.

A bond, with good and sufficient security will be n A folial, with good and sandon Scalify, was be required:

Proposals from contractors who have previously first to comply with their bids, from distoyal person, or where the bidder is not present to respond only first will not be considered.

The names of firms should be stated in fall, with a precise address of each member of the firm.

Payment to be made in certificates of indebted see, as such other funds as Government may have for dishars ment.

ment.
All bids to be accompanied by two grantees, a
directed to Colonel A. BECK WITH, B. C. and C. S. S. A. Washington, D. G., and endursed "Proposals
Beef Cattle." FORM OF CHILD ANDROY Beef Cattle."

FORM OF GUARANTEE

We, ____ of the county of ____ and State of ____
do hereby guarantee that ____ is able to fulfi thee tract in accordance with the terms of his proposition be accepted, be will and that, should his proposition be accepted, be will should the contract in accordance therewith Should the contract be awarded him, we are proposed to become his securities.

(This guarantee must be appended to seek him.) (This guarantee must be appended to each hid)
The responsibility of the guarantees must be show
by the optical certificate of the Clerk of the near-the
trict Court or of the United States District August.
Bids which do not comply with the above self by
fected. DEPUTY QUARTERMASTER DEPUTY QUARTERMASTER
GENERAL'S OFFICE.

PHILADELPHIA, 7th January, 183.
PROPOSALS will be received at this office and
THURSDAY, 15th inst., at 120 clock M., for the 4-ling
in this city of SEVEN HUNDRED ARM TRANSOUT
TATION WAGONS and TWO HUNDRED ARM TRANSOUT
LANCES, "Wi celling pattern; one talf of the Wates
to be completed and ready for delivery on or before the line
set of February, and the balance on or before the line
february next. All of the Ambularces to be complete
and ready for delivery on or before the list of February
The Wagons and Ambulances to be made according
specifications for the same to be seen at this office at
subject to inspection. The right is reserved to resent
bid; deemed too high.

Of H. CROSMAN,
JaS7t.

Deputy Q. M. Green.

BOSTON AND PHILADEL PHIA STEAMSHIP LINE, sailing from the port on SATURDAYS, from second wharf below SPENI Street, Philadelphia, and Long wharf, Boston. The steamship SAXON, Capt. Matthews, will sail from Philadelphia for Boston, on SATURDAY, January 10, 33, at 10 A. E.; and steamer NORMAN, Capt. Bazer, from Boston, on the SAME DAY, at 4 P. M. These new and substantial steamships form a regularine, sailing from each port punctually on Saturdays. Insurances effected at one half the premium charge in sail vessels. Freights taken at fair rates.

Shippers are requested to send Slip Receipts and Ma Lading with their goods. For Freight or Passage, (having fine accommanded apply to HENRY WINSOR & CO., no.15 332 South DELAWARI 19224 STEAM WEEKLY TO LIVER POOR touching at Opposition flow POOL, touching at Queensione Cafflebor). The Liverpool, New York, and Philadia Steamship Company intend despatching that hilly erec Clyde-built from steamships as follows:
GLASGOW. Saturday, James H. CITY OF WASHINGTON Saturday, James H. CITY OF BALTIMORE. Saturday, James H. CITY OF BALTIMORE.

GLASGOW. Saturday, January il.
CITY OF WASHINGTON. Saturday, January il.
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And every succeeding Saturday at noon, from Fig. 14
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Fares from Liverpool or Queenstown: 14 Chin, 52
\$100, \$125. Steerage from Liverpool, \$20. From Queen town, \$40. Those who wish to send for their riends uby tickets here at these rates.
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