## THE CITY.

MEETING OF THE RELATIVES AND FRIENDS OF THE ANDERSON TROOP.—A meeting of the relatives and friends of the Anderson Troop, who behaved so bravely and were so fearfully cut up at the recent battle at Murfreesboro, was held on Saturday evening, at the rooms of the Young Men's Christian Association, Chestnut, above Tenth, and although the call for the meeting was only issued a few hours previous, the rooms were crowded with some of our most intelligent and respectable citizens, among whom were several ladies, who seemed to manifest a lively interest in the proceedings.

At half past seven o'clock the meeting was called to order by Col. Wm. H. Maurice, who nominated Mr. Thomas Mason for chairman, and Robinson Easley for Secretary. The chairman having stated the object of the meeting, Col. Maurice delivered one of the most eloquent and earnest addresses it has been our privilege to listen to for a long time; his emotion frequently choking his utterance, and every sentence which fell from his lips seemed to find an echo in every heart, and when he spoke of his son—his only son being placed upon his country's altar, a willing victim for her defence—many an eye was dimmed with tears, as was that of the speaker. Col. Wm. H. Maurice spoke as follows:

MR. CHAIRMAN: When I look upon this crowded and respectable audience, and feel that this meeting has been gotten up between the rising and setting of to-day's sun, and recognizing as I do, among the mass of faces, many a father who has a darling boy in the Anderson Troop, which left our city but a few months since with such high hopes, and a firm determination to put down one of the most unholy rebellions that ever cursed the earth, or find a martyr's grave in the attempt, I feel satisfied that there is but one common feeling in every heart here, that of a fixed purpose to do something *this very night* to alleviate the sufferings of the wounded, and have a proper care taken of those who have fallen in the fierce fight in Tennessee.

Mr. Chairman, it is related in history that Hamilcar, the father of Hannibal, the Carthaginian general, led his son up to his country's altar, and made him swear eternal enmity and hatred to Rome! because Rome was the enemy of Carthage. You will pardon me, sir, for saying that I have placed my son, *my only son*, upon his country's altar, and he has cheerfully and willingly sworn eternal enmity and hatred to the enemies of his country's flag. It is but a short time since I bade him *good bye*, at the depot, with the rest of those brave boys of the Anderson Troop, and as the shrill whistle of the locomotive indicated to us that we must part, I grasped his youthful but manly hand, and as I placed in his possession the ensign which he was to bear with him on the field of battle, I said to him, the words of my boy, that you bring no disgrace upon your name or your country's flag." I saw the bright tear glistening in his eye, as he carved his answer upon my heart with the point of his sword, "I will, dear father, or if God in his wisdom spares me from the enemy's bullet, I will return to you again in honor, and you shall see this glorious flag, which we both love so well, streaming again, with its stars undimmed, and its stripes unsullied; not only over Fort Sumpter, but from every flag-staff on American soil, and from every mast-head that floats in American waters; and though rivers of blood may yet roll over our soil, and mountains of oppression be heaped upon our gallant sons, yet we will fight until every rebel is driven from the soil which he is polluting with his unhallowed tread, as old Jackson would say, perish in the last ditch."

Colonel Maurice's speech was received with hearty cheers, and was followed by short addresses from several clergymen present, after which a subscription was opened to furnish with funds such persons as wished to proceed immediately to the field of battle, and in ten minutes over $400 was raised; and at half past 10 o'clock on Saturday night, ten gentlemen started on their mission of mercy, amply provided with every comfort, and with instructions that if more funds were wanted they had but to telegraph, and all amount needed would be sent. God speed them on the journey of love and mercy!

THE RECENT TRAGEDY AT BRIGANTINE BEACH.—The recent horrible and supposed tragedy which occurred last week at the residence of Captain Benjamin Turner, on Brigantine Beach, New Jersey, has created considerable feeling in this city. The facts as related to us are as follows: Captain Turner and his wife had occasion to go from home a few days ago, and left the house in charge of a son and daughter, aged respectively about seventeen and twenty years, and a servant girl named Ella, a little girl about four years of age, named Smith. Early on New Year's evening the supposed murderer, a young man, about twenty years of age, who lived about a mile from Turner's, came to the house by the bay in his skiff and decoy ducks with the ostensible purpose of watching the setting of the game in the bay for the night. It appears that after putting out the decoys he returned to the house, and opened the house of Turner with the intention of robbing it, knowing that there was some $500 in gold and silver left there. Being intimate with the family, he remained a short time, and then took his departure. About twelve o'clock the same night the brother and sister were aroused from their slumbers by knocks at the door and a demand for admittance. They soon recognized the voice of the neighbor and supposed friend. The young man told the brother to go down and let him in, which he proceeded to do, when, as he opened the door, he was suddenly struck with an axe on the head, inflicting a horrible wound, from which he fell, and covered his senses, and immediately grappled with the murderer. By this time the sister heard the scuffle, and came bravely to the assistance of her brother. The struggle succeeded in putting the villain out and fastened the door. The woman then managed to bring the young man to his bed again. The baffled man broke the door open, rushed in, and seized Turner's gun to finish his horrible butchery. The young woman again grappled with him, and actually succeeded in wrestling the gun from his hands, and threw it out of the window. She then tried to make her escape, but, when in the act of climbing out of the window, she was again met by the murderer, who had gone around and climbed up the porch to head her off. He had the gun in his hands once more, and took deliberate aim at her head and, *fired*, but, at that instant, she threw a chair down upon him. The shot, however, struck the poor girl in the arm, causing a frightful wound. She then escaped through the back door, made her way to the nearest neighbors, and gave the alarm. The supposition is that, while she was away, the inhuman wretch shot young Turner as he lay in bed suffering in agony from the blows of the axe. He then set fire to the house, and it soon lay a heap of ashes, with the bones of the murdered boy and the little girl, Smith, who perished in the flames. The murderer, after he was found in the bay, lying in his skiff, with half his head blown from his body, and the gun by his side discharged. The father of the supposed murderer is a respectable man.

Brigantine Beach adjoins Absecom on the north. Turner's house is four miles from Atlantic City. The affair has cast a gloom over the people of the vicinity, as it is one of the most diabolical tragedies that the records of New Jersey have presented for a long time.

THE OYSTER TRADE.—This trade, which for a number of years grew so rapidly, has fallen off during the past year, in consequence of the difficulty of getting a sufficient quantity to supply the demand. Throughout the whole of the year 1861 only the waters of Maryland could be reached, and they were then so thoroughly dredged that for the past year a full supply could not be had, and it occurred several times that there were none in the market. The shores of Virginia have heretofore supplied immense quantities of superior oysters; but some of those beds have not been touched for three or four years, and they are in a condition to be easily marked of this city. Had the supply been equal to the demand of the past year, the trade would have been larger than that of any preceding year; but the oysters were not to be had. In all the waters of the northern tributaries of the Chesapeake at one time contained an abundant supply of oysters; but they have been resorted to by those who gathered them for market, and they, too, have failed.

ACKNOWLEDGMENTS. — Citizens' Volunteer Hospital Association, Broad and Prime streets, take pleasure in acknowledging the following donations for the week ending January 2d:

Proceeds of a fair held at the residence of Mrs. Pritchett, 1705 Spruce street, by Misses Ada and Jennie Duhring, Emma and Lizzie Pritchett, Rosalie Anspach, and Master Harry Sill, $125; proceeds of a fair held at 939 Federal street, by Misses Annie and Maggie Hanly, Harriet Wanamaker, and Emily Barnet, $30; proceeds of a fair held at 1713 Green street, by J. Millard Kessler and Charles Kessler, $146.3; proceeds of a fair held at 1826 North Fifteenth street, by Misses Marty Fulton, Kate Mason, and Angie Jackson, $10; American Protestant Association—viz: Montgomery Lodge No. 16, Israelite Lodge No. 20, Corinthian Lodge No. 45, and Waldense Lodge No. 67, $38; Mordecai L. Dawson, $50.

The Ladies' Aid Society of the United States hospital, Sixth and Master streets, acknowledge the following receipts in cash from a fair at Sixth street and Girard avenue, by Ellie Leeds, Harriet Weaver, Mary Funston, Mary Agard, Ida Swope, and Olivia White, $108.15; from Miss Harris, Bridgeton, N. J., $10.

THE LUMBER BUSINESS—During the year just closed there was more animation shown in the lumber trade than could possibly have been expected after the stagnation which prevailed throughout the previous year. The demand from the country has been greater than was ever known before, and the requirements of the Government for barracks and other purposes have been considerable. The high prices received by agriculturists for their products seem to be wise induced them to spend largely on improvements. The demand for building purposes has been much less than formerly, and the stock on hand is, at this time, less than at any previous period. The Northern Central Railroad, being almost wholly employed in the transportation of supplies and munitions for the Government, has checked, to some extent, the receipts through that channel. We have no North Carolina shingles in our market. White pine has been used largely for that purpose, and seems to be taking the place of the much-prized cypress. White pine flooring and Eastern-shore yellow pine are freely used, and meet with favor. Altogether, the trade, though not brisk, presents a healthy and improving appearance.

DEATH OF A GALLANT NAVAL OFFICER.—It becomes our duty to announce the death of Dr. Charles H. Pile, of this city, assistant surgeon United States navy, in the 24th year of his age, which occurred on December 23d, at St. Simons Island, on the coast of Georgia.

Dr. Pile was a graduate of the University of Pennsylvania, and for some time held the post of assistant resident physician in the Philadelphia Dispensary.

His commission dates from May, 1861, since which time he has served with credit on the sloop-of-war St. Louis, the steamer Water Witch, and the steam gunboat Paul Jones.

In the sudden death of Dr. Pile the Government loses an able and talented officer, and his family an affectionate and devoted son and brother. His generosity and cordiality won all hearts both in public and private life, and the esteem in which they were universally admitted. The deceased was a graduate of the Central High School, and was much esteemed by a large host of friends.

HIGH PRICE OF COTTON.—This staple has reached a price hitherto unprecedented in its history. At the close of last year cotton was commanding 33@40 cents, which sold slowly at the commencement of the year 1861 at 13@14 cents per pound. During the past year it has further advanced at least 50 per cent., being in request at 56@60 cents. The stock in our market is extremely light, and the prospect of the supply being increased is remote. It seems to be generally conceded that very little has been planted for the year 1863, and that the expectance be in the South quite half a crop of the past year's growth, while the greater portion of the crops of the years 1860 and 1861 must be still intact, and will eventually find their way to market, as the blockade of the Southern coast prevents shipments to any extent to Europe, and the amount manufactured into fabrics in the South, or destroyed, can be but a small portion to the immense crops that were raised in 1860 and 1861.

OPENING OF A NEW SCHOOL HOUSE.—A new three-division unclassified primary school will be opened to-day in the basement of the Eleventh-street Methodist Church, Eleventh street, above Washington avenue, Second ward. This is an admirable location for a school, being open upon all sides, and the building is well arranged for light and ventilation. Miss Mary Sandgran has been elected principal, and will be assisted by Miss Kate Edwards and Miss Baxter. With such talented instructors as these the new enterprise must succeed.

HOWARD HOSPITAL.—The following is the report of the Howard Hospital and Infirmary, Nos. 1616-20 Lombard street, for the last month: Number of patients registered since March 1, 1862, 4,628; during the month, 499; prescribed for, 1,312; prescriptions furnished, 1,010.

PUBLIC SCHOOLS.—The public schools of the city reopen to-day. The weather during the holidays has been very fine, and the juveniles have made the most of it.

THE GIRARD COLLEGE—ADDRESS OF THE GRADUATES TO PRESIDENT ALLEN ON HIS RETIREMENT.—The following appropriate address has been forwarded to Wm. H. Allen, late President of the Girard College, by the graduates of that institution. It expresses an affectionate regard on behalf of the former pupils, which President Allen is eminently entitled to:

PHILADELPHIA, December 30, 1862.

PRESIDENT ALLEN—DEAR SIR: We have heard with great regret of your resignation from the Presidency of Girard College. As it is impossible, owing to circumstances you will understand, to make more authentic acknowledgment of the regret which, we are sure, every graduate of the college feels in your withdrawal, we assume to express in their behalf our cordial sense of your loss, not only to the institution and its friends, but, indeed, to the cause of education.

During an experience of many years as the head of one of the noblest institutions of the land, you have fulfilled a duty of high moral responsibility with conscientious care. Your control has been firm, liberal, and just; you have inaugurated order which is law, and law which is custom, and you have been pleasant to those you have governed. Your own dignity and ability have imparted their virtues to the institution.

You rest from a work well done. After Girard, it has been your good fortune to have accomplished more than any other for the establishment of the college, your absence from which must be long felt, and will not, we believe, be supplied. The record which, each year, took back upon itself more honorable with years, as the institution developes, and you behold the good fruits of your wise and kindly efforts—efforts better appreciated in the manhood which you have helped to render respectable, than the youth less grateful, but not less benefited.

You know, sir, that none can more regret your retirement from the college than its graduates. Your presence there was to them a paternal friendship, around which clustered naturally union and brotherhood. You have inspired and encouraged in them affection for their old home, manliness and fellow-feeling, and virtues and talents creditable to their honest school and its good masters. We are sure that no testimony of praise will be more grateful to that content with which you will revert to the pleasant memories of your mission in establishing the orphans' Utopia—that of the "boys," who were once, indeed, your children, and whose love for the good old foster-mother is inseparable from the esteem which they feel for you.

With every respect, yours,

Daniel Kane O'Donnel, David W. Chambers, Wm. Ward, Samuel Brooks, Benjamin Wrigley, John Edgar, Charles Milligan, Henry Wrigley, Robert O'Brien, and many others.

THE CIGAR BUSINESS AND THE NATIONAL TAX.—The manufacture of cigars in Bucks county is carried on quite extensively, as shown from the returns handed in to the Assessor of the Fifth Collection district. The cigar-making business has for years been a prominent branch of trade in the townships of Rockhill, Richland, and Milford. In some townships, including Haycock, Springfield, Hilltown, &c., a considerable number are manufactured, though few in comparison with the districts first mentioned. Messrs. James Cressman, Peter Mumbower, and D. K. Weisel, in Rockhill, Abm. Cressman does the largest business. In Richland, Isaac sheetz and a number of others are engaged in the business. The tobacco is purchased by the different manufacturers, in Philadelphia and New York, and is distributed by them amongst those in their employ, at their several residences, in immediate vicinity, and these persons receive a certain sum per thousand, for making the cigars. In some instances whole families are thus employed during the winter. Many who are engaged during the summer months attend at farming operations, take advantage of the comparative leisure afforded by the winter season to spend the time in this way. James Cressman, who probably does the largest business of any, has lately been sending most of his cigars to New York. Most of the others find sale for them in Philadelphia. The price obtained for them at present ranges from $6 to $12 per thousand, according to quality. We give below a statement of the number of cigars, together with the amount of National tax thereon, as returned to Caleb Foulke, Government assessor, for the months of September, October, and November last, from Richland, Rockhill, Haycock, and Milford. This, however, will not show the full extent of the business, as it has formerly been carried on, being only the actual sales in these three townships for the months mentioned. Those who were formerly extensively engaged in the business, had previously abandoned it, on account of the tax and the high price of tobacco, and others who were in the business have been holding on for better prices. So that the annexed statement will hardly do justice to the business as it once was, or may be hereafter:

| *Districts.* | *Cigars sold.* | *Tax.* |
|---|---|---|
| Sept. { Richland | 74,600 | $125 65 |
| { Rockhill | 67,000 | 125 00 |
| { Milford | 140,500 | 251 14 |
| { Richland | 121,700 | 203 14 |
| Oct. { Rockhill | 151,700 | 237 54 |
| { Milford | 263,000 | 401 00 |
| { Richland | 59,000 | 99 75 |
| Nov. { Rockhill | 212,000 | 381 70 |
| { Milford | 109,500 | 181 40 |
| Total | 1,209,000 | $1,902 39 |

In addition to this, 150,000 cigars were manufactured in Rockhill under the supervision of some one in Philadelphia, the tax on which, amounting to $300, being payable in this city. It will thus be seen that the tax on cigars will afford a considerable item of revenue from Bucks county.

ANNUAL MEETING OF THE TYPOGRAPHICAL SOCIETY.—The thirty-third annual meeting of the Philadelphia Typographical Society was held on Saturday evening, at the Hall of the Fire Association. The following gentlemen were elected officers for the ensuing year:

President—Thomas J. Choate.
Vice President—H. W. Robertson.
Treasurer—John C. Robertson.
Secretary—William H. Jones.
Assistant Secretary—James Bielock.
Steward—William Mooney.
Librarians—Charles H. Schurch, S. D. Carter, William Lacey, Joseph McCreary.
Beneficent Fund Committee—Charles Brigham, James Leighton, E. H. Munday, E. H. Fell, and Thomas Nicholson.

The treasurer paid during the past year $1,564 85 on account of sickness, being $314 less than in 1861. $123 were paid to the widows of deceased members. Twenty-two members of the society are now in the army of the Union. Three have died in the service of the country during the past year.

ORGANIZATION OF THE NEW COUNCILS.—This morning, at ten o'clock, the new City Councils will meet to organize. There will undoubtedly be considerable trouble, in both Chambers, before an organization is effected. In Select branch, there will be some difficulty in regard to the Twenty-fifth ward, represented by Mr. Catherwood. This gentleman will occupy his seat, which will also be claimed by the gentleman recently elected. In Common Council, an effort will be made on the part of the Democrats to deprive Mr. Duffield, the Republican member from the Eighteenth ward, of his seat. Although no contest was declared vacant, yet that gentleman will be present and demand his rights. It was clearly shown, before the committee appointed to investigate this matter, that Mr. Duffield does not hold an office in gift of the United States Government, yet the majority overruled this, and acted on their own responsibility. Mr. Duffield is one of the most honorable and high-toned members in the Chamber, and nothing could induce him to hold a seat to which he thought he was not entitled.

CELEBRATION OF THE EIGHTH OF JANUARY.—The old soldiers of the war of 1812 will celebrate the anniversary of the battle of New Orleans, at the Supreme Court room, on Thursday morning, 8th inst., being the forty-nearly forty-eight years have elapsed since the glorious victory by General Jackson at New Orleans, and now a few war-worn veterans are almost the only persons who think of celebrating the day.

MAJOR HAWKSWORTH.—Intelligence from Washington, received at half past one o'clock yesterday morning, gives us little hope of Major Hawksworth's recovery. A consultation of surgeons took place on Saturday last, at which it was stated he would not survive until daybreak. A day or two since he appeared to be rallying, and his friends were confident of his recovery.

SAD CASE OF POISONING.—Amelia Grist, aged three years, living with her parents at No. 2310 Coates street, died on Saturday, from eating poison that had been prepared for the purpose of killing rats. Coroner Marshall held an inquest on the case. Three other children, aged respectively, six, four, and two years, also partook of the poison, but there are hopes of their recovery.

DEPARTURE OF THE PATAPSCO.—The iron-clad floating battery Patapsco got up steam on Saturday morning, and suddenly disappeared from her anchorage off the Navy Yard. She was helped down the river by the steam-tug Young America, and it is supposed that she went either to Fortress Monroe. During last week the iron-clad monster was put in complete order for active and efficient service.

A YEAR OF JUBILEE.—The German Reformed Church will celebrate the year 1863 as the three hundredth anniversary of the Heidelberg Catechism, on account of its faith, next to and explanatory of the word of God—that Catechism having been adopted in the year 1563—three hundred years ago.

SOLDIER'S FUNERAL.—The funeral of J. Huston McBride, who died from wounds received at the battle of Fredericksburg, took place at three o'clock yesterday afternoon. The deceased was a member of Baxter's Fire Zouaves and the Wecacoe Engine Company.

THE NEW MUNICIPAL HOSPITAL.—Wm. Neal, ex-member of Select Council, was appointed, on Saturday, by Mayor Henry as one of the commissioners to superintend the building of the Municipal Hospital.

PRESENTATION.—The Independence Hose and Steam Fire Engine Company has been presented with a splendid set of silver-mounted harness.

## THE POLICE.

[Before Mr. Alderman Bettler.]

**An Extraordinary Mistake.**

A case was adjudicated on Saturday by the police magistrate of the Central Station, which developed the fact that rebellion, under some circumstances, possesses enough power to invade even the intellect, by disarranging the functions of the brain. The bartender of a respectable restaurant, situate in the vicinity of Merchant and Eighth streets, was arraigned on the charge of stealing a pocket-book containing a number of thirty dollars, the property of Henry Shute, of New Jersey. The evidence adduced at the hearing may be briefly summed up as follows: Mr. Shute boarded at the restaurant on Friday night, and after some solicitation on the part of one or two men who were there, a four-handed party was made up for a game of bagatelle. The game went against Mr. Shute, much to his perplexity. The playing "off" the final game, the Jerseyman lost. The refreshments, as is usual in such cases, were called for, the Jerseyman taking order; he tendered a two dollar note in payment; the bartender pronounced it a counterfeit; the offered another, and then another, and the amount for the drinks was fixed at seventy-five cents; the Jerseyman demurred to this charge, and while the parley was progressing, an alarm of fire was raised in the street; the party suddenly left the cellar. As the Jerseyman was going up the steps, closely followed by another man, the latter attempted to rob him; the two men clinched, and in the struggle rolled down again into the basement. The Jerseyman, in his evidence, said the stranger rather got the best of him, and at last handed the pocket-book to the bartender. He was certain of this.

Question.—"Are you sure of this?" asked the alderman.

Answer.—Certainly, sir; the man put his hand in my pocket on going up stairs, and had it in there when I last clinched him, and we fell, and it was while we were struggling that the stranger pushed me back downward on the bar, and then he reached his hand over to the bar-tender; I know that after this was over I felt for my pocket-book, and it wasn't there.

While the hearing was progressing on Saturday, Mr. Craig, the proprietor of the William Penn Hotel, with whom Mr. Shute lodged and boarded, made his appearance, and soon put a new phase upon the subject:

"Have you found your pocket-book yet?" said he to the prosecutor; to which there was a negative response.

"Of course you have not," replied Mr. Craig; "your pocket-book, with all the money in it, was found in your room this morning by the chamber-maid."

This announcement took the Jerseyman by surprise. He did not know what to say. He seemed to be meditating upon the exact difference between a dream and reality.

The magistrate asked him what he had to say in regard to the last development. "I'll swang, squire," (he answered,) "I rayther guess the book was found as Mr. Craig said. I guess 'tain't no use to go any further in this yere matter."

In concluding the investigation the alderman admonished the gentlemen from New Jersey that he had better let cider alone, if it had such a wonderful effect upon his brain. The bartender was discharged at once.

**Alleged Highway Robbery.**

Charles Carlin was arraigned before the same magistrate, on Saturday afternoon, on the charge of robbing Mr. Charles Derivola, of New York, of a gold watch and chain valued at $160. It is alleged that the robbery took place on New Year's Eve, at the corner of Chestnut street and Letitia court, under the following circumstances:

Mr. Derivola intended to proceed to New York on the evening of the robbery. While near the corner he was met by a couple of men dressed as soldiers. They made a very poor mouth and begged for some change to get something to drink. Mr. D. having half an hour's time to spare consented to take them to a first-class house and treat them to whatever they desired. Upon reaching Letitia court and Chestnut street one of the men suddenly grasped him by the throat, and the other robbed him of the watch. He identified the prisoner most positively as one of the men. The defendant had no questions to ask nor explanation to make. He was committed in default of $2,000 bail to answer.

[Before Mr. Alderman Shoemaker.]

**Larceny of Molasses.**

William Gilbert is the name given by a man who was arraigned, before Alderman Shoemaker, on Saturday, on the charge of stealing two barrels of molasses from the store pavement of Mr. Heiss, in the vicinity of Front street and Girard avenue. It seems that one of the barrels was rolled away early on Friday morning and the other on Friday evening. The stolen property was not recovered at the time of the hearing. There was some evidence that he was seen rolling a barrel along the sidewalk. He asked for and obtained the assistance of several lads of tender years, to carry the molasses to a vendee. Upon this state of the case, the alderman ordered the accused to enter bail in the sum of $500 to answer at court.

## LEGAL INTELLIGENCE.

**Supreme Court at Nisi Prius—Mr. Justice Thompson.**

THE SWATARA RAILROAD COMPANY—DECREE OF SALE.

Hughes et al. vs. The Swatara Railroad Company. This was an application for the appointment of a receiver and for a decree for a sale of the property of the company. The answer of the defendants to the bill of complainants was filed on Saturday morning. It admitted the insolvency of the company. The court thereupon entered a decree, authorizing the sale of the railroad and all properties mentioned in the mortgage on January, 24th. O. W. Davis, Esq., appeared for complainants, and A. V. Parsons, Esq., for the company.

THE HABEAS CORPUS IN CROSS' CASE.

The case of J. Buchanan Cross, convicted of and sentenced to the Eastern Penitentiary for forgery, and who afterwards obtained his release by means of a pardon from Governor Curtin, based upon forged papers from the War Department, setting forth that his services were of great importance to the Government, was to have been heard on habeas corpus on Saturday morning, but owing to the absence of Hon. William M. Meredith, Attorney General of the State, the case went over until Saturday next. E. H. Weil, Esq., represents the prisoner. The petition for the writ and the facts connected in the case were reported in our local columns on Monday last.

**Common Pleas—Judges Thompson and Allison.**

THE BROAD-STREET RAILROAD CASE.

The City of Philadelphia vs. The Navy Yard, Broad-street, and Fairmount Railway Company, et al. In the case of the application of the City for an injunction to restrain the defendants from constructing the railroad on Broad street in the manner and to the extent proposed. The bill was filed immediately after the dismissal by the court of the bill of the property owners of Broad street, and sets forth substantially the same facts, and then avers "that by an ordinance entitled an ordinance supplementary to an ordinance entitled an ordinance to regulate railroads, &c., passed the twenty-first April 1, 1859, it is provided that no connection shall be made by one company with the road of any other company, without the special authority of Councils, except between cars provided for by the said charter, and that no passenger railway shall, at any time, be used for any other purpose than passenger travel." The road proposed to be constructed is next described, and it is averred that the route so elected is not a complete route between the termini in the act incorporating the Navy Yard, &c., Company, and a portion thereof is along streets not specified in the charter of said company, &c. It also averred "that neither of the corporation defendants have any lawful authority to construct a double track of six rails, and that such an attempt, if executed, is a violation of the rights of the public to the use of said streets."

It came up for argument on Saturday morning, and while the case was progressing, M. Russell Thayer, Esq., rushed into court and stated that he had been requested by the Attorney General of the State to file a suggestion on behalf of the Commonwealth for an injunction against the road, and he desired the court to appoint a time for the argument. Saturday next was named, and the case, for the time, was stopped, the defendants agreeing not to proceed with the work on the road north of Broad street.

Mr. Thayer further said that he did not desire to be understood as to the progress of the work on the part of Broad street, and, further, that Mr. Meredith had applied for a writ of *quo warranto* against the company.

DECISIONS.—By THOMPSON, J.

Gastine vs. Colliday: In Equity. Exceptions to answer dismissed.

John Naglee's Estate. Orphans' Court. Exceptions to auditor's report dismissed and report confirmed.

Samuel A. Sparks' Estate. Orphans' Court. Exceptions to auditor's report. First exception sustained, and second dismissed.

Hancock vs. Greenhagh. Motion for new trial refused.

BY ALLISON, J.

Levy vs. The Land Company. Motion for new trial refused.

Borune vs. Reed. Motion for new trial discharged.

Hammett vs. Grant. Motion for new trial refused.

Holt vs. Hanse. Motion for new trial refused.

Rosner vs. Beneficial Society. Motion for new trial. New trial granted.

Baker vs. Scott. Exceptions to auditor's report dismissed.

Schick vs. McCormick. Motion for new trial refused.

Cooper vs. Lucas. Motion to dissolve injunction refused.

## LEGAL.

IN THE ORPHANS' COURT FOR THE CITY AND COUNTY OF PHILADELPHIA.

Estate of RUDOLPH REISKY, Deceased.

Notice is hereby given that CHRISTIANA REISKY, widow of said decedent, has filed in the said Court her petition and application, praying to retain personal property of the said decedent to the value of $300, under the act of April 14, 1851, and the requirements thereto, and that the said Court will approve the same on the 12th day of January, A. D. 1863, unless exceptions be filed thereto.

C. B. ROBERTS,
Attorney for Petitioner.

ja3-em 4t*

IN THE ORPHANS' COURT FOR THE CITY AND COUNTY OF PHILADELPHIA.

Estate of JAMES KIRKPATRICK.

The Auditor appointed by the Court to audit, settle, and adjust the account of JOHN GARRETT, DANIEL BEIDELMAN, and WILLIAM H. KIRKPATRICK, Executors of James Kirkpatrick, deceased, and to report distribution of the balance in the hands of the accountant, will meet the parties interested for the purposes of his appointment on WEDNESDAY, the 14th January, 1863, at 3 o'clock, P. M., at 128 South SIXTH Street, in the city of Philadelphia.

H. E. WALLACE,
Auditor.

de29-mwf5t

## HOTELS.

BRANDRETH HOUSE,
Corner of BROADWAY, CANAL, and LISPENARD Streets, NEW YORK.
CONDUCTED ON THE EUROPEAN PLAN.

The above Hotel is located in the most central part of Broadway, and can be reached by omnibuses or the cars, from all the steamboat landings and railroad depots.

The rooms are elegantly furnished. Many of them are constructed in suits of communicating rooms and chambers, suitable for families and parties travelling together. Meals served at all hours.

Single Rooms from 50 cents to $1 per day.
Double Rooms from $1 to $2.50 per day.
de2-6m JOS. CURTIS & CO.

## SHIPPING.

BOSTON AND PHILADELPHIA STEAMSHIP LINE, sailing from each port on SATURDAYS, from second wharf below SPRUCE Street, Philadelphia, and Long wharf, Boston.

The steamship SAXON, Capt. Matthews, will sail from Philadelphia for Boston, on SATURDAY, January 10, 1863, at 10 A. M., and steamer NORMAN, Capt. Baker, from Boston, on the SAME DAY, at 4 P. M.

These new and substantial steamships form a regular line, sailing from each port punctually on Saturdays.

Insurances effected at one half the premium charged by sail vessels.

Freights taken at fair rates.

Shippers are requested to send Slip Receipts and Bills Lading with their goods.

For Freight or Passage, (having fine accommodations,) apply to HENRY WINSOR & CO.,
no16 332 South DELAWARE Avenue.

STEAM WEEKLY TO LIVERPOOL.—THE POOL, touching at Queenstown (Cork Harbor). The Liverpool, New York, and Philadelphia Steamship Company intend despatching their full-powered Clyde-built iron steamships as follows:

GLASGOW.....Saturday, January 3.
ERIN.....Saturday, January 10.

And every succeeding Saturday, from Pier No. 44 North River.

RATES OF PASSAGE.

| | | | |
|---|---|---|---|
| FIRST CABIN, | $100 00 | STEERAGE | $40 00 |
| Do. to London, | 105 00 | Do. to London, | 45 00 |
| Do. to Paris, | 110 00 | Do. to Paris, | 50 00 |
| Do. to Hamburg, | 110 00 | Do. to Hamburg, | 45 00 |

Passengers also forwarded to Havre, Bremen, Rotterdam, Antwerp, and all parts of Europe at low rates.

Fares from Liverpool or Queenstown: 1st Cabin, $100, $105, $120. Steerage from Liverpool, $50. From Queenstown, $45. Apply at the office to send for their friends cheap tickets here at these rates.

These steamers have superior accommodations for passengers; are strongly built in water-tight iron sections, and carry Patent Fire Annihilators. Experienced Surgeons are attached to each steamer.

For further information, apply in Liverpool to WILLIAM MAN, Dale street; in Glasgow to ALEX. MALCOLM, 56 St. Enoch Square; in Queenstown to C. W. D. SEYMOUR & Co.; in London to RIVES & MAGEE, 1 Great Winchester street Buildings; in Paris to COUE, 48 Rue Notre Dame des Victoires. Place de la Bourse; in New York to JOHN G. DALE, 15 Broadway or at the Company's office.

JOHN G. DALE, Agent,
del 111 WALNUT Street, Philadelphia.

FOR NEW YORK—THIS (SUNDAY) MORNING—DESPATCH AND SWIFTSURE LINES—VIA DELAWARE AND RARITAN CANAL.

Steamers of the above Lines will leave DAILY, at 12 and 5 P. M.

For freight, which will be taken on accommodating terms, apply to WM. M. BAIRD & CO.,
my21-tf 133 South DELAWARE Avenue.

FOR NEW YORK.—NEW DAILY LINE, via Delaware and Raritan Canal.

Philadelphia and New York Express Steamboat Company receive freight and leave daily at 2 P. M., delivering their cargoes at New York the following day.

Freights taken at moderate rates.

WM. P. CLYDE, Agent,
No. 14 SOUTH WHARVES, Philadelphia.
aul-tf Piers 14 and 15 EAST RIVER, New York.

## EXPRESS COMPANIES.

THE ADAMS EXPRESS COMPANY, Office 324 CHESTNUT Street, forwards PACKAGES, Merchandize, Bank Notes, and Specie, either by its own lines or in connection with other Express Companies, to all the principal Towns and Cities in the United States.

fe19 E. S. SANDFORD, General Superintendent.

TO THE DISEASED OF ALL CLASSES.—All acute and chronic diseases cured, by special practice, at 1220 WALNUT Street, Philadelphia, when desired, and, in case of failure, no charge is made.

Prof. C. H. BOLLES, the *founder of this new practice*, has associated with him Dr. M. GALLOWAY. A pamphlet containing a multitude of certificates of those cured, also letters and complimentary resolutions from medical men and others, will be given to any person.

N. B.—Medical men and others who desire a knowledge of my discovery can enter for a full course of lectures at any time.

Consultation free.

DRS. BOLLES & GALLOWAY,
de9-3m 1220 WALNUT Street.

EYE AND EAR.—PROF. J. ISAACS, Oculist and Aurist, from Leyden, Holland, is personally located at No. 611 SPRUCE Street, where he treats all diseases of the Eye or Ear scientifically and cures—if curable. Artificial Eyes inserted without pain.

N. B.—No charges made for examination. Office hours from 8 to 11 o'clock A. M. and 2 to 7 P. M. de31-3m*

PARED PEACHES.—3,000 LBS. choice New Pared Peaches, in white bags, for sale by RHODES & WILLIAMS,
de19 No. 107 South WATER Street.

CHAMPAGNE.—GOLD LAC CHAMPAGNE, in quarts and pints, for sale by CHARLES S. CANSTAINS,
oc20 Sole Agent, No. 136 WALNUT Street.

## AUCTION SALES.

JOHN B. MYERS & CO., AUCTIONEERS, Nos. 232 and 234 MARKET Street.

PEREMPTORY SALE OF FRENCH, INDIA, GERMAN AND BRITISH DRY GOODS, &c.
ON THURSDAY MORNING,

January 8, at 10 o'clock, will be sold by catalogue, on four months' credit, about

300 PACKAGES AND LOTS
of French, India, German, and British dry goods, &c., embracing a large and choice assortment of fancy and staple articles in silk, worsted, woolen, linen, and cotton fabrics.

POSITIVE SALE OF BOOTS, SHOES, &c.
ON TUESDAY MORNING,

January 13, at 10 o'clock, will be sold without reserve, on 4 months' credit—

About 700 packages boots, shoes, brogans, cavalry boots, &c., embracing a general assortment of prime goods, of City and Eastern manufacture.

FURNESS, BRINLEY, & CO.,
No. 429 MARKET STREET.

SALE OF IMPORTED DRY GOODS.
BY PRIVATE SALE.

January 9, at 10 o'clock, will be sold by catalogue, on 4 months' credit—

400 lots of fancy and staple imported dry goods.

Samples and catalogues early on morning of sale.

PANCOAST & WARNOCK, AUCTIONEERS, No. 213 MARKET Street.

LARGE PEREMPTORY SALE OF BRITISH, FRENCH, AND IRISH STAPLE AND FANCY DRY GOODS.
Just Landed from Steamer China.
THIS MORNING,

Jan. 5, commencing at 10½ o'clock precisely, consisting in part of—

BLACK CLOTHS AND CASSIMERES.
— cases superfine blue and black French cloths.
— cases extra quality all-wool fancy English cassimeres.
94 ENGLISH PRINTS, BLACK AND COLORED ALPACCAS.
— bales super. full 9-8 English prints.
— cases black alpacas.
— cases fancy check alpacas.
— cases mohair lustres.
— cases fancy dress silks.
1,000 DOZ. KID AND WOOL GLOVES.

Also, full line of ladies' and gents' light and dark colors, plain and embroidered kid gloves, from low to high cost goods, for best city sales.

Also, fancy dress goods.
EMBROIDERIES, LACE COLLARS, LINEN CAMBRIC HANDKERCHIEFS,

Also, a line of French embroidered muslin and cambric collars and setts.

Also, a full line of new styles Maltese lace collars and setts.

Also, a full line of Paris black lace veils.

Also, a full line of black and gents' ½ and ¾ plain, hemstitched, and mourning linen cambric kdkfs.

200 CARTONS VELVET RIBBONS, BONNET RIBBONS, &c.

Also, a full line of very superior quality black silk velvet ribbons.

Also, full line shaded and colored velvet ribbons.

Also, a line of rich brocheand all black bonnet ribbons

FLOWERS, RUCHES, AND MILLINERY GOODS.

Also, 600 cartons imported artificial flowers, bonnet ruches, &c.

Also, a full line of black silk lace edging, joined blonde, &c.

Comprising a very full and attractive assortment of perfectly fresh goods, adapted for present and spring sales, and will be found worthy the attention of the jobbing and city retail trade.

C. J. WOLBERT, AUCTION MART, No. 16 SOUTH SIXTH STREET, Between Market and Chestnut.

The subscriber will give his attention to sales of Real Estate, Merchandize, Household Furniture, Fancy Goods, Paintings, objects of Art and Virtu, &c., at the Auction Mart, and shall have his personal and prompt attention, and for which he solicits the favors of his friends.

FURNESS, BRINLEY, & CO.,
No. 429 MARKET STREET.

SALE OF 1,000 CASES BOOTS, SHOES, BROGANS, &c.
THIS MORNING,

January 6, at 10 o'clock precisely, will be sold by catalogue, 1,000 cases men's, boys', and youths' calf, kip, and thick grain boots, calf and kip brogans, Balmorals, &c.; women's, misses', and children's calf, kip, goat, kid, and morocco heeled boots and shoes, gaiters, Balmorals, &c.

☞ Goods will be open for examination, with catalogues, this morning.

SALE OF 1,000 CASES BOOTS, SHOES, BROG