THE CITY.

The Thermometer.

NOVEMBER 19, 1861.			NOVEMBER 19, 1862.		
6 A. M.	12 M.	3 P. M.	6 A. M.	12 M.	3 P. M.
24¾	44	47	49	58¼	61
WIND.			WIND.		
WNW	NNW	NNW	NE	S	S.

ARRIVAL OF A PRIZE SCHOONER'S CARGO.—The cargo of the Confederate prize-schooner Emma arrived at this port yesterday, having been captured by the United States gunboat Kittatinny, Charles W. Lamron commanding. The official report relates that on September 27th, at daylight, the schooner was seen, and several boats were sent to take her. She came from Velasco, Texas, cleared for Kingston, Jamaica, loaded with one hundred and twenty-one bales cotton. She was taken thirty miles from Velasco, longitude 95 deg. 32 min., latitude 28 deg. 30 min. The crew (numbering eight) were taken on board the Kittatinny, except the captain, Wm. Baker, the supercargo, Jesse O. Wagner, and one seaman, W. H. Baker, all of Texas, though the Bakers were formerly of Massachusetts.

At eight P. M., E. R. Pendleton, acting master, was ordered to take charge of the prize, with a crew of four men and a master's mate, to proceed to Key West or New York: at his discretion, the yellow fever prevailing at the former place. On the 2d October, spoke the gunboat Albatross, which reported yellow fever on board. On the 15th, in the vicinity of the Tortugas, moderate heavy gales were experienced, and head winds during the passage. On the 16th, falling in with brig Harriet, of Portland, the captain furnished them with some provisions. On the 24th, being short of provisions again, shaped their course for Beaufort, N. C., but, head winds prevailing, could not double Cape Fear. On the 25th, however, at one o'clock P. M., they made the place; also, two gunboats, one of which, the Genesee, came down and boarded them.

The captain, informed of their situation, gave the order to stand in and come to anchor near the United States gunboat Penobscot, and promised assistance after he had spoken the vessel in sight. At 11 A. M. they came to anchor near the Genesee, and at 3 A. M. the 26th, fresh breezes sprang up from E. S. E., and finally tore out the — pipes and night heads. The Genesee, however, supplied them with provisions, and the gale increasing, they were taken in tow by the steamer Maratanza. During the night the steamer was obliged to steam off shore, keeping them in tow. The tow-line caught under the bowsprit, ripping up the same. The vessel being completely immersed at the time, a bale of cotton was washed overboard, and the main and flying jibs washed away.

On the 27th, being assisted by the Genesee, with anchor and carpenters' tools, they bore up for Port Royal, and arrived on the 30th. Reporting to Admiral Dupont, he ordered a survey to be held on the vessel, the cargo being transhipped and forwarded to this port by brig Julia Ford, Captain Payne. The prize schooner is still at Port Royal, her cargo only having been forwarded hither.

The Kittatinny was built by Simpson & Neill, of this city, and purchased by the Government for a gunboat. She sailed from this port in December, of last year, since when she has been on the blockade, on the coast of Louisiana and Texas, and is still there, all her former officers, however, having, we learn, resigned.

DEATH OF ADMIRAL LAVALLETTE.—On Tuesday evening, at the residence of his son-in-law, in this city, died Rear Admiral Hile. P. Lavallette, U. S. N., in the seventy-third year of his age. His actual service amounted to more than fifty years since he entered the navy as a sailing-master, June 25, 1812, being appointed from Pennsylvania, though a native of Virginia. On February 23, 1840, he was commissioned as captain, and during the Mexican war, in 1847, he commanded the frigate Congress, and, with the Portsmouth likewise under his command, captured the town of Guaymas, near the head of California Gulf. In the capture of Mazatlan, late in the same year, he also assisted, and became Governor of the town. In the year 1859 he was last at sea, and in the record organization of the navy was made a rear admiral on the retired list. His death will be much lamented by both his civil and professional brethren.

SERENADE TO A WORTHY LADY.—The accomplished and esteemed lady principal of the Cooper Shop Refreshment Saloon, Miss Anna M. Ross, was serenaded on Tuesday evening at her residence in Sixth street, above Poplar. The affair was gotten up by a number of the personal friends of the lady, as an appreciation of the unremitting care and attention paid by her to the many sick and wounded soldiers who came under her charge. The services of the Jefferson Cornet Band were secured for the occasion. After repairing to the residence of Miss Ross, the band played in a masterly manner a number of patriotic and lively airs. This compliment to the worthy recipient was well deserved. Mr. Paul, one of the members of Common Council, who resides in the same neighborhood, was also serenaded on the same evening.

THE TAX RATE.—The Finance Committee of Councils have not yet reported ordinances to meet the current expenses for 1863, of the various departments of the city government. To-day, they will probably report the appropriation ordinances for the Board of Health, City Property, and Guardians of the Poor. The Board of Controllers, and the Commissioners of the Sinking Fund are the only delinquents, thus far, in not sending in their estimates. The former body met yesterday afternoon, and reported their estimates, which will probably be sent to the Finance Committee this morning. Until these ordinances are reported and acted upon, the committee will not be able to report the tax rate for 1863. If they should not do so by the 15th of December, the present rate will be, by law, continued.

MATTERS AT CAMP PHILADELPHIA.—Large quantities of army clothing have recently been received at Camp Philadelphia and been issued to the men. The rations issued by the Quartermaster are excellent—good fresh beef, fine potatoes, and fresh bread every day.

Of the fifty-eight men drafted from Bensalem, forty-two have been discharged—one because of a deficient arm, ten on the grounds of physical disability, and thirty-one on account of that number of volunteers having been furnished which the township had not been credited for by the County marshal, leaving but fourteen from that township.

ACKNOWLEDGMENTS.—The Christian-street Army Hospital surgeon acknowledges the receipt of eighty-five dollars, which are the proceeds of a young ladies' fair, held at a private residence, and which are to be appropriated to the benefit of the sick and wounded soldiers of the hospital.

The ladies' fair held at King's Hall, Frankford road, opposite Master street, realized seventy-five dollars. This will be distributed among the widows of the soldiers of the Eighteenth and Nineteenth wards.

THE PENNSYLVANIA RAILROAD.—The Democratic members of Council will hold a caucus today, for the purpose of making nominations for three city directors of the Pennsylvania Railroad. Two tickets, we understand, are in the field, the one being favorable to the present management of the road, and the other in opposition to it. The first is represented by Mr. Hugh Craig, and the second by Mr. Megargee and Mr. James Page, both of whom are known to be opponents of the road. The election of directors will take place, this afternoon, in Common Council Chamber, where Select Council will also be present.

ANOTHER NEW PLACE OF ENTERTAINMENT.—Messrs. Gardiner & Hemming, the circus proprietors, are fitting up the National Hall, Twelfth and Market streets, as an amphitheatre, and will soon open it with a complete circus company. The place is well calculated for the purpose, and when the improvements in progress are completed will rank as a first-class amphitheatre. The numerous classes who delight in the performance of riders and acrobats will doubtless find at this establishment entertainments well worthy of their patronage.

SALE OF THE CARGO OF THE PRIZE BARK "FANNIE LAURIE."—By order of the U. S. marshal, the balance of the cargo of the bark "Fannie Laurie" was sold yesterday at auction, at 107 North Water street, as follows: 3,470 bushels fifo salt at 45 cents; 1,260 bushels ground salt at 41¼ cents; 100 cases chickory at 7¼ @ 7¾ cents ℔ lb; 38 zinc cans for preserved vegetables, $1. The terms of sale were cash, payable in treasury notes previous to the delivery of the goods.

PROVOST GUARD'S OFFICE.—At a late hour on Tuesday night eighty-six men were sent from the Provost Guard's office, some of whom were lodged at Fort Delaware as deserters. Nine were sent to Annapolis, and the balance to Washington. Two hundred more will leave to-day; of this number twenty will be sent to Fort Delaware as deserters. The remainder will go to Washington to be returned to their regiments.

CHAMPION OARSMAN.—A gentleman of this city has presented James Hammill, of Pittsburg, for his prowess as an oarsman, a massive gold ring, fashioned like a belt, with a rich setting, and the words, "The Champion" engraved on the outside. Hammill, it will be remembered, was declared champion of oarsmen a short time since, at a race he won on the Schuylkill.

THE REAZER HOMICIDE.—Wm. Fleming had a hearing yesterday afternoon in the Court of Quarter Sessions, upon a writ of habeas corpus, and was admitted to bail in the sum of $2,500. He was committed on Tuesday evening, in accordance with the verdict of the coroner's inquest, for an alleged participation in a riot in front of Wrye's Varieties, in which Uriah Reazer, a soldier, was killed.

POLICE INTELLIGENCE.—Charles Steward has been held by Alderman McMullin on the charge of swindling a person out of the sum of $260. This is an affair growing out of what may be briefly stated a sailor boarding-house case.

Ann Nugent, charged with selling liquor without a license, at Eighth and Bedford streets, was also bound over by Ald. McMullin to answer.

STABBING AFFAIR.—Last evening, about half past six o'clock, a stabbing case occurred at a house in a court on Fourth street, above Carpenter. It appears that a man named John Gibson, a workman in the employ of Merrick & Sons, while under the influence of liquor, got into an altercation with his wife, during which he plunged a knife into her side, injuring her seriously, if not fatally. The injured woman was taken to the Pennsylvania Hospital. Gibson was arrested and committed to await the result.

A SAILOR SWINDLED.—Yesterday morning, Alderman McMullin had up Charles Stewart, on the charge of larceny of $200. The money was the property of a sailor recently discharged from one of our war vessels. Some weeks ago a similar case was tried in the Court of Quarter Sessions. The sailor states he gave the money in charge of Stewart, who keeps a boarding-house at Front street and Mead alley. Stewart was accordingly committed to answer at court, since it is said he has taken too good charge of the money to refurn it.

SUDDEN DEATH.—The coroner held an inquest yesterday morning on the body of Mrs. Lavinia Mintzer, who died suddenly, at her residence, on Second street, above Christian. She appeared to be in the enjoyment of health, and was in the store a few moments before her death. She had gone into the dwelling for the purpose of preparing supper, when she fell, and died in a short time.

SPECIAL MEETING OF THE BOARD OF CONTROLLERS.—A special meeting of the Board of Controllers was held yesterday afternoon to receive the report of the committee on estimates for the year 1863. The report was received and adopted with some slight modifications, after which the Board adjourned.

COINAGE OF CENTS.—At the Mint, there are now coined daily about $2,500 of nickel cents, all of which are distributed as soon as made, but still they are scarce.

PHOTOGRAPH ALBUMS.—More gaiety and more gravity have been exercised over photograph albums than over any other species of compilation. They are either portraits or parodies of all the "beauties, harmonies, and sublimities of (human) nature." A great many very bad jokes have been cracked over them, and a few rather good ones. A bewitching little wife and an old satyr of a husband have been characterized as a new version of Beauty and the Beast—a weak husband and a Jezebel wife, as St. George and the dragon.

Sedate clergymen, with very black gloves and very white neck-ties; sedate matrons, pluming themselves on their plumpness, and engaging in their embonpoint; green, skinny school-girls, with sickly-looking eyes and short dresses; middle-aged men about town, excessively polite and exceedingly profane; heads of families, looking as though they were being asked for money and were trying to get out of it; actors in attitude, and dancers twirling on their toe-tips—all these, and a hundred others which cannot be illustrated in a local, congregate together in a photograph album.

Some look as if they were visited with strokes of genius; some with strokes of apoplexy; others as if they should be picking rags; and others, again, as if their proper vocation was picking pockets. A few faces may be called beautiful. Women have often been called angels, and we presume it is for this reason lovers always prefer their sweethearts represented as among the clouds. Babies are bad enough in real life, (mothers, please pass over this portion), but in albums they bloom with a meek, sleepy kind of infantile horror, which is not preferable to their natural gifts of mind and person. However, as we are always in for fashions, so with respect to this fashion we cry with the crowd, vive the photographic albums.

THE CHESTNUT-STREET BRIDGE.—The Committee on Surveys of Councils, Mr. Quinn chairman, paid an official visit, yesterday afternoon, to the foundry, at Keighn's Point, of Messrs. Wilcox & Whiting, the contractors for the iron superstructure of the new Chestnut-street bridge. The committee were accompanied by Mr. Kneass, chief engineer and surveyor, and Mr. Sellers, assistant city solicitor, and others. The visit was highly gratifying in many respects. An opportunity was afforded to inspect the ample arrangements of this firm to execute their contract with the city in the time to which they are limited. The process of moulding several iron plates, for the exterior of the bridge, was gone through with, much to the satisfaction of the bystanders. The pattern room, machine shop, &c., of the establishment were examined in detail, and afforded much real pleasure and instruction. That portion of the bridge which is to consist of iron has been placed in apparently good hands.

NEURALGIA IN THE ARMY.—Surgeons in the army complain that neuralgia in the head, with which so many of our soldiers are afflicted in the cold weather, is caused by the want of proper protection from the snow, sleet, and winds. The small cap worn by our soldiers offers no protection whatever to the head and ears, and should be supplied by something more substantial. As the cold weather is now upon us, this matter should be attended to immediately, and our troops furnished with everything that is requisite for them to have in order to endure the hardships of the field.

DEATHS AT THE ARMY HOSPITALS.—The following additional deaths were reported up to yesterday:

BROAD AND PRINE.—Henry Aldrich, Co. F, 107th New York; Wm. Barres, Co. C, Berdan's 1st Sharpshooters; Arthur A. Berry, Co. D, 20th Maine; Michael Tyson, Co. H, 121st New York; Joseph McCullough, Co. H, 31 Maryland; Ephraim Dunham, Co. K, 157th New York; G. W. Miller, Co. A, 11th New York.

CHESTNUT-STREET.—Jacob Kegel, Co. E, 3d Maryland; Wm. Niles, Co. H, 32d Mass.

FIFTH-STREET.—Milton L. Coon, Co. I, 85th New York.

WEST PHILADELPHIA.—George Hile, Co K, 49th New York.

MASTER-STREET.—Thomas Montague, Co. D, 16th Mass.; Jonathan Wisinger, Co. K, 11th Pennsylvania; Wm Robertson, Co. H, 71st Pennsylvania.

DOING DOUBLE DUTY.—Last night, the steamship Saxon, of the Philadelphia and Boston line, arrived at this port, 48 hours from Beaufort. She took in her cargo at Boston to sail hither, but was pressed into the service of the Government to take supplies to our army at Beaufort, N. C. After she had discharged her cargo she took sail for this port with her Boston cargo.

CREW PAID OFF.—Yesterday morning a portion of the crew of the United States steamer Young Rover was paid of. Land sharks were not wanting, as they never are on such occasions; but it is to be hoped their rapacity, or the credulous generosity of their victims, was no greater than usual

FRANKFORD ROBBERY.—On Tuesday night, the residence of Edmund Hutchinson, in Paul street, Frankford, was entered and robbed. Two hundred dollars in money were taken, one-half being Pennsylvania currency, and the other treasury notes.

HELD TO ANSWER.—John Cannon, employed on the Girard-avenue Passenger Railroad, who was charged before Alderman Beitler with having stolen $170 from a passenger in his car a short time ago, was held to answer yesterday by that magistrate.

SALE OF FANCY GOODS, &c.—Messrs. Vitl Bros.' sale of ornaments and fancy goods took place at their warerooms, No. 639 Arch street, yesterday morning, and was largely attended. The bidding was lively and prices quite fair.

LEGAL INTELLIGENCE.

District Court—Judge Hare.

ACCOUNT STATED—THE GOLD COAST TRADE—HEAVY VERDICT.

Foster & Smith vs. John G Sandeman. This was an action on an account stated, and the facts of the case may be thus stated: The plaintiffs are merchants of London, and engaged in the African coast trade, and the defendant was a trader on the coast, stationed at Lojos and Badajiri. He had been there fifteen years, and during that time was constantly receiving from them shipments of goods designed for trading with the natives. These cargoes of goods were composed of cotton goods, chintzes, and bandanas, muskets, guns, rum, tobacco, blue shells, &c. These blue shells form the currency of the country, and are imported from Brazil, and brought in bags. When received there they are assorted, and then exchanged with the natives for the products of the country. In return, the defendant shipped to the plaintiffs gold dust, palm oil, ivory, &c.

In 1854 there went to him the account stated, on which this suit is brought. He wrote back acknowledging its receipt without, as he alleges, any material mis-ns of items. It was very voluminous, and stated a balance of account against him of £14 873 73. Subsequent examination disclosed objections to it on his part, and he determined to close up his business and return to England to have these supposed mistakes corrected. Some two or three months elapsed before he could succeed in winding up the business he was engaged in and return; and, when he got there, he was unconscious of anything to claim any correction. Additional charges had swelled to £20,915 1s. 1d., and suit was brought to recover this. The defence set up was, that the account sued on was not legally an account stated, payments of money, which were established, and large losses by the civil wars among the natives. The defence was not fully made out, and Judge Hare charged against the point that the account was not properly an account stated, and the jury returned a verdict for plaintiffs for $83,156 21. R Waln for plaintiffs; W. J. McElroy and C. Guillou for defendant.

District Court—Judge Sharswood.

THE ARMY CLOTH CASE.

Joseph Dean & Son vs. Robert McKinney.—This case was on trial all day yesterday, the defence having opened early in the morning. The evidence was all in at 4 P. M., and counsel commenced summing up. Our report of yesterday so completely set forth the defence that it is not worth while now to repeat it. Witnesses were called to prove that the mixture of shoddy with wool would injure the cloth, and that cloth to pass inspection could not be made from the wool sent by the plaintiffs to defendant, samples of which were in court. It was also in evidence that the delivery of inferior wool commenced in October, and the proportion so increased that in December and the early part of January nothing else at all was used in the manufacture of the kerseys save inferior foreign wools and shoddy.

Specimens of this wool were produced in court, and certain manufacturers of woolen goods testified that army kersey of a quality to pass Government inspection could not possibly be made from it. Dyers testified that it could not be colored a navy blue. The evidence was not concluded, as we have before stated, until a late hour in the afternoon, and the argument of counsel occupied until seven o'clock in the evening. Judge Sharswood then said he would charge the jury this morning, and the court adjourned.

The Cumberland.

The following beautiful poem, by Professor Longfellow, is published in the *Atlantic Monthly*, the December number of which has just appeared:

At anchor in Hampton Roads we lay,
On board of the Cumberland sloop-of-war;
And at times from the fortress across the bay
The sullen roar of drum swept past,
Or a bugle blast
From the camp on shore.

Then far away to the South uprose
A little feather of snow-white smoke,
And we knew that the iron ship of our foes
Was steadily steering its course
To try the force
Of our ribs of oak.

Down upon us heavily runs,
Silent and sullen, the floating fort;
Then comes a puff of smoke from her guns,
And leaps the terrible death,
With fiery breath,
From each open port.

We are not idle, but send her straight
Defiance back in a full broadside!
As hail rebounds from a roof of slate,
Rebounds our heavier hail,
Crushing from scale
Of the monster's hide.

"Strike your flag!" the rebel cries,
In his arrogant old plantation strain.
"Never!" our gallant Morris replies;
"It's better to sink than to yield!"
And the whole air pealed
With the cheers of our men.

Then, like a kraken huge and black,
She crushed our ribs in her iron grasp!
Down went the Cumberland all a wrack,
With a sudden shudder of death,
And the cannon's breath
For her dying gasp.

Next morn, as the sun rose over the bay,
Still floated our flag at the maintmast head,
Lord, how beautiful was that day!
Every waft of the air
Was a whisper of prayer,
Or a dirge for the dead.

Ho! brave hearts that went down in the seas!
Ye are at peace in the troubled stream.
Ho! brave land! with hearts like these,
Thy flag, that is rent in twain,
Shall be one again,
And without a seam!

PHILADELPHIA BOARD OF TRADE.

ISRAEL MORRIS, JOSEPH O. GRUBB, EDMUND A. SOUDER, } COMMITTEE OF THE MONTH.

LETTER BAGS.

At the Merchants' Exchange, Philadelphia.

Ship Ellen Stewart, Coffin.....Rotterdam, soon
Ship Zered, McGonagle.....Londonderry, Nov 18
Bark Martinus, Olmsted.....Rotterdam, soon
Brig Ella Reed, Jarman.....Havana, soon

MARINE INTELLIGENCE.

PORT OF PHILADELPHIA, Nov. 20, 1862.

SUN RISES.....6 52—SUN SETS.....4 40
HIGH WATER.....12 52

ARRIVED.

Brig J P Ellicott, Deveraux, 28 days from Ship Island, in ballast to E A Souder & Co.
Schr Cynthia Jane, Bennett, 6 days from Hartford, Conn, with ice to W M Baird & Co.
Schr Eleanor T Faunce, 5 days from Albany, with grain to captain.
Schr Julia Haris, Smith, 7 days from Boston, with mdse to Lowell & Collins.
Schr Lucy, Spence, 1 day from Brandywine, Del, with corn meal to R M Bell.
Schr Cora, Masten, 1 day from Brandywine, Del, with flour to R M Bell.
Schr L B Myers, Somers, Newburyport, Tyler, Stone & Co.
Schr Fly, Obresman, Newport, Simnickson & Glover.
Schr S L Stevens, Studley, Boston, Noble, Caldwell & Co.

BY TELEGRAPH.

(Correspondence of the Philadelphia Exchange.)

LEWES, Del, Nov. 17.

The following vessels are at the Breakwater this afternoon: Barks St James, from New York, for Philadelphia; "Sniliwell," with salt for New York, put in for harbor, having lost three on the passage by fever; brigs Julia, from Havana, with sugar and molasses for Boston; Meteor, from Matanzas; Abby Watson, from Cardenas; Eliza, for Plymouth, Eng; F Nelson; schrs Ivy Morton, Goldstone; Thomas Borden; Hazzil, with hay; Amy Wooster, Sylph, Grace Girdler, J E Daily; A M Aldridge, Chatham, J B Whiler, Leoness, Cabot, Harmonie, Home, H D Grindle, Bergen, and Mayflower; also, steamers Planet, with troops for Fortress Monroe, and a steamer with 31 recruits for the army.

Yours, &c. JOHN P. MARSHALL.

MEMORANDA.

Ship Constitution, Higgins, 43 days from Liverpool for this port, was spoken in lat 41, lon 92—no date.

Ship Belle of the Ocean, Reed, sailed from Liverpool 1st inst for this port.

Ship Clara Wheeler, Hiltz, from Bombay for Liverpool, was repairing at Simons' Bay 18 inst.

Ship W D Sewell, from Cronstadt for Boston, put into Queenstown 4th inst leaky.

Bark Faith, Clark, from New Orleans, bound to Bordeaux, put into New York yesterday for water, provisions, and sails; has experienced heavy NE gales, lost sails, &c.

Bark Hiawatha, Ryder, hence, was discharging at Algoa Bay 16th Sept.

Bark Alex McNeill, Somers, for this port, cleared at Liverpool 3d inst

Bark Parana, May, from New York for Shanghae, was repairing at Simon's 13th Sept.

Brig Chesapeake, Bailey, cleared at Boston yesterday for Wilmington, Del.

Schr Sedona, Wall, sailed from Portsmouth 15th inst for this port

MARINE MISCELLANY.

Bark Lucy Johnson, Johnson, from Philadelphia, driven ashore in a gale in the harbor of Cape Town, 6 G H, was owned by the master and Wm G Johnson, Esq, of Uncasville, Conn, and is reported to be fully insured.

NOTICE TO MARINERS.

Ocracocke Light Station, near the entrance to Ocracocoke Inlet, N C, and about 23¾ nautical miles to the southward of westward of Cape Hatteras, has been refitted.

The height of the tower from base to focal plane is 65 feet, and above sea level 75 feet; it is conical in form, color white, surmounted by a lantern, color red.

The apparatus is a fourth-order Fresnel, arc of the horizon illuminated 270 deg.

The light is a fixed white, secondary sea coast and harbor. It will be exhibited for the first time on the night of the 5th of November, and every night thereafter, and it can be seen 15 miles.

Latitude 35 06 31 N., longitude 76 58 28.

By order of the Light-House Board:

J. F. SMITH, Lt. Ho. Eng.

EDUCATIONAL.

A CARD.—CALEB S. HALLOWELL, A. M., late of Alexandria, Va., has removed to this city, and proposes to open a School of the highest grade, for the instruction of a limited number of Students in English, and in the Languages, Sciences, and Mathematics.

The School will be supplied with an unusually large and valuable collection of Philosophical and Chemical Apparatus, a fine Telescope, equatorially mounted, a Theodolite, Compass, &c., &c., for instruction in Surveying and Civil Engineering; an extensive cabinet of Minerals, and all else appertaining to an Institution of the most substantial character.

The location of the School will shortly be determined on, and notice duly given by advertisement, until which time G. S. H. may be found at his temporary rooms, S. W. corner of EIGHTH and ARCH Streets (over the Drug Store of Ed. Parrish), where he will receive and personally instruct such students as desire to enter at once upon their course of study.

A few Primary Pupils will also be admitted, who will receive special attention. Hours from 9 A. M. to 2 P. M.

REFERENCES: Rev. Robert E. Rogers, University of Pennsylvania; Benjamin Ballowell, Rhody Spring, Md., and Judge W. D. Kelley, Dilwyn Parrish, Uriah Hunt, Robert Shoemaker & Co., and James W Queen & Co., of Philadelphia. no19-3t*

GERMAN LANGUAGE AND LITERATURE.—Professor FRED A. ROESE'S graduated Classes and Lectures for the term, of FIVE DOLLARS per twelve weeks, have now commenced. For programmes, particulars, and subscriptions, please call at Mr. F. A. LEYPOLDT'S Bookstore, 1323 CHESTNUT Street, or Mr. R's residence, 1222 FILBERT St. no17-6t*

PROF. MASSE, A. M., is now forming a CLASS on Pronunciation, Grammar, Conversation, and Reading, on the Oral plan. Lessons VERY DAY—88 a month. 1342 SPRUCE street. no15-1m

INDEPENDENCE CITY CADETS.—The Academy of the subscriber for the Military Instruction of youth, being now in successful operation at the ARCH STREET, northeast corner of EIGHTEENTH and CHESTNUT Streets, he solicits a call from those interested in this branch of Education, on the days of drill, Mondays and Thursday, at 4 o'clock P. M.

A Class is proposed of lads from the age of 16 upward, and a list is open for subscribers.

For further particulars apply to G. ECKENDORFF, no17-6t No. 1912 COATES Street.

PENNSYLVANIA MILITARY ACADEMY, at West Chester, (for boarders only). This Academy will be opened on THURSDAY, September 4th, 1862. It was chartered by the Legislature, at its last session, with full collegiate powers.

In its capacious buildings, which were erected and furnished at a cost of over sixty thousand dollars, are arrangements of the highest order for the comfortable quartering and subsisting of one hundred and fifty cadets.

A corps of competent and experienced teachers will give their undivided attention to the educational department, and aim to make their instructions thorough and practical. The department of studies embraces the following courses: Primary, Commercial, and Scientific, Collegiate and Military. A graduate of the United States Military Academy, of high standing in his class, and of experience in the field, devotes his exclusive attention to the Mathematics and Engineering. The moral training of cadets will be carefully attended to. For circulars, apply to JAS. H. OENE, Esq., No. 626 CHESTNUT St., or at the Book Stand of Continental Hotel, Philadelphia, or to Colonel THEODORE HYATT, President Pennsylvania Military Academy. no4 1m

VILLAGE GREEN SEMINARY.—A select Boarding School, near MEDIA, Pa. Thorough course in Mathematics, Classics, English studies, &c.

Military Tactics taught. Classes in Book keeping, Surveying, and Civil Engineering. Pupils taken of all ages, and are received at any time.

Boarding per week, $2 25.

Tuition per quarter, $6.00.

For catalogues or information address Rev. J. HERVEY BARTON, A. M., Village Green, Pa. oc10-tf

LINDEN HALL MORAVIAN FEMALE SEMINARY, at LITITZ, Lancaster county, Penna., founded 1794. Offers superior advantages for thorough and accomplished Female education. For circulars and information, apply to Messrs. JORDAN & BROTHERS, 599 North THIRD Street, Philadelphia, or to Rev. W. C. REICHEL, Principal. au29-3m

FOR SALE AND TO LET.

A DESIRABLE CHESTER COUNTY FARM AT PRIVATE SALE—120 ACRES of first-rate LAND, 9 acres of which are covered with good timber. The arable land is in a high state of cultivation, well watered, and under good fences. Large and valuable stone buildings, situated on an elevated site, commanding an extensive view of a well-cultivated country around, and of the West Chester and Philadelphia Railroad, which passes along one side of said farm. This is a very desirable property, and is well worth the attention of a gentleman wishing to purchase either a good farm or a country residence, being within ten minutes' walk of the post office and station on said railroad, twenty three miles from Philadelphia, and three from West Chester. There are several beautiful sites for cottages on this property, which could be disposed of to advantage

For particulars, or persons wishing to view the property, will call on B. Buckwalter, West Chester, or on the subscriber, near the Stockton station on said railroad.

WELLINGTON HICKMAN.

Thornbury twp., Chester co., Nov. 18, 1862. } no18-tnths-tf*

FOR SALE—A FIRST-CLASS RETAIL DRUG STORE, *ESTABLISHED IN 1823*

The subscriber, wishing to retire from business, will dispose of his Drug Store, situated in the Northeast corner of BALTIMORE and GAY Streets, one of the principal thoroughfares of the city, is in full operation, and doing a large PRESCRIPTION AND RETAIL Business, with a patronage of the highest respectability.

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For particulars, inquire of HEZEKIAH KING, 51 BEEKMAN Street, New York; or, D. LANDRETH & SON, 21 South SIXTH Street, Philada.

FOR RENT.—MARKET ST.—From January 1st, the second, third, and fourth floors of Nos. 426 and 428 Market street, 33 by 117 feet. Apply, between 12 and 2 o'clock, at 320 WALNUT St., Office No. 2, up stairs. no13-thmtf

TO RENT—Germantown Residence, BITTENHOUSE Street, above Green; lot 44 by 175. Range, bath, and fine well of water. Rent $15 per month. Apply to W. F. SMITH, at Depot. no19 3t*

FOURTH-STREET DWELLING.—The well-built, large four-story DWELLING, with three-story back buildings, and stable, No. 528 North FOURTH Street—20 feet by 162 feet, to Crown street—is specially adapted for a Physician. For sale by

ANTHONY P. & J. H. MORRIS, no14-6t No. 916 ARCH Street.

FOR SALE OR TO LET—A splendid large Stone COTTAGE, near CHESTNUT HILL, at a Station on the Railroad, with eight acres of ground, beautifully situated. Farm-house, Carriage-house, Stable, &c. Everything most substantial and complete. Terms very easy. B. F. GLENN, no8-tf 123 South FOURTH Street.

TO LET—A COMMODIOUS DWELLING, No. 132 North FRONT Street. Rent moderate. Apply to WETHERILL & BRO., oc27-tf 47 and 49 North SECOND Street.

FOR SALE—A splendid, large Chestnut Hill COTTAGE, with every possible convenience, and eight acres of ground, carriage house, &c., complete. On very easy terms. B. F. GLENN, oc18 No. 123 South FOURTH Street.

TO RENT—A THREE-STORY BRICK DWELLING, on RACE Street, one door above Twelfth, north side. Rent low to a good tenant. Apply to WETHERILL & BROTHERS, je12 47 and 49 North SECOND Street.

FOR SALE—CHESTER VALLEY FARM, 30 acres, 12 fine timber, the balance in a high state of cultivation, situate half a mile from railroad station, 16 miles from city. First-class improvements; handsomely shaded lawn; fine fruits, &c.

Also, a number of FARMS in Delaware and Chester counties.

Apply to E. PETTIT, oc25-tf No 309 WALNUT Street.

FOR SALE—A good Jersey FARM OF NINETY ACRES, on the Rancocas, half mile from Delanco, twelve miles from Camden. Twenty acres excellent Meadow, a great abundance of Fruit, good Buildings, &c., or will Exchange for good City Property. B. F. GLENN, oc18 No. 123 South FOURTH Street.

FOR SALE—BEAUTIFUL FARM, 55 acres, 2¼ miles from Bristol, or Shamoney station, 20 miles from the city, with fine improvements.

Also, a large number of FRUIT FARMS, in the States of Delaware and Maryland.

Also, a number to exchange in the adjoining counties, New Jersey, &c.

Apply to E. PETTIT, oc25-tf No. 309 WALNUT Street.

FOR SALE OR TO LET—Four HOUSES, on the west side of BROAD Street, below Columbia avenue. Apply at the southwest corner of MINTS and SANSOM Streets. no11-3t

MEDICINAL.

HAS PROF. BOLLES' DISCOVERY in the application of GALVANISM, MAGNETISM, and other modifications of ELECTRICITY, received general favor among the most liberal Medical Men of the Old Schools, and is Prof. B.'s system now being brought rapidly into public favor? Yes, verily, and if you doubt it, read *carefully* the following extracts of letters, and also opinions of some of the most eminent Medical Men of this and other States, who have been traveling and lecturing, teaching and applying the different modifications of Electricity, as taught them by Prof. BOLLES:

READ THE FOLLOWING FROM EMINENT M. D.'s

"The testimony of a Medical Man of the Old Schools, thirty years—fifteen years in the Allopathic School and fifteen in the Homœopathic—and has for two years since, being qualified by Prof. B., made Electricity a specialty, has cured thousands never benefited by medicines.

Some five months ago I was attracted by a card of Professor Bolles, No 1220 Walnut-street, Philadelphia, claiming a discovery that he had made in the use and application of the various forms and modifications of Electricity for the cure of all curable diseases. I called on this gentleman, and after listening to his theory of the Electrical laws governing the cure of disease, and his discovery in the application of Electricity in accordance with the polarities of the brain and nervous system, I was impressed that he had something new, and at once applied for instructions on the subject. I now speak from experience, as I have remained in his office for two months, watching the result of his operations and having myself the charge of one of the treating rooms for nearly the whole time, and treated from twelve to fifteen cases daily, comprising all kinds and grades of chronic disease. Although my expectations were high, I must confess they have been fully realized. I have seen a great number of patients who had availed themselves of the best medical and surgical aids and remedies for years—cases I well knew to be incurable by all other known remedies—permanently cured by a few applications of Electricity; and what has surprised me most, was the rapid improvement and cure of many cases pronounced pulmonary consumption by their physicians, because I had been instructed by Dr. Paige to avoid all such cases, as the treatment tended to injure. I feel impelled by a sense of duty to caution the public against the indiscriminate use of Electricity, as I have known injury to result from its use, in the hands of the ignorant. I would here remark that I have never in my whole experience, or observation, (pamphlets, or lecture books, journals, or conversed with men, read or heard of the general or special application of Electricity to the cure of disease, as taught by Professor Bolles, and, therefore, conclude it is original with him.

I would say to those tampering with this mighty agent of life and death to beware lest you strike a blow at the citadel of life, and never think of applying it to the living organism until you understand its nature, and when, where, and how to apply it.

I would here take occasion to recommend my professional brethren throughout the country to turn their attention to the instruction imparted by Professor Bolles, who has certainly, in my opinion, discovered the only reliable mode of its application, and thus rendered an important service to the healing art, and a lasting blessing to suffering and diseased humanity

JAMES P. GREVES, M. D.,
206 Pine street, Philadelphia.

Since then Dr. Greves has been qualifying his brethren in the medical profession, who, to a man, endorse the discovery of Professor Bolles

W. B. Wells, M. D., Buffalo, N. Y.; "Are a seer's practice, writes to Prof. B. as follows:

I think my faith fully comprehends the fact that Electricity, correctly applied, according to your discovery, is abundantly competent to cure all curable diseases. My experience and success, after extensive practice, fully warrant this assertion. Were I sick with a fatal disease, I would far sooner trust my life in the hands of a skillful Electrician than all the "pathies" on earth besides.

BUFFALO, N. Y. W. B. WELLS, M. D.

NOVEMBER 12, 1862.

PROF. BOLLES: I am fully satisfied that Electricity, when understood according to its polarities and their relations to the fixed laws of the vital economy, as taught by you, is the most powerful, manageable, and efficient agent known to man for the relief of pain and cure of disease. I would further state that I have for the past few weeks used Electricity in my practice, to the exclusion of nearly all other remedies, and have been eminently successful, and consider it a universal therapeutic.

DAYTON, OHIO. D. MCCARTHY, M. D.

PROF. BOLLES: For the last nine months I have made Electricity a specialty, and my faith is daily increasing in its therapeutic power. I believe, when applied according to your discovery, it will cure all curable diseases, among which are numerous cases never benefited by medicine.

BUFFALO, N. Y. P. W. MANSFIELD, M. D.

What I have now to say is from actual observation, as I have spent most of my time for the last two months with Prof. Bolles, and have witnessed the effects of the Electrical agent on from fifteen to twenty-five patients a day, suffering from almost every form of chronic disease; and as strange as it may appear, in a majority of cases a perfect cure was effected in from five to fifteen days. And I will here remark that most of his patients were afflicted with long-standing complaints, considered incurable by all other known remedies. H. G. KIBBY, M. D.

CINCINNATI, Ohio.

PROF. BOLLES: I believe your discovery to be a reliable therapeutic agent, and feel it my duty to recommend it. Since I have received instruction from you, I have applied it in cases of Aphony, Bronchitis, Cores, Amenorrhœa, Asthma, and Congestion, and find that I have the same success that you had when I was under your instruction. I invariably recommend medical men to avail themselves of an opportunity of becoming acquainted with your new method of applying Electricity.

DETROIT, Michigan. DAVID TH