THE CITY.

The Thermometer.

NOVEMBER 5, 1861.			NOVEMBER 5, 1862.		
6 A.M.	12 M.	3 P.M.	6 A.M.	12 M.	3 P.M.
44	57	59	44	59½	60
WIND			WIND		
SW by W	SSW	S2E	E by N	S	SSE.

MEETING OF THE PHILADELPHIA SOCIETY FOR PROMOTING AGRICULTURE.—The regular monthly meeting of this Society was held yesterday. After the reading of the minutes, by the secretary, Dr. Kennedy, the president, Craig Biddle, Esq., stated that he had received pamphlets from the Pa ent Office and reports from agricultural societies in Australia, and an analysis of grapes, by Dr Wetherill. The consideration of the report on cattle diseases was postponed until the next meeting. Mr. Henry Ingersoll presented some fine specimens of turnips, which had been grown among corn. This was the second year of t ial, and the turnips this year were larger than those of last. Though the field had been damaged by the flood of September the 12th, yet the high grounds had been preserved, and the turnips had grown well, and presented a very fair appearance. Besides, the culture was economical, an item worth consideration. The seed was sown between rows of corn, and superphosphate of lime put on top of the drill, after it was covered, one drill being between each row of corn.

The secretary urged that something should be done toward making a collection of specimens, for the accommodation of which a museum and proper utensils should be provided. A specimen of prepared jute was exhibited, from the bark of the Corchorus Olitorius. This is indigenous to India, and sedulously cultivated there. It is fourteen feet high, and grows in moist lands, rice-lands, very often. The seed is sown in the spring, and the plant cut in October. It has been largely imported into Glasgow, and there mixed with other fibres It is harsher in its texture than cotton, and rather resembles hemp. It is, however, more productive than hemp, producing larger crops per acre. The young shoots in India are cut in the spring. About thirty thousand tons were imported at the time of the London Exhibition. Nothing, however, has yet been made of it but gunny bags. For coarse fabrics it answers very well, and, on the authority of Dr. Royal, is as strong as hemp.

The Observatory of Arts and Sciences, in Paris, puts up various specimens in the best manner. The bottles employed are like vases, with the stoppers at the bottom, and the bottom rounded. There is also a fine exhibition in Vienna. The speaker was corroborated in his remarks by Mr. J. W. Gibbons, who referred also to the Kensington Museum, and Field Naturalists' Society, Manchester, England. An engraving of some specimens of the Lincolnshire breed of sheep was presented by this gentleman to the society. Specimens of the wool were also brought forward. These specimens were fifteen inches long, taken from sheep fifteen months old. The whole weight of the fleece was twenty-three pounds. We personally examined these and other specimens, and were struck with the peculiarities referred to.

The meeting, though not very full, was an animated one, and the discussion was full of interest. The walls of the room were lined with portraits of various breeds of cattle, and the cases were full of books and agricultural specimens. Among the portraits we noticed the Durham ox, Blyth Comet ox, and Wether sheep, Sir Thomas Fairfax's celebrated short-horned bull, Earl of Jersey, Duke of Gloucester, Dairy Maid and her calves, Leander and Allan a Dale, etc In the cases were specimens of red wheat from Turkey, maize from East Indies, Burmese cotton undressed, hard wheat from Algeria, Moonga silk, etc. Though there may be much to add to this collection, what has been already collected is very fine.

DISPOSAL OF DRAFTED MEN.—Much anxiety is felt by the drafted men and their friends to know what disposition will be made of them by the Government. It has been proposed to place the drafted men in the old regiments, where, it is alleged, they will be made more useful, be better cared for, and win greater honor for themselves over than if left to new organizations composed entirely of their own numbers. On the other hand, it is claimed that the drafted men, by the law which called them into service, are entitled to an exclusive organization, to the selection of their own officers, line and field, and all other matters tending to their discipline, to be independent of the regiments already in the field. Both parties are persistent in their claims, and, therefore, we trust that an understanding will be had which will harmonize all differences, and not impair the effectiveness of the drafted men, by either placing them where they will be useless, or where they will insist that their rights have been disregarded. The matter involves the most delicate questions of policy and effectiveness, with which no personal interest or ambition of individuals must in the least interfere, and we hope that whatever decision is made will aim at securing the greatest service to the country, while it respects the rights and preferences of the humblest man among the drafted who is expected to face danger and death.

Gov. Curtin paid a visit to Washington to make some arrangements in regard to the final disposition of the drafted men. If possible, he will secure all their rights and such an organization of their numbers as will continue to their effectiveness and their harmony.

We learn that Gen. McClellan has requested that the drafted men be reserved for the protection of the borders of Maryland and Pennsylvania, and have to the occupation of the forts in the vicinity of Washington City, while the man now in occupancy of such forts to be moved forward for active operations with the army. If this be true, it looks as if the service of the drafted men is to be of a character which they can discharge.

RECENT DECISIONS UNDER THE TAX LAW.—Whenever the manufacturer exceeds $600, a tax must be levied upon the whole, even though the manufacturer be the only consumer. Hence a railroad company must account for its manufactures as fast as they are removed for consumption or sale.

Nurserymen are required to take out licenses as wholesale or retail dealers, as the case may be, and tree dealers, who buy to sell again, if they peddle their trees, must take out licenses as such, and also as dealers if they have a place of business.

Silver plate owned by churches, and kept for communion service, is exempt from taxation.

Pedlers' licenses are not limited to States.

The Commissioner decides that the general principle running through the Excise Law is, that each particular manufacture is taxed for its value, though materials used in its production are in themselves manufactures on which a duty has been previously paid. This is true of shoes made of taxed leather, of engines made of iron on which a tax has been paid

When the maker of a check, draft, note, or other document shall neglect to put on the required stamp, it will not do for the party receiving the same to affix the stamp and cancel it, but it must be returned to the maker for him to do it.

The removal prior to September 1st, of manufactured articles, across the street to and belonging to another party, would exempt them from taxation, under the recent ruling of the Solicitor, whose opinion upon that subject will soon be published

The manufacture of lampblack cannot be considered as a distillation, and it is decided that it is liable to a tax of three per cent. ad valorem, under the head of "Articles not in this act otherwise provided for."

All licenses to persons who engage in business after the 1st of September will be dated the first of the month in which the business is commenced, and expire in one year therefrom.

A stair-builder will be taxed as a manufacturer if the stairs are manufactured at his shop and removed to the building, according to Section 75, 1st clause.

A manufacturer of articles required to be stamped is not liable to pay an additional duty of three per cent.

A person or firm changing his or their place of business prior to September 1, 1863, will be required to take out a new license.

A CASE OF EXTREME GREENNESS.—"By experience we learn," is an old saying; but with some people it requires a life-time before their experience can be of any service to them. An instance of peculiar verdancy was brought to the notice, yesterday afternoon, of Alderman Beitler. A country youth, whose exterior betokened a real and unsophisticated son of Ceres, charged Henry Gifford, a well-known character in police annals, with having stolen from him $235. The verdant individual is, by name, James C. Rose, of Matamoras, Pa. Well, Mr. Rose came to town and hung up his hat at the Madison House. He was not long there, when the condescending friendship of "city men" was tendered. Two or three sharpers proposed to "take him around and show him the sights."

Accordingly, it was agreed that he should take a walk to Fairmount Park, and other places. Gifford and another man were the *cicerones* for the occasion. The "other man" wanted to borrow some money, but found it a difficult matter. Gifford proposed to borrow from Rose $235, and gave him as collateral security a draft for $972.42, *payable in gold*. The draft was written, "Messrs. Dumont & Co., of Philadelphia, pay to the order of Henry Thompson." Rose desired to know when he could get the money back. "To morrow morning," they said. "Where shall I meet you?" "At the hotel, at 8 o'clock," they replied Rose then handed over the $235, and took the check. In his testimony, Rose said that Gifford was the man from whom he obtained the draft. Officer Gallagher, who arrested Gifford, said that he was unable to discover the existence in this city of any such firm as Messrs. Dumont & Co. Gifford was committed to answer.

SEGEBARTH'S ARTILLERY REGIMENT.—The first battalion of this regiment, the 1524, P. V., is at Fort Delaware. The second battalion is in camp near Diamond Cottage, Camden, and recruiting for the third battalion is progressing. The officers of the regiment are as follows:

Colonel—Herman Segebarth.
Lieutenant Colonel—J. S. Stevenson.
First Major—F. Von Stilling.
Second Major—Julius Windsbecker.
Third Major—G S Clark.
Adjutant—William M. Runkel.
Regimental Quartermaster—Anthony Elton.
Surgeon—F. Bancroft.
First Assistant Surgeon—B. A. Brownfield.
Second Assistant Surgeon—H. K. Whitner.
Chaplain—Rev. P. J. Hawk.

LINE OFFICERS.

Battery A—Captain, J. Krause; first lieutenant, W. G. Rehrman; second lieutenant, P. S. Harris.
Battery B—Captain, L. E. Grill; first lieutenant, L. A. Margerum; second lieutenant, D. W. Chambers.
Battery C.—Captain, G. W. Henderson; first lieutenant, J. J. Hay; second lieutenant, ——.
Battery D—Captain, J. E. Ulman; first lieutenant, H. Bohde; second lieutenant, Charles Arnold.
Battery E.—Captain, E S. Ulman; first lieutenant, W. Melleck; second lieutenant, F. Grill.
Battery F—Captain, J. A. Blake; first lieutenant, L. Bears; second lieutenant, L G Towson.
Battery A—Captain, James Martin, Jr.; first lieutenant, Max Hein; second lieutenant, Thomas Altemus.
Battery B—Captain, W. D. Rank; first lieutenant and regimental adjutant, Wm. M Runkel; second lieutenant, F. Buthland.
Battery I—Captain, S. P. Welsh; first lieutenant, Charles Mermilliard; second lieutenant, E. S. Bandel.
Battery K.—Captain, A. Ungerer; first lieutenant, Otto Hopfner; second lieutenant, Jacob Keefer.
Battery L—Captain, J. W. Sanderson; first lieutenant, A. Angerroth; second lieutenant, A. Hawk.
Battery M—Captain, Charles Auer; first lieutenant, ——; second lieutenant, ——Porter.

NON-COMMISSIONED STAFF.

H. B. Dickson, sergeant-major.
Wm. P. Young, quartermaster-sergeant.
N. B. Carson, company-sergeant.
G. Rohrbacher, hospital steward.

HANDSOME TESTIMONIAL.—A beautifully finished, gold-mounted cane, appropriately inscribed, and made from a piece of the old frigate Lawrence, Commodore O H. Perry's flagship, has been presented to Dr. A. Nebinger, physician in charge of the Cooper Shop Hospital, by the committee of this public-spirited organization. The presentation address was made by Wm. L. Dodds, Esq., and was responded to by the recipient in a neat and patriotic speech.

SUBSCRIPTIONS INCREASING.—The subscriptions to the new 5 20 loan, through the office of Jay Cooke & Co., yesterday, reached $200,000.

POLICE INTELLIGENCE.—A colored woman, named Eliza Rodney, was arrested last evening upon the charge of having some time since cut Louisa Brisler, another colored woman, with a razor. Several severe wounds were inflicted, and Louisa has been in the hospital since the occurrence. Eliza had a hearing before Alderman Patchel, and was sent below.

A young man was lately robbed, in the neighborhood of Seventh and Catherine streets, of the sum of thirteen dollars. Upon complaint to the police, and a description of the suspected parties, Mary Holden and Susan Boyer were yest rday arrested. They were committed by Alderman Moore. The money was not recovered.

A colored man, named Thomas Stewart, engaged in the silver-plating warehouse of Mr. Robbins, successor to John O. Mead & Sons, Ninth and Chestnut streets, was arrested on Tuesday, on the charge of robbing his employer. Articles having frequently been missed from the store, precautions were taken to ascertain the cause. The man Stewart, in company with a German, named Adam Kinzey, was discovered in the cellar, making a selection of castors and unfinished ware. His house was subsequently searched, when a number of butter knives and similar articles were found. The accused had a hearing before Alderman Beitler, and was held in $1,000 to answer at court. Kinzey was charged with receiving the stolen goods, and was placed under $700 bail.

An individual known as James Sloven, alias James Black, was taken to Bethlehem, Pa., yesterday morning, to answer the charge of murdering a man named Bremer, at that place. He was arrested in the Nineteenth ward by Officer Joseph Earnest.

John Anderson and Thomas Winslow have been committed by Alderman Moore to answer the charge of having boarded an oyster boat lying at Almond-street wharf, a night or two since, and stolen a number of articles of wearing apparel.

Wm. J. Woodward was yesterday held in $800 bail to answer the charge of having committed an assault and battery upon Ann Redman. Woodward is alleged to have struck the defendant on the head with a small iron bar which he had in his hand.

"PROPHECY."—This was the subject of an interesting sermon delivered on Sunday last, by the Rev. Mr. Baxter, of the Church of the Intercessor. The speaker enumerated some of the reasons from which more than a hundred expositors have concluded that the return of Christ to judge the world will occur about the period 1864 to 1870. The 6,000 years from the creation of man is shown to terminate about 1870, as the Nativity of Christ was about the year 4,130 in this world's history. It is a belief of great antiquity that the seventh period of a thousand years will be the millennium, as is distinctly prefigured by God resting at the creation upon the seventh day, and "a day being with him as a thousand years," the antetypical sabbatical rest of Nature from sin and sorrow during the seventh cycle of 1,000 years is thus foreshadowed.

Other chronological dates of 2,520 years, or seven times, Dan iv., and of 2,300 years, Dan. viii. 14, and of 1,335 years, Dan. xii., 12, are also proved by expositors to end about 1870. It is also generally admitted that we are living under the sixth vial, which is poured out on the river Euphrates, that is, the Turkish Empire, which is thereby to be dried up or subverted just before the coming of Christ, Rev. xvi; and as six vials have been poured out within 60 or 70 years, therefore the Final End, which is to be introduced by the seventh and last vial, cannot be far distant. The 3½ years' Great Tribulation occurring between the two stages of Christ's Advent, is expected by many writers to commence about 1865-6, and the Emperor of France, as the Eighth Head of the Roman Empire, is prophetically foreshown to be the great scourge of the nations at that period, after having made a seven-years covenant with the Jews seven years before the End. (Dan. ix., 27.)

This discourse was listened to with profound attention.

FRIGHTFUL LEAP.—Elias Beihler, one of the drafted men from Richland township, Bucks county, while laboring under a sort of aberration of mind, caused from worriment about being obliged to enter the army, leaped from a third story window, at the National Hotel, Race street, a few days since, where he was stopping, slighting upon the pavement in the back yard. He was pretty badly injured by the fall, and will not be fit to act as a soldier for some time to come. When interrogated in regard to his rash act, he said he might as well be killed by falling from a building as to be shot. The man was evidently partially deranged. He had come to this city with the drafted men of his neighborhood, all of whom remained at the National over night. The incident caused quite a commotion about the hotel. The injured man was kindly cared for, and made as comfortable as circumstances would permit. Beihler is a married man, and has several children. He was admitted to the Race-street Military Hospital He fell square on his feet, which prevented serious injury. Beihler now alleges that he dropped himself from the window purposely, supposing it to be but a few feet from the ground. The only apparent injury was the severe shock and confusion of the spine and internal organs.

LEGAL.

ASSIGNED ESTATE OF WILLIAM W. RICHARDS.

NOTICE is hereby given that William R. Richards and Wife have made an assignment of certain REAL ESTATE for the benefit of his creditors, to Louis L. Fauty, to whom all persons INDEBTED to said estate are requested to make payment; and those having CLAIMS against the same to present them to

LOUIS L. FAULY,
No. 9 BANK street, Phila.

IN THE ORPHANS' COURT FOR THE CITY AND COUNTY OF PHILADELPHIA.

Estate of JOHN MAST, deceased.

NOTICE is hereby given that the widow of said decedent has filed in said Court her inventory and appraisement, claiming to retain personal property in the said appraisement mentioned to the value of $300, under the act of Assembly of April 14, 1851, and supplement thereto, and that the same will be approved by the Court on FRIDAY, Nov. 21, 1862, unless exceptions are filed thereto.

JOHN L. SHOEMAKER,
Attorney for Petitioner.
cc30-ths-4t*

ESTATE OF SARAH BRYAN, Deceased.

IN THE ORPHANS' COURT OF MONTGOMERY COUNTY.

In the matter of the proceeding in Partition upon the Real Estate of SARAH BRYAN, (late Sarah Evans,) late of Doylestown township, Bucks county, dec'd.

And now—to wit, August 20th, 1862—the Court, on motion of George N. Corson, Esq., Attorney, grant a Rule upon the heirs and parties in interest to be and appear at an Orphans' Court to be held at NORRISTOWN, on MONDAY, the 10th day of November, A. D., 1862, at 10 o'clock A. M., either to accept or refuse to accept at the valuation, the Real Estate of said SARAH BRYAN, deceased, situate in the township of Montgomery, and county of Montgomery, described as Tracts Nos 1, 2, and 3, containing together about two hundred and twenty-three acres of land, and appraised at thirteen thousand and ninety dollars.

By the Court.

JAMES C. BURNSIDE,
Clerk Orphans' Court.

Clerk's Office, Norristown, Oct 23, A. D. 1862 o23-th3t

SHERIFF'S NOTICE—IN THE DISTRICT COURT FOR THE CITY AND COUNTY OF PHILADELPHIA.

City and County of Philadelphia, ss.

THE COMMONWEALTH OF PENNSYLVANIA TO THE SHERIFF OF PHILADELPHIA COUNTY, GREETING:

IBERIAN'S HUNT make you secure of prosecuting his claim, then and there to shew, and you summon, by good and lawful summons, the Pennsylvania Company for Insurances on Lives and Granting Annuities, Trustees under the last will and testament of PETER L. FERGUSON, deceased, late of Philadelphia, Executors of the late of your county, so that they be and appear before our Judges at Philadelphia, at our District Court for the City and County of Philadelphia, there to be held the first MONDAY of December next, to show wherefore whereas they, the said defendants, on the 1st day of April, 1861, together and undivided, do hold all that certain messuage or tenement tavern and lot or piece of land, situate in the late township of Blockley, now in the Twenty-fourth ward of the City of Philadelphia, bounded at the southwest corner of Haverford street and Thirty-ninth street, thence extending westward along the south side of the said Haverford street, five hundred and fifteen feet three and five-eighths inches to a point in the intersection of the south side of the said Haverford street and the northeast side of the Lancaster Turnpike road, thence southwestward eleven feet and seven-eighths of an inch to the northeast side of the said Lancaster Turnpike road, thence southeastward along the same two hundred and eighty feet, to the northwest side of Garden street, thence northeastward along the said Garden street fifty-eight feet nine and five-eighths inches to an angle in the same, thence eastward along the north side of the said Garden street one hundred and seventy-six feet one inch and seven-eighths of an inch to the west side of the said Thirty-ninth street, thence northward along the west side of the said Thirty-ninth street one hundred and fifty-three feet three inches, to the place of beginning—the same defendant partition thereof between them to be made (according to the laws and customs of this Commonwealth, in such case made and provided) to partition, and the same to be done do not permit, very unjustly and against the same laws and customs, (as it is said,) &c.

And have you then there the names of those summoned and this writ

Witness, the Honorable GEORGE SHARSWOOD, Doctor of Laws, President of our said Court at Philadelphia, the Tenth day of October, in the year of our Lord one thousand eight hundred and sixty-two.

cc16-th6t B. E. FLETCHER, pro Prothonotary.

UNITED STATES, EASTERN DISTRICT OF PENNSYLVANIA, *SCT.*

THE PRESIDENT OF THE UNITED STATES, TO THE MARSHAL OF THE EASTERN DISTRICT OF PENNSYLVANIA, GREETING:

WHEREAS, The District Court of the United States in and for the Eastern District of Pennsylvania, rightly and duly proceeding on a Libel, filed in the name of the United States of America, hath decreed all persons in general who have, or pretend to have, any right, title, or interest in 162 barrels Turpentine and 10 barrels Rosin, cargo of the schooner DAVID CROOKETT, to appear before the Honorable JOHN CADWALADER, the Judge of the said Court, at the District Court room, in the city of Philadelphia, on the Twentieth day after publication of these presents, if it be a court day, or else on the next court day following, between the usual hours of hearing causes, then and there to show, or allege, in due form of law, a reasonable and lawful excuse, if any they have, why the said 162 barrels Turpentine and 10 barrels Rosin, cargo of the schooner DAVID CROOKETT, should not be pronounced to belong, at the time of the capture of the same, to the enemies of the United States, and as goods of their enemies, or otherwise, liable and subject to condemnation, to be adjudged and condemned as good and lawful prizes; and further to do and receive in this behalf as to justice shall appertain. And that you duly intimate, or cause to be intimated, unto all persons aforesaid, generally, (to whom by the tenor of these presents it is also intimated), that if they shall not appear at the time and place above mentioned, or appear and shall not show a reasonable and lawful cause to the contrary, then said District Court doth intend, and will proceed to adjudication on the said capture, and may pronounce that the said 162 barrels Turpentine and 10 barrels Rosin, cargo of the schooner DAVID CROOKETT, did belong, at the time of the capture of the same, to the enemies of the United States of America, and as goods of their enemies, or otherwise, liable and subject to confiscation and condemnation, to be adjudged and condemned as lawful prize, the absence or latent contumacy of the persons so cited and intimated in anywise notwithstanding, and that you duly certify to the said District Court what you shall do in the premises, together with these presents.

Witness the Honorable JOHN CADWALADER, Judge of the said Court, at Philadelphia, this fourth day of NOVEMBER, A. D. 1862, and in the eighty-seventh year of the Independence of the said United States.

G. R. FOX, Clerk District Court.
no5-3t

COTTON SAIL DUCK AND CANVAS, of all numbers and brands.
Raven's Duck Awning Twills, of all descriptions, for Tents, Awnings, Trunk and Wagon Covers.
Also, Paper Manufacturers' Drier Felts, from 1 to 8 feet wide. Tarpaulins, Belting, Sail Twine, &c.
JOHN W. EVERMAN & CO.,
102 JONES Alley.
my4-tf

SCOTCH WHISKY.—25 puncheons James Stewart's fine PAISLEY MALT, imported direct. In bond and for sale by

GEO. WHITELEY,
137 South FRONT.
oc13-2m

BAY RUM—In Puncheons and Wine Barrels, for sale by

CHARLES S. CARSTAIRS,
126 WALNUT Street.
oc20

PROPOSALS.

DEPUTY QUARTERMASTER GENERAL'S OFFICE,
PHILADELPHIA, 31 Nov, 1862

PROPOSALS will be received at this office until SATURDAY, 8th inst., at 12 o'clock M., for the immediate delivery, in this city, of any point that may be required, of two thousand Wagon Covers, ten-ounce duck, Army standard, subject to inspection. The right is reserved to reject all bids deemed too high.

A. BOYD,
Captain and A. Q. M. U. S. A.
nc4 5t

DEPUTY QUARTERMASTER GENERAL'S OFFICE.
PHILADELPHIA, October 30, 1862

PROPOSALS will be received at this office, until THURSDAY, 6th November, at 12 o'clock M., for the delivery, in this city, of all the STOVES required for Hospital purposes; to be 12 14, and 16-inch Air tight, best American, smooth Sheet-iron Stoves. Bidders will state the number they can deliver within sixty days; also, the price per Stove, and the price per foot or pound for Stove Pipe. Stoves to be delivered at any point in this city that may be required.

A. BOYD,
Capt. and A. Q. M. U S A.
oc31-6t

ARMY CLOTHING AND EQUIPAGE OFFICE, TWELFTH AND GIRARD STREETS—PHILADELPHIA, Oct. 20, 1862

Open PROPOSALS are invited at this office for furnishing the following articles for the army:

SHIRTS, either of white domet or gray twilled flannel or knit.

BOOTS AND BOOTEES, either "pegged" or "sewed," of Army standard, quality and pattern.

SACK COATS OR BLOUSES, of blue twilled flannel, Indigo-dyed, blue or knit, of dark colors. Indigo blue preferred.

STOCKINGS, to weigh 3 pounds to the dozen, all wool.

Proposals will state how soon the articles can be delivered at the Schuylkill Arsenal. G. H. CROSMAN,
Dep Q. M. Gen.
oc31-tf

DEPUTY QUARTERMASTER GENERAL'S OFFICE, PHILADELPHIA, 1st November, 1862.

Proposals will be received at this office until Friday, 7th inst., at 12 o'clock M., for grading and macadamizing a road from the Baltimore turnpike to the entrance of the grounds of the U. S. Hospital, at West Philadelphia. The work to be done in accordance with the plans and specifications of the same to be seen at this office. The right is reserved to reject all bids deemed too high

A. BOYD,
Capt. & A. Q. M. U. S. A.
no3-5t

ARMY SUPPIES.

OFFICE OF THE COMMISSARY OF SUBSISTENCE. No. 1102 GIRARD Street.
PHILADELPHIA, September 20, 1862.

PROPOSALS will be received at this office until 12 M., on FRIDAY, the 7th day of November, 1862, for furnishing for the use of the United States Army, at such times and in such quantities as may be required, during the month of November, the following subsistence stores, viz:

460 barrels first quality prime mess or winter-cured mess Pork, to be full salted, free from rust or skids, in new well-coopered oak barrels.
200 barrels first quality new extra mess Beef, in new, well-coopered oak barrels.
2,000 barrels extra superfine, or extra family Flour, which is to be stated, by officers of approved boards: name of brand, with number of barrels of each brand offered, to be mentioned in the bid.
600 bushels first quality new white Beans, in new, well-coopered four barrels.
40,000 pounds prime Rice, in clean, well-coopered oak barrels.
40,000 pounds prime Rio Coffee, roasted and ground, packed in good, tight barrels, lined with stout rosin-sized paper.
60,000 pounds light yellow coffee Sugar, in tight barrels.
5,000 pounds Adamantine Candles, full weight, 12s.
12,000 pounds good Hard Soap.
3,000 gallons Molasses or Syrup, in new, bright, well-coopered barrels.

All articles to be of the best quality, securely packed, and in perfect order for transportation. Bids to include packing and delivery in this city. Seller's name and date of purchase required on each package.

Certificates of inspection of Meats and Flour will be required, and no Pork will be accepted packed from "bulk meats."

Samples in boxes, distinctly marked, must accompany bids for all articles except meats.

Bids from known dealers only will be accepted, and each bid must be accompanied by the written guarantee of two responsible persons for the faithful performance of the agreement

The Government will accept the whole or any part of the above quantities as needed.

Proposals to be endorsed "Proposals for Subsistence Stores," and directed to

F. N BUCK,
Captain C. S. Vol. Service.
no3-5t

DEPUTY QUARTERMASTER GENERAL'S OFFICE,
PHILADELPHIA, October 31, 1862.

Proposals will be received at this office until MONDAY, 10th November, at 12 o'clock M., for the delivery in this city, at any point that may be required, of

Five hundred Army Transportation Wagons.
Two hundred four-wheeled Ambulances, "Wheeling pattern."
Five hundred sets six-mule Wagon Harness.
Two hundred sets two-horse Ambulance Harness.

The whole to be completed and ready for delivery on or before the 15th of December next.

The right is reserved to reject all bids deemed too high.

A. BOYD,
Captain and Asst. Quartermaster U. S. A.
no1-3t

PROPOSALS FOR BEEF AND PORK.—OFFICE OF NAVY AGENT, 112 South THIRD Street, Philadelphia

PROPOSALS will be received at this Office, until SATURDAY NOON, November 8th, for furnishing FIVE HUNDRED BARRELS OF BEEF, and ONE THOUSAND BARRELS OF PORK, to be delivered at the PHILADELPHIA NAVY YARD within thirty days from the date of the acceptance of proposal for the same. The BEEF, PORK and BARRELS to be of the quality and description, invariably required for the use of the Navy, (except that the Iron Hoops be dispensed with,) and be subject to the inspection of the Inspector of Provisions and deliverable at his storehouse, at Prime and Swanson streets, without extra charge.

Every offer must be accompanied (as directed in the 6th section of the act of Congress, making appropriations for the Naval service of 1846-7, approved 10th of August, 1846,) by a written guarantee, signed by one or more responsible parties, to the effect that he or they undertake that the bidder or bidders will, if his or their bid be accepted, enter into an obligation within ten days, with good and sufficient sureties, to furnish the article proposed.

This guarantee must be accompanied by the certificate of the United States District Judge, United States District Attorney, or Navy Agent, that the guarantors are able to make good their guarantee.

No proposals will be considered unless accompanied by such guarantee.

JAMES S. CHAMBERS,
Navy Agent.
no1-6t

PROPOSALS FOR RATIONS FOR 1863.

QUARTERMASTER'S OFFICE, U. S. M. C.,
WASHINGTON, October 14, 1862.

SEALED PROPOSALS will be received at this office, until 3 o'clock P. M. of the 18th day of NOVEMBER next, for furnishing RATIONS to the United States Marines, at the following Stations, during the year 1863, viz:

Portsmouth, New Hampshire.
Charlestown, Massachusetts.
Brooklyn, Long Island, New York.
Philadelphia, Pennsylvania.
Washington, District of Columbia.
Gosport, near Norfolk, Virginia.

Each Ration to consist of three-quarters of a pound of mess pork or bacon, or one and a fourth pounds of fresh or salt beef; twenty-two ounces of bread, made of extra superfine flour, or in lieu thereof twenty-two ounces of extra superfine flour, or one pound of hard bread, at the option of the Government; and at the rate of eight quarts best white beans, or in lieu thereof ten pounds of rice; ten pounds of good coffee, or in lieu thereof one and a half pounds of tea; fifteen pounds of good New Orleans sugar; four quarts of vinegar; one pound of sperm candles, or one and a fourth pounds of adamantine candles, or one and a half pounds of good, hard-dipped tallow candles; four pounds of good, hard, brown soap; two quarts of salt, and one hundred pounds of potatoes, to each hundred rations.

The increased allowance of four ounces of flour or bread, and the allowance of potatoes, as above provided, will cease at the termination of the present insurrection, and the ration be as provided by law and regulations on the 1st of July, 1861.

The beef will be delivered on the order of the commanding officer of each station, either in bulk or by the single ration; and shall consist of the best and most choice pieces of the carcass: the pork to be No. 1 prime mess pork; and the groceries to be of the best quality of kinds named.

All subject to inspection.

All bids must be accompanied by the following guarantee:

Form of Guarantee.

The undersigned, ——, of ——, in the State of ——, and ——, of ——, in the State of ——, hereby guaranty that in case the foregoing bid of ——, for the article above described, be accepted, he or they will, within ten days after the receipt of the contract at the post office named, execute the contract for the same, with good and sufficient sureties; or in case the said ——shall fail to enter into contract as aforesaid, we guarantee to make good the difference between the offer of the said and that which may be accepted.

A. B., Guarantor.
Witness: C. D., Guarantor.
E. F.
1862.

I hereby certify that the above-named —— are known to me men of property, and able to make good their guarantee.

(*To be signed by the United States District Judge, United States District Attorney, or Collector.*)

No proposal will be considered unless accompanied by the above guarantee.

(Newspapers authorized to publish the above will send the paper containing the first insertion to this office for examination)

Proposals to be endorsed "Proposals for Rations for 1863," and addressed to the undersigned.

W. B. SLACK,
Major and Quartermaster.
oc16 th 4t

PROPOSALS FOR HEAD-BOARDS FOR GRAVES.

DEPOT QUARTERMASTER'S OFFICE,
CORNER EIGHTEENTH AND G STREETS,
November 1, 1862.

SEALED PROPOSALS will be received at this office until MONDAY, November 10, 1862, at 2 o'clock P. M., for furnishing to the United States two thousand (2,000) head-boards or tablets for graves, of the following descriptions—viz:

All to be of good black walnut, clear of knots and splits, four (4) feet in length, ten (10) inches wide, and one and three eighths (1⅜) of an inch thick, with five-eighths (⅝) of an inch groove twenty (20) inches in length, and in all respects to correspond with a sample to be seen at this office.

All of said boards to be delivered at such point or points in the city or county of Washington, D. C., as the Depot Quartermaster may direct, within thirty days after the awarding of the contract.

Proposals from *disloyal parties will not be considered*, and no oath of allegiance to the United States Government must accompany each proposition.

The ability of the bidder to fill the contract, should it be awarded to him, must be guaranteed by two responsible persons, whose signatures are to be appended to the guarantee, *and said guarantee must accompany the bid.*

The responsibility of the guarantors must be shown by the official certificate of the Clerk of the nearest District Court or of the United States District Attorney.

Bidders must be present in person when the bids are opened, or their proposals will not be considered.

The full name and post office address of the bidder must appear in the proposal.

If a bid is made in the name of a firm, the names of all the parties must appear, or the bid will be considered as the individual proposal of the party signing it.

Bonds in the sum of one thousand dollars, signed by the contractor and both of his guarantors, will be required of the successful bidder upon signing the contract.

The right to reject any or all bids that may be deemed too high is reserved by the Depot Quartermaster.

Informal proposals will be rejected.

Proposals must be addressed to Captain Edward L. Hartz, Assistant Quartermaster U. S Army, at Washington, D. C., and should be plainly marked "Proposals for furnishing Head-boards for Graves."

Form of Guarantee.

We, ——, of the county of ——, and State of ——, and ——, of the county of ——, and State of ——, do hereby guarantee that ——, if he shall fail to fulfil the contract, in accordance with the terms of his proposition, and that, should his proposition be accepted, he will at once enter into a contract in accordance therewith.

Should the contract be awarded him, we are prepared to become his sureties.

(To this guarantee must be appended the official certificate above mentioned.) EDWARD L. HARTZ,
Captain and Ass't Quartermaster U. S. A.
no3-7t

COAL.

COAL.—THE UNDERSIGNED beg leave to inform their friends and the public that they have removed their LEHIGH COAL DEPOT from NOBLE-STREET WHARF, on the Delaware, to their Yard, northwest corner of EIGHTH and WILLOW Streets, where they intend to keep the best quality of LEHIGH COAL, from the most approved mines, at the lowest prices. Your patronage is respectfully solicited.

JOS. WALTON & OS.,
Office, 112 South SECOND Street.
Yard, EIGHTH and WILLOW.
mh1-tf

MORGAN, ORR, & CO., STEAM-ENGINE BUILDERS, Iron Founders, and General Machinists and Boiler Makers, No. 1210 GALLOWHILL Street, Philadelphia.
fa13-1y

MARSHAL'S SALES.

MARSHAL'S SALE.—By virtue of a Writ of Sale, by the Hon JOHN CADWALADER, Judge of the District Court of the United States, in and for the Eastern District of Pennsylvania, to me directed, will be sold at public sale, to the highest and best bidder, for cash, at MIGHENER'S Store, No 142 North FRONT Street, on TUESDAY, November 18th, 1862, at 12 o'clock M., the cargo of the schooner DEFIANCE, consisting of ladies' leather and gaiter boots, 234 sacks ground salt, cheese, oiled coats, tin, shoe thread, hoop-skirts, coal oil, muriatic, nitric, and sulphuric acids, soda ash, sal soda, opium, soap, grease, spool cotton, calicoes, muslin, &c. Catalogues will be issued five days prior to the sale, and the goods opened for examination.

WILLIAM MILLWARD,
U. S Marshal E. D. of Pennsylvania.
PHILADELPHIA, November 4, 1862 no5 6t

MARSHAL'S SALE.—By virtue of a Writ of Sale, by the Hon. JOHN CADWALADER, Judge of the District Court of the United States, in and for the Eastern District of Pennsylvania, in Admiralty, to me directed, will be sold at public sale, to the highest and best bidder, for cash, at DERBYSHIRE'S Store, No. 307 North WATER Street, on WEDNESDAY, November 19th, 1862, at 12 o'clock M., 3,470 bushels of fine salt, 5 200 bushels of ground salt, 100 cases of chicory, and 89 zinc cans of preserved vegetables.

Immediately after the above sale, at LAFFERTY'S Store, DELAWARE AVENUE, below Vine street, will be sold, 2,000 bushels of ground salt, a portion of the cargo of the brig FANNIE LAURIE.

WILLIAM MILLWARD,
U. S. Marshal E. D. of Pennsylvania.
PHILADELPHIA, November 4, 1862. no5 6t

MARSHAL'S SALE.—By virtue of a Writ of Sale by the Honorable JOHN CADWALADER, Judge of the District Court of the United States, in and for the Eastern District of Pennsylvania, in Admiralty, to me directed, will be sold at public sale, to the highest and best bidder for cash, at GALLOWHILL-STREET WHARF, on TUESDAY, November 11th, 1862, at 12 o'clock M., the schooner LOUISA, her tackle, apparel, and furniture, as she now lies at said wharf

WILLIAM MILLWARD,
U. S. Marshal E. D. of Pennsylvania.
PHILADELPHIA, November 1, 1862. no3 6t

MARSHAL'S SALE.—By virtue of a Writ of Sale, by the Hon JOHN CADWALADER, Judge of the District Court of the United States, in and for the Eastern District of Pennsylvania, in Admiralty, to me directed, will be sold at public sale, to the highest and best bidder, for cash, at MIGHENER'S Store, No 142 North FRONT Street, on TUESDAY, November 18, 1862, at 12 o'clock M., the cargo of the schooner NELLY, consisting of 76 sacks of salt, 10 boxes of soap, 7 barrels of salts, 3 barrels alum 5 bbls copperas, 5 bbls soda ash, 5 bbls salts, 10 bags coffee, 23 cases claret wine, 5 cases Champagne wine. Catalogues will be issued five days prior to the sale, and the goods open for examination.

At the same time and place will be sold 29 cases of Champagne wine, 1 large turtle shell, 51 conch shells, 1 hide, 3 bolts of canvass, 1 keg of pickles, 1 zinc box, and 1 coil of rope, a portion of the cargo of the bark Fanny Larie.

WILLIAM MILLWARD,
U. S. Marshal E. D. of Pennsylvania.
PHILADELPHIA, November 4, 1862. no5 6t

MARSHAL'S SALE.—By virtue of a Writ of Sale, by the Hon. JOHN CADWALADER, Judge of the District Court of the United States in and for the Eastern District of Pennsylvania, in Admiralty, to me directed, will be sold at public sale, to the highest and best bidder, for cash, at GALLOWHILL-STREET WHARF, on TUESDAY, November 11th, 1862, at 12 o'clock M., the schooner NELLY, her tackle, apparel, and furniture, as she now lies at said wharf

WILLIAM MILLWARD,
U. S. Marshal E. D. of Penn