THE CITY.

The Thermometer.

OCTOBER 22, 1861.	OCTOBER 22, 1862.
6 A.M.....12 M.....3 P.M.	6 A.M.....12 M.....3 P.M.
43.....66.....67	53¼.....56.....57
WIND.	WIND.
N by E...NNE....NNE	SSW.....WSW..... W.

The Fair at Norristown.

SECOND DAY.

The attendance at the Norristown Fair yesterday was unexpectedly large, being more than double that of the day before. The road leading to the entrance gate was thronged with vehicles, to whose number constant accessions were made until late in the afternoon. The stock of articles on exhibition had likewise largely been increased; and Shakspeare's lean apothecary would have found cause for vexation, if he had been among the number of visitors who attempted to make the circuit of the hall in less than half a day. There could scarcely have been fewer than ten thousand persons within the enclosure, at the time of our visit.

Of course, such a fine field for recruiting was not suffered to lie fallow. A sergeant of a cavalry corps being raised in this city was on hand, with a flag, fife, and drum, and the other essentials, and on one of the booths this inspiring notice was conspicuously posted, "Drafted men can be enlisted here." Several of *Les Miserables* availed themselves of the happy privilege in the course of the day. We have no doubt there were several hundred of men present to whom the draft had "happened," but the fact could never have been guessed from the expression of their countenances, which were universally cheerful.

THE EXHIBITION ROOM—EAST END.

In addition to the agricultural display, noticed yesterday, there were placed on exhibition, in the eastern end of the main hall, samples of guano, soda ash, and several other fertilizing elements. Likewise samples of pecometallic paint, which is reported to possess every property that can make a paint valuable. One hundred pounds of it, for instance, are said to cover six thousand square feet of surface. *On dit*, that it will harden under water, kill knots in wood, prevent dampness in walls, stand heat that will melt lead, and will neither fade, blister, nor wash. Builders will please make a note, and exclaim "Eureka!"

WEST END.

Here all the pictures are hung, and here the crowd linger longest; not that the art is faultless, but that it is very attractive and worth studying. For instance, there were two capital crayon drawings, unsurpassed by any we have ever seen for their richness of effect and yet softened tone. At first, we were inclined to believe that each was a fac-simile stolen from some old *Sartain's Magazine*, but a closer examination convinced us of the injustice of the suspicion. To err is human.

Among the oil paintings displaying talent in the artist was a winter scene, majestly hung up beyond the reach of satisfactory inspection. Perhaps the hanging committee thought its general character would be sufficiently plain, from the mass of snow delineated.

Another painting, unanonymously hung, was a moonlight scene, which was so placed that the dazzling light of two windows should strike directly on it. As far as it was possible for our eyes to gain a view of it, it was worthy of a better position. Doubtless the committee were forced into these peccadilloes from lack of time.

A crayon drawing of a shipwreck pleased us greatly; as also did four neat and handsome pencil drawings, by a nameless, but evidently talented, artiste. Several pen drawings were generally commended for their careful execution; albeit, somewhat cramped, as though the hand that had traced them lacked boldness and confidence, without which there can be no marked success in ornamental penmanship.

As a whole, this branch of the fine arts was well represented in the exhibition, and was in itself well worth the admission fee. To encourage rising talent, we presume, several school day efforts were admitted, but even there, in their obtrusiveness, were not without interest, and in several instances elicited expressions of marvel from the honest country folk. And speaking of youthful efforts, reminds us of a device, we say, representing in miniature the flags of all nations. It was the result of a patriotic master's leisure hours. The flags were cut from white drawing paper, adorned with water colors, and attached to the staffs, set in a block. Every nationality, save "the well known Southern Confederacy," was allowed the inalienable right of representation; and the effect, if not sublime, was at least unique. The exhibitor will doubtless receive a premium.

In this end of the room the floriculture bloomed forth, and was a standard theme of the ladies. The fuschias, verbenas, lemon trifoliums, geraniums, and mignonettes, were particularly fine, and the committee cannot go very far astray, if they award the premiums "miscellaneously." Several of those ornamental novelties, hanging baskets, which are now the rage with tasteful housekeepers, were suspended from the ceiling. Their peculiar function was to knock off men's hats, although they possessed other equally decided attractions. We should also notice here, before we forget it, a healthy looking lemon tree, in full bloom, and a fig tree full of fruit—something of a curiosity in this country.

NORTH END.

The Norristown *Republican* had a Taylor press in operation here, printing off the "Exhibition Bulletin." The press is called "Old Solomon," and has told many stories in his time.

The trophies from the war have been increased since our yesterday's notice. Among the collection is a rebel cavalry haversack, well made, of stout leather. It was taken at Antietam. An Enfield rifle, captured at Newbern, N. C., was deposited by Quartermaster John J. Freedly, of the 51st Pennsylvania Regiment. The rebel knife on exhibition, captured at Roanoke Island, is a terrible-looking affair. Next to the rebel shells are two cases containing shells of a slightly different kind—the conchological species. All the hues of the rainbow are reflected from their polished surfaces. Some of them have a silvery lustre rather unusual in such a monetary crisis as the present, when even pennies are selling at a premium.

The main body of the room is monopolized mainly by two lengthy tables, whose continuous stretch is interrupted only by the pianos, melodeons and sewing machines, which latter were in constant operation.

THE FIRST TABLE.

The most prominent feature is the display of fruits, of every variety. No less than fifty four varieties of apples are embraced, the list including the baldwin, grindstone, paradise (a very small, yellow affair), crowser, Roman's eyes, pinkey, watermelon, giant, mammoth red-cheeked pippin, English russet, seek-no-further, elder, and so on. The pears are not so numerous, but are more appetizing; such varieties as the brown beurre, large russet, Vicar of Wakefield, etc., were lovely specimens. But few quinces were to be seen, and of peaches we saw none at all. But the Isabella, Catawba, Hartford, Prolific, and Concord grapes came nobly to the rescue, and roposed in tempting *negligee* upon the tables. A jar of white, clear honey, exhibited by a lady, was coveted by every one.

THE SECOND TABLE.

Two cases of butterflies, of every species, and a lot of stuffed birds, were the chief delegations in the department of natural history. With the exception of bouquets of natural flowers, however, and a harp neatly formed of evergreens and dahlias, resting on a pedestal of moss, the table was taken up by needle and knit work. Let us enumerate from memory the articles which attracted most attention: A black velvet smoking-cap, ornamented with gold thread; a knit table cover, representing the flag of the Union; ottoman and chair seats, worked with *raised* fruit; a leather basket, containing artificial flowers; a tufted chair cover or cloth; a zephyr fidy, and a variety of crochet work. We must also include in this paragraph, although not belonging to a polichomania vase—we saw but one in our tour.

We have mentioned everything within doors now, worth mentioning, save the preserved fruit, pickles, &c., and domestic wines, an opinion of whose merits we can hardly be expected to express, as for the most they were sealed in air-tight bottles.

THE RACES.

In times past it was the fashion to decry horse racing as a degrading amusement, but the lessons of the war have taught us the folly of this proscription, and more liberal views now prevail. The experience of the Stevens and Morgan raids has taught us precisely wherein lies the superiority of the enemy, and if we are wise, the lesson will not be unheeded. The spectators at the "trial of speed" yesterday were numerous and respectable. Among the number were many ladies, who took a lively interest in the scene.

Ten horses were entered on Tuesday, and were to have been on the track yesterday. They were named as follows: "Donkick," "McClellan," "Harry of the West," "Duchess," "Black Mare," "Laroke," "Artless" "Expedition," "Satan," and "Annie Clark." Among the other horses entered was a "Secesh pony," sent by Col Hartranft.

The grand contest of the day was between "McClellan" and "Duchess." The word to go was not given until near three o'clock. The following was the score:

FIRST HEAT.

McClellan, entered by Cook	2 49
Dutchess, entered by Hibner	2 42

SECOND HEAT.

Dutchess	2 41½
McClellan	2 41

THIRD HEAT.

Dutchess	2 39½
McClellan	2 39

On the last heat it seemed almost certain that "McClellan" would come in a winner, as he was fully five lengths ahead of his opponent, but in the home stretch the gap suddenly closed up and the horses came in so close that at most each lost the distance between them being hardly preceptible. "Dutchess," having the outside track, was declared the winner. "McClellan's" defeat was attributable to the over-confidence of his driver, who felt so confident of success, that he deemed it unnecessary to exert his self. Several other races were made up in the course of the afternoon by outside parties, and the amusement was kept up until dark.

By three o'clock the crowd had increased to three thousand persons. As a matter of course, there was a fair sprinkling of the light-fingered gentry on hand. It would have been as well if some of our city detectives had been present, although we did not hear of any one being robbed. There were a number of policemen, employed by the society constantly on the alert for suspicious characters, who were therefore very "shady."

To-day being the last of the exhibition, it is expected that the number of visitors will even exceed that of yesterday.

OPENING OF THE NEW HOSPITAL, TWELFTH AND BUTTONWOOD STREETS—INTERESTING EXERCISES.—Yesterday afternoon, from three to five o'clock, there was a very large crowd at the corner of Twelfth and Buttonwood streets, to witness the ceremonies incidental to the opening of the new Hospital there. After much squeezing and jostling, we at last succeeded in reaching an eligible position, where we could both see and hear to some advantage. The influx of ladies was very great, and any amount of whitewash was rubbed off upon silk dresses and mantillas. A large and beautiful flag was presented to the Association of Ladies, by Messrs Evans & Hassall, and the raising of this formed a feature in the proceedings. The Greenstreet choir were in attendance and sang very creditably, commencing with "The Bright Flag of America." An eloquent prayer followed, by Rev Theodore Stevens; then the song, "Many Years Ago," by the choir. The Rev. Mr. Henson was then introduced, and began his address by wondering what heart in all his audience was not awake to the remembrance of the Revolutionary struggles, when our fathers in serried ranks marched side by side to crush a hostile foe. Who did not feel like saying, would that the past, with all its thorns and flowers, could come again! Would that a still brighter and more glorious future might soon become a present! Regenerated and disenthralled, we shall then commence a career of glory which our ancestors never anticipated. The hearts of all in this assembly beat in unison with the music of the Union. To this building, opened today, under such happy auspices, will come fathers, husbands, brothers, sons, who, though far removed perchance from loving relatives, will yet be cared for by loving strangers. Philadelphia is indeed a city of brotherly love; for when the first body of volunteers marched through her streets kind attentions anticipated their wants, and thoughtful hands had provided for them. Mr. Henson spoke feelingly and forcibly, and was listened to with attention

Rev. Mr. Willis, who was the next speaker, said that no one present on the occasion could sympathize more deeply than himself with the sentiments expressed by the previous speaker. Every one should lay his duty at the present moment, became at once a Government agent, and of a kind whose influence was most extensive and lasting. The founding and sustaining of hospitals not only affords solace to the bodily sufferings of the wounded, but also, in very many cases, heals broken hearts, and administers consolation to the wounded spirit. These soldiers, thus benefited, when they return to the field, wielded an immense influence for good over their old companions, carrying a light into their minds and a power into their hearts, which time and eternity alone could completely develop.

The flag was then hoisted, amid great cheering. A very pretty and graceful device was connected with the raising of the flag, and consisted of about six hundred miniature flaglets being tied up in its folds. When the stars and stripes were unfolded and streamed out upon the keen-blowing air, this red, white, and blue shower came pouring down upon the multitude, and the flaglets were eagerly clutched by the men, women, and children. The "Star-Spangled Banner," joined in by all, concluded these interesting ceremonies, and the crowd, in the most glorious good humor, dispersed.

The Ladies' Aid Society, for the relief of the soldiers of this hospital, also desirous of making the following acknowledgments of various articles received during the past month. In addition to these, there have been donations from various sources, amounting to three hundred dollars:

Flag, from Evans & Hassal; flag-staff, Mr. Bartle; blank-books, stationery, and 8 gross small fans, T. W. Price, Esq.; 24 yards oil cloth, Mr. Potter; flannel and chintz, W. D. Jones; 12 pairs slippers, Mrs. Horlock; stockings, bowls, waiters, 1 dozen tablespoons, 1 dozen teaspoons, per Mrs. Grey; 40 wooden curtain fixtures and $3 from Thompson; 144 yards curtain cord, from Horstman; handkerchiefs, soap, jelly, muslin, and flannel, per Mrs. Titus; $34, per Mrs. Ellis; $25, per Matthew Baldwin; $10, Mr. Warren, Mr. Campbell, W. C. Brown, Mr Evelan?, Mr. Rand, Dr. James, E. Worne, Wm Franklin, Mr. Moyer, Sharpless & Bro., A. C. Harmer, J. Bullock, S Hensel, E Hall.

THE SHERIFFALTY—JOHN THOMPSON'S COMMISSION READ IN COURT—MR. EWING REFUSES TO YIELD THE OFFICE.—The election, upon which Mr Ewing claims the office of sheriff, took place October 12, 1861. It will be remembered that the aggregate vote included that of the city and the volunteers who were in the national service in Virginia. The army vote, which was subsequently ascertained to be fraudulent in many instances, was counted, under protest, by the return judges for the county. It gave to Ewing a small majority, which counterbalanced Thompson's majority in the city. There were few persons conversant with the manner in which the elections in the camps were held, who did not speak of it as a farce. In many instances, votes were recorded and counted for Mr. Ewing, when could not be shown the locality of the company or regiment voting, the number of the regiment, or anything else which could give assurance that the votes were deposited according to the forms of law. Yet, under a writ of mandamus, the return judges were obliged to count the votes. The certificate of election was given to Ewing, and the Governor accordingly issued the commission. Shortly afterwards, the Supreme Court of the State decided the army vote unconstitutional. Mr. Ewing appealed to the Court of Quarter Sessions, and a tedious litigation took place. The decision of the court was against his claim. The Governor issued a commission to John Thompson as the legal Sheriff of Philadelphia County. Yesterday Mr. Thompson was sworn into office by the Recorder of the city. He then proceeded, (attended by his counsel, Messrs. Gilpin, Brewster, and Conarroe, and by ex-Sheriff Kern,) to the Courts of Common Pleas and Quarter Sessions, where the commission was read and recorded, and the certificate of the oath of office filed.

Sheriff Thompson repaired to the sheriff's office, to assume its duties. He found Mr Ewing in the private office. Mr. Charles Gilpin introduced Sheriff Thomson to Mr. Ewing, and then said his client had come here to take charge of the office.

"Then, sir, said Mr. E., you must go somewhere else to do it; you cannot stay here!"

Mr. Gilpin proceeded to assert the legal rights of his client, declaring that while willing to accord any reasonable courtesy to Mr. Ewing and his assistants, in closing their connection with the office, Sheriff Thompson intended to remain in possession of the office, and that all writs from that moment must go through his hands.

Mr. Ewing refused to recognize any right in Mr. Thompson to occupy the office until he had consulted his counsel.

This was granted. One o'clock P. M. was fixed for a meeting of all the counsel at the office, and an amicable adjustment of the difficulty, if possible. In the outer office the old deputies remained at their posts; but Messrs. Edwin T. Chase and James Freeborn were authorized to receive writs, &c, on behalf of Sheriff Thompson.

At one o'clock, the time fixed for the meeting of the counsel, the representatives of Mr. Thompson were present, but those of Mr. Ewing did not appear. The office was closed at three o'clock, one of Mr. Ewing's deputies taking the key of office to his home. This was the condition of this extraordinary case last evening. We are not aware that any compromise has been effected.

We understand that Mr. Thompson has made the following appointments:

Executive Clerk—Benjamin S. Riley.

Deputies—First district, Isaac M. Ashton and Ed. Molowell; Second district, Jas. Freeborn and Samuel Daniels; Fourth district, Wm. Andress and Robt McCawley; Fifth district, Jas J Allison and Henry McIntyre.

Bill Poster—John Gregory.

BOARD OF SUPERVISING INSPECTORS OF STEAMBOATS—This board continued its session yesterday at the Continental. Eight members were present, the president in the chair.

The report of the Committee on Life-saving Apparatus was submitted and read.

A preamble and resolutions on the subject of life boats were also submitted, setting forth the defects of the present system of carrying boats without suitable tackling by which means much life is lost because of the difficulty of instantly lowering the boat into the water, and making it a duty for inspectors to hereafter enforce the rule that there shall always be sufficient tackling, with a provision that the rule apply only to ocean and lake steamers.

The resolutions were discussed at length, and the matter was finally laid over for the present, to await the consultation of Thomas B. Stillman, the supervisor of this district.

Mr. Witzig, chairman of the committee upon the memorial of the pilots of St. Louis and the Western waters asking for a change in the rules governing the pilots on the rivers flowing into the Gulf of Mexico, reported unfavorably to the change, as it would close the door of that system by which pilots can be apprenticed. The present pilots desired to have a monopoly of the Western traffic.

The memorial was consequently withdrawn.

Mr. Barnett read the annual report of the First district, embracing the Pacific coast.

Mr. Witzig submitted a report from the Fourth district, embracing St. Louis and the Western waters. The reports were referred to the Committee on Annual Report, after which the board adjourned.

SERENADE TO ANOTHER SUCCESSFUL CANDIDATE.—The City Controller elect, Mr. Joseph B. Lyndall, was serenaded, on Tuesday night, at his residence, in south Second street. The serenade was gotten up by some of the late associates of Mr. Lyndall in the Custom House. After the musical portion of the programme was gone through with, the serenading party partook of a handsome collation. In respon se to a complimentary toast, Mr. Lyndall made a patriotic speech, in which he alluded to the issues involved in the late political contest, and to the peculiar gratification he felt in the fact that he was not only a successful candidate, but that he was successful in a canvass where principles so dear to every lover of his country were at stake. Collector Thomas was also toasted, and, in the absence of that gentleman, Mr. Charles Pryor, one of the day inspectors in the Custom House, made an excellent and characteristic response. Speeches were also made by Mr. Leonard Fletcher, president of the Board of Control, and by other officials under the General and City Government.

THE PHILADELPHIA CITY GUARD.—This regiment, under the command of Colonel Wm. A. Gray, is now in camp near the Falls of Schuylkill, on the same ground that the Corn Exchange Regiment occupied. The camp is named Camp Puleston, in honor of Colonel Puleston, aid to Governor Curtin, stationed at Washington. Each man, as recruited, receives his uniform and a gum blanket, and is sent to camp. Each man receives all the bounties and one month's pay in advance. It becomes every citizen of Philadelphia to assist in filling this regiment, as it will do away with the draft of one thousand men. A mass meeting will be called for Saturday evening, in Independence Square, in order to fill up this regiment.

AN EXPENSIVE VISIT.—An individual hailing from Montgomery county arrived in this city on Tuesday evening, and strolled about town for the purpose of seeing the sights. During his perambulations he formed the acquaintance of a young woman named Emma Gordon. The two went to a restaurant in the neighborhood of Ninth and Market streets, and partook of a supper. After separating, the Montgomery county gentleman found himself minus $430 in money, and upward of $200 in notes of hand, which he charges Emma with having stolen. The accused was arrested by Sergeant Pole and Officer Stine, but stoutly denies having committed the theft. She was identified, however, both by her accuser and the man who waited upon the party at the eating saloon, and was committed in default of $1,500 to answer at court. Neither the money nor papers have been recovered.

AN OUTRAGE.—Yesterday afternoon, the provost guard, in their march along Chestnut street, stopped opposite Adams' Express office. The sergeant went across the street to a stand to buy a roast chestnut and demanded his discharge or furlough. He said he was no soldier, when the sergeant, seizing his coat, drew a sword and deliberately cut all the buttons from it. The garment was a military blouse. We have always been of the opinion that a man's coat was his own property, and that no one, whether he be a soldier or civilian, had a right to deprive him of it, or any part of it. This act committed by the provost guard was a most unmitigated outrage, and we hope the man who was maltreated will demand reparation.

ACCIDENTS.—Yesterday morning a sign was blown down in Ninth street, above Arch, belonging to the Gymnastic School, fracturing the leg of a lady, passing at the time. She was taken into the millinery store on the first floor, properly cared for, and sent to St Joseph's Hospital. Two young men, named John Miller and George Potts, were thrown from a wagon in the neighborhood of Broad and Thompson streets, on Tuesday evening, and severely injured. The accident was caused by the horse attached to the vehicle taking fright and running away.

ROBBERY.—Yesterday Thomas Holland was before Alderman McCahen charged with the larceny of $400, the property of Patrick Harting. Holland keeps a tavern on Water street, below Spruce, and Harting boarded with him. The former declares that the latter gave him the money for safe keeping, while Harting alleges that the other stole it. The accused was committed in default of $1,500 bail to answer. In addition to the above amount, there are two hundred dollars belonging to Mr. Harting missing, and which are supposed to have been stolen by some other person.

THE MYSTERIOUS HORN.—Every evening, about eight o'clock, strains of doubtful music issue forth from behind a screen on the second story of a building at Fifth and Chestnut streets. All that the great crowd which stands gazing at the screen can see of the producers of these dulcet strains is the upper end of an enormous horn poked towards the heavens from the labyrinth of bedizened linen below. Our sole object in writing this is to immortalize that horn.

BY A NOTICE in another column it will be seen that the Pennsylvania Anti-Slavery Society is to hold its Twenty-fifth Annual Meeting on Saturday next, in West Chester. Rev. Dr. Furness is to deliver the opening address. The notice intimates that the functions of anti-slavery men will hereafter be chiefly of a "constructive" character. From this it would appear that the pulling-down or *destructive* stage of the enterprise is considered to be passed.

A NEW FACTORY.—A new factory has just been completed at the corner of Unity and Leiper streets, Frankford. The building is fifty-eight by one hundred and forty feet, or containing nearly twenty thousand square feet of room surface. Part of the building is four stories high, containing six large rooms, besides office, engine, and boiler-house.

RUN OVER.—About noon yesterday, a lad named John B. Lair, aged eight years, was run over, in Cedwalader street, by a runaway express team, and severely injured. The team also came in contact with a lamp and awning post, doing them considerable damage.

SENT TO THEIR REGIMENTS.—Yesterday morning 200 convalescent soldiers from the West Philadelphia Army Hospital left the depot at Broad and Prime streets, to rejoin their regiments.

SUFFOLK PARK—FALL MEETING—RUNNING RACES—SECOND DAY.—Yesterday occurred the two races, that of mile heats, and of a single dash of two miles. At 3 o'clock, all necessary arrangements having been made, the first field of horses were summoned. These were Mr. Lloyd's "Reporter," Mr. Hunter's "Miss Jessie," and Dr. Weldon's "Hillsborough"—the former and latter carrying 104 pounds, and "Miss Jessie" 87 pounds. In the betting "Reporter" had the call, whilst "Miss Jessie" was universally named as the probable second. After one false start, with "Hillsborough" leading, "Miss Jessie" second, and "Reporter" behind, they got the word, and sped off in the

FIRST HEAT.—Around by the turn "Hillsborough increased his lead to two, and at the quarter pole was leading "Miss Jessie" four lengths, whilst she was double that distance in advance of "Reporter," who won in gallant style in 1.48.

SECOND HEAT.—At the tap of the drum, "Reporter" was leading, "Jessie" a close second, and "Hillsborough" third. Around by the quarter-pole, "Miss Jessie," taking up the running, appeared in front. Down the back-stretch, however, "Reporter" challenged her again, and after a sharp struggle, shook her off to a second place, "Reporter" was now the winner, and the struggle remained for the second place. "Hillsborough" gained a second position by a half length to "Reporter," who won the heat in 1.48¾.

Immediately following the decision, was the summons of the second field of horses. These were Mr Lloyd's "Revenge," J. Hunter's "West Roxbury," Captain S. G. Muir's "Laura Farris," Dr. Weldon's "Bettie Ward," and E. Conklin's "Major." In the scoring Miss Bettie was very uneasy, and insisted on going the reverse direction, causing one false start before they got the word for

THE RACE.—"Major" took the lead, "Bettie Ward" second, "Revenge" third, "West Roxbury" fourth, and "Laura Farris" a bad fifth. Down the stretch they all got well together but retained their relative positions into the second mile. Gillpatrick darted "Revenge" like a thunderbolt at "West Roxbury," and in a second was at his side, "Laura Farris" being well in company, whilst "Bettie Ward" had succeeded in retaining a respectable fourth position; but the "Major"—he was as far off as a mile track would allow him to be.

On the stretch "Revenge" succeeded in obtaining the lead, and "Laura Ferris" was, too close upon "Roxbury." When half way down the stretch, the rider of "Laura," perceiving he had the speed to go by, imprudently pulled for the inner track, when there was not sufficient room for him to pass, and was subsequently obliged to pull back, which lost him a second place, which "Roxbury" occupied to the finish, "Revenge" winning in good style in 3.42¼, "Roxbury" second, "Laura Ferris" third, "Bettie Ward" fourth, and "Major" not yet perceptible to the naked eye

SUMMARY.

SUFFOLK PARK, Wednesday, October 22.—First race, mile heats; purse, $200; entrance fee, $25.

C. Lloyd enters "Reporter" (4 years).....1 1
Dr. We don enters "Imp Hillsborough," (4 years)..2 2
J. Hunter enters "Miss Jessie," (3 years).....3 3
Time, 1.48—1.48¾.

SAME DAY—Second race, sing'e dash of two miles; purse, $200; entrance fee, $25.

C. Lloyd enters "Reporter" (4 years).....1
J. Hunter enters "West Roxbury," (3 years).....2
Capt. Moore enters "Laura Ferris" (6 years).....3
Dr. Weldon enters "Bettie Ward," (5 years).....4
C. Conklin enters "Major," (5 years).....dist.
Time, 3 42¼.

THE RECENT POST-OFFICE ROBBERY AT WILMINGTON.—Charles Wooster, alias Clements, who was arrested in this city, a short time since, upon the charge of robbing the post office at Wilmington, Del., was tried at the latter place on Tuesday, and found guilty. He was sentenced to an imprisonment of three years. It was discovered that on Saturday last the prisoner was making desperate attempts to escape from his place of confinement. He had partially succeeded when detected. Wooster, previous to robbing the Wilmington post office, had broken jail at Mount Holly, where he was serving a term of imprisonment for horse stealing.

ARRIVAL OF SICK AND WOUNDED SOLDIERS.—The following sick and wounded soldiers have arrived at the Citizens' Volunteer Hospital, Broad and Washington avenue:

Jas. Muzzy, E, 16th New York, hip.
Eng. Maniossa, L, 39th New York, leg.
W. L. Marcy, B, 3d Pennsylvania, paralysis.
R. Grubb, C, 15th North Carolina, sick.
Jno. C. Dolon, G, 132d Pennsylvania, typhoid.
David Brown, D, 20th Massachusetts, sick.
John Wright, L, 48th North Carolina, sick.
Lieut. G. H. Watts, D, 4th Rhode Island, side and arm.
Arthur L. Small, K, 27th Maine, ankle.

THE FUNERAL OF REV. WM. METCALFE.—The funeral of this venerable divine took place yesterday morning, from his late residence, No. 1219 north Third street. The remains of the deceased were deposited in the grave-yard attached to the Bible Christian Church, immediately opposite the late residence. Church was followed to the grave by a large number of the congregation of which he was pastor, the members of the American Vegetarian Society, and friends of the deceased. After the performance of the last sad ceremonies, the burial took place in a portion of ground contiguous to the church.

THE TAX ON LEATHER.—The following is a copy of a letter received by Washington Keith, Esq., assessor of the First district, in reply to an inquiry whether the duty upon leather was upon its full value as it leaves the curriver, or only upon the increased value of his labor:

TREASURY DEPARTMENT,
OFFICE OF INTERNAL REVENUE,
Washington, October 21, 1862.

SIR: Your letter of the 20th instant has been received. Curriers and finishers of leather are required to pay a duty of 3 per cent. on the full value of the leather finished by them, when ready for market, and is removed from the premises, "for consumption or sale."

Very respectfully, GEO. S. BOUTWELL, Commissioner.

FAIR FOR THE WIDOWS OF SOLDIERS.—A Ladies' Fair, for the benefit of the widows of the soldiers who have fallen in battling for our Union, is now open, at King's Excelsior Hall, 1347 and 1349 Frankford road, opposite Master street.

DEATHS AT THE ARMY HOSPITALS.—The only death reported at the army hospitals yesterday was that of John Strobel, of the 3d Delaware Regiment, who died at the Fifth-street hospital.

PHILADELPHIA BOARD OF TRADE.
ALGERNON S. ROBERTS, }
CHAS. RICHARDSON, } COMMITTEE OF THE MONTH.
A. J. DERBYSHIRE, }

LETTER BAGS

At the Merchants' Exchange, Philadelphia.

Ship Northampton, Morse.....Liverpool, soon
Ship Lancaster, Doane.....Liverpool, soon
Ship Wyoming, Burton.....Liverpool, soon
Bark F Chipman, Jones.....Liverpool, soon
Bark Sea Eagle, Howes.....Port Spain, soon
Brig Emmaline, Hussey.....Port Spain, soon
Brig Amazone, Rogemann.....Bremen, soon
Brig Intended, Miller.....Demarara, soon
Schr Isaac Morse, Parsons.....Barbadoes, soon
Schr Smithsonian, Davis.....Buenos Ayres, soon

MARINE INTELLIGENCE.

PORT OF PHILADELPHIA, Oct. 23, 1862.

SUN RISES.....6 21—SUN SETS.....5 3
HIGH WATER.....2 0

ARRIVED.

Bark White Wing, Wilson, from Porto Cabello 1st inst, in ballast to John Ballest & Co. Left brig Ida, for Philadelphia in 5 days. Experienced heavy weather since 12th inst.

Brig Orrison Adams, Yorke, 4 days from Alexandria, in ballast to J E Bazley & Co.

Brig Alladin, Macomber, 4 days from Baltimore, in ballast to E A Sonder & Co.

Brig Chas Edward, Shute, from Boston, in ballast to captain.

Brig Princeton, Wells, from Boston.

Schr Silver Star, Holt, 26 days from Kingston, Jam, with logwood, &c. to D N Wetzlar & Co.

Schr Flying Scud, Carmine, 18 days from Trinidad de Cuba, with molasses to S & W Welsh.

Schr Meteor, Dunscomb, 15 days from Turks Island, with salt to A E Outerbridge.

Schr B J Pickup, Pickup, 4 days from Washington, in ballast to captain.

Schr Eliza Matthews, Bradley, 3 days from Washington, in ballast to captain.

Schr H W Morse, Fenton, 4 days from Washington, in ballast to Twells & Co.

Schr Annie Gibbs, 6 days from Portland, with fish and potatoes to Van Horn, Woodworth & Co.

Schr Garrow, Holbrook, 3 days from Washington, in ballast to captain.

Schr Nancy R Hogen, Coombs, from Fall River, in ballast to captain.

Schr Enterprise, Wheeler, 2 days from St Martins, Md, with corn to Jas L Bewley & Co.

Schr Belmont, Lancaster Pennsylvania, 1 day from Smyrna, Del, with wheat to James Barratt & Co.

Schr T B Carter, Mattson, 1 day from Smyrna, Del, with corn to Jas L Bewley & Co.

Schr Challenge, Hart, 10 days from Rockport, with ice to A Garrett

Schr Diemond, Townsend, 2 days from Indian River, Del, with corn to Jas L Bewley & Co.

Schr Clayton & Cooper, Jackson, 1 day from Smyrna, Del, with grain to Jas L Bewley & Co

Schr Fair Leader, Adams, 2 days from Salisbury, Md, with lumber to J W Bacon.

Schr Beulah, Hanson, from Boston.

Schr M A Shropshire, Shropshire, from Boston.

Schr Clara Merrick, Montgomery, from Boston.

Schr Albert Pharo, Lippincott, from Boston.

Schr J B Johnson, Johnson, from Boston.

Schr Revenue, Corson, from Boston.

Schr Dwight Davidson, Ketchum, from Washington.

Schr Minnesota, Baker, from Salem.

Schr Rowena, Scherwin, St Kitts, Jauretche & Lavergne.

Schr Chance, McNeilly, Washington, Hunter, Norton & Co.

Schr M Kennedy, Kennedy, Washington, do

Schr R G Porter, Smith, Danversport, Tyler, Stone & Co.

Schr J B Johnson, Johnson, Fortress Monroe, do

Schr Revenue, Corson, Fortress Monroe, do

Schr Montevne, Falkenburg, Boston, B H Powell.

Schr Beulah, Hanson, Providence, E S Sawyer & Co.

Schr Sarah Turner, Crowell, New York, do

Schr M A Shropshire, Shropshire, Boston, C A Heckscher & Co.

Schr Clara Merrick, Montgomery, Roxbury, Hammett, Van Dusen & Co.

Schr Black Diamond, Young, Roxbury, L Audenried & Co.

Schr Minnesota, Baker, Roxbury, do

Schr A Pharo, Lippincott, Providence, do

Schr Dwight Davidson, Ketchum, Fort Schuyler, J R Blakiston.

SAILED

The ship Charles Hill, Capt Percival, which left Shippen street wharf at 3 P M on Tuesday for Liverpool, took out the following cargo: 2419 bbls flour, 20,540 bushels grain, 1016 pks lard, 100 tierces beef, 68 hhds bark, 17 do tobacco, 56 casks ore, 35 casks tallow, and 50 bags cloverseed.

(Correspondence of the Press.)

HAVRE DE GRACE, Oct 21.

The steamer Wyoming left this place this morning, with the following boats in tow, laden and consigned as follows:

Com Foote, lumber to Chester; R B Montgomery, do to Lippincott & Patterson; Roanoke, do to W O Lilloyd; England & Brown, do to Trenton; Kaskaskia, do to Wilmington, Del; Opothohoko, B Bush, O J Brubaker, and Emblem, coal to Delaware City.

MEMORANDA.

Ship Westmoreland, Decan, sailed from Liverpool 5th inst for Philadelphia.

Ship Constitution, Higgins, from Liverpool for Philadelphia, was off Waterford 3d inst.

Ship Belle of the Ocean, Reed, hence, arrived at Liverpool 6th inst.

Ship Fanny McHenry, Smith, from London for Philadelphia, passed Deal 4th inst.

Brig Ida, (Br) Morrison, for Philadelphia, sailed from Porto Cabello 4th inst, and was passed 6th, lat 24 02, long 67 54.

Brig A J Ross, Small, sailed from Providence 20th inst. for Philadelphia.

Brig J Means, Wells, hence, arrived at Boston 20th instant.

Schr J M Broomall, Douglass, hence, arrived at Boston 21st inst.

Schr Governor, Freethey, cleared at Boston 21st inst. for Philadelphia.

Schr Minerva, Jefferson, hence, arrived at Fall River 20th inst.

Schr Ruth Halsey, Penney, hence, arrived at Fall River 20th inst

Schr M Sand, Terry, hence, arrived at East Greenwich 20th inst.

Schrs S A Taylor, Dukes, J H Bartlett, Rockhill Flyaway, Davis, M A Mifflin, Golding, J C Baxter, Price, B Frink, English, and Sea Witch, Tyler, hence, arrived at Providence 20th inst

Schr Hattie Annah, Orcutt, sailed from Providence 20th inst. for Philadelphia.

Schr Governor, from New York for Providence, put into New London 20th inst. for repairs, having carried away foremast and mainstmast in a squall on Sunday evening.

Schr B L Berry, Weaver, from Boston for Philadelphia, capsized off Handkerchief Shoal on Monday. The captain and steward were drowned. The B L B registered 190 tons, was built at Dorchester, NJ, in 1852, rated A 2, and hailed from Morristown, NJ.

EDUCATIONAL.

VILLAGE GREEN SEMINARY.—A select Boarding School, near MEDIA, Pa. Thorough course in Mathematics, Classics, English studies, &c.

Military Tactics taught. Classes in Book keeping, Surveying, and Civil Engineering. Pupils taken of all ages, and received at any time.

Boarding per week, $2 25.

Tuition per quarter, $6 00.

For catalogues or information address Rev. J HERVEY BARTON, A. M., Village Green, Pa oct10-tf

OXFORD FEMALE SEMINARY, OXFORD, CHESTER COUNTY, PA.—The next session of this Institution will open on WEDNESDAY, November 5.

For Circulars, address
oct1-1m MISS BAKER, Principal.

MISS BROOKS AND MRS. J. E. HALL will reopen their Boarding and Day School for Young Ladies, at 1218 WALNUT Street, on MONDAY, September 8. se2-2m

A. BACHMANN, TEACHER OF the Piano, Organ, Melodeon, and Violin, 624 North ELEVENTH Street. At home 12 to 1, noon; 6 to 7 P. M. se25 1m*

CLASSICAL INSTITUTE.—DEAN Street, above SPRUCE. The Classical Institute will RE-OPEN SEPTEMBER 1st.
au26-2m* J. W FAIRES, D. D., Principal.

LINDEN HALL MORAVIAN FEMALE SEMINARY, at LITIZ, Lancaster county, Penna., founded 1794, affords superior advantages for thorough and accomplished female education. For circulars and information, apply to Messrs. JORDAN & BROTHERS, 209 North THIRD Street, Philadelphia, or to Rev. W. C. REICHEL, Principal au29-3m

FRENCH LANGUAGE.—PROF. MASSE is now forming a class, of between twelve and twenty boys, to receive instruction in FRENCH, by the oral method. The course will consist of sixteen lessons, of an hour and a half each, four lessons a week, and in the afternoon. Terms, $4 00 for the course. He will constantly converse with his classes, and afford every facility for attaining a thorough colloquial knowledge of the language. Prof M. has matured his new system by which those having a slight knowledge of the French language may make rapid improvement, without devoting to the study any other time than the hour passed with the teacher. References: Rev. Bishop W. B. Stevens, D. D., Prof. H. Coppée, of Penna. University, Charles Short, Esq. Apply at his residence, 111 South THIRTEENTH street. se8-3m

LINWOOD HALL, ON CHELTON Avenue, York Road Station, N. P. R. R., seven miles from Philadelphia.

The Third Term of Miss CARR'S Boarding and Day School for Young Ladies, at the above beautiful and healthy location, will commence on the second MONDAY of September.

The number of pupils being limited to fifteen, the establishment has as much of the freedom of a home as consistent with mental improvement. Exercises in the Gymnasium and open air are promoted, for which the extensive grounds afford facility. Location is healthy.

Circulars can be obtained at the office of Jay Cooke & Co., bankers, 114 South Third street, or by addressing the Principal, Shoemakertown post office, Montgomery county, Pa. au25-3m

THE WEST CHESTER ACAD