THE FALL OF HARPER'S FERRY.

Stubborn Defence of Col. Miles—Two Days' Hard Fighting—Description of Harper's Ferry and Vicinity.

Washington, Sept. 16.—Harper's Ferry was surrendered to the rebels at leu o'clock Monday forenoon. All the prisoners—officers and men—were paroled. The cayalry, about twenty five hundred in number, on Sunday evening crossed the Potomao on a pontoon bridge to the Maryland side, and cut their way through the enemy's lines, making their escape. The rebels report that they (the cavalry) had a severe fight, and lost two or three hundred in killed, wounded, and prisoners, in the operation. About sight thousand mon were captured by the rebels in all at the final surrender.

I cannot learn the numbers of the rebels, but they were very large. The fight was commenced en Friday afternoon, our batteries on the Maryland Heights and Oamp Hil', at harper's Ferry, opening upon the rebels on the noon, our batteries on the Maryland Heights and Camp Hil', at harper's Ferry, opening upon the rebels on the Maryland side. To this they did not reply, not being yet ready to commence the contest.

On Saturday the rebls made an attack with artillery on our forces on the Maryland Heights. This was supported by a large infantry force, and the fighting continued through the day. There were a good many killed and wounded during this fight on both sides. The rebels say they had only one brigade of infantry engaged was the 32d Ohio, 120th New York, the First Regiment Mayyland Home Guards, Colonel Moseley, and the Garibadii Guards, of New York. Other regiments were there, but the abave named austained the brunt of the fight.

About four P. M. our forces abandoned Maryland Heights, the rebels having been largely reinforced and Heights, the rebels having been largely reinforced and overpowering them. The retreat was made in good order. overpowering them. The retreat was made in good orger. The artillery was spiked and our wounded taken away. During the day the rebels made their appearance on Loudon Heights, which is on the Virginia side, about a mile and a half from Harper's Ferry. Their signal corps appeared on the Block House, and commenced operations. They were shelled from Camp Hill, and, at the third shelling, disappeared. They, however, continued to appear at this point at intervals through the day, notwithe and in our fire. appear at this point at intervals through the day, notwithstanding our fire.

During Esturday, they were planting batteries there,
which would commend both Bolivar Heights and Harper's Ferry. During Saturday afternoon, the rabels
also made their appearance in force on the Charlestowa
turnpike. They were shelled from Bolivar Heights, but
did not return the fire during all this time. It is understood that Colonel Miles was in command during all this
time. General White was present and engaged in the
contest, but declined to take command, although it was
tendered to him by Colonel Miles.

On Sunday morning there was infantry skirmishing
on the Charlestown turnpike. The rebels also used artillery from the same direction; but little damage was done,
and for two or three hours the fighting was almost entirely surpended. About 2 P. M. the enemy succeeded in
getting their batteries in position on Loudon Heights, and
a heavy artillery fire was commenced by them simultareously from Loudon' and Maryland Heights, and from
the direction of the Charles own turnpike. The cannonading from this time until about sunset was terrific. Our
halleries from Bolivar Heights, and, in fact, every gua
thet could be becomed to the enemy, raplied

that could be brought to bear upon the enemy, replied.
While this was taking place there was a general infantry engagement on the Charlestown turnplace. Nearly our whole force was engaged in this battle. The rebels were in very strong force, and the fighting was desperate. While this was going on the Garibaldi Guard crossed the river and brought off the artillery left on the Maryland During the night of Sunday the rebels had placed additional batteries in position, and at daylight on Monday morning opened from seven or eight different points. They, in fact, completely surrounced the Union forces. About eight A. M. Colonel Miles was severely wounded in the left leg by a piece of sholl. After this the command was assumed by General White. Reinforcements not coming up as had been anlicipated, it was thought useless to further continue the fight, and the works, with

LATER-THE REBEL PANIC. The following important intelligence has just been received. It puts a new phase upon the condition of affairs at Harper's Ferry, and shows that, although there has been no direct intelligence from General McOlellan during to day, the enemy are evidently panic-stricken, and unwilling to await the approach of his victorious army, even in the strong position where, by dist of overwhelming numbers, the small garrison under Colonel Miles and General White were compelled to surrender, after nearly three days' hard fighting, and after Colonel Miles had been seriously wounded and its reports that the rebels had evacuated the place in a grea hurry. They are sending everything across the river as fast as possible. They left Harper's Ferry in such lisate that they had not time to complete paroling the prisoners, and a number were unconditionally released in THE ESCAPE OF THE CAVALRY FROM HAR-

PER'S FERRY GREENCASTLE, Pa., Sept. 15.—The cavalry force, which left Harper's Ferry last night, at eight o'clock, arrived here to day at one o'clock. They consisted of the Twelfth Illinois Regiment the First Maryland Re-giment, a part of the Eighth New York Regiment, and some portion of an Indiana regiment—numbering about 1,600 men.

Gen. White, it seems, was completely surrounded at Harper's Ferry, and the cavalry force obtained permission to cut their way out After obtaining a guide they started, and succeeded in making their way around the started, and succeeded in making their way around the enemy without being discovered, and on reaching the William port road saw a train of wagons, which they captured. It turned out to be General Longstreet's ammunition train, which had just left Hagerstown after supplying his division with ammunition. The wagons were about half full, and most of them proved to be those taken from Gen. Pope's army at Centreville. They numbered about fifty.

About seventy five prisoners were captured at the same time, some of whom formerly lived in this vicinity. One of them is said to have attended a war meeting in Funkstown net a month ago, cheering and burrahing for the Union, &c. Colonei McClure, with other officers, had as much as they could do to keep the crowd from hanging the double-dyed traitors while they were on the way to prison.

gome of the prisoners state they never would have been in the war had they not been forced into it. They were very glad to be taken, as they said they hoped now to get enough to cat. The prisoners are, like all that have heretofore been taken, very dirty and very ragged, and look as though they had not washed or changed their clothes from the time of their enlistment into the rebel COL. MILES ACCIDENTALLY KILLED. COL. MILES ACCIDENTALLY KILLED.

The Baltimore Sun says: We publish elsewhere a statement from the Washington Star, which mentions the surrender of Harper's Ferry by the Federal forces under Acting Brigadier General Dixon H. Miles. It is further stated that General Miles was mortally wounded. We regret to add to this abnouncement that a gentleman who reached this city last night from Frederick brings the intelligence of Gen. Miles' death, the result of an unforturate accident. It appears that the command of Gen. Miles aurrendered at 9 clock on Monday morn.

Gen. Miles surrendered at 9 o'clock on Monday morning, and that about an hour afterwards a shell accidentally exploded. A part of the shell first struck the lower portion of Gen. Mi's left leg, which was baily fractured. It then glanced, and striking the upper part of the right leg, also shattered it severely, rendering the General immediately insensible. General immediately insensible.

It was, unfortunately, a long time before reaction ensued, to that it was late in the evening before amputation, rendered absolutely necessary, could be resorted to. Daring a late hour in the evening, however, both legs were amputated, but the General died from the effects yesterday morning. The intelligence of his decesse will be received in this city (where his family have resided for many years) with profound regret. He was a brave and gallant officer, and a generous and warm-hearted friend. His remains, it is expected, will reach this city this morning.

FROM WESTERN VIRGINIA. (From the Wheeling Intelligencer, 15th]

Affairs in the Kanawha Valley look billious. We do not credit the numbers of the enemy as reported yester-day morning, but up to the time of this writing have nothing additional from that region.

A merchant from Buckhaunon, who was in the city A merchant from Buckhaunon, who was in the city yesterday making purchases, getting an intimation that all was 1 of right out there, relegraphed home to know if anything was the metter, and received in reply an admonition to buy no good, but return home immediately. It appears that some fresh trouble is apprehended there from the direction of Beverly. It is is confirmed by the fact that Government horses and mules were removed from Clarksburg to Fairmount on Sunday last.

We are gratified to say, however, that steps have been taken by the proper authorities to meet the threatened danger in such a way that if the rebels attempt further inroad in Western Virginia, it may cost them yet dearer than any of their former experience. FROM CUMBERLAND AND ROMNEY.

By last evening's train from Cumberland we learn that Captain Greenfield's cavarry fell back from Romney to Cumberland last Friday, in obedience to orders, and the former place was shortly after occupied by rebels. A describer, who came into Cumberland on Sunday, reports 1,400 cavalry and about two regiments of infantry, with two field biseas at Romney. Mullicards beinged a revised two field pieces, at Rompey. Mulligan's brigade arrived at New Creek yesterday morning. The place is considered entirely secure from attack. The Third Regular Infantry-Their Part

in the Second Bull Run Battle.

CAMP NEAR HALL'S HILL, VA., Sept. 5, 1882. EIR: I have the honor to report that on the 30th of August this regiment arrived on the old battle-field of Bull Rup, at about 7 o'clock A. M. A short time after the brigade was formed in line of battle (in front of the Dogan House), and the regiment ordered forward as akirmishers, with orders to occupy the crest of the hill in our front; our left resting on the Alexandria and Warrenton turnpike. We remained in this position about three hours, when I received orders to advance the line, which was promptly done. To effect this it was necessary to drive the enemy from some houses in front of our left. This was gallantly done by three companies, under the command of Lieut. Sheridan, with the loss of two men killed and three wounded. Our line of skirsylvania Reserves, the Bucktails on our left, and General Butterfield's on the right. At about half nest four P. M. the altack was made by our troops on the right, and a short time after a move-

ment was observed on our left, among the skirmishers of the Penrsylvania Reserve, which ended in their retiring entirely from their position. This was immediately reported to General Sykes, who directed me to occupy the done. The skirmishers of the 3d Infantry then occupied all the open ground in front, extending from wood to wood. The left of our line of skirmishers was holly pressed at this time, but the line was held until the movement on our right commenced. I then assembled the it, having directed the skirmishers on the left to reioin me. This they were unable to do, but under Lieut. were with him in the flerce engagement which they had on the left. With all the men of my regiment I could get together I joined the brigsde, which I found formed in together I joined the brigade, which I found formed in front of the Henry and Bobertson House. Shortly after

The sergeant recruiting for Company F. of the 27th, we were ordered forward to engage the enemy, who were whether the finest companies in the service, and pressing our left. We had a short and close conflict at this point, and were flusly forced to retire, which we did in good order. Subsequently we moved to Centreville, arriving at 1 o'clock in the night. Captain Walker, acting field officer, had charge of the

left wing, and rendered me much assistance by his coolness and the prompt carrying out of orders. Lieut. Sheridan's conduct came under my own observation, and was all that could be desired. He mentions with praise the conduct of Lieuts. Whitney and Eckert, the former wounded and the latter contused. Lieut Penrose was active and ene getic. Sergeant James Torpy, of company B, with ten men of that company, held one of the houses occupied by us against a vasily superior force, and only retired when half his men were wounded, and the house surrounded. He was subsequently wounded and left on the field. Sergeant Major August Kaiser, First Sergeant Stanley Moniton, of company H, Hopkins, of company I; and Litzinger, of company K; Smith, of company B; Hessian, of company G; Coady, of company F; Shaeffer, of company E; Morris, of company pany F; Shaeffer, of company E; Morris, of company C; Hanlef, of company B; and Sergeants Flynn, Ackland, and Soully, of the regiment, are mentioned as having been distinguished for coolness and bravery during the entire contest.

Licut. Devoe, sdjutant of the regiment, rendered me important services during the action, and behaved with the same indifference to danger which has distinguished m on former bossions. Our entire loss was five killed, fifteen wounded, and Onr online loss was not a should have no doubt killed.

twenty: five missing; many of whom were no doubt killed.

JOHN D. WILKIES, Captain 3d Infantry,

Commanding Regiment.

To Lieut. H. H. Powell. Asst./Adj. Gen. 1st Brigade Regulars.

THE REBEL TREABURY REPORT—According to the official reports from the Treasury Department of the rebel Government, the expenditures of the Confederacy up to the first of August were over three hundred and forty-seven millions of dollars. Taking these figures, and coupling them with some estimates, we will see what their debts will be after they have made proper provisions for the winter campaign:

THE CITY.

The Thermometer.

SEPTEMBER 17, 1861.

3.4. M. 12 M. 8 r. M. 63 M. 12 M. 8 r. 67 78 4 69 67 74 76) WIND. NW. | NE. E. by S. ESE. HEARING THE APPEALS-THE Ex-OUSES.—Yesterday the Draft Commissioners continued the arduous task of hearing the appeals of citizens claim. irg exemption from the performance of military duty. With one or two exceptions, the commissioners have full employment, as the noble army of would be exempts take good care that their claims for immunity from draft shall not suffer from any neglect of their own. As every day not suffer from any neglect of their own. As every day brings us nearer the time when the sperations of the draft shall begin, and as the period approaches, men begin to look with a more scrutinizing eye, each upon the chances of his being required to strap on his knapsaok, shoulder his musket, and fall into the lively music of the drum and fife. Of course, but few of those belonging to the non-exempts, who have neglected to volunteer, relish the prospect before them. The presence of stalwart men, and many who have heretofore beasted of their milliary qualifications by their display of brass buttons, &c., on general training day, shows that there is indeed fine material for the draft.

general training day, shows that there is indeed fine material for the draft.

Now, the paramount question is, "Who will be drafted and who will escape?" The large number of these claiming exemption is lessening the chances of escape among the healthy natures, and those who have before grumbled because they had not the privileges of the elective franchise now glorify themselves that they "never voted a ticket." Delicate citizens ponder over the possibility of their being forced into heavy marches over dusty roads, in the hot sun, and shudder at a midnight couch on the hare ground and beneath a drenching rain. They turn pale at the idea of daily fare on salt pork, hard bread, and coffee strong as brine; and paler still, at the prospect of bullet wounds, and amputated legs and arms. Many a delicate youth has been relieved from great mental anxiety through the announcement that only those ever 21 and below 45 years would be called upon. Hence, at the many places named for hearing the appeals, we notice soung men armed, with old family Bibles, containing a record of their birth, &c, which books, judging from their dusty and dingy appearance, have been "laid on the shelf" for years.

As the case now stands every man between twenty-one and forty five years of age is liable to be drafted, provided he is not a lunate, an idiot, an habitual drunkard, &c, &c. These sfillctions, however, must not be of sudden acquirement, and any man trying to come the lunatic dedge may got his head shaved, and be made to execute the rogge's march with a drum solo accompanisudden acquirement, and any man trying to come the lunatio dodge may got his head shaved, and be made to execute the rogue's march with a drum solo accompaniment. We would also advise our friends generally that it will not do to go to New Jersey to escape the draft, under the impression that Jersey is out of the United States, as it was annexed since the breaking out of the rebellion. So that dodge, like all the rest, will certainly fail. When the draft does take place it will be a sort of lottery in which every man will hold a ticket, and those who draw prizes will look... blanks. There are no "gigs" in this lottery, but if you should be drafted into a cavalry regiment you will be blanks. There are no "gigs" in this lottery, but if you should be drafted into a cavairy regiment you will be sure to draw a "sacdle." If you are drawn and don't want to go, you can get off by producing a substitue—said substitute, for a consideration in cash, agrees to accept four chances of getting shot, and in case he is killed your military responsibilities die with him. A man never will know how much his life is really worth unless he is drawn for a "sozer," and has to hire a substitute. We have just heard of a case in which a nervous individual, who had a "presentiment" that he would be drafted, set about to procure a substitute, so that be could have one on hand the moment he received a notice that his military services ment he received a notice that his military services

ment he received a notice that his military services were required. He was not long in finding the man he wanted, and, in order to tighten the bargain, a considerable amount in advance was paid over. The sharper who received the money soon after left for parts unknown, and, our poor friend was in a great quandary as to what he should do. Finally, he lodged information of the swindle with one of the detectives, and this latter informed the victimized individual that the best that could be cone would be to let the matter drop, as the buving of substitutes in advance had been strictly probuying of substitutes in advance had been strictly pro hibited by the War Department under a severe penalty. Therefore, those who wish to find some one to serve in their places, in case they are among the chosen ones, had better wait until the draft really takes place.

INTERESTING REPORT OF THE CITI-ZENS' BOUNTY-FUND COMMITTEE—Since the organization of the Citizens' Bounty Fund Committee, it has paid bounties of fifty dollars per man to 1,471 men remissed for the veteran regiments in service in the field, premiums of five dollars per man to 52 companies of troops belonging to new regiments, erganized under the two calls for 600,000 men, and premiums of five dollars per man to 15 companies, comprising 1,365 men, raised and sent to Harrisburg for the defence of the city and 85 to 15 t and sent to Harrisburg for the defence of the city and State. In the case of the new regiments which were sent to Washington, the premium of five dollars was intended to aid in defraying the expenses of recruiting which, in a great city, are very burdensome on the officers. In the case of the men sent to Harrisburg in the defence of the State, the premium of five dollars was designed to furnish the men with blankets, haversacks, tin cups, knives and forks, canteens, &c.

The committee considered the propriety of furnishing the militia sent to Harrisburg with arms, but concluded it nunceessant to do so, as the Governor was known to it unnecessary to do so, as the Governor was known to have arms enough at the capital; otherwise they would have been armed here with superior Enfeld rifles, of which enough could have been purchased here to arm the whole city quota of twenty thousand men. The

would pay five dollars per man to equip the militia sent-to Harrisburg had an excellent effect in stimulating culisiments, and also induced the city authorities to assume the responsibility of doing much in the same way, and as a number of very liberal private subscriptions were made up for particular companies, nearly, if not quite, all the men went off tolerably well provided for a short campaign.

The citizens' committee resolved in the beginning to pay fifty dollars to every man enlisted for the veteran regiments in the field, to the extent of four thousand regiments in the field, to the extent of four thousand-men, which would make a total of \$200.000. The appro-priation of five dollars per man in the new regiments was intended to cover ten regiments, but the consolidation reduced the number, and thus far it has been paid to the men of fifty-two full companies, making a total of about \$26,000. The appropriation of five dollars per man, to equip the militia to be sent to Harrisburg, is claimed by all who go, and the total will depend upon the number. The Governor has called for twenty thousand men from the city, and should they all be raised, it would consume \$100.000. Should only five thousand men go it would \$100,000. Should only five thousand men go it would require \$25,000. If it should be found necessary to arm the militis of the city for a sudden emergency, the city suthorities have at present no means of doing it, and it would take about \$100,000 for the purpose.

would take about \$100,000 for the purpose. Several new regiments are now being raised in the city to serve for three years or the war. Among these are Segebarth's artillery regiment; the Curtin Zouaves, or 154th Regiment of Penusylvania infantry, Ool. Chas. B. Doron; Col. E. W. Power's Irish Legion, and Col. R. Doron; Col. E. W. Power's Irish Legion, and Col. Chormann's regiment. Segobarth is in service with two companies already, and has parmission to recruit enough to make a regiment. Col. Power commanded a company in the Excelsior brigade. Ohormann formerly commanded a cavalry regiment in active service. The question has been presented to the committee, whether by offering to pay a bounty of fifty dollars per man to every full company of the new regiments, we could not fill up some of these regiments and entirely avoid the draft, but as yet the committee has not decided to do so. Supposing five thousand men to be required from the city to avoid the draft, it would take \$250,000 to pay the bounty of fifty dollars-to every man; enlisting in the new bounty of fifty dollars to every man enlisting in the new regiments. The obligations of the committee would then

sand thus :

 Premiums to new regiments.
 28,000

 Premiums to militia, 20,000 men.
 100,000

 Bounties to new regiments, 5,000 men.
 250,000
 the money required for the above-named purposes. As regards the equipment of the twenty thousand millin, that is a matter pertaining to the defence of our own homes, and if the payment of that sum is found necessary the city corporation cught to reimburse the committee in case the sum should not be obtained by sub-

nties to 4,000 men for old regiments.....\$200,000

As regards the payments of bounties to new regiments. we may state that the city commission, of which Judge Knox is president, can pay the whole of them. The appropriation made by the City Councils was belf a million of dellars, to pay ten thousand men. The whole number sent off in the consolidated regiments did not exceed 5.200, so that if ere is still a margin left to enable the comp ission to pay bonnries to all the new regimentance recruiting here. The commission have thus fur paid a little over 4,000 men. If they should conclude to pay bounties to the regiments now recruiting here, as they have the money to do, ft would enable us to avoid the draft without embarrassing the funds of the Citizens'

LOCAL MILITARY. Yesterday morning Mayor Henry received a letter from A Groves, Jr , in which that gentleman offers for the use of the city or State, as the Mayor, may decide, two brass six-pounder cannon, which are in good order and ready for i amediale cannon, which are in good order and ready for i amediate service.

The Nicetown Home Guards, commanded by Captain Thos. V Groves, marched into town yesterday with full ranks. They paraded along Chestnut street, and when opposite the Mayor's office halted, and gave three cheers for the Mayor and Councils. The company left in the afternoon for Camp Dupont, Wilmington.

The 14th Pennsylvania Cavalry received marching orders, and will leave for Washington in a day or two.

A splendid national flag has been presented to the Guards at the United States army hospital, South and Twenty-fourth streets, by Thos J. White, of Company B, 62d Ohio Regiment, through Dr. Wm. B. Atkinson, and received, on behalf of the Guards, by George S. Wheeler, Company H. 26th New York Regiment, clerk to the hospital. Wheeler, Company H. 36th New York Regiment, clerk to the hospital.

The second company Revenue Guards left West Philadelphia, for Harrisburg between nine and ten o'clock yesterday morning. They were escored off by a number of friends. Like the first company, this organization was fully clithed, armed, and equipped at the expense of the cellector of the port, who commands the first company in person. The following are the names of the officers of the second company: Oaptain, Wm. G. Steel; first licutenant, George Phillips; second lieutenant, J. Buchey.

In obedience to a request from Mr. John Tucker, the Assistant Secretary of War, the Hibernia Steam Fire Engine was forwarded to Washington at ten o'clock last evening. It was accompanied by seven men in charge of Mr. William Dickson, the chief director, who also had charge of the engine whilst at Fortress Monroe. Mr. Tucker, in his despatch, says: "The promptness of the company is highly appreciated, and you may assure the members they shall have proper recognition of their services."

RECRUITING IN INDEPENDENCE SQUARE. REGRITING IN INDEPENDENCE SQUARE.

Yesterday was a dull day among the recruiting stations, in the square, on account of the rain. In the morning, no business of any account was transacted, and, indeed, but few of the tents were open at all; but in the afternion and evening people flocked there, as usual, to bear the music and see the sights. The old regiments certainly deserve more consideration from those willing to enter the army, than they have heretofore received, and the two oldest in the State, viz: the 26th, under Colonel Small, and the 27th, under Colonel Bushbeck, are from this city, and they both have officers in the Square. now doing duty at the U. S. Arsenal, at Washington, is stationed at the tent of the 27th regiment. There are but about two hundred effective men left in this regiment, and Capt. Wm. Jatho is using every endeavor to fill their ranks, both at Independence Equare and at his . 520 Callowbill street. The tente will probably re main in the Square for some time, and will, as soon a vacated by the officers of one regiment, be occupied by those recruiting for another.

THE LADIES' ASSOCIATION FOR SOLDIERS' RELIEF — The president desires to acknowledge valuable contributions for the four thousand sick and wounded solders of United States General Hospital, West Philadelphia: From Miss Addie Wilson, aged ten years, eighteen pounds soap, the proceeds derived from a fair; Lie & Reed, linen; S. D. Smith, clocks; L. Bamberger & Co., cigars; J. B. Sand & Co., tobacco; Miss Jane Lang, towelling and sundries; W. Pastoriuz, handkerchiefs; Peterson & Brother, books; J. McGee, prints; G. G. I vans, magazines; Fell & Brother, spices; Sharpless & Brothers, fiannel; H. W. Catherwood, brandy; N. B. Mosely, wines; H. & D. Killian, cordials; Martin & Wood; whisky; also, \$75 from Harlan, Hollingsworth, & Co., Wilmington, Del., and various other sums from several benevolent persons.

—All contributions and donations should be addressed to Mrs. Mary A Brady, president, No. 135 South Fitth sirtet. THE LADIES' ASSOCIATION FOR SOL. His Excellency, our patriotic and worthy Governor, thus expenses himself towards the "Ladies" Association for Soldiers" Relief":

EXECUTIVE CHAMBER, HARRISBURG, PA. for Bolditts Relief

EXECUTIVE CHAMBER, HARRISHURG, PA.

To Captain Edward Brady, Honorary Secretary.

DMAR Sire: Permit me to say that I have watched with much pleasure the success which has attended the formation of the Ledles Association for Boldiers' Relief," of West Philadelphia.

The objects of the Association are eminently praise-worthy, and the lalies connected with it, as well as yourself, are entitled to the gratitude of all our people. For what they and you have done, and are doing, on half of our sick and wounded soldiers, I desire, personally, to tender to you all my thanks.

I am, dear sir, very respectfully, yours,

A. G. CUETIN,

Governor and Commander in Chief, P. M.

THE NEW HOSPITAL ON BROAD STREET.—The new hospital at Broad street and Washington avenue will be minety-six feet front by one hundred and afty feet deep. The contributions for its completion have been numerous, one individual having given 70,000 feet of lumber.

PITTSBURG RAILBOAD BONDS.—An address is being distributed to the holders of bonds of the city of Pittsburg, issued to railroad companies in payment of subscriptions to the stock of same companies emanating from the Finance Committee of the Pittsburg city of Pittsburg, issued to rantow companies ment of subscriptions to the stock of same companies emanating from the Finance Committee of the Pittsburg Oity Councils, and proposing a compromise. From the soddress we learn that the city of Pittsburg issued bonds to the several railroad companies to the amount of \$1,800,000. There is now due and unpaid coupons on said bonds \$3,544.290. The valuation of the whole county for purposes of tration is \$27,504,400. Of the city \$10,651,276 or, 38 72-100 per cent of the whole amount, and therefore the proportion of the county debt which the city may be compelled to bear would amount to \$1,276,640.99, which, added to the amount of city debt as above, would give an entire liability of \$1,80 930 99, which, divided among 11.801 taxables in the nine wards, is equal to over \$400 for every taxable person in the city. The annual expenses of the city with this debt are \$569,023 80. \$569,023 80.
To meet this, \$130,000 would be derived from water-tax, wharves, &c., leaving \$439,023.80 to be raised by direct taxation, requiring a levy of 4½ per cent., or 45 mills per annum on the assessed value of taxable promises. mills per annum on the assessed value of exacting property in the city, leaving no surplus for lost taxes, expenses of collection, or sinking fund.

The people of Pittsburg are satisfied that they cannot bear the burden, and that any attempt to do so would prove utterly rainous to them individually, and that the business and property of the city would rapidly deteriorate, rendering them every year less able to meet the liability.

A NEW BRIDGE WANTED .- Efforts are at present being made to have a bridge thrown over a small stream on the outskirts of the city known as Plymouth creek. This stream is about four miles in length, and rises in Whitemarsh township, about half a length, and rises in whitemers township, about his amile south of the "Broadsee," and crosses the line—the Whitemersh and Upper Dublin turnpits—a third or fourth of a mile from its source. After running through Plymouth township, nearly its entire length, it empties into the Schuylkill at Conshohocken. A bridge is much into the Schuylkill at Conshonocaen. A bridge is much wanted at the point where the road leading from the Whitemarsh turnpike to the Germantown turnpike crosses the creek. It is singular that the need of such a bridge should have been so long tacitly submitted to upon a road so much used as this without an effort to have one brilt. The water, by the wear of the vehicles on the bed, has become quite deep, and the hollow is never filled up. When heavy rains occur the stream gets high, and wagons have to go a mile round to avoid it! A bridge could be thrown over for a hundred dollars, and would be one of the greatest improvements that have taken place in that reighborhood for many a day.

CAPT. WM. H. FRY has secured a splendid large room on the M. E. corner of Righth and Chestnut, for the purpose of drilling his men. Every evening, at eight o'clock, the Troop assembles for drill; and a more orderly body of young men has never been formed in Philadelphia. We understand Captain Fry has not appointed his non-commissioned officers, and does not intend doing so until the Troop is full; so that every good man stands a chance for immediate promotion. This man stands a chance for immediate promotion. This Troop is nearly full, and will prove an honor to the city and their young captain.

wounded soldiers was lately held at 312 North Twentieth street, and the sum realized, amounting to \$41.50, has been placed in the hands of Dr. Alfred Stille, for the benefit of the patients in his charge, in the West Phila-celphia. Hospital. The children who interested them-selves in this patriotic work were Maggie Brown, Lida Carrick, Mary Peterson, Harriet Durborow, and Lida ACCIDENT.—An accident of a some-

A FAIR for the benefit of the sick and

what singular character occurred on Tuesday. Two horses were precipitated into an old well, heretofore ap-parently unobserved, the aperture being covered with boards about one inch in thickness, with a thin strate of dirt as a covering. The well was situated in Ellsworth street, near Fifteenth. The animals were probably killed instantly; they were the property of Mr. William Paul, their value being about \$300. Mr. Paul, some fifteen mouths ago, lost \$700 by the breaking of one of our Saviver Fund Companies. ACCIDENT .- Mr. John Jordan, Jr.,

president of the Manufacturers' and Mechanics' Bank. president of the handscatters and mechanics bank, met with quite a serious accident, yesterday morning, while riding on horseback. His horse became excited and unmanageable, and, although an experienced rider, precipitated him on the ground, striking his head. He was immediately taken to the drug store at the corner of Eleventh and Locust, where his wounds were dressed, and from thence to his residence, in Spruce street, in a carriage. Dr Gerhard was immediately summoned, and pronounced the wound not as dangerous as was first sup-posed, although it bled profusely. He is expected to at-tend to his duties in a few days. ARREST OF A PICKPOCKET.—Yester-

day morning a notorious character, who rejoices in the cognomen of "Dublin Joe," was arrested on suspicion of baying picked the pocket of a lady, at the Camden depot.
The accused is well known to the police, and was identiged by the loser of the money, as having been in close
proximity to where the pocket-book in question should have been, at the time of its disappearance. The pocket-book, rifled of its contents, was found in an open space used for the deposit of rubbish, hear the depot. The prisoner will be sent to Jersey for trial. DESERTER ARRESTED.—A miserable-

looking individual, giving the name of Charles Smith, was before Alderman Ogle yester say, charged with describing troit are aim, and with naving obtained immost from re-cruiting officers under false pretences. Smith alleges that he volunteered in the rebel army, and was taken prisoner at Williamsourg He took the oath of allegiance, and was allowed to come North. Apparently, it would be a matter of indifference with him what oath he would take. He was handed over to the Provost Marshal NEW HOSE CARRIAGE.—A new hose

carriage, constructed in this city for the Vigilant First Company of Pittsburg, has just been forwarded to that place. The apparatus is substantial, very light (weighing but 500 pounds), and of beautiful workmanship and finish. On either side is a well-executed painting of a late favorite dog of the company, which died of poison and is much lamented by the members. SALE OF PRIZE CARGOES.—The U S.

Marshal sold at public auction yesterday the full amount of naval stores recently brought to this port as portions of prize cargoes: 350 barrels Pitch sold at \$10 50 per barrel; 1500 barrels Rosin sold at \$12 2014 12%, and 600 barrels in bulk brought \$5 62% per 100 per poly barrels in bulk brought \$5.62% per 100 pounds POCKET PICKED IN THE CARS.—Judge Black, ex-Attorney General of the United States, had his pocket picked, on Tuesday night, of three thousand dol-lars while in the care coming from Washington to Phila-

THE CENTRAL STATION .- Alderman Beitler, committing magistrate at the Central Police Station, has left the city as a lieutenant in one of our Home Guard Companies. Police cases will be heard at that place by Alderman Ogle, until the return of Alderman

DEATHS AT THE ARMY HOSPITALS .-The following deaths were reported yesterday: Master-street, J. S. Leonard, 18th Massachusetts; Fifth-street. James Burr, 1st Michigan Cavalry.

SALE OF SHINGLES.—An auction sale of shingles was made yesterday on the wharf, amounting to 75,000. They were purchased at \$4 per M. PHILADELPHIA BOARD OF TRADE. SAM. W. DE COURSEY, JAMES C. HAND, J. B. LIPPINCOTT,

LETTER BAGS At the Merchants' Exchange, Philadelphia.

MARINE INTELLIGENCE. PORT OF PHILADELPHIA, Sept. 18, 1862. SUN RISES 5 45—SUN SETS 6 4 HIGH WATER 9 63

ABBIVED.

Brig George Amos, Nichols, from Boston.
Brig Isola, Hatch, from Boston.
Schr Sophia Godfrey, Russell, 5 days from New London, in ballast to Castner, Stickney & Wellington.
Schr Famuel Fish, Davis, 5 days from Boston, in ballast to J E Bazley & Co.
Schr David Smith; Williams, 8 days from Boston, with Schr G. O. Morris, Artis, 7 days from Boston, with ice

ice to Wolbert & Bro.

Schr G O Morris, Artis, 7 days from Boston, with ice to Wolbert & Bro.

Schr A Beaton, Byan, fram Bockland, with ice to Knickerbocker Iec Co.

Schr A Heaton, Byan, fram Bockland, with ice to Knickerbocker Iec Co.

Schr Oharter Oak, Butler, from Boston.

Schr JH Wainwright, Ludlam, from Boston.

Schr John Cadwalader, Clayton, from Boston.

Schr Sallie B, Bateman, from Boston.

Schr Babose, Burgess, from Boston.

Schr Pathway, Compton, from Boston.

Schr Pathway, Compton, from Boston.

Schr Pathway, Compton, from Boston.

Schr A Pharo, Lippincoit, from Boston.

Schr H Manden, Crowell, from Boston.

Schr Affielia, Gandy, from Boston.

Schr Albion, Holbrook, from Boston.

Schr Albion, Holbrook, from Boston.

Schr Sardinia; Bumball, from Boston.

Schr Sardinia; Bumball, from Boston.

Schr N Holmes, Hewetl, from Providence.

Schr I H. Brdicott, Leeds, from Providence.

Schr B A Boice, Boice, from Saugus

Schr Beindesr, Morton; from Danverspert

Schr Samuell Fish, Oavis, from Danverspert

Schr Samuell Fish, Oavis, from Gloucester.

Schr M Howell, Covill, from Fair Haven.

Schr B Thompson, Blackman, from Plymonth.

Schr Mewell, Covill, from Fair Haven.
Schr R Thompson, Blackman, from Plymouth.
Schr C C Smith, Smith, from New Haven.
Schr J Rogers, Buckaleo, from Bridgsport.
Schr J E Pratt, Pratt, from Fall River. CLEARED.

Brig Isola, Katch, Portland, J. R. Blakiston.
Brig George Amos, Nichols, Bosten, Wm H. Johns.
Schr. R. Rose, Burgess, Boston,
Gor. Boxbury, Orowell, Boston,
Gor. Boxbury, Orowell, Boston,
Schr. Charter Oak, Buller, Boston, Hammett, Yan Dusen & Lochman.
Schr. J. Cadwalader, Olayton, Boston, Sinnickson & Glover.

Robr Mary Nowell, Covill, Fair Haven, do Schr J. Rogers, Buckaloo, Bridgeport, do Schr Albion, Holbrook, Salem, do Schr M. P. Oranmer, Oranmer, Salem, O A Heckscher Schr Fuller, Hamilton, Portland,
Schr Ballie B., Bateman, Boston,
Schr Ballie B., Bateman, Boston,
Schr Pathway, Compton, Boston,
Schr Armenia, Gazalier, Boston,
Schr Armenia, Gazalier, Boston,
Schr W. W. Brainard, Bowditch, Providence,
Schr W. H. Ballier, Bowditch, Providence,
Schr Ballie Schr Ballier, Bowditch, Providence,
Schr Ballier, Bowditch, Providence,
Schr Ballier, Schr Ballier,
Schr Ballier, Bowditch, Bowditch,
Schr Ballier, Bowditch,
Schr Ballier, Bowditch,
Schr Ballier, Bowditch,
Schr Ballier,
Schr Ball

Schr Bemuel Fish, Davis, Portland, do Schr L H. Endicatt, Leeds, Providence, B H. Bathbun, Echr H Manden, Orowell, Boston, do Schr B A Boice, Boice, Saugus, Bancroft, Lowis & Oo. Schr Black Diamond, Young, Danversport, Oastner, Stickney & Wellington:

the P A Sanders, Somers, Salem,
Schr Sidelia, Gandy, Fall River,
Schr Sophia Godfrey, Bussell, Fair Haven,
Gebr N Holmes, Hewett,
Schr N Holmes, Hewett,
Schr N W Genn, Bacon, Boston,
Schr J E Pratt, Pratt, Fall River, Tyler, Stone & Co.
Schr J W Wainwright, Ludiam, Fortress Monroe,
do
Schr B Thompson, Blackman, Plymouth,
Schr Blamn nd, Norton, Boston, L Audenried & Co.
Schr C C Smith, Smith, New Haven,
Schr J Grierson, Harding, Roxbury,
Schr J Grierson, Harding, Roxbury,
Schr J Grierson, Harding, Roxbury,
Schr Medora, Chase, Boston,
Schr Xantic, Baucroft, Boston, J Milnes & Co.
Schr A Pharo, Lippincott, Gloucester, J R Blakiston lickney & Wellington. 4

(Correspondence of the Philadelphia Exchange.) (Correspondence of the Philadelphia Exchange.)
The brigs Larch, Celestina; Birchard & Torrey, and schrs, O Morrison, Jr., Smith Tuttle, Concordia, Martha, Martha Collins, Beulah, Ellen, Mary Jane, Martha Henry Boardman, D M French, Carthagena, Challenge, Excelsior, H O Brower, Clara, Ceres, Alfred S Allen, Austin, Wm Arthur, Coney, Pocshontas, Leader, Ann, Lorine, Minerva, Jas Satterthwatte, [Ozell, J] Cordery, Thos Hicks, T Benedict, Amy Wooster, B Sharp, D & E Kelly, were at the Breakwater yesterday, and all except three ichre left at 4 P M for their respective destinations. Wind south—weather fair.

MEMORANDA.

Ship Constitution Higgins, for Philadelphia, entered out at Liverpool 2d inst.

Ship Tax: Jamison; hence for London, arrived at Deal 6th inst. chip Frank Boult, Morse, hence, arrived at Liverpool Slat ult let ult
Ship Marcia, Swift, cleared at New Bedford 15th inst. for Philadelphia.

Ship Tuscarora, Dunlavy, hence for Liverpool, was seen 6th inst, lat 44 80, long 52 80.

Bark American Union, Bartlett, hence, at Queenstown Schr. Minerva, Fletcher, hence, arrived at Kingston, Ja. 6th inst.

Schrs J A. Dix. Hallen, for Philadelphia, Josephine,
Waterbury, for Wilmington, and J P Bentley, Benion,
for Milton, Del. cleared at New York 16th inst.

PROPOSALS. DROPOSALS. PROPOSALS.

OFFICE OF A. Q. M. VOL.,
WILLINGTON, September 13, 1862.

Proposals will be received at this office, until SATURDAY next, the 20th of September, at 12 o'clock M., for
the delivery, in Wilmington, of FOUR HUNDRED
CAVALRY HORSES, and ONE HUNDRED AND
TEN ARTILLERY HORSES.
They must be sound, free from blemish, and from five
to eight years of age.

The Cavalry Horses must not be less than 15 hands
high, and the Artillery Horses not less than 15 hands
high, and the Artillery Horses not less than 15 hands

The former must be well trained to saddle, and the latter well trained to harness, all to be subject to a rigid inspection, and no Horse will be taken that is not considered as fit for the service intended.

No Mares will be taken, and all Horses to be of a dark olor.
The Artillery Horses, and two hundred of the Cavalry The Artillery Horses, and two numbers of the Uavaliant Horses, to be delivered on or before the 25th instant, and the balance on or before the 1st of October.

Security required for the faithful performance of the contract, the names of whom must accompany the Proposals.

O. H. GALLAGHER, self. 5t

Captain and A. Q. M. Vol.

DEPUTY QUARTERMASTER GENERAL'S OFFICE, PHILADELPHIA, 3d 89p. ember, 1862. PROPOSALS will be received at this office until PROPOSALS will be received at this office until SATURDAY, 20th inst., at 12 o'clock M. for supplying the War Department with all the steamer COAL required during the year, commencing 1st October next, and ending 1st October, 1863. Coal to be delivered on board of vessels lying either at Bichmond or Greenwich Wharf; to weigh twenty two hundred and forty (2,240) pounds to the ton; and to be of the best quality, subject to inspection.

A. BOYD,

se4-15t Capt. and Ass't Quartermaster U.S. A. DEPUTY QUARTERMASTER
GENERAL'S OFFICE, PHILADELPHIA, Septem-

ber 11, 1802.

PROPOSALS will be received at this office until
THURSDAY next, 18th inst., at 12 o'clock M.; for soft plying, delivering, and setting up complete, American sheet-iron gas burning Stoves, with their appurtenances, as follows, for the United States military hospitals in and around Philadelphia: HOSPITAL AT WEST PHILADELPHIA. 20 ten-inch Stoves. is twelve inch Stoven

6 fourteen inch Stoves. HOSPITAL AT SIXTH AND MASTER STREETS. HOSPITAL AT SIXTRENTH AND FILBERT STREETS.

10 ten-inch Stoves.

4 twelve-inch Stoves. HOSPITAL AT TENTH AND CHRISTIAN STRUCTS. 8 sixteen inch Stoves. HOSPITAL AT CHESTER.

6 twelve-inch Stoves.
108 sixteen-inch Stoves.
ROSPITAL AT FOURTH AND GEORGE STREETS. 4 twelve inch Stoves. Repair four furnaces.

HOSPITAL AT TWENTIETH AND NORRIS STREETS.
13 ten-inch Stoves.
4 fourteen inch Stoves. 22 sixteen inch Stoves. HOSPITAL AT HESTONVILLE. 6 ten-inch Stoves.
7 twelve-inch Stoves.
6 sixteen-inch Stoves. HOSPITAL AT GERMANTOWN. 11 ten-inch Stoves.

9 twelve inch Stoves.

2 fourteen-inch Stoves.

Repair heaters in cellar. HOSPITAL AT TWENTY-FOURTH AND SOUTH STREETS.

3 sixteen-inch Stoves.
All these Stoves must be made of No. 22 wire gauge, best American smooth sheet iron, with galvanized iron sand boxes, projecting not less than twelve inches in front of stovehearths. All pipes must be of No. 24 iron, same quality as stoves, and riveted at the end of each joint. All pipes must be carried up through the roof where there are no brick flues, and shall terminate five feet above the ridge, with iron caps. All adjoining woodwork in danger from fire from the stoves or pipes must be lined with tin, and all floors and roofs through which the pipes pass must be protected with tin collars, containing substantial earthen pots. Each stove must be provided with one strong poker, one shovel, and one large-sized galvanized iron scuttle. Bidders will state the cost of each stove and its appurtenances, set up complete, HOSPITAL AT TWENTY-FOURTH AND SOUTH STREETS cost of each stove and its appurtenances, set up complete

Capt. and Asst. Quartermaster U. S. A DEPUTY QUARTERMASTER GE-NEBAL'S OFFICE, PHILADELPHIA, SEPTEM-PROPOSALS will be received at this office until SA-TUBDAY, 20th inst., at 12 o'clock M, for the erection and completion of a Military Hospital for the use of the United States upon a lot of ground situated at Cheshnut Hill, between Edgewood Station, on the Chestnut Hill Railroad, and Township line. Each proposal must state the shortest time required to complete the contract; and also the names of competent securities to the Whole also the names of competent securities to the whole encount of the contract for its prompt and faithful performance. The plane and specifications can be seen at the office of John McArthur, Jr., Architect, No. 209 South SIXTH Street, every day between the hours of 10 A. M. and 4 P. M. until the blds are closed. A. BOYD

sell-7t Captain and Asst. Q. M. U. S. A. **TEPUTY QUARTERMASTER** DEFUTI GUALLANDERIA, September 6, 1862.

PROPOSALS will be received at this office until SATURDAY, 20th inst, at 12 c'clock M., for supplying and delivering to the following United States Military Hospitals, Offices, Storehouses &c., all the Coal and Wood required for the use of such buildings from 1st October next to May 1st 1863. Hospital at Broad and Cherry streets, Philadelphia. Hospital at Sixth and Master streets, Philadelphia. Hospital at Fifth and Buttonwood streets, Philadelphia.

eiphia. Hospital at Twenty-fourth and South streets, Phila elphia. Hespital at Fourth and George streets, Philadelphia. Hospital at Twentieth and Norris streets, Philadelphia Hospital at Sixteenth and Filbert streets. Philadelphia Hospital at Tenth and Christian streets, Philadelphia. Hespital on Bace, below Sixth street, "National Guard Hospital on Oarby road, "Summit House."? Hospital at West Philadelphia. Hospital at Hestonville, Pa.

Hospital at Germantown.
Hospital near Chester, Pa.
Hospital about being erected on "Hunting Park Course," Philadelphia, and on property of Mr. Charles Hubner, at Chestnut Hill, and any other Hospitals which may be erected or rented within the City limits, during the time above specified.

Offices of the Quartermasters, and Clothing and Equipage Departments, at Twelfth and Girard streets, Philadelphia. Horpital at Germantown. Offices of the Pay, Commissary, and Mustering Departments, No. 1102 Girard street. Philadelphia. Offices of the Military Headquarters, No. 403 Walnut treet, Philadelphia.
Office of the Medical Purveyor, No. 7 North Fifth Street, Philadelphia.
Offices of the Medical Director, and Medical Director

of Transportation, Nos. 422 and 424 Walnut street, Phi adelphia.

Storehouse at Twenty-fourth and Chestnut streets,
Philadelphia.

Storehouse at Twenty-third and Filbert streets, Phi-Storehouse at Twenty-first and Spruce streets, Philaphia; Storehouse at Broad and Prime streets, Philadelphia, Schuylkiil Arsensi, on Gray's Ferry road, and build-is connected therewith. Coals to be of the best quality, Stove. Egg, or broken, as may be desired, and subject to nspection. Proposals will be endorsed "Proposals fo supplying Hospitals, &c., with Coal," and addressed t

DEPUTY QUARTERMASTER GE-PERAL'S OFFICE, PHILADELPHIA, 11th Septen ber, 1862.
PROPOSALS will be received at this office until

West Philadelphia. Gormantown.
"Tenth and Christian streets, Philadelphia. "Tenth and Onristian streets, Frinancipina,
"Twesty-fourth and South sts.,
"Sixth and Master streets,
"Sixteenth and Tilbert streets,
"Fourth and George Streets,
"Twenteth and Norris streets,
"The buildings to be taken as they now stand, with the

to complete the rough-casting shall be furnished by the contractor, and included in his proposal. The work to be done in two full coats of good line, and clean, sharp sand on plastering lath secured to the battens. The first coat must be well haired with sound, slaughtered hair, and the negerid feated to have a part of the rought. coat must be well haired with sound, stangingered hair, and the second floated to a hard rough-cast surface. Each bid must name the full amount for each Hospital, including a base-board of 12 inches wide around each building at the ground, and any other work or materials necessary for a perfect finish. Any further information required can be obtained from John McArthur, Jr., Architect, No. 209 South SIXTH Street, Philadelphia.

A DOVD. A. DOYD, sell-t18 Captain and Assistant Q. M. U. S. A.

A RMY CLOTHING AND EQUI-1862.

PROPOSALS are invited for furnishing Uniform Regulation Clothing and Camp and Garrison Equipage for the new levies of volunteers and militia of the United States. The Clothing and Equipage for the different arms of the service to correspond in make and material to that heretofore used, and to conform to the patterns in the Office of Clothing and Equipage in this city; where reactifications and samples may be inspected.—Proposals specifications and samples may be inspected. Proposals should state the article which it is proposed to furnish, the quantity which can be supplied weekly, the earliest period at which the delivery will be commenced, the total quantity offered, and the price for each article. All article diversed by contractors are available to law terms.

quantity offered, and the price for each article. An articles delivered by contractors are required, by law, to be legibly marked with the contractor's name. The following list embraces the principal supplies needed:

ARTICLES OF CLOTHING.
Uniform Coats, consisting of Engineers, Ordnance, Artillery, and Infantry.
Uniform Jackets, consisting of Cavalry, Artillery, Infantry Convey, and knit. Uniform Jackets, consisting of Cavalry, Artillery, In-antry, Zouave, and knit.
Uniform Trowsers, consisting of footmen, horsemen, Couave, and knit.
Oction Ducks, Overalls.
Drawers, flannel and knit.
Ehirts, flannel and knit.
Great Coats, footmen and horsemen.
Press of Great Coats.

Straps for Great Coats. Blankets, Woolen and Bubber. Blankets, Woolen and Rubber.
Ponchos and Telmas.
Back Coats, flannel, lined and unlined.
Boots, Bootees, Leggings, Stockings.
Leather Stocks, Wax upper Leather, Sole Leather and Briddle Leather, Uniform Hats, trimmed and untrimmed.
Uniform Caps, Light Artillery, Forage Caps, Stable Frocks, Sashes, Haversacks, Knapsacks, Canteens.
ARTICLES OF EQUIPAGE.
Hospital Tents, Wall Tents, Bibley Tents, common tents, D'Abri Tents.
Hospital Tent Pins, large,
Wall Tent Pins, large and small.
Wall Tent Pins, large and small.
Common Tent Pins.

Wan Tent Fins, small.
Common Tent Fins.
Mosquito Bars, double and single.
Begimental Colors.
Camp do.
National do. Regimental Standards Beginenta begins

Storm Flags.
Garrison do.
Becruiting do.
Guidons.
Félling/Axes and Handles.

Spades. Hatchets and Handles.

Bugles.
Trumpets.
Drums.
Fifes.
Poors att often to work Descriptive. Index

Moss Pans.
Camp Kettles.
Pick Axes and handles.

Post Order, Ty Morning Report.

Letter 11 Guard.

Target Practices Target Practice.
Consolidated Morning Report. Inspection Report.

Becurity will be required for the fulfilment of every ontract.
All proposals, received by noon of the tenth day from All proposals, received by noon of the tenth day from the date of this advertisement, will be opened at noon of that day, and the articles immediately needed will be awarded to the lowest responsible bidders present.

Contracts for further supplies will be awarded from time to time, as favorable bids are received, always to the lowest responsible bids received, up to the time of making the contract.

By order of the Quartermaster General.

G. H. OBOSMAN, sulf-time to the contract.

MEDICINAL. CONSUMPTION CONSUMPTION

FOR THE SEE DR. WISHART'S PINE TREE TAR CORDIAL. WATURE'S GREAT REMEDY FOR ALL DISEASES OF THE THROAT AND LUNGS.

Have you a Cough? Have you Sore Throat? Have you any of the premonitory symptoms of that most fatal disease, Consumption ? Those who should be warned by these symptoms gene rally think lightly of them until it is too late. From this fact, perhaps more than any other, arises the sad pre-

valence and fatality of a disease which sweeps to the

grave at least one-sixth of Death's victims.

What are its symptoms? It usually begins with a short, dry cough, which soon ecomes habitual, but for some time nothing is raised except a frothy muous. The breathing is somewhat difficult, and upon slight exercise much hurried. A sense of tightness and oppression at the chest is often felt. As and dejection of spirits; and may continue in this state for a considerable length of time, but is very readily affected by slight exposure or fatigue. If these occur, the cough becomes more troublesome, and is attended with expectoration, which is most copious and free very early in the morning. It is sometimes streaked with blocd. At this stage night-sweats usually set in, and in some cases a profuse bleeding of the lungs may also occur. Pain in some part of the chest is felt, and often a difficulty of lying upon one or the other side, without severe fits of coughing or a sense of fullness or suffocation, is experienced. The pulse becomes full, hard, and frequent,

the hectic flush tinges the cheeks, and the dire malady is

fast hastening to its close.

You now ask, "Is there a cure?" Consumption has been and can be cured by the use of my Tar Cordial, even in apparently hopeless cases. This assertion I make with the ability to present the most not, send for the circular. After years of study and experiment, I offer this medicine, believing it to be the best remedy for all pulmonary and bronchial diseases. If you cannot be benefited by the use of the Ter Cordial, I believe you are beyond all earthly aid. Yet if there are better curative agents, I carnestly advise their use. The best remedies, the best care, are needed by those afflicted with this disease. Because I believe this to be the best, I

Many, not only of the people, but physicians of averchool and practice, are daily asking me, " What is the principle or cause of your great success in the treatmen of Pulmonary Consumption ?? My answer is this: The invigoration of the digestive organs—the strength ening of the debilitated system—the purification and en chment of the blood, must expel from the system th corruption which scrofula breeds. While this is effected by the powerful alterative (changing from disease to health) properties of the Tar Cordial, its healing and renovating principle is also acting upon the irritated surfaces of the lungs and throat, penetrating to each diseased part, relieving the pain, subduing inflammation, and restoring a healthful tendency. Let this two-fold power, the healing and the strengthening, continue to act

in conjunction with Nature's constant recuperative teniency, and the patient is saved, if he has not too long deaved a resort to the means of cure. The Pine Tree Tar Cordial will cure Coughs, Sore Throat and Breast, Bronchitis, Asthma, Croup, Hooping Dough, Diptheria, and is also an excellent remedy fo diseases of the kidneys, and female complaints. Sold wholesale and retail at my Medicinal Depot, N.

10 North Second Street, Philadelphia, Pa. BEWARE OF COUNTERFEITS, &c. The genuine has the name of the proprietor and a pine tree blown in the bottle. All others are spurious imitar

Price Fifty Cents and One Dollar per Bottle. Prepared only by the proprietor. Dr. L. Q. O. WISHART. No. 10 North SECOND Street,

Philadelphia, Pa. Sold by Druggists and Storekeepers generally.

A POSITIVE CURE FOR DYSPEPSIA. THE GREAT AMERICAN

DYSPEPSIA PILL. A Cure warranted for \$1, or the money refunded.

WHAT IS DYSPERSIA? Dyspepsia has the following symptoms: 1st. A constant pain or uneasiness at the pit of the stomach, which is caused by a permanent contraction of the stomach upon undigested food. It generally begins immediately, or a short time after eating; is often very severe and obstinate. 2d. Flatulence and Acidity.—These symptoms arise

from the indigestion of food, which ferments instead of digesting. 8d. Costiveness and Loss of Appetite. These symptoms are the effects of the unnatural condition of food in the stomach, and the want of pure bile and gastrio juice. The stomach is often painfully distended by wind: the appetite is sometimes voracious. 4th. Gloom and Depression of Spirits.—This state

unfits many for the enjoyment of life, and is caused by the impure blood furnished by imperfect digestion. In this stage of the disease many persons commit suicide. There is a constant foreboding of evil, and an indifference and positive inability to perform the offices of life. 5th. Diarrhaa.-After being at first costive, the sufforer is afflicted with diarrhoes, which is owing to a diseased condition of the bowels, produced by the undigested food, which is evacuated in the same condition as when eaten, and, of course, gives no strength to the

6th. Pains in all parts of the system arise from the action of impure blood upon the nerves. They are felt chiefly in the head, sides, and breast, and in the extremities. In many cases there is an uneasiness in the throat, with a sense of choking or suffocation. - The mouth is often clammy, with a bad taste and furred

tongue. 7th. Consumptive Symptoms and Palpitation of the Heart.—Many persons pronounced as having these diseases have, in fact, nothing but Dyspepsia, the lung and heart disease being only symptoms. Sth. Cough.—This is a very frequent symptom of Dyspepsia, and leads very often into confirmed consump-

non.
9th. Want of Sleep.—A very distressing symptom, resulting often in mental derangement. 10th. Symptoms of external relation. The patient is affected painfully by cold and heat, which is owing to unnatural dryness of skin, and the skin is often affected by eruptions and tetters. The gloomy dyspeptic avoids society as much as possible. 11th. Vomiting.—A frequent and distressing symptom. It relieves the pain, but emaciates and wears out the

ratient.

12th, Dizziness, dimness of vision, headache, and staggering in walking.—These are very alarming symptoms, which are speedily removed by our medicine, but if neglected, are quickly followed by numbress and sudden death. 13th. It is impossible for us to give all the symptoms of Dyspepsia in so small a space, but the above are considered sufficient—if we add that the patient loses his memory and attention to surrounding objects, and frequently becomes morose and sour in disposition. We should say, however, that pains in the joints and stiff-

ness of the limbs, which go by the name of rheumatism and neuralgia, are very often produced by Dyspepsia. Also, a hardness of the muscles of the abdomen, which become contracted and hard; and in some cases the belly sinks, justead of being gently prominent. In cases of general debility, use WISHART'S PINE TREE TAR CORDIAL with the PILL. N. B .- All orders promptly attended to on receipt of the money.
Price One Dollar per Box.

Sold Wholesale and Retail by the proprietor, Dr. L. Q. C. WISHART. No./10 North SECOND Street, Philadelphia. ALL PERSONS BEWARE OF COUNTER-FEITS.

The above Pills are purely Vegetable.

au80. stuth2m

Sent by mail, free of charge, on receipt of price.

MEDICINAL. HEALING POWERS OF ELEC-TRIGITY DEMONSTRATED, at 1220 WAL-NUT St., Philadelphia, where Prof BOLUES has been lo-cated uearly three years testing his new discovery in the application of Galvani m, Ma metlem, and Electricity, as a theraprutic agent, on over four thousand invalids, most of whom had been pronounced incurable by the most eminent medical men in this and other cities, but after-words were cured by a few applications of Electricity by REMARKABLE CURE OF CONSUMPTION.

REMARKABLE CURE OF CONSUMETION. 3

PHILADELPHIA, Sept. 16, 1862.

I cheerfully make the following statement of facts concerning my, own astonishing cure, which was to me_astifferen the dead:

About eighteen months ago I took a severe cold, which seemed to locate on my chest and lungs, and since that time, I have been afflicted with consumptive tendencies, and most of the time my condition has been truly alarming. Especially for convenient my. and most of the time my condition has been truly alarming. Especially for one year, my physiciaus, myself and friends, had abandoned all hope of my recovery. No language can describe my sufferings, which analyed me both day, and night. No effort on my part for a cure has been omitted, for I employed, from the commencement of my sickness, the most eminent medical men of the State, and took their remedies faithfully, until they frankly told me that I had consumption, and could not be cured. Previous to this announcement by my physicians. I had frequently seen Professor Bolies' card in The Press, and a show time previous to my applying to him I chanced to observe several certificates, and some which excited a show time previous to my applying to him I chanced to observe several certificates, and some which excited my mind to call on him for advice, about ten days ago. I told the Professor that I had no money to throw away, and did not wish to be treated unless he could our me; and he frankly told me that he did not wish to treat me unless he could cure me, and said he would decide that fact in twenty minutes; and proceeded to examine, and in less than fifteen minutes he said he could cure me, and offered to warrant a perfect cure, and charge me nothing if he failed. Now, I am willing to say, for the benefit of others suffering from the same difficulties, that I have only received seven applications of say, for the benefit of others suffering from the same difficulties, that I have only received seven applications of electricity, and am a well man. I had anticipated that I should be shocked with electricity, but, on the contrary, he gave me no shocks. The whole treatment, from the beginning, was very pleasant and agreeable. I have head many speak of the treatment, who have been cured. All, of one accord, seem pleased with the agreeable sensation. There seems no confusion or gasss work about his treatment or disgnosis of disease. He proceeds upon fixed principles, and according to laws well understood by himself, and there is good evidence of their infallibility, from the fact that he is generally successful, and can, with perfect safety, warrant the oldest chronic cases. I look forward with hopes for suffering humanity. It seems to me that medical men of the old school will soon investigate this new discovery of Professor B, and, instead of drugging the stomach for months and years, many times without any henefit, they may be able, in a few days, by the proper application of electricity, applied by Professor B,'s system, to cure nearly all cases which by Professor B.'s system, to cure nearly all cases which they abandon as incurable. I have watched the success they abandon as incurable. I have watched the success of Professor B.'s treatment carefully, and I have come to the conclusion that the one-half of his wonderful success has not been told, although thousands speak in nearly the language that I do.

ANTHONY OARNEY.

No. 1217 Market street. No. 1217 Market street.

Judah Levy, Bronchial Consumption, 814 South Front street.

Edward T. Evans, preacher of the M. E. Church, Dyspepsia of long standing, Laryngitis and Lumbago, 1633.

Helmuth street.

Alexander Adaire, Inflammatory Rheumatism, Lumbago, long standing, 1312 Savery street, Eighteenth ward, ensington. William H. Shaine, Paralysis of the lower limbs (Banumn n. oname, Faraiysis of the lower limbs (Baraplegy) and Epilepsy, publisher of the National Merchant, 126 South Second street.

Thomas Owens, Congestion of the Brain and severe Hemorrhage of the Lungs and Diabetis, American Hotel, Philadelphia. Charles L. Jones, Dyspepsis and Lumbago, 528 Arch street,
James Nugent, Deafness for six years, and ringing and
roaring in the head, Fifteenth and Bedford streets.

roaring in the need, Fifteenth and Bedford streets.

George C. Presbury, Chronic Bronchitis and Catarrh,
formerly proprietor of the Girard House.

Thomas, Harrop, severe Diabetts, Bose Mills, West
Philadelphia.

George Grant, Bheumatic Gout, long standing, 619 Chestant street.
H. T. De Silver, Chronic Neuralgia and Inflammatory
Bheumatiam, 1736 Chestant street.
C. H. Carmich, Chronic Dyspepsia and Inflammation
of the Kidneys, Chestant and Fortieth streets.
George W. Freed, Epilepsy, 1492 North Thirteenth street Benjamin F. Kirkbride, Epilepsy, No. 1020 Market James P. Greves, M. D., long standing and severe Lumbago, 216 Pine street.

Edward McMahon, Consumption, 1227 Front street.

M. Galloway, Chronic Dyspepsia, Allen's Lane, Twenty-second ward.

Charles D. Cushney, Paralysis of the lower limbs Charles D. Cushney, Paratysis of the lower limbs (Paraplegy) and Dyspepsia, Western Hotel.

J. Bicket, Chronic Bronchitis, Constipation, and Congestion of the Brain, 518 Callowhill street.

Caleb Lamb, Bronchiel Consumption of five years standing, 1435 Chestnut street.

Bev. J. Mallory, Aphonia, Philadelphia.

M. M. Lanning, Nervous Prostration, Cadbury avenue.

J. S. Bitter, Catarrhal Consumption, 333 Bichmond street.

N. B.—In addition to the above cases cured, Prof. C.
H. BOLLES has cured two thousand Chronic and Acute
cases within less than three years in Philadelphia, all of which cases had resisted the treatment of the most emi-Please take notice that Prof. B. does not advertise any ertificates of cures, except those cured in this city.

Prof. B. has established himself for life in this city, and his success in treating the sick is a sufficient guaranty that he claims nothing but scientific facts in his disce-very in the use of Electricity as a reliable therapeutic agent.
N. B.—It will be well for the diseased to recollect that Prof. B. has given a wordlof caution in his pamphlet, to guard them against trusting their health in the hands of those in this city claiming to treat diseases according to his discovery. This caution may seem severe on those using Electricity at hazard, but it is the severity of truth, and designed for the good of humanity. See ad-Consultation Free:
PROF. C. H. BOLLES.

aul5-tf 1220 WALNUT Street, Philada. MARRANT'S EFFERVESCENT SELTZER APERIENT.

This valuable and popular Medicine has universally re-ceived the most favorable recommendations of the MEDICAL PROFESSION and the Public as the most EFFICIEST AND AGREEABLE SALINE APERIENT. It may be used with the best effect in
Bilieus and Febrile Diseases, Costiveness, Sick
Headache, Nausea, Loss of Appetite, Indigestion, Acidity of the Stomach, Torpidity
of the Liver, Gout, Rheumatic
Affections, Gravel, Piles,

AND ALL COMPLAINTS WHERE A GENTLE AND COOLING APERIENT OR PUR-GATIVE IS REQUIRED. It is particularly adapted to the wants of Travellers by See and Land, Besidents in Hot Climates, Persons of Sedentary Habits, Invalids, and Convalescents; Captains of Vessels and Planters will find it a valuable addition t

It is in the form of a Powder, carefully put up in bottles to keep in any climate, and merely requires water poured upon it to produce a de-lightful effervescing beverage. Numerous testimonials, from professional and other gentlemen of the highest standing throughout the country, and its steadily increasing popularity for a series of years, strongly guaranty its efficacy and valuable character, and commend it to the favorable notice of an intelligent public.

character, and intelligent public.

Manufactured only by

TARRANT & CO., No. 278 GREENWICH Street, corner Warren st. NEW YORK ap21-ly And for sale by Druggists generally. GLUTEN CAPSULES

PURE COD-LIVER OIL. The repugnance of most patients to OOD-LIVER OIL, and the inability of many to take it at all, has induced various forms of disguise for its administration that are familiar to the Medical Profession. Some of them answer in special cases, but more often the vehicle neutralizes the usual effect of the Oil, proving quite as unpalatable, and of less therapeutic value. The repugnance, nauses, &c., to invalids, induced by disgust of the Oil, is entirely obviated by the use of our OAPSULES. OOD-LIVER OIL OAPSULES have been much used lately in Europe, the experience there of the good results from their use in both hospital and private practice, aside from the naturally suggested advantages, are sufficient to warrant our claiming the virtues we do for them, feeling assured their use will result in benefit and WYETH & BROTHER, 1412 WALNUT Street, Philadelphia

TRUSSES MRS. JAMES BETTS' CELEBRAMRS. JAMES BETTS' CELEBRADEPORTERS FOR LADIES, and the
only Supporters under eminent medical patronage. Lasice and physicians are respectfully requested to call only
on Mrs. Betts, at her residence, 1039 WALNUT Street,
Philadelphia, (to avoid counterfeits.) Thirty thousand
tovalids have been advised by their physicians to use her
appliance. Those only are genuine bearing the United
States copyright, labels on the box, and signatures, and
also on the Supporters. with testimonials. oci6-tuthets

COPARTNERSHIPS. NOTICE.—It is hereby certified that the undersigned have formed a Limited Partnership, agreeably to the provisions of the acts of Assembly of the Commonwealth of Panneulvenia area. neroinafter set forth, to wit:

1. The name or firm under which the said partnership s to be conducted is BUSH & KUBTZ. is to be conducted is BUSH & KUBTZ.

2. The general nature of the business intended to be transacted is the Importing and Jobbing of Dry Goods in the City of Philadelphia.

3. The general partners in the said firm are VAN CAMP BUSH and WILLIAM WESLEY KURTZ; both residing at No. 1937 VINE Street, in said City of Philadelphia; and the special partner is THEODORE.

BALER residing at No. 297 North TWENTIETH Philadelphia; and the special partner is THEODORE W BAKER, residing at No. 227 North TWENTIETH Street, in said city.

4. The amount of capital contributed by the said special partner to the common stock is the sum of FORTY THOUSAND DOLLARS, in cash.

5. The said partnership is to commence on the NINE-TEENTH DAY OF, AUGUST, A. D. 1862; and will terminate on the FIRST DAY OF AUGUST. TEENTH DAY OF AUGUST, A. D. 1862, and will terminate on the FIRST DAY OF JANUARY, A. D. 1864.)

Made and severally signed by the said partners, at the City of Philadelphia, the Nineteenth day of August, A. D. One Thousand Fight Hundred and Sixty-two.

VAN CAMP BUSH,

WILLIAM WESLEY KURTZ,

CLASSES.—All acute and chronic diseases cured, by special guarantee, at 1220 Walnut street, Philadelphia, and in case of a failure no charge is

made.

Professor BOLLES, the founder of this new practice, will superintend the treatment of all cases himself. A pamphlet containing a multitude of certificates, of those cured, also letters and complimentary resolutions from medical men and others, will be given to any person free.

Lectures are constantly given, at 1220, to medical men and others who desire a knowledge of my discovery, in applying Electricity as a reliable therapeutic agent. Consultation free.

ap28-6m B. FRANK. PALMER,

Surgeon Artist to the Government Institutions, Washington. Also, to all of the Medical Colleges and Hos-The "PALMER LIMBS," adopted by the Army and Navy Surgeons. Pamphlets sent gratis. Address,
B. FRANK. PALMER,
jy2-5m No. 1609 OHESTNUT Street; Philad's. jy2-8m No. 1609 OHESTNUT Street, Phi TIQUEURS.—50 cases assorted Liqueurs, just received per ship Vandalia, from Bordeaux, and for sale by

JAURETOHE & LAVERGNE,

202 & 204 South FRONT Street.

GIN.—Just received, per Brigantine O NIVA, from Rotterdam, an invoice of Treble An-chor Gin. For sale from the Wharf, or from Oustom-house Store, by CHAS. S. CARSTAIRS, Sole Agent, Nos. 126 WALKUT and 21 GRANITE Streets. 8817 A NTI-FRICTION METAL. For sale by

Buserior quality,

For sale by

JAMES YOUOM, JE,

OITY BRASS FOUNDRY, DRINKER'S ALLEY,

Between Front and Second, Bace and Arch stales.

LATOUR OIL.—492 baskets Latour Oilve Oil, just received per ship Vandalia, from Bordeaux, for sale by JAURETCHE & LAVERGNE, au28-tf 202 and 204 South FRONT Street. BAY RUM.—19 quarter casks Saint
Martin Bay Rum just received per schooner MABEL, and for sale by JAURETOHE & LAYERGNE,
202 and 204 South FRONT Street.

SALES BY AUCTION TOHN B. MYERS & CO., AUC-TIONEERS, Nos. 282 and 286 MARKET Street. SALE OF BOOTS AND SHOES, &c. ON TUESDAY MORNING.

September 23, on four months credit— 1,900 packages Boots and Shoes, &c. BALE OF DRY GOODS. THURSDAY MORNING. er 25, at 10 o olook, by catalogue, on 4 months

SALE OF CARPETINGS. ON FRIDAY MOBNING, September 26th, at 10½ o'clock, on 4 months' credit— 300 pieces Velvet, Brussels, Ingrain, and Venetian car-peting, cocon mattings, &c. MURNESS, BRINLEY, & CO., No. 429 MARKET STREET.

SALEE OF FRENCH DRY GOODS. ON FRIDAY MORNING.
Sept. 19, at 10 o'clock, by catalogue, on 4 months' 400 packages and lots of French dry goods, comprising general assortment.
LUPIN'S LONG AND SQUARE SHAWLS.
ON FRIDAY MORNING,
400 Lupin's black mode and high colors thibst shawls, alk fringes.

500 Lupin's black and mode shawls, wool fringes.

300 do very rich, new style, printed shawls, 500 Lupin's black and mode snawls, wood images, 800 do very rich, new style, printed shawls, 300 do extra rich Swisse broche do:
100 do 7 do long do.
14.4 Peris broche, and brinted black stells shawls, 350 CARTONS BONNET AND TRIMMING.

RIBBONS. Just Landed.
— cartons Nos 405 white and choice colored poult de soio, cable cord, bonnet ribbons.
— cartons 10060 extra plain figured, plaid, broche, All new goods, and just landed
PABIS ALL WOOL, CHINTZ COLOBS, PRINTED
POPLINS

150 pieces Paris all wool printed poplins.
LYONS BLACK SILK VELVETS, LUSTRINTS,
GBOS DE BHINES, FIGURED BLACK ARMURES.

— Lyons black silk velvets.

26ø38 inch high lustre black Lustrint's.

22æ40 do do do gros de rhines.

22 black figured armures. PANCOAST & WARNOCK, AUG-LARGE SPECIAL SALE OF BIBBONS, FLOWERS, AND MILLINERY GOODS, by catalogue.
THIS MOBNING.
September 18, commencing at 10 o'clock, precisely.
Computing about 600 lots of fresh new goods, now anding from steamer, which will be found well worth

anoing from steamer, which will be found whe attention of the trade.

Included will be found, viz—
— cartons choice styles bonnet ribbons.
— do French silk ruches.
— do plain and fancy velvet ribbons. - pieces bonnet velvet and material. de malines illusions and netts.
 lots black and white silk laces. - do silk joined blondes. - cases French straw and fancy bonnets do French felt bonnets and hats.

de bonnett frames.

ARTIFICIAL FLOWERS.

Also, 1200 cartons Paris artificial flowers.
Comprising a very full assortment of choice styles, adapted to best city sales. FOR SALE AND TO LET. LOW RENTS.—Neat DWELL INGS from \$144 to \$250 a year. Apply at Office 1:09 COATES street. sel7-3t* TO LET-The Morocco FAO TO LET ING MUCHOST STORE; with or without dwelling, sout brown and CANAL streets, suits bit east corner of FOURTH and OANAL streets, suits ble for a butcher, brewery, or wooller. Inquire on the pro-mises. sel7-3t*

A FIRST-CLASS DRUG STORE IN the lower part of the city is offered for sale a bargain. An old stand. Address "Drug Store," at this office DENTAL PRACTICE FOR SALE A DENTAL PRACTICE FOR SALE

To a Dentist who wishes a good lossion, can
hear of one by addressing "Dentist," Press Office.

self-1m*

FOR SALE—DELIAW ARDER OOUNTY FARM, 96 acres of first-rate land. Price only \$9,000. Terms easy.

Also, Bueks-county Farm; good land; 98 acres; only \$75 per acre. Farm one mile from Media; 96 acres Delaware county; \$95 per acre. Farm, 89 acres, near Norristown, Montgomery county; \$95 per acre. For further particulars, apply to No. 309 WALNUT Street. TO BE SOLD-Large Modern

TO BE SOLD—Large Modern HOUSES—No. 1825 GREEN Street, four-storied. 21 feet front; and No 1909 GREEN Street, three-storied double front; both deep lots.

BONSALL BROTHERS, HOUSE AND FURNITUILLE SALE—Elegant Brown Stone House and handsome Furniture, Walnut street, between Seventeenth and Eighteenth streets. Apply to

O. H. MUIRHEID,

au26-1m 203 South SIXTH Street. HOUSE AND FURNITURE FOR

FOR SALE—A beautiful COT-TAGE, and six acres of Ground, in the interior of Pennsylvania, desirably situated and arranged for an academy or first-class school, near a thriving village, and in a healthy location:

Also, a desirable DWELLING and Lot, in New Bloom field, Perry county, Penna.

Also, a large number of cottages, lots, and other properties, for sale or exchange.

B. F. GLENN, 123 South FOURTH Street,
aul6 and S. W. cor. SEVENTEENTH and GEEEN.

TO RENT—A THIBDEN OF A BRICK DWELLING, on BACE Street, one door above Twelfth, north side. Bent low to a good tenant Apply to WETHERILL & BROTHER, jel2 47 and 49 North SECOND Street. TO RENT-A THREE-STORY TO KENT A 1111VE BRIOK DWELLING, on PINE Street, near

th, north side. Apply to
WETHERILL & BROTHER,
47 and 49 North SECOND Street. FOR SALE OR TO LET-Four FOR SALE OR TO LET—Four Houses, on the west side of BROAD Street, below Solumble, avenue. Apply at the southwest corner of MINTH and SANSOM Streets.

LEGAL. IN THE ORPHANS' COURT FOR THE CITY AND COUNTY OF PHILADELPHIA.
In the matter of the Estate of LYDIA PRIOR, dec'd. In the matter of the Estate of LYDIA PRIOR, dec'd. The Anditor appointed by the court to audit settle, and adjust the account of ROBERT S. PASCHALL, Administrator, &c., of LYDIA PRIOR, decessed, and to report distribution of the balance, will meet the parties interested at his Office, S. E. corner of EIGHTH and LOUUST Streets, on MONDAY, September 15th, A. D. 1862, at 4 o'clock in the atternion ge6 stuthest DANIEL DOUGHERTY, Auditor. A SSIGNED ESTATE OF WILLIAM
W RIOHARDS.
NOTICE is hereby given that William R. Richards and
Wite have made an assignment of certain BEAL ESTATE for the behelft of his creditors, to Louis L.
Pantly, to, whom all nersons INDERTED to said estate

Pauly, to whom all persons INDEBTED to said estate are requested to make payment; and those having CLAIMS against the same to present them to LOUIS L. PAULY, No. 9 BANK street, Phila. se18-th6t IZ NOW ALL MEN BY THESE That I. EBENEZEB CATE, of Franklin, in the county of Merrimac, and State of New Hampshire, do hereby revoke, annul, and forever cancel, any and all Powers of Aitorney heretofore granted by me to one CLINTON RICE, of the city and county of New York. State of New York, to act for me in any matter or transaction whatever; and this is to give due notice and warning to the public and all concerned, that from this day henceforth I shall utterly disregard and repudiate any further act of said Rice made under or by reason of any power of attorney, which I have heretofore given him; and especially do I hereby revoke, annul, and withdraw the power of attorney, which I have heretofore granted to said Rice to sell and dispose of certain Patents or Bights under certain patents granted to me for Improvement in Horse Shoes, Process for making Iron for same, and the Iron when so made as new article of Manufacture, or anything relating to the same.

No further as ignment, transfer, or conveyance whatever, made by the said Rice in my name, or for me under any alleged authority as aforesaid, will, after this date, be recognized by me as valid or binding on me or my legal representatives.

egal representatives.
In witness whereof, I have hereunto set my hand and EBENEZER CATE. Andrew Boyd, S. T. Savage. se16 6t MARSHAL'S SALES.

MARSHAL'S OFFICE, The Marshal's Sale of that portion of the cargo of the steemer BERMUDA advertised to be sold on TUES-DAY, Sept. 26. at the Custom House Stores, corner of FRONT and LOMBARD streets, will be sold at Samuel C. Cook's Auction Store, No. 124 South FRONT Street, at 12 o'clock M., on that day.

WILLIAM MILLWARD,

U. S. Marshal. PHILADELPHIA, September 15, 1862. 8e16-8t MARSHAL'S SALE.—By virtue of a Writ of Sale by the Hon. JOHN CADWALADER, Judge of the District Court of the United States in and for the Eastern District of Pennsylvania, in Admiralty, to me directed, will be sold at Public Sale, to the highest and best bidder, for cash, at MICHENER'S STORE, No. 142 North FRONT Street, on TUESDAX, September 38, 1862, at 12 o'clock M., the residue of the cargo of the brig HEBALD, consisting of 30 hhds, 25 drums, and 90 boxes of Tobacco. rums, and 90 boxes of Tobacco.
WILLIAM MILLWARD,
U.S. Marshal E. D. of Pennsylvania.
Philadelphia, September 15, 1862. self-6t MARSHAL'S SALE.—By virtue of a writ of sale by the Hon JOHN OADWALA-DER, Judge of the District Court of the United States, in and for the Eastern District of Pennsylvania, in Ad-

MILIIAM WESLEY KURTZ,
General Partners,
THEODORSAW BAKER;
Special Partners,
Special Partners,
WILLIAM WESLEY KURTZ,
MINING General Partners,
MININ PHILADELEGIA, Sept. 15, 1862. Self-6t:

MARSHAL'S SAIE. By Virtue of:

A Writ'of Sale, by the Hon. JOHN CADWALADER, Judge of the District Court of the United States. Self-6t:

Pipe from 2 to 12-inch bore, 25c pt yard; 3-inch bore, 30c per yard; 4-inch bore, 46c pt yard; 5-inch bore, 50c per yard; 6-inch bore, 50c per ARSHAL'S SALDH,—DY VITUE OF.

M a Writ'of Sale, by the Hon. JOHN CADWALADER, Judge of the District Court of the United States,
in and for the Eastern District of Pennsylvania, in Admiralty, to me directed, will be sold, at public sale, to the
highest and best bidder, for cash, at CALLOWHILLSTREET WHABF, on WEDNESDAY, October 1,
1882, at 12 o'clock M, the schooner FANNY, her tackle, apperd, and furniture, and the cargo laden on board—
the cargo consists of salt in sacks.

U.S. Marshal Eastern District of Penna.
PHILADELPHIA, September 15, 1862.

self-6t

ARSHAL'S SALE.—By virtue of a Writ of Sale, by the Hon. JOHN CADWALADER, Judge of the District Court of the United States, in and for the Eastern District of Pennsylvania, in Admiralty, to me directed, will be sold at public sale, to the highest and best bidder, for cash, at CALLOWHILL. STREET WHARF, on WEDNESDAY, October 1, 1862, at 12 o'clock M., the schooner MARY ELIZABETH, her tackle, apparel, and furniture, and the cargo laden on board—the cargo consists of salt in sacks.

WILLIAM MILLWARD,
U. S. Marabal E D. of Pennsylvania

board—the cargo consists of salt in sacks.

WILLIAM MILLWARD,

U. S. Marshal E. D. of Pennsylvania.

PHILADELPHIA, September 15, 1862.

MARSHAL'S SALE.—By virtue of

La. Writ of Sale, by the Hoa. JOHN CADWALA
DEB. Judge of the District Court of the United States, in and for the Eastern District of Pennsylvania, in Admiralty, to me directed, will be sold at public sale, to the highest and best, bidder, for cash, at CALLOWHILL
STREET WHARE, on WEDNESDAY, October 1, 1862, at 12 o'clock M., the scheoner EuliZa, her tabkie, supparel; and furniture, and the cargo laden on board—the cargo consists of salt in secks.

WILLIAM MILLWARD,

U.S. Marshal Eastern District of Penna.— U. S. Marshal Eastern District of Penna.
PHILADELPHIA, Sept. 15, 1862. 8916-64 DORT WINE.—Tarragona and Oporto Port for sale, in bond, by

CHAS. S. CARSTAIRS,
an16 No. 126 WALBUT Street.

CHAMPAGNE —An invoice of "Gold

Liso" CHAMPAGNE, just received per "Ina Rus-

sell." For sale by
OHAS. S. CARSTAIRS, Sole Agent,
seld. No. 136 WALNUT and 21 GRAND Streets.

THOMAS & CONE BEAL ESTATE AT PRIVATE BALT BRALL GOLATE AT PRIVATE BALF.

A large amount at Frivate Saie, including the description of oity and country property. Prioted lay may be had at the auction store.

Full descriptions in handbills now ready Pampilg catalogues on Saturday next. Eale at Nos. 129 and 141 South Fourth Street
SUPERIOR FURNITURE, MIRKORS, PLAND
FORTE, BRUSSELE OARPETS, &c.
THIS MORNING.
At 9 o'clock, at the Auction Store, an extensive at
mirrors, carpets. &c., from families declining forms, an
inp. Removed to the store for convenience of nonescept
Also, a surerior double barrel breed-loading gar; a
superior billiard table, balls and ones complate; a living
fine gold handing case watch; a superior free Most

SALES BY AUCTION

Sale No. 250 north Eleventh street
NEAT HOUSEHOLD FURNITURE, BRUSSELS
ON TUESDAY MORNING. ON TUESDAY MORNING.

23d inst., et 10 10 o'clock, at No 250 north Eleventh street, by catalogue, the neat mahogany parlor, dising room, and chamber furniture, Brussels and other cappets. &c., of a gentleman leaving the city.

15 Hay be examined at 8 o'clock on the morning the sale. Esia No. 1619 Chestaut Street.
SUPERIOR FURNITURE. FIANO, MIRRORS,
OARPETS. &c.
ON WEDNESDAY MOENING.

ON WEDNESDAY MUENING,
24th inst, at 10 o'clock, at No. 1619 Chestant street,
by catalogue, the household furniture, fine rosewed a
cotave plane forte, made by Schomacker & Oo, larg
mirror, fine carpets, dining room and chamber land ture, &c.

May be examined at 3 o'clock on the morning. DHILIP FORD & CO., AUCTION. EEBS, 525 MARKET and 522 COMMERCE SA SALE OF 1,000 CASES BOOTS, SHORE, BEG GANG, &c. THIS MORNING, THIS MORNING,

Sept. 18, at 10 o'cick precisely, will be sold, by the logue, 1,000 cases men's, boya', and youlthe cell, his grain, and thick boots; call and hip brogam, Congregations, Oxford ties, Wellingtons, Balmorals, &c., where men's, misses', and children's calf, kip, goat, hid, marcoco and enamelled heeted boots and choes, gallen, ment of first-class city-made goods.

Moreover the constraint of the morning of sale.

BALE OF 1,000 CASES BOOTS, SHOES, AND BRO. ON MONDAY MORNING, Sopt. 22, at 10 o'clock precisely, will be seld, by a talogue. 1,000 cases men's, boys', and rouths' call, by a grain and thick boots, calf and kip brogans, Consess gatters. Balmorals, &c.; women's, misses and children, calf, kip, goat, kid, mororco, and enamelled heeds boots and shoes, gaiters, slippers, Balmorals, &c. & a large assortment of first-dase oftr made gods.

**** Goods open for examination, with catalogue, exp. on the morning of sale. MOSES NATHANS, AUCTIONED AND COMMISSION MERCHANT, SCHOOL COURSE OF SIXTH and RACE Streets.

GREAT BARGATES WATCHES AND JEWELRY AT PRIVATE SALE Fine gold and allyer lever, lepine, English, Swim at French watches for less than half the usual 1220 Watches from one dollar to one her each. Gold chains from 40 to 50 cents per dwt. P. TAKE NOTICE

TAKE NOTICE.

The highest possible price is loaned on goods a thans? Principal Establishment, southeast come bixth and Bace streets. At least ene-third more than any other establishment in this city.

NATHANS' PRINCIPAL MONEY ESTABLISHMENT.

MONEY TO LOAN,

In large or small amounts, from one delice to these In large or small amounts, from one dollar to the transform on diamonds, gold and silver plate, watches, jewing merchandise, clothing, furniture, bedding, plane, in goods of every description.

LOANS MADE AT THE LOWEST MARKET BATE. This establishment has large fire and thief-product for the safety of valuable goods, together with a protest watchman on the premises.

ESTABLISHED FOR THE LAST THIRTY Foul THE LAST THIRTY IS A THIRTY IN THE Principal Sec. Mer All large loans made at this the Principal sollishment. ** Charges greatly reduced.

AT PRIVATE SALE. One superior brilliant toned plano-forte, with neighbate, soft and loud pedals. Price only \$50.
One very fine toned plano-forte, price only \$50. SHIPPING.

BOSTON AND PHILA.

DELPHIA STEAMSHIP LINF—Safing
from each port on SATURDAYS. From Pine-strain
Wharf, SATURDAY, September 20.

The Steamship SAXON, Oapt Matthews, will sail non
Philadelphia for Boston, SATURDAY MORNING, Satember 20, at 10 o'clock; and steamship NORMAR,
(new.) Capt. Baker, from Roston for Philadelphia, on
SATURDAY, September 20, at 4 P. M.
Insurance one-half that by sail vessels. Freight size
at fair rates.
Shippers will please send their bills of Loging we BOSTON AND PHILA Shippers will please send their bills of Lodins For freight or passage, having fine accommedating hely to HENEY WINSOR & CO., if 30 S32 SOUTH WHAEVES.

KANGABOO ... Saturday, September 3.
ETNA ... Saturday, September 3.
And every succeeding SATURDAY at Nove his

These steamers have superior accommodations for rationgers; are strongly built in water-fight iron sections, and carry Patent Fire Annihilators. Experienced Sergeons are attached to each Steamer.

For further information, apply in Liverpool to William Inman, Agent, 22 Water Street; in Glaszev in ALFX. MALCOLM, 5 St. Enoch Square; in Queez town tr. C. & W. D. SEYMOUB & CO.; in Bonder & EIVES & MACRY, 61 King William Street; in Paris JULES DECOUE, 48. Rue Notre Dame. Des Victofra, Place de la Bourso; in New York to JOHN G. DALE, Agent, 104 Mallour Street; Philadelptic.

111 WALNUT Street, Philadelphia THE BRITISH AND NORTH SHIPS BETWEEN NEW YORK AND LIVERPOOL, OALL

TROM BOSTON TO LIVEBPOOL
Ohief Cabin Paesage
Second Cabin Passage.
10
EUBOPA:
do. Boston, Wednesday, Sept. 16
ASIA.
do. Boston. Wednesday, Sept. 17
AUSTEÂLASIAN.leaves N. York, Wednesday, Sept. 18
BOOTIA.
do. Roston, Wednesday, Oct. 18
Botths not secured until paid for.
An experienced surgeon an hoard. An experienced surgeon on board.

The owners of these ships will not be accountable to Gold, Silver, Bullion, Specie, Jewelry, Precious Stones Metals, unless bills of lading are signed therefor, and we

value thereof therein expressed rein expressed to E. OUNARD,
passage apply to E. OUNARD,
4 BOWLING GREEN, New York
R. O. & T. G. BATES,
103 STATE Street, Boston, For freight or pas Or, to FOR NEW YORK—THE DAY—DESPATCH AND SWIFISU-LINES—VIA DELAWARE AND RARITAN GARAGE Steamers of sale successions and 5 P. M.

For freight, which will be taken on accommodate with M. BAIRD & 60
2007. ANY A WARE AYES 182 South DELAWARE Avents FOR NEW YORK.

Revitan Cenal.

Revitan Cenal.

Philadelphia and New York Express Steambost Cepany receive freight and leave daily at 2 P. M., delive ing their cargoes in New York the following day.

Freights taken at reasonable rates.

WM. P. CLYDE, Agent,

No. 14 SOUTH WHARVES, Philadelphis

AMES HAND, Agent,
aul-ti Piers 14 and 15 East RIVER, New York ILLUMINATING OILS "T UCIFER" OIL WORKS. 100 bbls "Lucifer" Burning Oil on hand.
We guarantee the oil to be non-explosive, to burn in the oil in the lamp with a steady, brilliant fame, without a steady to the wick, and but slowly. Barrels lined with glass caumel. WRIGHT, SMITH, & PRABSALL, fe21-tf Office 515 MARKET Street.

COAL. COAL.—THE UNDERSIGNED beg leave to inform their friends and the public that they have removed their LEHIGH COAL DEPORTION NOBLE-STREET WHARF, on the Delawars their Yard, northwest corner of HIGHTH and WILLOW Streets, where they intend to keep the best quality of LEHIGH COAL, from the most approved mines, at the leave traces. towest prices. Your patronage is respectfully self.
108. WALTON & 00.
Office, 112 South SECOND Str.
Nard; RIGHTH and WILLOW.

TRAIN PIPE.—Stone Ware Drain yard; 5-inch fore, our per yard; 5-inch fore, such pard; 1634, and hoppers. We are now prepared to furnish pipe in manify, and on liberal terms to dealers and these particles.

ORNAMENTAL CHIMNEY TOPS. Vitrified Tormother Country Tops, plain and ornamental designs, was resided to stand the action of local gas or the weather in many climate.

PAIN PIPE.—Vitrified Drain and Water PIPE, from 2 inches bore up, with effet variety of Bends, Branches, Traps, &c., warranted eight to any in the market, and at less rates. The mode signed being interested in one of the largest and bed signed being interested in one of the largest and bed beds of Fire Clay in this country for the manufacture beds of Fire Clay in this country for the manufacture of the above and other articles, defice competition, but in quality and price.

PETER B. MELIUM.

Manufactory cor. Thompson and Anthractic street.

Philadelphia. MACKEREL, HERBING, SHAD, 2,500 Bbls Mass Nos. 1, 2, and 3 Meckerel, jet aught fat fish, in assorted packages.

2,000 Bbls New Eastpert, Fortune Bay, and fisher. Herring. 2,500 Boxes Lubec, Scaled, and No. 1 Herring. 150 Bbis New Mess Shad. 250 Boxes Herkimer County Cheese, &c.

In store and for sale by MURPHY & KOOPS, lel4-if No. 148 North WHARVES NEW MACKEREL. 150 Bbls New Large No. 8 Mackerel. 150 Half Bbls In store and and for sale by MURPHY & KOOKE, jel4-tr No. 146 North WHARVE CHAMPAGNE.—An invoice of the cent Champegne, quarts and pints, just receive per "Ina Bussel," for sale by "UHABLES B. CARSTAIRS, See Mo. 126 WALKUT and 21 GRANITS St.