THE CITY.

The Thermometer.

SEPTEMBER 9, 1861.			SEPTEMBER 9, 1862.		
6 A.M.	12 M.	3 P.M.	6 A.M.	12 M.	3 P.M.
67	73	76	72¼	81½	82¼

WIND. E. by N. E. E.S.E. | N. by W. N. NE.

LIST OF TAXABLES IN THE CITY.—The figures given below will exhibit the list of taxables in the various wards and divisions of the city for 1862 and '63. The assessment is complete and correct in all the wards, except the Fifth, in which fraud has recently been detected, and which will be corrected as soon as a new assessment can be taken. The following is the assessment, as shown by the returns in the office of the City Commissioner:

FIRST WARD.—First precinct, 364; Second, 518; Third, 431; Fourth, 1,061; Fifth, 648; Sixth, 555; Seventh, 923; Eighth, 668; Ninth, 787; Tenth, 450; Eleventh, 431. Total, 7,001.

SECOND WARD.—First precinct, 529; Second, 598; Third, 617; Fourth, 575; Fifth, 641; Sixth, 690; Seventh, 451; Eighth, 720; Ninth, 673; Tenth, 506; Eleventh, 599. Total, 6,404.

THIRD WARD.—First precinct, 424; Second, 382; Third, 505; Fourth, 436; Fifth, 382; Sixth, 399; Seventh, 709; Eighth, 766. Total, 4,013.

FOURTH WARD.—First precinct, 440; Second, 493; Third, 479; Fourth, 394; Fifth, 340; Sixth, 480; Seventh, 466; Eighth, 652; Ninth, 472; Tenth, 356. Total, 4,533.

FIFTH WARD.—First precinct, 744; Second, 479; Third, 558; Fourth, 640; Fifth, 367; Sixth, 593; Seventh, 464; Eighth, 303. Total, 4,168.

SIXTH WARD.—First precinct, 411; Second, 414; Third, 614; Fourth, 198; Fifth, 302; Sixth, 460; Seventh, 461; Eighth, 698. Total, 3,488.

SEVENTH WARD.—First precinct, 516; Second, 725; Third, 551; Fifth, 518; Fifth, 834; Sixth, 834; Seventh, 358; Eighth, 725. Total, 5,361.

EIGHTH WARD.—First precinct, 692; Second, 508; Third, 496; Fourth, 621; Fifth, 1,069; Sixth, 589. Total, 4,275.

NINTH WARD.—First precinct, 524; Second, 551; Third, 466; Fourth, 445; Fifth, 455; Sixth, 569; Seventh, 592; Eighth, 643. Total, 4,094.

TENTH WARD.—First precinct, 490; Second, 721; Third, 596; Fourth, 592; Fifth, 595; Sixth, 456; Seventh, 520; Eighth, 765. Total, 4,445.

ELEVENTH WARD.—First precinct, 515; Second, 310 Third, 390; Fourth, 400; Fifth, 364; Sixth, 517; Seventh 585; Eighth, 504. Total, 3,594.

TWELFTH WARD.—First precinct, 385; Second, 600; Third, 548; Fourth, 326; Fifth, 564; Sixth, 521; Seventh, 585. Total, 3,659.

THIRTEENTH WARD.—First precinct, 453; Second, 660; Third, 450; Fourth, 639; Fifth, 484; Sixth, 445; Seventh, 437; Eighth, 447. Total, 4,020.

FOURTEENTH WARD.—First precinct, 497; Second, 498; Third, 540; Fourth, 650; Fifth, 540; Sixth, 613; Seventh, 653; Eighth, 752. Total, 4,729.

FIFTEENTH WARD.—First precinct, 603; Second, 750; Third, 552; Fourth 690; Fifth, 709; Sixth, 718; Seventh, 809; Eighth, 797; Ninth, 705; Tenth, 570. Total, 6,804.

SIXTEENTH WARD—First precinct, 543; Second, 419; Third, 494; Fourth, 562; Fifth, 614; Sixth, 510; Seventh, 663; Eighth, 540. Total, 4,345.

SEVENTEENTH WARD.—First precinct, 368; Second, 475; Third, 454; Fourth, 464; Fifth, 338; Sixth, 468; Seventh, 398; Eighth, 665; Ninth, 590; Tenth, 398. Total, 4,476.

EIGHTEENTH WARD.—First precinct, 517; Second, 469; Third, 569; Fourth, 652; Fifth, 591; Sixth, 692; Seventh, 655; Eighth, 710. Total, 4,715.

NINETEENTH WARD.—First precinct, 773; Second, 668; Third, 600; Fourth, 1,040; Fifth, 876; Sixth, 613; Seventh, 559; Eighth, 709; Ninth, 590. Total, 6,420.

TWENTIETH WARD.—First precinct, 752; Second, 619; Third, 794; Fourth, 680; Fifth, 547; Sixth, 608; Seventh, 310; Eighth, 655; Ninth, 404; Tenth, 592; Eleventh, 799. Total, 6,360.

TWENTY-FIRST WARD.—First precinct, 503; Second, 669; Third, 429; Fourth, 476; Fifth, 581; Sixth, 498; Seventh, 378; Eighth, 636. Total, 4,110.

TWENTY-SECOND WARD.—First precinct, 291; Second, 243; Third, 679; Fourth, 455; Fifth, 548; Sixth, 346; Seventh 265; Eighth, 408; Ninth, 330. Total, 3,455.

TWENTY-THIRD WARD.—First precinct, 488; Second, 441; Third; 375; Fourth, 181; Fifth, 662; Sixth, 450; Seventh, 649; Eighth, 390; Ninth, 468. Total, 4,534.

TWENTY-FOURTH WARD.—First precinct, 470; Second, 253; Third, 265; Fourth, 633; Fifth, 717; Sixth, 560; Seventh, 649; Eighth 683; Ninth, 358. Total, 4,468.

TWENTY-FIFTH WARD.—First precinct, 441; Second, 549; Third, 364; Fourth, 522; Fifth, 187; Sixth, 553. Total, 2 616. Grand total, 115,743.

The above comprises the returns as made by the assessors, and which will be somewhat altered when the appeals are heard in October next.

THE SHERIFF CONTESTED-ELECTION CASE.—The argument in the contested-election case of Thompson vs Ewing was resumed yesterday morning. Mr. F. C. Brewster, in continuation of his argument commenced the day previous, called the attention of the court to the fact that, in reference to the answer of the respondent, no evidence at all had been given under one hundred and seven specifications. He also adverted to the equally patent fact, that in support of certain specifications alleging the reception of illegal votes "to the number of nine and upwards," one witness only had been called, and in many instances the witnesses did not testify that they voted for Mr. Thompson, and there was no proof of their disqualification to vote.

Mr. Brewster's argument on the day previous, was generally confined to a superfluous of the evidence offered, or attempted to be offered, in support of the first thirty-seven specifications contained in the respondent's answer. He referred, in opening, to the decision delivered by Mr Justice Woodward, of the Supreme Court, in the case of a contested election for District Attorney of Luzerne county, and held that no distinction could be drawn from that opinion between the votes cast outside of the State and those cast at Easton.

He continued: We stand, therefore, upon the face of our return, thus corrected by a decision of our Supreme Court, with a majority of 146 votes for Mr. Thompson; and the subject for discussion now is, how is that certificate to be overcome? It can not—how it is majority is overcome? Our friends on the other side have given us, inclusive of fractions, 209 specifications. Your honors have stricken out twenty-nine of them Our friends have seen fit to offer evidence under sixty-four, but they have actually omitted to offer any evidence at all under twenty-one which they regarded as material to the proof of their case. Under the first specification there has been no proof offered at all. Under the second, it was changed that Mr. Thompson had received twenty-two votes which he was not entitled, while all the evidence showed that he was entitled to that number. No paper among those produced gave him a less number. I have, therefore, marked No. 2 "disproved."

From a long rummaging up and sifting of the evidence, it was apparent that no proof had been offered to sustain the third, fourth, and fifth specifications. The sixth charged that Robert Ewing "is falsely returned as having 148 votes, when he was in fact entitled to 145 votes." The tally papers gave Mr. Ewing 145, the hourly return 145, while the total, as per general return, was 144. This was the evidence in support of that specification. Under specification 6¾, it was charged that in the Fourth precinct of the Twelth ward, Robert Ewing received three votes which were taken and counted in the general return for John Thompson. Two witnesses were examined, but no proof was adduced in support of the charge.

The seventh specification, charging that in the Seventh precinct of the Thirteenth Ward Mr. Ewing "is falsely returned as receiving 109 votes, whereas in reality he received 114," was not proved—four papers giving Mr. Ewing 109 votes, while but one paper gave him 114 The specification was not proved, and the eight and 8 half and ninth were not attempted to be proved. The tenth specification, charging that Mr. Ewing received 158 votes in the Second division of the Nineteenth ward, while only 157 were credited to him, was not proved. The hourly paper gave Mr. Thompson 109, Mr. Ewing 157; the general return, Thompson 109, Ewing 147. No tally papers were produced, and, consequently, the specification stood before the court upon paper against paper.

Of the remaining specifications, up to the thirty-seventh, a great majority of them were not proven, while a few would be left to the determination of the court.

At half past two o'clock yesterday the court adjourned. Mr. Brewster will continue the argument for the contestant this morning at half past ten o'clock.

TERRIBLE ACCIDENT ON THE BALTIMORE RAILROAD—LOSS OF LIFE.—Yesterday morning, about one o'clock, a collision occurred on the Philadelphia, Wilmington, and Baltimore Railroad, about half past three o'clock, which was the cause of a terrible accident whereby a number of soldiers were killed and some very dangerously wounded. A short time before one o'clock, yesterday morning, a through freight train for Baltimore left the depot at Broad Washington streets, and when a short distance below Gray's Ferry Bridge the train became disconnected, and the road was, as a matter of course, temporarily obstructed by the cars. A passenger train which was following close behind, and, when the accident occurred a man was sent back, with a lantern, to warn the special train; but in consequence of the heavy fog which then existed, the engineer of the train containing the troops did not see the signal until too late to prevent the collision. He immediately reversed the engine, but the trains collided. Fortunately, no person was seriously hurt by the collision.

The troop train had on board the 37th Massachusetts Regiment, which came through on Monday night; a squad of recruits for the 13th New York Regiment, under Lieut. Minch; one hundred and four men of the Philadelphia Provost Guard, under Lieut. Lechler, and one hundred men of the 13th Pennsylvania Cavalry, under Capt McCann. The commands of Capt. McCann and Lieut Lechler had been ordered, according to a despatch received from General Wool, on Monday evening, to guard the railroad and bridges between Perryseville and Staunton, on the line of the Baltimore Railroad. They were under the command of Adjutant General Fresse, and were now proceeding upon their errand at the time of the accident.

The wreck of the two trains described completely obstructed the track, and information of the accident was telegraphed to the depot.

At half past three o'clock yesterday morning a special train, having upon it a squad of one hundred cavalry men, started South from the depot, at Broad and Washington streets, and the engineer was instructed to take another track, so as to avoid the obstruction. By some unaccountable carelessness, or misunderstanding, the engineer went upon the obstructed track, and he ran into the two trains which were already wrecked. The engineer of the third train saw the lights on the wreck, and checked the speed of the locomotive, but the collision was, nevertheless, very severe, and the consequences most disastrous. The cars were broken to pieces, three men were killed outright and a number were cut or less wounded. The dead were so entangled with the wreck of the cars that a considerable time elapsed before their bodies could be extricated.

Lieutenant Lechler immediately returned to the city, and Captain Kern, the provost marshal, having been notified, he and Dr. Neill at once proceeded to the scene of the accident. The bodies of the dead and the wounded were immediately conveyed to the Hospital, where an inquest will be held in the case by Coroner Conred.

About eight o'clock, yesterday morning, a member of a New York regiment, who was on the train at the disaster, deliberately drew his knife and inflicted injuries upon himself which will probably prove fatal. It is believed he was laboring under an attack of mania-a-potu or delirium at the time. He was conveyed to the Hospital.

The following is a list of the names of the killed and wounded by the collision:

KILLED.—Joseph Wyant, 95th Pennsylvania (Gosline's Zouaves.)

George Welsh, 62d Ohio.

Charles Devine, 23d Pennsylvania, died in hospital.

WOUNDED.—James Cuntland, 8th Ohio, seriously.

Christian Hoyhunz, 13th New York, wounded in leg.

Henry Bunn, 13th New York, seriously.

E. R. Morse, 13th New York, seriously.

One man, name unknown, 47th Pennsylvania, badly scalded about the face, legs, and hands.

Thomas Russell, 102d New York, not seriously.

John Chalber, 13 h New York, leg fractured.

U. Bailey, 146th Pennsylvania, seriously.

John Baker, 100th New York, seriously.

Thomas Bower, 13th New York, leg broken.

John Cann, 100th New York, wounded in leg.

John McKnight, 71st Pennsylvania, (1st California,) slightly injured in the ribs.

During the past three weeks, over 35,000 troops have passed over this road, and it really shows good management that accidents of a more serious character have not occurred. It is a matter of impossibility to transport daily large bodies of troops without an occasional mishap.

DEATHS AT THE ARMY HOSPITALS.—The following are the deaths reported at the various army hospitals:

West Philadelphia Hospital.—Riley B. Brown, F, 49th Pennsylvania; Lorenzo H. Cox, C, 6th Vermont; Christopher Wagner, E, 66th New York; Truman Wooledge, C, 32d New York; Henry Bloodgast, B, 22d Massachusetts; Wm L. Christian, E, 18th New York; Wm. Snell, H, 18 h New York; Pat. Purcell, A, 49th New York; Wm. O. Sevaels, I, 49th Pennsylvania.

Chester Hospital.—Peter Gillispie, E, 63d Pennsylvania; Ephraim. G. 6th Maine.

South-street Hospital.—Alex. Hall, drummer, A, 7th Wisconsin; Elisha Bowes, F, 104th New York; Chas. Stockhawser, C, 14th New York.

Catharine-street Hospital.—Fred. Keller, D, 20th New York.

☞ *Fourth and George streets Hospital.*—Am. Snyder, hospital steward 99th Pennsylvania.

Turner's Lane.—Benj. J. Godfrey, F, 29th Massachusetts.

From the Fifth-street Hospital thirty convalescents were returned to duty on Monday. Large numbers were also returned from the other hospitals.

THE FIRST TROOP PHILADELPHIA CITY CAVALRY.—A fine cavalry regiment under the above title is now being formed for the defence of the city, as will be seen by a card in another column of our paper to day. This organization affords a desirable opportunity to enter the service under the best auspices. The project has been approved by the authorities, and the officers of the regiment have had experience in the field. Their armory is at Twelfth street, below Chestnut, where enrolments are being made. The men are being drilled, dismounted, every evening.

CONTROLLERS OF THE PUBLIC SCHOOLS—INTERESTING DISCUSSION ON THE CONTRACT SYSTEM.—A stated meeting of the Board of Controllers of the Public Schools was held yesterday afternoon.

Communications from the following sections were received and appropriately referred:

SECOND SECTION.—One enclosing a communication from the Board of Trustees of the Eleventh-street M. E. Church, proposing to rent to the Board of Controllers the lecture-room of the church on Eleventh street, above Washington avenue) for school purposes, for the sum of $250 per annum

Also, a resolution that the new school building now being erected on the site of the old Wharton building, Fifth street, below Washington avenue, be named the "Washington" Public School.

FIRST SECTION.—Informing the Board that Jacob T. Alliuger proposes to locate a lot on Second street, east side, 50 feet front by 100 feet deep, for the purpose of building a school-house, 32 feet front, on Second street, by 22 feet deep. The school to be in lieu of the school now at White Hall.

NINTH SECTION.—Stating that the Locust-street Secondary School was opened on the 1st of July, with an average attendance of 90 pupils; that Miss Lucy McCullough has been appointed principal, and Miss Mary V. Hunt assistant. Also, the promotion of Miss Sarah W. Smith from 4th assistant, to be 3d assistant in Locust-street Grammar School.

FIFTEENTH SECTION.—Informing the Board that the rented buildings at Twentieth and Buttonwood streets, and at Twenty-second, below Call-whill, have been vacated.

Also, that the section had adopted a resolution that a secondary school, exclusively for girls, be organized in the lower story of the new building at Twentieth and Coates streets, and asked the confirmation of the action by the Board of Controllers.

EIGHTEENTH SECTION.—Asking for an appropriation of $2,600 to finish the school-house on Montgomery avenue, above Richmond street; and that the school be named the "Chandler School-house," in memory of the late Rev. George Chandler.

TWENTY-SIXTH SECTION.—Asking for an appropriation of $100 for furniture, for a new division about to be opened in the Bringhurst school, and $60 for furniture in the West mulcaslified school.

The committee on the supplies reported that they had awarded contracts for yesterday's supplies to Richard Donaghy and Mr. Bowland & Bro., as follows:

In the second district to Alex. Convery, at $5 15.

Third district, to Mr. Convery, at $5 13.

Fourth district, to Mr. Convery, at $5.15.

Fifth district, to Hiram Ayres, at $5 25.

Sixth district, to Ira Jones, at $5 97.

Seventh district, to Spencer Roberts, at $6 50

Eighth district, to B. Bowland & Bro., at $6.75.

Ninth District, to A. Convery, at $5.48.

Tenth district, to B. Bowland & Bro., at $6.

The balance of the schools to be furnished by B. Bowland & Bro., at $6 per ton.

The contract for kindling-wood in the Twenty-third ward was awarded to Bowland & Bro.; five schools, at $6 75 per cord; twelve schools at $8 per cord.

The remaining rural wards were awarded to J. Clay at 30c. per box, and the first twenty at 25c. per box.

The contract for charcoal was awarded to Richard Donaghy at 35c. per bbl. for best quality.

These prices are considerably higher than those of last year, owing to the scarcity of the materials, in consequence of the late freshets in the Lehigh.

The report was approved.

The Committee on Property submitted a report, stating that they had adopted, at their last meeting, a resolution that no contract for repairs, or painting, of public school buildings will be acknowledged as properly authorized, (by the present Committee on Property,) unless said contract has been awarded by the former Committee on Property, and proposals for the same duly invited before said award, and that all parties holding any such contracts or orders for work be requested to meet the committee on the 14th inst., at 4 P. M.

☞ This resolution was necessary, as the minute-book had been stolen from the clerk's office, and because there had been no copies of the contracts. A number of contracts were forwarded to the committee by the old committee, a record of which could not be found. The transaction appeared to be a deliberate attempt to expend the whole sum appropriated by Councils without regard to the value of the work required to be done. The contracts were, therefore, declared void, and the parties notified of the fact. Meanwhile, contracts were awarded for the Jackson, Weccacoe, Pollock, and Filbert-street schools at the total sum of $500. The other contracts were for the sum of $1,010.

The consideration of the report gave rise to a lengthy discussion.

Mr. Leech said that the report was one of the most undignified ever presented to this Board. He spoke with a knowledge of the facts, when he said that the contracts were given out regularly to the lowest bidder. He also said that warrants on the City Treasurer had been signed by the president of the Board before the contracts had been carried out.

Mr. Hillings thought there were too many charges in the report to act upon it immediately. The community will require an explanation of the manner in which these contracts have been so recklessly given out.

Mr. Hutchinson said there was no design to do injury to any person, and the truth was only to be ferreted out, and if any man suffers thereby, the community will be the gainer. It was unfair, then, that there should be an attempt to throw disrepute upon the report, and draw the attention of the public to an extraneous matter, such as the signing of certain warrants by the President, &c.

Mr. Holland said that the report shows throughout a spirit to do injury to somebody, and that efforts were made to cast the blame upon the shoulders of the Board. There was no fairness in it, even to a disinterested person. He did not belong to such a "Reform Party," a party that gives the lie to its name.

There appeared to be a disposition among some members to continue disputes, and bring the Board into contempt. If the "Reform Party" proceed in this manner much longer, the public will have good reason to demand that this Board be abolished.

Mr. Moffit said he was disgusted with so much crimination and recrimination. Parties should not bring forward their schemes, but work harmoniously and cordially for the public good.

The discussion became of a partisan character between the friends of the old Committee on Property and the new Committee on Property.

Finally, the report, after an unsuccessful attempt to have it postponed, was adopted.

Mr. Hilles offered a resolution that a committee of nine be appointed to prepare an estimate of the probable expenditures of the public schools of the First district for the next school year. Agreed to.

Mr. Moffit introduced a resolution to grant permission to open a primary school in the southwestern part of the Nineteenth section. Adopted.

The Board then adjourned.

COL. WILLIAM D. LEWIS, JR.—COL. William D Lewis, Jr., of the 110th Pennsylvania Regiment, assumed command of the brigade yesterday, as we learn by a despatch from Washington. Colonel Lewis is a Philadelphian. At Winchester, Port Republic, and on several other equally memorable fields, where his regiment fought gallantly and suffered severely, he so conducted himself as to win the commendation alike of superior officers and men. We are not aware of the precise brigade to the command of which he has been summoned, but presume it will be that of the late Col. Carroll, recently wounded by a rebel picket. In connexion with a host of friends, we hold the conviction that Col. Lewis will establish for himself a proud reputation before the war is ended.

Correspondence.

205¼ WALNUT STREET,
PHILADELPHIA, Sept 8, 1862

Messrs. C. E. Lee and O. W. Davis:

GENTLEMEN: One of the Sunday papers has published what purports to be a report of the proceedings before Recorder Enu, in the prosecution instituted against us by Barclay Lippincott, in which it is stated that evidence had been offered before the Recorder to show that, at one time, we were engaged, or proposed to engage, in furnishing arms, &c, to the rebels, and had been guilty of other treasonable acts. This report has been republished in a daily morning paper, and has been generally read.

As you were our counsel before the Recorder, we request you to state whether any such evidence was offered, or whether it was intimated, during the hearing, that we had ever intended, or committed, any of the treasonable acts in the report referred to.

Yours, very respectfully,

WM. HUNTER, Jr.
GEO. S. SCOTT.

PHILADELPHIA, September 9, 1862.

Messrs. W. Hunter, Jr., and George S. Scott:

GENTLEMEN: We have your note of yesterday, and we not surprised that you should feel annoyed by the absurd and incorrect report of the proceedings referred to. These proceedings, as you are aware, were reported phonographically, and there is not a word in the testimony of Mr. Lippincott which directly or intuicitly impeaches your loyalty, and the graphic description of his indignation at your imaginary proposal to supply the rebels with firearms, ammunition, &c., is entirely a poetic license.

The proceeding before the Recorder was necessarily *ex parte*, and the only evidence offered was the testimony of Mr. Lippincott. Of course, at this stage of the proceedings it would be unusual for us to say more about the matter than to express the opinion that as soon as you can get a hearing before a judicial tribunal, we feel confident your whole course will be vindicated, and your character for fair dealing fully established.

Very truly yours,

O. W. DAVIS,
CHARLES E. LEE.

PASSENGERS ARRIVED.

In steamship Norman, from Boston—Miss Jane Denagie, Boston; Miss Coburn, do; Jos Tilden, do; H Whitman, do; D P Wright and Son, Philadelphia; Jas A Chase, do; E Clark, New York.

PHILADELPHIA BOARD OF TRADE.

SAM. W. DE COURSEY,
JAMES O. HAND,
J. B. LIPPINCOTT,
} COMMITTEE OF THE MONTH.

LETTER BAGS

At the Merchants' Exchange, Philadelphia.

Ship Tonawanda, Julius.....Liverpool, Sept 25
Ship Adelaide Bell, Robertson.....Liverpool, soon
Ship George Green, Leech.....Liverpool, soon
Ship Shakamaxon, Oxnard.....Liverpool, soon
Bark Aaron I Harvey, Miller.....Port Spain, soon
Bark John Payson, Terry.....Havana, soon
Brig S G Troop, McClellan.....Queenstown, soon
Brig Shibboleth, Morton.....Barbadoes, soon

MARINE INTELLIGENCE.

PORT OF PHILADELPHIA, Sept. 10, 1862.

SUN RISES.....5 37—SUN SETS.....6 16
HIGH WATER.....3 20

ARRIVED.

Steamship Norman, Baker, 50 hours from Boston, with mdse and passengers to Henry Winsor & Co.
Brig Larch, Wilson, from Boston.
Schr Smith Tuttle, Mayo, 6 days from Provincetown, with mdse to Geo B Kerfoot.
Schr Selena Helen, Kelly, 6 days from Boston, with mdse to Cornwell & Collins.
Schr O Shaw, Reeves, 7 days from Boston, in ballast to J B Blakiston.
Schr Yashti Sharp, Haley, from Boston.
Schr Lady Ellen Corson, from Boston.
Schr J D McCarthy, Smith, from Boston.
Schr A M Haines, Blackman, from Lynn.
Schr J Ireland, Bowen, from Providence.
Schr D Gifford, Gifford, from Salem.
Schr Ira S Smith, Smith, from Salem.
Schr S Applegate, Steelman, from Fortress Monroe.
Schr Benj English, Hathaway, from New York.
Schr Lizzie Taylor, Taylor, from Newport.

CLEARED.

Bark Oak, Ryder, Boston, Newell & Sturtevant.
Brig E T Ruggles, Camm, Guadaloupe, Lauretche & Lavergne.
Brig Napier, Creighton, Barbadoes, E A Souder & Co.
Brig Birchard & Torry, Colton, Boston, L Audenried & Co.
Brig Larch, Wilson, Rockport, Sinnickson & Glover.
Schr L A B Smith, Smith, Boston, do
Schr V Sharp, Haley, Boston, do
Schr Smith Tuttle, Mayo, Boston, Geo B Kerfoot.
Schr O Shaw, Reeves, Boston, J B Blakiston.
Schr Ozell, Brown, Boston, J B Bazley & Co.
Schr H Nutt, Baker, Pensacola, Baker & Folsom.
Schr Ceres, Meredith, Lynn, Norton & Co.
Schr A M Haines, Blackman, Newport, J R White.
Schr J Ireland, Bowen, Fortress Monroe, Tyler, Stone & Co.
Schr S Applegate, Steelman, do do
Schr Lizzie Taylor, Taylor, do do
Schr Lady Ellen, Corson, Roxbury, O A Heckscher & Co.
Schr D Gifford, Gifford, Portsmouth, Noble, Caldwell & Co.
Schr Ann Blake, Richmond, Me, Geo Stockhan.
Schr Benj English, Hathaway, New Bedford, L Audenried & Co.
Schr J D McCarthy, Smith, Salem, E S Sawyer & Co.

(Correspondence of the Press.)

READING, Sept 8.

The following boats from the Union Canal passed into the Schuylkill Canal to day, bound to Philadelphia, laden and consigned as follows:

J Rehrer, lumber to Samuel B Taylor; S & Annis, do to S L Snyder; Effort, grain to A P Perott & Bro; Daniel Ulrich, light to captain; George Merrick, staves to Mr Phelps.

(Correspondence of the Press.)

HAVRE DE GRACE, Sept 8

The steamer Wyoming left here this morning, with the following boats in tow, laden and consigned as follows:

Thos Rathmel and Niagara, lumber to E Wolverton; W Wilson, do to D B Taylor; J E Blackwell, do to Wilmington; J O Crawford, do to New York; Ramsey & Tomlinson, do to do; Boston, do to do; Toms & McJurdy, do to W C Lloyd; E W Lippincott, do to Patterson & Lippincott; E Dresser, do to Darby Creek; R R Bridgens, do to W S Taylor; Vera Cruz, bituminous coal to Jersey City; Sarah Edith, Triumph, Bambler, and Quaker City, coal to Delaware City.

MEMORANDA.

Steamship Saxon, Matthews, hence, arrived at Boston 8th inst.

Ship Westmoreland, Decan, hence for Liverpool, was passed 24th ult, lat 48 long 54 50.

Brig Rebecca Sheppard, Somers, hence, arrived at Belfast, Ireland, 29 h ult.

Brig Sarah Wooster, Lord, cleared at Boston 8th inst. for Philadelphia.

Brig J M Sawyer, Bryant, hence, arrived at Boston 8th inst.

Schrs Evergreen, Potter, W W Brainard, Bowditch, M O Kenyon, Mathes, A Heaton, Ryan, and Lottie Ann, Van Dostrand, cleared at New York 8th inst. for Philadelphia.

Schrs Hiawatha, Ingraham, Damon, Pitcher, J Cadwalader, Clayton, Henry Haley, Haley, Pathway, Compton, Com Tucker, Lond, Sardinian, Rummill, and John McAdams Pearson, hence, arrived at Boston 8th inst

Schr A Lawrence, Stanley, cleared at Boston 8th inst. for Philadelphia.

Schr Henry Perkins, Goodridge, hence, arrived at Beverly 7th inst.

Schr J V Wellington, Chipman, hence for Boston, at Newport 6th inst, and sailed again.

Schr Georgia, Christ, sailed from Providence 6th inst. for Philadelphia

Schr Pearl, Stalling, cleared at Baltimore 8th inst. for Philadelphia.

LEGAL.

UNITED STATES, EASTERN DISTRICT OF PENNSYLVANIA, *SCT.*

THE PRESIDENT OF THE UNITED STATES, TO THE MARSHAL OF THE EASTERN DISTRICT OF PENNSYLVANIA,

GREETING:

WHEREAS, The District Court of the United States in and for the Eastern District of Pennsylvania, rightly and duly proceeding on a Libel, filed in the name of the United States of America, hath decreed all persons in general who have, or pretend to have, any right, title, or interest in the schooner LOUISA, whereof is master, her tackle, apparel, and furniture, and the goods, wares, and merchandise laden on board thereof, taken and seized at sea, about thirty miles northeast by east from Charleston, South Carolina, by the United States steamer BIENVILLE, under command of Commander Bailey, and brought into this port, to be monished, cited, and called to judgment at the time and place underwritten, and to the effect hereafter expressed, (justice so requiring.) You are, therefore charged and strictly enjoined and commanded, that you omit not, but that, by publishing these presents in at least two of the daily newspapers printed and published in the city of Philadelphia, and in the *Legal Intelligencer*, you do monish and cite, or cause to be monished and cited, peremptorily, all persons in general who have, or pretend to have, any right, title, or interest in the said schooner LOUISA, her tackle, apparel, and furniture, and the goods, wares, and merchandise laden on board thereof, to appear before the Honorable JOHN CADWALADER, the Judge of the said Court, at the District Court-room, in the City of Philadelphia, on the TWENTIETH day after publication of these presents, if it be a court day, or else on the next court day following, between the usual hours of hearing causes, then and there to show, or allege, in due form of law, a reasonable and lawful excuse, if any they have, why the said schooner ELIZA, her tackle, apparel, and furniture, and the goods, wares, and merchandise laden on board thereof, should not be pronounced to belong, at the time of the capture of the same, to the enemies of the United States, and as goods of their enemies, or otherwise, liable and subject to condemnation, to be adjudged and condemned as good and lawful prizes; and further to do and receive in this behalf as to justice shall appertain. And that you duly intimate, or cause to be intimated, unto all persons aforesaid, generally, (to whom by the tenor of these presents it is also intimated,) that if they shall not appear at the time and place above mentioned, or appear and shall not show a reasonable and lawful cause to the contrary, then said District Court doth intend and will proceed to adjudication on the said capture, and may pronounce that the said schooner MARY ELIZABETH, her tackle, apparel, and furniture, and the goods, wares, and merchandise laden on board thereof, should not be pronounced to belong, at the time of the capture of the same, to the enemies of the United States, and as goods of their enemies, or otherwise, liable and subject to confiscation and condemnation, to be adjudged and condemned as lawful prizes; and further to do and receive in this behalf as to justice shall appertain. And that you duly intimate, or cause to be intimated, unto all persons aforesaid, generally, (to whom by the tenor of these presents it is also intimated,) that if they shall not appear at the time and place above mentioned, or appear and shall not show a reasonable and lawful cause to the contrary, then said District Court doth intend and will proceed to adjudication on the said capture, and may pronounce that the said schooner JOSEPHINE, her tackle, apparel, and furniture, and the goods, wares, and merchandise laden on board thereof, did belong, at the time of the capture of the same, to the enemies of the United States of America, and as goods of their enemies, or otherwise, liable and subject to confiscation and condemnation, to be adjudged and condemned as good and lawful prizes; and further to do and receive in this behalf as to justice shall appertain. And that you duly intimate, or cause to be intimated, unto all persons aforesaid, generally, (to whom by the tenor of these presents it is also intimated,) that if they shall not appear at the time and place above mentioned, or appear and shall not show a reasonable and lawful cause to the contrary, then said District Court doth intend and will proceed to adjudication on the said capture, and may pronounce that the said schooner MARY ELIZABETH, her tackle, apparel, and furniture, and the goods, wares, and merchandise laden on board thereof, did belong, at the time of the capture of the same, to the enemies of the United States of America, and as goods of their enemies, or otherwise, liable and subject to confiscation and condemnation, to be adjudged and condemned as good and lawful prizes; and further to do and receive in this behalf as to justice shall appertain. And that you duly intimate, or cause to be intimated, unto all persons aforesaid, generally, (to whom by the tenor of these presents it is also intimated,) that if they shall not appear at the time and place above mentioned, or appear and shall not show a reasonable and lawful cause to the contrary, then said District Court doth intend and will proceed to adjudication on the said capture, and may pronounce that the said schooner ELIZA, her tackle, apparel, and furniture, and the goods, wares, and merchandise laden on board thereof, did belong, at the time of the capture of the same, to the enemies of the United States of America, and as goods of their enemies, or otherwise, liable and subject to confiscation and condemnation, to be adjudged and condemned as lawful prize, the absence, or rather contumacy, of the persons so cited and intimated in any wise notwithstanding; and that you duly certify to the said District Court what you shall do in the premises, together with these presents.

Witness the Honorable JOHN CADWALADER, Judge of the said court, at Philadelphia, this fourth day of SEPTEMBER, A. D. 1862, and in the eighty-seventh year of the Independence of the said United States.

G. R. FOX, Clerk District Court.

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UNITED STATES, EASTERN DISTRICT OF PENNSYLVANIA, *SCT.*

THE PRESIDENT OF THE UNITED STATES, TO THE MARSHAL OF THE EASTERN DISTRICT OF PENNSYLVANIA,

GREETING:

WHEREAS, The District Court of the United States in and for the Eastern District of Pennsylvania, rightly and duly proceeding on a libel, filed in the name of the United States of America, hath decreed all persons in general who have, or pretend to have, any right, title, or interest in the schooner "ELIZA," whereof ——— is master, her tackle, apparel, and furniture, and the goods, wares, and merchandise laden on board thereof, taken and seized at sea, about fifteen miles southeast by south of Cape Romain light, off the coast of South Carolina, by the United States steamer BIENVILLE, Commander Bailey, and brought into this port, to be monished, cited and called to judgment, at the time and place underwritten, and to the effect hereafter expressed, (justice so requiring.) You are, therefore charged and strictly enjoined and commanded, that you omit not, but that, by publishing these presents in at least two of the daily newspapers printed and published in the city of Philadelphia, and in the *Legal Intelligencer*, you do monish and cite, or cause to be monished and cited, peremptorily, all persons in general who have, or pretend to have, any right, title, or interest in the said schooner ELIZA, her tackle, apparel, and furniture, and the said goods, wares, and merchandise laden on board thereof, to appear before the Honorable JOHN CADWALADER, the Judge of the said court, at the District Court room, in the city of Philadelphia, on the TWENTIETH day after publication of these presents, if it be a court day, or else on the next court day following, between the usual hours of hearing causes, then and there to show, or allege, in due form of law, a reasonable and lawful excuse, if any they have, why the said schooner ELIZA, her tackle, apparel, and furniture, and the said goods, wares, and merchandise laden on board thereof, should not be pronounced to belong, at the time of the capture of the same, to the enemies of the United States, and as goods of their enemies, or otherwise, liable and subject to condemnation, to be adjudged and condemned as good and lawful prizes; and further to do and receive in this behalf as to justice shall appertain. And that you duly intimate, or cause to be intimated, unto all persons aforesaid, generally, (to whom by the tenor of these presents it is also intimated,) that if they shall not appear at the time and place above mentioned, or appear and shall not show a reasonable and lawful cause to the contrary, then said District Court doth intend and will proceed to adjudication on the said capture, and may pronounce that the said schooner JOSEPHINE, her tackle, apparel, and furniture, and the goods, wares, and merchandise laden on board thereof, did belong, at the time of the capture of the same, to the enemies of the United States of America, and as goods of their enemies, or otherwise, liable and subject to confiscation and condemnation, to be adjudged and condemned as lawful prize, the absence, or rather contumacy, of the persons so cited and intimated in any wise notwithstanding; and that you duly certify to the said District Court what you shall do in the premises, together with these presents.

Witness the Honorable JOHN CADWALADER, Judge of the said court, at Philadelphia, this fifth day of SEPTEMBER, A. D. 1862, and in the eighty seventh year of the Independence of the said United States.

G. R. FOX, Clerk District Court.

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UNITED STATES, EASTERN DISTRICT OF PENNSYLVANIA, *SCT.*

THE PRESIDENT OF THE UNITED STATES, TO THE MARSHAL OF THE EASTERN DISTRICT OF PENNSYLVANIA,

GREETING:

WHEREAS, The District Court of the United States in and for the Eastern District of Pennsylvania, rightly and duly proceeding on a Libel, filed in the name of the United States of America, hath decreed all persons in general who have, or pretend to have, any right, title, or interest in the schooner JOSEPHINE, whereof Captain Commins is master, her tackle, apparel, and furniture, and the goods, wares, and merchandise laden on board thereof, taken and seized at sea, off Ship-Shoal Light House, on the coast of the State of Louisiana, by the United States steamer HATTERAS, under command of Captain Emmons, and brought into this port, to be monished, cited, and called to judgment, at the time and place underwritten, and to the effect hereafter expressed, (justice so requiring.) You are, therefore charged and strictly enjoined and commanded, that you omit not, but that, by publishing these presents in at least two of the daily newspapers printed and published in the city of Philadelphia, and in the *Legal Intelligencer*, you do monish and cite, or cause to be monished and cited, peremptorily, all persons in general who have, or pretend to have, any right, title, or interest in the said schooner JOSEPHINE, her tackle, apparel, and furniture, and the said goods, wares, and merchandise laden on board thereof, to appear before the Honorable JOHN CADWALADER, the Judge of the said court, at the District Court room, in the city of Philadelphia, on the TWENTIETH day after publication of these presents, if it be a court day, or else on the next court day following, between the usual hours of hearing causes, then and there to show