THE PROGRESS OF RECRUITING.

ANOTHER WAR MEETING IN HUMMELSTOWN.

Another large war meeting of the citizens of Hummelstown and Derry township was held in the public square of the former place last evening, which was presided over by H. W. Kittering. Eloquent and impressive speeches were made by Colonel F. K. Boas and A. J. Herr, Esq., of this city. Captain Henderson's company, recruiting at Hummelstown, is getting along finely, and will soon have the full complement of men.—*Harrisburg Telegraph, 30th inst.*

RECRUITING IN HARRISBURG.

The success of the different recruiting officers in Harrisburg has already been greater than was anticipated, and there is little or no doubt but that the several companies under headway will have their full complement of men at an early day. A gratifying feature in connection with this movement is that a large number of recruits are from the rural districts, many of whom have come in and offered themselves voluntarily, without any direct effort having been made in their localities.

LIBERALITY.

At a meeting in Hummelstown, on Friday last, Dr. Jacob Shope subscribed $100 cash to the bounty fund for volunteers, under the recent requisition of the President, and offered to throw open his granaries to the free and gratuitous use of all the families of men from Derry township who would enlist.

ANOTHER TWELVE-MONTHS REGIMENT FROM KENTUCKY.

Colonel James M. Shackel ord and Lieutenant Colonel Benj. H. Bristow, of the late 25th Kentucky Regiment, which was consolidated with McHenry's 17th Kentucky, have received authority to recruit a regiment of mounted men for twelve-months service. Recruiting camps will be opened immediately at Russelville, Henderson, and Lebanon.

OHIO.

Gov. Tod is giving his attention especially to the recruiting of the old regiments. That is right. It is what every loyal body ought to do. The first hundred thousand volunteers raised should all go into the regiments in actual service; and men in actual service should officer the new regiments.

MASS MEETING IN CINCINNATI.

The *Commercial*, of the 29th, says: We learn that arrangements are about completed for a grand mass meeting of the people, on Thursday next, in this city. Governor Morton, Governor Wright, and Hon. H. S. Lane, United States Senator from Indiana, will be present, with other speakers.

LOCKLAND VILLAGE.

The little village of Lockland, Ohio, with a voting population of less than one hundred, has already fifty-one in the field, and is prepared to do something more under the present call.

GENERAL BANKS ON RECRUITING.

A few days since, General Banks visited the camp of a Massachusetts regiment in Virginia, and made a speech. Said he: "I have been invited to speak in Faneuil Hall, before a large meeting to be held there. But oh! how much more effectual than all I can do would it be to have you there, and let them hear from your own experience, and look upon you, the heroes of a year's service. Don't let a mail, nor a letter in a mail, go out from this camp without an appeal from every true son of Massachusetts to come out here and reinforce the Army of the Potomac, so that every fallen comrade and brother may be avenged, and that this unholy rebellion may be crushed out."

INDIANA—SCHUYLER COLFAX WORKING.

We copy the following characteristic article from the *South Bend Register*, the Hon. Schuyler Colfax's paper. It is addressed to his partner:

MR. WHEELER: You asked me to write an editorial for this week's *Register* on the war. It will be my first one after eight months absence, and probably the last one for months to come. It will be brief, for time is precious, and the armies of the Union are hungering for the tramp of hundreds of thousands of armed men, not only for their reinforcement, but to aid them in crushing the hydra heads of Secession before the forests are filled with the falling leaves of autumn. And here it is:

To the first 50 volunteers who, after this date, are enrolled in the companies raising in St. Joseph county, I will give $10 each, to be paid on their being mustered into the service; in addition to the $25 bounty allowed by the Government on enlistment, the month's advance pay ($13), and the $2 paid for each recruit. This addition to the amount proffered by the Government will make the cash received on being mustered $50.

SCHUYLER COLFAX.

July 23, 1862.

THE PRODUCE EXCHANGE REGIMENT OF NEW YORK.

A highly influential meeting of the New York Produce Merchants was held at the Produce Exchange on Tuesday, at 1 o'clock P. M., with a view to aid the cause of recruiting. After the reading of the resolutions, General Walbridge made an effective speech. He said:

What the loyal North is now engaged with, is in quelling an attempted overthrow of the General Government, and the attempt is in every sense becomes a war of self-preservation. This fact imposes great responsibilities on each citizen who feels for the honor and welfare of his country; but no other equal body of men can exercise greater power toward achieving a victorious result than the highly influential, intelligent, and patriotic class of merchants and citizens who daily congregate here. A moment will demonstrate their relation to this struggle. The bitterness of the contest is aggravated by the national and commercial importance attached to the two great staples of human necessity—food and clothing—[applause]—respectively presented by the two geographical sections engaged in this monstrous civil strife.

No body of citizens in the Republic have a larger interest in the re-establishment of the Federal authority than the members of this Board. Commerce, being a mere exchange of commodities, is destroyed by civil war, and is favored and prospered by peace. [Applause] Every consideration of patriotism and self-interest impels us to urge the Government to put forth its overwhelming strength, and crush out this wicked and unholy rebellion.

SPEECH OF GENERAL MEAGHER.

On Tuesday evening General Meagher and staff visited Niblo's Theatre, New York. The General, being called on for a speech, said:

Wherever it may be the fortune of the Irish soldier to be summoned—in whatever cause he may be called to prove the fire and metal he is made of—throughout every tempest, the fiercest and blackest even, into which he may be whirled—[applause]—his heart, with a vehement instinct, reverts to the land of his birth, and on the battle-field, in the midst of the clouds and the lightnings of the conflict, it is not death, nor victory, nor glory itself that he beholds. It is Ireland—[vehement applause]—Ireland alone—at such a moment, revealing herself in all the beauty of her mysterious lakes, and all the calm, rugged grandeur of her mountains, that animates and ennobles him. [Cheers.] Though she be stripped of her political consequence—reduced to a province, she who was once a crowned mistress among the nations of the earth, falsified and covered with opprobrium by those who are guilty of her wreck and dowfall—[cheers]—the Irish soldier, fighting abroad, fighting here under his own green flag, feels that he has the opportunity and the power to illuminate the darkest picture which statesman or patriot has been ever called upon to contemplate. [Applause.] This is the secret of the courage and impetuosity which you, ladies and gentlemen, recognize so gratefully in the Irish Brigade, and on the resistless current of which I have myself been borne so swiftly along, that an illusion seems to have taken possession of the public mind, and while I but obeyed what was not to be resisted, I am hailed as the power which evoked and impelled the torrent. [Applause.] I feel justified, ladies and gentlemen, in entreating your generous and earnest services in behalf of the Irish Brigade, to the end that the ranks, which have been so reduced, may be rapidly filled up. I must speak frankly to you. The recruiting in this city is going on too lazily. There is also too much red tape and circumlocution about it. The necessities of the army and the national cause demand liberal and instant reinforcements.

WAR MEETING AT CHICAGO.

An enthusiastic war meeting was held at Chicago on Saturday last, twenty thousand persons being present.

The following despatch, which was read, explains itself:

WASHINGTON, July 26, 1862.

To Hon. I. N. Arnold:

Your telegram received. The patriotic liberality of your Board of Trade is highly honorable to them and gratifying to this Department. The battery of artillery will be accepted. EDWIN M. STANTON,
Secretary of War.

The subscriptions for war purposes by the Chicago Board of Trade have reached $23,671.

IMPORTANT TO ABSENTEES AND PAROLED PRISONERS.

HEADQUARTERS 1ST PENNSYLVANIA MILITIA, TRANSPORTATION AND TELEGRAPH DEP'T, *Harrisburg*, July 28, 1862.

The attention of soldiers and officers now absent from their regiments is directed to the following paragraphs of General Orders No. 60 and 72, respectively:

WAR DEPARTMENT, ADJUTANT GENERAL'S OFFICE, *Washington*, June 5, 1862.

GENERAL ORDERS, No. 60.

II. A large number of volunteers are absent from their regiment, who are now fit for duty. To enable them to return, the Governors of States are authorized to give them certificates or passes, which will entitle them to transportation to the nearest United States military station, or quartermaster, who will pay the cost of transportation on such certificate or pass, and provide transportation for the soldier to his regiment or station.

WAR DEPARTMENT, ADJUTANT GENERAL'S OFFICE, WASHINGTON, June 28, 1862.

GENERAL ORDER, No. 72.—III. *No more furloughs will be granted to paroled prisoners. All furloughs heretofore given to them are hereby revoked*; and all prisoners now at large on their parole, or who may hereafter be paroled by the rebel authorities, will immediately repair, if belonging to regiments raised in the New England and the Middle States, to the camp of instruction established near Annapolis; if belonging to regiments raised in the States of Virginia, Tennessee, Kentucky, Ohio, Indiana, and Michigan, to Camp Chase, near Columbus, Ohio; if belonging to regiments raised in the States of Illinois, Wisconsin, Minnesota, Iowa, and Missouri, to the camp near Jefferson Barracks, Mo., and report for such duty, connectible with their parole, as may be assigned to them by the officers in command of said camps. *And all, whether officers or soldiers, who fail to comply with this order, within the space of time necessary for them to do so*, will be accounted *deserters*, and dealt with accordingly.

The attention of all commanding, mustering, and recruiting officers is particularly directed to this order, and they are required to use their utmost exertions, not only to give it the widest circulation in their neighborhoods, but to see that it is faithfully carried out. And their Excellencies the Governors of the several States are respectfully solicited to lend their efforts to the same end.

IV. The transportation necessary to a compliance with this order, can, on application, be procured from the Governors of the several States, or from the United States mustering or commanding officers in the various cities within them.

That the Governor of Pennsylvania may, under the provisions of the paragraphs above quoted, materially assist in bringing about a compliance, the following circular is published:

CIRCULAR.

I. Transportation, upon application in form to this Department, will be forwarded by mail or telegraph to soldiers or officers coming under the provisions of the above-named General Orders, either to Harrisburg, or the point at which the nearest quartermaster, mustering or commanding officer is stationed.

II. The form required for such application is the certificates of two responsible citizens of the place in which the soldier or officer may then be residing, that his statement as to being a paroled prisoner now at large is correct, or that he is a volunteer absent from his regiment, and now fit to return. By order of

GOV. A. G. CURTIN,
O. W. SEES, Chief of Transportation and Telegraph Department of Pennsylvania.

GOV. ANDREW ON IRISH ENLISTMENTS.—Governor Andrew, of Massachusetts, in a letter to a citizen of Cambridge, says:

"In the note of this day's date which I have the pleasure to acknowledge, you remark that 'it is generally understood among our Irish citizens that you have refused to commission any more Irish field officers, and that they therefore are disinclined to enlist. feeling quite naturally that their services are not fully appreciated and acknowledged as adopted citizens.' This 'understanding' is doubtless the twin of a similar 'understanding' which appeared, with appropriate comments, several weeks ago, in a Maryland newspaper. But I cannot imagine the origin of such perverse untruth. If any man can be found who pretends to have any proofs on which to base the assertion, I pray you to bring him face to face with me instantly.

"The fact is that we have raised two Irish regments, the 9th and the 28th, now in the field; that for commissions in those regiments the utmost pains were taken to secure gentlemen of Irish origin, both in field and line. I wish to add, however, that the success of the 9th, as operated on my own mind as valid for attempting to raise regiments having such distinctive character was this: The large majority of our Irish-born citizens are members of the Roman Catholic communion, and they naturally prefer to enlist where they can be sure of receiving, in sickness and in danger, the consolations of their own Church. The chaplains of those two regiments are, therefore, always gentlemen approved by Rt. Rev. Bishop Fitzpatrick, or his vicar-general.

"Conscience involves no question of nationality, and, while respecting the religious conscience of all persons, I confess that I have no sympathy with the spirit which would make or keep up artificial distinctions between our citizens. I desire utterly to ignore them all, especially the distinctions of birth. Whether born on this spot or that one, and whether the inheritance be of poverty or wealth, the man who is most likely to protect the comfort, safety, and honor of our troops, and to win victory, is the jewel for which I seek. And this is the desire of all our intelligent citizens, whether native or foreign born."

EX-GOVERNOR CAMPBELL A BRIGADIER GENERAL.—Our readers will be delighted to learn that ex-Governor Campbell has accepted the appointment of brigadier general tendered him by the President and Congress, on condition that he is not to go out of the State.—*Nashville Dispatch.*

MONEY LIST.

Foreign and Domestic Exchange—Government Securities—Specie and Land Warrants.

CORRECTED WEEKLY BY DREXEL & CO., BANKERS, NO. 34 SOUTH THIRD STREET.

Notes at Par in Philadelphia.

PENNSYLVANIA COUNTRY BANKS.

NAMES OF BANKS.	WHERE REDEEMED.
Allentown Bank, Allentown	Man. & Mech. Bank.
Bank of Catasauqua	Far. & Mech. Bank.
Bank of Chester County	Philadelphia Bank.
Bank of Delaware County	Bank of North Amer.
Bank of Germantown	Farm. & Mech Bank.
Bank of Montgomery County	Western Bank.
Doylestown Bank, Doylestown	Phi adelphia Bank.
Easton Bank Easton	Bank of N. America.
Farm. Bank of Bucks Co, Bristol	Farm. & Mech. Bank.
Farm. & Mech. Bank, Easton	Girard Bank.
Farmers' Bank, Lancaster	Mechanics' Bank.
Lancaster County Bank	Western Bank.
Manch Chunk Bank	Girard Bank.
Miners' Bank, Pottsville	Bank of N. America.
NEW JERSEY—(5s and up).	
Bordentown Banking Company	Western Bank.
Burlington Bank	Philadelphia Bank.
Burlington Co. Bank Medford	Bank of N. America.
Cumberland Bank, Bridgeton	Farm & Mech B'k.
Farmers' Bank, Mt Holly	Commercial Bank.
Farm. & Mech. Bank, Camden	Girard Bank.
Gloucester Co. Bank, Woodbury	Farm. & Mech. B'k.
Lambertville Bank	Consolidation Bank.
Mechanics' Bank of Burlington	Bank of N America.
Mech. & Manuf. Bank, Trenton	Bank of N. America.
Millville Bank, Millville	Philadelphia Bank.
Mount Holly Bank, Mt. Holly	Girard Bank.
Princeton Bank, Princeton	Mechanics' Bank.
Salem Banking Company, Salem	Commercial Bank.
State Bank, Camden	Bank of N. America.
State Bank, New Brunswick	Farm. & Mech. B'k.
State Bank, Newark	Farm & Mech. B'k.
Trenton Banking Co., Trenton	Philadelphia Bank.
Union Bank of Frenchtown	Bank N. Liberties.
DELAWARE—(5s and up).	
Bank of Delaware, Wilmington	Bank of N. America.
Bank of Newark, Newark	Philadelphia Bank.
Bank of Smyrna, Smyrna	Girard Bank.
B'k of Wilmington & Brandywine	Philadelphia Bank.
Citizens' Bank, Middletown	Corn Exchange B'k.
Delaware City Bank, Del. City	Bank of N. Liberties.
Farmers' Bank of Dover	Philadelphia Bank.
Branch at Wilmington	Philadelphia Bank.
Branch at Newcastle	Southwark Bank.
Branch at Georgetown	Philadelphia Bank
Farm. & Mech. Bank, Milford	Bank of N. America.
Mechanics' Bank, Wilmington	Philadelphia Bank.
New Castle County Bank	Philadelphia Bank.
Real Estate Bank, Newport	Consolidation Bank.
Union Bank, Wilmington	Farm & Mech. Bank.

PENNSYLVANIA COUNTRY BANK NOTES AT DISCOUNT IN PHILADELPHIA.

Allegheny Bank	½	Iron City B'k, Pittsb. pre.	5
Anthracite B'k, Tamaqua	¼	Jersey Shore Bank	½
Bank of Beaver Co	½	Kittanning Bank	½
Bank of Chambersburg	½	Lewisburg Bank	¼
Bank of Chester Valley, Coatesville	1	Lebanon Bank, Lebanon	½
Bank of Crawford Co., Meadville	1	Lebanon Val. B'k, Leb.	½
Bank of Danville	½	Lock Haven Bank	¼
Bank of Fayette Co	½	Mech. B'k. Pittsb. prem.	25
Bank of Gettysburg	½	Mechanicsburg Bank	½
Bank of Lawrence Co	1	Merchants' & Manufacturers' Bank, Pittsb.	½
Bank of Middletown	¼	Mifflin County Bank, Lewistown	½
Bank of Northumberl'd	½	Milton Bank, Milton	¼
Bank of Phœnixville	½	Monongahela Bank, Brownsville	¼
Bank of Pittsb'g. prem.	5	Mount Joy Bank	½
Bank of Pottstown	½	Northumberland County Bank, Shamokin	½
Citizens Bank, Pittsburg	¼	Octarora Bank Oxford	¼
Clearfield Co. Bank	¼	Pittston Bank, Pittston	½
Columbia Bank, Columbia	½	Shamokin Bank	½
Downingtown Bank	½	Tioga County Bank	½
Exchange Bank, Pittsb'g	½	Union Bank, Reading	½
Farmers' Bank, Pottsv'e	½	West Branch Bank, Williamsport	½
Farmers' Bank, Reading	½	Wyoming Bank, Wilkesbarre	½
Farmers' & Drovers' Bank, Waynesburg	½	York Bank, York	½
Franklin Bank, Washington	½	York Co. Bank, York	½
Harrisburg Bank	½		
Honesdale Bank	½		

DOMESTIC EXCHANGE.

	Discount.		Discount.
Boston	par@1-10 prm.	St. Louis	½@¾
New York	par@1-10 prm.	Louisville	¾@—
Albany	½@¾	Cincinnati	¼@¾
Baltimore	¼@ par.	Cleveland	½@¾
Washington	½@¾	Chicago	½@ par.
Pittsburg	⅛@⅜	Dubuque, Iowa	1@—
Richmond	½@¾	Davenport, Ia	1@—
Norfolk	½@¾	St. Paul, Min	1@—
Lexington, Ky	1@—	Montreal, Can	@15 prm.
Milwaukee, Wis	½@¾		

LAND WARRANTS.

	Buying.	Selling.
40-acre Warrants	65	75
80 " "	60	70
120 " "	40	50
160 " "	40	50
Market dull.		

CITY WARRANTS.

New	4 dis.	Old	3 dis.

FOREIGN EXCHANGE.

London, 60 days sight	29 @—	
Do 3 days	29¼@30	
Paris, 60 days sight	4¼@4¼	
Do 3 days	4¼@4¼	
Antwerp, 60 days sight	4f @—	
Bremen, 60 days sight	92¼@93	
Hamburg, 60 days sight	43 @43½	
Cologne, Leipsic, Berlin, 60 days	86½@87	
Amsterdam, 60 days sight	38¼@39½	
Frankfort, 60 days sight	39 @39½	
Market steady.		

GOVERNMENT SECURITIES.

	New York	Prices.
U. S. 6s, due 1881, Registered	99	101
U. S. 7.30 Treasury Notes	103	104
One-year 6 per cent. Certificates	98¾	par.
U. S. Demand Notes, old issue	6	to 8 pr.
U. S. Legal-Tender Notes	par.	
Market firm.		

SPECIE QUOTATIONS.

BANKABLE CURRENCY THE STANDARD.

GOLD.		SILVER.	
American	15@16 prm	American, prior to 1852	$1.10@1.12
Do (dated prior to 1834)	20@21 prm	Do (dated 1834 to 1853)	1.06@1.08
Sovns, Victoria	5.50@5.70	Do Dimes and Half Dimes	1.04@—
Sovns, sign, old	5.45@5.60	Do Halves and Qr's (new)	1.06@1.08
Napoleons (20 fra)	4.40@4.50	Dollars, Am. and Mexican	1.10@1.12
25 Francs	5.40@5.50	Do Sp, perfect	1.12@1.14
10 do	2.25@2.30	Do do Carolina	1.12@1.14
Prussian Double		Do S American	1.12@1.12
Fred'k D'ors	8.40@8.50	Do Norwegian	....@....
Doubloons, Sp	17.50@18.00	Five Francs	1.01@1.03
Do Mexican	16.50@17.00	France	19
Do Costa Rica	15.25@15.50	Guilders	38
Bars 900 fine	15@16 prm	Prussian Thalers	72
California $20 & $20 pieces	4@5 prm	German Crowns	1.15@—
California $10 & $5 pieces	4@5 prm	French do	1.15@—
10-Guilder pieces	4.60@4.70	Eng Silver ⅌ ℔	5.00@5.10
Ten Thalers	8.40@8.50	Spanish and Mex. sm. silver ⅌ oz.	1.22
20 Mille Reis, Brazil	11.00@11.25	sm. U S assay, ⅌ oz.	1.22

* A heavy sovereign weighs 5 dwts. 2¼ grains.

UNCURRENT MONEY QUOTATIONS.

	Discount.		Discount.
New England	¼	Wheeling	2½
New York city	¼	Ohio	¾
New York State	¼	Indiana	¾
Jersey—large	par	Indiana—Froe	1½
Jersey—small	¼	Kentucky	¾
Pennsylvania currency	¾	Tennessee	40 to 50
Delaware	par	Missouri	2 to 10
Do. small	¼	Illinois	1 to 50
Baltimore	¼	Wisconsin	1 to 50
Maryland	¾ to 1¼	Michigan	1½
District of Columbia	¼	Iowa	par
Virginia	35 to 60	Canada	prm. 10

PHILADELPHIA BOARD OF TRADE.

SAM. W. DE COURSEY, JAMES O. HAND, J. B. LIPPINCOTT, } COMMITTEE OF THE MONTH.

LETTER BAGS

At the Merchants' Exchange, Philadelphia.

Ship Westmoreland, Decan ..... Liverpool, soon
Ship Zered, McGonagle ..... Londonderry, soon
Ship Argo, Ballard ..... Liverpool, soon
Bark Cienfuegos, Treat ..... Montevideo and B Ayres, soon
Bark American Union, Tibbetts ..... Cork, soon
Bark Sea Eagle, Howes ..... Port of Spain, Trin, soon
Brig Ella Reed, Jarman ..... Havana, soon
Schr Ajneer, (Br) Hall ..... Demerara, July 28

MARINE INTELLIGENCE.

PORT OF PHILADELPHIA, July 31, 1862.

SUN RISES ..... 4 58—SUN SETS 7 14
HIGH WATER 5 34

ARRIVED.

Bark Hannah Crocker, Dunn, 17 days from Sagua la Grande, with sugar to S & W Welsh.

Schr Minerva, (Br) Fletcher, from Grand Turk, TI, 13th inst, with salt to Van Horn, Woodworth & Co. Brig C O Billings, for New York, was to sail same day.

Schr Leader, Barter, 3 days from New York, with ice to captain.

Schr Matanzas, Blake, 3 days from New York, with mdse to E A Souder & Co.

Schr Mary Fletcher, Crosby, 8 days from Eastport, with mdse to E A Souder & Co.

Schr Mechanic, Corliss, 1 day from Odessa, Del, with wheat to Jas L Bewley & Co.

CLEARED.

Brig Harp, Smith, Boston, E A Souder & Co.

Schr J Dorrance, Rice, Boston, Tyler, Stone & Co.

BY TELEGRAPH.

(Correspondence of the Philadelphia Exchange.)

LEWES, Del, July 30.

The brigs Rebecca Shepard, for Belfast, and Torrent, for Gloucester, passed out this morning. The bark Forests, from Rio, and steamer Commodore, with soldiers from City Point, passed in.

Yours, &c. JOHN P. MARSHALL.

(Correspondence of the Press.)

HAVRE DE GRACE, July 29.

The steamer Wyoming left here this morning, with 9 boats in tow, laden as consigned as follows:

Defender, wheat, oats, corn, and wool to L G Mytinger; I O Fetterhoof, lumber to Gilbert & Hager; Mary, do to Norcross & Sheets; H E Scathers, do to H Crosker; Jacob Thomas, pig iron to S Wyatt; Bastian & Bruner, Lone Star, W O Brubaker, and T E Sheets, coal to Delaware City.

MEMORANDA.

Ship Moro Castle, Ross, was at Leghorn 9th inst, for N York 1st Aug.

Bark Helen Maria, Marshall, hence, arrived at Boston 29th inst.

Bark Amy, Hammond, hence, arrived at Barbadoes 7th inst.

Bark David Lapsley, Beadling, from Havana for Philadelphia, was spoken 25th inst, lat 36 25, lonr 73 30.

Bark Lauretta, Wells, hence, arrived at Boston 29th instant.

Ketch Commerce, Barnes, was at Mayaguez, PR, 17th inst, and will next day for Guanica, to finish loading for Philadelphia.

Brig Mary Means, Wilson, hence, arrived at Boston 29th inst.

Brig Loch Lomond, Black, at Portland 28th inst. from Matanzas.

Schr S D Bayles, Rogers, hence, arrived at Barbadoes 7th inst.

Schrs Cherub, Holmes, and Crabb, Larrimore, cleared at Baltimore 29th inst. for Philadelphia.

Schrs Lady Lake, White, and A Barrett, Cummings, for Philadelphia, and S M Atkins, Atkins, for Milton, Del, cleared at New York 29th inst.

Schr Eben Sawyer, Tracy, hence, arrived at New Bedford 28th inst.

Schrs Thomas Borden, Wrightington, and C S Watson, Bayles, hence, arrived at Fall River 28th inst.

Schrs Ann S Brown, Brown, Jos Crandall, Gage, Martha Collins, Shourds, Hickman, Dickerson, Jos P Ames, Chipman, hence, and Decatur Oaks, Everton, from Delaware City, at Providence 28th inst.

Schr D M French, Stiles, hence, arrived at Bristol 28th inst.

Schr J B Bleecker, Edwards, hence for Boston, sailed from Stonington 27th inst.

Schr Grace Watson, Nickerson, hence, arrived at New Haven 28th inst.

Schrs Mary D Cranmer, Cranmer, Lejok, Whitmore, Ella, Packard, Searsville, Sears, W H Rowe, Harris, Rawley, Rose, A Falconer, Falconer, J H Bellerose, Edwards, Minnesota, Baker, J G Babcock, Babcock, and Lady Ellen, Baker, hence, arrived at Boston 29th inst.

Sloop Mary Dallas, Rackett, hence, arrived at Providence 28th inst.

Sloop Ellis, Pitts, hence, arrived at New Haven 28th instant.

Schr John Elliott, from Cape Haytien, which arrived at Boston 29th inst, was chased by a privateer on the 12th inst, 30 miles south of Bermuda. The privateer was discovered about daylight, the wind being quite light at the time, and she rapidly gained upon the schooner, but a good breeze coming up, the John Elliott sailed away from her. The privateer (a hermaphrodite brig) continued the chase until about 3 o'clock in the afternoon.

WORMAN & ELY, No. 130 PEGG Street, manufacturers of patent CAST-STEEL TABLE CUTLERY; also, a lately-patented COMBINATION KNIFE, FORK, and SPOON, especially adapted for *Camp* use, for *Fishermen, Sea-faring Men, Mechanics, Miners, Lumbermen*, and *all Workmen carrying their dinners*. W. & E.'s Cutlery is warranted to be of the best quality of ENGLISH CAST-STEEL, and is intended to supersede, by its excellence and cheapness, the inferior qualities of Cutlery now in the market, and to which they respectfully invite the attention of the Hardware dealers generally. my29-3m

PROPOSALS.

DEPUTY QUARTERMASTER GENERAL'S OFFICE, PHILADELPHIA, July 25, 1862.

PROPOSALS will be received at this Office until FRIDAY next, first of August, at 12 o'clock M., for fifteen hundred (1,500) tons best quality Anthracite steamer COAL, to be delivered on board of vessels lying at this port, at the rate of three hundred to four hundred tons per week. Proposals to be endorsed "Proposals for Anthracite Coal," and addressed to A. BOYD,
jy26 6t Captain and Assistant Quartermaster.

DEPUTY QUARTERMASTER GENERAL'S OFFICE, PHILADELPHIA, July 26, 1862.

PROPOSALS will be received at this office until FRIDAY next, 1st AUGUST, at 12 o'clock M., for TWO HUNDRED (200) ARMY WAGONS, complete

The whole to be finished and delivered in Philadelphia on or before the 20th day of August next. Proposals to be endorsed "Proposals for Army Wagons," and addressed to G. H. CROSMAN,
jy28-6t Deputy Quartermaster General, U. S. A.

PROPOSALS FOR COAL AND WOOD.

SENATE OF THE UNITED STATES, OFFICE OF THE SERGEANT-AT-ARMS, WASHINGTON, July 25, 1862.

SEALED PROPOSALS will be received at this office until 12 M., on MONDAY, the 11th day of August next, for furnishing for the use of the Senate of the United States, Four Hundred Tons (of 2,000 pounds) of the best White Ash Furnace Coal (thoroughly screened)

Also, Seventy five Cords of the best dry Hickory Wood, and Fifty Cords of the best dry Spruce Pine Wood.

The whole to be delivered on or before the 1st of OCTOBER next, and packed away in the vaults of the Senate Wing of the Capitol, under the direction of the Engineer of the Senate.

Bids for Coal and Wood will be separately considered, and bonds for the faithful execution of the contracts required.

Arrangements must also be made for correct measurements.
GEO. T. BROWN,
jy26-dtau11 Serg't-at-Arms U. S. Senate.

NAVY DEPARTMENT, JULY 25, 1862.

The Navy Department will, until the 4th of AUGUST next, receive propositions for the construction and erection of STEAM MACHINERY on board vessels similar to the propeller gunboats. This machinery may be the same as in the gunboats, except that the stroke of the piston will be 21 inches, that Waddell's slide valves will be used, and there be a grate surface of 167 square feet; the diameter of the propeller to be ten feet, and the rudder-post, shoe, and rudder to be of copper and composition. In all other respects to conform to the printed contract and specification for the gunboat machinery.

Propositions will, at the same time, be received for any other kind of Engines, of equal power, with surface condenser, under the same terms and conditions; the boilers, screw, rudder-post, shoe, and rudder being as above described.

The propositions must state the time, total cost, and the navy yard to which it is intended to apply.

In the event of other Engines than those built for the gunboats being preferred, the parties will furnish the requisite specifications, which must include the same number of duplicate pieces, tools, instruments, stores, &c., enumerated in the printed contract above referred to.
jy28-m th 2t

ARMY CLOTHING AND EQUIPAGE OFFICE, TWELFTH and GIRARD Streets, PHILADELPHIA, July 19, 1862.

PROPOSALS FOR BLANKETS AND HATS.

SEPARATE SEALED PROPOSALS will be received by the undersigned, at this Office, until 12 o'clock M., on TUESDAY, 5th day of August next, for furnishing and delivering at the Schuylkill Arsenal,

700 BLANKETS, wool, gray, (with the letters U. S. in black, 4 inches long, in the centre,) to be 7 feet long, 5 feet 6 inches wide, and to weigh 5 pounds each. Also,

32,000 UNIFORM HATS, (Black Felt.)

All deliveries will be subject to inspection, and must conform, in all respects, to the sealed army patterns deposited in this office; a just and rigid comparison will be made between articles offered and the samples.

Proposals will be received for any part of the above articles. Bidders will state the time and amount of each delivery. The Blankets are required to be delivered within 90 days, and the Hats within 60 days, from date of award of contract.

The right is reserved by the Deputy Quartermaster General to accept any part, or the whole, of a bid offered, or to reject the bids, in whole or in part, as the interest of the Government, in his opinion, may require. Each proposal must be signed by the individual or firm making it, and be accompanied by a satisfactory guarantee that the bidder will execute a contract, with a good and sufficient bond, if his bid be accepted. Proposals, unaccompanied with satisfactory guarantee will not be considered; and contracts will be awarded only to established manufacturers of, or dealers in, the articles. The failure to comply with any one order under the contract to operate to the forfeiture of the entire penalty of the bond. Proposals will be endorsed, "Proposals for Blankets and Hats," and addressed to

G. H. CROSMAN,
Deputy Quartermaster General.

jy22-tau5

ARMY CLOTHING AND EQUIPAGE OFFICE, TWELFTH and GIRARD Streets—PHILADELPHIA, July 26, 1862.

PROPOSALS FOR WHITE SHIRTING FLANNEL.

SEALED PROPOSALS, endorsed "Proposals for White Shirting Flannel," will be received by the undersigned, at this office, until 12 o'clock M. on FRIDAY, 1st day of AUGUST next, for furnishing and delivering at the Schuylkill Arsenal,

160,000 YARDS ¾ WHITE SHIRTING FLANNEL, to weigh fully six ounces to the yard.

All deliveries will be subject to inspection, and must conform, in all respects, to the sealed sample deposited in this office. Proposals will be received for any part of the above articles, and bidders will please state the time and amount of each delivery.

The right is reserved by the Deputy Quartermaster General to accept any part or the whole of a bid offered, or reject the bids, in whole or in part, as the interest of the Government, in his opinion, may demand. Each proposal must be signed by the individual or the firm making it, and be accompanied by a satisfactory guarantee that the bidder will execute a contract, with a good and sufficient bond, if his bid be accepted.

Proposals unaccompanied by a satisfactory guarantee will not be considered, and contracts will be awarded only to established manufacturers of, or dealers in, the article. The failure to comply with any one order under the contract, as to the time of delivery, will operate to the forfeiture of the entire penalty of the bond.

G. H. CROSMAN,
Deputy Quartermaster General.

jy28-5t

ORDNANCE OFFICE—

WAR DEPARTMENT, WASHINGTON, July 19, 1862.

PROPOSALS will be received by this Department until 5 P. M. on the 9th of August, 1862, for the delivery, at the following Arsenals, or Infantry accoutrements, as hereinafter specified:

AT THE WATERTOWN ARSENAL, WATERTOWN, MASS.

26,000 sets Infantry accoutrements, calibre ..... 69.
14,000 " " " ..... 58.

AT THE WATERVLIET ARSENAL, WEST TROY, NEW YORK.

13,000 sets Infantry accoutrements, calibre ..... 69.
7,000 " " " ..... 58.

AT THE NEW YORK ARSENAL, GOVERNOR'S ISLAND, N. Y.

30,000 sets Infantry accoutrements, calibre ..... 69.
15,000 " " " ..... 58.

AT THE ALLEGHENY ARSENAL, PITTSBURG, PENNA.

33,000 sets Infantry accoutrements, calibre ..... 69.
17,000 " " " ..... 58.

AT THE FRANKFORD ARSENAL, BRIDESBURG, PENNA.

24,000 sets Infantry accoutrements, calibre ..... 69.
11,000 " " " ..... 58.

AT THE ST. LOUIS ARSENAL, ST. LOUIS, MO.

42,000 sets Infantry accoutrements, calibre ..... 69.
20,000 " " " ..... 58.

These accoutrements are to be made in strict conformity with the regulation patterns, samples of which can be examined at the above-named arsenals, and are to be subject to inspection at the arsenals where delivered, before being received for the Government—none to be accepted or paid for but such as are approved on inspection. The belts to be of *grained* leather, and all the stock to be the best oak-tanned. The shoulder belt will be included in the set.

Deliveries must be made in lots of not less than 1,000 sets per week, for all contracts of 10,000 or under; and not less than 2,000 sets per week on all contracts for over 10,000, counting from the date of the contract. Failure to deliver at a specified time will subject the contractor to a forfeiture of the amount to be delivered at that time. The accoutrements must be boxed in the customary manner—the boxes to be charged at cost, to be determined by the inspector.

Bidders will state, explicitly, the time, amount, and place of each delivery.

Each party obtaining a contract will be required to enter into bonds, with proper sureties, for its faithful fulfilment.

The Department reserves to itself the right to reject any bid.

Proposals will be addressed to Gen. J. W. Ripley, Chief of Ordnance, Washington, D. C., and must be endorsed "Proposals for Infantry Accoutrements."

JAMES W. RIPLEY,
jy24-thstu-8t Brig. Gen., Chief of Ordnance.

PROPOSALS FOR REVENUE STAMPS.

TREASURY DEPARTMENT, *Office of Internal Revenue, July 25, 1862.*

PROPOSALS will be received until WEDNESDAY, the 6th of August next, for furnishing Revenue Stamps under the recent act of Congress imposing stamp duties.

Bidders will state the price per thousand stamps, deliverable in packages of ten thousand each, at the Treasury Department in Washington.

Also, the price per thousand in similar packages, deliverable to the agent of the Department at the place of manufacture

Also, the price per thousand, delivered in larger packages, as may be required, either at the Department or place of manufacture.

Also, the price per thousand, separated in such quantities as may be daily ordered for the use of collectors and others, never less than two hundred stamps, and securely packed in tin cases, suitable binders' board boxes, with muslin or other equally strong covers, or lined envelopes, according to the quantity and distance to be conveyed, as may be required by the Department, stating the difference, if any, between the cost of delivery to an agent at the place of manufacture and at Washington.

All such proposals, sealed, must be addressed as follows:

Defender, wheat, oats, corn, and wool to L G Mytinger; I O Fetterhoof, lumber to Gilbert & Hager; Mary,