RELIGIOUS INTELLIGENCE.

President Lincoln's Thanksgiving Proclamation.

There is not a loyal Christian in the land (and in disloyal Christianity we have no faith) who will not hail with joy, and reverently respond to President Lincoln's proclamation, issued on Thursday, recommending to the people of the United States, at their next weekly assemblages for public worship, to render thanks to our Heavenly Father for the signal victories which he has been pleased to vouchsafe to our forces engaged in suppressing rebellion. The terms of this proclamation are eloquent in their simplicity and Christian spirit, and could be incorporated in a diocesan prayer without violence to the rhetoric of the most accomplished bishop in the country. Never was there a fitter occasion for the gratitude of a nation's heart to be stirred to its depths, than is at this juncture presented to the American people, and, we may say to the lovers of liberty throughout the world. The serpent Secession, mangled and maddened at Roanoke, Beaufort, Winchester, Pea Ridge, and Donelson, has had its head effectually bruised at Pittsburg Landing within the present week, and by God's help will speedily receive a crushing blow in Virginia, through the army of the Potomac, preparatory to its utter annihilation.

We do not know of a single minister in Philadelphia who will not respond to the President's proclamation with all his heart; we are quite sure that there is not a congregation here in which such a delinquency would be received with favor; and it is devoutly to be wished that clergymen everywhere, living under the protection of the stars and stripes, will respect their calling, by sacredly observing their obligations "to the powers that be." Should any fail of this, they will not only incur the bad odor of treason to the State, but of insolence towards God, in despising a plain command of Scripture respecting the duty of every Christian towards the Government under which he lives. Of course, a Government does not mean an *ephemeral usurpation*, or else the belligerent ministers in the rebel States might shield their infamy under this same Divine injunction.

THE PENALTY OF HETERODOXY IN ENGLAND.—Our English cousins on the other side of the Atlantic, have a summary way of dealing with perverters of the faith. Three prosecutions of the writers of "Essays and Reviews" have already occurred, although judgment has not been pronounced in either case, and it is said will not be until the Judicial Committee of Privy Council have disposed of another case now pending, of a similar nature. In the latter, the bishop of Winchester, through Mr. Burder, his secretary, has proceeded against the Rev. Dunbar Heath, vicar of Brading, Isle of Wight, for having published "unsound doctrine," in a volume of nineteen sermons. The prosecution resulted in Mr. Heath's being deprived of a living, worth $3,000 a year. Against that decision Mr. Heath has appealed to the tribunal above referred to. If this plan of smothering heterodoxy could be enforced against *dissloyalists* in our own country—such, e. g., as refuse to pray for the Government, or those Washington clergymen who treated the late prayer of Bishop Whittingham, giving thanks for our late victories, with so much contempt—we should have fewer traitors in the pulpit. Of course, here, where churches are not in any sense dependent upon State patronage, unsoundness in faith can at most but result, ecclesiastically, in losing a situation and salary. *Legally*, we do not see why a Secesh minister should not be made to suffer *confiscation* as well as others who have less facility for doing mischief.

Ejectments from livings in England, from various causes, have acquired historical importance. On the 18th of March, 1662, the anniversary of St. Bartholomew, no less than two thousand clergymen of the Church of England suffered this penalty for *non-conformity*, which event was rather expensively commemorated on the 18th ult., judging from the fact that a fund of £58,500, or about $292,500, was raised by the Non-conformists for the purpose of celebrating this bi-centennial occasion. The great commemorative meeting was held at St. James' Hall, London. As a practical result of it, a movement has been set on foot to publish certain facts and principles connected with the ejectment.

PREPARATIONS FOR OBSERVING EASTER.—To-morrow will be the sixth Sunday in Lent. In most of the churches in which this preparatory fasting season is observed the special services have, for several weeks past, been of a most interesting character, and largely attended. The coming week, in which the solemnities of Good Friday are to be commemorated, will be honored in a special manner by Roman Catholic, Protestant Episcopal, German Lutheran, and other churches, in all of which we are informed that the Easter festival, on to-morrow week, will be celebrated with unusual solemnity and pomp.

NEW PASTOR OF THE SECOND REFORMED DUTCH CHURCH.—The Rev. T. De Witt Talmage, of Syracuse, newly-elected pastor of the Second Reformed Dutch Church, Seventh street, above Brown, (formerly Rev. Dr. Berg's), has arrived in this city, and will preach his first sermon in the pastorship of his new charge to-morrow. The day will also be signalized by the anniversary exercises of the Sunday schools of this church, which will take place in the afternoon. We understand that arrangements have been made to render the latter unusually imposing and attractive. A crowded congregation may therefore be anticipated, morning, afternoon, and evening. The installation of Mr. Talmage is reserved for some evening during the coming week.

INCREASE OF MEMBERSHIP OF THE FIRST PRESBYTERIAN CHURCH, KENSINGTON.—At the recent communion season of the First Presbyterian Church, Kensington, (late Rev. George Chandler's,) now in charge of the Rev. Wm. T. Eva, there were twenty-eight persons admitted to membership, nine by certificate and nineteen on profession of faith. The new pastor is a worker, and, being well sustained by the people, feels much encouraged in his efforts.

CLOSING DRINKING-SHOPS ON SUNDAY.—We learn from the New York papers that the police there are endeavoring to compel the liquor-sellers of the city to respect and obey the laws which regulate their traffic on the Lord's Day. The existence and enforcement of such laws would not be amiss in some other cities besides New York.

GENERAL SYNOD OF THE LUTHERAN CHURCH.—The twentieth Convention of the "Evangelical Lutheran General Synod of the United States of North America," will be held in the city of Lancaster, on Thursday, May 1st.

A NEW CATHEDRAL AT CORK.—As Cork has a miserable old Cathedral, the new bishop, the Rev. John Gregg, D. D., has resolved to have one built, and has commenced a list of subscriptions by putting his own name down for five hundred dollars. By the way, Dr. Gregg is said to be the first Bishop of Cork, in two hundred years, that is able to speak and preach in the Irish language.

MARK OF RESPECT TO BISHOP MCILVAINE.—The venerable Bishop McIlvaine, of Ohio, now in England, was recently entertained by Queen Victoria, at her breakfast-table, as a mark of respect for him, and for the United States.

ADDRESS TO BE DELIVERED BY REV. MR. BEECHER.—The Rev. Henry Ward Beecher is to deliver the address before the literary societies of Amherst College, as the next commencement.

THE POPE AND IRELAND.—In the midst of his sorrows, the Pope has not forgotten Ireland, having contributed the sum of one hundred pounds to the relief of Irish distress. The Dublin *Freeman* noticing the above, in connection with the former munificence of Pope Pius during the famine in that country, says: "The Irish people gratefully remember these acts of generosity. They have not forgotten the Pope in his extremities, and, if the occasion should arise, they would be found reciprocating that liberality which his Holiness now displays."

BAPTIST ANNIVERSARY.—The forty-eighth annual meeting of the American Baptist Missionary Union is to be held in Providence, R. I., on the 27th of May.

THE LATE BISHOP MEADE, of Virginia, who died a few days ago, at the age of seventy-three years, was a graduate of Princeton, and son of Colonel Meade, the confidential aid of General Washington.

CALIFORNIA CONFERENCE.—The California Methodist Episcopal Church reports 100 preaching stations, 79 churches, 93 travelling preachers, 90 local preachers, and 3,705 members. The same Church, *South*, is also laboring assiduously to maintain its footing in California. It reports 49 stations, 30 churches, 60 travelling preachers, 55 local preachers, 1,988 members.

SECRETARY STANTON.—An interesting incident, illustrative of the kindness of heart and urbanity of manner of the distinguished Secretary of War, occurred in our presence not long since.

Several persons were awaiting an interview with the Secretary, among whom was a woman who pressed some request she had to make in regard to her husband, who is in the army, with great earnestness. He said he could not grant her request. She appealed to him again. He refused. With all the eloquence in her power, she again implored him to hear her petition. "Madame," said he, in a kind but firm tone, "*I* have granted you half an hour of my valuable time already; others are waiting for an interview with me, and I must decline to hear you further. Though your husband is gone, he has left behind one of the most persevering advocates I ever saw." She asked for a private interview at some other time. "No, no, madame," said the Secretary, smiling, "I dare not; your eloquence would drive me from what I deem the path of duty." Still she persisted until she got his consent to give the matter a further hearing

We venture the assertion, says the Washington *Republican*, that there is not another official in this city, unless it be our kind hearted President, who would have preserved such equanimity of temper under similar circumstances.

BROWNLOW passed a high eulogy on the late rebel General Zollicoffer. Brownlow, who knew him intimately for 25 years, says: "He was a man who never wronged an individual out of a cent in his life—never told a lie in his life—as brave a man personally as Andrew Jackson ever was—and the only mean thing I ever knew him to do was to join the Southern Confederacy."

BAD LUCK.—The Baton Rouge (La.) *Advocate* declares: "We have had bad luck with Kentucky and her people. Crittenden, one of her sons, lost a battle he ought to have gained; Tilghman, another Kentuckian, gave up Fort Henry; Johnston, another Kentuckian, failed to save Fort Donelson, which he might have done; and Buckner, also a Kentuckian, surrendered twelve thousand men."

THE CITY.

POWDER STORED IN THE CITY.—THE LAW ON THE QUESTION.

The Fire Marshal and other public officers are engaged in making investigations as to the alleged storage of powder in certain warehouses and manufactories of this city. The recent accident in Reed street has stimulated inquiry up in the subject, and the law will doubtless be applied speedily, in case of discoveries of offenders. The existing law states that in case of a violation of any provision of the act relative to the keeping of gunpowder or gun-cotton in the city, it shall be lawful for any of the trustees of the Philadelphia Association for the Relief of Disabled Firemen to seize such gunpowder or gun-cotton, in the daytime, and to convey or cause the same to be conveyed to any magazine used for the storing of gunpowder.

Whenever any inhabitant of the city shall make oath or affirmation, particularly describing, as nearly as may be, the place to be searched and the things to be seized, before the Mayor or any alderman, of any fact or circumstance which, in the opinion of the said Mayor or alderman, shall afford probable cause of belief that any gunpowder or gun-cotton has been brought into or is kept within the city, or in the harbor thereof contrary to the provisions of this act, or any of the provisions of the acts now in force relative to the introduction of gunpowder or gun-cotton into the city of Philadelphia, it shall be lawful for the said Mayor or alderman to issue his warrant, under his hand and seal, to any sheriff, marshal, constable, or other police person, commanding him or them to search for such gunpowder or gun-cotton, in the day time, wheresoever the same may be in violation of said acts, and to seize and take possession of the same if found, and to convey, or cause the same to be conveyed, forthwith to any magazine used for storing gunpowder.

All actions or suits for the recovery of any gunpowder or gun-cotton which may have been unlawfully stored in any magazine by virtue of the provisions of this act, or for the value thereof, or for damages sustained by the detention thereof, shall be brought against the Philadelphia Association for the Relief of Disabled Firemen, and shall be commenced within three calendar months next after such seizure shall have been actually made; and in case no such action or suit shall have been commenced within such period, such gunpowder or gun-cotton shall be deemed absolutely forfeited to the said Philadelphia Association for the Relief of Disabled Firemen, and may be delivered to the proper officers thereof for its use.

If any gunpowder or gun-cotton, exceeding the quantity mentioned in this act, shall be found in the possession or custody of any person or persons, in violation of the provisions herein contained, by any fireman of any company belonging to the Fire Department of the said city, during any fire therein, it shall be lawful for such fireman to seize the same without any warrant, and to immediately carry the same to the next convenient watch-house, or to the Chief Engineer of the Fire Department, or, in his absence, the acting assistant engineer, and the said chief engineer, or assistant, shall convey or cause it to be safely conveyed to any magazine for the storing of gunpowder, there to be detained until it be decided by due course of law, in accordance with the provisions of this act, whether such gunpowder or gun-cotton be forfeited.

Any violation of the provisions of this act relative to the keeping of gunpowder or gun-cotton, or of any of the provisions of the acts now in force relative to the introduction of gunpowder or gun-cotton into the city of Philadelphia, shall, in addition to the forfeiture of the gunpowder or gun-cotton, as hereinbefore provided, also subject the offender or offenders to a fine of five hundred dollars for each offence, to be recovered, with costs of suit, in an action of debt, in any court having cognizance thereof, by, to, and for the use of the Philadelphia Association for the Relief of Disabled Firemen. And all gunpowder or gun-cotton found within the city of Philadelphia, in violation of the provisions in this act contained, shall be forfeited to the use of the aforesaid Philadelphia Association for the Relief of Disabled Firemen.

In a number of cases powder has been seized under the provisions of the above acts. Last year, for example, the sum of $78 50 was received from the sale of forty kegs, or 1,000 pounds of gunpowder, which was stored in an out-building on a dwelling near Fairmount, and seized some months since while a fire was raging near the spot, and had an explosion taken place at the time, the loss of life would have been terrible. The penalty involved, five hundred dollars, is now in suit.

The powder act is an important law, the enforcement of which every active fireman should feel deeply interested in, and should render any aid in his power to secure the faithful performance of the same, and thereby render life more secure in time of fire.

MECHANICAL MATTERS IN TOWN.—

A plan of arranging fire-bars has been patented and will soon be applied in this city, by which a saving of at least 10 per cent. in fuel and 15 in the fusion of the iron themselves is effected, and is being applied in steamers. The same successful results have been attendant upon the application of these girder fire-bars to locomotive engines, in which, by a simple arrangement, the furnaces may be cleared of clinkers with a few strokes of a lever, which does not demand the elaborate attention ordinarily necessitated by the painful stooping process of the fireman and "fire-jacker"—indeed, the latter has been altogether thrown aside where these bars are adopted. Our toolmakers are perfecting a number of ingenious improvements. Twenty years ago it was difficult to find a good American file-cutter, or gear-cutter. Our best tools then had to be imported from England. But all this is changed. Philadelphia iron tools, as now manufactured, are of very superior character. Some of the English tools are a little better than ours, and some of ours are better than theirs, so that wegtand about equal; but as our inventors are never to be beaten in anything, and as our country is more extensive than England, and our wants more numerous, we shall soon get further ahead. As the accurate, superior, and rapid construction of machinery is dependent upon good tools, we have hailed with the utmost gratification our progress in toolmaking.

ASSOCIATION FOR THE RELIEF OF DISABLED FIREMEN.

This Association, now in the twenty-ninth year of its existence, is composed of six hundred and fifty members, of whom two hundred and fifty-two are life members and three hundred and sixty-three are annual members. Last year the sum of $997.90 was appropriated to the relief of sick and disabled firemen, the widows and orphans of deceased firemen, and persons injured by fire apparatus. Thirty-eight individuals were the recipients thereof, of whom ten were members of the Association, and six widows of deceased firemen. This amount, together with the sums heretofore expended for a like purpose since the formation of the institution in 1834, makes the sum total $20,778.29. Every application is carefully examined, and if found worthy, came properly within their jurisdiction, has received immediate attention, and relief has been granted according to the nature of the case.

Notwithstanding the vast amount of good which this institution accomplishes, strange to say, no donations to the funds have been made for over a year.

Fourteen interments have been made in the vault of the Association in Monumental Cemetery since its completion in 1849, but none during the past year.

RAILROAD MEASURE.—The bill for the transit of passenger cars between the New York and Baltimore depots by way of Fifth and Sixth streets, has been defeated in the State Senate. It had previously passed the House of Representatives. This may necessitate the non-occupation of the Kensington depot, except in so far as way travel to Trenton is concerned, and the building of a steamboat provided with tracks from the Delaware, between Camden and the foot of Washington street. In this way considerable business will be diverted from Kensington to Camden, and vice versa, heretofore accustomed to stopping over night in the city, will go directly through to Baltimore and Washington. The good folk of Tacony, Holmesburg, and Bristol may thus be inconvenienced, and the passage of the bill so industriously opposed the bill will be in no manner benefited.

The new depot of the North Pennsylvania Railroad Company will soon be commenced, and the second and Third and Fifth and Sixth-streets roads will carry the passengers that used to enter the city by the regular cars to the Willow-street depot.

A SON OF MORTON MCMICHAEL TAKEN PRISONER.

—Captain McMichael, a gifted, ambitious, and brave young officer, son of Morton McMichael, Esq., editor of the *North American*, was one of the prisoners taken by the rebels at Shiloh, Tennessee. At the breaking out of the rebellion Captain McMichael was a private in the Commonwealth Artillery, and served for some time at Fort Delaware. He was subsequently attached to the staff of Governor Curtin, and afterwards went as volunteer aid to Colonel Biddle, when a portion of the Pennsylvania Reserves were despatched to the relief of Cumberland. In August last he received the appointment of assistant adjutant general, and proceeded at once to St. Louis. He was stationed in that city until the starting of the expedition under Major General Charles F. Smith, when he was assigned to that command as assistant adjutant general and chief of staff. In that position he was serving at the time of the capture.

THE CATHEDRAL OF St. Peter and St. Paul

will be opened on Easter Sunday for vespers. This will be the first opportunity which will witness the interior of this spacious and splendid building—probably the finest religious edifice in America—which has been in course of construction more than twenty years.

The services will consist of vespers, celebrated Pontifically at 3½ P. M., by Right Rev. Bishop Wood. Addresses will ensue, and, finally, the Papal Benediction.

The doors will be opened at an early hour in the afternoon, in order to afford to as many as possible an opportunity to inspect all parts of the building.

On Monday and Tuesday also, the building will be opened for inspection. It will then be closed in order to enable the workmen to replace the scaffolds and proceed with the work.

All the Catholic clergy of the Diocese of Philadelphia have been invited to be present, who will appear in the sanctuary in their ministerial robes.

SAD RAILWAY ACCIDENT.—Yesterday

Coroner Conrad held an inquest upon the body of Jacob Neal, formerly a switch tender upon the Pennsylvania Railroad in West Philadelphia. On Thursday afternoon while discharging his duties he was run over by a car, had one leg crushed, and was otherwise injured. How he was conveyed to the Pennsylvania Hospital, where he died soon after his admission. A verdict of accidental death was rendered. The deceased was shovelling snow from the track at the time, and was knocked down by a locomotive which was going back for the purpose of running on another track. He had his back to the car, and the engineer was not aware of any accident having occurred until informed by some of the employees.

A QUEER SENTENCE.—A case of a

man who was arrested for drunkenness, and fined by the alderman "one hoss," was exhibited at the police returns to the mayor yesterday morning. It seems that the magistrate who heard the case was disposed to be lenient to the individual who was unfortunate enough to get intoxicated, and at the same time to supply a little want of his own. The alderman, who is the possessor of but one leg, consented to release the prisoner, who is a coachmaker, provided he would make him a stool. This proposition was promptly accepted, and the man went on his way rejoicing.

LADIES' AID SOCIETY OF THE GERMAN HOSPITAL.

—The German Hospital was established in 1860, for the purpose of affording relief to sick Germans who have heretofore labored under a disadvantage in speaking a different language from the physicians and attendants in the other hospitals. The managers have secured a suitable and healthy site at the corner of Twentieth and Norris streets, with accommodations for one hundred patients. A portion of the purchase money is now due, and further means to fit up the interior of the hospital building are needed. The managers appeal to the charitable people of the city through the Ladies' Aid Society.

OUR RECENT VICTORIES.—At noon

yesterday, by order of Colonel Peter C. Ellmaker, commanding the First Regiment Reserve Brigade, a salute of one hundred guns was fired in honor of the victories of the United States forces at Island No. 10 and Pittsburg Landing, on the lot adjoining the Academy of Music, by a detachment of Company C, of the First Regiment, under command of Lieutenant Atwood Smith. The guns used on the occasion were three horse field pieces belonging to the State. The salutes, at first, caused much wonder among those residing some distance from the Academy.

NARROW ESCAPE FROM A SHOCKING

DEATH.—Yesterday morning, Mr. Samuel Steele, residing in the neighborhood of Hestonville, Twenty-fourth ward, made a very narrow escape from a shocking death. He was driving along the Monument road, and as he was about crossing the track of the Pennsylvania Railroad, the train from Pittsburg came along at a rapid rate. Before Mr. Steele could escape from the danger, the locomotive struck the horse, instantly killing it, and carried away the shafts and the front portion of the wagon. Mr. Steele was uninjured, though greatly frightened. The train passed on, leaving Mr. Steele sitting in his vehicle beside the track.

NOT GUILTY OF LIBEL.—The jury in

the case of John W. Cullin, charged with libel in writing a letter to Secretary Stanton, calling attention to the bad material in shoes manufactured by Charles A. Edwards for the Government, have returned a verdict of not guilty, and divided the costs between the prosecutor and defendant.

DECEASED.—Mr. Simeon Strickland,

the oldest Free Mason in Philadelphia, died suddenly, on Thursday, at the residence of Mr. D. R. Erdman, corner of Perkiomen and Wiley streets. He was about ninety years of age, and participated in the obsequies of Washington.

WILD PIGEONS.—Our markets are at

present abundantly supplied with this kind of game. The birds are said to be very numerous in the mountain regions, and are being shot in great numbers.

ALIBI.—About 1 o'clock yesterday

morning the harbor police found a carpenter's scow and stage adrift, off Coates street wharf. The property awaits an owner at the station-house, at Front and Noble streets.

THE COAL OIL BUSINESS.—The total

amount of oil produced is estimated at 300,000 barrels per week, or 15,600,000 barrels annually. The capital invested in producing petroleum is estimated at $10,000,000, and the branches of industry indirectly engaged, but largely concerned, are machinists, lumbermen, barrel makers, chemists, &c.; also, in forwarding, some 5,000 teamsters having been employed at one time. The Pennsylvania Central and Philadelphia and Erie Railroads transport, in 12 months, 18,000,000 barrels. During the first quarter of 1862, ending March 31, there was shipped from Philadelphia 15,700 barrels, worth $144,645, and from the United States 2,342,042 gallons. In 1861, there was shipped from this city 51,080 barrels; from New York, 1,544,575 gallons.

THE eleventh annual meeting of the

Spring Garden Institute was held on Thursday evening last, John Q. Gilmodo in the chair. The annual report was read by the secretary, and the following persons were elected officers and managers, to serve for the ensuing year: President, John M. Ogden; Vice President, Charles B. Trego; Secretary, Hector McIntosh; Treasurer, E. F. Houghton; Managers, Hiram Ayres, John W. Dixon, John J. Lytle, Isaac C. Price, Joseph Plankinton, William Vanderveer, Joseph H. Collins, Jacob M. Ellis, Alfred H. Love, Eli Dilin, James R. Carrigues, Edward B. Stokes, John C. Copper, Spencer Roberts, Richard Peterson, John Q. Gimodo, J. Randolph Price, A. C. Sinn, T. K. Collins, Thomas P. Galvin, John W. Stokes, James Spear, Coleman Sellers, O. S. Claflin.

CAPTAIN FRANCIS J. KEFFER, of

Company N, California Regiment, who was taken prisoner at Ball's Bluff, and afterwards confined at Richmond as a hostage for the *Petrel* pirates, will narrate his experience as a prisoner of war before enterprise Lodge, No. 201, I. O. O. F., this evening, in the Odd Fellows' Hall, Sixth street, below Race.

ALLEGED OVERPAYMENT OF DUTIES.—

The jury rendered a verdict, yesterday, in the suit brought against an ex-collector of the port to recover the amount of alleged overpayment of duties on certain woollen goods, which were imported by the plaintiffs in the years 1855 and 1856 as blankets. The verdict was for the importer for the amount of overpaid duties.

CHAPLAIN APPOINTED.—Rev. John

McMillan, pastor of the First Reformed Presbyterian Church, of Allegheny, has obtained permission to absent himself six months from his congregation, and accepted an appointment as chaplain in the One-hundred-and-ninth Regiment, now in this city awaiting marching orders.

PHILADELPHIA BOARD OF TRADE.

EDMUND A. SOUDER,
GEORGE L. BUZBY,
EDWARD C. BIDDLE. } COMMITTEE OF THE MONTH.

LETTER BAGS

At the Merchants' Exchange, Philadelphia.

Ship Westmoreland, Decan.....Liverpool, soon
Ship Free Trade, Stover.....Liverpool, soon
Bark American, Christian.....Port Spain, soon
Bark Eliza A. Dunn, Bellows.....Barbadoes, soon
Bark Aaron I Harvey, Miller.....Barbadoes, soon
Brig Ella Reed, Davis.....Havana, soon
Schr Franklin Bell, Robinson.....Port Spain, soon

MARINE INTELLIGENCE.

PORT OF PHILADELPHIA, April 12, 1862.

SUN RISES.....5 23—SUN SETS.....6 34
HIGH WATER.....12 26

ARRIVED.

Schr Sarah, Blunt, 14 days from Cardenas, with sugar to S & W Welsh.
Schr Independence, (Br) Bent, 6 days from Yarmouth, NS, with mackerel to E A Souder & Jo.
Schr Christopher Lowery, Lawe, 4 days from Newburyport, in ballast to Captain.

CLEARED.

Steamship Saxon, Baker, Boston, H Winsor.
Brig Alex Milliken, Fish, Matanzas, J Mason & Co.
Schr F. Jacklin Bell, Robinson, Ft Spain, S & W Welsh.
Schr Fly, Descosmo, Nantucket, N H Bartlett.
Schr Young Teazer, Morton, Boston, Twells & Co.
Schr D S Sinor, May, Boston, L Audenried & Co.
Schr J B Babcock, Hand, Boston, do
Schr Hannie Westbrook, Littlejohn, Portland, Sinnickson & Glover.
Schr J Jones, Corson, Providence, R B Corson & Co.
Schr Electric Flash, Ayer, Gloucester, captain.

MEMORANDA.

Ship Sharon, Jordan, from New York, at Buenos Ayres 14th Feb, discng—arr Jan 30.
Bark Conton, Allen, cleared at Baltimore 10th inst. for Cape Town, CGH.
Bark Daniel Webster, Ryder, cleared at Boston 10th inst for Ship Island.
Schr E F Lewis, York, from Portland for Philadelphia, at Newport 9th inst.
Schr Col Ellsworth, Rowe, hence, arrived at Newburyport 9th inst.
Schr Hall, Kelley, from Providence for Philadelphia, sailed from Bristol 9th inst
Schr Grand Island, Short, at Newburyport 8th instant from Delaware City, and was up for Philadelphia
On Sunday morning last, schr Island Home, (of Harwich) Allen, from Gloucester for New York, came to anchor near schr Thomas C Bunting, sunk about ten miles to the westward of Point Judith, and sent a boat, the crew of which commenced stripping the sunken vessel, cutting off her fore and main gaffs, and cutting away about half of her foresail, which they carried on board their vessel, even after the remonstrance of Mr Smith, one of the men left in charge of the wreck. They even cut the main rigging of the vessel, leaving the masts loose.
A letter from Capt Sherman, of schr Dolphin, of and from New Bedford, dated Havana, April 2d, states that he had a passage of 25 days, and experienced very bad weather—had two heavy SW gales, in which laid at anchor 5½ days on the Banks; parted big chain, and lost anchor. Capt Sherman also states that he was on board the U S gunboat Santiago de Cuba, when Capt Gordon told him that he spoke, a week previous, the schr Z Scorr, Gage, 28 days from New Bedford for Fort Pickens, with wood, having lost deck load and boat in a gale.

FOR SALE AND TO LET.

SALE BY ORDER OF COURT.—THOMAS & SONS, Auctioneers.—Under an order of the Supreme Court, of Pennsylvania, for the Eastern District, made in the cause wherein Elizabeth Y. Walker is complainant and Sophia Dunshee et al. respondents. In equity. January term, 1860. No. 26. Will be sold at public sale, on TUESDAY, April 29, 1862, at 12 o'clock, noon, at the PHILADELPHIA EXCHANGE, in the city of Philadelphia, by the hands of Messrs. Moses Thomas & Sons, auctioneers, the following described property, viz:

No. 1.

ARCH STREET.—All that three-story brick messuage and lot of ground thereunto belonging, situate on the south side of Arch street, between Front and Second streets, in the city of Philadelphia, (No. 106;) containing in front 11½ feet, and in depth 39 feet; bounded E. with a messuage and lot late of Thos. Green; S. with ground late of Caleb Ranstead, W. with a 4-feet 2 inches wide alley, and N. with Arch street aforesaid; together with the common use and privilege of said alley, and the right to build over the same as far back as the said lot extends, so as not to obstruct the passage of the said alley. Rents for $150.

No. 2.

WALNUT STREET.—All that two-story messuage and lot of ground thereunto belonging, situate on the north side of Walnut street, in the city of Philadelphia, (No. 211;) containing in front on Walnut street 18 feet, and extending in depth 51 feet; bounded S by Walnut street, W. and N. by a messuage and lot formerly of Thomas Proctor, and E. by a messuage and lot formerly granted or intended to be granted to Matthew Whitehead. Subject to a ground rent of $42 67-100 per annum. The house rents for $300 a year.

No. 3.

QUARRY STREET.—All that two-story frame messuage and lot of ground, situate on the north side of Quarry street, (No. 221,) between Third street and Bread street or Moravian alley, in the city of Philadelphia; containing in breadth, and the same front, 16 feet, and in depth 79 feet 3 inches; bounded S by Quarry street, W. by ground formerly of Charles Heiser, now or late of Daniel Butter, N. by ground formerly of Edward Turner, and E. by ground formerly of Philip Fehl, now or late of Andrew Scott. Rents for $180 a year.

CHARLES S. PANCOAST, Master.

N. B.—The title papers can be seen at the office of the Master, 416 Walnut street.

M. THOMAS & SONS, Auctioneers,
ap10-12,16,19,23,26,29 139 and 141 S. FOURTH St.

TO DISTILLERS.

The DISTILLERY known as the

"PHOENIX,"

and formerly owned and occupied by SAML. SMYTH, Esq., situated on TWENTY-THIRD, between RACE and VINE Streets, Philadelphia, Capacity 600 bushels per day, is now offered for sale on reasonable and accommodating terms. Is in good running order, and has all the modern improvements. An Artesian well on the premises furnishes an unfailing supply of good, pure water.

Address Z. LOCKE & CO., No. 1010 MARKET Street, Philadelphia. fe22-dtf

FOR SALE—A desirable FARM, near Norristown, Montgomery county, containing 59 acres of superior land, nicely watered. Large stone improvements, fine fruits, &c. Price only $95 per acre. For further particulars, apply to

E. PETTIT,
mh7-tf No. 309 WALNUT Street.

FIRST-CLASS EIGHTH-STREET Store and Dwelling to Rent; handsomely fitted up, with good basement; in old stand of 50 years' location; most central on the street. Goodwill and Fixtures for sale. Apply 23 N. Eighth Street. mh26-1m*

FOR SALE OR TO LET—Four Houses, on the west side of BROAD Street, below Columbia avenue. Apply at the southwest corner of NINTH and SANSOM Streets. mh26-tf

40,000 PEACH TREES, VERY fine, thrifty; 10,000 Silver Leaf Maples, large and handsome; also, a large assortment of other Fruit, Shade, and Ornamental Trees, for sale cheap for cash or on time. Catalogues gratis. CHAS. F. PETERS,
mh17-1m* Concordville, Delaware county, Pa.

TO RENT.—A Neat Small Country Place, with fine fruits and shade, near Beverly Station and Steamboat Landing.

Apply to E PETTIT,
ap5 No. 309 WALNUT Street.

TO RENT—A desirable COUNTRY PLACE, situate on the Philadelphia and Bristol turnpike, two minutes' walk from railroad station, and within one mile of steamboat landing; grounds sattiating about four acres. Apply to E. PETTIT, No. 309 WALNUT Street. mh29

TO LET—A beautiful COUNTRY-PLACE, of 10 acres, on the west side of FRONT Street, above Hart lane, within 15 minutes' walk of the Frankford and Southwark passenger cars. Possession early in April. Apply at the southwest corner of NINTH and SANSOM, second story. mh23-tf

FOR SALE—A FINE FRUIT FARM, one mile from Railroad Station, near Dover. Extensive PEACH ORCHARD, just in the prime of bearing; besides a great variety of other fruits, large Grapery, &c. Plain improvements. Immediate possession. Also, a number of Farms possession of which can be given this Spring. Apply to E. PETTIT,
mh20-tf No. 309 WALNUT Street.

FOR SALE OR EXCHANGE—A Desirable FARM, containing 95 Acres of superior land, six miles from Market-street Bridge, in Montgomery county. Convenient to Railroad and Steamboat Landing. First-class improvements, nicely watered, &c. For further particulars apply to E. PETTIT,
mh20-tf No. 309 WALNUT Street.

DRAIN PIPE.—Vitrified Stoneware Drain Pipe, a cheap and indestructible material for drains, either for private use or for city drainage.

PRICE LIST.

2 inch diameter,	25c. per yard.
3 inch "	30c. "
4 inch "	40c. "
5 inch "	50c. "
6 inch "	65c. "
7 inch "	90c. "
8 inch "	$1.10 "
9, 10, 11, and 12 inch diameter.	

We warrant this Pipe to be equal to any imported, and superior to any other manufactured in this country.

S. A. HARRISON,
mh29-tf 1010 CHESTNUT Street.

SHOW CASES.

Plate-glass, German silver, per foot,	$10
Crystal-glass, " "	6
" half German silver	6
" all walnut	4

WM. H. GROVE,
mh19-tap14 111 North FOURTH Street, Philada.

ADAMANTINE CANDLES.—A job lot of old Adamantine Candles, in store and for sale by RHODES & WILLIAMS,
mh17 107 South WATER Street.

COTTON SAIL DUCK AND CANVAS, of all numbers and brands.

Raven's Duck Awning Twills, of all descriptions, for Tents, Awnings, Trunks, and Wagon Covers.

Also, Paper Manufacturers' Drier Felts, from 1 to 8 feet wide. Tarpaulins, Belting, Sail Twine, &c.

JOHN W. EVERMAN & CO.,
my4-tf 102 JONES Alley.

LEGAL.

SUPREME COURT, EASTERN DISTRICT OF PENNSYLVANIA. January Term, 1862. No. 29. In Equity.

GROVE vs. THE BARCLAY RAILROAD AND COAL COMPANY, and others.

In pursuance of a decree of the Supreme Court of Pennsylvania in and for the Eastern district made in the above cause, the undersigned will sell at public sale, at the Exchange, in the city of Philadelphia, on TUESDAY, the 29th day of April, 1862, at 12 o'clock, noon, the following-described estate, property, rights, and franchises, late belonging to the Barclay Railroad and Coal Company, to wit:

No. 1. All that tract or body of coal lands situate in the township of Franklin, in the county of Bradford, and State of Pennsylvania, containing altogether 2,416 acres and allowance, bounded by lands surveyed in the warrantee names of Andrew Graydon, James Shoemaker, William Gray, John Graff, Thomas Dundas, James Biddle, John Barron Jr., Andrew Tybouts, Peter Edge, George Edge, and Samuel Edge.

Being composed of six contiguous tracts of land, surveyed in the warrantee names of James Coy, William Hall, William Govel, Joshua Curry, Aaron Levy, and Jacob Hiltzheimer, of which about 200 acres are improved land. On this tract, No. 4, are the Barclay Coal Mines, yielding a superior quality of semi-bituminous coal, and the works, fixtures, and apparatus for mining coal. Also, forty-one Dwelling-Houses, and other buildings, and improvements.

No. 2. Also, the Railroad constructed by, and hitherto belonging to, the said Company, 16 28-100 miles in length, extending from the Coal Mines on No. 1 to the North Branch Canal at Towanda, in the said county of Bradford, with inclined Planes, Gravity Railroad structures; three water-stations, sidings, and lands appurtenant to the said Railroad, with the right of way, and with all corporate rights, powers, privileges, and immunities and franchises heretofore belonging to or vested in the said Company.

No. 3. Also, all those adjoining Lots or pieces of Land, situate at the terminus of said Railroad, in Towanda aforesaid, bounded by the Susquehanna river on the east, Elizabeth street on the north, a lot of Tracy and Moore on the south, and on the west by an alley, Main street, and lands of Jacob B. Kirby, Jam s Harris, Overton, Jam s Harris, and Thomas Elliott, containing 14½ acres, more or less, with a water Basin, trestle, and fixtures for Shipping Coal, Engine House, Turn-table, Office, Burn Lime Kiln, and the improvements thereon.

No. 4. Also, another lot or piece of land, situate at Towanda, aforesaid, on the aforesaid railroad, bounded by Tracy and Moore's lot on the north (which separates it from lot No. 3), by land of Gordon F. Mason on the west and south, and by the Susquehanna river on the east, containing 10 acres of land, more or less.

The terms of sale will be as follows: Nos. 1 and 2 will be sold together, subject to a first mortgage thereon executed by the said Company to Patrick Brady and Isaac B. Davis, trustees, for $150,000, with interest thereon at 7 per cent. from May 1st, 1857.

Nos. 3 a. d 4 will be sold separately, and clear of incumbrance. $600 will be required to be paid in cash at the time of sale on Nos. 1 and 2, and $250 each on Nos 3 and 4, and the balance of purchase money on the confirmation of the sale by the court.

EDWARD ROPPER,
CHARLES W. BERESFORD,
mh18-tf Trustees, &c

M. THOMAS & SONS, Auctioneers. ap8 tuths9t

IN THE COURT OF COMMON PLEAS FOR THE CITY AND COUNTY OF PHILADELPHIA.

[L. S.] Notice is hereby given to all persons interested that the honorable the judges of the court aforesaid have appointed SATURDAY, the 19th day of April, A. D. 1862, at 10 o'clock A. M., for hearing the application of certain citizens for a charter of incorporation entitled "The Cooper-Shop Soldiers' Home of the City of Philadelphia;" and, unless exceptions be filed thereto, the same will be allowed.

CHARLES D. KNIGHT,
ap5-s3t Prothonotary.

IN THE ORPHANS' COURT FOR THE CITY AND COUNTY OF PHILADELPHIA.

Estate of EDWARD LAW, deceased.

The Auditor appointed by the Court to audit, settle, and adjust the account of STEPHEN BLATCHFORD, Executor of Edward Law, deceased, and to make distribution of the balance in the hands of the accountant, will meet the parties interested for the purposes of his appointment on WEDNESDAY, April 16, 1862, at 4 o'clock P. M., at his Office, No. 131 South FIFTH Street, in the city of Philadelphia.

GEORGE M. CONARROE,
ap5-4tuth6t Auditor.

ESTATE OF THOMAS WAL