LATEST FOREIGN NEWS.

The fund for the erection of the National Albert Memorial now amounts to upwards of £25,000, subscribed in three weeks.

The *Morning Post* publishes some interesting details concerning the maritime custom dues of Morocco, one-half of which have just been mortgaged to the British Government, in trust for the new bondholders of that country. A very extensive trade is maintained between Morocco and the West of Europe, from Mogador, Tangier, and some other ports. According to the most authentic statement we have been able to collect, the commerce of the port of Mogador reaches the value of not less than 40,000,000f., or £1,500,000 per annum. This is by much the most considerable port of the Morocco Empire, and the aggregate trade of all the others is about equal to that of Mogador. The articles of commerce are very numerous. The import consists chiefly of cotton, wools, silks, raw and manufactured, raw and refined sugar, steel, iron, tin, copper, cutlery, tea, earthenware, specie, and bullion. The exports consist of fruits, fresh and dried, tools, olive oil, hides, grain, oxen, wax, leeches, bark, gum, bullion, and specie.

The Chinese Indemnity.—In September, 1860, the allied army advanced into the interior, and after some fighting, in which the Armstrong guns did nearly all the work, the Chinese authorities pretended that they desired to be upon friendly terms, a camping ground was arranged for our forces, and it was agreed that this ground should be surveyed by our officers. Accordingly, Mr. Parkes, the interpreter, Mr. Loch, Lord Elgin's secretary, Mr. Bowlby, the *Times'* correspondent, Captain Brabazon, of the Royal Artillery, Lieuts. de Normann and Anderson, of Fane's Horse, an orderly from the First Dragoon Guards, and several Sikhs eventually found themselves, with about an equal number of French officers, the Abbe de Luc and orderlies, in the power of the Chinese. After some little attempt at disguise, the real intentions of the Chinese were unmasked, and the whole party were seized and subjected to the most disgusting cruelty and indignity. Each man was bound and dragged about with remorseless cruelty, and the little party was speedily separated. Messrs. Parkes and Loch were imprisoned at Pekin, and to this they owe their lives. Lord Elgin and Baron Gros announced to the Chinese commander that Pekin would be stormed unless the prisoners were instantly given up. An attack was then commenced. Messrs Parkes and Loch and the other living prisoners were restored; several of their companions had been butchered. Two hundred thousand pounds was demanded as a fine for the murder and ill-treatment of the prisoners, in addition to a much larger sum to be devoted to defraying some portion of the expenses of the war. This sum, having been handed over in Sycee silver, was realized at Canton, and the English share—some £63,000—is now being distributed in the following proportions: To the legal representative of Captain Brabazon, of the Royal Artillery, £15,000; to the legal representatives of Messrs. de Normann and Anderson, £15,000 each; to the legal representative of Mr. Bowlby, the *Times'* correspondent, £15,000; to the legal representatives of private Phipps, First Dragoon Guards, £2,400; to the families of the eight Sikhs who were murdered, £12,000; to Messrs. Parkes and Loch, £8,000 each; the Sikhs who were subjected to ill-treatment, but who were returned alive, will also receive a handsome portion of the indemnity.

Mr. Dickens will shortly commence the issue of a novel, in his old style of monthly shilling parts, with steel engravings, by Mr. Hablot Browne.

Mr. S. Edward, in his "History of the Opera," says: I am told, the London hangman went one night to the pit of her Majesty's Theatre to hear Jenny Lind, and on seeing the Swedish Nightingale, exclaimed, breathless with admiration and excitement, 'What a throat to scrag!'"

"A few days ago," says a Paris letter in the *Journal du Havre*, "Rossini was at the opera when the 'Etoile de Messine' was performed. The Emperor, who was present, perceiving the author of the 'Barbiere' sitting at the back of a private box, sent an aid-de-camp to invite him to the imperial one. Rossini presented himself in a frock coat, as he usually is, and made an excuse for his undress. 'Bah!' said the Emperor, 'is there any constraint between two sovereigns?' And his Majesty conversed with Rossini, with the greatest familiarity, for a length of time."

The cantons of Bale (country), the Grisons, Zurich, and Argau, have at length decided on introducing into their codes serious modifications relative to the Jews. Up to the present time they have been almost out of the pale of the law in several of the Swiss cantons. This is a great step in advance, and the local governments must be congratulated.

The current report that Austria intends to demand the disarmament of Sardinia is unfounded.

The well-known American sculptor, H. Powers, whose "Greek Slave" excited so much attention, is at present engaged upon a figure, "Eve after the fall and expulsion from Paradise," which the correspondent of the *Literary Gazette* considers "will be the greatest work the artist has yet produced."

The Pope's Health.—The recent rumor of the Pope's death probably arose from an illness, of which an account is given in a letter from Rome, of January 25, which says: "The Holy Father has been rather unwell for the last few days. It was on Monday morning that he first felt poorly, and his physicians then recommended him to go to bed, as a measure of precaution. On that evening a slight fever came on, caused by the irritation of the erysipelas in his leg. The fever continued throughout Thursday, but on Friday morning the Pope was better, and at noon he got up. Afterwards he gave audiences to ministers and others just as usual. The Pope is 70 years of age, and his health requires great care; the little sore in his leg is frequently irritating."

The Assembly of the Nobles, at Moscow, has decided upon proposing to the Emperor of Russia the application of the principle of election to the administration of justice, and that the taxes should be collected in the provinces by persons elected for the purpose, instead of by the functionaries appointed by the State.

The Russian Despatch Respecting the Trent Affair.

The *Nord* is the first paper to publish Prince Gortchakoff's despatch to M. De Stoeckl, the Russian minister at Washington on the subject of the American apology for the *Trent* affair. It will be seen that the despatch reiterates the friendly sentiments entertained by the Government of Russia towards our own Government, and so often made public in the interchange of diplomatic views between the two countries. The letter is dated January 9th, and is as follows:

Monsieur: The Federal Government will not doubt the keen interest with which we have followed the various phases of the recent incident which has held in anxious suspense the attention of the two worlds.

His Majesty the Emperor has not presumed too much on the wisdom of the Cabinet of Washington in being convinced that, at this serious juncture, it will only consult its sentiments of justice and conciliation, and the interests of the country

It is with the most profound satisfaction that His Imperial Majesty has seen his anticipations confirmed by the determination which has just been taken by the Federal Government.

Although it has only reached our knowledge at present through the medium of the journals, our august master has been unwilling to delay the transmission to the President of the sentiments with which his Majesty appreciates this manifestation of moderation and equitable spirit—all the more meritorious in that it was rendered difficult by popular impetuosity.

I need not add, Monsieur, that, in remaining faithful to the political principles which she has always defended, even when these principles were turned against herself, and in abstaining from taking advantage, in her turn, of doctrines which she had always repudiated, the American nation has given a proof of political honesty which will acquire for it an incontestible claim to the esteem and gratitude of all Governments interested in seeing the peace of the seas maintained, and the principles of right prevail over force, in international relations, in the repose of the world, the progress of civilization, and the well-being of humanity.

His Majesty the Emperor is pleased to hope that the same wisdom and moderation which dictated to the Federal Government its latest resolutions will also direct its conduct during the continuance of those internal difficulties with which it finds itself engaged.

The event has proved to him how much these difficulties are capable of altering its political position, how much they are of a nature to encourage the hopes connected with the diminution in the power of the United States, and how much, consequently, it is its interest to terminate them as soon as possible.

The Emperor is persuaded that the statesmen who have shown themselves able to take such an elevated view of the foreign interests of their country will also know how to make their internal policy superior to popular passion.

Be pleased, Monsieur, to express to the Federal Government these feelings of our august master, and to reiterate the assurance of the satisfaction with which his Imperial Majesty would see the American Union consolidated by measures of conciliation which might regulate the present, without establishing germs of discord for the future, and so restore these conditions of strength and prosperity which we desire, not only because of the cordial sympathy which unites the two countries, but because the maintenance of its power is important in the highest degree to the general political equilibrium. Receive, &c. Gortchakoff.

The Line Officers of the Navy.

The bill reported to Congress on Tuesday, by Mr. Sedgwick, was the work of a sub-committee, appointed by the Naval Committees, and was framed after consultation with the Secretary and Assistant Secretary of the Navy. The bill provides that the active list shall be divided into ten grades, ranking according to the date of their commission, as follows:

Flag-officers not to exceed 9, commodores not to exceed 18, captains not to exceed 30, commanders not to exceed 72, lieutenant commanders not to exceed 144, lieutenants not to exceed 360, lieutenants, junior grade, and masters not to exceed 144, quartermasters not to exceed 144. Number of passed midshipmen and naval cadets not limited. Vessels are to be divided into four classes, to be commanded by commodores, captains, commanders, and lieutenant commanders respectively. The Secretary of the Navy is directed to appoint an advisory board of officers to scrutinize the active list of officers of the above masters, and recommend for further promotion or otherwise. Those whom this board report physically disabled, are to be examined by three naval surgeons. All officers not recommended for further promotion, are, if the President approve, to be placed on the retired list. Officers recommended shall be immediately commissioned in grades as above. If there be not enough on the active list, the next 144 graduates from the Naval Academy shall be commissioned as masters. A similar Advisory Board shall be appointed every three years. No officer shall be commissioned as flag-officer who shall not have distinguished himself in battle, and, upon recommendation of the President, receive the thanks of Congress. In time of peace, vacancies are to be filled in regular line of promotion from commodores, subject to examination. No officer who has received the thanks of Congress shall be retired until he has been sixty years in the service. Any line officer of navy or marine corps may be advanced one grade if upon recommendation of the President he receive the thanks of Congress for distinguished conduct in battle. Acting volunteer lieutenants and masters from civilife may be confirmed and placed in line of promotion, if, upon the President's recommendation, they have received the thanks of Congress. Seamen may be promoted to forward warrant officers or acting master's mates upon recommendation of their commanding officers, approved by the flag-officer and Department, and shall receive upon such promotion a gratuity of $100. Students in the Naval Academy are to be styled naval cadets till graduation, when they shall receive appointment as midshipmen, ranking in order of merit, on the next examination to be entitled to warrant as passed midshipmen. If unable to pass, to be struck from the list and not to be reinstated. Naval cadets are to be between fifteen and seventeen years old, not less than five feet tall, and physically sound. Each Congressional district will be entitled to two, to be nominated by a member from the five best scholars of the public schools in his district. The President is to select these from the district of Columbia from the five best scholars, and ten at large from the orphans of officers or men of the army or navy who have lost their lives in battle. Senators are to fill vacancies from rebel States, apportioned according to troops furnished by the States they represent, the appointments to be from orphans of officers or men of the army and navy who have died in battle. Three senior flag-officers are to carry a square blue flag at mainmast, the next three at foremast, and all others at mizzen. Flag-officers are to rank with major generals; commodores are to rank with brigadier generals; captains with colonels; commanders with lieutenant colonels; lieutenant commanders with majors; lieutenants with captains; masters with first lieutenants; passed midshipmen with second lieutenants. Officers retired by the act of August may be promoted upon the retired list if without reproach. The Secretary of the Navy is authorized to prepare a graduated scale of pay of line officers under this act so as not to increase the aggregate pay, and to submit the same to Congress.

Arrest of an Extensive Forger.

The Chicago *Post* states that one of the most extensive forgeries that have of late been detected was quashed on Saturday last, in Cleveland. The principal in the nefarious business is E. S. Piper, who has had association with a man named C. B. Bruce. Both are now imprisoned. Their operations commenced in Wisconsin, during the month of November last, by selling to different bankers a number of drafts, purporting to have been drawn by the Bank of Toledo on the Ocean Bank, of New York, in favor of C. B. Bruce. The Ocean Bank discovered the fraud, and notified the Wisconsin bankers.

The forgeries already discovered amount in the aggregate to over $25,000, extending over a period of three months, and embracing in operations the States of Wisconsin, Illinois, Missouri, and Iowa. The *modus operandi* was to get a genuine draft of some Western bank on a New York city bank, for a small amount, and then, by the use of acid, obliterating the original sum, and filling in the blank with a larger amount, leaving the signatures and all the other parts of the draft intact. The nature of the acid was such that only the writing fluid was affected by it, the printed portion remaining untouched. One of the drafts had been raised from $475 to $1,500, and it is impossible for the most experienced expert to discover the alteration, and even the strongest magnifying glass failed to detect anything wrong.

On December 12th, several of the Wisconsin bankers, who had been victimized to the amount of about $6,000, placed the matter in the hands of ex-Chief of Police Beck, of Milwaukee, with ample means to prosecute a search for the swindlers. He immediately took hold of the case, and visited the principal points in Wisconsin. A correspondence with Chief C. P. Bradley, of Chicago, resulted in the discovery of similar frauds in Illinois and Iowa, which Mr. Bradley was then engaged in tracing out on behalf of the Illinois bankers.

Subsequently, it was ascertained that the police of St. Louis were on the track of the rascals. The combined efforts of the officers were successful. Piper was traced to Cleveland, and was supposed to have in his possession $12,000, but when searched at Hinkley he had only ten cents.

Proceedings of City Councils.

Both branches of Councils held their regular stated meetings yesterday afternoon.

SELECT BRANCH.

Theo. Cuyler, President, in the chair.

A petition was received from the United States Fire Company asking to be located as a steam fire-engine company.

Tom C. & D. Cadwalader, relative to the lease of Coates-street wharf.

From the Board of Managers of St. John's Orphan Asylum, asking for an appropriation of $3,000 from Councils, on the ground that the expense for supporting the institution is calculated at $1,000. Referred to Committee on Finance.

From the St. Vincent's Home, also asking for a gratuity. At present there are seventy-seven children in the house, for which five dollars each per month is paid. Since the organization of the institution five hundred and seventeen children have been admitted. Referred.

A communication was received from the Board of Health, asking for the desks formerly used by Councils. Referred.

From the Commissioner of Markets, Chief Engineer of Water Works, and Highways, submitting numerous appointments made by them for confirmation.

From the Controllers of Public Schools, asking for an appropriation of $500 to pay the annual rental of the High School, Museum of Dr. McMurtrie, resigned.

From the same body, asking for the erection of a school-house in the Twenty-fourth ward.

From John Ketcham, respecting certain warrants that had been sold for over payment. Referred.

The Committee on Girard Estate reported an ordinance making an appropriation of $53,400, out of the income of said estate, for paying certain expenses, including taxes, salaries of officers, repairs, improvements, &c.

The Chamber resolved itself into a committee of the whole, Mr. Fox in the chair, and the bill was passed.

Mr. Megary, from the Committee on Water, reported a resolution for laying water pipe on Ellsworth and Sixteenth streets, in the First ward.

Mr. Fox asked for the usual explanation of this resolution, which was promptly given by the chairman, and it then passed.

Mr. Fox, from the Committee on City Property, reported relative to the $6,000 which had been asked to be appropriated for the improvement of the parade ground. Laid on the table.

Mr. McIlvaine reported the annual appropriation bill to schools, which was referred to the Committee on Finance.

Mr. Cathrwood offered an ordinance making the Twenty-fifth ward into a supervisor's district. Referred to the Committee on Highways.

Mr. Weitzell offered an ordinance defining the duties of the Committee on Finance relative to securities. The committee are to set forth the nature and kind of the securities, and the affidavit of the parties who offer them, to be presented to Councils for their approval.

Mr. Fox moved to refer it to the Committee on Finance. He did not object to the ordinance, but he thought it might be improved.

The motion to refer was agreed to.

Mr. Ingham offered a resolution requesting the Committee on Finance to report the feasibility and expediency of allowing outstanding warrants to be received in payment for taxes. Agreed to.

Mr. Megary offered a resolution asking for a committee, composed of the chairman of each of the joint special committees from each Chamber, to whom shall be referred the municipal code reported to Councils, the committee to make a report from time to time. The motion was agreed to.

Mr. Davis offered a resolution, inquiring into the present mode of construction of sewers and inlets, as to their durability, and the material used, &c. Agreed to.

Mr. Davis also offered a resolution, requesting the Chief Commissioner of Highways to inform Councils by whom, and by what authority, Carlisle street is partially closed at Jefferson street by the running of a fence half way across. Agreed to.

Mr. Armstrong offered a resolution, that a joint committee of five be appointed to confer with the Board of Managers of the Philadelphia House of Correction for the furtherance of that institution. Agreed to.

Mr. Amstutz also offered a resolution, instructing the Committee on Finance to include in their annual appropriation $1,000 for two extra clerks in the Water Department. Referred to the Committee on Water.

The bill from Common Council, making an appropriation to the Department of City Property, was taken up. Mr. Ingham in the chair.

While the consideration of the bill was pending, the chairman rose to meet Common Council in conference, for the purpose of electing sixteen police magistrates. (See report of Common Council.)

Upon re-assembling, Mr. Weitzell offered a resolution that the Commissioners of the Sinking Fund inform Councils whether they contemplate an exchange of stock of the Pennsylvania Railroad Company for certificates of the City Loan. Agreed to.

The consideration of the bill making an appropriation to the Department of City Property was resumed.

Mr. Cuyler moved to insert $10,000 instead of $5,000 for the improvement of Fairmount Park, which was, after a short debate, agreed to.

Mr. Fox moved to insert an additional item of $1,000 for manuring and sodding the public squares. After a spirited opposition, the amendment was agreed to.

Mr. McIlvaine moved to strike out $300 and insert $3,000 for the improvement of Hunting Park.

This, like the previous amendment, was strongly objected to by Mr. Weitzell.

Mr. Baird said, from the manner in which this appropriation was being swelled up one would think we were living in times of peace instead of war. He was opposed to appropriating money which we had not yet obtained.

The amendment was agreed to by a vote of 12 to 10.

Mr. Barron moved to strike out $500 and insert $2,500 for the improvement of Norris Square. Agreed to.

Mr. Barron also moved to amend item 5, by including $300 for the salary of the superintendent of Norris Square. Agreed to.

Mr. Fox moved a new item appropriating $500 to pay for the purchase of coal since January 1, 1862. Agreed to.

The committee now arose, the bill was reported to the Chamber, when

Mr. Megary moved to strike out $3,000 and insert $300 for the improvement of Hunting Park, upon which the yeas and nays were called.

The motion was agreed to by a vote of 12 to 10.

A motion to strike out $2,500 and insert $500 for the improvement of Norris Square; also, $500 for the salary of the superintendent, was lost by a vote of 13 to 9.

A motion to strike out $10,000 for the improvement of Fairmount Park, was also lost.

Mr. Lynd moved to reduce the item for the improvement of the Parade Ground from $6,000 to $1,000, which was lost by a vote of 17 to 4.

Mr. Craig moved a reconsideration of the item for the improvement of Hunting Park, which was agreed to on account of Mr. McIntyre, who previously moved to insert $3,000, not being present when the vote was taken.

It was then agreed to make the item $3,000 instead of $300, by a vote of 15 nays to 7 yeas.

The ordinance, as amended, was then passed.

The ordinance appropriating $2,000 for the proper celebration of the 22d, and for entertaining the Governor and Legislature of Pennsylvania, was taken up, and after some discussion was agreed to.

The Chamber at this hour, 20 minutes of 8 o'clock, took a recess for half an hour. [Conclusion on third page.]

COMMON BRANCH.

Mr. Kerr, president, was in the chair.

Communications as follows were received: From Strickland Kneass, calling attention to the need of repairs to Market-street bridge; from General Patterson, inviting Councils to witness the review of troops on the Twenty-second; from John W. Bickley, submitting a proposal to clean the streets; from B. M. Jackson, presenting a correct copy of Washington's Farewell Address. Referred to committees.

Mr. Cattell made a statement relative to the repairs needed at Market-street bridge.

Mr. Smith supported him.

On motion of Mr. Cattell, the matter was referred to the Committee on Highways instead of that on City Property.

Mr. Baird reported the police appropriation for next year of $797,257. Ordered to be printed.

Mr. Harper offered a series of resolutions complimenting General Chas. F. Smith for his services at Fort Donelson, and authorizing the mayor to present him with a sword. Adopted.

Mr. Trego offered a joint resolution directing the appointment of a select special committee of five from each Chamber, to co-operate with the managers of the House of Correction in the furtherance of the object. Adopted.

On the part of the Chamber, the chair appointed Messrs. Trego, Baird, Cresswell, Barger, and Tomlinson.

Mr. Loughlin offered the following:

An ordinance to provide for the proper observance of the 22d of February, and for the reception and entertainment of the Governor and members of the Legislature.

The Select and Common Council of the city of Philadelphia do ordain: That the sum of —— dollars be, and the same is hereby, appropriated, to be expended in providing for the proper entertainment of the Governor and members of the Legislature of the State of Pennsylvania, in their contemplated visit to the city, on the 22d day of February, and also in carrying into effect such arrangements as will conduce to the proper observance of the approaching anniversary of the birth of the illustrious Washington. The money shall be expended under the direction of the said joint special committee already appointed, to which committee shall be added the presidents of the two Chambers of Councils

Sect. 2. Warrants shall be drawn for said amount by the clerk of Councils.

Mr. Leigh seconded the ordinance.

Mr. Harper advocated the expenditure as judicious.

Mr. Trego regretted that the ordinance had been offered, as he was a member of the committee, who would afterwards be charged with squandering the money. If $2,000 were appropriated, the whole Legislature will turn out for a high old time, as they would naturally expect under the circumstances.

Mr. Barger hoped the appropriation would pass. He reprehended the economy that refused to entertain the Legislature as mean and parsimonious

Mr. Cattell opposed entertaining the Legislature, but favored the appropriation for a celebration.

Mr. Quinn also favored the celebration, on the ground that the Legislature were never conciliated by the city.

The ordinance, after further debate, passed by a vote of 34 to 7.

The Chamber then went into an election for police magistrates, as follows:

Dist.	Dist.
1st.—J. T. Harmer.	9th.—James McPeak.
2d.—Wm. McMullen.	10th.—Hugh Clark.
3d.—John White.	11th.—S. Field
4th.—R. M. Huger.	12th.—Wm. McShane.
5th.—R. T. Carter.	13th.—James E. Wood.
6th.—John Devlin.	14th.—Geo. H. Mecke.
7th.—G. Williams.	15th.—Josiah Korper.
8th.—A. T. Caines.	16th.—R. L. Neal.

The bill authorizing the lease of certain city wharves (as already published in *The Press*) was confirmed, after a debate, in which sharp personalities were exchanged between Dr. Sites and Mr. Quinn.

A petition was presented for the location of the Assistance Fire Company.

The resolutions relative to the capture of Roanoke Island were concurred in.

The appropriation of $61,450 for the purposes of the Girard trust, from the Girard fund, was passed finally.

The resolution of Select Council (passed at last meeting) to prosecute the sureties of certain street-cleaning contractors, was concurred in.

The bill appropriating $270,917 to the Commissioners of the Sinking Fund for 1862, passed finally.

The Chamber then took up the appropriation bill of $152,656 to the Water Department. It passed finally, and the Chamber adjourned until Tuesday next, when a special meeting will be held.

PHILADELPHIA BOARD OF TRADE.

THOMAS KIMBER, Jr.,
ISRAEL MORRIS,
JOSEPH C. GRUBB,
} Committee of the Month.

LETTER BAGS

At the Merchants' Exchange, Philadelphia.

Ship John Leslie, Given.....Liverpool, soon
Ship Arnold Boninger, Hashagen.....London, soon
Ship Tranquebar, Goodwin.....London, soon
Ship Moro Castle, Dunn.....London, soon
Bark Thomas Dallett, Dill.....Laguayra, soon
Brig Keoka, Burns.....Barbadoes, soon
Brig Imaisafl, McIntosh.....Barbadoes, soon
Schr Fannie, Vance.....Havana, soon
Schr Alma, Elderkin.....St Thomas, soon

SAILING OF THE OCEAN STEAMERS. FROM THE UNITED STATES.

SHIPS	LEAVE	FOR	DAY.
Chester	New York	Kingston, Ja	Feb 20
Jura	Portland	Liverpool	Feb 22
Etna	New York	Liverpool	Feb 22
United Kingdom	New York	Glasgow	Feb 25
Asia	New York	Liverpool	Feb 26
Kangaroo	New York	Liverpool	March 1
Norwegian	Portland	Liverpool	March 1
Karnak	New York	Nassau	March 3
Canada	Boston	Liverpool	March 5
C of New York	New York	Liverpool	March 8
Bohemian	Portland	Liverpool	March 8
Arabia	Boston	Liverpool	March 12
Bremen	New York	Bremen	March 15
Niagara	Boston	Liverpool	March 15
Caledonia	New York	Glasgow	March 25

FROM EUROPE.

SHIPS	LEAVE	FOR	DAY.
Norwegian	Liverpool	Portland	Feb 8
Canada	Liverpool	Boston	Feb 8
C of New York	Liverpool	New York	Feb 12
Bornssia	Southampton	New York	Feb 12
Arabia	Liverpool	Boston	Feb 15
Bremen	Southampton	New York	Feb 19
Glasgow	Liverpool	New York	Feb 19
Caledonia	Glasgow	New York	Feb 22
Niagara	Liverpool	Boston	Feb 22
Hammonia	Southampton	New York	Feb 26
Saxonia	Southampton	New York	March 12

*** The California Mail Steamers sail from New York on the 1st, 11th and 21st of each month.

MARINE INTELLIGENCE.

PORT OF PHILADELPHIA, Feb. 21, 1862.

SUN RISES.....6 46—SUN SETS.....5 41
HIGH WATER.....7 59

ARRIVED.

Bark White Wing, Ealing, from Porto Cabello 1st inst, with coffee and hides to John Dallett & Co. Left brigs Ida, hence, waiting cargo, and Thos B Wattson, from and for New York, repairing; also about 10 French and Spanish vessels, waiting cargoes. Took a pilot off Indian River 19th inst—towed up by tug America. Off the Fourteen-feet Bank saw brig St Marys, from New York; off the Buoy on the Middle, brig Losango, from St Jago.

Schr Magnum Bonum, Harding, 16 days from Winterport, with potatoes to order.

Schr Lucy, Spencer, 2 days from Brandywine, Del, with corn to R M Lea.

Schr J J Barrell, Jones, 5 days from Baltimore, with feed to R M Lea.

CLEARED.

Bark Anna Hall, Gill, Queenstown, for orders, Workman & Co.

Schr Annie, Le Blanc, Port Spain, Trinidad, Van Horn, Woodworth & Co.

Schr W G Bartlett, Connelly, Port Royal, SC, Navy Agent.

Schr Narragansett, Hall, Key West, D S Stetson & Co.

(Correspondence of the Philadelphia Exchange.)

LEWES, Del., Feb 19—10 A M.

The ship Robert Cushman, for Philadelphia, and a fleet of schooners, all from Philadelphia, went to sea this morning. The following vessels are at the Breakwater: Bark Harriet Fish, from New York; schrs George Fales, P Blake, Rebecca, Benjamin Grier, from Buenos Vista, NS, with captain and two of the crew sick with measles; L S Levering, from Cuba; Meteor (prize), with salt; a vessel from Rio de Janeiro, waiting orders; M Sedgwick, from Portland, and revenue cutter Dobbin. The brig Julia Maine has just come to the Breakwater, and remains, with bark Alamo, bound to Ship Island. Wind NE.

Yours, &c. AARON MARSHALL.

MEMORANDA.

Bark Tacony, Munday, from Licata, was at Messina 23d ult.

Bark Wheatland, Peacock, from Palermo for N York, was at Bermuda 13th inst—arrived 4th, with loss of sails and in want of provisions. The master reports striking the reefs at the West End, but his vessel is tight. He is sending forward his lumber and masts. She will probably heave out and recopper after landing his sulphur.

Brig J Carey, Coale, Linden, hence, was discharging at Rio de Janeiro 7th ult.

Brig Wm H Parks, McAlvy, hence, via Bermuda 24 inst. for Bath, Me, at Holmes' Hole 16th inst.

Brig Breeze, Outerbridge, hence, was discharging at Rio de Janeiro 7th ult.

Schr R G Whilden, Neal, sailed from Bermuda 12th inst for New York, with 1700 boxes lemons from bark Wheatland.

Schr G C Morris, Artis, sailed from Bermuda 12th inst. for Philadelphia, in ballast.

Schr S Hinks, Weaver, for Philadelphia, 8 A Apples ton, Terge, for do, and G B Foster, Stevens, for Milford, Del, cleared at New York 19th inst.

Schr Mary Turbell, of North Kingstown, RI, 163 tons register, built at Milford, Del, about twelve years since, and now at Dighton, Mass, has been sold to parties in New York for $2,400.

MACHINERY AND IRON.

PENN STEAM ENGINE AND BOILER WORKS.—NEAFIE & LEVY, PRACTICAL AND THEORETICAL ENGINEERS, MACHINISTS, BOILER-MAKERS, BLACKSMITHS, and FOUNDERS, having, for many years, been in successful operation, and been exclusively engaged in building and repairing Marine and River Engines, high and low pressure, Iron Boilers, Water Tanks, Propellers, &c., &c., respectfully offer their services to the public, as being fully prepared to contract for Engines of all sizes, Marine, River, and Stationary, having sets of patterns of different sizes, are prepared to execute orders with quick despatch. Every description of pattern making made at the shortest notice. High and Low-pressure Flues, Tubular and Cylinder Boilers of the best Scotch and Common iron, Boiler Tubes of all sizes and kinds; Iron and Brass Castings, of all descriptions; Roll Turning, Screw-Cutting, and all other work connected with the above business.

Drawings and Specifications for all work done at their establishment, free of charge, and work guaranteed.

The subscribers have ample wharf-dock room for repairs of boats, where they can be in perfect safety, and are provided with sheers, blocks, falls, &c., &c., for raising heavy or light weights.

JACOB C. NEAFIE,
JOHN P. LEVY,
BEACH and PALMER Streets.

J. VAUGHAN MERRICK, JOHN R. COPE,
WILLIAM H. MERRICK, HARTLEY MERRICK,

SOUTHWARK FOUNDRY,
FIFTH AND WASHINGTON STREETS,
PHILADELPHIA.
MERRICK & SONS,
ENGINEERS AND MACHINISTS.
Manufacture High and Low Pressure Steam Engines, for land, river, and marine service.
Boilers, Gasometers, Tanks, Iron Boats, &c.; Castings of all kinds, either iron or brass.
Iron-Frame Roofs for Gas Works, Workshops, Railroad Stations, &c.
Retorts and Gas Machinery of the latest and most improved construction.
Every description of Plantation Machinery, such as Sugar, Saw, and Grist Mills, Vacuum Pans, Open Steam Trains, Defecators, Filters, Pumping Engines, &c.
Sole Agents for N. Hillmann's Patent Sugar Boiling Apparatus; Nesmyth's Patent Steam Hammer, and Aspinwall & Wolsey's Patent Centrifugal Sugar Draining Machine. au5-tf

LEGAL.

MUNICIPAL CLAIMS.—NOTICE is hereby given to the owners of the properties mentioned in the appended memoranda of municipal liens, that writs of Scire Facias will be issued thereon in three months from the date, unless the several sums of money specified therein as being due for labor and material shall be paid to the undersigned on or before the 15th day of May, 1862.

WILLIAM M. SMITH,
Attorney for Plaintiff,
No. 625 WALNUT Street.

February 13th, 1862. fe14-f14t

The City of Philadelphia to the use of Rhoads and Hinckle, vs. John McDowell, Jr., owner or reputed owner, or whoever may be owner. Common Pleas, December Term, 1861, No. 217. $66.57, against lot on the east side of Fourth street, 160 feet north of Norris.

Same vs. Same. Common Pleas, December Term, 1861, No. 218. $46.91, against lot on northwest corner of Fourth and Hackley streets.

Same vs. Same. Common Pleas, December Term, 1861, No. 216. $274.13, against lot at the southeast corner of Fourth and Norris streets.

Same vs. Stephen Torram. Common Pleas, December Term, 1861, No. 220. $50.15, against lot on the east side of Fourth street, 166feet 1 inch south of Norris.

Same vs. Same. Common Pleas, December Term, 1861, No. 219. $316.14, against lot southwest corner of Fourth and Hackley streets.

Same vs. Barclay Lippincott. Common Pleas, December Term, 1861, No. 221. $76.44, against lot on the west side of Fourth street, 86 feet north of Norris.

IN THE COURT OF COMMON PLEAS OF PHILADELPHIA COUNTY.

In the matter of the distribution of a certain sum of money paid into Court upon the petition of HENRY HOOVER, to pay off and extinguish a certain ground rent.

The Auditor appointed to distribute the sum of $666.67 principal and $6 33 arrearages of a certain annual ground rent, reserved out of all that certain lot or piece of ground situate on the south side of MARSHALL Street, between Delaware THIRD and FOURTH street, in that part of the consolidated City of Philadelphia formerly the District of Southwark, at the distance of six hundred and sixty-seven feet and one-half of a foot from the west side of the said Third street, containing in front or breadth on the said Wharton street, sixteen feet, and extending of that width northward between parallel lines, at right angles to said Wharton street, sixty-five feet three inches; bounded on the north by ground granted or intended to have been granted to James B. Haimck on ground rent, on the east and west by other ground of Christopher and John Fallon, and on the south by the said Wharton street; which sums have been paid into Court in pursuance of an order made upon the petition of Henry Hoover under the provisions of an act of Assembly, entitled an act in relation to ground rents and judgments in Philadelphia county, praying that John Fallon and P. Pemberton Norris, owners of said ground rent, may be compelled to extinguish the same; will attend to the duties of his appointment at his office, No. 725 WALNUT street, on TUESDAY, February 25th, 1862, at 12 o'clock M., when and where all persons having claims upon the said sums of money are required to present them or be forever debarred from coming in upon the said fund.

M. RUSSELL THAYER,
Auditor.

fe14-fmw5t

LETTERS OF ADMINISTRATION on the Estate of ROBERT WRIGHT, deceased, having been granted to the undersigned by the Register of Wills for the City and County of Philadelphia, all persons indebted to said Estate will please make payment, and those having claims against said Estate will present them to ELIZABETH WRIGHT,
Administratrix,
No. 416 South TWELFTH Street.
Or to her Attorney, WM. B. HOOD,
de20-f6t 268 South FOURTH Street.

IN THE COURT OF COMMON PLEAS FOR THE CITY AND COUNTY OF PHILADELPHIA.

The Auditor appointed by the court, sur petition of WM. H. HOLMES et al., to state an account of the amount due by ROBERT K. SCOTT, Trustee of JOSEPH HOLMES, and ELIZA, his wife, to the said trust estate, and to report distribution of the balance in his hands, will meet the parties interested, for the purposes of his appointment, at his office, No. 829 ARCH Street, on MONDAY, March 3, 1862, at 4 o'clock P. M.

fe19-wfm 6t* EDWARD HOPPER, Auditor.

FOR SALE AND TO LET.

FOR RENT.—The new Furniture, in house corner of TWENTY-SECOND and WALLACE Streets, will be sold low, if applied for soon. House to rent, $250 per annum.

JOHN G. CHASE,
Corner of TWENTY-SECOND and MOUNT VERNON Streets. fe19-3t*

FOR RENT—The large FACTORY BUILDING, N. W. corner of TWELFTH and HUTTONWOOD Streets. Apply at 1210 CHESTNUT Street. fe17-6t*

A Desirable Modern Residence in the western part of the city will be exchanged for Small Houses, and I will give $1,000 cash with it. Apply to J. H. Waters, 110 South FOURTH Street. fe12

FOR SALE—On easy terms, a Large Factory Building, situate in the Fourteenth ward, 110 by 150, three fronts; containing Shafting, Engine, Crane, and Cupola. The above premises can be used for a Cotton Mill or Foundry, having formerly been used for both. For further particulars apply to J. H. WATERS, 110 South FOURTH Street. fe8

TO RENT A Desirable HOUSE, near BROAD and WALNUT. All modern conveniences. Reserving Office. Furniture for sale, if desired. Apply to E. PETTIT,
ja21-tf 1423 WALNUT Street.

FOR SALE OR EXCHANGE—4 fine dwellings, Brown street, above Fifteenth street; 4 dwellings, same street, below Second street. Also, farm of 80 acres on Rancocas, near the Railroad; one of 34 acres, near Coushohocken; one of 100 acres, between Holmesburg and Frankford, on the turnpike; 160 acres, 1 mile from Mount Holly; 75 acres, near Northeast Station, Maryland; 160 acres in the oil region, Venango county, Pa.; and various other properties, both in the city and country. Apply to J. H. WATERS,
fe1 110 South FOURTH Street.

HOTEL PROPERTY FOR SALE by the subscriber, at WOODBURY, New Jersey, now doing a good business. Possession given at any time. ja30-1m* JOHN F. PHIPPS.

FOR SALE—A Desirable FARM, containing 95 acres of superior land, near Sandy Run Station, North Pennsylvania Railroad, with first-class Stone buildings. Principal part of the purchase-money can remain at 5 per cent. Apply to E. PETTIT,
ja1 No. 309 WALNUT Street.

FOR SALE, CHEAP—Valuable Farm, 133 acres, near Williamstown, Camden co., New Jersey, with good improvements, only twenty-eight miles from the City. Also, several Farms to exchange. Price only $5,000. Terms easy. Apply to E. PETTIT, No. 309 WALNUT Street. fe8

30,000 PEACH TREES—ONE year's growth from the bud, choice fruit, and very fine trees—will be sold cheap. Apply to
fe1-tf J. H. WATERS, 110 S. FOURTH St.

FOR SALE, CHEAP—Two fine Fruit Farms near Dover, Delaware, convenient to Railroad Station, with good improvements. Terms easy. Possession this spring. Apply to E. PETTIT, No. 309 WALNUT Street. fe

FOR SALE AND EXCHANGE—A large number of Farms in the adjoining Counties, States of Delaware, Maryland, New York, and New Jersey, averaging from 10 to 200 acres of land. Those wishing to exchange or purchase would do well to call and examine my Register of Farms. Apply to
ja1-tf E. PETTIT, No. 309 WALNUT Street.

FARM FOR SALE.—A FARM, in excellent state of cultivation, containing fifty-one acres, twenty-nine of which are woodland, pleasantly situated in Limerick township, Montgomery county, two and a half miles from the Limerick station, on the Reading Railroad, is offered for sale. Price—Five thousand dollars ($5,000). Apply on the premises.
no16-tf SAMUEL H. GR