ARMY CONTRACTORS AND SUTLERS EUPPLIED WITH BRUSHES at the lowest rates. Always on hand, a large stock of CAVALRY BRUSHES. WAGON BRUSHES,

And every Description of Brushes required for the Army EXEMBLE & VAN HORN, ocl6-3m 321 MARKET Street, Philadelphia. ARMY FLANNELS.

WELLING, COFFIN, & CO., 116 CHESTNUT STREET, Are prepared to make contracts, for immediate delivery,

WHITE DOMET FLANNELS. AND ALL WOOL INDIGO BLUE FLANNELS, of Government standard.

SILK, BUNTING, AND COTTON FLAGS, ALL SIZES, ΑT

HORSTMANN'S,

de10-tuths3t FIFTH and CHERRY Streets. CADET MUSKETS AND EQUIP-MENTS.—We have just made to order a lot of su-perior MUSKETS snitable for Philadelphia Cadets. They perior MUSACITS suitable for Financipina Gauss: They are light and neat, such as every parent would wish to place in the hands of their sons, affording healthful exercise without being so heavy as to injure the spine.

Also, CADET EQUIPMENTS made to Hissko patagon, and the spine of the spin PHILIP WILSON & CO., 432 CHESTNUT Street. DRY-GOODS JOBBERS.

1861. TO CASH BUYERS. 1861. H.C. LAUGHLIN & Co., No. 803 MARKET STREET,

Are receiving daily, from the PHILADELPHIA and HEW YORK AUCTIONS, a general assortment of MERCHANDISE, bought for CASH. CASH BUYERS are especially invited to call and ex-

FURSI

**FURS**1

GEORGE F. WOMRATH, NOS. 415 AND 417 ARCH STREET, HAS NOW OPEN A FULL ASSORTMENT

OF LADIES' FURS. To which the attention of the Public is invited. no22tjal MILLINERY GOODS

KENNEDA,2 FLOWERS, FEATHERS, AND GENERAL MILLINERY GOODS. No. 729 CHESTNUT STREET, BELOW EIGHTH. oct-3m

DRUGS AND CHEMICALS. ROBERT SHOEMAKER & CO., Northeast Corner FOURTH and RACE Streets,

PHILADELPHIA, WHOLESALE DRUGGISTS, IMPORTERS AND DEALERS

FOREIGN AND DOMESTIC WINDOW AND PLATE GLASS. MANUFACTURERS OF WHITE LEAD AND ZINC PAINTS, PUTTY, &c. AGENTS FOR THE CELEBRATED

Dealers and consumers supplied at VERY LOW PRICES FOR CASH.

JUST RECEIVED, per "Annie Kim ball," from Liverpool, Mander, Weaver, & Manpreparations:

9h hs Extract Aconiti, in 1 h jars.
25 hs Extract Hyoscryami, in 1 h jars.
50 hs Extract Belladonna, in 1 h jars.
100 hs Extract Taraxaci, in 1 h jars.
50 hs Vin Ral Colchici, in 1 h bottles. 50 Bs Vin Rat Colchict, in 1 ib bottles.
100 Bs Ol. Succini Rect., in 1 lb bottles.
500 Bs Calomel, in 1 lb bottles.
500 Bs PH Hydrarg., in 1 lb jars.
WETHERILL & BROTHER,
h8 47 and 48 North SECOND Street.

LOOKING GLASSES. TMMENSE REDUCTION

LOOKING GLASSES, OIL PAINTINGS, ENGRAVINGS, PICTURE AND PHOTOGRAPH FRAMES. JAMES S. EARLE & SON,

816 CHESTNUT STREET, Announce the reduction of 25 per cent, in the prices of all the Manufactured Stock of Looking Glasses; also, in Engravings, Picture and Photograph Frames, Oil Paintings. The largest and most elegant assortment in the sountry. A rare opportunity is now offered to make pury shares in this line Por Cash, at remarkably Low Friend EARLE'S GALLERIES, S16 CHESTNUT Street.

CABINET FURNITURE AND BIL-LIABD TABLES. MOORE & CAMPION, No. 261 South SECOND Street, in connection with their extensive Cabinet Business are manufacturing a superior article of BILLIARD TABLES,

CABINET FURNITURE.

And have now on band a full supply, finished with the MOORE & CAMPION'S IMPROVED CUSHIONS, which are pronounced, by all who have used them, to be superior to all others,

For the quality and unish of these Tables the manufacturers refer to their numerous patrons throughout the Union, who are familiar with the character of their work, au25-6m GROLERIES.

MACKEREL, HERRING, SHAD, BALMON, &c.—3.000 bbls Mess Nos. 1, 2, and 3 MOKEREL, largo, medium, and small, in resorted ackages of choice, later-caught, fat fish. 5,000 bbls. New Hulifax, Eastport, and Labrador Herrings of Choice analysis. 5,000 bbls. New Hallfax, Eastport, and Ings, of choice qualities.
5,000 boxes extra new scaled Herrings.
5,000 boxes extra new No. 1 Herrings.
5,000 boxes large Mugdaline Herrings.
5,000 boxes large Mugdaline Herrings.
5,000 boxes Herrings Hugdaline Herrings.
5,000 boxes Herrings Herrings.
5,000 boxes Herrings County Cheece.
5,000 boxes Herrings County Cheece. In store and landing, for sale by
MURPHY & KOONS,
205 No. 146 NORTH WHARVES.

COAL OIL! COAL OIL!

GEORGE W. WOOTTEN,

AGENT FOR THE

MANUFACTURERS OF GOAL OIL, AND BE-FINERS OF COAL AND CARBON OILS.

WM. F. JOHNSTON, President, Also, Agent for BEERS, JUDSON, & BEERS, Patent

Chimneys, Lamps, &c. Burners to burn Coal Oil Without Chimneys. to examine our stock.

**PORTLAND KEROSENE** OIL.

We are now prepared to supply this

GREATLY REDUCED PRICES. 1010 MARKET STREET, BILL-HEAD PRINTING, BEST

Skates of every variety.

Cadet Muskets and Equipments, Cricket and Base Ball nents, Camp Cots, Army Chests, Guns, Pistols, &c. PHILIP WILSON & Con BROWN'S, 34 South THIRD Street. Be20 432 CHESTNUT Street.



PHILADELPHIA, SATURDAY, DECEMBER 14, 1861.

Overcoats Good and Cheap.
Overcoats With Long Tails.
Overcoats With Short Tails.
Overcoats Sack Fashion.
Overcoats Sack Fashion.
Overcoats Bangup Fashion.
Overcoats of Beaver Cloth.
Overcoats of Castor Beaver.
Overcoats of Trecot Cloth.
Overcoats of Trecot Cloth.
Overcoats of Broad Cloth.
Overcoats of Dobanney Beaver.
Overcoats of Johanney Beaver.
Overcoats of Dobanney Beaver.

CARD CASES,
WATCH STANDS,
THERMOMETERS,
PARIAN, GLASS, LAVA, AND CHINA ARTICLES,
FANS IN CRAPE, SILK, AND LINEN,
DOLLS,
Speaking, Sleeping, Model, China, Wax, and Patent.
DOLLS' SHOES,
LIOSE, Overcoats of Every Color.

Overcoats Good and Warm.
Overcoats Good and Warm.
Overcoats Good and Warm.
All other kinds of Coats in great variety, together with a rull assortment of Pants, Yests, and Gentlemen's Furnishing Goods, can be had at the new and popular depator stylish Clothing and reasonable prices. Do not buy anywhere else before looking at OAK HALL.

WANAMAKER & BROWN, OAK HALL,

1t S, E. cor. SIXTH and MARKET Sts.

Overcoats of Every Style

RETAIL DRY GOODS. GREAT ATTRACTIONS. FOR THE

HOLIDAYS ONLY.

Most suitable for

PRESENTS.

No. 1024 CHESTNUT STREET, No. 1024 CHESTNUT STREET, No. 1024 CHESTNUT STREET, No. 1024 CHESTNUT STREET,

FROM WEDNESDAY, the 11th inst. DURING THE HOLIDAYS ONLY,

A fresh and carefully selected stock of

LACES, EMBROIDERIES,

> LINENS, WHITE GOODS,

Comprising all the most recently imported novelties in Those wishing to make acceptable, as well as useful

CHRISTMAS OR NEW YEAR'S PRESENTS Would do well to call at

1024 CHESTNUT ST.

Before proceeding elsewhere. 200 VALENCIENNE TRIMMED LACE SETTS, 100 VALENCIENNE TRIMMED LACE SETTS, 400 VALENCIENNE TRIMMED LACE COL-LARS, \$102, and upwards. 200 DOZ. HEMSTITCHED HANDKERCHIEFS. 13, 16, 18, 20 cts., and upwards 500 DOZ. CORDED BORDERED HANDKER-CHIEFS, 5c, and upwards. 50 DOZ. PINE APPLE HANDKERCHIEFS, 22c. 200 REAL THREAD VEILS, \$2 to \$25, worth 100 POINTE LACE SETTS, \$5 to \$35. 100 POINTE LACE COLLARS, \$2 to \$20.

VALENCIENNE, POINTE APPLIQUE, HONI-TON, MALTESE, and other LACE COLLARS, SKITS, HANDKER-CHIEFS, CAPES, BERTHES, &c. And also in LACES, EDGINGS, and INSERT-INGS, by the yard, FRENCH EMBROIDERED COLLARS and SETTS INFANTS' WAISTS skirts, inf and ROBES, &c. CAMBRIC, SWISS, and LINEN EDGINGS, IN-SERTING, and FLOUNCING, &c. Comprising a great variety of GOODS in the above line, suitable for HOLIDAY PRE-SENTS, all fresh, desirable, and at prices defying competition.

JOHN A. MULLEN, Agent. BALMORAL SKIRTS — BALMO-

Just received, direct from the manufacturer, 1 LOT BALMORAL SKIRTS, Largest Sizes and Choicest Colors. lso, one lot of Also, one lot of
Black and White Plaid Blanket Shawls.
Long Blanket Shawls, \$4 to \$12.
Square Blanket Shawls, \$1.75 to \$6.
CHEAPEST BLANKET SHAWS IN THE CITY.
We offer great inducements to ladies in We offer great inducements to ladies in
BEAVER AND TRICOT CIRCULARS,
BEAVER AND TRICOT SACQUES,
HABIT CLOTH CIRCULARS AND SACQUES,
as we manufacture them ourselves, and are able to sell them
20 PER CENT. LESS THAN RETA (L PRICES,
NEW BRESS GOODS OPENING DAILY.
H. STEEL & SON,
del0 No. 713 North TENTH Street, above Coates. BROCHE LONG SHAWLS RE-

BUCED FÖR CHRISTMAS.
Scarlet-centre Long Shawls.
Green-centre Long Shawls.
Two-faced Long Shawls.
EYBE & LANDELL,
FOURTH and ARCH, BLACK CLOTH FOR CLOAKS.

Esquimax Beaver Cloths. and are so pleasant to the taste that patients become

OTTOMAN VELOURS, Plain dark colors and figures.
Rich printed Epinglines.
Woven styles Reps, very cheap.
IMPORTED BALMORALS,

yarda wide. SCARLET FRENCH FLANNELS, rheumatic underwear.
LOW-PRICED DE LAINES. New designs, constantly arriving, of rich printed biouseline De Laines. SHARPLESS BROTHERS. CHESTNUT and EIGHTH Streets.

HOUSE FURNISHING DRY GOODS.—SHEPPARD, VAN HARLINGEN, & ARRISON, Importers and Deulers in Linen, and House Furnishing Dry Goods, etc.
Have now on hand a full assortment of Linen Sheeting, Table Cloths, Napkins, Table, Diaper Towelling, etc., etc., imported under the old tariff, or bought a great sacrifice. rifice.

N.B.—Five per cent, allowed on purchases as above, if paid for on delivery.

no27tf NEW FIRMS AND CHANGES.

Merchants and Public Institutions supplied with BLANK BOOKS Of all sizes, made of the best

LINEN PAPERS. AMERICAN AND FOREIGN STATIONERY in TRIPLE-EXTRA GOLD PENS.

LETTER PRESS and LITHOGRAPH PRINTING. WM. F. MURPHY & SONS, PRACTICAL BLANK-BOOK MANUFACTURERS, 1 COUNTING-HOUSE STATIONERS. PRINTERS, AND LITHOGRAPHERS, 339 CHESTNUT STREET.

Dr. vernon pierpoint,

MEMBER OF THE

BOYAL COLLEGE OF PHYSICIANS, ENGLAND, Author of "Skin Diseases and their Remedies," and

"Diseases of the Rectum." May be consulted at his 1012 WALNUT STREET, PHILADELPHIA,

FROM 16 6'clook A. M. TILL & o'CLOCK P. M., OR BY APPOINTMENT.

Dr. PIERPOINT has been especially successful in his resiment of the following diseases: SKIN DISEASES of Every Nature, NEURALGIA, BHEUMATISM, DYSPEPSIA, and DISEASES of the RECTUM. no25-tf DHILOSOPHICAL INSTRUMENTS. School Apparatus for Class Illustrations, Glober Drawing Instruments, &c., made and for sale by JAMES W. QUIER & OO., 924 CHESTNUT Street.

Priced and Illustrated Catalogues of 88 pages furnishe gratis, and sent by mail free, on application. no21-1m MARD PRINTING, BEST AND Cheapest in the City, at BINGWALT & BROWN S, 84 South THIRD Street. A QUARIUMS, FERN CASES, A variety of Fish and Plants, No. 144 North SIXTH d2-lm\*

SATURDAY, DECEMBER 14, 1861. THE REBELLION

IMPORTANT FROM KENTUCKY. A BATTLE EXPECTED SOON.

MOVEMENTS OF GENERALS SCHOEPFF AND ZOLLICOFFER. LATE SOUTHERN NEWS.

INTERESTING REPORTS FROM UNION REFUGEES.

EXCITEMENT IN TENNESSEE.

MEMPHIS.

BOMBARDMENT BY FORT PICKENS. More Cotton in South Carolina Burned

by the Planters. THE WAR IN MISSOURI.

General Price Still at Osceola. HIS ARMY WELL SUPPLIED WITH CLOTHING AND PROVISIONS.

MORE ABOUT THE ARREST OF CAPTAIN SWEENY AND HIS BAND.

THE ESCAPE OF THE PIRATE SUMPTER. STRANGE CONDUCT OF THE CAPTAIN OF THE IROQUOIS.

INTERESTING FROM BANKS' COLUMN.

HIS COMMAND. PREPARATIONS FOR GENERAL BURNSIDE'S EXPEDITION.

THE DEFENCES ALONG OUR NORTH-ERN FRONTIER.

eleven o'clock on Wednesday, there had been no fighting. The postmaster wrote: We are expecting a fight hourly. The enemy is close upon us, in force estimated at from 8,000 to 13,000 men. Our effective force is about 5,000. Both soldiers and citizens complain of General Thomas for not having sent reinforcements to Gen. Schoepff before this; but as it cannot now interfere

Buel's plan was, that General Thomas should get in the rear of Zollicoffer. Letters to-night express apprehensions of the result, should Zollicoffer force General Schoepff to an engagement before General Thomas arrives. An officer, arrived from London this evening gars that it was rumored there that after the picker fighting. Zollicoffer was again retreating. If this

tercept him. Troops continue to pour into Louisville. Four regiments passed through yesterday. The Commercial's despatch from Frankfort says that the paymaster from London reports Crittenden at Cumberland Gap with 1,500 rebels, and a large force in the vicinity.

tured with him, were killed by the rebels after driven from Owensville, Bath county, and the town is in possession of four hundred rebels, who are committing the greatest excesses, Reinforcements for Kentucky

CINCINNATI, December 13 .- The Louisville Journal, of yesterday, says that all the regiments from Indiana, which have now the minimum number of order will throw from nine to ten thousand men into Kentucky during this and the coming week.

A letter from Somerset, Ky., dated the 7th, confirms the capture, by the rebels, of Major Helveti

J. R. Richardson, postmaster at Somerset, Ky,, writes, under date of the 10th, that Zollicoffer has crossed the Cumberland river twenty miles below Wartsboro, on a bridge formed of coal barges, with from nine to fifteen thousand troops. We expect a fight to-morrow. The Federal forces under General Schoepff are six regiments and two batteries. The Democrat discredits the above, failing to get a confirmation from its correspondent. Destruction of a Bridge on the Memphis Branch Railroad.

A despatch from Bowling Green, published in the Nashville papers of the 5th instant, and dated the 4th says: The bridge on the Memphis Branch Road, over Whippoorwill creek, was burned by the Federals last night. Two Confederates were killed and eleven taken prisoners. Four Federals were wounded.

rially:

A private despatch was received in the city yesterday morning, stating that a bridge on the Clarks-ville branch of the Louisville and Nashville Railroad, near Russellville, was burned Wednesday night. The bridge was guarded by eighteen men, who were attacked by a body of about fitty men, These men fired upon the guard, one of whom made his escape. The escaped guard reports that, as he left, he saw two of his comrades fall, and he supposed they were killed. He supposes the remainder of the mind of the supposes the remainder of the mind of the supposes the remainder of the mind.

Schoepff and Zollicoffer. The Chicago Tribune of the 11th inst. says: The position of affairs in Northeastern Kentucky, The position of affairs in Northeastern Kentucky, or the line to Cumberland Gap, is as follows: The two East Tennessee regiments remain at Camp Calvert, near London, just where they halted when the pursuit of Zoillicoffer was first abandoned. Zollicoffer has come back into the State, but by andiction has come back into the State, but by another road, taking the turnpike through Whitely and Wayne counties to the north bank of the Cumberland river, below Somerset This plane, the headquarters of Gen. Schoepff's command, is about thirty miles east of London. Zollicoffer has all the way from 9,000 to 12,000 troops. He was evidently heading for Bowling Green when the advance of our troops threatened his rear. Gen. Schoepff has following troops, with more, probably, to come:
2d Ohio Regiment.......Col. Len. A. Harris,
17th Ohio Regiment.......Col. John M. Connell.

38th Oho Regiment. Col. John M. Connell.
38th Oho Regiment. Col. Ed. D. Brailley.
59th Ohio Regiment. Col. James P. Fyffe.
Kentucky Infantry. Col. Thos. J. Bramlett
Kentucky Infantry. Col. Henry Grider.
First Ky. Gavalry (portion). Col. Frank Wolford.
Capitalis Standart's Ohio Battery.
And another battery.

most within shot distance of each other, and hairbreadth escapes of skirmishing parties were of dai Gen. Geo. B. Crittenden, the new rebel commanding General of East Tonnessee and East Kentucky, is at Cumberland Gap, in force, with thirty days ratione, and it is feared that he may advance into Kentucky. The Union troops at London and Wild Cat, on the Lexington and Cumberland road, are reported to have withdrawn to Somerset, and Crittenden would find no serious obstacles to an advance other than the condition of the roads, which on that route are said to be bad. We should have some big news from that quarter before many days, despite the rumor that Schoepff is under orders not to fight unless attacked.

vious accounts were all the result of panic. The Gincinnati Gazette's Frankfort correspondent telegraphs that Gen. George B. Crittenden is certainly advancing from Cumberland Gap on Lexington. It may be so, but we doubt it, as it is not more than a week since he was in Bowling Green. The latest news from that region states that Parson Brownlow is actually in the field, all state. ments to the contrary notworthstanding. One statement goes so far as to say that he is advancing into Kentucky. If so, and Crittenden is there with only 5,000 men, he may have to encounter Brownlow in his rear. We have no authentic reports on this point.

NEWS FROM THE SOUTH.

Interesting Report of Union Refugees. CINCINNATI, December 13.—The Commercial says: We had yesterday a very interesting interview with two Union refugees from Louisiana, who had succeeded in making their way from New Orleans to Nashville, and through the rebel lines to the Chio. They confirm the report of the utter stagnation of business in New Orleans, the constant apprehension of attack, and the scarcity of nearly all the necessaries of life. All the men between eighteen and forty-five are being impressed into the service. Memphis is strongly fortified on the river side There were two gunboats at the landing; a regi-

ment of infantry and a few companies of artillery comprised all the troops at that point. The city was in a high state of excitement on that day, and on the following an attempt was made to draft the citizens into the army. The indignation of the people was intense. A riot broke out in the Fourth ward. Four policemen, who attempted to quell the riot, were shot dead. The mob rushed to the Capitol to attack Gov. Harris, who fled to Memphis. The papers the next day announced that he had gone thither on business.

Last Saturday, 2,500 men from Louislana passed through Nashville for Bowling Green, carrying black flags embellished with a skull and cross bones. They were mostly sixty day men, armed entirely with shot guns. The people at Nashville are constantly expecting a battle at Bowling Green. The forces at that point are estimated by the papers and well-informed people at 25,000, and reinforcements are constantly going forward. The hospitals at Nashville are filled with the sick, the number being estimated at from 8,000 to 10,000 (?) The inmates complained of the lack of attention, and that they were suffering for want of

The prevailing diseases were pneumonia and small-pox. The troops from Texas, Louisiana, and Mississippi suffered most. Almost all the Texas rangers are on the sick list, and in a pitiable condition. The deaths were frequent, and supplied the draymen of the city with their principal business. On Saturday, a train of six cars, filled with sick, came in from Bowling Green. Excitement at Norfolk.

FORTRESS MONROE, Dec. 12 .- The Norfolk Day Book is considerably excited in relation to a rumor that Norfolk is to be attacked, and suggests that additional obstructions be placed at the entrance of the barbor. If not done by the military authorities, it urges that the City Councils take it in hand. At Richmond, on Wednesday, the war excitement was at its height, a storm of war being expected to burst momentarily somewhere. A despatch, dated Memphis December 10th, says that New Madrid is now fortified. It is rumored

that the contemplated attack on Cairo has been The iron ram Manassas arrived at Columbus, Ky., on Sunday. BALTIMORE, Dec. 13 .- The Richmond papers received by the Old Point boat furnish the following extracts of reports to amuse their rebel readers:

The Dispatch has, among its telegrams, the fol-"Seizure of a Schooner-Boldness of the Hessians. "AUGUSTA, Dec. 10.—The Charleston Courier of this morning, says that the Lincoln fleet seized a schooner on Saturday, and that a steamer was seen passing, on Monday, with a floating battery or dock in tow." The Norfolk Day Book speaks of the important arrest there of a number of slaves, who were in the act of making their escape to the North. They had

\$1,500 of stolen money about them. An examination was had before the Mayor, but for prudential reasons the report of it is, withheld. Louisville, Dec. 13 .- The Bowling Green Couier of the 9th inst. deprecates the discouraging effect of the burning of the Whippoorwill bridge on the Memphis Branch Railroad by the Federals. Its correspondent says that nothing indicates a forward movement of either army this winter. [Correspondence of The Press.] Tempessee money, which was 15 to 20 per cent.

discount twenty days since, is now 35 per cent. dis-The Savannah Republican urges Jeff Davis to send Wm. C. Rives and John J. Ward to France and England as ambassadors. The Courier says that there are 15,000 Kentucki-

ans in the rebel army. Rebel News from Pensacola, FORTRESS MONROE, Dec. 12.—The Norfolk Day Book has dates from Pensacola to December 3d. No further fighting, but Bragg was hourly expecting a renewal of the attack from Fort Pickens. The Federal vessels were flitting in and out of the harbor in a most bewildering manner to the rebels. At times there would be a dozen in the evening, and all but two disappear before morning. The Montgomery Mail, of the 6th inst., congratulates its readers at the report that old Harvey Brown has died of wounds received in the late fight at Fort Pickens. Passengers up from Pensa-

cola this morning say that the report is firmly believed, but not positively known to be true. Destruction of the Cotton Crop. BALTIMORE, Dec. 13 .- The Richmond Dispatch of Wednesday, received by the Old Point boat, contains the tollowing mail items :

The Charleston Courier of the 8th says, that or Wednesday night a detachment of the Beaufort Artillery, twenty-two men, passed over to the island and visited Boaufort, where utter desolation and abandonment was relieved only by the presence of one light, and a barking dog. There were no signs of the enemy either on land or water. Our men then proceeded to the work of destruction. The chief object was to destroy the crops of cotton and provisions on Paris Island, which, being near the enemy, was crowded by the negroes, who had flocked there to escape from the control of their owners. Owing to the want of boats, this object was but partially effected. Seven hundred bales of cotton and seven hundred bushels of corn were burnt on Dr. Thomas Fuller's plantation. Returning to the Battery plantation, the work of destruction was resumed, and the torch was successively applied to the cotton of twolve other plantations, and the contents of five barns were emptied and consumed. Seventeen crops, amounting to nearly four thousand bales, were thus effectually

removed from the langs of the destroyers. The Courier says the English steamship-of-war, Racer arrived off Charleston harbor on Friday, brought despatches to the British Consul. The Racer left the next day for Port Royal The Courier, of the 9th, says: "On Friday last there were in sight near this harbor the steamship Susquehanna, two side-wheel gun boats, a storeship, a large schooner supposed to be laden with coal, and the Swedish bark Wenona. We hear that this last vessel was bound to this port, supposing there was no blockade, which want of information will be unfortunate for her owners, as she will,

no doubt, be seized." The Seizure of Mason and Slidell. A New Orleans correspondent of the Charleston Courrer, writing in reference to the solzure of Slidell and Mason, communicates the following: Slidell and Mason, communicates the following:

The British Consul here immediately justified the act, and went to the trouble of supplying English legal authority to appear in a leader of one of our city journals. Neither the research of Mr. Muir, nor his judgment on points of international dispute, are esteemed very highly, but last month he was at Washington, in consultation with Lord Lyons, and the prompt inclination of the consul to justify Lincoln may be the result of indications of British policy communicated to his Lordship.

The Confederate Flag.

The adoption of our present flag was a natural, but most pernicious blunder. As the old flag itself was not the author of our wrongs, we tore off a piece of the dear old rag, and set it up as a standard. Wo took it for granted a flag was a divisible thing, and proceeded to set off our proportion. So we took, at a rough calculation, our share of the stars and our fraction of the strings, and not then Crittenden would find no serious obstacles to an advance other than the condition of the roads, which on that route are said to be bad. We should have some big news from that quarter before many days, despite the rumor that Schoopff is under orders not to fight unless attacked.

News from Somerset—Parson Browntow Actually in the Field.

The Louisville Democrat, of the 11th inst., says: Passengers down last night from Frankfort report that a sow received at the capital represents that Zollicoffer had not crossed the Cumberland on Monday, possibly deterred by the rise in the river, no robbery, but all right and fair. And we should where he would await reinforcements. The pre
The South of the Catholic Instatute.

From Gen. Banks' Column.

Franks' Column.

From Gen. Banks' Column.

Franks' Column.

From Gen. Banks' Column.

From Gen. Banks' Column.

From Gen. Banks' Column.

The New York Herald says the Canadians are then came out with the chances of a war with the United States, and a general call to arms seems wille, on Tuesday, proves to have been nothing but attilled conversed this morning, but owing to the military programme of the day, no cases were brought up, and the court adsoluted to represent, and the North had not crossed the Cumberland on Monday, possibly deterred by the rise in the river, no robbery, but all right and fair. And we should where he would await reinforcements. The pre
The Louisville Democrat, of the 11th inst., says:

Passengers down last night from Frankfort report that a swe received at the capture of the stripes, and then came out with the chances of a war with the throat will continue the beances of a war with the three cannouts wille, on Tuesday, proves to have been nothing but attilled with greater exactness and constancy than the visit of the stripes, and then came out attilled with greater exactness and constancy than the visit of the stripes, and to free the day. Volunteers are being day, no cases were brought up, and the court adjourned at an early hour. The trial of Privat

whole and adopted another. But if we did not choose to assert our title to the whole, was it politic or judicious to split the flag and claim one of the fractions? We had an equal right also to "Hail Columbia" and "Yankee Doodle." We might have adopted part of "Yankee Doodle." We might have adopted part of "Yankee Doodle," (say every third stanza,) or elso "Yunkee Doodle," with variations, as our national air. In the choice of an air we were not guilty of this absurdity, but we have perpetrated one exactly parallel to it in the choice of a national flag. There is no exaggeration in the illustration. It seems supremely ridiculous. Yet it searcely does our folly justice.

There is but one feature essential to a flag, and that is distinctness. Beauty, appropriateness, good taste, are all desirable, but the only thing indispensable is distinctness—wide, plain, unmistakable distinction from other flags. Unfortunately, this indispensable thing is just the thing which the Confederate flag lacks. And failing in this, it is a lamentable and total failure, absolute and irredeemable. The failure is in matter of essence. It is as whole and adopted another. But if we did not

mentable and total failure, absolute and irredeemable. The failure is in matter of essence. It is as complete as that of writing which cannot be read—of a gun which cannot be shot—of a coat which cannot be worn. It is the play of "Hamlet," with the part of Hamlet left out. A flag which does not distinguish may be a very nice piece of bunting—it may be handsomely executed, tasteful, expressive, and a thousand other things, but it has no title at all to bear the name of flag.

We knew the flag we had to fight; yet, instead of getting as far from it, we were guilty of the huge mistake of gotting as near to it as possible. We sought similarity. Adopting a principle diametrically wrong, we made a flag as nearly like theirs as could, under favorable circumstances, be distinguished from it. Under favorable circumstances.

distinguished from it. Under favorable circumstances, be distinguished from it. Under favorable circumstances, (such as constantly occur in practice,) the two flags are indistinguishable. In the wars of the Roses, in Great Britain, one side adopted the white and the other the red rose. Suppose that one side had adopted milk white and the other flesh white, or one deep pink and the other a lighter shade of which would the other has been a sight of the state pink, would there have been any end to the confu-

When a body of men is approaching in time of war, it is rather an important matter to ascertain, if practicable, whether they are friends or foes. Certainly, no question could well be more radical ments. To solve this important question is the object of a flag. When they get near us there may be other means of information; but to distinguish be other means of information; but to distinguish friends from enemies at a distance is the specific purpose of a flag. Human ingenuity is great, and may conceive some other small purposes—presentations, toasis, speeches, etc.—but that this is the great end of a flag will not be denied, and it is in this that the Confederate flag fails.

There is no case in history in which broad distinction in the symbols of the combatants was more necessary than it has been in the present war. Our enemies are of the same race with ourselves—of the same color and even shade of complexion—they speak the same language, wear like clothing and are of like form and stature. (The more shame that they should make war upon us.) Our general appearance being the same, we must rely solely upon symbols for distinction. The danger of mistake is great after all possible precautions have been taken. Sufficient attention has never been paid to this important matter, involving life or death—victory or defeat. Our badges, uniforms, flags, should be perfectly distinguishable from friends from enemies at a distance is the s

death—victory or defeat. Our badges, uniforms, flags, should be perfectly distinguishable from those of the enemy. Our first and distant information is dependent solely on the flag.

To argue this objection further would be a waste of words. And yet this one objection is vital and insuperable. We shall, nevertheless, add some other considerations, in another article on the same subject. The Bridge Burning in Tennessee. MORE BRIDGE BURNING IN TENNESSEE—APPAIRS IN

[From the Richmond Dispatch, Dec. 7.] [From the Richmond Dispatch, Dec. 7.]

A despatch from Russellville, Ky., states that the railroad bridge near that place was burned last night by the Lincolnites. The bridge has been guarded by eighteen men. One of the guard who escaped reports that the guard were attacked by about fifty Lincolnites, who fired upon them. He saw two of the guard fall as he left, and it is supposed that the balance were taken prisoners. About sixty feet of the bridge is burned, but will soon be repaired. repaired.
Judge Moore, of Mount Sterling, Kentucky, a
member elect of the Legislative Conneil, arrived
here on yesterday, direct from the headquarters of
Gen. Humphrey Marshall. He states that the vo-

lunteers are flooking to Marshall in large numbers. General Di. has commenced a movement towards Lexington, with a force amply suffic ent to command success. Judge Moore reports that Col. John S. Williams, a few days since, went out with three hundred of his command on an expedition into Latcher county, where several Lincolnites, among them a family by the name of Vermillion, were putting up provisions for the Lincoln army. Col Williams captured one of the Vermillions, and secured the product of five hundred hogs. [From the Nashville Gazette, Nov. 30.]

Twenty-one of the prisoners lately brought here from East Tennessee, yesterday appeared in the Confederate court, acknowledged the error of their ways, took the oath of loyalty to the Southern Confederacy, and attached themselves to a company and attached themselves to a company

MISCELLANEOUS WAR NEWS. Letter from the Army in Oregon.

FORT HOSKINS, OREGON October 30, 1861. We are now stationed at this post, which is on the confines of Oregon, where we hold in subjection over 2,000 of the most hostile Indians on the Pacific coast. We have been here several weeks. but have recently been ordered to San Francisco. čóüver, where we will take the steamer for San Francisco. This is the rainy season in this section, and it has been raining almost constantly since our arrival. The roads are therefore in a terrible condition, and we will have no little diffi. culty in the march we are about to make of over two hundred miles. All the troops on this coast have been ordered to the East, and they rejoice at this because they desire to have a dash at the rebels. As the soldiers here are trained veterans, who have had much practice in fighting the Indians, they will prove very affective in the great battle for the suppression of the rebellion. The Government has made arrangements for placing volunteers at all the posts we vacate, to guard against an outbreak from the Indians, F. Letter from the Fourth Penna. Reserves.

[Correspondence of The Press.] CAMP PIERPONT, Dec. 10, 1861. The Press is sought for with avidity by the men of the Feurth Reserve Regiment, as the carrie brings it to us each day at 12 M. There are none who watch with more interest the action of our Government, and the doings of the soldiers, than those in the army; our hearty wish is for a good fight with the rebels, to give them a good thrashing, and so end the war. There is but very little sickness amongst us, considering the great change of living and the exposure to weather that we have undergone. We have had but three or four deaths in the six months we have been in service. We do not expect to be put into winter quarters, and a "special artist" could make an amusing sketch of the temporary homes we put up—they are got up on the shortest notice, of the most convenient materials that can be found. We have had two foraging excursions lately. The

last was a very successful one. Our regiment was on the advance, and we took a number of prisoners. There was not a fight, but we evidently took them by surprise—the number of male and female prisoners taken, and the females seen at the different farm houses, being a good proof of that. On the 4th there was a very handsome saddle, bridle, pistols, and holsters presented in the presence of the regiment to our colonel, Albert L. Magilton, as a token of the esteem in which we hold

They were purchased by our officers at a cost of \$230. The Colonel's response at their reception made our hearts throb when he spoke of his feelings towards us. He is the right man in the right place, as the enemy will find should we ever get a chance to get at them. Yours, truly, Boors. The Escape of the Sumpter-Censure of the Captain of the Iroquois. NEW YORK, Dec. 13 .- The brig T. W. Rowland,

Capt. Rowland, arrived here last night, from St. Thomas November 27th. Capt. Rowland states that the captain of the Iroquois is entirely to blame for the escape of the pirate Sumpter from Port Royal, Martinique. A man was sent ashore from the Iroquois to signalize the movements of the Sumpter, and on the night of the twenty-third he made signals that she was leaving the harbor, but no notice was taken by the captain of the Iroquois.

His first lieutenant tried to persuade him to give chase, which could have easily been done and the pirate captured, as she draws a foot more of water than the Iroquois, but he would not hear to it, saying it would be very unpleasant for him to capture her, as he and Semmes had been schoolmates and Semmes had been his superior officer, and also and Semmes had been his superior officer, and also he did not want to violate the neutrality laws. The movements of the Sumpter were plainly sen from the deck of the Iroquois, the former taking a southerly course. The captain of the Iroquois then gave orders to

o capture the pirate, after having been laying off the port several days for that sole purpose.

On these facts becoming known at St. Thomas, the greatest indignation prevailed among the Americans in port and others friendly to the United States. Gen Rosecrans. CINCINNATI, Dec. 13.—Gen. Resecrans arrived at Cincinnati the day before yesterday, and a pub-

proceed to St. Thomas, not making the least effort

of the Catholic Institute.

tic reception was given him last night, at the Hall

TWO CENTS.

wards the parade ground. All the State military celebrities and prominent Union citizens are invited to be present by Gov. Banks. To-morrow the Third Brigade (General Williams) will be reviewed, and subsequently the First Briande. (Geneval Aborerombie.)

The departure of the Van Allen Cavalry battalion to join the regiment at Poolesville, has been postned by General Banks, who fully appreciates their services. Only two companies remain here at present—Company A, commanded by Captain Fitz Simmon, and Company K, commanded by Captain G. W. Cole. The latter are particularly skilled in picket and scouting service, while the former are attached to General Banks in person, as

a body guard. Colonel Roger, the provost marshal, is taking nergetic steps to suppress dissipation among the soldiers, and has restored quiet to the city. In a few days he will issue a series of orders, which will he executed to the letter, for the suppression of tippling and other vices.

pensation is dated November 15th.

on the track of the robber.

There was a grand review of General McCall's division on the afternoon of the 12th, in front of Johnston's Hill, near Langley, Va. Since the great review of seventy thousand troops, near munson's Hill, by General McClellan, on the 20th ult., there has been no such military display on the line of the Potomac. The scene was one of most splendid and enjurching interest the day being and plendid and enlivening interest, the day being one of unparalleled fitness for this season of the year. A large number of officers attached to other divisions were present, and the enthusiasm of the oldiers was unbounded. Participating in the review were thirteen regi-ments of infantry, composed of the brigades under the command of Brigadier Generals Reynolds, Mcade, and Oude; three batteries of artillery, com-manded by Col. Campbell; and a regiment of cavalry, commanded by Col. Bayard—all belonging to the Pennsylvania Reserve Volunteer Corps. All the regimental bands were in attendance, and, by their inspiring music, gave patriotic zest and liveli-ness to the occasion. The review ground in front of Johnston's Hill affords hardly space enough for such a large body of soldiers; but for all this, the various brigades, in their marches and countermarches—some moving i

The review lasted nearly two hours. All who witnessed it pronounced it a brilliant success, while its salutary effect upon the different regiments was provided by

The story told by the colored servant of Captain Rosser, of the Louisiana Washington Artillery, published in The Press of yesterday, is confirmed by positive information from several sources. The rebels intend to make Centreville their base of operations on the Potomac, and are preparing winter quarters for their army. quarters for their army.

expedition. These vessels consist of steamers, barks, schooners, ferry-boats, and barges, many of which are finished, and are now receiving their stores and ammunition. A large number of rifled and smoothbore cannon, of heavy calibre, will be used in this expedition. Thus far about fifty vessels have been attached to the fleet, and others are to be added. It is expected that the expedition will leave New York in a few days. It will proceed to Fortress Monroe, and there be reinforced. Three hundred boats, each thirty-two feet long by five and a half feet beam, are now being shipped in Government transports from Pier No. 9 North river, for the expedition.

Slemmer Dangerously III.

A correspondent, in a letter dated at Huttonville. Western Virginia, has the following concerning the former commander of Fort Pickens. It will painfully surprise his many friends: "I am sorprise his many triends:
"I am sorpry to inform you that Major Slemmer, of Fort Pickens fame, is not expected to live. He came here to inspect the troops, but was attacked with the camp fever and dysentery—which nearly all of us have had—and is now lying in a precarious condition. His wife is here with him. The ductor thinks he cannot live?" thinks he cannot live."

· A Deserter to be Shot. plan, he got beyond the lines, but mistaking our pickets for the enemy's, ran toward them throwing up his hands and crying that he was a deserter. They assured him that they belonged to "the other side," took his arms, and he must prove his good faith by giving information. Thereupon, he told them that they could capture a party of our men, behind a hill, where they really were, and gave abundant details touching our strength and position. He was taken prisoner, and courtmartialed as soon as possible.

THE WAR IN MISSOURI.

St. Louis, Dec. 13.—The following order has been issued by General Halleck :

except those authorized and commissioned by the proper military authorities.

"All owners, officers, and employees of boats will be required to take a strong oath of allegiance; and any owner or officer committing any act contrary to the above-expressed object of this order will cause the immediate fereiture of the boat and cargo to the Federal Government, and such owner or officer will be subject to the penalties prescribed by the article for giving aid to the sammy."

Late news from General Price places him still the season of the same of at Osceols, with from ten to fifteen thousand men intending in a few days to move northward. He has fifty-three cannon, and has lately recoived Gen. Slack's division has crossed the Osage river,

and another division was crossing on Friday last. The Arrest of Capt. Sweeney. of Jennison and his band from that county by Gen. Hunter; and we also hear that Si Gordon, inding the Platte country too hot to hold him, with Gen. Prentiss upon his heels, has made his escape across the river, and is marching in the direction of Price's camp. His band is a most desperate one, and the whole ought to be captured at all hazards. Gen. Prentiss has avowed his determination to occupy the counties on the Missouri river where Secession is most rife and bold, and the capture of the leaders in the rebellion, and their being made familiar with such exercises as are common at the St. Louis arrenal, would have an excellent effect. So, also, the execution of such of Gen. Halleck's recent order as

OUR NORTHERN FRONTIER.

sappers, destined for Toronto, arrived at Quebee, having marched the distince between that city and Harlifax, N. B., overland, in ten days and two hours. General Williams, of Kars, and his staff, have been engaged inspecting the old and superintending the erection of the new fortifications along the whole Canadian frontier, and left Toronto on the 10th in stant for Montreal. Lieutenant Colonel Robertson, of the Royal Engineers, because

the 10th in stant for Montreal. Lieutenant Colonel Robertson, of the Royal Engineers, however, remains at Toronto, to superintend the erection of the new works of defence at that place.

From Vermont we learn that our own frontier is not to be neglected, and that Colonel C. A. Waite, of the United States army, has been placed in command of the military post along the Northern line. His department extends from Maine to Michigan, and the different posts are immediately to be occupied and put in a state of defence. A regiment of cavalry will be stationed at Detroit. A regiment of artillery will be located in divisions at Ningara, Lockport, and Sackett's Harbor, 2nd Fort Montgomery, at Rouse's Point, will be occupied by two companies of United States Infantry within a few days, the works put in a state of defence, and guns mounted as soon as practicable.

Weekly Review of the Markets. PHILADELPHIA, Dec. 13, 1861 The markets generally have been firm but quiet during the present week. In Breadstuffs there is a fair business doing, and for most kinds prices are better. Bark continues scarce. Coal is in fuir request. Cotton con tinnes on the advance. Coffee is better. Sugar and Molasses are firm but quiet. Fish are held firmly at the advance. Foreign Fruits of all kinds are active and firm. No change in Hempor Hides. Iron is firmer. Navai Stores are scarce and wanted at full rates. Oil is better. Plaster is steady. Provisions are dull, and there is your little doing. Rice is very quiet. Sait is dull. Cloverseed and Flaxseed are in demand. Tallow, Teas, and Tobacco are held firmly. Wool is active, and prices are

The Dry Goods trade has been very active this week, and the prices of Cotton fabrics have further rapidly advanced with very large sales.

The Flour market has been extremely quiet, and closes with better feeling, but without much change to notice in prices. There is more inquiry for shipment, but generally at figures below the views of holders, and the sales comprise about 18,000 blis at \$5.37 \( \) 5.50 for superfine, \$5.62\( \) \( vanced with very large sales.

t 40c, aftont. Barley is scarce, with sales at 750760 W

doz.

METALS.—There has been more inquiry for Pig Irom and in some instances holders have realized an advance. Sales of 2,500 tons anthractive at 519 cash for No. 1, and \$18 for No. 2; an invoice of Scotch pig was disposed of at \$21, 6 mos. Charcoal blooms are held at \$60 but without sales. Lead—There is no stock here in first hands, and the manufacturers are supplying themselves in New York. Copper is dull, and yellow metal steady at \$20. 6 mos. in New York. Copper is dull, and yellow metal steady at \$20,6 mos.

BARK.—There is very little Quercitron offering and it is in demand at last week's quotations. Sales of 1st No. 1at \$25.50 \$\psi\$ ton. Tanner's Bark is scarce, and, if here, would command full brices.

BEESWAX.—There is but little offering; prime yellow readily commands \$20 \$\psi\$ to.

CANDLES.—Prices are without change. Sperm are dull at \$26; Adamantine range from 16 to 18c \$\psi\$ to foreity made; of Western there are few or 1919 here. Tallaw Candles are worth liwide \$\psi\$ to the market, and the season is drawing to a close; supplies, however, arriver slowly, and the market is firm.

COFFEE.—Stocks have been increased by the arrival of 1,000 bags Luguayra and 1,080 bags Rie, all in Arat hands, with a prize carge of 3,000 bags of the latter, which will be offered by auction next week. The market is active, and prices are advancing, with sales of \$2,000 bags at 164,018 for good and arrive to the content of the content of the content of the carrive of the prize of the latter, which will be offered by auction next week. The market is active, and prices are advancing, with sales of \$2,000 bags at 164,018 for good and arrive this extent of the content of

the latter description; 300 bales South Amèrican sold at 30c cash.

1,600 bales of South American Cotton sold during the week at about 30c \$\psi\$ h.

1,600 bales of South American Cotton sold during the week at about 30c \$\psi\$ h.

DRUGS AND DYES.—Opium is dull. Soda Asiı is held with more firmness. Alum sells alowly at 2621/2, the latter rate for ground. A cargo of Jamaica Logwood was previously disposed of on private terms. Indigo consinues active, but the absence of supplies tends to restrict operations; sales of Bengal at \$2.4002.45 cash.

FISH.—Mackerel are held tirmly; sales of 1,000 bbls Nog. I and 2 at \$6.50 and \$8.75.0 \$\psi\$ bbl; sales of lots, from store, ranging from \$10 for 1s, \$\$9.3.25 for 2.

\$6.25 for large, \$5.75.26 for medium, and \$3.50.24 for sail 2s. Codlish are selling, in a small way, at \$3.25. Pickled Herring range from \$1.75.03.50 per bbl.

FRUIT.—A \$237.90 in my Milaga Baisins has arrived; of which about \$0.000 plags were disposed of on private terms. Citron is scarce and has advanced. Ourrants sell slowly at 11c \$\psi\$ b. Eight hundred loxes Oranges and Lemons sold privately, and a cargo of W. I. Oranges at \$11 \$\psi\$ M. Domestic Fruit is quick, and Green Appies are selling at \$2.5 \psi\$ bbl, as in audity. Dried Appies are selling at \$2.5 \psi\$ bbl, so for our pared quarters, \$5 to 10c for latves, and 1420c for pared. Cranters, \$5 to 10c for latves, and 1420c for pared. Cranters range from \$7 to \$9, and Western at \$5.00 \$\psi\$ bbl.

FREIGHTS.—There are but few eneagements made.

GINSENG is quiet; the last sale of Crude was at 50c 49 h; cach.
GUANO.—The season being over, there is nothing doing, and prices are nominal.
HEMP is dull, and no sales of either foreign or donestic have transpired.
HIDES are very quiet; the stock of foreign has been increased by an arrival from Porto Cabello, which remains unsold; the last gale of Caraccas was at 17c, 6 menths.

20\times 22c; Muscovado at 23\times 25c; and Syrups at 25c, on time.

NAVAL STORES.—The strck of Rosin is very light, and the tendency of prices still upward; sales of common at \$6.2\times 6.00; medium grades at \$6.75\times 7. and is we grades and fine No 1 at \$7.50\times 10. The is worth \$7.50 at 0. The is worth \$7.50 at 10 \times 10 bit, the latter rute for Wilmington. Pitch sells at \$6\times 6.50. Spirits of Turpentine meets a limited inquiry, with small sales at \$1.40\times 1.50 per gallon, closing with a furner feeling. quiry, with small saics at \$1.40x1.50 per gallon, closing with a firmer feeling.

OILS.—Fish Oils are firmer, with a moderate store demand at full rates. Linseed Oil is quite active, with further sales at 79x82c \$\frac{3}{2}\$ gullon cash, which is an advance. Lard Oil is quiet, and ranges at from 70 to 80c for common to good winter. Coal Oil is attracting more attention, and prices tend upward; sales of refined at 45c. Imports of Sperm and Whale Oil and Whalebone into the United States for the week ending Dec. 9, 1861:

PLASTER is unchanged, and soft is worth \$2.25 \$\forall \text{ton.}\$

RICE is dull, and prices have fallen off \$\forall c\$\text{\$\psi}\$ is mall sales at \$6\forall a\$\text{\$\circ}\$ for time.

SALIT is dull; a curgo of Turks' Island and \$5,200 sacks ground were disposed of on private terms.

SPIRITS — Brandy and Glu are quiet, but \$\text{\$\circ}\$ had New England Rum in price. Whisky is dull, and prices about the same; sales of \$1,500 bils 0 hio at 20\text{\$\circ}\$ 200 cond drudge at \$1\text{\$\circ}\$ 200 cope \$\forall a\$ 200 cope \$\text{\$\circ}\$ 2100.

SEEDS — There is a good demand for Cloverseed, and the receipts are taken about as \$\text{\$\circ}\$ at \$600 4.87 \( \text{\$\circ}\$ per bu, and part on private terms. Theothy ranges from \$1.75 to \$1.57 \( \text{\$\circ}\$ The market is bare of Flaxseed, and it is wanted at \$1.98\times 22 \text{\$\circ}\$ bu.

SUGAR.—There is a firm feeling in the market, but there is very little doing, and no change in prices; enter of low grade to good Cuba at \$7\times 65 \text{\$\circ}\$ and Porto Rico at 10\times c on time. The Government contract for \$2,000 \text{ hs Yellow Sugar was awarded at \$3\times 2 \times 10 \text{ he cargo of Brazil solf private.}

Tall.OW is unchanged; sales of city-rendered at \$1.00 \text{\$\circ}\$ cand contract for \$42,000 \text{ hs Xello}\$ for all contract for \$1.00 \text{\$\circ}\$ cand contract for \$1.00 \text and for Manufactured there is a steady store demand at

Terrence Dorrens, nged 10 years, jumped from the second-story window of the St. Patrick school-house, nt Twen-tieth and Walnut streets, and fractured his right leg. It appears that he had been detained in school, and took this way of effecting his escape. He was conveyed to the hospital. A FEARFUL JUMP .- Yesterday a lad named

morning, a man named William Clemens shot himself, purposely, while in his brother's store, on Twentieth street, between Lombard and Pine. The ball entered his left nipple, broke one of his ribs, and caused serious internal injuries. His resovery is doubtful. No cause is given for the act.

38 SOUTH SECOND STREET, NORTH AMERICAN OIL COMPANY.

Hass Cones for Lamps, and wholesale dealer in Dith-ridge's Patent Oval (fire-proof) and Eastern Flint-Glass Cash buyers or prompt payers are respectfully invited

STANDARD ILLUMINATING OIL Z. LOCKE & CO., SOLE AGENTS.

LS' FURNILL THEATRES.
STABLES. THEATRES STABLES.
SOLDIER EQUIPMENTS.
PANORAMAS, BOX AND BELLOWS TOYS. Ornaments for Christmas Trees, Fairies, Balls, Fruit, PERFUMERY AND TOILET ARTICLES. HERBARIUMS, SCRAP AND TOY BOOKS. A GOOD ASSORTMENT OF GAMES AND PAPER DOLLS ENGLISH BOWS AND CRICKET BATS. BASE BALLS, &c. &c.

All the above articles can be had, at Reduced Prices, at MARTIN & QUAYLE'S Stationery, Toy, and Fancy Goods Emporium, 1935 WALNUT STREET, PHILADELPHIA. de7-t25-1p HOLIDAY GIFTS.

VOL. 5.—NO. 113.

HOLIDAY GOODS

A choice and varied assortment of articles, suited to the coming season, which have been selected with much care from the latest importations, comprising:

WRITING AND FOLIO DESKS,
WORK, CLOVE, JEWEL, AND DRESSING BOXES,
CABAS,
PORTE. MONNAIES,
CARD CASES.

HOSE,

PARASOLS

AND RATTLES.
DOLLS' FURNITURE IN EVERY VARIETY.

GOODS FOR THE HOLIDAYS!

PRICES TO SUIT THE TIMES, AT CLARK'S \$1 STORE.

No. 802 CHESTNUT STREET SILVER-PLATED WARE, JEWELRY and FANOY GOODS, in great variety. New and beautiful styles reelved daily, and sold much below the usual prices

CLARK'S \$1 STORE 602 CHESTNUT STREET, HOLIDAY CONFECTIONERY.

CONFECTIONERY, IN GREAT VARIETY, Prepared expressly for the CHRISTMAS HOLIDAYS FROM THE PUREST MATERIALS. At Wholesale and Retail by J. J. RICHARDSON. No. 126 MARKET STREET.

P. S .- A fine assortment of fruits constantly o

THE PINEST QUALITY OF

MEDICINAL. HELMBOLD'S GENUINE PREPARATIONS. HELMBOLD'S GENUINE PREFARATIONS.
HELMBOLD'S GENUINE PREFARATIONS. HELMBOLD'S EXTRACT BUCHU
Cures Diseases of the Bladder.
HELMBOLD'S EXTRACT BUCHU Cures Diseases of the Kidneys.

HELMBOLD'S EXTRACT BUCHU
Cures Creek HELMBOLD'S EXTRACT BUCHU

For Loss of Power, HELMBOLD'S EXTRACT BUCHU For Consumption, Insanity.

HELMBOLD'S EXTRACT BUCHU For Epilophic Fits, St. Vitus' Dance. HELMBOLD'S EXTRACT BUCHU For Difficulty of Breathing. HELMBOLD'S EXTRACT BUCHU For General Weakness. HELMBOLD'S EXTRACT BUCHU For Weak Nerves. HELMBOLD'S EXTRACT BUCHU
For Trembling.
HELMBOLD'S EXTRACT BUCHU

HELMBOLD'S EXTRACT BUCHU

HELMBOLD'S EXTRACT BUCHU

For Loss of Memory, HELMBOLD'S EXTRACT BUCHU

HELMBOLD'S EXTRACT BUCHU

HELMBOLD'S EXTRACT BUCHU

HELMBOLD'S EXTRACT BUCHU

For Languer.
HELMBOLD'S EXTRACT BUCHU
For Universal Lassitude of the Muscular System.
HELMBOLD'S EXTRACT BUCHU HFLMBOLD'S EXTRACT BUCHU HELMBOLD'S EXTRACT BUCHU For Pains in the Back.
HELMBOLD'S EXTRACT BUCHU
For Healacho.
HELMBOLD'S EXTBACT BUCHU
EXTRACT BUCHU HELMBOLD'S GENUINE PREPARATIONS. If you are suffering with any of the above distressing ilments, use HELMBOLD'S EXTRACT BUCHU

alments, use HELMBOLD'S EXTRACT BUCHU,
Try it, and be convinced of its efficacy.
HELMBOLD'S EXTRACT BUCHU, recommended by
names known to SCIENCE and FAME.
HELMBOLD'S EXTRACT BUCHU. See remarks
made by the late Dr. Physic.
HELMBOLD'S EXTRACT BUCHU. See Dr. Deawee's valuable work on Practice of Physic.
HELMBOLD'S EXTRACT BUCHU. See Dr. Deawee's valuable work on Practice of Physic.
HELMBOLD'S EXTRACT BUCHU. See Dr. Deatory of the United States.
HELMBOLD'S EXTRACT BUCHU. See remarks
made by Dr. Ephraim McDowell, a celebrated physic
cian, and Member of the Royal College of Surgeons,
Ireland, and published in King and Queen's Journal.
HELMBOLD'S Genuine Preparations. See MedicoChrurgical Review, published by Benjamin Travers,
F. R. C. S.
HELMBOLD'S Genuine Preparations. See most of the
late Standard Works on Medicine.
HELMBOLD'S Genuine Preparations. See remarks
made by distinguished Clergymen.
HELMBOLD'S Genuine Preparations. See remarks
made by distinguished Clergymen.
HELMBOLD'S Genuine Preparations.

fond of them.

HELMBOLD'S EXTRACT BUCHU, S1 per bottle, or six for \$5, delivered to any address.

Depot 104 Scitla TENTH Street, below Chestnut, Philadelphia, Pa., where all letters must be addressed. PHYSICIANS IN ATTENDANCE From 8 A. M. to 8 P. M. Describe symptoms in all communication ADVICE GRATIS. CURES GUARANTIED Sold by Druggists and Dealers everywhere, oc5-stuth8m

MUTTER'S COUGH SYRUP. F. BROWN. COPY-RIGHT SECURED. Prepared only from the Original Prescription of the late PROFESSOR MUTTER. AT FREDERICK EROWN'S, PROFESSOR MOTTER.

AT FREDERICK BROWN'S,
Northeast corner of PHFH and OHESTNUT Streets,
Philadelphia.

This Remedy is a safe and simple preparation from the
receipt of the late distinguished Professor Mutter, with
whomit was a favorite prescription. That he used it in
his extensive practice, insures to the timid a certain
proof of its pure and innoxious elements, and to those
who know his character for skill and careful attention,
to prescribe only such remedial agents as should secure
restoration without producing subscripent evil, it will be
welcomed as a real good. Under the guidance of a Physician (to whom its combination will unhesitatingly be
made known), it will always be found very beneficial,
and in cases where a medical adviser is not at hand, it
may be used with safety, according to the directions, in
all cases of short or long duration. For sale at
FREDERICK BROWN'S,
Drug and Chemical Store,

N. E. corner of ELETH and CHESTNUT Ste

Drug and Chemical Store, N. E. corner of FIFTH and OHESTNUT Sta-oc19-saw 6m CLUTEN CAPSULES PURE COD-LIVER OIL. The repugnance of most patients to COD-LIVER OIL, and the inability of many to take it at all, has induced various forms of disguise for its administration that are familiar to the Medical Profession. Some of them answer in special cases, but more often the vehicle neutralizes the usual effect of the Oil, proving quite as unpatiatible and of less therapeutic value. The repugnance, nausca, &c., to invalids, induced by disgust of the Oil, is entirely obviated by the use of our CAPSULES. COD-LIVER OIL CAPSULES have been much used lately in Europe, the experience there of the good results from their use in both bospital and private practice, aside from the naturally suggested advantages, are sufficient to warrant our claiming the virtues we do for them, feeling assured their use will result in benefit and deserved favor. Prepared by

WYETH & BROTHER. 1412 WALNUT Street, Philadelphia MRS. JAMES BETTS' CELEBRA-TED SUPPORTERS FOR LADIES, and the only Supporters under eminent medical patronage. Laddies and physicians are respectfully requested to call only on Mrs. Betts, at her residence, 1039 WALNUT Street, Philadelphia, (to avoid counterfeits.) Thirty thousand invalids have been advised by their physicians to use her appliances. Those only are gennine bearing the United States copyright, labels on the box, and signatures, and also on the Supporters, with testimonials. ocie-tuthstf

ELIXIR PROPYLAMINE, The New Boundy by
BHEUMATISM.

During the past year we have introduced to the notice
of the medical profession of this country the Pure Crystalized Chloride of Propylamine, as a

BEMEDY FOR RHEUMATISM;
and baying received from Pure Crystalized Chloride of Propylamine, as a REMEDY FOR RHEUNATISM; and having received from many sources, both from physicians of the highest standing and from patients, the MOST FLATTENING TESTIMONIALS of its real value in the treatment of this painful and obtainste disease, we are induced to present it to the public in a form BEADY FOR INMEDIATE USE, which we hope will commend itself to these who are effortice with hope will commend itself to those who are suffering with this afflicting complaint, and to the medical practitioner who may feel disposed to test the powers of this valuable medy. ELIXIR PROPYLAMINE, in the form above spoken of, has recently been extensively experimented with in

with MARKED SOUCESS, (as win appear from the sublished accounts in the medical journals).

It is carefully put up ready for immediate use, with full directions, and can be obtained from all the drugglasts at 75 cents per bottle, and at wholesale of BULLOCK & CRENSHAW, Druggists and Manufacturing Chemists, ma 34-17 CKATERS' HEADQUARTERS,—We have just received a full stock of superior SKATES of the latest patterns.

LADIES' SKATES,

GENT'S SKATES,

STEEL SKATES,

DUMP SKATES,

DUMP SKATES,

STEEL SKATES,

DUMP SKATES,

STEEL SKATES,

DUMP SKATES,

PENNSYLVANIA HOSPITAL, and with MABKED SUCCESS, (as will appear from the

rerceats of English Melton,

Rebel News from all Parts of the South.

FLIGHT OF GOVERNOR HARRIS TO GEN. BRAGG AWAITS THE RENEWAL OF THE

MISCELLANEOUS WAR NEWS.

REINSTATEMENT OF COL. MULLIGAN IN

THE WAR IN KENTUCKY. A Battle Imminent in Eastern Kentucky CINCINNATI, Dec. 13 .- The Gazette's Frankfort despatch says that when the stage left Somerset, at

with the plans, it is not improper to state that Gen.

A letter to the representative from Wayne county says that Major Helveti and three others captheir capture. All the leading men have been

men, have been ordered into Kentucky. This

The Union and American then remarks edito

posed they were killed. He supposes the remainder of the guard were overpowered, when the bridge was destroyed by fire. The bridge was about sixty

Captain Standart's Onio Battery.

And another battery.

Gen. Schoepff commands the troops, assisted by
Gen. Jesse T. Boyle. They numbered some 7,000
men, and when joined by the force at Camp Calvert, there will be 10,000 at least. Unless Gen. Thomas again interferes, Schoepff will make quick work of the rebel gang and of the "masterly" entrenchments that are said to hold Camberland Gap, and will be promptly on hand to the relief of the gallant Brownlow. So near the line, we hope the will not be prevented, this time, in the great undertaking. Our last information from Somerset was to the effect that the rebels had chosen strong positions on the other side of the river, and would have to be shelled out. The two camps were al-Gen. Geo. B. Crittenden, the new rebel com-

Capture of Huntsville, Tennessee.

The Cincinnati Times says: By a letter taken from the Frankfort Commonwealth we learn that, on the first of December, a band of Union men from Williamsburg, Ky., marched to Huntsville, Tenn., and captured the town, hoisted the Stars and Stripes, took five Secession prisoners, and then retired to their homes. The heroes engaged in this gallant exploit cannot receive too high commendations. But why were they not accompanied by an army of 10,000 men, so that, when they reached Huntsville, they could have held the place or proceeded to Knoxville, but thirty-five miles distant? The excuse for not marching to Knoxville has hitherto been that all of the mountain gaps are held by the enemy; but here is a road which a hundred men marched over in safety, and certainly 10,000 could have done the same.

The Confederate Fiag. Capture of Huntsville, Tennessee. From the Richmond Dispatch, Dec. 7.]

The Twenty-seventh Indiana have organized a Masonic lodge, under dispensation from the Grand Lodge of Indiana, of which Captain Cassidy, of Company E, is Master; Captain Hill, Company H, is Senior Warden; Lieutenant Ash is Junior Warden; Captain Kop, Company D, Treasurer, and Captain Buhler, Company C. Secretary. The dis-Last night a respectable citizen, name unknown, of this place, was robbed of \$160, and a gold watch and valuable chain, while passing hence on the Baltimore turnpike. The Federal detectives are

Reinstatement of Colonel Mulligan. The President has reinstated Colonel Mulligan in the command of his regiment. By an order of General Halleck, the commissions of all regimental officers expire when their regiments are mustered out of service. Colonel Mulligan and his com-mand, having been taken prisoners of war, were mustered out, but an exception has been made in their case, and the gallant Colonel and his regi-ment are restored to their original status. Grand Review of General McCall's Di-

slow, some in quick, and some in double-quick time—wheeled into line, and the artillery and cavalry took their proper positions in the most per-fect order. Their evolutions during the review were marked with the precision of old and long-drilled

The Rebels Preparing Winter Quarters at Centreville.

Gen. Burnside's Expedition—Extensive Preparations at New York—A Large Number of Mortar Floats Being Ship-Extensive preparations have been going on for some time at the various ship yards and iron works in New York, in altering, repairing, and fitting out vessels, which are to form part of Gen. Burnside's expedition. These vessels consist of steamers, barks,

Slemmer Dangerously Iil.

Wm. H. Johnson, of the Lincoln Cavalry, has been sentenced to be shot. His crime is flagrant. According to his own confession, he enlisted in order to desert, that he might thus reach New Orleans, where his mother resides. In carrying out his plan, he got beyond the lines, but mistaking our

Order of Gen. Halleck-Price Still at Os-"In order to suppress entirely and prevent any sid, assistance to, or communication with any person or persons directly or indirectly disloyal, or in arms against the Federal Government, the entire commerce of the Mississippi and Missouri rivers has been placed under military control and surveillance, and no boat will be permitted to take freight or passengers, or be allowed a clearance, except those authorized and commissioned by the proper military authorities.

twenty-five hundred new tents from the South. His men are well clothed and armed. The Arrest of Capt. Sweeney.

The St. Louis Republican says: The arrest of Capt. Sweeney and his gang of marauders seems like the beginning of business in the right direction. Sweeney has been committing all kinds of depredations in Boone, Calloway, Howard, and other counties, and the people generally will breathe freer now that he is likely to find a lodgement in the arsenal, where, we may say in advance, it will take close watching to keep him safe. Like visitations of the regular troops in Lafayette, Clay, Ray, and other counties on the Missouri, and the capture of avowed and noisy Secessionists, or those who may be found in arms, will do a great deal to give peace to the country. The peaceably disposed will have no objection to such visits, and if others attempt resistance, their immediate arrest ought to follow. It is rumored that Up. Hays and his gang, who have been doing a great deal of and his gang, who have been doing a great deal of mischief in Jackson county, have agreed to lay down their arms in consideration of the withdrawal of Jennison and his band from that county by Gen

sionists of that region, who have had the cunning to conceal any manifestations of their disloyalty, but have still given aid and encouragement to those who have taken up arms against the Government, and committed depredations upon the property of loyal citizens. If they will encourage young men to acts of rebellion, and to engage in the destruction of property, there is little hardship in making them responsible in their own property for such lawless acts. Applied to Lexington, or some portions of Platte county, the example would have an excellent effect, and will do a great deal towards bringing people to their senses. Gen. Prantise bringing people to their senses. Gen. Prontiss should, and we doubt not will, put the order into operation.

THE WAR PRESS.

THE WAR PRESS. THE WAR PRESS will be sent to subscribers by

Larger Clubs will be charged at the same rate, thus

20 cepies will cost \$24; 50 copies will cost \$90; and

For a Club of Twenty-one or over, we will send an

Postmasters are requested to act as Agents for

Extra Copy to the getter-up of the Club.

100 copies \$120.

nounted as soon as practicable.

WHEAT.—There is an active demand at a further advance, with sales of 70,000 bushels, mostly Penna reds, at 135±140c, Southern do, 140c, and white at 145±150c, as in quality. Penna Rye commands 70c, 3th Delaware 70c. Corn is held firmly; sales of 18,000 bushels old yellow at 64±05c, and small lots of new at 53±55c, according to dryeness. Onts are active; 28,000 bushels prime Penna, in store and alloat, sold at 41c, and 10,000 bushels Southern at 40c, affoot. Bushels prime Penna, in

PROVISIONS .- There is very little doing, except for PROVISIONS.—There is very little doing, except for Government stores, and prices are unsettled and drooping, with small sales of Western and city-packed Mess Pork at \$12.50@15.50, and prime at \$90@9.50. City-packed Mess Heef sells at wanted, at \$19.251 Apr 1.51. Country Mess is worth \$82.85.50. Bacon.—There is very little demand for any description, and prices are merely nominal. Sales of Hams at \$4.283 (c; Sides at \$6, and Shoulders at \$4.265c, cash, and on time. Green Meste.—The market is penyly barrs, and there is very little doing. Land.—The stock is very light, but ample for the domand; sales of \$50 buls and tex at \$9c, cash; one lot at \$4.2c, and a few kegs at \$4.2c. Butter.—The demand continues good, and prices are firmer; sales of \$2.000 pkg on private terms, and choice glades at 16c. Cheese ranges from 74.265c 49 lb, and Eggs at 18.219c.

2,000 bags at 10 2 20 150 for good and prime 1810, and 20 for languary, on time.

COTTON.—The late foreign news, although unfavorable for this stuple, has had no effect on prices; the stock is light and the demand limited, with sales of 230 bales, chiefly middlings; and good middlings at 30.022c, but most holders now ask an advance on these quotations for the latter description; 300 bales South American sold at 30c cash.

berries range from \$7 to \$9, and Western at \$5æ6 \$\pmu\$bl.

FREIGHTS.—There are but few engagements made public to Liverpool, most of the vessels having been taken up before arrival; we quote Flour at 33 34; Grain, 9½ a10d; and heavy goods at 30æ35s \$\psi\$ ton. To London the rates are about the same. Two banks were chartered for Cork, and orders at about 12d for Grain. West India freights are quiet; a vessel of 1,700 bbls was taken for Port Spain at \$1,850, all foreign port charges paid. Several vessels are louding with Coal for Port Royal, at \$23; Key West, at \$4.25. Bostoa freights are steady at \$25 efor \$\psi\$ lower, so for Grain, \$\psi\$ we far measurement goods, and \$1.75\pi 2.25 for Pig and manufactured from.

FEATHERS are dull, with small sales of good Western at \$3\pi 40c \$\pi\$ b.

GINENG is quiet; the last sale of Crude was at \$0c\$

\$\psi\$ \$\psi\$, cash.

\$\psi\$ Cl'ANO. The season have was those is nothing down. mains thisdid; the last gase of Caraccas was at 10.1 we months.

HOPS are steady, and sell, in a small way, at 20@220 for new Eastern and Western.

LUMBER.—There is a good demand for cooperage stuff, and the market is poorly supplied; sales of Southern Yellow Sap Boards at \$13@14; Laths range from \$1.20 to \$1.25 \$\psi\$ M.

MOLASES.—The market is quiet, and the only sales reported are some further small lots of low-grade Cubs at 20@22c; Muscovado at 23@25c; and Syrups at 25c, og time.

Bbls Sp. Bbls Wh. Lbs Bone Total 2,997 15,800 Previously 63,384 131,450 1,012,400 From Jan. 1 to date... 66,271 131,450 1,028,200 Same time last year ... 71,715 138,086 1,352,500 PLASTER is unchanged, and soft is worth \$2.25

wooll.—There is no abatement in the activity noted for some time past; the stocks of the medium and low grades, which are mostly in request, are very light; about 250,000 hs sold at 50\$\alpha\$50 for common, including tub-washed at 57% \$\alpha\$60c. Fine is worth 48\$\alpha\$50c \$\alpha\$ is. AN APPROPRIATE CHRISTMAS ON NEW YEAR PRESENT.—As this is the season of the year for making presents—when fathers are thinking what they shall get for their wives and children, and brothers what they shall get for their wives and children, and brothers what they shall purchase for their sisters—we would suggest that we know of no more appropriate and fivedly useful gift, than a life policy in a safe and reliable insurance company. Such we believe to be the Mintal Life. Insurance Company of New York, of which Mr. Ratchford Starr, 400 Walnut street, is the agent in this city, and the assats of which are eight millions of dollars. Taking it for grunted that every person in this enlightened day concedes the utility of life insurance, we would advise fathers, for their wives and children, and brothers, for their isters or mothers, to let a life insurance policy be an opg their gifts at the approaching holidays.

ATTEMPT TO KILL HIMSELF. - Yesterday

Samen.—On Thursday afternoon the gunboat Kittaning sailed from the navy yard to Fort Mifanin, to take in her powder. The vessel was purchased by the Government, and was originally known as the Stars and Stripes. She cost \$14,735, and carries eight guns. The officers are: Licutenant Commanding George E. Welch; Executive Officer William B. Stoder; Acting Einsters S. Matteson and J. L. Pendioton; Masters Mates John O. Grady, George W. Garrison; and George Riley.