THE CITY.

AMUSEMENTS THIS EVENING.

ARCH-STREET THEATRE.—Arch street, above Sixth.—"Jeannette; or, Le Cretin de la Montagne."

WALNUT-STREET THEATRE.—Ninth and Walnut sts.—"Belle of the Season," and "The Pretty Horsebreaker."

WHEATLEY'S CONTINENTAL THEATRE.—Walnut street, above Eighth.—"The Tempest; or, The Enchanted Island," and "The Dramatist."

MCDONOUGH'S OLYMPIC.—Race street, below Third.—"The Laughing Hyena," etc.

ASSEMBLY BUILDINGS.—Corner of Tenth and Chestnut streets.—Waugh's Italia and Stereoscopic Views of the War.

GARDNER & HEMMING'S MAMMOTH CIRCUS.—Twelfth street, below Spruce.—Sports of the Arena.

THE HIGH SCHOOLS.—A committee appointed in July to look into alleged mismanagements of the candidates' examination for Girls' High School, reported at the last Controllers' meeting that no such mismanagements had occurred. Some time ago a similar subject was agitated in the Boys' High School, and a similar report made. The fact is that the evils of examination are the smallest in the great category that should be charged to both High Schools. Each school might be made more affective, and the abuses in the Boys' High School are many and of long standing. The number of pupils is too great, and the general conduct by no means creditable. Few branches are thoroughly understood even in their incipiency, and years of effort sometimes fail to eradicate habits of carelessness, prodigality, and bad manners contracted in the riotous atmosphere of the place. The languages might as well not be taught at all as learned so badly, and much of the mathematics set down in the school course obtains no regard whatever. Plain, useful studies are frequently disowned, and the scholars, as a class, entering the school without the dignity that should belong to students, graduate and go out incapable of answering their own and their parents' expectations. Many of these abuses commence in the grammar school, through the eagerness of teachers, parents, and pupils, who know no goal but the High School, and no other criterion of merit, either in teaching or learning, than success at its semi-annual examinations. The system of "cramming" thus begotten, makes the future labors of both professor and pupil almost hopeless; for who can love the Latin who has not mastered the English, or be enthusiastic in calculus who does not understand the rule of three? Such superficial schooling is worse than none. It endows the shallow pupil with conceit, and makes the quick mind erratic and irresolute. The little knowledge imparted cannot atone for the faculties that have been perverted, and, after four years of squandered time and questionable associations, the lad comes forth without system, perseverance, perhaps integrity, to commence the world anew, and find himself but a little removed in mind, in body, or in morals, from the child that went into the school full of high hopes and good ambitions.

Upon such themes, involving the welfare of the scholars and the credit of the school, the Board of Control, unfortunately, does not venture. Committees have been from time to time appointed that drop into the building of an afternoon, but seldom consult or examine the pupils, from whom alone the true facts can be obtained. The professors, many of whom are competent and amiable gentlemen, are harassed and discouraged; and all the glitter that surrounds the semi-annual commencements cannot hide the superficiality of the addresses. These matters are not true especially of the present, but of years of the High School's past career. And while this is not the place to propose reforms, we may say that such, when instituted, must not only lop off superfluous studies, or superfluous scholars, but take the system at its root and utterly purify and remodel it. We need, therefore, another investigating committee.

THE NATIONAL SAFETY AND INSURANCE COMPANY.—Yesterday afternoon a further hearing of the officers of this defunct institution, who are charged with conspiring to cheat and defraud, was had before Alderman Cahen, at his office, on Walnut street, above Fourth. G. R. Remak, Esq., appeared as counsel for the prosecution. No hearing in the case has taken place for some time on account of the difficulty of procuring certain witnesses.

Mr. F. W. Thomas was sworn.—He said: I am proprietor of a German daily paper; I first commenced advertising for this institution about the middle of 1850, and continued until March, 1861; I have none of the advertisements with me; there was an advertisement in nearly every day between there dates; I did no other printing for the institution; did some for a committee of the directors.

The examination of this witness was postponed in order to allow him time to produce the papers containing these advertisements.

Dr. Morritz sworn.—He was also a proprietor of a German paper; this institution advertised with him since the 1st of July, 1852; they state in an advertisement that the capital is $252,000 without any reservation; it states the same in the advertisements of '53, '54, and up to the failure of the institution; a handbill was printed at witness's office by order of the company; about 300,000 copies per year; for printing and advertising there was paid at his office about $500 per year; my paper has a large circulation, and goes among Germans.

Cross-examined.—The last advertisement was published in my paper of the 20th of March, 1861; the advertisement of this date was altered from the previous ones; in the advertisements of 1854 the amount of stock was mentioned; in those of 1861 it is not; there was no statement published in 1860.

Mr. William I. Reed, formerly the secretary of the institution, was recalled.

Question.—Was not a statement made by Captain Coulter of all the securities with which he was entrusted for sale or hypothecation, and is not that statement in the hands of Mr. Spearing?

Objected to by Mr. Remak, counsel for the prosecution.

The witness said he prepared a statement of the securities in Captain Coulter's possession, which was handed to Mr. Spearing; the account between Mr. Coulter and the institution remained unsettled.

Mr. Samuel Pleasants sworn.—Two of the notes drawn to his order for $5,000 and $10,700 were overdue; about 1858, I heard these notes were in the hands of Captain Coulter; the stocks given as security for the notes were good; these stocks failed during the panic of 1857; he had no papers in his possession which would throw any light on he subject.

Mr. Oliver Fuller sworn.—He had given a note to Stephen Coulter; I cannot remember the amount of interest I paid; it was no more nor less than the interest asked in the money market; I suppose that note at that time was at about 10½ to 12 per cent. interest; it might have been 9 per cent.; I remember I passed the notes of Mr. Pleasants into the hands of Mr. Coulter; for my note I gave one hundred shares of Reading Railroad stock as collateral; there were other transactions between me and Mr. Coulter which I do not recollect.

Question.—Have you in your possession any papers which will show what these transactions were?

The counsel for defence objected to this, as it would be prying into the private affairs of the witness.

The question was sustained, on condition that the witness select such matters from his books as relate to the case.

R. Rundel Smith, sworn.—I was the president of the Union Canal Company up to about June, 1860; we got money from this institution through Mr. Coulter, who would call at our office and ask us what amount we wanted; it was repeatedly more than legal interest that was charged; these notes were often renewed; the last renewal was in 1857; Mr. Coulter would present himself as a broker, and we never knew who were the principals; after the failure of the Union Canal Company we learned that the concern at Third and Walnut streets was connected with the transactions.

The case was adjourned until Tuesday next at 4 o'clock.

NAVAL AFFAIRS.—The United States revenue cutter *Forward* was yesterday lying in the stream, opposite the navy yard, awaiting supplies.

No new arrivals at the yard have been reported since Tuesday. Large quantities of shell are shipped daily, from Reed-street wharf, by the firm of North, Chase, & North, for the Government arsenal, near Frankford.

The schooner building for the use of the Government, at the shipyard of the Messrs. Williams, will be launched in about two weeks. She is pierced for five guns on either side, and is 125 feet in length, about 29½ feet breadth, and 12 feet depth of hold. The name of the vessel, as given by the builders, is the *James S. Chamber*. Workmen are at present engaged in putting in berth-decks, and fitting up the general interior.

NAVAL INVESTIGATION.—The subject which Commander Crabbe has been ordered to investigate at this naval station is simply a difficulty between two contractors relative to a contract of 170,000 feet of white oak timber, valued at $10,000. It is alleged that one of the contractors failed to fulfil the contract in a specified time, and, by request of the naval constructor, the navy agent awarded it to another party, who was able to furnish the lumber. The first party thereupon appealed, and the navy agent is required to give testimony in the investigation which the Department ordered. The lumber referred to was used in the steam sloop *Tuscarora*. To the people at large the affair is merely a private squabble, which certain jaundiced parties would, nevertheless, like to charge to corruption and general wrong-doing.

BLANKETS FOR THE SOLDIERS.—The Deputy Quartermaster General, Twelfth and Girard streets, desires to acknowledge the receipt of blankets, given to the army by the following persons, viz:

F. A. Jackson, Washington lane, near Philadelphia, one pair; Dr. J. Meigs do, Meigs & Bro. do. October 9.—Samuel B. Fales one pair; Lieutenant A. F. Crossman, United States navy, do; from a person unknown, one Mexican blanket and one pair bed blankets; T. R. Alexander, of Colonel Patterson's Seventeenth Regiment, P. V., Company A, one blanket; J. R. Griffith, one lined blanket; L. T. Snyder, 346 Third street, one pair blankets.

COLONEL E. M. GREGORY'S REGIMENT.—A vocal and instrumental concert will be given at the Academy of Music on Wednesday evening next, for the benefit of this regiment, under the auspices of Colonel E. M. Gregory, Lieutenant Colonel E. M. Wallace, and Major George W. Todd, and all the officers of this fine regiment, the headquarters of which are located at the Girard House. Colonel Gregory has placed the musical arrangements under charge of Alexander De Wolowski, who has engaged a grand orchestra, and a full corps of artists.

A BASE TRICK.—Frequenters of Thomas' Opera House, on Arch street, for the past four years, remember the sagacious dog "Dick," owned by Mr. Thomas, and will be pained to learn that some malicious person poisoned him on Tuesday afternoon, death ensuing early in the evening. This celebrated animal was about five years old, of a poodle description, and quite a performer. The grief of Mr. Thomas, consequent upon the demise of his "friend," was of a nature to excite sympathy from the numerous admirers of the dog.

MARKET-HOUSE EXTENSION.—An extension of the Delaware-avenue Market-house is about being made. A building, to correspond in height, with the market immediately adjacent, is rapidly going up on Front street, from Spruce to Dock streets. A narrow street lies between the main building and its new addition, through which market wagons may pass freely.

SUDDEN DEATH FROM INTEMPERANCE AND EXPOSURE.—About one o'clock yesterday afternoon, a man named Jacob Winters fell dead in the yard of the Spring Garden South House, Buttonwood street, above Thirteenth. The coroner held an inquest in the case, and a verdict of death from intemperance and exposure was returned.

COL. WILSON'S Massachusetts Regiment was expected to arrive in town at a late hour last evening. Senator Wilson's brass battery had previously gone on to Washington, consisting of six guns—two 12-pound howitzers, two smooth-bore, and two rifled cannon, one hundred and fifty-six men and one hundred and forty-six horses. Twelve hundred men constitute the regiment, including a company of sharpshooters.

A MISSIONARY MEETING will be held tonight at St. Luke's Church, Eighteenth street, near Spruce. Eminent speakers will be present. See advertisement.

COL. MCLEAN'S Regiment is now situated at "Kendly Green," just below Washington City. The men are all in good spirits. Their letters will reach them at that place.

THE TURF.

POINT BREEZE PARK.—Contrary to general expectation, the trot between the horses Brother Jonathan, Lady King, Garibaldi, and George Megee, came off yesterday, as per announcement. The day was of the kind which makes humanity as to their noses rubicund, and causes the universal lemonade to give place to the "hot punch." Four horses, with the exception of Brother Jonathan, who pulled a wagon, were rigged to harness. This handicaping was severe on the former horse, the heaviness of the track making more than the usual difference of weight in the two additional wheels. In the choice, Megee won the pole, with Brother Jonathan second, Garibaldi third, and Lady King on the outside. At the third scoring they got the word, and with Megee leading, Garibaldi second, Brother Jonathan third, and Lady King trailing, they commenced

THE RACE.—Almost simultaneously with the word, Brother Jonathan broke, and fell off to the rear. Soon after executing one of his characteristic steps, his wife obliged to yield the lead to Garibaldi, and assumed a second place, and in these relative positions the horses passed the quarter pole. Upon entering upon the second quarter Lady King, by a break, regained her former position, and Jonathan, trotting steadily, showed better in the heat than he had at any time before, and a break soon afterwards was no disadvantage to him. Thus they passed the half-mile pole, the horse Garibaldi still maintaining his lead, George Megee a good second, Jonathan third, and Lady King in her favorite position. The latter animal, however, now for the first time evinced her powers, and was about passing Jonathan when that object was accelerated by a break on his part, and they again changed positions. As they came down the stretch, the heat appeared to be Garibaldi's, but the distance was but half accomplished when that horse sacrificed his brilliant prospects by an unfortunate break, and Megee, who had been a close companion through the heat, availed himself of the mishap, and sped by him, a winner of the heat by four lengths, in 2.43, with Garibaldi second, Jonathan third, and Lady King a bad fourth.

The termination of this heat completely reversed the opinion of the spectators, as, previous to the heat, Lady King was the favorite, and Megee scarcely spoken of as likely to be the winner. It but proved the uncertainty, however, of horseflesh.

Second Heat.—At the second trial they got the word, Garibaldi leading, Megee second, Jonathan third, and Lady King fourth, of course. At the turn Jonathan gave Megee the go-by, but before reaching the quarter pole broke, and Megee had tapped him, when he likewise left his feet, and these successive breaks resulted in Jonathan obtaining a second place and leading Megee two lengths. They now began to scatter, Garibaldi increased his lead, Megee falling off, placed more daylight betwen Jonathan and himself, whilst Lady King maintained her chronic fourth. With the alteration that Lady King exchanged places with Megee, the horses maintained their positions to the score, Garibaldi winning the heat in 2.42½; Jonathan a good second, Lady King an indifferent third, and Megee fourth.

Third Heat.—At the word Jonathan was leading, Garibaldi a close second, Lady King third, and Megee fourth. At the turn Garibaldi contrived to get his nose in front of Jonathan, but no more, and in this close embrace they passed the quarter pole. Lady King was a good third and trotting beautifully, while Megee lay several lengths in the rear. The contest now between Jonathan and Garibaldi was intensely exciting, for, lapped neck and neck, they were going at a terrific gait, which at the half mile pole carried Garibaldi off his feet, and Jonathan took up the lead. In the meantime Lady King had been increasing her gait to such an extent that the daylight between her and Garibaldi was being rapidly shut out, and before reaching the quarter pole she passed him, and challenged Jonathan for the lead. Here the great weight that Jonathan was carrying told fearfully against him, and the rapid pace of Lady King soon gave her the lead she coveted, and she won the heat by a neck in 2.41, Garibaldi being third and Megee still "on the trail."

Three horses had now each a heat, leaving the spectators in a beautiful state of uncertainty as to who was the best horse.

It having become very late, and there being no probability of the conclusion of the race under the three-in-five system, it was agreed among the owners of the horses that the next heat should decide the race. In the interval Mr. Jas. Jackson was invited to pilot Megee, the acceptance of which gave more interest to this horse in the race, his chances enhancing much with the change.

Fourth Heat.—At the start, Garibaldi and Megee were neck and neck, Jonathan third, and Lady King fourth. At the turn, Megee got to the second place, in which position they passed the quarter pole. Here Lady King broke, and lost all chances of the heat. After passing the half-mile pole, the driver of Megee pulled for the lead, which, after a short struggle, he obtained. At the third-quarter pole, Brother Jonathan gave Garibaldi the go-by, and pursued Megee, but the weight was too much, and Megee, under the skillful driving of Mr. Jackson, won the heat, in 2.43½; Brother Jonathan a good second, Garibaldi third, and Lady King fourth. Although Brother Jonathan did not win a heat, he won the admiration of the spectators for his gallant conduct in every heat.

SUMMARY.

Trotting, mile heats, for a purse of $—:

Mr. Jas. Jackson names g. h. Geo. Megee	1 4 4 1
Mr. Rogers " b. h. Garibaldi	2 1 3 3
Mr. Stetson " b. m. Lady King	4 3 1 4
Mr. Goodin " b. h. Bro. Jonathan	3 2 2 2

Time—2.43; 2.42½; 2.41; 2.43½.

The above was one of the most interesting races it has ever been our province to record, and we are pleased to add that the same field of horses contend again next Wednesday.

FINANCIAL AND COMMERCIAL.

THE MONEY MARKET.

PHILADELPHIA, October 9, 1861.

Very little was done at the Stock Board to-day, and there was little fluctuation in the prices of good securities City sixes of the old issue sold at 82¾, a decline of ⅓, Minehill Railroad stock closed at 47½, Harrisburg Railroad at 50¾, Reading Railroad stock at 18¾, and Pennsylvania Railroad shares at 38¾.

There is nothing new to report of the money market.

The tonnage of the Delaware, Lackawanna, and Western Railroad shows an increase over the tonnage of 1860 of 22,567 tons.

The Shamokin Valley and Pottsville Railroad Company's tonnage for last week shows an increase of 717 tons, and an increase for the season over 1860 of 19,581 tons.

The following details concerning the treaty of commerce now in course of negotiation between France and Italy, as published in the Milan *Pungola*, are of interest:

Absolute reciprocity in commerce and navigation, even in the coasting trade. Perfect equality for vessels as regards tonnage, pilotage, and quarantine dues, &c.; also, for loading and unloading cargoes in port, the use of docks, &c. Agricultural and manufactured productions of all countries to be imported by French and Italian vessels without any differential duties being imposed. The productions of the two countries, exported or imported from one to the other, to enjoy the privileges accorded to those of the most favored nations. Perfect equalities of duties in the coastal and other fisheries. All favors which may hereafter be accorded to any nation by either Power to be accorded to the other. The reduced import duties on certain articles granted by preceding treaties to be extended to rice, flax and hemp tissues, salt meat, &c. The reductions accorded to Belgium by the recent treaty to be extended to Italy. Abolition of the certificate of origin in the event of direct imports. Italian securities to be negotiated in the Bourse of Paris, and those of France in the Bourses of Italy. Abandonment of all taxes and charges whatever in case of shipwreck; also, of all transit dues.

The culture of the tobacco plant in the flourishing State of California, says the *New York Commercial List*, has been attended with entire success. Both on the Mokelumne and in Los Angeles county, where the experiment has been made, says a San Francisco cotemporary, the result has been satisfactory, and agriculturists in these regions design extending the cultivation of this crop, which, they say, can be done more successively than in the most favored localities on the Atlantic side. The plant grows thrifty, is not infested with the worm, and has apparently fewer drawbacks here, where the soil is properly chosen, than in Virginia itself. The present is considered a very favorable moment for prosecuting the enterprise, while the protection in the States which heretofore hitherto been the great source of supply, is largely curtailed, and their stocks shut off from the markets of the world. It is stated that this has been an excellent season in Connecticut for tobacco, and that the crop will amount to more than a million dollars in Hartford county alone.

The Boston *Transcript* says:

Subscriptions to the national loan are coming in well from all the principal places in New England. In addition to the subscriptions of the Boston banks last week, the Assistant Treasurer here received deposits in gold amounting to $644,000 on account of the loan.

The amount subscribed at the Ocean Bank, Newburyport, the past few days, is $15,000.

The subscription to the loan in Worcester has reached the sum of $40,000. This amount has been subscribed by about ninety individuals, of all classes, including farmers, spinsters, business men, &c. The average subscription is not far from $450.

The New Bedford *Mercury* says:

We learn that, thus far, the subscription to the national loan at the Merchants' Bank amounts to $200,000, and at the Bedford Commercial Bank to upwards of $50,000.

The New York *Tribune* says: "The banks paid in to-day 6 per cent. or $2,100,000 on the loan taken by them, making 72 per cent. paid up on the first fifty millions. Of the payment, over five hundred thousand dollars was in the sixty-day 6 per cent. Treasury Notes. The Treasury has also reimbursed the banks about sixteen hundred thousand dollars, proceeds of notes sold, and has, since Friday, refunded the banks some three hundred thousand dollars more than it has drawn from them. The result on the bank vaults, thus far, of the taking of the Government Loan, has fully confirmed the predictions of the most hopeful of our bank managers. Although these institutions have paid up calls to the actual amount of over twenty-five millions of dollars, the bank reserve only shows a depletion of about seven and a half millions, and the proportion of specie to net deposits is within three per cent. as great as before the loan was taken. This is truly a surprising result, and proves that the banks were wise as well as patriotic in meeting the wishes of the Secretary of the Treasury.

The New York *Evening Post* of to-day says:

Speculation on the stock exchange runs high again to-day, and a further large advance is established on the leading securities. The transactions are on an enormous scale, and the elasticity and vigor of the market equal the most excited day of the movement of last fall. Some of the railroad shares show a rise, since Monday morning, of 4@5 per cent.

The market is free from rumors, and seems to be controlled by the conviction, which underlies public confidence, that we are on the eve of a great and decisive success to the Federal arms. The rise, however, has been so rapid that a sharp reaction is likely to occur at any moment.

New York Central touched 77¾, and finally closed at 77¼@77¾.

Erie sold largely at 30. Hudson is quoted 37¾. Harlem 12¾; do. Preferred 28¼@28¾. Michigan Southern 17¾; do. Guaranteed 37¾. Toledo 35.

Pacific Mail sold at 91 and that bid for more. Panama is quiet at 117¾@118.

There was an active demand for Missouris and Tennessees at an advance of ¼@¾ per cent. The other State stocks show no important change.

The Government list attracts less attention. The sixes are 92¾, about the same as yesterday. The fives of 1874 are ¼@¾ per cent. lower.

Mr. Cisco has received about $250,000 to-day from agents of the loan in Connecticut. All out-of-town agents make their returns direct to the Secretary of the Treasury at Washington, who, according to the wants and convenience of the Department, orders the proceeds to any of the sub-treasuries.

At the other agencies, (Ketchum's, Hoffman's, and Reads,) the subscriptions are progressing favorably. A full assortment of notes is now available, and there will be no drawback in future from this cause.

Money finds ready employment at 6 per cent. on call. Short paper goes at 6@6½ per cent., while 7 is the rate for that classed "prime."

Exchange on London closed for the *Persia's* mails at 107¼@107½ for first-class bills.

Philadelphia Stock Exchange Sales, October 9, 1861.

REPORTED BY S. E. SLAYMAKER, Philadelphia Exchange.

FIRST BOARD.

19 Penna R	35¾	200 Reading R	b.15.18 3-16
1 do	35¾	100 do	.18 3-16
1000 do	.2d m 32¾	50 do	.b5.18 3-16
24 do	33¾	50 do	.18 3-16
9 do	.b5 33¾	50 do	.18 3-16
504.56 Lehigh Nav 6s	100	75 do	.18 3-16
10 Lehigh Scrip	32¾	10 2d & 3d R	.b5 42¾
100 Reading R	.18 3-16	20 Spruce & Pine R	7¾
50 do	.b5.18 3-16	1000 City 6s K S O	82¾

BETWEEN BOARDS.

2 Reading R	18¼	150 Reading R	b.5 18¼

SECOND BOARD.

3000 Elmira R 7s	56	2 Cam & Amboy R	112¼
26 Penna R	38¾	1 do	112¾
10 do	38¾	1000 Lehigh Val 6s	b5 91
7 do	38¾	4000 Penna 5s	76¼
19 do	38¾	1000 do	76¼

AFTER BOARDS.

30 Spruce & Pine R	7¾

CLOSING PRICES—FIRM.

	Bid.	Ask.		Bid.	Ask.
Phila 6s int off	82¾	83	Elmira R Pref.	9	10
Phila 6s R "	82¾	83	Elmira 7s '75	56	60
Phila 6s N "	90¾	..	Long Island R.	9	..
Penna 5s	76¼	76¾	Leh Cl & Nav	48¾	49
Reading R	18 19	18¾	Leh Cl & N Scrp	32¾	32¾
Reading Bds '70	79¾	80	N Penna R	4¾	5
R'dg M 6s '80	43	88	N Penna R 8s	51	55
Read M 6s '86	70¾	..	N Penna R 10s	..	70
Penna R	38¾	38¾	Catawissa Pref.	4¾	5¼
Penna R 2d m 6s	93¾	93	Pref'd & South R	31	35
Morris Cl Con	35	36	2d & 3d sts R.	43¾	44
Morris Cl Pref	103¾	104	Race & Vine st R	3	..
Sch Nav 6s '82	63	64	W Phila R ex d	51	..
Sch Nav Imp 6s	..	75	Spruce & Pine	7¾	7¾
Sch Nav Stock	4	5¼	Green & Coates	13¾	14
Sch Nav Pref	11¾	12¾	Chestnut & Wal	26	30
Elmira R	..	4¾			

Philadelphia Markets.

OCTOBER 9—Evening.

The Flour market is dull to-day, the demand both for export and home use being limited; about 2,000 bbls sold at $5.25 for common superfine, and $4.62½@5.75 for extra, including 1,000 bbls good City Mills superfine at $5.62½, and 400 bbls Western extra family on private terms; sales to the trade are limited within the above range of prices for superfine and extras, and from $6 to $7.50 for extra family and fancy brands, as to quality. Rye Flour is scarce and wanted at $3.62½@3.75 ⅌ bbl. Corn Meal is quiet at $2.81½ for Pennsylvania, and $3 for Brandywine.

WHEAT is dull and rather lower to-day, with sales of 6@7,000 bus at 118c for fows Spring, 119@128c for Western and Pennsylvania red, the latter for prime lots in store, and 135@145c for white. Rye is scarce and in demand at 65c for Pennsylvania. Corn is in demand and but little arriving, and Pennsylvania yellow is held at 61c, in store. A small sale of Western mixed was made at 60c. Oats are less active. 2,000 bus fair Southern sold at 33c, afloat. 500 bus Barley sold at 75c.

BARK continues dull and unsaleable at $28 per ton for 1st No. 1 Quercitron.

COTTON is firm but very quiet at previous quoted rates.

GROCERIES AND PROVISIONS.—There is very little movement in either owing to the firmness of holders.

SEEDS remain quiet. Clover is steady at $4.75@5, and Timothy $1.70@2 per bus.

WHISKY is unchanged, Ohio bbls selling at 22c, and drudge, which is scarce, at 21c per gallon.

New York Stock Exchange—Oct. 9.

FIRST BOARD.

3000 U S 6s, '62	96½	100 Erie Railway	.s10 30
10000 U S 6s, '81, Cp	92½	15 Erie R pref	48
2000 U S 5s, '74, Cp	82¾	500 Erie R Alt	27
5000 do	82	100 Hudson R	37
5000 do	82¼	400 do	37¼
6800 Treas 6 p c, 2 y	99¾	50 do	.s30 37¼
2000 Ohio St 6s, '90	89¾	50 do	.b10 37¼
5000 Kentucky St 6s	76¼	450 Harlem R	12¾
2000 Ill Coup b, '79	84	300 do	12¾
2400 Indiana St 5s	79	200 do	12¾
2000 Mich St 5s	85	100 do	.b60 12¾
2000 Tenn St 6s, '90	42¾	550 Har R Pref	28¾
1000 do	43	100 do	28¾
5000 Virginia St 6s	47½	200 do	.b30 28¾
16000 Missouri 6s	43¾	275 Reading R	36¾
14000 do	43¾	50 do	.b10 36¾
5000 do	.s15 43¾	100 do	36¾
5000 do	.b6 43¾	100 do	37
5000 do	.b30 44	25 Mich Cent R	.b30 48
26000 do	44	700 do	48
8000 do	.b60 44½	40 Mich S & N I	16¾
1000 Mo 6s 1 to H & St J R	47	50 do	16¾
1000 do	47½	600 do	17
1000 Cal St 7s	83	100 do	17¼
5000 N Y Cen 6s	92	100 M S & N I G	.b30 37¼
4000 Harlem R 1st m.	97	50 do	37¾
1060 M Pac 1st m 7s	50	50 do	.s5 37¾
m S Fd Con bds	94½	50 Panama R	119
7000 Mich So S F bs	78¾	100 do	.b30 67¼
3000 Chi & N W, 1st	38½	300 do	.s30 67
12 Bank of Amer	99¾	500 do	67¼
85 Bank Commerce	81	61 Cl, Col & Cin R	98
25 Am Exchange Bk	84	50 Get & Chi R	71¼
10 Continental Bk	69¾	100 do	71
11 Del & Hud Cn	85¾	400 Ohio & Toledo R	34¼
9 do	86	100 do	34¼
50 Pac M S Co	b10 91	400 do	.b30 35
197 do	91	1100 do	.b10 35
480 N Y Central R	77½	100 do	.s10 35¼
850 do	77¾	600 do	34¾
50 do	.s5 77½	1650 do	35
250 do	.b10 77¾	200 Chi & R I R	.b10 49
100 do	.b30 77¾	150 do	49
100 do	.b60 77¾	100 do	48¾
1050 do	77¾	275 do	48¼
700 do	.s60 77½	175 do	48¾
100 do	.s10 77¾	300 Chi Bur & Q R	63¾
350 do	.s10 77½	50 do	.s30 63¾
200 do	.b30 77¾	50 do	63½
965 Erie Railway	30	50 do	.b10 63¾
50 do	.b30 30¼	100 do	63¼
175 do	.b30 30	75 do	63¾
5 do	29¾		

New York Markets Yesterday.

ASHES are quiet, with small sales at $5.25 for pots and pearls.

BREADSTUFFS.—The market for State and Western Flour is heavy, and 5c lower, with only a very moderate business doing for export and the home trade. The sales are 10,000 bbls at $5.30@5.40 for superfine State, $5.50@5.60 for extra State; $5.30@5.40 for superfine Michigan, Indiana, Ohio, Iowa, and Wisconsin, and $5.50@6.70 for extra do, including shipping brands of round-hoop Ohio at $5.80@6.80, and trade brands of do at $6@6.50.

Southern Flour is dull and in favor of the buyer, with sales of 800 bbls at $5.30@6 for superfine Baltimore, $6.10@7 for extra do, $6@6.15 for Brandywine, $5 75@7.25 for Georgetown, $7@8.75 for Petersburg City, $7@8.75 for Richmond City.

Canadian Flour is dull and declining, with sales of 400 bbls at $5.30@5.40 for superfine, and $5.50@6.75 for the range for extra brands.

Rye Flour is quiet at $2.75@4 for the range of fine and superfine.

Corn Meal is inactive; we quote Jersey at $2.75@2.80, Brandywine $3.05@3.15, puncheons $15.

Wheat is heavy, and 1@2 cents lower, with a good business doing at the decline. The sales are 150,000 bushels, at $1.17@1.18 for Chicago spring; $1.19@1.20 for Milwaukee Club; $1.22 for amber Iowa; $1.30 for good winter red Western; $1.38@1.45 for white Kentucky.

Barley is firm at 68@77c.

Oats are quiet and steady at 30@33c for Jersey, Delaware, and Pennsylvania; 34@35c for Western and State; and 33@34c for Canadian.

Corn is a shade better, with an active demand for shipment. Sales 150,000 bushels, at 54@56c for good to prime mixed Western.

PROVISIONS.—Pork is quiet and without material change; the sales are 500 bbls at $14.50@14.75 for Mess, and $9.75@10 for Prime. Beef remains dull, with small sales at $6@6.50 for country Mess, and $9.50@11.50 for country Prime. Beef tierces and Hams are dull. Cut Meats are very quiet, with sales of 50 casks at 5¼@6c for Hams, and 5c for Shoulders. Lard is firm but less active, with sales of 500 tierces and bbls at 8¾@9¼c.

Butter is steady at 16@18c for prime to choice for jobbing lots. Fish Oils are quiet, and without sales to notice.

WHISKY is heavy and lower, with sales of 200 bbls at 20½c.

ARRIVALS AT THE HOTELS

UP TO 12 O'CLOCK LAST NIGHT.

CONTINENTAL HOTEL—Chestnut and Ninth Streets.

C B Chittenden, New York
Lieut Haxton, U S A
J H Boyle, Maryland
B H Peterson, U S A
J B B Lenoire
S H Reynolds, Lancaster, Pa
Mrs Rodgers, New York
Mrs Muhlenberg & child, Pa
Chas Rogers, Boston
R E Hatch, New York
J L Mott, New York
Miss McDonald, New Jersey
Miss M C Coverley, Harris'g
J V Greene, Harrisburg
S A Allen, New Jersey
N H Schenck, Baltimore
W Penland, Baltimore
J C Manning, Baltimore
E M Linthicum, D C
F Hastings, New York
D S Binns, Newark, N J
E Willey, Jr, & wf, Boston
A Fuller, New York
E W Frost & la, New York
Geo Roll, New York
J C Hollister, New Haven
E P Ross, New York
J O Waterman, R I
F A Lutz, Washington
S L Durfee, Washington
J M Cushing, New York
C H Adams, New York
B H Campbell, New York
J W Strong, New York
W McCooley, Wrightsvl
Miss A King, York, Pa
H S McComb, Delaware
D H Doyle, New York
John A Manning & l, N Y
Abel Horton, Boston
Joseph Tome, Mass
H R Freeman, New York
Geo E Richardson, Boston
Miss A M Marteuse, L I
J H Sheppard, New York
Jas W Wilson & d, Ohio
H Horton, Boston
F W Von Stade, New York
B F Jessop, Hamilton, C W
L Nicolovius, New York
E W Howard & wf, R I
D M Hambleton, Phila
Campbell B Herron
Chas Kuhn, New York
Alex Bergess, Maine
K Livesey, New York
Robt H Ives, Prov, R I
Wash Irving, U S N
H Ridely, Delaware
Hon Eli Slifer, Harrisburg
A W Porter & wf, Mass
Rev Dr Clarkson a la, Ill
Thos Doyle, Brooklyn
E Stair & fly, Cleveland
S Chester & la, Iowa
Geo D Fitch, M D, N Jersey
W D Dorr & da, Boston
J E Jones
G S Howland & wf, N York
A H Davenport, New York
Dr J Higgins, Maryland
H Lee, Pittsburg
Jno Wait, Baltimore
C W Chase, Pittsburg
W M Paddock, New Jersey
H H Muhlenberg, Reading
Y S Doebler, Williamsport
J B Hall, Boston
W T Lee, Hartford, Conn
W McDoneld & wf, N J
W Coverley & w, Harrisb'g
Miss S Cheever, Harrisb'g
C Hager, Lancaster
Dr T F Murdock, Baltim'e
A Jacobs, Jr, Boston
Geo Wilkes, New York
A Richards, Baltimore
Jos Merrifield, Baltimore
R Babcock, Rhode Island
W D Booth, New York
H J Farber, Baltimore
R Lippmann, New York
W Wall, Washington
W Cottman, New York
S Sharpe, Prov, R I
Wm Crawford, Baltimore
J B Talcott, Connecticut
T Davis, Washington
W A Wheeler, Washington
J W Boocock, New York
J S Watrous, Minnesota
C S Adams, New York
M B Spaln, York, Pa
C Brooke, Chester, Pa
A D Jessup, Philadelphia
E A Beardsley, N Jersey
W W Wright, Dowington
Rev A C Heaton and lady
A H Pomeroy & w, N Y
James P Byrne, N Y
James J Fox, New York
J V Marteuse, Flatb'h, L I
Miss S H M Wells, L I
A H Musselman, Pa
C H Craine, Maine
Miss Zantzinger, Pa
E E Wise, Freeport, Ill
S J Spiegelberg, New York
R Daniell, New York
G Groves, Connecticut
Capt Norton, U S A
James E Herron
N P Baldwin, Detroit
Mr Rowman & la, England
T R Brooks, St Louis
P S Whitney, N York
H J Longnecker, Allentown
D H Mecumby, N York
Chas H Baker, U S A
Mr Porter & la
A D Ditmars, Lancaster
Thos Doyle, Jr, Brooklyn
W J Boordman, Cleveland
D Carlin, Brooklyn
John M Moore, N Jersey
D Powers, New York
Andrew Gump, Dayton, O

MERCHANTS' HOTEL—Fourth street, below Arch.

H Wigton, Maryland
S Jaque, N Jersey
C H Porter, Blair co
Miss Laura Lewis, Ind
Mrs M E Rodgers, Del
L Kakes, Wilkesbarre
M T Dill, Altoona
C T Lowndes, Clarksburg
N Patterson, Ohio
Hon Ass Packer, M Chunk
B J Hathaway, Rising Sun
Louis Lereque, Indiana
J B Carpenter, U S N
A D Markley, U S N
John M Woods, Danville
Jas McIlenry, Cambria
A J Sloan, Bloomsburg
Miss M Wallace, Lanc
J K Gretz, Penna
Miss H Hannon, Bloomsb'g
Mrs M Martin, Gettysb'g
Jas Hagan, Ohio
Dr E Wallace, Reading
Hon S Brodhead, Easton
J S Rossell, Elkton, Md
Wm Wolf, Centre co, Pa
S R Marshall, Wilkesbarre
Jno D McClintock, N J
E D Hughes, Camp Meggs
B Parker, Pittsburg
Mrs E D Moore, Indiana
John H Lewis, Indiana
Jas W Adams, W Haven
Jas F Kline, Penna
D B Stevick, Newburg
J N Snively, Chambersburg
J H Sledacker, Ripley, O
Jas Campbell, Butler
John E Jones, Wmsport
R J Berry, B