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DOLLARS FOR SIX MONTHS-invariaby in advance for the time ordered. THE TRI-WEEKLY PRESS, Mailed to Subscribers out of the City at THREE DOL-

CARS PER ANNUM, in advance

SEA BATHING.

SEA BATHING.

ATLANTIC CITY, N.J. TWO AND THREE-QUARTER HOURS FROM

PHILADELPHIA. ATLANTIC CITY is now conceded to be one of the most delightful Sea-side Resorts in the world. Its Bathing is unsurpassed ; its beautiful unbroken Beach (nine miles in length) is unequalled by any on the continent, save that of Galveston; its air is remarkable for its dry-

ness; its sailing and fishing facilities are perfect; its fotels are well furnished, and as well kept as those of Newport or Saratoga, while its avenues and walks are cleaner and broader than those of any other Sca-Bathing place in the country.

Trains of the CAMDENJAND ATLANTIC BAIL-BOAD leave VINE-STREET WHARF, Philadelphia, daily, at 7% A. M. and 4 P. M. Returning, reach Philadelphia at 9 A. M. and 7 P. M. Fare. \$1.80.

Round-Trip Tickets, good for Three Days, \$2.50. Distance, 60 miles. A telegraph extends the whole length of the Road. jy10-tf

FOR CAPE MAY.—The swift and comfortable Bay steamor "GEORGE WASHINGTON," Captain W. Wailldin, leaves Arch-street wharf, for Cape May, every Mon-day, Wednesday, and Friday morning at 9% o'clock. Beturning, leaves the landing every Tussday, Thurs-day, and Saturday morning at 8% o'clock. Beturning, leaves the manage cross success, and day, and Saturday morning at 8 o'clock. Fare, carriage hire included...... \$1.50 "servants, carriage hire included..... 1.25

Freight taken at the usual low rates. Stopping at New Castle going and returning. iv_tsel*

SUMMER RESORTS. EAGLE HOTEL, ATLANTIC CITY,

LARGE ADDITION OF ROOMS. Board \$7 per week: Bathing dresses included. aul3-lm

aul3-1m SEA BATHING, BRIGANTINE HOUSE, BRIGANTINE BEACH, N. J. Now open for the season. The Bathing, Fishing, Gun-ning, and Yachting being very superior. Board swill await gaests at the inlet on arrival of trains. Board per week \$8. P. O. Address, Atlantic City. H. D. SMITH, Proprietor.

iv3-2m Proprietor. **MONGRESS HALL**,

This spacions HOUSE, STIANTIC CITY, N. J. This spacions House, situated at Atlantic City, will be opened on the 29th June, with every accommodation for visitors. The House fronts the beach 20 feet, giving a epicndid view of the ocean, and is near the Fishing and Bailing point. No pains will be spared to secure the comfort and convenience of guests. Beaching reduced to 300 ere work

Boarding reduced to \$10 per week. je24-tse1 THOMAS O. GARRETT. IGHT HOUSE COTTAGE, AT-LI LANTIC CITY, the nearest House to the safest part of the beach, is now open for the Season. TERMS MODERATE. NO LIQUOES SOLD ON THE PREMISES. JONAH WOOTTON,

je24-3m Propriotor.

TAMMANY HOUSE, NORTH CA-ROLINA AVENUE, near the Depot, ATLANTIC

CITY. The subscriber takes pleasure in informing his former patrons and the public that he has reopened the above House, where he will be happy to please all who may favor him with a call. je23-3m ELIAS CLEAVER, Proprietor.

CEA - BATHING.-THE UNITED SEA - BATHING.—THE UNITED STATES HOTEL, ATLANTIC, N. J., is now open for visitors. This is the largest and best-furnished Ho-tel on the Island, and being convenient to the beach, and surrounded by extensive and well-shaded grounds, is a destrable house for families. It is lighted with gas, and well supplied with pure water. The Germania So-ciety will furnish the music for the season. The cars stop at the door of the Hotel for the convenience of guests. JEREMIAH McKIBBIN, is 20-ff Proprietor.



PHILADELPHIA. MONDAY, SEPTEMBER 2, 1861.

EDUCATIONAL. F. L. O. RCEHRIG, TEACHER OF LATIN, FRENCH, and GEBMAN, 1813 Contes **PROPOSALS for ARMY BAGGAGE** wagons.

The above Institution will be opened for the recoption of Young Gentlemen SEPTEMBER 9th, 1861. Further particulars on application to WM. II. McFADDEN, A. M., Principal, S. E. cor. of GREEN and RITTENHOUSE Streets. au30-tf QUARTERMASTER GENERAL'S OFFICE, } WASHINGTON, June 21, 1861.- } Proposals are invited for the furnishing of Army Bag-

Proposals are invited for the furnishing of Army Bag-gage Wagona. Proposals should state the prices at which they can be furnished at the place of manufacture, or at New York, Philadelphia, Baltimore, Washington, or Cincinnati, as preferred by the bilders. The number which can be made by any bilder within one month after receipt of the order, also the number which he can deliver within one week. The Wagons must exactly conform to the following specifications, and to the established patterns. TDGEHILL SCHOOL, PRINCETON, N. J

The Wagons must exactly comorm to the robusing specifications, and to the established patterns. Six-mule (covered) wagons, of the size and description as follows, to wit: The front wheels to be three feel ten inches high, hubs fen inches in diameter, and fourteen and a quarter inches long; hind wheels four feet ten inches high, hubs ten and a quarter inches in diameter, and fourteen and a quar-ter inches long; fellies two and a half inches wide and two and three-quarter inches deep; cast iron pipe boxes twelve inches long, two and a half inches at the large end and one and seven-eighths inch at small ond; the two and a half inches wide by two-eighths of an inch thick, fästened with one screw bolt and nut in each fellie; hubs made of gum, the spokes and feilie of the byeat white A HOME FOR BOYS. Pupils prepared thoroughly for college or for business. The school premises con-tain thirteen acres, providing amply for lawn, play-ground, and garden. Terms \$125 per session. For circulars, address Rev. J. P. HUGHES, aul5-ths&tutocl Principal. TREEMOUNT SEMINARY, NOR-BISTOWN, PA., FOR YOUNG MEN AND 10YS.—The winter session commences SEPTEMBER 6. For entalogues and circultrer, address au24.stu&th9t* JOHN W. LOCH, Principal.

VOL 5.--NO. 28.

PROPOSALS.

tire two and a half inches wike by two-eighths of an inch thick, fastened with one screw bolt and nut in each fellie; hubs made of gum, the spokes and fellie of the best white oak, free from defects; each wheel to have a sand band and linchpin band two and three-quarter inches wide, of No. 8 band iron, and two driving bands—outside band one and a quarter inch by one-quarter inches wide, of No. 8 band iron, and two driving bands—outside band one and a quarter inch by one-quarter inch thick, inside band one inch by three-sixteenths in thickness; the hind wheels to be made and boxed so that they will measure from the in-side of the tire to the large end of the box six and a half inches, and front wheels six and one-eighth inches in a parallel line, and each axle to be three fuet eleven and three-eighth inches from the outside of one shoulder washer to the outside of the other, so as to have the wheels. Axletrees to be made of the box quality refined American iron, two and a half inches square at the shoulder, tapering down to one and a half inch in the middle, with a seven-eighths inch king-bolt hole in each axletree; washers and linchpins for euch ruletree; jsze of linchpins one inch wide, three-eighths of an inch thick, with a hole in each end; a wooden stock four and three-quarter inches wide and four inches deep fastened sub-stantially to the axletree with elips on the ends and with two boils, six inches from the middle, and fastened to the hounds and bolster, (the bolster to be four feet five inches wide and three inches the and three and a half deep.) with four half-inch bolst. The tongue to be the feet eight inches long, four thes wide and three inches thick at front end of the hounds, and two and a quarter inches wide by two and three-quarter inches deep at the front end, and so arranged as to lift up, the front end of it to hang within two feet of the ground when the wagon is standing at rest on a level surface. au24-stu&th9t* JOHN W. LOCH, Principal. BOARDING SCHOOL FOR GIRLS. SITARON FEMALE SEMINARY.—This Institu-tion is beautifully and healthfully located near the vil-lage of Darby, Delaware county, Pennsylvania. The Fall Term will commence TENTH MONTH (October) Ist, 1661, and continue in session for a poriod of twenty-eight weeks. The course of instruction will be thorough and embrace all the branches of a liberal English educa-tion, and also the Latin and French languages and Draw-ing. For terms, references, and other particulars, see circular, which may be obtained by addressing the Prin-cipals, DARBY P. O., Pennsylvania, or from E. Parrish, corner of ABCH and EIGHTH Streets, Philadelphia. ISRAEL J. GRAHAME, Principals. au29-ths&tu9t*

the ground when the wagon is standing at rest on a level

The front hounds to be six feet two incluses in the front will no strain the ground when the wagon is standing at rest on a loved in the hange within two feet secures in the renth will be the hank and of the long within two feet secures in the monds, is plate of iron three incluses its incluses in the presence in the secure of the longs with hange its incluses in the secure of the longs where the tongs and hounds run together, and the secure in the secure of hounds with hange the three incluse in the secure of the longs where the tongs and hounds run together, and the secure in the secure of hounds with hange the front secure in the secure of the longs where the tongs and hounds run together, and the secure in the secure

de, and one-eighth of an inch thick on the doublo and togen where they rub together; iron plate one and a half by one-quarter of an inch on the sliding bar, fas-tened at each end by a screw bolt through the hounds; front bolster to have plates above and below eleven inches long; three and a half inches wide, and three-eighths of an inch thick; corners drawn out and turned down on the sides of the bolstry, with a nail is each cor-ner, and four countersmk nails on top; two bands on the hind hounds, two and two and a half inches wide, of No. 10 band iron; the rub plate on the coupling pole to be eight inches long, one and three-quarters inches wide, and one quarter of an inch thick. Doubletree three feet ten inches long, singletree two feet eight inches long, all well made of hickory, with an iron ring and ellp at acr end, the carbre ellp to bo well securat; i read bara guarter inches wide, and one and a quarter inch thick. Lead bars, stretchers, and singletrees for six-mule toan; the two singletrees for the lead mules to have hooks in and middle pairs with open rings to attach them to the doubletree and lead har . The fifth chain to be ten feet long to the fork; i the fork in the middle the hook to the end of the fifth chain, the wheel and middle pairs with user-clainths of an huch in diameter ; the forked chain seven-sixteenth inch diameter ; the fork to limits of the doubletree, stay, and tongw chains, luter-clainths of an huch in diameter ; the fork to lead nor. . The body to be straight, three feet six inches wide, two feet deep, ten feet long at the bottom, and ten feet six inches at the top, sloping quality at each end all in the elaw of the end filenes wide; tail piece two and a half inches wide, and three inches deep; and two, with a scient as two feet deep, the feet long at the hottom, with a scient as the off inches and the inches wide; tail piece two and a half inches wide, and three inches deep; and two inks of three inches deep; and two inches due and half inches wide; tail piece two and a half inches wide, and three inches deep, and two inches d au23-1y The body, by the interfar rod and two three-signing of an inch screw bolts, one at the forward end of the plate, and the other about equi-distant betcon it and the lateral rod. A half-inch round iron rod or bolt to pass diagonally through the rails, between the two hind studs to and through the bed-piece and plate under it, with a good head on the top and nut and screw at the bottom, to be at the top one foot six inches from inside of tail-board, and on the bottom ten inches from the hind rod. An iron clamp two inches wide, one-quarter of an inch thick around the bed-plece, the cen-tre bolt to which the lock chain is attached passing through it, to extend seven inches on the inside of the body, the ends, top, and bottom to be scurred by two three-eighths inch screw bolts, the middle bar at the ends to be fush with the bed-plece on the lower side. Two lock chains screwe do its centre bolt of the body one and eleven inches, the other two feet six inches long, to be of three-eighths of an inch round iron; feed trough to be four feet six inches long from out to out, the bottom and ends of oak, the sides of yellow pine, to be eight inches wide at bottom, twelve inches wide at top, and eight and a half inches deep all in the clear, well ironed, with a band of hoop-iron around the top, one around each end and three between the ends, strong and suitable irons to fasten them on the tongue when feeding; good strong chains to be attached to the top rail of the body, secured by a staple with a book to at-tach it to the trough. Six bows of good ash, two inches wide and one-half inch thick; the cover to be of the first quality cotton duck No. —, fifteen feet long and nine feet eight inches wide, made in the best manner, with four hemp covies on each ide, and one through each end to close it at both ends; two rings on each end of the body, to close and secure the ends of the cover; a steple in the lower rail, near the second stud from each end to close it at both ends; two rings on each end of the body, to close and secure The Press MONDAY, SEPTEMBER 2, 1861. I. O. O. F.-The Grand Lodge of the United States.

Considerable interest is being manifested in rela tion to the approaching annual session of the Grand Lodge of the United States-the Senate of American Odd Fellowship. The Grand Lodge met in Nashville, Tennessee, last year, and adjourned to meet in Baltimore on the third Monday in September, 1861. It is asserted that the M. W. Grand Sire, Robert B. Boylston, of South Carolina, is in active service in the Confederate army. The following "recommendation," purporting to have been written by him, appears in the Charleston (S. S.) Courier :

"I. O. O. F. OFFICE OF THE MOST WORTHY GRAND SIRE, G. L. U. S. WINSBORO', S. C., July 15, 1861. [L. S.]

"Upon a visit home, after an absence of several months, I find, awaiting an answer, numerous communications, official and private. It is impracticable for me to reply to them separately, within a reasonable time. If for no other cause, mail communication between the different bodies which composed the Grand Lodge of the United States is at an end, and personal intercourse among the members impracticable. "While the Grand Lodge of the United States,

I. O. O. F., never was a political body, as illustra-ted by the fact that its jurisdiction extended over THE GERMANTOWN ACADEMY WILL REOPEN ON MONDAY, September 2, 1861. The Principal will receive a few Doys into his Family. an29-18t* J. H. WITHINGTON, Principal. WILL REOPEN ON MONDAY, September 2, The Principal will receive a few Boys into his British America and the Sandwich Islands, and Australia was on the point of being admitted into full membership, and while all its members, as THE MISSES REED WILL REsuch, appeared to recognize the principle that, so L OPEN their SCHOOL at 1702 LOCUST Street, on MONDAY, September 2d. au29-6t* far as this organization is concerned, no political or sectarian debate is admissible; while recognizing all this, I must practically see that union is now THE PRINCIPAL OF A FIRST. CLASS SCHOOL would instruct two lavis, during the coming winter, in exchange for loard, without lodging. Address "Blus," this office. au29-3t* physically and intellectually impossible. No prorision is made for such a contingency in our Constitution

"While I am invested with the insignia of office I have no authority, in this relation, to speak as a

"Nor have I power, under the Constitution, to make any authoritative order under the present circumstances.

"I recommend to the membership that all meetings of the supreme legislative head of the order be suspended during the present autumn, as impracticable, unnecessary, and inexpedient.

"As to disruption, I have no authority, in this paper, to express an opinion. My own decided opi-nions, which furnish the highest incentive to individual action, and have directed my conduct, are individual and personal, not official, and I do not feel at liberty to express them here.

R. B. BOYLSTON, "M. W. Grand Sire." · The officers of the Grand Lodge and Grand Encompment of Connecticut have issued a circular. coinciding with the recommendation of the Grand Sire. We learn, however, from an Indiana paper, that "the Deputy Grand Sire, Dr. Milton Herndon, of Indiana, and the four representatives from the Grand Bodies in that State, will repair to Baltimore at the appointed time, and the regular annual session will be held if a quorum be present."

The Grand Representatives from Pennsylvania will be in attendance; owing, however, to the pre-sent unsettled condition of affairs, the representative tax will not be paid until the morning of the session. At a meeting of the Grand Officers held on Friday afternoon the Grand Secretary was directed to prepare and issue a circular to the different jurisdictions, urging upon them the propriety ing represented at the

FOREIGN NEWS. ENGLAND.

ENGLAND. THE STAR OF INDIA.—Tho insignia of the order have been designed and made by Messrä. Garrard, of the Haymarket. The collar is composed of the lotus (the sacred flower of India) and the heraldic rose of England, placed altornately and connected by palm branches en saltier, emblematic of peace and concerd. The central object is the Imperial crown of England. The whole is enamelled in proper colors, and the collar combines at once Ori-ental splendor with harmony of tint. To the collar is attached a badge, consisting of a star of five points, and an oval modallion containing the por-trait of the Queen in onyx cameo, encircled by the motto of the order, "Heaven's Light our Guide," in letters of gold on light blue enamel. The in-vestment badge, which is to be worn on ordinary occasions, as distinguished from "collar days," pendent from a ribbon of light blue with white borders, is four inches in breadth, and is composed of a diamond star of five points, to which is attached an onyx cameo portrait of her Majosty, surrounded by brilliants, the motto being also in diamonds. The star of the order differs from all others, being composed of wavy rays of gold issuing from a dia-mond star of five points, which is surrounded by a blue enamel motto, also in diamonds. A consider-able degree of costliness has been, with an appro-printoness to Eastern ideas, attached to this deco-ration, while there is an artistic embellishment about it which tones down the general effect, and renders it at once rich and graceful.—London News.

renders it at once rich and graceful .- London News

LORD PALMERSTON'S Inauguration as Lord Warden of the Cinque Ports is fixed for the 23th instant—the ceremony to take place at Dover. THE LATE SESSION .- Lord Palmerston at the be-

THE LATE SESSION.—Lord Palmerston at the be-ginning of the session promised nothing, and faith-fully kept his promise. Parliament adhered to its pleasant programme of talkative idleness with un-swerving consistency, and rose on the 6th instant, after a session hard to describe, except in negatives. It has not added a great law to the statute-book, or developed any project of thrift, or discussed any foreign policy, or devised any new aid to the pro-gress of the mass of the people. It has not revealed any fresh statesman, or elicited any now idea, or added any strength to the Government, or infused any new energy into the suffrage.—Spectator. Town RESIDENCE FOR THE PRINCE OF WALES.—

TOWN RESIDENCE FOR THE PRINCE OF WALES -Town RESIDENCE FOR THE PRINCE OF WALKS.— Marlborough House is now being put into complete repair, and has undergone considerable alteration to serve as a residence for the Prince of Wales. Three rooms on the ground floor, looking on to the garden terrace, have been thrown into one, sup-ported by handsome columns, clustered with ivy leaves and carved in mahogany, which are re-markable for the sharpness and freedom of their avecting.

execution. The recovery and restorations of the paintings in the hall and staircase are the most important part of the present operations. These walls were originally covered with oil paintings of battle-pieces and architectural decorations according to the fashion that prevailed at the beginning of the the fashion that prevailed at the beginning of the eighteenth century. In later times these pictures were wilfully obliterated and covered with succes-sive layers of common house-paint, so as to show nothing but a monotonous flat color to the eye. Laguerre is known to have oxecuted these original decorations. In the vestibule at the entrance is recorded to have been painted the battles of Hoch-stet and Blenheim, with the capture of Marshal Tallard, the French general, and several other officers of distinction. The figures of the great Duke of Marborough, Prince Eugene of Savoy, and General Cadogan were especially commended. These vestiges have been entrusted to the care of Mr. Henry Morrit, who has already succeeded in bringing back to its original freshness, many of the most important figures, and in which the excellence of the portraiture fully bears out the praises formerly bestowed upon them. M. BLONDIN's layers are challenged, and by a

M. BLONDIN'S laurels are challenged, and by a lady, who successfully crossed the Thames the other day, or would have done so, but that some other day, or would have done so, but that some speculative commercial soundrels cut away the lead-weights which served to steady the guy-ropes. As it was, the "lady" accomplished two-thirds of her transit with perfect ease, and, on finding her further progress marred by the circumstance we have mentioned, quietly lowered herself into a boat, and was rowed ashore. THE 20,119 British vessels, exclusive of river

steamers, employed in our home and foreign trade in the year 1860. (tonnage 4,251,739.) not including repcated voyages, were manned by 191,888 persons. The masters were 20,296 in number: the mates

burning carbon; but the instant they touch it they are broiled to death. The numbers that crowd to it, however, are so numerous that the light appears at times to be almost extinguished by burning in-The New York Herald says: A gentleman arrived here to-day from Richsects, and every morning the bodies of these un-fortunate suicides are found henced up at the bot-tom of the lantern in thousands and tens of thousands.

First,

THE population of Paris now amounts to 1,700,000 souls. In the year 1739 Paris contained but 650,000 inhabitants; in 1817, 713,966; in 1841, 935,261; in 1851, they counted above 1,000,000; and in five years afterwards they had increased to 1,174,346 sould

HUNGARY. IT is STATED that Count Forgach, the new Chan-cellor of Hungary, seems little inclined to be the tool of Austria. He has on several points insisted on maintaining the privileges of Hungary, and de-clared that he agreed with Baron Vay, that the Chancellor of Hungary could not take his seat in the Council of the Empire until the nation had sent its representatives. It is also reported that the Count has intimated that he will not, under any circumstance, lend himself to ordering direct elec-tions to the Reicherath.

PRUSSIA. Hrs Prussian Majesty has resolved, it is said, to

make further advances towards constitutional government, The responsibility of Ministers, a fact never yet admitted, is to be settled by law, almost on the English basis. A reform is to be introduced into the House of Lords which will, it is imagined, tend to restrict the somewhat feudal tone of that body. The elected division are now chosen by all noble owners of land, and it is proposed to strike all whose routal is less them f800 a year to Winehester. to co-operate with the column now menacing the position of Gen.Banks and Gen. Stone. The approaches upon our lines in Washington are mercly feints; but the force is deemed suffistrike all, whose rental is less than £800 a year, from the list of electors. The wealthy noblesse in Prussia, as everywhere else, are far more liberal the Upper Potomac. Prussia, as everywhere else, are far more liberal in feeling than the lesser proprietors. The right to administer the police on their own estates is also to be transferred to the State, and the yeomanry are to join in olecting the county magistrates, now selected only by larger proprietors. These mea-sures will require the creation of a numerous body of Peers, and will probably modify the whole to the Lower. At present the Upper House, except upon money questions, is the more powerful of the two. Special despatches to the Nashville Union and American, of the 25th, communicate the following: A bill has been passed authorizing the President to appoint two aids on his personal staff during the War. Congress passed yesterday the navy appropria-tion bill. Among the appropriations are one hun-dred thousand dollars to purchase steamers; gun-boats one hundred and seventy-two thousand dollars; for repairing the steam frigate Merrimac, an iron-clad ship, and raising the ships-of-the-line Columbus, Delaware, and Pennsylvania, and the brig Dolphin, twenty-five thousand dollars; A nuce block of stone, twenty-six feet long, nine fect wide, and six inches thick, was, a few days back, extracted from the quarries of Helsenhof, in for a floating battery for the defence of New Or-leans, eight hundred thousand dollars; for con-Prussia, and despatched to Brussels. It weighs 303,500 pounds, and was drawn by eighteen horses. The man charged with the conveyance was obliged to give security to repair any damage which might be occasioned to bridges by the excessive weight of

ITALY.

leans, eight hundred thousand dollars; for con-structing submarine batteries for the destruction of the enemy's vessels, fifty thousand dollars; for constructing two gunboats for the defence of Mem-phis and Mississippi river, one hundred and twenty-five thousand dollars. In view of the blockade, Congress has passed an act, throwing open the whole of the Southern coast for the entry of vessels, which may enter at any inlet and pay duties at the nearest custom house, and repealing the act establishing ports of entry. It has not yet been approved by the President, who is confined by sickness. ITALY. GREAT efforts are being made with a view to im-prove the condition of the Italian army. A loud complaint had been raised that the soldiery were underfed. Though it is well known that the troops were amply supplied with provisions in the open field, and whenever they were put on a war foot-ing, it was universally acknowledged that they were stinted in their garrison diet. This is being remedied by the introduction of a better scale of diet, the rations to be supplied by contract, the troops to be divided into regular messes, and al-ways be supplied with the proper regulation pro-The Cleveland (0.) Herald of the 28th says: There being so many rebel spies in the country, it has become necessary for the authorities to know the character of all passing into Kentucky. ways be supplied with the proper regulation provisions. the character of all passing into Kentucky. This morning, two respectable-looking gentle-men, hailing from Knoxville, Tennessee, wore de-tained for examination by the authority of Marshal Bill, and also the Post Office Department. Upon examination they produced three letters from Wil-liam Bebb, formerly Governor of Ohio, and now a predest of Kastern Connessee, which letters areas

FROM returns published by the official Gazette of Turin it appears that 64,864 francs have already been contributed to the Cavour memorial fund. THE amount of Peter's Pence raised in the archliocese of Munich in the course of the present year is 28,336 florins.

IS 25,330 HOTHS. THE GOVERNMENT of the King of Italy have re-solved to hold an exhibition of art and industry at Florence in the ensuing menths of September and October, when Italy will see for the first time the works of her artists and the products of her indus-try collected together under the roof of a Crystal Palace.

Southern News.

following language to the Knoxville Whig: BRITISH TRADE WITH THE BLOCKADED PORTS. The Nassau, N. P., Guardian, of the 7th ultimo. says:

"The American schooner IV. H. Northrop, Sil-liman, master, arrived from Wilmington this morn-ing. We have been kindly favored with the Jour-nal of that city to the 25th ultimo."

traction-could not exchange prisoners, because that act would be an acknowledgment of the ex-istence of the Southern Confederacy. This is tomfoolery, and a stickling for dignity and eti-quette that can only render them ridiculous. There IMPRESSMENT TO BE DONE AWAY WITH. Memphis Anneal says that the system of im

THE WEEKLY PRESS will be sent to subscribers by Three Copics, " Five " " 8.00 Ten " " 12.00 Twenty 44 44 (to one address) 20.00 Twenty Copies, or over, (to address of each subscriber,) each 1.30 For a Club of Twenty-one or over, we will send an cases Copy to the getter-up of the Club.

TWO CENTS.

INTERESTING FROM RICHMOND.

AFFAIRS AT RICHMOND.

FUGITIVES FROM KNOXVILLE.

PARSON BROWNLOW.

such a thing as a Southern Confederacy, or

CAP FACTORY AT NASHYILLE.

THE MONEY IN THE KANSAS CITY BANKS SENT TO

FORT LEAVENWORTH.

A correspondent of the New York *Tribune*, writing from Fortress Monroe, indulges in these speculations:

There should be no apprehensions about what

There should be no apprehensions about what terrible things the *Merrimac* may do. At best sho is but a floating battery. Her machinexy was tho-roughly broken up, and whatever use should be attempted to be made of her, she would have to be towed. There is not the slightest probability, I am sorry to say, that she will attempt to leave Norfolk to come further than Craney Island. No contri-vance which the rebels have been able to rig can stand the sheaver of shots that would be pured

vance which the rebels have been able to rig can stand the shower of shots that would be poured into her. Her battery, at best, is not equal to that of the *Cumberland*, is excelled by the *Minnesota's* and *Wabask's*, while the guns of the fortress, and the Union gun, within a few hundred yards of which she would have to pass, would sink her inevitably. The Union would do it alone. It is hardly probable that we are to have any such good luck as a fair chance at the *Merrimac*, or any other of the boats cooped up at Norfolk.

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PENNSYLVANIA ITEMS.

Dz. DAYTON, of Carbon, (son of Hon. W. L. Dayton, Minister to France.) has roceived the ap-pointment of surgeon in the army. A FEW weeks since, a farmor residing not far-from Allentown was accosted by a colored "chat-tel"—who came out of the mountain at daybreak on a "double aujek"—with the mode "Marce

tel "---who came out of the mountain at daybreak on a "double quick "---with the words, "Massa, am dis Ganda?" THE DUTY OF DEMOCRATS.--The Carbon Demo-crat, of the 31st, says: "We conceive that it is the duty of Democrats to support the powers that be in the exercise of all just and constitutional measures for the support of the Government or the preservation of the Union.

preservation of the Union. How. THOMAS E. GACHRAN, of York, has been nominated for President Judge of the judicial dis-trict formed by that and Adams county. He is at present the Auditor General of the State, of the sen-sylvania, a position which he has accurate the sen-two years, to the great satisfaction of the set who have a regard for the economy of public functions and the general safety of the resources of the State. At this time we feel almost unwilling to lose such a man from such a position, but as his fellow-eitizens seem desirous to place him in a still higher position of usefulness and honor, we yield

tenow-entrems seem desirous to place nim in a still higher position of usefulness and honor, we yield in deference to their demands, and respect also for a merited honor to a most worthy gentleman,— Harrisburg Telegraph, 30th.

THE CROPS .- The fall crops are safe. The corn

looks well, and the product will be a fair average. The yield of potatoes will also be good. Both having nearly ceased to grow, their business now is to mature before the frost catches them. Our

farmers have reason to congratulate themselves on

An unknown man was run over, on Wednesday last, near Wilkinsburg station, on the Pennsylvania Railroad, and was instantly killed.

Railroad, and was instantly killed. BLANKETS AND SHOES.—We have authority for stating that any quantity of army blankets are wanted by the Quartermaster General of Pennsyl-vania, and we commend the subject to persons who have idle mills. Shoes are also wanted, and by a number of shoemakers combining togother, each having a private mark, so as to make the delivery in suitable lots, a large contract can be recally se-award. Harvichurg Televranh, 30/4.

eured .- Harrisburg Telegraph, 30th.

their products this year.

Bingham.

RP Postmasters are requested to act as Agents for THE WEZELY PRESS.

THE WEEKLY PRESS.

FINANCIAL AND COMMERCIAL.

THE MONEY MARKET.

PHILADELPHIA, August 31, 1861. The stock market continues very dull. To-day city loans, of the old issue, fell off 4, Pennsylvania Railroad shares 4, and Seading Railroad shares 4. The whole business at the regular meeting of the Board of Brokers sums up 31,600 of loans, and 98 shares of stocks.

A gontleman arrived here to-day from Rich-mond, via Louisville, Kentucky. He has spont several weeks in Virginia, and visited the lines of the rebel army of the Potomae. He estimates the number of men now in arms in Virginia at nearly three hundred thousand, and the force on the Po-tomae alone at one hundred and eighty thousand. Since the 1st of June, immense quantities of arms, purchased in the East, have been carried into the State through Baltimore, and their whole army is now well armed. Manassas Junction has been virtually abandoned, there being only a guard left there to look after the guns in battery. The principal body of their forces has been pushed forward to the Upper Potomac, to be thrown across into Maryland, for which movement a column of forty thousand is prepared, with pontoon bridges, upon which they can cross at any point they find the least defended. They are determined to make an effort to get Maryland in their possession, and they Business revives slowly, but there is some move ment in nearly every branch of trade, and the fall trade bids fair to be moderately good. Money matters continue in the same condition reported from week to week for a long time past. Confi-dence is dear, and a general indisposition to opethe tensit defended. They are determined to make an effort to get Maryland in their possession, and they believe that will insure their ultimate possession of Washington and all the immense accumulation of supplies there, and enable them to transfer the way from the Potomac to the fluxquehanna, and so-eutre to them the recognition, by Europe, of the Southern Confederacy. This programme has been decided upon. A force of about fourteen thousand men has gone to Winebester. to co-operate with the column now rate, for any long period, until after more decided military movements have occurred, prevails amone all capitalists. Money on call, consequently, con-tinues to be plenty at low rates, but long paper it is hard to place, and only the very best grades of endorsed bills find favor at the hands of money lenders. These are in demand at low rates, but they are not plenty, and not likely to be while trade remains dull.

The Miners' Journal for this week sums up the coal trade for the week as follows:

The quantity of coal sent by railroad this week cient to carry our works at Alexandria and the Chain Bridge, if the principal part of our forces should be called away to repel the attempt to cross the Unan Bateman is 29,321 04 tons; by canal 33,345 00; for the week 62,666 04 tons, against 79,752 tons for the corresponding week last year.

> The shipments from all regions sum up this week as follows : 1860. | 1861. |

1					INC. &
	WEEK.	TOTAL.	WEEK.	TOTAL.	
P. & R. R. R				1,085,118	
Schuyl Canal.		865,705	80,845	-762,548	163,157
L. Val. R. R.			15,095	522,102	4 1,539
Lehigh Canal	31,197	663,216	29,563	567,137	496,079
Scranton S'th.	20,110	537,491	16,737	-559,467	21.976
Do. North	5,793	134,560	-3,758	160,457	25,897
Pa. Coal Co	26,076	397,199	20,461	378,098	d19,101
Del. & H. Co.,	11,186	274, 274	25,496	426,520	152,252
Wyoming S'th		180, 225		111,147	469,078
Do. North		22,212		30,648	8,436
Broad Top	4,717	122,721	6,609	153,414	30,693
Shamokin	4,589	117,813	5,858	129,580	11,773
Treverton	1,815	61,590	1,027		133,079
Sh. Mt. H. T.		58,450	1,027		1 9,052
Lykens Val. "	2,202	42,031	1,521	50,012	7,981
					-

203,801 5,320,758 190,448 4,954,175 190,448 4,954,175 13,353 366,583

The loss again this week in the supply is all from Schuylkill county, as usual.

The St. Louis Democrat notes a decline in exchange of one per cent. the market closing at six per cent. premium for Missouri money.

At Milwaukce, the Sentinel quotes exchange

easy, at four to five per cent. premium. At Chicago, on Thursday, there was a continued good demand for currency, which is still scarce, and the market for Eastern exchange was dull and: heavy, at par to a quarter per cent. premium. In some cases it was rather a difficult matter to sell exchange at par, so great was the pressure on the market. Gold is still scarce, and in demand at fag per cent. premium.

liam Bebb, formerly Governor of Ohio, and now a resident of Eastern Tennessee, which lettors repre-sented them as Union men of the strongest type. They left their homes, families, and property in Knoxville, to avoid being pressed into the Sonthern service, and with the greatest difficulty and danger, succeeded in reaching the North. Thay are personal friends of Andy Johnson, Etheridge, Parson Brownlow, and other Tennessee patriots, and represent the struggle in Tennessee as desperate and determined upon both sides. per cent. premium. The Chicago *Tribune* says: We hear that in all a dozen, perhaps, of the Illi-nois banks will comply with the requirements of the law as it now stands, and establish redeeming agencies here or in Springfield. Our readers will understand that in the event of their doing so their currency, though a half of one per cent. below its nominal value in gold and silver—that amount be-ing allowed for redemption—isfar preferable to any that will be sent us from New England or the ad-joining States; and we regard it as one among the The Memphis Argus of the 24th attributes the The Administration at Washington has shown more weakness, vanity, and presumption in its re-fusal to exchange prisoners than we had supposed it capable of. It has planted itself upon an abjoining States; and we regard it as one among the desirable things in the financial arrangements of our State that it should take the place of the doubt-ful stuff now affoat.

the tide of trade growing out of the war :

At Pittsburg the Post reports : Exchange: selling rates on New York, 12; on Philadelphia, 12 per cent. over bankable funds. Coin selling at 13 over bankable funds. The Cincinnati Times thus notices one cha

One effect of the embargo is now visible in the diversion it is creating towards Northern markets of grain and flour, which have heretofore found sale in the South. In our own vicinity we are begin-ning to receive shipments of flour, &c., from ports on the Ohio, which have heretofore sent their pro-

duce to Louisville, but which now comes hore on account of the trouble attendant on the procuring of "permits" for every shipment. Mills situated on the Indians mide, within ten miles of Louisville,

are sending their flour to this market for sale by our commission merchants, finding less trouble to do

so than to ship them to a port nearer to them, but less available, on account of the restrictions of the

The New York Evening Post says, concerning

The week closes without any recovery in busi-ness on the Stock Exchange. The dealings are on a very limited scale, and the fluctuations in prices hardly reach as per cent. Compared with the constrained for the most in a the most is a scheme to be the

the quotations of last evening, the market is a shade

weaker. New York Central stands almost stationary, at

723a723. All the sales of the day have been at

Galena and Chicago is the firmest of the list-sales at 66; and that bid for more. The success which attends the negotiations of Mr. Nowberry for adjusting the bonded debt has brought in new

There is considerable doing in Southern State stocks, but at irregular prices. North Carolinas are 1 per cent. higher; Virginias $\frac{1}{2}$. Missouris and Tennessees are weak and close $\frac{1}{2}$ per cent. lower. Georgia lost the advance of yestorday, closing at $\frac{66}{2}\frac{1}{2}$

Government stocks are firm and quite active.

The Sixes of 1681 are selling freely at yesteriay's prices. The two-year notes are strong at 98. Large amounts are passing between the brokers.

though the supply on the market is daily diminish

ing. The money market is dull and abundantly sup-

plied at 43a5 per cent. on call. First-class paper remains scarce at 5a7 per cent. One of the largest iron houses of this city has but two notes outstand-

iron houses of this city has but two notes outstand-ing, and these for small amounts. Exchange on London is frm, but quiet, at 107 in 107 i. The supply of bills is light, and the regular trade demand equally so. There is considerable activity at the Sub-Treasu-ry to-day, and the subscriptions to the 7.30 Trea-sury notes promise to exceed in amount any pre-vious day. At an early hour over \$200,000 had. been taken. We hear that the banks have rejected the propo-sition of a prominent banking-house for \$700,000 of the 7.30 nates on the terms of the original negotia-tion with the Government.

Philadelphia Markets. August 31-Evenias. The demand for Flourgentinues limited, both for ex-port and home use; the only sules reported for shipment are 50000 bils oldstock Western superfine at \$4.50 \$ bild. The sales to the retailers and bakers range from this figure up to \$5 for fresh greand superfine; \$4.75œ 5.25 for extras; \$5.25∞5.75 for extra family, and \$0œ7 \$2.55 for extras; \$5.25∞5.75 for extra family, and \$0œ7 \$2.55 bild fance lots, as in quality. Rye Flour is un-chooged, and sales at \$2.75œ3. \$ bild. Corn is hold at \$2.75 \$ bild for Pennsylvania; 300 bils Brandywine sold at \$2.95 \$ bild. There is more offering, with sales of 7,000 bus at from 112 to 116c for Pennsylvania and Southern red; \$,500 bus Kentucky white sold at 125c forgeod qua-tity. Ryo sells slowly at 50c for new, and 60c for old. Corn is in fair demand at steady prices; sales of \$,000

Hty. Ryo sells slowly at 500 for new, and 60° for 60. Corn is in fair demand at steady prices; sales of 3,090 bus yellow at 55056c, part adiost, and 600 bus fair white at 54c. Oats are unchanged; sales of 1,300 bus good Delaware at 27026c; 1,200 bus inferior do sold at 25c, and 1,000 bus old Pennsylvania at 31c. Barg. —First No. 1 Quercitron is held at \$27 \$\$, ton Corron. —There is very little doing owing to the high views of holders. GROCENIES AND PROVISIONS.—Prices are unchanged, and there is little or nothing doing in either. WHINKY.—The demand continues limited; sales of 200 bbls Ohio at 18013%c; Pennsylvania do 17%0150; and Drudge at 17%c \$\$ gallon.

New York Stock Exchange,---Aug. 31.

New York Markets of Saturday.

ASHES BTO unchanged, with sales of 25 bbls at \$5.25 for Pots, and \$5.37 ½ for Pearls. BRMADSTUFFS.—The market for State and Western Flour opened firmly, and 5c better, with a fair demand for expert, at the improvement, descine tradilit for

1000 Cle & Tol S F bs.73

tion with the Govornment.

stocks and money in that city to-day :

embargo.

the stone.

HUNGARY.

CABINET FURNITURE. CABINET FURNITURE AND BIL-

MOORE & CAMPION,

MOUNE & CAMPION, No. 261 South SECOND Street, In connection with their extensive Cabinet Business are now manufacturing a superior article of BILLIARD TABLES, And have now on hand a full supply, finished with the MOORE & CAMPION'S IMPROVED CUSHIONS, which are pronounced, by all who have used them, to be superior to all others. For the quality and finish of these Tables the manu-facturers refer to their numerous patrons throughout the Union, who are familiar with the character of their work. au25-6m

LOOKING GLASSES. MMENSE REDUCTION

LOOKING GLASSES.

OIL PAINTINGS, ENGRAVINGS, PICTURE AND PHOTOGRAPH FRAMES.

JAMES S. EARLE & SON.

816 CHESTNUT STREET, ance the reduction of 25 per cent. in the prices of all the Manufactured Stock of Looking Glasses; also, in Engravings, Picture and Photograph Frames, Oil Paintings. The largest and most elegant assortment in the country. A rare opportunity is now offered to make purd chases in this line For Cash, at remarkably Low Prices

EARLE'S GALLERIES, iv9-tf 816 CHESTNUT Street.

BUSINESS NOTICES CARD .- THE UNDERSIGNED.

A CARD.—THE UNDERSIGNED, late of the GIRARD HOUSE, Philadelphia, have leased, for a term of years, WILLARD'S HOTEL, in Washington. They take this occasion to return to their old friends and customers many thanks for past favors, and beg to assure them that they will be most happy to res them in their new ounstrue. see them in their new quarters. SYKES, CHADWICK, & CO. WASHINGTON, July 16, 1861.

TOHN WELSH, Practical SLATE BOOFER, THIRD Street and GERMANTOWN Boad, is prepared to put on any amount of ROOFING, on the most MODERATE TERMS. Will guaranty to make every Building perfectly Water-tight. my7-1y

FILE MANUFACTORY,

211 NEW STREET. Files and Rasps of every description, and good quality, made to order, at the above establishment. WHOLESALE AND RETAIL,

at manufacturer's pri Becutting done in a superior manner. J. B. SMITH.

TASE AND COMFORT.

ALSE ARD COMPOSITE AND A Second Provide A Second Probabily as a person probably never was born. But those who know when they are suited in BOOTS or SHOES are invited to give him a call, and those who never were suited before may be suited now. He is at his Old Place, 808 COATES Street Jold-3m

EVANS & WATSON'S SALAMANDER SAFES. DALAMANDES SAFES: STORE, 804 CHESTNUT STREET, PHILADELPHIA, PA. variety of FIRE-PROOF SAFES always

MEDICINAL.

ELIXIR PROPYLAMINE,

The New Bemedy for BHEUMATISM. BHEUMATISM. During the past year we have introduced to the notice fit he medical profession of this country the *Pure Crys-*glised Chloride of Propylamine, as a <u>BEMEDY FOR RHEUMATISM</u>; and baying readized from mean counter, both from the

REMEDY FOR RHEUMATISM; and having received from many sources, both from phy-slcians of the bighest standing and from patients, the MOST FLATTERING TESTIMONIALS of its real value in the treatment of this painful and ob-stinate discase, we are induced to present it to the public In a form BEADY FOR IMMEDIATE USE, which we hope will commend itself to those who are suffering with this smithing complaint, and to the medical practitioner who may feel disposed to test the powers of this valuable comment.

ELIXIE PROPYLAMINE, in the form above spoken of, has recently been extensively experimented with in

the PENNSYLVANIA HOSPITAL, and with MARKED SUCCESS, (as will appear from the published accounts in the medical journals). **S** It is carefully put up ready for immediate use, with full directions, and can be obtained from all the druggists at 75 cents per bottle, and at wholesale of BULLOCK & CRENSHAW, Druggists and Manufacturing Chemists, ma 24-17 Philadelphia.

DHILADELPHIA TERRA-COTTA WORKS.

WORKS. Offices and Warerooms, 1010 CHESTNUT Street. Ornamental Chimney Tops. Garden Vases and Statuary. Encaustic Flooring Tile. Architectural Ornaments. Ventilating and Smoke Flues Ridge Tile and Sanitary Ware. Bieam-pressed Drain Pipe. Water Pipe, warranted to stand pressure, cheap and durable. The Trade supplied, on Liberal Terms.

rated Catalogues sent by mail, on S. A. HARRISON. mh27-tf 1010 OHESTNUT Street.

NACKEREL. HERRING. SHAD.

the body, to close and secure the ends of the cover; a staple in the lower rail, near the second stud from each end, to fasten the side cords. The outside of the body and feed trough to have two goed coats of white lead, colored to a blue tint, the inside of them to have two coats of venetian red paint; the running gear and wheels to have two good coats of venetian red darkened of a chocolate color, the hub and fellies to be well pitched, instead of painted, if required. A tar-poit, an extra king bolt, and two extra single-trees to be furnished with each wagon, the king bolt and singletrees similar in all respects to those belonging to it.

and singletrees summar in an respects to the set of the set of the set of the body of the wayon to be marked U. Each side of the body of the wayon to be marked U. S., and numbered as directed; all other parts to be let-tered U. S.; the cover, feed box, bolts, linchpins, tar-pot, and harness bearers for each wayon to be put up in a strong box, (coopered,) and the contents marked thereon.

PROF. WALTER S. FORTESCUE, A. M., 8u26-ff Principal. THOMAS BALDWIN'S ENGLISH Mathematical and Classical School, for Boys, N. E. corner of BROAD and ARCH, will reopen September 2d. au26-1mo* CLASSICAL INSTITUTE,

DEAN Street, above SPRUCE. The CLASSICAL INSTITUTE will resume its duties on MONDAY, September 20. J. W. FAIRES, A. M., Burge, 2mo. au26-2mo

MARGARET ROBINSON WILL reopen her SCHOOL for GIRLS, corner of RACE IVI reopen her SCHOOL for GIRLS, corner of RACE and FRANKLIN Streets, Ninth Mouth 9th. au26-12t*

MENTRAL INSTITUTE, TENTH CENTRAL INSTITUTE, LEATH ond SPRING GARDEN Streets, will respen SEP-TEMBER 2d. Boys prepared for Business, College, or any Division in the Public Grammar Schools. Call at, the school-room between 9 A. M. and 12 M. au26-36t* H. G. MCGUIRE, A. M., Principal.

LINWOOD HALL, ON CHELTEN AVENUE, near YORK BOAD STATION, North Pennsylvania Railroad, seven miles from Philadelphia. MISS CARR'S BOARDING and DAY SCHOOL for

UNG LADIES will reopen on MONDAY, Septen Correlation and the office of Jay Cooke & Co., Bankers, No. 114 South Third street, or by address-ing the Principal, Shoemakertown P. O., Montgomery county, Pa. au20-12t

FDUCATION OF YOUNG LADIES. Linche duties of the SPRING GARDEN INSTI-TUTE, No. 611 MARSHALL Street, will be resumed on MONDAY, the 2d of September. Ten pupils may find a Christian house in the family of the Principal. GILBERT COMBS, A. M., Principal.

au24-1m Residence No. 608 MARSHALL Street.

DOLYTECHNIC COLLEGE, WEST PULLITEUMINU UULLEGE, WEST PENN SQUARE.—The SCIENTIFIC SCHOOL will begin on September 9th; the PROFESSIONAL SCHOOLS for ENGINEERS, ARCHITECTS, Practi-cal CHEMISTS, and GEOLOGISTS, on September 16. The Course on MILITARY ENGINEERING will in-clude Field Forthfications, Siege Operations, Strategy, and Tactics. A. L. KENNEDY, M. D., su24-12t President of Faculty.

THE SELECT CLASSICAL AND ENGLISH SCHOOL of the subscriber will reopen at 1230 LOCUST Street, MONDAY, September 9. au24-12t* B. KENDALL.

M. P. GIBBONS INTENDS TO mean of the school on ORANGE Street (second gate below Eighth street) on the 2d of 9th month (Sep-tember). Please apply at the school. au24-10t* REV. J. I. HELM WILL REOPEN his School for GIBLS, at 1525 WALNUT Street, au22-1m

DENN INSTITUTE-Southeast corner THIRTEENTH and FILBERT Sts., re-ens MONDAY, Sept. 9. For catalogues, address au22-1m* R. STEWART, Principal. YOUNG LADIES' SCHOOL-No. L 903 CLINTON Street-Established by Prof. C. D. OLEVELAND in 1834. The duties of the school will be resumed by the subscriber, on MONDAY, Sep-tember 9. [au22-1m] PLINY E. CHASE.

CCHOOL OF DESIGN FOR WO-MEN, 1334 CHESTNUT Street, reopens on the MONDAY of September. au21-12t* first MONDAY of September.

E NGLISH AND CLASSICAL SCHOOL.—The school of the subscriber, in Simes' Building, at TWELFTH and CHESTNUT Streets, will be removed to the larger Hall, directly over Mr. Has-sard's store, in the same building, and will be reopened on MONDAY, 9th of September. au21-tf CHARLES SHORT.

DORDENTOWN FEMALE COL-BORDENTIOWA FIDERALES LEGE, Bordentown, N. J., situated on the Camden and Amboy Bailroad, thirty miles north of Philadelphia. Special attention paid to the common and higher English branches, and superior advantages furnished in vocal and instrumental Music. German and French. Session commences September 10. Address Bev. JOHN W. BBAKELEY, A. M., au21 1m* President.

ST. MARK'S EPISCOPAL ACADE-

MNNDAY, September 2, at 9 A. M. J. ANDREWS HARRIS, A. M., su21-2w*

THE MISSES CASEY and MRS. **L** BEEBE will re-open their English and French Boarding and Day School, Ne. 1703 WALNUT Street, on WEDNESDAY, the 11th of SEPTEMBER. au20-1m

MARY L. STACKHOUSE will re-Girls, at No. 1030 SPBING GABDEN Street, on the 2d of SEPTEMBER next.

WESLEYAN FEMALE COLLEGE, VV WILMINGTON, DELAWARE, The next session of this Institution will begin on MONDAY, the 2d of September.

MUNDAI, the Za of September. It possesses the best facilities for thorough instruction in a complete course of solid and ornamental studies. Superior accommodations for bearders. For full information, address sul9-tsel JOHN WILSON, President.

MISS MARY E. THROPP will re-open her Boarding and Day School for Young La-dies, at 1924 SPRUCE Street, Philodelphia, on MON-DAY, September 9th. Circulars, containing full infor-metion, to be had on application. aul9 dtOct1* MERCIE E. BROWN will REOPEN

"Representatives from a majority of the whole number of State, District, and Territorial Grand Bodies are necessary to form a quorum for the transaction of business ;" therefore, it will require a pretty general attendance from the loyal States enable the session to be held. We do not see that the absence of the Southern members will affect materially the revenue of the Grand Lodge, for at . the last communication, in Baltimore, the jurisdic-tions of South Carolina, Georgia, Alabama, Mississlppi, Louisiana, Texas, North Carolina, Florida, Tennessee, and Arkansas, contributed to the trea-sury of the Grand Lodge, during the preceding year, the sum of \$3,008.45, whilst the representa-tives drew from the Grand Lodge for mileage and

per diem the sum of \$3,057.10. Virginia is not included in this computation, as the Western portion of the State will probably be represented. From an emamination of the journals of the same session, we learn that the membership in the States that now comprise "Secessia" amounted to 20,604; the membership in Pennsylvania alone amounted to 42,542. Surely, this fact should give the opinions of the Grand officers of this State great weight with their brethren in other jurisdictions. We trust the circular to which we have alluded may have the

effect of inducing a sufficient number of representa tives to attend, so as to form a quorum, on the morning of the session. Disorganization in a great charity like Odd Fellowship should be checked in its incipiency.

Bloody Affray in Kentucky.

[From the Cincinnati Press, 27th ult.]

[From the Cincinnati Press, 27th ult.] On Sunday evening last a bloody affray occurred at Stockwell's Toll-gate, Boone county, which re-sulted in the instant death of a man named James Moore, while another, named Edward O'Neal, was so badly cut that he cannot survive The difficulty originated at a Secession barbeeue, held somewhere in Boone county, about two weeks since, where Moore, O'Neal, and some other Union men, went as mere lookers-on, but without making any attempt at a disturbance, until five of their neighbors, Secessionists, named George and Henny McNeal, Woogy Anderson, James Eiddle, and Mil-ton Campbell, commenced insulting them by waving Secession flags in their faces, and using ungentleecession flags in their faces, and using ungentle

manly opithets. Moore and O'Neal were entirely unarmed, as were two friends, Enoch Anderson and James Mc-Carty, who were with them. At the time of the assault, the four above named were standing in the middle of the street, when the McNeels, Riddle, Anderson, and Campbell commenced firing with pistols, and it is said that seventeen rounds were histons, and r is said this sovement rounds were discharged without effect, when the whole party dropped their fire-arms, drew out huge bowie-knives, and rushed upon the unarmed Unionists, stabbing Moore in the side, from the effects of which he feel to the ground, and also cutting him in the shoulder and arm while lying prostrate and in the last agonies. O'Neal received several cuts in the sever while and everying to defend himself but use arm while endeavoring to defend himself, but was overcome, thrown down, and stabbed in the abdo-men. The other two men made their escape.

men. The other two men made their escape. The people of the vicinity were at once aroused and in pursuit of the murderers, who had remount-ed their horses and fied to the South-no doubt to the rebel army. At last accounts it was doubtful if they could be overtaken.

" The Incarnation of Mohocracy." The Augusta (Ga.) *Chronicle* of the 16th, re-marking upon the destruction of a paper in New Hampshire, and of another in Maine, on account of their abuse of the Government, their denunciation of the war, and their blackguardism of the soldiers, save.

acres. The live slock was valued in 1811 at $\pm 23,900,000$; in 1851 at $\pm 27,000,900$; in 1851 at $\pm 23,900,000$, and this independently of the im-This is but the breaking out afresh of the old irs, *Mayflower* passengers, and other early settlers of New England. It is the very spirit of hell itself, the absolute inearnation of molocracy, which defies law and Gospel, mocks at God, and truth, and jus-tice, deifies its own evil nature, and demands that its behests be law for the time. It is a compound, wherever and whenever found, of hypocrisy, self-righteousness, bigotry, intolerance, cruelty, and cowardice. It is the spirit which wars on the wark, on women and children, on unarmed men, and in-numbers of ten to one, or even as cowardly as \pm hundred to one. It requires absolute agreement of all to its opinions, assumed to be infallible, and de-mands obedience to its insane, turbulent will. It is the enemy of government, the enemy of peace, the enemy of government, the enemy of peace enough to quell it, or, failing in that, to bring its instigators, aiders, and abottors to condign punish-ment, is worth a copper, nor does it deserve the al-levience of any thus men. This is the spirit to even the see, and delivered a langthoned charge to the edergy, in instigators, aiders, and abottors to condign punish-ment, is worth a copper, nor does it deserve the al-legiance of any true man. This is nothing more than we have expected of the North, and is but tho beginning of what we predicted of that lawless people in these columns a year ago. They are not fit for liberty; they do not desorre it, and they have well nigh lost it.

21,069; petty officers, 13,264; A. B. scamen, 62,-737; O. S. seamen, 17,514; apprentices and boys, 23,041.

IT is stated that recently one firm in Sheffield manufactured is the space of three months no less than 280 tons of crinoline steel.

THE O'Conor Den, M. P., has purchased the estates of Mr. O'Beirne in Roscommon and Sligo for £24.000.

for £24,000. LORD TRACTAIR has bequeathed his property, which was not entailed, to Lady Louisa Stuart, his sister; and at her ladyship's douth to a Koman Cathena family in Ayrahire. The Big Gux.—The 13-inch wrought-iron gun manufactured by the Mersey Steel and Iron Com-pany was again is ted at Portsmouth the other day, and with two begrees of elevation, with 401b of powder, threw a 2301b shot 3,333 yards. To test it still further it was charged with 501b of powder, a 2801b shot, and a heavy wad. To prevent acci-dents, the piece was discharged with a portfire of three minutes' elevation, when, contrary to all ex-pectation, it stood well. It is said that this enor-mous piece of ordnance is to be mounted where it

neutron, it should went. The is and that this chor-mous piece of ordnance is to be mounted where it now is, and is to be tried against armor-plates. The dimensions of the gun are as follows: Longth from breech to muzzle, 15 ft. 10 in.; length of bore, 13-ft. 4 in.; diameter of bore, L3 in.; weight of gun, 21 tons 17 cwt. 2 qrs. The weight of the carriage is 7 tons 1 cwt. 1 qr.

21 tons 17 ewt. 2 qrs. The weight of the carriage is 7 tons 1 ewt. 1 qr. GOLD IN WALES.—That geld exists in its native state in England and Wales, as well as in other parts of the United Kingdom, has long been known, but its extraction at a profit seems never to have been accomplished. A company, known as the Vigra and Clogan Copper Mining Company, of Merionethshire, claims, howaver, to have solved the problem. This company commenced opera-tions in April, last year, the search being for cop-per, although it was known that gold was to be found, but, it was assumed, not in sufficient quanti-ties to repay the outlay. After the works had been carried on for some time, however, the lode became rich in gold, and we are positively assured that the result of the operations, from January last to the 5th July, shows a net profit of £2,500, arising on the gold obtained. Nine hundred and eighty-three ounces of gold are now in London from these mines, and will be sent into the bank after being refined.— *Daily News*.

and will be sent into an analysis and will be sent into an analysis and a sent into an analysis and a sentence in the following intimation, says the Aberdeen Herald, was copied from a board, at the entrance to a quarry, near Buckborn station: TAK NORIS WHE HORN BLO

N THE HORN BLO S.A BLAST WIL BE IN A MINIT. THE STATE OF IRELAND .- Lord Carlisle, Viceroy

The argue says that, with the exception of Rich-mond, the ordnance department at Memphis turns out daily more fixed ammunition than any other establishment in the rebel States. Nearly fifty The STATE OF INELAND.—Lord Carlisle, Viceroy of Ireland, was present at the annual banquet of the Royal Agricultural Society of Ireland at Bel-fast, and delivered a speech which will be read with considerable interest. He said : "In my judgment, Ireland has never exhibited such an ex-emption from general crime, from political agita-tion, or from physical distress and privation as that which she now enjoys. With, respect to the do-crease of population, there can be no doubt that the famile the scale which worked such fearful have upon the immediately preceding decade left work also on that which has succeeded it. But were also on that when the continuous flow of emithousand caritridges of all kinds, from thirty-two grape and canister down to Minié balls and buck-shet, are manufactured daily. AN AID-DE-CAMP OF M CULLOCH. The Momphis Appeal says: Benjamin S. John-son, son of Robert W. Johnson, of Arkansas, was engaged in the recent battle of Oak Hill, near Springfield, Mo., upon which occasion he served as volunteer aid-de-camp to Goneral McCaulloch. Though less than eightees years of age, he behaved with great gallantry and coolness, and hed a horse killed under him during the action.

A correspondent of the Charleston Mercury

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here upon the similarities preceding decade left work also on that which has succeeded it. But ere is no question that the continuous flow of emi-ration is the chief cause of the great reduction blich has encyced in the number of the people. If he number of emigrants from Ireland itself, ex-clusive of those who have left other parts of the United Kingdom, is allowed for, there would have been in the last decade, from 1851 to 1861, an in-orease in Ireland close upon 40,000. Now with respect to the productiveness of the country within the same periods. The land under cultivation, either under tillage or in medowing and pasture, in 1841 was 13,000,009 acres; in 1851 it was above 14,000,000 acres; is 1861 it is above 15,000,000 acres. The live stock was valued in 1841 at 221,000,000, and this independently of the im-provement of quality in the animals, which, I be-lieve, is by every one admitted to be very great, amounting, perfaps, to 25 per cent. Along with this great increase of productiveness there has been a very striking diminution of the small holdings and of the wrotched cabins of the peasantry. The value of property rated to the relief of the poor in 180 was 611 6000. In 1860 it hed increased There is universal complaint made of the want of efficiency in the Commissariat Dopartment. It was folt severely and immediately after the battle of Manassas. Our brave troops, particularly the sick and wounded, suffered greatly. Some of the troops were without provisions from Sunday breakfast un-til Tuesday after the battle. Since then it has oc-curred more than once that many have been with-out food for twenty-four hours. Great indignation is felt throughout the army and in Richmond on ac-count of this outrageous and uncendurable inefficien cy. The efficiency of the army is impaired, and even its movements retarded through the want of supplies.

GEN. PILLOW'S COMMAND. A deserter from Pillow's rebel traops, at New Madrid, Missouri, has arrived at St. Louis. Ho reports that the rebel troops are in a sad plight and almost demoralized. There was a great deal of whisky in the camp, and "free" fights were of dealy occurrence. The idea is general that St. Louis will soon be in their hands. The force under Pillow was 20,000, and 8,000 at Benton under Thompson, and 800 at Charleston under Hunter. He also reports that two masked batteries, that have not been heard of before, are stationed, one five miles above New Madrid, and the other fivo miles and a half below that town, on the Missouri bank

had fallen to 3,531. THE BISHOP OF SALISBURY'S VISITATION.—The Bishop of Salisbury last week hold his third visita-tion of the diocece since his appointment to the see, and delivered a lengthened charge to the elergy, in which he congratulated them upon the defeat of the numerous attacks which had of late been made upon the dootrine, discipline, and position of the Church. The enemies of the Establishment had paris attached lagalize marriage with a deceased

pressing men to work on boats there is at an end. Measures have been adopted by which hands will be employed and paid as in the regular way.

HATTERAS INLET DESCRIBED.

is such a thing as a southern Contoderacy, or Southern party, or Southern army, or whatever we may choose to call them, with 200,000 troops in the field, and they made themselves foit at Manassas to such an extent as to at least entitle them to be regarded as belligerents, and an organization that the Washington Government might afford to ex-change prisoners with ' This inlet, into which nearly all the prizes which the Southern privators have brought in have been carried, is described in a letter from the *Roanoke*, which is one of the vessels blockading Charleston, as follows: "It is an inportant entrance to Pam-lico and Albemarle Sounds, a point of much inte-rest, and I am only surprised that our Government does not pay more attention to it. From there ves-sels can run direct to Norfolk, via the Dismal Swamps; and if I had my say I would occupy the point with Union troops if possible, and keep a vos-sel-of-war there, to pretect them, or carry them off if necessary. The Point is on a barren strip of sand beach, many miles from the main land, that forms the outside of the Sound, and with a good sand bat-tery, with long-range rifled guns, would be as im pregnable as Fortress Monroe from an attack either by land or water from the Confederate troops, and, by holding it, would give our rebel friends a mighty sight of uneasiness." SUSPENDED. This inlet, into which nearly all the prizes which change prisoners with ! ANOTHER LOYAL CITIZEN ABRESTED IN TENNESSEE. One John Clark, of Cumberland county, in this One John Clark, of Cumberland county, in this State, took it into his head to raise and organize a company of volunteers to fight for the Lincoln Go-yernnent. This movement, fin a State acknow-ledging no fealty to that Government, induced a number of citizens of White county to arrest John Clark, and he was brought to this city yesterday and taken before the Hon. West H. Humphreys, judge of the Confederate States Distitict Court, by whom he was committed to juil for examination on a charge of treason.—Noskrille Union, 21st. We learn that the State musket percussion cap factory of Tennessee is now making over one million percussion caps per week, and can increase its rapidity to thrice that number if necessary. Mr. S. D. Morgan is the gentleman who inaugurated and has superintended it.—Momphis Avalanche, 22d.

SUSPENDED.

The publication of the Norfolk (Va.) Herald is temporarily suspended, in consequence of the im-possibility of shtaining paper to continue it. MUCH OF THAT.

The New Orleans papers, of a late date, announce the receipt of Confederate States treasury notes, The Leavenworth (Kansas) Conservative of Saturday states that there was great excitement in Kansas Gity on Thursday last, and that apprehen-sions were felt of an immediate attack of 1,500 which are received at par, and generally taken for goods. TENDERED THE APPOINTMENT. rebels, who were reported to be marching on that city. The danger of attack appeared so great, Maj. Van Horn, commanding the Home Guards, ordered the removal of the funds of the banks to Fart

Dr. Jos. Theburn, surgeon of the First Virginia Regiment, just disbanded, has been tondored the colonelcy of the new First Regiment. THE GEORGIA ELECTION.

the removal of the funds of the banks to Fert Leavenworth for safe keeping. At 10 o'clock Friday night the funds were taken from the bank vaults, placed in charge of seventeen mem-five mounted and twelve in the freight wagons—and sent off to the fort. They reached here at 10 o'clock yesterday forenoon. The amount they taken observe of is \$155,000, helonging to the

thus taken charge of is \$158,000, belonging to the Kansas City branches of the State, Union, and Me-AN OFFICER OF THE UNITED STATES NAVY ARRESTED. The Knoxville Register, of the 24th ult., states that Commander E. B. Boutwell, of the United States navy, was arrested on the previous day by order of the Secretary of the Navy of the C. S. A., and will be sent to Richmond chanics' Banks. The escort was in charge of Capt.

THE ORDNANCE DEPARTMENT AT MEMPHIS

AN AID-DE-CAMP OF M'CULLOCH.

AFFAIRS AT RICHMOND.

he had intended.

of the Mississippi.

There is universal complaint made of the want of

GEN. PILLOW'S COMMAND.

and a half below that town, on the Missouri bank

The Montgomery Mail of the 10th says: Colonel J. Patton Anderson, First Florida Regiment, now stationed near Pensacola, arrived in our city this

morning, en route for the springs, for the benefit of his health.

his health. We are glad to learn that the health of General Bragg's army is very good, a marked improvement in this respect having occurred within the past fort-night. The spirits of our brave soldiers there are excellent. They only await the General's order for a chivalric, and, we hope, a successful demonstra-tion against Fort Pickens. Two schooners, at-tached to the blockading fleet, went aground in the late gale.

FROM PENSACOLA.

and will be sent to Richmond.

