More Important Arrests in New York.

The police, especially the managers of the detective force, seem untiring in their efforts to ferret out the rebels who are constantly acting as spies among us, and, undoubtedly, doing all that lies in their power to give information to the Southern traitors. Within the past week several important arrests have been made, but the facts have been withheld from the public by the Superintendent of Police, hoping, no doubt, that by so doing they may manage to obtain such information as may lead to other arrests. However, it is essential that those rebels should know that New York will soon be too warm for them, and that they will have to seek some other place for safety. Yesterday a very important arrest was made at the Fifth Avenue Hotel. A Southerner, whose name we were unable to learn, but who is from Petersburg, Virginia, was arrested by two of the detective force, and on his person was found over one hundred thousand dollars in drafts and Southern States bonds; also, about one thousand dollars in gold. He is said to be a heavy dealer in tobacco, and is the owner of two large tobacco plantations in the South. He is a man about fifty years of age, unmarried, and is alleged to be a rabid Secessionist. He was taken to the police headquarters, where he is temporarily confined, and will no doubt soon be sent to Fort Lafayette. There was said to have been found upon his person memorandum for various articles, such as needles, thread, quinine, and for various parties in Virginia, which he no doubt intended to take on with him.

Three other arrests have been made by the above force during the last two days, one of the latter also being taken from the above hotel. On his person were found important Southern papers, about $800 in gold, and about $100 in bills, mostly Virginia money. He is said to be in some way connected with General Wise, and was bearer of despatches from a leading Southern house in this city to General Wise, and a banking-house in Savannah.

The other two parties are said to be both Southerners, one of whom was arrested for offering bogus drafts on one of the Virginia banks. The latter two were yesterday sent to Fort Lafayette.—*New York Herald of yesterday.*

The *Post* of last evening says:

George Miles, of Petersburg, Virginia, and John Garnet Guthrie, of Richmond, collecting agents of tobacco houses in Virginia, were arrested in this city this morning by the detective police, and sent to Fort Lafayette for safe keeping, by order of Secretary Seward.

Mr. Guthrie is a tobacco manufacturer, and has made large shipments of the article to this city, Philadelphia, and Baltimore. The passage of the confiscation act had compelled him to come North to make collections before the enforcement of the measure should annihilate all hopes of "realizing." He accordingly visited these cities with such success as to obtain about $14,000.

Having a fancy for speculation, he visited Wall street, where his friends helped him to liberal investments in six per cents of Tennessee, Virginia, Georgia, and North Carolina. About this time his operations came to the knowledge of the police.

Miles was agent for James Thomas, of Richmond, and had been successful in collecting about $35,000. He had also made liberal investments in Southern stocks.

Sergeant Young and Officer Wilson undertook the task of arresting these men. They paid a domiciliary visit to the Metropolitan Hotel, where they found Mr. Miles, and secured his person. Mr. Guthrie was found at the Fifth Avenue Hotel.

About $17[illegible] was recovered from the two prisoners, principally in bonds, acceptances, sight drafts, Virginia paper money, and about $1,000 in gold. A large number of letters, addressed to persons in the Southern States, were found in their possession, indicating that they were contemplating an early departure.

Intelligence of the arrest was telegraphed to the Secretary of State, and inquiry was made as to the disposition to be made of the prisoners. The reply from Mr. Seward directed the prisoners to be sent to Fort Lafayette. They were accordingly placed in charge of a suitable police force and forwarded at once to that sanatory.

The Privateers.

LIST OF THE PRIZES THUS FAR.

Name.	*Where from.*	*Where bound.*
Stmr. St. Nicholas	Baltimore	Annapolis.
Stmr. Mobile	——	——
Stmr. Star of the West	Texas	New York.
Stmr. Pocahontas	——	——
Ship John S. Hall, (a)	Cuba	——
Ship Golden Rocket (a)	Havana	Cienfuegos.
Ship A. B. Thompson	Savannah	New York.
Ship Mary Goodell (c)	New Orleans	Liverpool.
Ship Sebastopol	Liverpool	Charleston.
Bark Louisa Killman (b)	Cienfuegos	Falmouth, E.
Bark West Wind (d)	Cienfuegos	Falmouth, E.
Bark Gem	Philadelphia	Falmouth, E.
Bark Chester	Seized while lying at N. Orleans.	
Bark Ocean Eagle	Rockland	New Orleans.
Bark California (e)	St. Thomas	Cork.
Bark Alvarado	Cape Town	Boston.
Bark D. C. Pierce	Remedios	Falmouth, E.
Bark Rowena	Lagunayra	Falmouth.
Bark Joseph Maxwell	Philadelphia	Laguayra.
Brig Panama	Provincetown	Havana.
Brig Lydia Frances	St. Jago	New York.
Brig Joseph	Cardenas	Philadelphia.
Brig Hannah Baker	Cardenas	Boston.
Brig John Welsh	Trinidad	Falmouth, E.
Brig Monticello	Rio Janeiro	Baltimore.
Brig Machias (b)	Trinidad	New York.
Brig Nahant	Cienfuegos	New York.
Brig Benj. Bunker (b)	Cienfuegos	New York.
Brig E. T. Martin (d)	Philadelphia	Havana.
Brig Wm. McGilvery	Cardenas	Philadelphia.
Brig Itasca	Nuevitas	New York.
Brig M. L. Thompson	——	——
Brig Santa Clara	Porto Rico	Boston.
Brig Albert Adams (b)	Cienfuegos	New York.
Brig Cuba (b)	Trinidad	New York.
Schr. J. Adams	Provincetown	Whaler.
Schr. Hermaph.	Provincetown	Whaler.
Schr. Hy Travers	Seized at New Orleans.	
Schr. E. S. Jayne	Seized at New Orleans.	
Schr. Enchantress (b)	Rio Janeiro	St. Jago.
Schr. S. J. Waring (e)	New York	Buenos Ayres.
Schr. Transit	New London	Buenos Ayres.
Schr. Mary Pierce	Boston	Washington.
Schr. Harvest	Provincetown	New York.
Schr. Herbert Manton	West Indies	——
Schr. Protector	Cuba	Philadelphia.
Schr. Mary Alice (e)	Porto Rico	New York.
Schr. N. Chase	New York	Africa.
Schr. Priscilla (d)	Curacoa	Baltimore.
Schr. Henry Nutt	Key West	Philadelphia.
Schr. Sea Witch	Baracoa	New York.
Schr. W. S. Robbins	Arroyo	New York.
Schr. Margaret	——	——
Schr. C Rees (f)	——	——
Schr. Mary	——	——
Schr. Windward (b)	Turks Island	Holmes' Hole.

The following ships were seized in the port of New Orleans:

Arabine,	Aird,	American Union,
Chas. F. Farwell,	Express,	Marathon,
Marshall,	Milan,	Robert Harding.
State of Maine,	Tonlon,	
	Lemuel Dyer,	S. E. Pettigrew.

Total—4 steamers, 19 ships, 10 barks, 16 brigs, 21 schooners—70.

(*a*) Burnt by a privateer.
(*b*) Released.
(*c*) A wreck when seized.
(*d*) Driven ashore by United States cruiser, and burnt, after capture by rebels.
(*e*) Recaptured.
(*f*) Burnt by rebels.

Gen. Rosencrans and the Press.

HEADQUARTERS ARMY OF OCCUPATION OF WESTERN VIRGINIA, CLARKSVILLE, August 20.

The General commanding the army of occupation in Western Virginia invokes the aid of the press to prevent the enemy from learning through it the position, strength, and movements of the troops under his command. Such information is of the greatest service to the enemy, and deprives the commander of our own forces of all the advantages which arise from the secrecy of concentration and surprise—advantages which are constantly enjoyed by the rebels, whose press never appears to betray them.

W. S. ROSENCRANS,
Brigadier General Commanding.

STRINGENT ORDERS OF GENERAL WOOL.—General Wool has issued the following general orders:

HEADQUARTERS, DEPARTMENT OF VA., FORT MONROE, Va., Aug. 20, 1861.

General Order, No. 2.]

I. The following officers are announced as the staff of the Major-General commanding this Department, and will be obeyed and respected accordingly:

First Lieutenant, Charles C. Churchill, 3d Artillery, Acting Assistant Adjutant-General, Chief of the staff.

Captain Grier Tallmadge, Quartermaster Department, chief Quartermaster.

Captain J. Mich. Taylor, Subsistence Department, chief Commissary.

Surgeon J. M. Cuyler, Medical Department, medical director.

Captain William F. Reynolds, chief of Topographical Engineer and acting aid-de-camp.

II. All permissions heretofore granted to pass beyond the pickets, or to come inside of them, are revoked. The order will be rigidly enforced, and commanders of pickets will be held responsible that it is carried out.

III. All leaves of absence to officers, and furloughs to enlisted men, are revoked; officers and enlisted men absent will immediately return to the Department, unless on leave of surgeon's certificate. Commanders of regiments and battalions will notify absent officers and enlisted men of this order.

By command of Major-General WOOL.
C. C. CHURCHILL, Acting Assist.-Adj't-Gen.

The staff is selected from the officers of the garrison. Captains Tallmadge and Taylor were upon General Butler's staff, and Lieutenant Churchill for one time discharged the duties of Adjutant-General. Captain Reynolds has recently been added to this department. It is an interesting circumstance that Captain (then Lieut.) Tallmadge served on General Wool's staff as long as ten and twelve years ago, and is an intimate personal friend of the commanding general.

RESCUE OF MR. BOTELER.—The Boonsboro' (Maryland) *Odd Fellow* says:

"We stated last week that the Hon. Alexander R. Boteler, of Virginia, had been captured on Monday night of last week, by Federal troops, and taken to Sandy Hook and placed in the hands of General Banks. It appears that on the night in question, about twelve o'clock, fifty soldiers, guided by two men from the Maryland side, crossed the Potomac and marched, by a circuitous route, for Mr. Boteler's residence, which is about one mile beyond Shepherdstown. On their way they came across two men, whom they made fall into line. They arrived at the house about three A. M., and caught Mr. Boteler 'napping,' and soon apprised him of the object of their visit. That gentleman immediately give himself up, and was brought under a strong guard to the Maryland side and taken to the Thirteenth Massachusetts Regiment, under command of Col. Leonard, stationed at Grove's warehouse, about four miles above Shepherdstown, and not to Sandy Hook, as we were before informed. Here he remained until four o'clock the next day. His case was investigated but nothing actionable was found against him, and under the care of several officers he was taken out of camp, released, and sent home. The men thought he was to be sent to General Banks; and when they understood what disposition had been made of him, we understand their indignation knew no bounds, and almost resulted in a rebellion. It also created quite a sensation at Sandy Hook. However, Mr. Boteler was set free, and will, no doubt, hereafter remember that prudence is sometimes the better part of valor.

FROM ST. LOUIS.—A special despatch to the Chicago *Tribune* of the 21st instant says: Jefferson City, about which some alarm is felt, is now considered safe. All reports tend to confirm the statement that the Secessionists in the counties adjacent to the capital are rising in great numbers, but are poorly armed. No alarm is felt, however. To-night a splendid torchlight procession takes place in honor of Gen. Siegel. Great admiration is expressed for Siegel by the Germans, and they say they will make up an army themselves, if he will lead them against the enemy. Another lot of gamblers were, this afternoon, marched up to headquarters, and will to-morrow go down and labor on the entrenchments at Cairo.

QUADRUPEDESTRIANISM.—The French Zouaves, according to travellers, generally charge at a dog-trot. Ours, representing a faster country, prefer to charge at a Bull Run!—*Vanity Fair.*

A FAT FEE.—Major A. K. Syester, who has gone to Richmond to try to obtain the release of Mr. Eyster, of Chambersburg, who was made a prisoner whilst on a visit to his friends at Winchester, will be well compensated if he should succeed. He received in hand $500 to bear his expenses, and has the guarantee of $5,000 more if he accomplishes the object of his visit.

Mr. Syester will also endeavor to recover the lady of Lieutenant Colonel Thomas, nephew of ex-Governor Thomas, of this State, who was killed at the battle of Bull Run.—*Boonsboro' (Md.) Odd Fellow.*

JUDGE CATRON.—We saw this distinguished gentleman yesterday. He informs us that the Vigilance Committee of Nashville did not wait on him as a committee, and give him formal notice to leave the State, but that individual members of the committee assured him that he could not live there. His wife is now with him in this city.—*Louisville Journal.*

STOCKS AND REAL ESTATE TUESDAY NEXT.—Thomas & Sons hold a sale at the Exchange on Tuesday, 27th instant. See pamphlet catalogues issued to-day.

WAR MEETING IN CHICAGO.—The Chicago *Tribune* contains a call for a "War Meeting," to be held this (Saturday) evening, under the auspices of the Union Defence Committee, to consider various matters concerning the welfare of the Illinois volunteers and the protection of our country.

LEGAL INTELLIGENCE.

UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT—Judge Cadwalader.—Martin Conway and Elizabeth Connor were put on trial yesterday morning, charged with passing counterfeit half-dollars. The evidence of Deputy Marshal Schuyler was, that he had been watching the defendants for some time, and on the morning of the 12th of June last, he observed them at Ridge road and Vine streets, in close conversation, and followed Elizabeth to the Callowhill-street market, where she passed two counterfeit half-dollars, one on Mr. Weckerly, from whom she bought beef, and the other on a Mr. Sailor, of whom she purchased butter.

The deputy marshal first requested those parties to mark the money they had received, and then arrested Elizabeth, and found on her person other counterfeit coin. A verdict of not guilty was rendered.

A decree has been entered in the case of the schooner *Enchantress*, awarding salvage, in the sum of $1,500, to the crew of the United States vessel *Albatross*; and also decreeing that the negro cook, Jacob Garrison, who, by jumping overboard gave the alarm, thus causing the recapture, should come in the same as one of the crew of the *Albatross* for proportionate share of salvage.

Restitution of the schooner to the owners was likewise decreed.

New York Stock Exchange.—Aug. 23.

FIRST BOARD.

1000 U S 5s '74 Cp	79¾	69 Metropolitan Bk	80
2000 U S 6s '81 Cp	88	10 Park Bank	87
5000 U S 6s '81 Reg	87¾	25 Shoe & Leath Bk	30
23450 Treas 6 p c 2 y	97¾	10 Del & Hud Canal	83
2000 do	97¾	10 Penna Coal	76
10000 Ohio St 6s 1860	90¾	40 Erie Railway	25
10000 Ohio 6s '70	90	100 do	25¼
1000 Kentucky 6s	77¼	188 Pacific Mail S Co	72
2000 Michigan 6s	80	50 do	810. 72
2000 Mich St 8 w bd	79	15 do	72¼
1000 Louisiana 6s	68	50 N Y Central	78¼
1000 Georgia 6s	68	400 do	78¾
9000 Tenn 6s '90	42¾	50 do	78¾
5000 do	b10. 42½	100 do	78¾
1000 do	42½	100 do	78¾
1000 Virginia 6s	51¾	19 Hudson Riv R	30. 32¾
4000 do	51¾	50 do	72¾
11000 N Carolina 6s	60	50 Mich S Guar'd S'k	29
5000 do	59¾	350 Ill Cent Sep	20 64¾
1000 Miss 6s iss to Il	50	do	s10. 64¾
4 St J R	45¾	150 Gal & Chicago	65
22000 Missouri St 6s	41¾	400 Clev & Toledo	29
12000 do	s10. 41¾	200 do	29¼
2000 B'ffo C W Ln	95¾	79 Chicago & R I R	59¾
2000 Har R 1st mtg	96	125 do	40
1000 Mich C 8s Isim	97	50 do	s10. 40
1000 C R & I 6s	92½	100 do	b10. 40½
1000 N Ia 1st mtg	80	50 do	40¾
4000 L E & W 2d m	27	250 do	40¾
20 Merchants' Bank	85	100 do	40¾
30 Am Exchange Bk	79	100 do	40¾
10 Bank of Republic	85	70 C B & Quin R	99

New York Market of Yesterday.

ASHES are steady, with sales of 25 bbls at $5.25 for Pots and $5.37½ for Pearls.

BREADSTUFFS.—The market for State and Western Flour is a little heavy, with a moderate export demand. The sales are 10,000 bbls, at $4.35@4.45 for superfine State; $4.55@4.70 for extra State; $4.35@4.55 for superfine Michigan, Indiana, Ohio, Iowa, &c., and $4.55@5.80 for extra do do, including shipping brands of round-hoop Ohio, at $5.05@5.15, and trade brands of do at $5.20@6.25.

Southern Flour is steady, with a moderate demand; sales 600 bbls at $5.05@5.50 for mixed to Baltimore; $5.75@6.25 for extra do; $6@6.10 for Brandywine; $5.60@7.25 for Georgetown; $7@9.50 for Petersburg City; $7@9 for Richmond City.

Canadian Flour is quiet but firmer, with sales of 450 bbls at $4.40@4.45 for superfine, and $4.45@7.50 for the range of extra brands.

Rye Flour is dull, and selling slowly at $2.95@3.00 for the range of fine and superfine.

Corn Meal is quiet and unchanged; we quote Jersey at $2.75@2.80; Brandywine, $3.10@3.15; puncheons, $13@15.25.

Wheat is scarcely so firm, with less activity for export; the sales are 12,000 bushels at $1.21@1.25 for winter red Western; $1.04@1.14 for Milwaukee Club; $1.35@1.40 for white Kentucky; $1.35@1.33 for white Western, and $1.35 for Chicago spring.

Rye is quiet and firm, at 60@60c for Western, and 65c for State.

Barley is dull.

Oats are unchanged and rather quiet at 30@32c for Jersey, Delaware, and Pennsylvania, 32@33c for Western and State, and 36@39c for Canadian.

Corn rules firm, with a fair inquiry for shipment; sales 100,000 bushels at 60@61c for sound and shipping lots of mixed Western, and 43c for common to fair do.

Beef is steady and firm, at 50@60c for Western, and 65@70c for State.

Pork is quiet and firm, at 50@60c for Western and 65@70c for State.

Lard is dull, and selling slowly at $2.35@2.60 for the range of the best superfine.

Cut Meats are dull and nominally unchanged.

Butter is scarcely so firm, with less activity for export; the sales are 13,000 bushels at $1.21@1.25 for winter red Western; $1.04@1.14 for Milwaukee Club; $1.35@1.40 for white Kentucky; $1.35@1.33 for white Western, and $1.35 for Chicago spring.

Rye is quiet and firm, at 60@60c for Western, and 65@70