eighteen days, which contained nearly a thousand brave men, who are bound by the tenderest ties to thousands of households

The regiment is certainly bound to Perryville, but beyond that point their movements will depend upon orders from headquarters, which have not been made public, nor which will not be known until they develop themselves by the operations of the regiment itself.

It is understood that at Perryville Colonel Patterson's regiment will be joined by Sherman's Battery, two Ohio regiments, and several companies of regulars. It is rumored that all will move South together from that point, but much of this is mere surmise

ARRIVAL OF THE FIRST AND SECOND OHIO REGIMENTS—THEY ARE QUARTERED AT SUFFOLK PARK.

The first and second Ohio regiments, which have been quartered at Lancaster for two weeks, reached West Philadelphia at two o'clock yesterday afternoon, and marched at once to Suffolk Park, on the Blue Bell and Penrose Ferry road, one mile from the Darby turnpike.

These regiments rendezvoused at Columbus, Ohio, more than three weeks ago. They were encamped at Harrisburg a few days, and left Lancaster yesterday morning at ten o'clock.

They number two thousand one hundred men, and are without exception the most able-bodied, hardy soldiers that have yet reached this city from abroad.

The regiments are commanded by Colonel A. M. D. McCook, who lately left the United States army and proceeded to Ohio, at the summons of the volunteers and Colonel Lewis Wilson.

The staff officers of the first regiment are Lieut. Col. Edward A. Parrot, Major J. G. Hughes, Surgeon Wm. McMillen, and Quartermaster James Hill.

SECOND REGIMENT,

Colonel Lewis Wilson, Lieut. Col. Rodney Mason, Major A. C. Parry, Surgeon J. Webb, and Quartermaster Mr. A. McDermott.

The men formed at the West Philadelphia depot with knapsacks, haversacks, etc., upon their backs, and tramped by companies to the Park, a distance of four or five miles. Of this they did not complain; but on arrival at the Park, with a heavy shower wetting them to the skin, they were chagrined and mortified to find neither food nor adequate quarters provided for them. They had not eaten since breakfast, and of scanty rations at that time; the sheds at the Park were dripping with rain, and straw was supplied to few of the stalls. Their indignation broke into voice here, and they threatened to break into the adjacent farm-houses and supply themselves. A quartermaster was despatched at once to the city for wagon loads of food, but up to the time of our leaving the encampment, (six o'clock P. M.,) the teams had not returned, and half of the men were standing on the wet grass, with sore stomachs and moody brows.

With telegraphic communication between Lancaster and Philadelphia, it seems strange that orders were not despatched for the supplies, so that they might have been forwarded to camp in time for the arrival of the volunteers.

We hear, at a late hour, that a portion of the men were quartered at the Summit House, on the Darby road, and others at the Blue Bell, Kingessing.

Those who accustom themselves to speaking comprehensively of armies should have seen these two regiments, stretching a mile long, between the Park and the Summit House, with bright bayonets streaming down all the slopes and dotting the tops of the hills.

Among the companies composing the First Regiment are the Cleveland Grays, Dayton and Montgomery Light Guards, Videttes, of Columbus, and Kinney Light Guards of the city of Percival, Ohio. The latter company is commanded by Captain Dalley, a graduate of West Point, and an experienced soldier. Among the members of this company are lawyers, doctors, and physicians, many of them wealthy men, and all possessed of intelligence of no common order. The Second Regiment includes several companies noted for their skill in military matters, among which are the Cincinnati Rovers and Cincinnati Zouaves. Another feature in this regiment is a company familiarly called "The Cincinnati Bummers." It is composed of bold and daring men, who will not fail to be of eminent service in a pitched battle.

Among the soldiers we noticed a veteran, probably sixty-five or seventy years of age, named Captain McGlaughlin, who served in the Mexican war, and appears to be staunch enough to endure all the hardships incident to the life of our troops. Major Jack Hughes was also a soldier in the Mexican war. A soldier named G. L. Emil Sherere was also remarked. He is a graduate of the Prussian and French military academies, perfectly conversant with everything relating to cavalry and artillery movements, and is much respected on account of his superior knowledge of these affairs by his comrades.

The regiments, upon their arrival at Lancaster, two weeks since, were quartered in the First Presbyterian Church, until their arrangements to camping were completed. The camp was located *adjacent* to Wheatland, the residence of *Mr. Buchanan*, one and a half miles west of the *city*. Miss Harriet Lane visited the camp on Tuesday, and was heartily cheered by the soldiers. *Mr.* Buchanan, however, did not do so. A number of companies waited on him, and were hospitably entertained. Mr. Buchanan expressed the most cordial approval of Mr. Lincoln's present policy.

The troops are loud in their complaints of the guns with which they now are furnished. Not more than one half their number have received Minnie rifles. A portion have the old muskets changed from flint to percussion locks, and pronounce them utterly useless, and very unsafe.

The good people of Kingessing were much astonished at the sudden appearance of this great body of men. We overheard an honest publican, saying that he never thought to live to the time when troops should be quartered in his barn, and crowd his bar-room by scores and companies. The children and country folks generally struggled into camp last night with baskets of cakes and fruit, distributing them to the half-famished men. Kindly maidens likewise braved the possibility of insult and disconstrued modesty, to carry out bread, sandwiches, and cheese into the ranks. At the Park stables, the men fortunate enough to be supplied with clean straw threw themselves at once into their blankets, and fell into sound slumbers. Perhaps, in sleep, the dream of the soldier came to them; filled with far-off fancies and prophetic shadows.

These men, as we have remarked, are noble fellows in physique, and the frank, honest characteristics of Western men are finely exemplified in some of them.

A great, rough man, who had been presented with a sandwich and an orange, bowed to a depth frightfully humiliating, and said: "Ladies, God bless you! I shall kill four more men now than I intended to kill."

The muskets of these soldiers are almost useless. They fired a volley, by one company, over a comrade's grave at Lancaster, and in the discharge four muskets exploded. They are uniformed in heavy overcoats, gray pants, and blue jerkin or blouse. The Cincinnati "Bummer" corps wear red jackets. In this company one man was pointed out who was said to have been concerned in some twenty homicides on Western waters.

The troops will be quartered at the Park, it is thought, three days, as guards have been detailed for that time.

Their regulation uniforms went to camp last night upon drays. They declare that they will not move off without improved muskets. It was rumored in the evening that Hon. John Sherman, now in this city, had secured a requisite number of arms for them. They are anxious to go to Washington, and are ready not alone to kill but to eat all enemies.

The grounds at the camp were muddy last night, under the tramping of so many feet, and the men huddled themselves together in great numbers in a hay-loft of a large barn, so that it threatened to break with them and be the agent of some broken bones.

The two regiments are composed of picked men, and much of the wealth and talent of the States is to be found in their ranks. A finer sight than that of so many troops, grouped on the green, level field, cannot well be imagined. They will drill by company and battalion, both morning and afternoon, as long as they remain.

DEPARTURE OF TROOPS.

It was rumored, yesterday, that the first regiment, under command of Colonel Wm D. Lewis, would leave this city this morning for Perryville. We were unable, however, to trace the rumor to any reliable source, last evening. The arrival of the Ohio regiment yesterday afternoon, from Lancaster, and the delay consequent upon furnishing them, as well Col. Lewis' regiment with Minie rifles, may prevent the departure of any large body of troops for a few days longer.

THE GARIBALDI LEGION

In our issue of Monday, we confounded the Garibaldi Legion with the Garibaldi Guard. We are pleased to learn that the Legion now musters some six hundred men, and is awaiting marching orders. The rank and file are composed of Americans. Colonel Romaine Lejeune, one of the most accomplished officers in the country, is commander. The armories of the Legion are at the northwest corner of Seventh and Chestnut, and the northwest corner of Fourth and Arch.

COL. W. F. SMALL'S REGIMENT.

We understand that the First Regiment of Washington Guards, under Col. Small, will be mustered into service to-day. In giving a list of the officers of this regiment, a few days since, we omitted to state that Dr. N. C. Reid was the surgeon, and Dr. St. John W. Mintzer the assistant surgeon.

STREET PARADE.

Yesterday afternoon Colonel Max Einstein's regiment made a street parade, and, although without arms and uniforms, presented a very creditable appearance. The Harrison Guards, under the command of Lieutenant John M. Carson, attached to this regiment, was one of the finest companies on parade.

ACCIDENT.—A man, named Patrick Geiger, was run over, last evening, at Front and Poplar streets, by the cars of the North Pennsylvania Railroad, and seriously injured. He was taken to his residence, in Northampton avenue.

CHARGED WITH PICKING POCKETS.—A man, giving the name of John Johnson, was arrested at Fourth and South streets, and committed, by Alderman McCahen, to answer the charge of picking pockets.

A WHOLE COMPANY OF SOLDIERS POISONED—NARROW ESCAPE OF LIVES.—On Monday evening last the members of Company F, Captain Hubb, of Col. Morehead's regiment, after partaking of their supper at Hugh's Hotel, Germantown, were seized with violent pains, and commenced to vomit blood. The company have their headquarters at Germantown, and procure all their meals at the place of Mr Hugh's, free of cost, the expense being paid by subscription. They were taken sick about four hours after they had eaten the meal. The company numbers seventy-four men, about sixty of whom sat down to supper. This number were all taken sick, and some few were so bad that they were not expected to recover. Doctors Squire, Rhoads, and Wister were at once summoned, and, after relieving the sufferers, set about to investigate the matter.

It appears that the coffee had been boiled in as large tin kettle, with a copper bottom; and it is supposed in boiling the water was poisoned from the copper. The coffee-grounds, sugar, milk, and bread were carefully gathered together, and will be analyzed. The physicians give as their opinion that it was produced by the copper kettle, and, as soon as they complete their investigation, the case will be heard before Alderman King. Some of the members of the company were so seriously ill that they have not yet recovered. As soon as the news of the poisoning had spread abroad among the people of Germantown, all sorts of rumors were afloat. It was said that a man who sympathized with the Secessionists was seen to put poison in the coffee. Another tale was that the lives of the company had been threatened. The Lieutenant of Police of Germantown and Detective Franklin took the matter in charge, and soon discovered that these stories had no foundation whatever.

PENNSYLVANIA HOSPITAL.—The eleventh annual meeting of the contributors of this institution was held at the hospital, with a very good attendance

Henry J Williams, Esq, was called to the chair and Saunders Lewis appointed secretary of the meeting.

The accounts of the treasurer and stewards of the hospital were laid before the contributors.

The report of the late board of managers was read, approved, and referred to the board about to be elected, for publication.

The following preamble and resolution, offered by John Welsh, Esq, were unanimously adopted:

Whereas, Present circumstances are indicative of an increased requirement for hospital accommodations, and this institution has unoccupied rooms which can be well used for the purpose, and its medical staff and other appointments are equal to its supervision: therefore,

Resolved, That the managers be, and they are hereby, authorized and requested to signify to the proper authorities their willingness to appropriate the room which is unoccupied for the purposes of a hospital, under the control of the managers and the supervision of their medical staff: Provided the necessary funds for its preparation and support are placed at their disposal.

The meeting then proceeded to the election of managers and treasurer, to serve for the ensuing year, when the following named contributors were elected:

Managers—Mordecai T L. Dawson, Alexander Derbyshire, Frederick Brown, Samuel Mason, James R Greeves, S. Morris Wain, John Brown, Samuel Welsh, William Biddle, Wistar Morris, John M. Whitall, Caleb Cope.

Treasurer—John T Lewis.

And at a meeting of these gentlemen, subsequently held, the Board was organized by the election of Mordecai L Dawson, president, and Wistar Morris, secretary.

THE POST OFFICE.—The appointment of Cornelius A. Walborn, Esq, as postmaster of our city, gives very general satisfaction. He is a gentleman of stern integrity, extensive business experience, and possesses the energy of character so essential to the satisfactory performance of the important and responsible duties of the position. He has appointed as his chief clerk Mr. Edwin Booth, a gentleman well and favorably known to the community, who is fully equal to the task he has assumed. The appointment of Wm. M. Godwin and Wm M. Ireland as first clerks is highly judicious. The former has been for a long time engaged in mercantile pursuits, and has a keen appreciation of the wants of that class of the community with which he was formerly identified. Mr. Ireland is an experienced post-office clerk, and consequently well acquainted with the details of business which will render his services highly efficient. He is also familiar with the wants of the newspaper fraternity, having for several years past been identified with that interest as business manager of the *North American*. From the above indications of the management of the affairs of the office, our community may rest assured that everything will be done that will insure the prompt transmission and delivery of postal matter.

ARRESTED. — Yesterday morning, Ellen Bootes was before Alderman Conrow, having been arrested at Thirteenth and Brown streets, charged with the larceny of $45. She was committed to answer.

RUNAWAY AND ACCIDENT. — Yesterday morning, a pair of horses, attached to a light carriage, took fright, at Sixth and Buttonwood streets, and dashed off at a rapid rate. At the corner of Sixth and Wood streets they came in contact with an awning-post, breaking the carriage and badly injuring the driver. One of the horses was badly cut in the fore leg.

SUDDEN DEATH.—John Henderson, residing in Market street, west of Seventeenth, was found dead in his room on Wednesday night. He was a wholesale grocer, and well known in the western part of the city. The coroner held an inquest, and rendered a verdict of "disease of the heart."

PENNSYLVANIA LEGISLATURE.

SPECIAL SESSION.

HARRISBURG, May 8, 1861.

SENATE

The Senate was called to order at 11 o'clock by the Speaker.

BILLS IN PLACE.

Mr. PENNEY, an act to provide for the immediate expenses of the volunteer militia of this State while in actual service, which was, on motion, taken up and passed.

BILLS CONSIDERED.

Mr. NICHOLS called up an act to incorporate the Home Guard of the city of Philadelphia. Postponed.

Mr. McCLURE made a motion that when the Senate adjourns, it adjourn until 3 o'clock this afternoon, and that the stay law be made the special order, which was agreed to.

Mr. LAMB called up the joint resolution relative to establishing a national armory at Pittsburg.

Mr. BOUGHTER moved to substitute Lebanon for Pittsburg.

Mr. GREGG moved to amend the amendment by making the resolution read "at some convenient point in Pennsylvania," which was agreed to.

The bill was ordered passed.

On motion, the Senate resumed the consideration of the bill relative to the Home Guard of Philadelphia. After some debate, postponed for the present.

Mr. CLYMER called up an act authorizing the Brigade Inspector of the First Brigade, Fifth Division, to appoint a deputy. Passed.

Mr. PARKER called up an act to establish a Volunteer Nurse Corps. Negatived.

Mr. BOUGHTER moved to re-consider the bill for curbing and grading Main or Market street, in the town of Aninville, Lebanon county, which was vetoed by the Governor on the ground, "Agreeable to the provisions of the Constitution, the yeas and nays were called, and were as follows: Yeas 25, nays none, and so the bill passed.

Mr. SCHINDEL moved that the Senate proceed to the reconsideration of the act to vacate Oak alley, in the borough of Easton, a vetoed bill; which was agreed to On the question shall the bill pass, notwithstanding the Governor's objections, the yeas were none, the nays 23; and so the bill fell

Mr. WHARTON, on leave, read in place a bill to provide for the accommodation of soldiers. [Provides for the officers of Company A, Fifth Regiment to provide clothing and pay postage of soldiers.] The bill was, on motion, taken up, and after some debate was recommitted to the Committee on Finance. Adjourned.

AFTERNOON SESSION.

The stay law was discussed at considerable length, and finally recommitted to the Judiciary Committee.

The Senate then adjourned.

HOUSE.

Speaker DAVIS called the House to order at 10 o'clock. Journal read.

Mr. BARNEY offered the following joint resolutions, which were laid over under the rules:

Whereas, It is universally conceded that the Commonwealth stands forth proudly pre-eminent in the cause of Popular Education, and is second to no State in her willingness and ability to grant her sons every facility for advancement, either in civil or military learning, or both: And

Whereas, It is evident that the State has not as yet, made any adequate provision for the special education of her sons in the application of the physical sciences and mathematics to the useful Arts: Therefore,

Resolved, That the Governor is hereby empowered and directed to appoint four citizens, who, with the Adjutant General of the State, shall be a commission, whose duty it shall be to examine, elaborate, and report to the next Legislature a feasible and proper plan for a State Military School, which shall be under the immediate control of the General Assembly of the Commonwealth.

Resolved, That the said commission have the authority to employ a clerk to perform such duties as may be required by it.

Resolved, That an appropriation of three thousand dollars is hereby made for the expenses of said commission

Mr. BLAIR offered the following resolution:

Resolved, That our Senators be instructed and our Representatives requested at the next session of Congress to exert their influence in favor of establishing a national foundry, to be located at or near the borough of Huntingdon, in Huntingdon county.

BILLS PASSED.

Mr. HECK called up the bill authorizing the commissioners of Dauphin county to appropriate a certain sum of money for the support of the families of volunteers from said county who may serve during the war. Passed.

Mr. HARPER called up an act to authorize the deputy sheriff of Washington county to act as sheriff. Passed.

Mr. BILL called up an act to incorporate the Pennsylvania Volunteer Nurse Corps. Passed.

Mr. SMITH, of Berks, called up an act to authorize the brigade inspector of the First Brigade, Fifth Division, P. M., composed of Berks county, to appoint a deputy. Passed.

BILLS REPORTED.

Mr. THOMAS, an act to incorporate the Home Guard Armory Company of Philadelphia.

Mr. PRINCE, an act to authorize the commissioners of Chester county to appropriate money for the support of the families of volunteers; also, to authorize the Town Council of West Chester to fill vacancies in that body.

Mr. HILLMAN, an act to authorize the commissioners of Luzerne county to appropriate money for the support of the families of volunteers.

THE THREE-MILLION BILL.

The House resumed the consideration, on second reading, of the act to create a loan of three millions, and to provide for arming the State

The pending question was on the third section, relative to the appointment, by the Governor, of a major general, to have command of all the military forces of Pennsylvania raised and to be raised.

Mr. BARNSLEY moved to strike out the following in the third section: "And the Governor shall also have authority, in manner as aforesaid, to appoint two persons, of like military education, experience, and skill, to be brigadier generals."

A long discussion followed. The amendment was lost—yeas 43, nays 45.

The words in this section "raised and" were stricken out, and the section made to read, that the major general to be appointed by the Governor shall have command of the forces to be raised under the provisions of this bill.

Mr. McDONOUGH said he was anxious that the bill should be passed as soon as possible, as a number of the members, like himself, desired to get home. He would therefore call the previous question. The call was not sustained.

Mr. COLLINS offered the following amendment, to come in at the end of the 3d section, which was discussed at some length: *Provided*, the same shall not supersede any brigadier general, elected by their several regiments, hereinafter authorized by this bill. Not agreed to—yeas 32, nays 49.

Mr. COLLINS moved to strike out, in the first line of the 3d section, the words "in addition to the officers now allowed by law." Agreed to—yeas 44, nays 41.

Adjourned until afternoon.

AFTERNOON SESSION.

Mr. SHEPPARD, chairman of the special committee on that portion of the Governor's message relative to the Baltimore riots, submitted a report, which was laid over under the rules.

A message was received from the Governor announcing his approval of a long list of bills.

The House then again resumed the consideration of the loan and military bill.

The question being on the third section,

Mr. WILLIAMS moved an amendment providing that the major general for the fifteen new regiments shall be appointed by the Governor, with the advice and consent of two-thirds of the Senate and House of Representatives.

The opponents of this section contend that the major general should be elected by the officers of the new regiments, and not appointed by the Governor.

The amendment was lost—yeas 41, nays 42.

The Philadelphia members voted as follows:

YEAS—Messrs Caldwell, Dunlap, Gaskill, Preston, Seltzer, and Wilder.

NAYS—Messrs Abbott, Leisenring, McDonough, Morrison, Randall, Ridgway, Sheppard, and Smith.

ABSENT, OR NOT VOTING—Messrs. Duffield, Moore, and Thomas.

Pending the question on the third section, the House adjourned until evening.

Details of the Capture of Major Sibley's Command.

[From the N. O. Picayune.]

INDIANOLA, April 24, 1861.—I wrote you on the 14th instant, informing you of the departure of the *Empire City* with United States troops for the North.

Since then, the aspect of things here has changed very much, and the prediction which I made in that letter, that the very troops we were then transferring with, and parting with, with so much reluctance, might, before the expiration of another month, meet us as deadly foes in battle array, has been already verified. After the seizure of the *Star of the West*, by Col. Van Dorn, the United States troops here were left without any transportation, and as the intention was evidently to cut them off, it created no little anxiety and uneasiness amongst them. Major Sibley's command, which I informed you was brought up here from Brazos Santiago, was strengthened by the addition of Captain Granger's company, 3d Infantry, Capt. Wallace, 3d Infantry, and Capt. Jordan, 8th Infantry, making in all about 550 men, women, and children. After vainly endeavoring to charter the steamers of the Southern steamship company to take them away, and Major Van Dorn being daily expected to arrive with a sufficient force to overpower them, Major Sibley chartered two schooners, the *Rosario* and the *Urbanna*—to take them to Key West.

On Tuesday, the 23d, the troops embarked on board these vessels, which were towed down the bay to the Pass by the steamer *Fashion*, where they anchored, and the *Fashion* returned to Indianola with a guard of about fifty men, to see if another vessel could not be procured, since the troops were too much crowded to go with those they had. So far fortune seemed to favor their escape, but she only momentarily indulged them with that hope, that the punishment she was about to inflict, through them, upon the pusillanimous administration at Washington, might be more signal and exemplary. Providence works by insurmountable ways, and often, as in this case, makes the wicked the means of inflicting upon themselves their own deserved chastisement.

Instead of finishing his business and returning to the Pass that evening with the *Fashion*, in order to be in readiness to tow the vessels over the bar the next morning, the officer in command had to use a frontier expression, more significant than refined, to get tight and quarrel with the captain of the steamer, and kick up a muss generally; so that all the crew went off with the steamer above, and left the valiant captain alone in his glory. Mark the consequence! Early the next morning, before the captain had taken his coffee, or had time to reflect upon his conduct the previous night, Major Van Dorn knocked at his door and politely requested the loan of his sword, and then inviting his companions in-arms to breakfast at the Casimir House, (which for the occasion was turned into a guard-house,) quietly took possession of the *Fashion* for his own followers; and, chartering two other steamers, which he filled with Confederate troops, proceeded down the bay to report to the commanding officer, Major Sibley, the backslidings of his trusty lieutenant.

The armada fitted out by Col. Van Dorn to intercept and capture the fugitive troops consisted of the steamers *Fashion*, propeller *Rocket*, and *United States*, with about 800 men on board, collected from the surrounding counties. Breastworks of cotton bales (cotton, you see, is always King) were constructed on the decks of the vessels to protect the men from the deadly rifles of the United States troops Cannon were on the way from San Antonio and Matagorda, but did not arrive in time. Against such a formidable force, judiciously disposed upon steamers that could choose their own position, Major Sibley had no showing whatever, for there he was, cooped up on board two schooners lying at anchor, his command reduced to about 400 men by desertion and capture, with not a single piece of cannon to defend himself. The only alternative was to surrender, which he did the next day at twelve o'clock. The surrender was unconditional. In the afternoon the steamship *General Rusk*, which had been seized by the Confederate authorities at Galveston, arrived, with a twenty-four pounder and two six pounders, and 150 men.

List of Officers and Troops on Board of the Vessels with Major Sibley—Companies A, E, and I, 3d Infantry, Lieut Hopkins and 1st Lieut Greene; G and K, 1st Infantry, Captain Wallace Granger, Lieutenant Green. Adjutant Phillips and band, 1st Infantry; A and D, 8th Infantry, Captain Jordan, Assistant Surgeons Lynde and Burns. In all, 450 men.

Officers not with Major Sibley on the vessels arrested and on parole—Colonel Waite and staff, Colonel Morris, Adjutant Nichols, Major Vinton, Lieutenant Colonel Gerrard, Surgeon Anderson, Surgeon G. R Smith, Colonel Hoffman, Major Sprague, Major McCline, Captain Lee, Captain Bowman, Lieutenant Wipple, Major Cunningham, Lieutenant Whistler, Lieutenant Hunter.

Officers Resigned—Major Larkin Smith, Captain Blair, Captain Reynolds, Captain Trevett. Lieutenant Cone, Lieutenant M. L. Davis, Haskell, Walter Jones, Dr Jones, Lieutenant Jas. Major, Lieutenant Washington

The terms of the surrender are that all the arms and company property are to be turned over to the Confederate authorities. Private property to be respected. Officers to be released on parole. Men to elect whether they will join the Confederate army or to return to the North. Those who prefer the latter to take oath not to serve against the Southern Confederacy during the war.

FINANCIAL AND COMMERCIAL.

The Money Market.

PHILADELPHIA, May 8, 1861.

Pennsylvania fives to-day declined to 74½ and City sixes, old issues, to 87½; new issues 95 The variation in the prices of other reliable securities and the better class of stocks was slight. Pennsylvania Railroad stock sold at 36, Camden and Amboy at 107½, Harrisburg 50½, Lehigh Valley 43. North Pennsylvania sixes sold at 56.

Very few Passenger Railway stocks are pressed to sale. Second and Third street sold at 68; Spruce and Pine at 34, and Chestnut at 66; bid for West Philadelphia, 52 to 55 for Spruce and Pine, and sales of Race and Vine street were made to-day at 6.

The Schuylkill Navigation preferred sold at 12½. Reading Railroad shares closed 15½ bid, 16 asked.

The market exhibits more steadiness than might be expected.

Secession has swamped the Southern Pacific Railroad Company. The Texas branch (the Texas Central Road) has been sold out by its creditors; and in a recent issue of the New Orleans *Picayune* we find a card from General Richardson, agent for the Southern Pacific Railroad Company, in which he implores the stockholders to come to the rescue of the company or all will be lost. The *Picayune* says:

"This company, in the late quiet times, was at work building its road, pressing forward its construction, making financial arrangements in Europe and America to meet its engagements. All at once the sky is overcast, the tempest falls upon the land. The company is caught at sea; it wants to reach the shore. It cannot do so unless its friends and shareholders will help. Debts have accrued for work done; they must be paid, or the process of the law will sell the franchises and property of the company.

"The 'late quiet times' did just suit Texas and other Southern States, and now they are beginning to reap the fruits of their disquiet. Capital will not go where it cannot be protected against mob violence."

Philadelphia Stock Exchange Sales,

May 8, 1861.

REPORTED BY S. E. SLAYMAKER, Merchants' Exchange.

FIRST BOARD.

200 Penna 5s	74½	2700 City 6s—New	95
6000 do	74½	200 do—R	87½
2700 do	74½	1000 N Penna R 6s	56
2000 do	74½	1500 H & Broad 6s	30
2000 do	74½	100 Sec & Third-st fd	92
1900 do	74½	30 do—R	68
200 do—cash	79½	5 Cam & Amb R	107¾
2000 do—cash	79½	10 Harrisburg R	50½

SECOND BOARD.

3 Sec & Third-st R	68	50 Lehigh Exrip	33½
10 Lehigh Exrip	33½	50 do	33½
10 do	33½	100 Sch Nav pref	32½
10 do	33½	25 Lehigh Val R	43
10 do	33½	100 Penna 6s	74½
10 do	33½	3 Harrisburg R	50½
10 do	33½	3 Cam & Amb R	107¾
10 do	33½	1000 North Penna 6s	56
34 do	33½	35 Race & Vine	6

CLOSING PRICES—STEADY.

	Bid.	Asked.		Bid.	Asked.
Philadelphia 6s	87	87½	Elmira 7s '73		62
Phila 6s New	95	95½	Lehigh Nav 6s	85	9
Penna 5s	74½	75	Leh Cl & N	41	49
Read R	15¾	16	Leh Cl & N pref		34½
Read bds '70		80	N Penna R 10s	80	85
Read mt 6s '76	68	70	Penna R		41
Read mt 6s '86	67	70	Sch Nav & R div	26	28
Penna R ex-div	36	36¼	Race & Vine-st R	6	7
Morris Can con	44	46	West Phila R	55	57½
Sch N 6s '82	66	68	Morris Can Pfd	103	105
Sch Nav Pref	32	33	Spruce & Pine	6¾	

Philadelphia Markets.

MAY 8—Evening.

There is very little export demand for Flour. The market is steady, and holders firm at previous quotations. About 1,200 bbls have been sold, at $5 62½ for good superfine; $6 for extra; and $6.25 for family; including 100 bbls of the latter on terms kept private The sales to the trade are limited within the above range of prices for superfine and extras, and $6.75@7 25 for fancy brands, according to quality. Rye Flour is dull and held at $3 50 ^{bbl}. Corn Meal is unchanged and about 200 bbls Pennsylvania sold at $2.75 ^{bbl} bbl.

GRAIN—Wheat comes in slowly, and holders are firm, but the demand is limited. About 3,000 bushels sold at prices from 1.25@1.32, mostly at the latter rate for good Pennsylvania red. Rye. Prime lots are held higher; white ranges at $1 40@1.50, as in quality. Rye is dull and unsettled, and about 1,500 bushels Pennsylvania sold at 65@66c, mostly at the lowest figures Corn—The receipts are light and the demand great at previous quotations; 5,000@6,000 bushels sold at 56c for prime Southern yellow, afloat, including a small lot of white at 60c, and some damaged yellow at 56c

OATS are unchanged, and Southern and Pennsylvania are held at 32@33c. Without much doing.

BARK is quiet, $26.50 for first No. 1 Quercitron.

COTTON is quiet, and a small lot of Uplands brought full prices.

GROCERIES continue dull and neglected, with a small business doing in the way of sales.

PROVISIONS.—There is nothing doing worthy of notice.

WHISKY is dull at 17½@18c for Pennsylvania and Ohio bbls, 16½c for drudge, and 17@17½c for hhds.

CITY ITEMS.

THE ATTENTION OF MILITARY MEN is called to the advertisement of the NEW MILITARY HAT, which will be found in another column. It is a soft felt hat, not unlike the KOSSUTH, the brim turned up on three sides, leaving a portion to form a visor in front, while within there is an arrangement for securing a moist napkin by elastic bands, to keep the head cool. It is decidedly the best article of the kind that could be devised for the comfort of the soldier. It has been produced under the supervision of General B. F. Sanford as well suited for service in warm climates. It has been adopted by the State of Massachusetts, as also the new-pattern Army Shoe, both of which are manufactured by Messrs. Houghton, Sawyer, & Co The same firm have a large variety of useful goods for military outfits. Mr. S. F. Prescott, the agent for the sale of these goods, can be seen at Room 184, Continental Hotel; also, samples of the hats, &c.

IN THE MIDST OF UNIVERSAL EXCITEMENT personal appearance, convenience, and comfort are still matters of moment. Above all, money was never of more value than now: therefore, those who desire to save it in the purchase of clothing are advised to visit the one-price gift Emporium of Granville Stokes, 609 Chestnut street. Gifts of value, use, and beauty, suitable for both ladies and gentlemen, are presented to every purchaser.

THE MARCH OF THE FIRST DIVISION.—The First division are on the march South. They are gallant fellows, every one; ready to lay down their lives in defence of the Union, the Constitution, and the laws, and earnest and enthusiastic in their advocacy of the great truth that the most elegant, comfortable, and becoming garments in the country are those made at the Brown Stone Clothing Hall of Rockhill & Wilson, Nos. 603 and 605 Chestnut street, above Sixth.

GENTLEMEN'S FURNISHING GOODS—Messrs. R. C. Walborn & Co., Nos. 5 and 7 North Sixth street, now offer to the trade the most superb stock of Gentlemen's Furnishing Goods in this city. Their goods are fresh, fashionable, well made, tastefully got up, and sold at moderate prices. We know of no establishment where purchasers are more certain to receive the full value of their money than here.

FORTY THOUSAND UNITED STATES MUSKETS can be furnished, if immediate application is made to E. W. Carryl & Co., 714 Chestnut street.

MARINE INTELLIGENCE.

SEE FOURTH PAGE.

ARRIVED.

Schr John Jones, Jones, from Jacksonville 27th ult, with 115,000 feet lumber to captain. Was bound to Santa la Grande, but having encountered a S SE gale on the first night out, was driven out of her course and obliged to put into Hampton Roads with foremast and main boom sprung, and came thence to this port for repairs.

Schr Sunny Scene, Rogers, 6 days from Rockland, for Newport.

Schr George Fales, Nickerson, 82 hours from Bristol, RI, with mdse to Crowell & Collins.

Schr Mountain Eagle, Jones, 4 days from Rockland, via Hampton Roads, in ballast to J E Bazley.

Schr Willie Lee, Ray, 19 days from Bangor, with potatoes to order.

Schr Ocean Aaron, 3 days from Baltimore, with mdse to Thos Webster, jr.

Schr Orion, Carlisle, 3 days from Baltimore, with ridse to T Webster, jr.

Schr Rescue, Norton, 3 days from Baltimore, with mdse to Thos Webster, jr.

Schr Sarah Wm. Mitchell, 3 days from Baltimore, with mdse to Wm Smith.

Schr Farmer, Beaudy, 1 day from Milton, Del, with corn to Jas Barratt & Son.

Schr Delaware Packet, 1 day from Smyrna, Del, with corn to Jas Barratt & Son.

Schr Mantua, Mason, 1 day from Frederica, Del, with corn to Jas Barratt & Son.

Schr T P McCollery, Carter, 1 day from Camden, Del, with corn to Jas Barratt & Son.

Schr Ann Elizabeth, Duffell, 1 day from Lewes, Del, with grain to Jas L Bewley & Co.

Schr S C Pilling, Young, 1 day from Port Deposit, with grain to Jas L Bewley & Co.

Schr Sarah Warren, Hollingsworth, 1 day from Little Creek, Md, with corn to Jas L Bewley & Co.

Schr Elizabeth Jane, Beckwith, 3 days from Easton, Md, with corn to Jas L Bewley & Co.

Schr Bird, Long, 1 day from Indian River, with corn to Noah S Berryman.

Schr Olivia, Fox, 4 days from Odessa, Del, with grain to Christian & Curran.

CLEARED.

Ketch Commerce, Barnes, Nuevitas, J Mason & Co.

Brig M E Thompson, Havener, Boston, J E Bazley.

Schr Monroe, Barter, Thomaston.

Schr Lucy Ann, Wallace, Portland, do

Schr J N Baker, Henderson, Key West, W Badger.

Schr Electric Flash, Ayres, Boston, Souder & Nelson.

(Correspondence of the Philadelphia Exchange.)

CAPE MAY, NJ, May 7—5 P M.

The ship Daphne, for London, barks David Lapsley, for Cardiff, Jas. for Trinidad de Cuba, two brigs for Cuba and about thirty schooners, went to sea to-day. Four barks are in, with schooners, in ballast trim, passed up. Wind southwest.

Yours, &c. THOS. B. HUGHES

MEMORANDA.

Ship Frank Boult, Morse, from Liverpool, at St John, NB, 2d inst.

Bark Washington Butcher, Collins, from Sagua, arrived at New York yesterday.

Ship Zephyr, King, cleared at New York yesterday for Calcutta.

Brig Adelphi, Johnson, cleared at New York yesterday for Wilmington, NC.

Brig Spartan, McCullough, for Buenos Ayres, cleared at New York yesterday.

Brig Ocean Wave, Gallagher, sailed from San Francisco 24th ult. for the Amoor river.

Schr Ann Eliza, Conklin, from Wilmington, NC, arrived at New York yesterday.

Schr Charlotte Shaw, Shaw, hence, at Portsmouth 4th inst.

Schr Heather Bell, Alexander, cleared at Calais 26th ult. for Philadelphia.

Schrs J B Austin, Davis, Gov Burton, Wingmore, Eliza Williams, Hinton, Eliot, Avis, G D & E S Parker, Lizzie Stimpson, Bacon, Geo Law, and Louisa Gray, Weaver, cleared at Boston 7th inst. for Philadelphia.

Schr Estelle, Smith, cleared at Fall River 7th inst. for L Rotan, Gandy, Albemarle, Haven, O F Hawley, Buckley, T Potter, Hazard, and E C Anderson, Anderson, cleared at Newport 7th inst. for do.

Schr Ida Hall, Hall, cleared at Boston 7th inst. for Philadelphia.

Steamers Madaie, Bell, and Mars, Nichols, hence, arrived at New York yesterday.

The Collector of Boston gives notice that all vessels licensed for the coasting trade, whether in ballast or otherwise, will be required to clear at the Custom House before leaving the port.

ARRIVALS AT THE PRINCIPAL HOTELS.

UP TO 12 O'CLOCK LAST NIGHT

CONTINENTAL HOTEL—Ninth and Chestnut.

W W Young, Pittsburg — H Hitchcock, Mass
Maj J Cherry, Col 2d Cavalry — D W Perkins, Chicago
G M Foster, New York — L J Gage, Chicago
E M Merrill, Chicago — Capt Worcester
Capt H E Magruder, U S A — C Sherman, Oh o
J L Kendall, Washington — M C Munro, Mass
H Bridge, U S N — J Cook, Mass
W G Ferrell, Kentucky — J Cook, Mass
Capt Ingraham, U S N — A Baldwin, New York
W K Clark, U S N — A Kenney, New York
E S Dyer, St Louis — J S Minden, Boston
D W C Clarke, Vermont — Lieut W Gibson, U S N
W H Stoddard, U S N — Hon T Morris, Ohio
J B Stonebake, U S N — Col G W McCook, Ohio
H Tilden, Ohio — R Stevenson, England
W Johnson, Mr, Boston — Mrs Lawrence, Boston
Mrs Lawrence, Boston — J Baldeman, Ky
Mrs Lawrence, Boston — J Baldeman, Ky
H L Burnett, Warren, O — A Thurkield, Xenia, O
G H Kurtz, Cincinnati — W Stair, Kentucky
J L Stocker, Philadelphia — J L Mitchell, Philadelphia
W W Wright, Downingtwn — G A Broo