

there breathes the foe but falls before Vith Freedom's soil beneath our feet. And Freedom's banner waving o'er us!

FORNEY'S CALIFORNIA PRESS Will be ready TO-DAY, at 2 P. M. Price Six Cunts per cops in strong wrappers, an stamped, ready for mailing. Phis paper is published expressly for

CALIFORNIA CIRCULATION,
Aud contains a complete summary of what has transpired in our City, State, and the Atlantic States, since the departure of the last steamer for California.

How Public Opinion is Manufacture in the South. There is nothing more potent in society than a bad newspaper, unless it is a good one; and, accordingly, the first care of a tyrant is either to corrupt the public press or crush it. With the exception of the journals in France. we do not know a newspaper system in the world more mendacious or unscrupulous than that of the Cotton States. There was a time,

and that not many months ago, when we could point to dozens of journals in the South, purpose. They exist by the will of the Geneand feel proud of their professional relation- ral Government, and whoever enters them ship. It is now a sea of shame without a single star. Whether they have been corrupt. ed, or crushed, we scarcely know; but a more studied system of calumny on the people of the | ability, and obedience. The military and North, and misrepresentation of their motives | naval institutions are so peculiarly national, and institutions, could scarcely be invented, and it is not at all surprising that the public opinion thus created should be so ungenerous and upinst.

We have before us a number of paragraphs from Southern newspapers, which will illustrate the position we assume. The following is a despatch in the New Orleans Picayune, detailing the late occurrence at Baltimore: "The Massachuzetts Seventh Regiment have been taken prisoners by the Baltimoreans. "Over one hundred were killed and wounded. "Sixteen Baltimoreans were also killed.

Eight hundred improved arms also fell into he hands of the Baltimoreans."

Here are five distinct falsehoods in fou brief paragraphs! The facts of the case are so recent as to render a correction superfluous, but we must say that it would be almost impossible for human invention to construct a more mischievous story out of such a plain and deplorable narrative as that of the outrages at Baltimore.

From a leading editorial in the New Orleans Delta on the military preparations of Pennsylvania we take the following startling sen-

"The Governor of Pennsylvania is about to take the field with three hundred thousand Broad brims to invade and subjugate the South, and compel its submission to a duty of one hundred per cent. on tron and to the recognition of the equality of and carnage. * * * Brother Abraham has succeeded, by virtue of his Quaker blood

The favorite topic for articles of a boasting nature is Mr. Lincoln's anticipated flight from Washington, and its occupation by troops of the Southern Confederacy. This idea is kept constantly before the people in paragraphs like the following. We take this from the editorial columns of the Mobile Register : "We offered, a few days since, to bet a reasonable amount that within a few weeks Lincoln would leave Washington as he entered it. We fear we shall lose, for Maryland has cut off his retreat, and, hemmed in between that State and Virginia.

A story has been started to the effect that General Scorr had resigned his commission. gone to Virginia, and, as one of the papers has it, "thown his sword on the felon flag." This falsehood is the topic of eight or ten triumphant editorials, which we have before us. Here is a mild specimen from the respectable columns of the conservative Picayune:

"Disasters cymulate on the head of Lincoln. The has been in this country, as a political counsellor to a great party, and, as a soldier, without rival in an Party, and, as a soldier, without rival is an illustrious pre-eminence. When the conqueror of the mean of the control of the c

We might elaborate this article by the publication of extracts from Southren journals equally as offensive and untrue as those quoted. We merely wished to show, however, to our readers, one of the methods by which public opinion is manufactured in the South. On dier what true allegiance is. agencies like these, the cause of Secession depends for support. Treason could have no more fitting champion than a venal press.

Major Anderson. The Executive Government, through Gene ral Cameron, Secretary of War, have returned thanks to that gallant officer, Major ROBERT Anderson, and to the officers and men lately under his command, for his and their "judiclous and gallant conduct " at Fort Sumpter. This is as it should be, and is a complete and unanswerable reply to the infamous taunts at tempted to be cast upon Major Anderson by a portion of the New York press. We only hope that the gallant defender of Fort Sumpter will speedily have a command equal to his length of service, his experience, his ability, and his proven bravery. Such men, at such a crisis as the present, are of infinite service to

the country, by the high example which they set, and it is most satisfactory to find the President frankly and fully endorsing the gallantry of Major Anderson.

by the mob law of Baltimore. Where would the United States be to day of war it hurls an avalanche of freemen upon

the rebellious enemies of the Republic. LIEUTENANT JAMES FORNEY, one of the earliest tailed for service at the Marine Barracks. He but the English Dissenters and the Irish Ca- They are armed to the teeth, and unfurl the flag

cisely, by Philip Ford & Co., auctioneers, at their sales rooms, No. 520 Market and 523 Minor

The Question of Allegiance. A remarkable instance of the painful er

tions which are produced by mental excitement, in regard to a real or supposed conflict of duty, occurred in this city on Friday. commander of the United States Navy committed suicide at the Merchants' Hotel. He was a native of the State of Georgia, but has in active service. It is supposed the motive which prompted this fearful act was an aversion to acting either in hostility to his native State or the Federal Government, whose commission he held. However much we may deplore his sad fate, and pity the delusion which led him to become the victim of the demoralizing doctrines of the apostles of Secession his resolution not to employ the ability which ment against its authority, was that of a brave. honorable, and conscientious man. It is easy for us to imagine the system o

sophistry which those officers of Southern nativity adopt when they throw up their issions, and range themselves under the hanner of rebellion. It results from that pernicious theory of State allegiance, which has been taught to the two last generations of Southerners—a theory which to obtain force must admit a position tatal to the integrity of the Republic, and eventually subversive of every law but that of a mere township, town, or municipality. It were to discriminate too nicely for us to draw the parallel between cease to be a citizen of the United States. But we think that no positions of social life or -national service present a clearer path of duty than those of the army and navy. They are national institutions to every intent and becomes its servant. The General Government educates, protects, and provides for its soldiers, and they swear to it in return, life, and the duty they enjoin is so distinct from that required by a mere State, that nothing

but the most absurd reasoning can create This theory of State allegiance, like most of the Secession theories, indeed, is peculiarly Southern, and has been almost fatally indulged by our good mother the nation. We make military obedience in America a question of honor-other nations make it a question of treason. It a province of France rebelled against the empire, it would be equivalent to a drum-head court-martial for a eneral to refuse obedience to the Emperor's order, because he happened to be a native o the rebellious district. Nor do we think that the British Government would have any hesitation in hanging at the yard-arm a captain who refused to blockade a port in one of the Irish provinces, because he happened to have been born in Cork or Londonderry. The conession once made is fatal to all military effectiveness, and to all law, order, and discipline in a government. We have partly recognized

terrible in its effects the recognition has proved. The melancholy instance cited in the openon tron and to the recognition of the equality of negroes with white men. These are the grounds upon which the Quakers and Conestogas are willing to fight, to forego their religious soruples, and to regard with pious insensibility scenes of blood and carnage. * * * Brother Abra
State allegiance. The case of General Twicks and education, in enlisting, in behalf of the holy cause of Abolition and of the Morrilt tariff, a allied with what every other civilized nation tain every secret which conndence can pro-

it in the United States, and the demoralized

condition of our army and navy shows how

cure; to paralyze the hand which has nurtured him; to draw his salary from the "tyrannical" coffers of the nation; to live in apparent alle-In giance until the moment of action arrives, and then cross over the Potomac and draw the word of a traitor. So long as many of these officers are permitted to live on half-pay without service, they are willing to receive their pay and waive the immediate question of allegiance, but when the command of duty comes. they collect the arrears of their salary up to date, plead their duty to their State, send in a resignation, and next appear at Fort Pickens or Fort Sumpter, trying to steal a Government fort with stolen cannon and pilfered powder We certainly do not condemn a native of South Carolina for loving that State, any more

and sword. The rule recognizes no exception and can admit of no deviation. To abandon the nation in its hour of peril, when it needs all that valor and skill can afford, is to be oldier of the Age, whose loyal arm now wields the sword of Washington, is an example for all to follow. WINFIELD SCOTT loves Virginia, but he loves his country more, and in antagonism to his State, he teaches the sol-

The British Census. On Monday, April 8th, the Census of Great Britain, Ireland, and the smaller islands in that connection, was simultaneously taken. It is believed, too, that it was accurately takennot as with us, where Philadelphia, through neglect, was set down at some 80,000 less than its real population, and New York (by counting in thousands and tens of thousands who reside in Long Island, New Jersey, and on the Westchester bank of the Hudson) was represented as having from 150,000 to 200,000 more inhabitants than it actually possesses. Inasmuch as all the British country is done on one and the same day, the system is better worked than our own. Speaking of this matter the Times says:

"Sixty years ago nobody knew anything about the population of these islands, or the population of any other country. The youngest State in the world set an example to the others in this matter. The American Union began to number its people in the 18th year of its political existence, and the census which it It is gratifying to know that during the has just accomplished is the eighth of a series, exciting scenes of the past two weeks the whereas we are only now engaged upon our great highway of Pennsylvania maintains its seventh. The first computation of Englishdeserved reputation for speed and safety. Al- men ever attempted by authority was though its enormous business has been greatly made by King William III., and for increased by the transportation of troops and the very purpose which has this year munitions of war, its through connections have been specially excluded from our reckonbeen uninterrupted. It affords this day the ing. That wise Sovereign desired to know best and most expeditions route for trade and how his subjects were divided in respect of travel that can be found between the East and | their religious opinions, for in those days re-West. Compare this with the condition of ligious creeds carried political creeds with the Baltimore and Ohio Railroad, so com- them, and a knowledge of congregations was pletely prostrated by the miserable policy almost equivalent to a knowledge of parties. of the States through which it passes, and Of course, his calculations could bear ne comparison with those of a modern Census, but it may be assumed as an approximation to the States permit Maryland to stand in hostile attitude without Pennsylvania's great avenue of trade? | truth that England then contained 5,500,000 | to their Government. If her leaders can induce While in times of peace the blessings of com- inhabitants. At the last enumeration the pomerce are wafted over it throughout the pulation of the same area exceeded 17,000,000. length and breadth of this broad land, in time | independently of the inhabitants of Wales and

Scotland. A few weeks will probably show us that King William's numbers have been ow nearly quadrupled." It was intended that the Census just made should distinguish appointments of President Lincoln, has been de- the religious creeds of the British population, gallantly waived his right of five months' drill probation, as a new recruit, and is now doing full probation, as a new recruit, and is now doing full mould be inquisitorial, and the Government States will certainly result from all the efforts gallantly waived his right of five months' drill probation, as a new recruit, and is now doing full service as an officer of his rank —Pennsylvanua Telegraph.

POCKET DRINKING CUP.—We have to thank Mr. T. B. Pugh, corner of Sixth and Chestnut, for a pertable drinking goblet, on the telescope plan, which occupies scarcely any space, weighs less than ordinary "pocket-pistol," and would be acheap with the islands. It is expected that, as was government for many years are remed to the teeth, and unfurl the fing of thirty-four stars. Civil war in the Border to the teeth, and unfurl the fing of thirty-four stars. Civil war in the Border to the teeth, and unfurl the fing of thirty-four stars. Civil war in the Border to the teeth, and unfurl the fing of thirty-four stars. Civil war in the Border to the teeth, and unfurl the fing of thirty-four stars. Civil war in the Border to the teeth, and unfurl the fing of thirty-four stars. Civil war in the Border to the teeth, and unfurl the fing of thirty-four stars. Civil war in the Border to the teeth, and unfurl the fing of thirty-four stars. Civil war in the Border to the teeth, and unfurl the fing of thirty-four stars. Civil war in the Border to the teeth, and unfurl the fing of thirty-four stars. Civil war in the Border to the teeth, and unfurl the fing of thirty-four stars. Civil war in the Border to the teeth, and unfurl the fing of thirty-four stars. Civil war in the Border to the teeth, and unfurl the fing of thirty-four stars. Civil war in the Border to the teeth, and unfurl the fing of thirty-four stars. Civil war in the Border to the teeth, and unfurl the fing of thirty-four stars. Civil war in the Border to the teeth, and unfurl the fing of thirty-four stars. Civil war in the Border to the teeth, and unfurl the fing of thirty-four stars. Civil war in the Border to the teeth, and unfurl the fing of thirty-four stars. Civil war in the Border to the teeth, and unfurl the fing of thirty-four stars. Civil war in the Border to the teeth, and unfurl the fing of thirty-fou

should be the incense-us, not the Census, and AUCTION SALE OF 25,000 WINDOW SHADES.—We publishing a pretended paragraph from a fice splendid army in the field, and find by their existing treaties. But this has not been given by would call the attention of the trade to the large titions Boulogne newspaper relating how, on sale of 25,000 window shades, to be peremptorily April 7, as many as ten thousand middle-aged sold this morning, by catalogue, at 10 o'clock pre- young ladies had crossed over from England to avoid being under the necessity of telling their ages to the enumerators on the following

day! A telegram from Vienna, of the 18th, says: A riotous demonstration took place to day; in the square of St. Staphen's cathedral, and ended in the arrest of several.

A telegram from Vienna, of the 18th, says: A riotous demonstration took place to day; in the square of St. Staphen's cathedral, and ended in the arrest of several. WASHINGTON CORRESPONDENCE Letter from "Occasional,"

se of The Press.] WASHINGTON, April 27, 1861 This is a glorious Saturday. The town is filling up with troops. Business is brisk in consequence of the growing accessions to our population. The stores are crowded with soldiers, who buy freely resided near Bristol, Pa., when not engaged and pay generously. Our noble boys are in fact twice paid; first by the Government, and second enlisted for the Southern Confederacy! Besides a bad cause, they are out of food, out of money, and are taxed to keep up their sham and fraud of will no doubt be envious of the fortunate fair ones had been educated by the General Govern- who have been brave enough to remain. The Seventh Regiment are the beaux of the army; the Rhode Islanders the cavaliers; the Mas chusetts boys the Roundheads, strong, alert, and resolved; and the Pennsylvanians the true type of the mixture of the Scotch, the Irish, and the German. The head of rebellion is crushed. The awful form of the Gevernment is disclosed. There will be no retreat; no compromise; no peace, till the traitors surrender to the power they have defied, and worship the flag they have stained. If Baltimore resists, she will feer s retaliation more tearful than any in history. If she submits, she will be forgiven. But our troops must pass through. There must be an wrongs open way for the people to their own temple-to their own capital. If they are opposed, we upon

the opposers! Maryland will not be allowed to go State allegiance and National allegiance, to out of the Union. If her Union men do not keep show where the citizen of Pennsylvania may her in, the Government will. There has been mough tempering with traitors. We must now look to our dearest rights and interests. To save them, all else must give way. If Mr. Lincoln desired to pause, he could not. The question must se settled. The doubt must be solved. The cry now is. The Government of our fathers; the unity of all the States of the Confederacy under the Co titution of the United States. I witnessed a grave scene yesterday evening he swearing in of the Seventh Regiment of New York, nearly one thousand strong—the President and his family and Cabinet present. It took place in the lovely square east of the Capitol. The oath Union meeting was held to-night in East Baltiwas read to them, and with a unanimous voice, after the fashion of the Episcopal service, they responded to every word as it fell from the lips of the present. magistrate. Tears flowed from many eyes as they inswered to the call of their country, and pledged themselves to the Government. Keep the fla

flying. You are doing nobly. I glory in the spirit,

athusiasm, and patriotism of our people. And

now I, who have sent many gloomy words, of late,

send you words of hope and of joy. If there i

ower of the Government, and the full denial o

peace it will be based upon a full assert

the right of Secession. If war, we shall go int battle with every good angel and every holy memory on our side. Doubtless the Maryland Convention will pass a ordinance declaring that State out of the Union to day. Already the men who led the moh in Baltimore, and assisted to break up the railroad between Annapolis and the Junction, are terrified at the indignation that has been aroused in the free itates by their infamous conduct, and although they dare not hesitate in carrying Maryland out of the Union, they may as well prepare for the worst. lome of the most distinguished men in Washing ton have earnestly recommended to the President to seize the members of the Convention after they ing the Legislature to pass an act of secession im have performed their unauthorized work, and try | mediately. Referred to the Committee on Federal them as traitors. The course, however, that will Relations. in all probability be pursued by the Administration, will be to institute an immediate blockade of the port of Baltimore, and to demand the return to the Government of the custom house, the post

office, and the public buildings now in the fence of their respective counties. hands of the Disunionists. Should this be refused, a proper force will be sent to recapture this stolen property, and at the Currency. Government, it surely does not compel him to and within a short distance. It will be seen remain at his post long after the conflict be- therefore, that a sufficient force can be detailed to tween the State and nation has arisen; to ob- carry out the purpose of the Administration in regard to the repossession of the public property in Baltimore and the opening of a line of communication through that city. But if better counsels prevail among the leaders of the recolution in Maryland, they will lay down their arms peaceably before they are compelled to do so in the midst the feeling of indignation against the mob spirit in small notes, to a limited amount, to be used as a Baltimore, and those who sympathize with it in currency. Referred to the Committee on the Curother parts of the State, that in my opinion nothing can prevent the construction of a railroad so as to unite the capital with Pennsylvania on the plan of the public local laws which provide for the re suggested in my last letter. Eminent lawyers

who have studied the question assert postively that the Government, under the Constitution, can make such a road for military and postal purposes. No doubt one of the first recommendations of the President to the extra session of Congress will be to pass a bill providing for this desired improvement. Thus, Baltimore will be en tirely out off from Philadelphia and from the Disasters criminate on the nest of Lincoln. The pillars upon which he rested for support crumble away from beneath him. Unquestionably his great than we censure ourselves for cherishing a fondness towards dear old Pennsylvania. But the soldier is the son of the nation. She is his military character of Winfield Scott. What Wellington was to the British army and people, Scott has been in this country, as a political counsellor to has been in this country, as a political counsellor to has been in this country, as a political counsellor to have ment of the form the soldier is the son of the nation. She is his military mother—and he owes her his life and aword. The rule recognizes no exception of the state, any more tirely out off from Philadelphia and from the Northwest. It is to be regretted that the Northwest has been in this country, as a political counsellor to Northwest. It is to be regretted that the North-ern Central Railroad should suffer by this change route, but the overruling necessity of securing sideration the propriety of reporting a bill for to obtain communication with all the States of this Union will demand such sacrifices. It is cheering to witness the effect produced by

the uprising of the Northern people in support of convenience, with a copy of his letter to the Seguilty of ingratitude and treason. The Great the Government. I have vainly attempted to describe the effect produced by the entrance of the New York Seventh Regiment into this city on Thursday. I would fail utterly if I were to endeavor to give you a detail of the irrepressible enthusiasm that has been awakened by the engiving his great mind to his country, even in trance of the Rhode Island and ether additional Massachusetts regiments this moment. Our people are almost frantic with gratitude and joy. Virginia, on all her western borders, has caught the contagious feeling for the Union, and every hour convinces me that, when Maryland has recovered from the delirium that now intoxicates her, her Union loving people will be powerful enough to crush out the traitors in their midst.

What appals the Secessionists most, however, is

not alone the vast military preparations of the

Government, but the fearful unity of the people of the Free States. The expected discord and distion they had been taught to believe by the Tylers and the William B. Reeds, and the George M. Whartons; and the Breckinridge poison had been so industriously infused into the ranks of the Democratic party, that when the issue of arms came upon us thousands would be found ready to resist the Government in its efforts to protect itself; but now they see only one people. Even the Breckinridge men are compelled, to save their rethe most ardent devotion for the country. And how is it in the South? While the North and the utation, and in some cases their lives, to exhibit Northwest rally like a wall around the Government, the South is filled with all manner of heart burnings and division. Jefferson Davis, like all iespots, refuses to allow any inquiry into his conduct, and proceeds with a high and daring purpose, in order, if possible, to complete his programme before the hour of reflection has arrived. In Kentucky we find the great body of the people resisting the demands of the Secessionists, and in Missouri late information enables me to assert positively that the Seceders will be completely baffled. Virginia out of the Union, as she constructively is will speedily become a proy to the worst of mise ries. Do not be surprised if Western Virginia should secode from the tide-water counties, and demand readmission into the old family of States. Tennesses and North Carolina can now look upor

this spectacle and be admonished by it. While Kentucky and Missouri not only hesitate, but refuse, to follow the lead of the conspirators, Mary-land is to be hurried out of the Union and made the Flanders of America; for, let it be borne in mind that never will the people of the United her to do so, then her people must take the awful responsibility. All along the border of Maryland. orth of the Susquehanna, the people are alive for the Union, and advices from Allegheny and Frederick anable me to predict that, whatever may be done at Annapolis to-day, the act of secession will be resisted in that quarter. A gentleman just in from this quarter says that the Union men are resolved to fight out this great battle in the State.

The months will probably elapse before

The Register General will make any declaration of the Registers elegeneral will make a declaration of the Registers elegneral will be registered as a declaration of the Registers elegneral will be registered as a declaration of the Registers elegneral will be registered as a declaration of the Registers elegneral will be registered as a declaration of the Registers elegneral will be registered as a declaration of the Registers elegneral will be registered as a declaration of the Registers elegneral will be registered as a declaration of the Register elegeneral will be registered as a declaration of the Registers elegneral will be registered as a declaration of the Registers elegneral will be registered as a declaration of the Register elegneral will be registered as a declaration of the Register elegeneral will be registered as a declaration of the Register elegneral will be registered as a declaration of the Register elegneration of the Register elegneral will be registered as a declaration of the Register elegneral will be registered as a decla

SALE OF FURNITURE, PIAMOS, OFFICE DESKS, blockade. \$0.—This morning, at ten o'clock, by Birch & Son, auctioneers, No. 914 Chestnut street, will be inquiries be made of the Federal Government in sold slegant household furniture, plane fortes, relation to the subject, so that treaty rights and office deaks, and tables, &c.

OCCABIONAL.

LATEST NEWS will insist that the stipulations shall be respected By Telegraph to The Press

GOOD NEWS FROM BALTIMORE. The following is a private despatch received i this city from a reliable source : BALTIMORE, April 29 -Secessoria may be con

sidered as defunct in this city. The Union sentiby their people at home; but, above all, by the love ment is again triumphant, and but few men are they bear to their country, and by the way she re- willing to announce themselves to-day as Seces turns it to them. How different from the troops sionists. One week's experience of the deadly contagion has overwhelmed the conspirators, and the Union feeling is now stronger and deeper than ever. The day of reckoning has come, and those and are taxed to keep up their snam and hand of who, last week, sustained by the police, disgraced our city, almost shrink from the public gaze. The reaction has been overwhelming in all parts of the State, and we are prepared to meet the issue at the ballot box. Sad as were the doings of the past ten days, they have forever settled the question of sion in Maryland.

On Wednesday, our custom house, which has been the den in which most of this treason has been hatched, will be cleared of its traitors, and the new appointees will take their places. The United States flag will be immediately hoisted over the custom house, and responded to throughout the city, despite the prohibition of our dictators. The in command of the troops here, his predecessor, boys are selling miniature Union flags in the Col. C. F. Smith, having been ordered to New streets, and the Secession flag has disappeared, it being now regarded as the emblem of our terrible

BALTIMORE RESCUED FROM MOB RILLE GREAT UNION MEETING AT BALTIMORE. GREAT ENTHUSIASM.

TRAIGHT-OUT UNIONISM Regular Daily Communication with Baltimore The Boats to Connect with the Trains

at Perryville. BALTIMORE, April 29 .- A grand spontane

Great enthusiasm was manifested The strongest kind of straight out Union resolu ions were adopted, and the national banner up furled smid the acclamations of the mass. Regular daily communication with Philadelphi now re-established. Steamers will run regularly between this city an

Perryville, connecting with all the trains on the Philadelphia, Wilmington, and Baltimore Rail-

MARYLAND LEGISLATURE. IMPORTANT ACTION OF THE HOUSE A TEST QUESTION ON SECESSION.

REJECTED-AYES 13, NAYS 53 FREDERICK, Md., April 29.—The House met a the usual hour. Mr. Wootten presented petitions of two hundred and sixteen voters of Prince George's county, pray-

Mr. Paran obtained leave to report a bill anhorizing the county commissioners of the State to levy on the assessable property of the counties such an amount as they may deem necessary for the de-The bill authorizing the banks of the State to issue \$1 notes was referred to the Committee on

shows how closely these notions of honor are and troops through that disgraced and de- and Adjutant General be requested to report early on the globe calls treachery. If honor com- least eleven thousand volunteers and regulars, and priated at the last session of the Legislature to arm pels an efficer to spurn his allegiance to the more than twice that number on the way the State, has been expended, and by whom expended; whether any agent has been appointed by the Governor and Adjutant General to disburse the said appropriation. Mr. Scott reported a bill to provide for the call

of a Sovereign Convention of the people on Thursday, the 30th of May. On motion, the bill was referred to the Committee of Federal Relations. Mr. Pitts asked leave to report a bill to anthoriz of a sea of blood. So decided and so increasing is the Mayor and City Conneils of Baltimore to issue

> Mr. Scott reported a bill to repeal those sections turn days for original and judicial process in the Supreme Court and the Court of Common Pleas in Baltimore city, other than and in addition to the regular terms of said courts, so that no process, original or judicial, arising out of a contract shall be made returnable, except to the next term day of the said court respectively, the law to take tee on the Judiciary. Mr. Jacobs offered an order that the Committee of. Ways and Means be requested to take into con-

> a new assessment of property in the State. Adopted. be requested to furnish the House, at his earliest cretary of War, to which the letter of the latter. bearing date April 17, 1861, is a reply, and also copies of all other correspondence which may have taken place between himself and any other efficer r officers of the General Government since the 4th of March last. Adopted.

Ath of maron last. Auppeal.

Mr. Wallis, from the majority of the Committee on Federal Relations, to whom was referred the memorial of 216 voters of Prince George's county, praying the Legislature, if, in its judgment, it was an ordinance of secespraying the Legislature, it, in its judgment, it possess the power, to pass an ordinance of secession without delay, reported that, in the judgment of the committee, the Legislature dees not possess the power to pass such an ordinance as is prayed for, and that the prayer of the memorialists cannot, therefore, be granted. This report is signed by Messrs. Wallis, Long, Dennis, Briscoe, and Compton. signed by Messrs. Wallis, Long, Dennis, Briscoe, and Compton.

Messrs. Gordon and Goldsborough, of the Committee on Federal Relations, offered a minority report favorable to the prayer of the said memorialists. rialists.

Mr. Dennison moved that the minority report be substituted for the majority report.

The question was discussed by Mesers. Wallis, Gordon, Dennis, Compton, Pitts, Chaplain, Briscoe, Long, and Dennison.

Mr. Wallis said that the motion presented may be constitutional.

direct question to the House of the constitutional power of the Legislature to pass an act of Beces-sion. He was in favor of immediately taking the sense of the House on the subject, and settling public mind as to the sentiment and action of The vote was regarded by most of the members is indicating their views upon the constitutional The motion to substitute the minority for the majority report was rejected by a vote of 13 yeas against 53 nays.

The yeas were Messrs. Worthington, Dennison, hapiain, Bryan, Wootten, Jones of Prince leorge's, Jacobs, Kessier, Goldsborough, Griffith, lordon, Barnard, and Mills.

Mr. Bryan, of Prince George's, asked to be exused from voting, but the House refused.

The majority report was then adopted without a livision being called.

The House then adjourned till 4 o'clock P. M. FROM WASHINGTON. A NUCLBUS FOR A STANDING ARMY.

Three and five Years Enlistment of the Volunteers. 18,000 Sailors to be placed in Service. WASHINGTON, April 29 .- The Government toay formally decided to receive 40,000 of the

,000 volunteers, recently called for by proclamation, for the term of three years; 25,000 for five years; and 18,000 sailors for the same period. Orders to carry this measure into effect will be Badger's sone had enlisted. Ex-Senator Badger at once issued. An armory, in place of that at Harper's Forry, s to be established at Rock Island, Illinois. [SECOND DESPATOR.] WASHINGTON, April 29.—The military order of

which his talents and his courage entitle him With Brazil, and all the South American Governwhile those who have resigned when they see a ments, a notice of ninety days is required, under our Government. Hence, consignments of coffee, and other natural products, designed for Southern ports, are delayed in their transportation to that portion of the country—the merchants not having been notified of the country—the merchants not having ours. withdrawal they did not in the least embarrass our Government. Hence, consignments of coffee, the Government, will regret to the last day of and other natural products, designed for Southern their lives that they sundered their connection ports, are delayed in their transportation to that been notified of the effects of the immediate

privileges be not damaged. The foreign minister

and observed; otherwise naval forces will be de spatched to the blookaded ports, as a means of foreign potention. The delicacy of the ques of the steamer Star of the West, recently taken on is apparent, and from what is known may involve serious consequences to all concerned—at by the Confederate States as prisoners of war all events produce trouble now, as well as in the have arrived at Montgomery for trial.

Among the letters recently received at the Post Office Depirtment, is one from a South Carolina postmaster, countermanding orders for stamps, and ofusing temake his returns, saying that he will attend to his business when Postmaster Gener. Reagan shall reach Washington. Gentlemen from Virginia give, as their opinion that the Ordinance of Secession will be affirmed by over one hundred thousand majority. The northwestern counties are, however, decidedly opposed to secession Washington, April 29 .- There is good reason

for stating that the Naval Academy is to be removed, at least temporarily, from Annapolis Newport, Rhode Island. It was ascertained at the State Department to day that no nore diplomatic and consular appoint ments will be made, and no consideration given to the subject, until all the avenues leading to the capital are opened for the passage of citizens and United States troops.

Col. Mansfeld, United States engineer, is now

The Navy Department has issued an order sim lar to that from the War Department, that the counts due to the recent officers from the States claiming to have seconded will hereafter be paid hem from the United States funds hitherto sent to or deposited in those States, except in case where the Department shall otherwise direct.

FROM ANNAPOLIS. VIA PERRYVILLE. ARRIVAL OF TROOPS. MARCH OF THE ALBANY REGIMENT Fortifications erected on the Anna polis Road.

ompanies of the Norristown Rifles have just ar rived from Perryville, by the steamers H L. Gaw The steamers Montreello and Coatzacoalcos are n the harbor. The United States brig Perry left ast night. Further detachments of New York troops are ourly expected. The Albany regiment marched

his morning, in the direction of the Annapolis Fortifications commanding the railroad and inty road, some two miles from Annapolis, were hrown up yesterday. Annapolis was made a military department yes rday. General Butler will remain here. All he movements are kept very secret. From an attaché of Mr. Drayton, minister

Paris, just from Washington. I have reliable inrmation that 10,000 troops from the Southern Confederacy are now in Virginia, and more are pouring in. The Administration has notified Governor Latcher that one step in advance from Richmond will cause a speedy invasion of Virginia from the Farmers from Virginia have forced their way

brough the Secession lines, and report a strong Union feeling a few miles from the capital. The Seventh New York Regiment occupy the Hall of the House of Representatives, and take heir meals at the National Hotel. The regiment has just made a purse of \$1,000 for the lieutenan of the Massachusetts Regiment, accidentally wounded, rendering amoutation necessary. Trains are run from Baltimore to Whoeling, bu are searched at Harper's Ferry by the Secession ists, who are all along the route.

I learn from a private source that the Secessic ists managed to save 6,000 muskets at Harper' Ferry, all the arms not being destroyed. Saturday night the Baltimere and Ohio road went to Washington in a special train to get the road opened to Washingon, but without success. The weather to-day is warm and sunny.

TEN O'CLOCK A. M .- Information has just been sectived that the Maryland Legislature has refused to pass the secession ordinance, the negative votes being a majority of two-thirds. There is a report that an armistice of sixty days has been made, and that the Secretary of War has gone to Richmond. The latter item creates great dissatisfaction here. [The reporter might have added that this rumor deserves little credit. It is anifestly absurd. j-En. Press.

IMPORTANT FROM HARRISBURG The Northern Central Road to be Repaired.

Another Route to the Capital to be Opened HABBISEURG, April to rebuild the bridges destroyed on the line of the Northern Central Railroad. The Pennsylvania Railroad Company has loaned to the Pennsylvania Railroad Company has loaned to the Government a number of iron bridge-frames, which they have at all times on hand, to put up in case

W. Webber, and C. B. Clark, came through as of the destruction of bridges on their own road. A gang of carpenters, two hundred and fifty strong, with other workmen of approved skill, have been quietly concentrated at York since Saturday last,

These will be protected by the troops as they ad-Sills and heavy beams of timber have been forwarded to be used wherever they may be necessary, with any amount of lumber, from this point. The whole of the civil engineering is placed under the control of Thos. J. Power, a well-known engineer. The five regiments now here will move to-morrow tor York. The intention is to guard every bridge with troops all the way to Baltimore. When the troops reach that point they will pass around and reach the Relay House, at the junction of the Washington branch of the Baltimore and Ohio Railroad, which will be permanently occupied.

Harrierung, April 29.—Among the Senators warded to be used wherever they may be neces-

HARRIEBURG, April 29 .- Among the Senators arrived to-day are Messrs. Smith, Palmer, Wharton, Yardley, and Parker. A large number of the embers of the House have also arrived, and all will be here by noon to morrow. The Governor will apportion the troops under the new requisition according to the population of the several counties, and the number of troops now in the field from them. This is done to prevent a

too great depopulation of the agricultural and ing countie A change of officers in the Tenth Regiment ande to-day. Col. McCall having declined, S. A. Meredith, a brother of Wm. M. Meredith, of Philalelphia, was elected. Captain Richard White, of Cambria county, was elected major, in the place of Col. Meredith. Alexander White was elected quartermaster. Officers of the regular army present to-day luring a division parade, said that the Tenth ger and Alabama, from Annapolis, arrived this evening. The former passed the Parkersburg on legiment was one of the best in the service. The State Administration is greatly annoyed by

ompanies coming from the different State ensampments without and against orders. All comnanies not notified officially of their acceptance der the new law will be sent home sgain. Mr. Palmer, the Speaker of the Senate, will inroduce a bill to-morrow authorizing Schuylkill county to appropriate \$30,000 for the support of be introduced to reach similar cases in the different

Erie county has offered a full regiment, equipped by subscription, and five hundred beyond the The Chief Justice of the Supreme Court of Vernont arrived here to-day. He has been residing in North Carolina for two months for the benefit of his health. He called on Governor Curtin today, and exhibited the passes he had received from Governor Ellis, of North Carolina, and Governor Letcher, of Virginia. He says the Union sentiment prevailed largely two months since in North Carolina, but now secession is almost unanimous. He visited the house of ex-Senator Badger, of North Carolina, and found h

Naval Preparations.

wife and daughter scraping lint. One of Mr was until recently one of the leading Union men of the State HARRISBURG, April 29 .- Gen. Small receive CINCINNATI, April 20.—Seventy-one thousand clunteers have offered their services to Governor ennison, to fill the thirteen regiments required. his commission this morning as Colonel, Rush Van Dyke as Lieutenant Colonel, and Casper Berry as

since the inauguration, and that when he leaves the White House he is always disguised, for fear of assessination by the Republicans.

A thousand other such extravagant statements are duing in proper direction.

The Union Men of Western Virginia. APPLICATION FOR ARMS. HARRISBURG, April 29 -Four intelligent gentle men of Western Virginia waited on the State Adnistration to-day, invoking its influence with the National Administration to procure arms to defend nemselves They say that Virginia, west of the Blue Ridge, could be held for the Union if arms were distributed in time. They declared that they were endorsed by the public sentiment of that ortion of Virginia. They went westward from here, the State and thorities having resolved to comply with their re-

The Crew of the Star of the West on Trial at Montgomery.

Mail of Thursday says that a portion of the crew

Washington, April 29 — The Montgomery (Ala.)

From North Carolina. New York, April 29 -The schooner West Wind, which has arrived at this port from Wil mington, North Carolina, reports the scizure o the steamer Uncle Ben. Her crew had been im prisoned on the charge of being Federal spies. The Secessionists sunk several vessels in New Int, blocking up the channel.

Military Movements in Indiana. INDIANAPOLIS, April 29.—A bill appropriating 500,000 for arming the State passed both houses o-day.

The six regiments required as the quota of Indiana have been fully organized. Four will march soon Six more regiments will be mustered into the service of the State.

LATER FROM CALIFORNIA. [By Pony Express.] FORT KEARNEY, April 28—The pony express passed here yesterday afternoon, with the following advices:

BAN FRANCISCO, April 17—3 40 P. M.—Arrived San Francisco, April 17—3 40 P. M.—Arrived April 13th, ship Romance of the Sea, from Boston; ship Talisman, from New York; ship Penn Yan, from New York; 15th, Revenal, Greenock.

Salled April 13th, ships Sky Lark, New York; Radiant, for Cork

The ship Talisman has been chartered to carry breadstoff; to Europe. The ship Romance of the Sea, of 1,782 tons register, has been chartered to load with breadstoffs for Great Britain

Converged. The precious feature of the

load with breadstuffs for Great Britain

COMMERCIAL—The principal feature of the market this week is, that there are more sellers than buyers, without any change in prices. The leading articles of trade with the country are slowly reviving Wheat is steady at \$1,50 for export quality; barley 90,395.

GENERAL NEWS.—The pony express arrived on the 15th, at Carson Valley from Fort Kearney, with dates to the 5th of April. By this express, news was received of the appointment of six Federal officers for California. The parties designated as the Collector of the Port of San Francisco and Sub-Tressner. are very acceptable to the Republi-ANNAPOLIS, April 29-9 o'clock A. M.-Fou

as the Collector of the Port of San Francisco and Sub-Treasurer, are very acceptable to the Republican party and the public generally. There are no particular complaints concerning the other appointments, except that of Mr. Stevens, for Superintendent of the Mint. The Republicans, generally, denounce this appointment, on the ground that Mr. Stevens held office continuously under the last Administration as an undoubted Democrat. The Traces, the Republican organ, says that the appointment of Democrats to effice under the Administration is not a cause for general rejoicing among the men who have worked for and attaised its success. ts success.
Governor Downey has signed the three San

Governor Downey has signed the three San Francisco railroad bills.

Mrs. Emily J. Farnham, formerly matron of Sing Sing Prison, has been chosen matron of the California State Insane Asylum.

Governor Downey has sent in a message concerning the question of the boundary between California and the new Territory of Nevads. He takes the ground that the boundaries of California being established by the Censtitution, can only be altered by consent of the people of the State. A number of petitions have been presented to the Legislature by the inhabitants of the disputed districts, praying for the establishment of the line according to the boundaries laid down in the Nevada territorial bill.

P. L. Miner, a resident of California since 1859, la territorial bill.

P. L. Miner, a resident of California since 1859,

committed suicide at Red Bluff, Shasta county, on the 15th. He was the leading merchant of the town, and a man of wealth and respectability. From Pike's Peak. FORT KEARMY. April 29.—The central ever-land express passed here at noon yesterday, with the following advices:

DENVER CITY, April 25.—Serious apprehensions of Indian difficulties are entertained. They can

out off all the travel over the plains as well as the Col. Boon, the Indian agent, sent a courier to Fort Wise yesterday with a requisition for two companies of cavalry, to hold themselves in readi-ness to march hither at an hour's notice. Should ications continue unfavorable they will be or dered up very soon. Intense feeling respecting the war in the States prevails throughout the country. A small Scoes-sion flag was displayed by a business house here, but it was so insignificant that no notice was taken of it. Union flags are waving in many parts of the city, and the Union feeling is almost unanimous.

The military express to the New Mexican forts

From New Mexico. INDEPENDENCE, Mo., April 29.—The New Mexican mail arrived here yesterday morning, twelve days from Santa Fé. The outgoing mail of the 12th instant, with the Hon. Mr. Otero and family, was met at Bent's Forks, and would arrive at Santa Fé in aleve days.

Eighteen hundred people had left Santa Fé for the San Juan mines. The reports from the mines are very glowing. No Indians were seen on the route. route. Colonel Crittenden had gone south with his com-

Affray at Albany. GOVERNOR MORGAN ATTEMPTING TO QUELL THE

DISTURBANCE. ALBANY, N. Y. April 29.—There was a desperate row at the Adams House, one of the depots for the volunteers, between twelve and one o'clock

Steamer Bremen Ashore. NEW YORK, April 29 -The steamer Bremen

ailed with sealed orders. New York Bank Statement.

NEW YORK, April 29.—The bank statement for the week ending on Saturday presents the followng results: 9115 895
Increase of loans 9115 895
Degresse of specie. 1,638 537
Increase of circulation 15 419
Degresse of deposits 5 516,03 The Croton Aqueduct Guarded. APPREHENSIONS OF AN ATTEMPT ON THE HIGH

NEW YORK, April 29.—The Croton Aqueduct is uarded by the police in consequence of fears be-ng entertained that traitors may attempt to blow Louisville and Nashville Railroad LOUISVILLE, April 29.—The Louisville and (ashville Railroad have advertised that no more brough freight will be received at the depot until atther orders.

Postmaster at Wilmington, Del. WILMINGTON, April 29.—Arthur H. Grimshaw as been appointed postmaster at Wilmington,

PITTERURG. April 29.—A quarrel occurred today between Captain Thomas Rogers, of the steamer Dradem, and Thompson Vandegrift, a steamboat runner, about a trifling pecuniary matter,
during which Capt. Rogers drew a knife, but did
not inflict any injury. Subsequently he met Vandegrift on the wharf, and, after a short collecury,
he drew a pisto!, and shot the latter, causing death Fatal Rencontre.

free, and the entire proceeds will be devoted to the indicated purpose, under the auspices of the Mayor, who will be the recipient of the proceeds. In such a cause, who will refuse their aid? Get your tickets at once, even if you do not use them. ARCH-STREET THEATRE —The new grand spec tacular drama of "The Wars of Napoleon The Great," produced last night, was a great success. We regret that the pressure on our columns com-BOSTON, April 29.—A force of 2,500 men was apployed yesterday in the Charlestown navy yard in the vessels now fitting out. Lieut. Know has been appointed to the command pels us to defer an extended notice of it until our next. The entire strength of the company, with numerous admillaries, is amployed, and the scenie

effects and tableaux are exceedingly effective.

LATER FROM EUROPE.

Arrival of the Steamers Bremen and NEW YORK, April 29 -The steamer Bremen, from Southampton on the 17th, is ashore near Coney Island. She will probably come off at high water to-night. The following advices have been htained: The steamers Arago and Comes arrived a Cowes on the 14th. The Vigo and Canada arrived at Queenstown on the 15th

rived at Queenstown on the 15th

Mr. Gladstone introduced his budget in the
House of Commons on the 15th, showing a surplus
of £1,900,000 sterling. He proposed a reduction
of one penny on the income tax, and a repeal of
the paper duty, which will amount to £1,500,000,
leaving a surplus of £400,000 The tea and sugar
duties to be continued.

Arrests continue to be made among the disaffacted at Warsaw. fected at Warsaw.

Count Zamoyski had been ordered to leave Warsaw It was rumored that he would be called to office as member of the Council of State.

Riots had taken place at Cracow and Vienna.

The Diet of Istna refuses to send deputies to the Council of the Empire, and it was expected that it would be dissolved.

would be dissolved.

A Vienna paper denies positively that there will be an independent ministry granted to Hungary.
Fearful inundations had occurred in Java. Many thousands were drowned and whole villages destroyed. Fifty thousand people had been made The Porte had placed the coasts of Albania in a state of blockade The Steamer Arabia at Halifax.

HALIFAX, April 29.—The royal mail steamship Arabia, from Liverpool on the 20th instant, via Queenstown on the 21st, arrived at half, past two belook this afternoon.

London Money Marker.—Consols 92 for money [SECOND DESPATCH.]

HALIFAX, April 29 .- The Arabia brings £13,500 specie The Cupard steamer Amer eca arrived t Queenstown on the 21st, the North America at Derry, and the Teutonia at Cowes on the 18th.

The steamer City of Baltimore surived at Liverpool at midnight on the 18th inst, and the North American on the merning of the 19th. The Arabia has fifty passengers for Boston ITALY.
Garibaldi took his seat in the Italian Parlia

ment, and the business was temporarily suspended by the applause of the members. The action of the Ministry in disbanding the Southern army and the measures taken for its reorganization were de-bated on the 18th inst. Garibaldi made a speech so violent that it excited a tumult in the Chamber. He made offensive allusions to the Ministry, against which Count Cavour protested The President of the Chamber put on his hat, and the sitting was suspended for a brief interval. Garibaldi in re-suming spoke with more moderation. He defended his comrades in arms, and said that the forms tion of three divisions of volunteers, as decreed, was not sufficient for the national armament.

M. Bixio made a conciliation speech.

Count Cavour said that he accepted the words of

Garibaldi explained several facts alluded to by Count Cavour He expressed the belief that Count Cavour leved Italy, but he designated the French army as the enemy of Italy because it countried Rome.

by proposing a project of law for a vast national No sign either of approbation or disapprobation marked the reading of this letter.

The Official Gazette of Turin publishes a denue of the city (if peace can be a current even an occasional matter, in these military time has been seriously disturbed, since Taureday lax tree, ordering the formation of a volunteer corps, to comprise three divisions, in which the Garibaldian officers will hold rank.

General Fanti presented to the Chamber of Deputies a project of law for levying 18,000 men in the Nearchitan provinces.

Deputies a project of law for levying 18,000 men in the Neapolitan provinces.

A despatch from Turin, of the 14th April, says:
"The Marquis de Montezmolo having tendered his resignation, has been replaced in the Lieutenancy of Sicily by Signor Dallarovera."

Signor Guerazzi, opposition candidate, has been elected member of the Chamber of Deputies. The Opinione announces that the Pope has been

mingo as soon as confirmed by a vote of the people, if no foreign Power protests.

mingo as soon as confirmed by a vote of the people, if no foreign Power protests.

HUNGARY.

The Hungarian Chamber of Deputies has been definitely constituted.

TURKEY.

The Turkish vessels, blockeding Albania, have The Turkish vessels, blockading Albania, have captured a brig, under the Ionian flag, loaded with munitions of war.

Omar Pacha has been appointed Generalissimo fithe average for the average for the superior of the superior for the superior of the superi of the army. AUSTRALIA.

Australian advices report the massacre of twenty-six of the crew of the American whale ship Supe-rior by the natives of Solomon's Island. Ported ashore cast of the Romer shoals. Two tugs are alongside endeavoring to pull her off.

The Reported Arrest of Mason Untrue. Perryville, April 29.—Senator Mason has not been arrested. The report must have been started by the detention of some parties for examination.

Steamer Adelaide Fired Into.

Steamer Adelaide Fired Into.

Steamer Adelaide Fired Into.

Baltimore on Saturday morning from Norfolk, reports having been fired into off old Point Comfort by the Harrest Lans.

The Adelaide was brought to and then allowed to pass on.

The Transports James Adger and Alambara. From Annapolis, arrived this even and Alabama, from Annapolis, arrived this even from Annapolis, arrived this even from the Roman Catholic questions.

New York. April 29.—The steamers James Adger and Alabama, from Annapolis, arrived this even the Roman Catholic questions.

The Transports James Adger and Alabama, from Annapolis, arrived this even the Roman Rombins and entities for military use, and they have crossed the Government and commons, the Government and their achievements by the presentation of set the control, the louse of Lords, it was stated that the Government was engaged in no negotiations whatever towards the reconciliation of the King of the pupils themselves, the costly material six being their cachievements by the presentation of the King of the pupils themselves, the costly material six being their cachievements by the presentation of the King of the pupils themselves, the costly material six being their cachievements by the presentation of the King of the Roman Gatholic questions.

The Halls said of the first was crossed their cachievements by the presentation of set the formation, the alleged that the Government was engaged in no negotiations whatever to the Roman Gatholic questions.

The Italian question in general was deblated, the French occupation of Rome was deplored, and the Sunday of the Course of Commons, Lord Jehn Russell the Sohool, S

Several heavy failures are reported in Marseilles.

The Paris Bourse was higher. Rentes are quoted at 68f. 20c.

A pamphlet by the Duke D'Aumale has been published in France in response to Prince Napoleon's late attack on the Orleans family. It is very severe, and created a great sensation. The work was seized by the Government.

Foreign Commercial Intelligence. Foreign Commercial Intelligence.

By the Steamer Arabia.

LIVERPOOL COTTON MARKET, April 19—The sales of the week amount to 68,400 bales, including 5 500 bales to exporters. The nows brought by the 'team-r City of Baltimore caused an advance of 1-16; or for principally on clean and useful qualities, which are principally on class and useful qualities, which are source.

The sales of to-day (Friday) are estimated at 15,000 bales, including 4,000 bales to specultaors and for ex-port. The market closed firm at the following autho-rized quotations: The stock in port amounts to 875,000 bales, including 13,500 bales of American.

Stats of TRAD is.—The Manchester advices are avorable; prices had an advancing tendency, which backed business. hecked business. Havre corron Marker — Wednesday.—New Planns tres ordinaire 104f, bas 99f. The market for

is 6d. Tea firm at 1- 22s 3d.
inseed Oil quiet at 22s 3d.
THE LATEST.

LIVERPOOL. Saturday.—Cotton—The sales of to-day
are estimated at 8,000 bales, including 2,000 bales to
speculators and for argort. Hawnit & Co. report the street to the armory, being greeted with great thussasm all along the route.

Provisions steady.

LONDON, Saturday,—Consols 22 for money and account. The money market is unchanged. Bullion in the Eark of England increased £10,000 during the week. AMERICAN STOCKS.

Virginia & 1888.... Ponnsylvania Contral & let mtr

THE CIT MILITARY ITEM Seizures of Contraband Good Arrival of Volunteers from the Interi

The Camp at Broad and Prime Street The occurrences of this week, the third of the tary preparation since the capture of Port ter, demonstrate, from their number and ance, the earnest actual feeling of the people every hand there is renewed evidence of the tensity and patriotism of citizens. Compani forming to respond to the new requisition forming to response fife have become, from frequency, matters of ention.

THE DEPOT AT BROAD AND PRIME STREETS Is now tenanted by a score or so of soldier, Is now tenantical with military stores that happy mount guard over the desired to Perryville. Annapali arrive, and are shipped to Perryville. Annapali annapali

or Washington. We noticed among the steel quantities of boxes, bales, etc., a large number of avers, cartridges in horse. quantities or woos, cartridges in boxes (there wer about 40,000 of these), hundreds of bentels of piles about 40,000 or those, for artillery house, librard, straw in bales for artillery house, the soldiers manually the ooffee, butter, etc. The soldiers mounted gue over the cartridges, and guarded the cart the exit ways THE ENCAMPMENT In the tent of the Christian Association is less at Washington street, below Broad, on a strip; at Washington series, around the tent are right

guarded by sentinels, and bayonets are state; guarded by southern, The appearance of third within the canvas is singularly picturesque gangway or avenue in the ferm of a square entire gangway or avoidanting the mere table is street amid a wilderness of upright bayonets Here: 14:50 may be seen spreading butter upon his biscuit nin may be seen spreading dearer apon me discontain a long, bright dirk, and another using a bayonette a long, bright third is bracking nuts with the better a fork. A unit as a mucket. The men lie upon the straw in every i musket. And in old positions Some are bareton direction and in our positions are narely and a row of long toes, with blue, horny nails may be seen peeping from the hem of a blanket. have gone to sleep with their faces buried in the straw, and others are resting their heads upon straw, and other is a bare-headed man writing, letter to his wife, upon a board, which he bold across his knee. He is disturbed by a group of across mis about a chorus in Dutch, in a test corner. Women, the temporary friends of the re lunteers, are pacing the sisles, and on all side; here are appearances of war. INTELLIGENCE OF THE REVULSION OF PERLING BALTIMORE.

A gentleman of this city has received the following letter, of which we publish an extract which throws much light upon the matter of reviving patriotism in Baltimore:

"Thanks to the wondrous healing influence,"
time and the sober, thinking portion of our re-Count Cavour leved Italy, but he designated the French army as the enemy of Italy because it occupied Rome.

On the 19th instant Garibaldi was again received with loud applause. The excitement of the previous day had subsided. Words of concord passed between Count Cavour and M. Bixio, which were applauded by all. Garibaldi expressed him self satisfied

There has been an attempted reaction in Calabria. Troops were despatched to the town of Vonasa, which has been delivered from the Bourbons.

AUSTRIA.

In Saturday's sitting of the Chamber of Deputies, at Torin, the President read a letter from Garibaldi, in which the latter declared that, in his reply to the deputation from the Workmen's Assonication of Milan, he had no intention of offending either the King or the Parliament. Also, that his devotion to the King was too well known, and that consequently his conscience would not allow him to dessend to justify himself against the charge of offending his Majesty. In the same letter, he said, also, that his acte in favor of the country were too notorious to allow it to be supposed that he wished to insult it. He added that the wished to insult it. He added that the manner in which the Sonthern army had been treated filled his soul with disdain, and concluded by proposing a project of law for a vast national armament.

Winted states, at which he seemed pleased or is all men, that I my sentirely functed here, and we are as safe as if it Philadelphia; but the business of the town is at the panic stricken people continue to file from the anticipated attack of the though the panic stricken people continue to file from the anticipated attack of the them of the color of the colo REPORTED ARREST OF EX SENATOR MASON, OF THE

tor from Virginia to the Legislature of the Republic, when loyalty was the rule, and not, as now the exception, had been sheltered beceath a roctire of Pennsylvania, and even uttered his unbely treason upon the streets of Philadelphia. It matter excited great attention, and effort were at once inaugurated to seezs this daring fellow. He was known to be connected with attisens of Philadelphia by the of mar riage and property. Some of his nearest relatives were his bitterest enemies, and these it is said, gave information to the officers that the renegade Senator was in the city, on Friday last The New York papers of Saturday contained telegraphs of the first papers of Saturday contained telegraphs. relatives were his bitterest enemies, and these, it is ald, gave information to the officers that the Pope has been restored to health.

The Director publishes a letter from Garibaldi, addressed to M. Hertzen, the celebrated Russian refogee, now residing in Roudon. He says:

"The emancipation of serfs in Russia has been recently saluted by Europe with thankfulness. This deed has placed the Car among the most illustrious benefactors of humanity. But now that the work of goodness has been stained by the blood of an innocent people, it is the duty of those who applauded the generous act of emancipation to raise the voice of malediction against the consummation of the most detestable of orimes."

DENMARK.

A despatch from Copenhagen announces that the commanders of the twenty-two Danish battalions recently formed were appointed. Two battalions recently formed were appointed. Two battalions will proceed to Schleswig.

Centinued Austrian movements on the Po, near Ferrara, are recorded. It is said that an attack it is possible, commencing with the invasion of the Duohy of Modens, which will not be an infraction of the treaty of Villa Franca.

Advices from Warsaw say that matters are daily growing worse, and it is feared that the exasperation of the people will lead to fresh disturbances. The Russian force in Poland is to be raised to 100,000 men.

SPAIN.

The Spanish official paper says that the Espanish official paper says that the Police of the feat of his presence amongst unit order to the infraction of the treaty of Villa Franca.

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> BEAUTIFUL SCENE AT THE NORMAL SCHOOL-PA SEREAT THE NORMAL SCHOOL-THE
> SEREAT THE NORMAL SCHOOL-THE
> SCHOOL represent every section and shalf opinion. In the present national crisis the law
> shown how the heart of Philadelphis bests by
> their many increases and active the control of the con

been used towards them, which the Japanese Government had not endeavored to check.

A report that President Lincoln was dead had been circulated in England, and American news was anxiously looked for.

The London Times editorially reiterated hopes for the maintenance of peace, and says that when the soil and the seas of the New World are likely to be stained with blood, foreign nations may surely remonstrate in the cause of humanity.

The Paris correspondent of the London Daily News says that Russia has informed France that, in consequence of the events in Warsaw, it will be impossible to join France in any measure for the settlement of the Eastern question The alleged reason for this refusal is, that Russia regards France as an accomplice in the Polish disturbance.

FRANCE.

Several heavy failures are reported in Marsaliles.

The Guards marched from Franklin Squart the school shortly before 4 o'clock, and took their places in the school shortly before 4 o'clock, and took their places in the school shortly before 4 o'clock, and took their places in the school shortly before 4 o'clock, and took their places in the school shortly before 4 o'clock, and took their places in the school shortly before 4 o'clock, and took their places in the school shortly before 4 o'clock, and took their places in the school shortly before 4 o'clock, and took their the school shortly before 4 o'clock, and took their the school shortly before 4 o'clock, and took their places in the school shortly before 4 o'clock, and took their the school shortly before 4 o'clock, and took their places in the school shortly before 4 o'clock, and took their places in the school shortly before 4 o'clock, and took the places in the school shortly before 4 o'clock, and took the places in the school shortly before 4 o'clock, and took the school shortly before 4 o'clock, and

commit to your hands the emblem of our contrib Liberty and Union. As God was with our fathers, so may He be with you: "Flag of the brave! thy folds shall fly, The sign of hope and triumph, nigh. Our hearts, our hopes, are all with thee! Our hearts, our hopes, our prayers, our tears, Our faith triumphant o'er our fears, Are all with thee—are all with thee." Quartermaster O'Brien then received the flag Quartermaster O'Brien then received the has the part of the Guards. His speech was eminerally eloquent and appropriate He spoke of the approclation in which such a gift, coming from the hands, would be held, and he pledged the regiment to stand by its colors to the last. Each man would be a Leonidas in defence of that standard. The Star-Spangled Banner was then suzy by the pupils, whose checks were, by this time, glewing with the rosy hue of excitement, and whose eyes were fishing with cornertness and ardor. Cheer

This fine company of flying artillery proceeded to Point Breeze Park yesterday afterneon, under command of Captain Tompkins and Lieutenati Governor Samuel G. Arnold, with their full complement of horses, men, and cannon. In the presence of a select company they went through drill of three hours, exching profound attention and delight from all present. They fired sixty charges a minute with James' rifled connon. The great appurery with which the guns can be used was demonstrated by the excellence of the company's firing. Objects not discernible with the THE RHODE ISLAND ARTILLERY