THE WAR EXCITEMENT.

NEW YORK FIRE DEPARTMENT ZOUAVES.

The New York *News* thus alludes to the Zouave Regiment which has been formed by Col. Ellsworth:

The members of the companies were almost all stout, hardy, determined-looking men, young, enthusiastic, and full of fight. In the ranks of company G, Captain Tagen, which we predict will be a crack company, we noticed two short, boyish-looking volunteers, who are worthy of special remark. They were the celebrated "light-weight champions," Harry Lazarus, and his scarcely less redoubtable brother Johnny. Look out for the "auctioneers," boys. We are inclined to fear, however, that when the *two* light weights get into action they will be carried away by the pugilistic instinct, drop their shooting irons and "put up their hands," according to the doctrines of Fistiana. The men were very orderly, the only noises were the cheers given on the slightest provocation.

Colonel Ellsworth, having formed the men into companies, and arranged them in company order with considerable rapidity, made them a little speech. He said that the success of their enterprise depended greatly upon the understanding between commander and men. He had been offered the command of a regiment at home in Illinois, but had preferred to come and take the back bone of the New York firemen, as men were needed immediately. He would be true to them every time—would not ask them to do anything he would not do himself, and would stand as much hardship and fatigue as any of them. He would lead, and only asked them to follow. [Cries of "Take us through Baltimore."]

Remember, said he, that you go to represent the New York *Fire* Department, and do them no discredit. He proposed to prove that in everything he had no object but their welfare, and was actuated by no selfish motive. He left it to their own patriotism and good sense to do their duty to themselves and their country. [Voices, "Hang us if we don't."]

He then submitted to each company a proposal to elect as their first lieutenant one of the members of his old Zouave regiment to act as instructor and guide in military matters. The suggestion was adopted, and Colonel Ellsworth immediately telegraphed for his man. He stated that 1,200 men were anxious to join the regiment, but some would necessarily be rejected.

The first general order was then read, to the effect that the regiment would assemble at the State Arsenal on Sunday, at 10 o'clock, A. M., for the purpose of being mustered in and arranged in squads. They will draw pay and rations from yesterday. The Colonel then gave way, amid loud cheering, to Colonel Whitmore, formerly of the Seventh regiment, who exhorted the men to be true to their commander and their flag. Wm. E. Dodge, Esq., of the Chamber of Commerce, also made a few remarks, stating that his board had subscribed $5,000 towards equipping the regiment.

The men then marched down Broadway and dismissed at the Astor House. Late on Saturday evening Colonel Ellsworth received a despatch from the Secretary of War, directing his regiment to repair to Fort Hamilton, and they will accordingly start this morning for the fort. One thousand Zouave uniforms have been ordered and will be ready on Wednesday evening.

Yesterday, about twelve o'clock, the State arsenal on Seventh avenue presented a lively appearance. The men, who had been inspected by Colonel Ellsworth on Saturday evening, assembled there for the purpose of being mustered into the United States army. The ubiquitous Colonel, assisted by his adjutant, enrolled the names and arranged the men in squads, according to trades. The men seemed to take hold of their business, and all were enthusiastic about their light-weight commander. One of the "boys" remarked, "He don't need any horn to make the boys hear."

If they are furnished with rations to-day they will depart for Fort Hamilton, there to be initiated into the *modus belli*. They would prefer to go to Baltimore.

MOVEMENTS OF MAJOR ANDERSON.

On Saturday forenoon Col. Lowering, son-in-law of ex-Governor Morton, of Massachusetts, on behalf of the citizens of Taunton, Mass., presented Major Anderson with a handsome sword. The presentation was private, a few persons only being present. To an address, read by Col. Lowering, Major Anderson briefly responded. The blade is of finely-tempered steel, beautifully engraved, the scabbard and hilt mounted with gold, and the handle of ivory.

On the scabbard is the following inscription:

Dei Duce, Ferro Commitante.

And the hilt bears the following:

Et Jesus et pretium Regni.
The Citizens of Taunton, Mass.,
to
Major Robert Anderson, U. S. A.,
A tribute to his courage and his fidelity.
Acquirit qui Tuertur.

During the afternoon Major Anderson was present at the Union Square meeting. In the course of the day he went to Brady's gallery, and sat for an imperial photograph.

Yesterday he went to Trinity Church. This morning he will give his answer regarding accepting one of the Governor's rooms, as tendered him by the Common Council, for receiving his friends. [*New York World.*

A THRILLING INCIDENT AT CAMP CURTIN!—AN AMERICAN EAGLE SURVEYS THE CAMP!

One of the most thrilling incidents connected with the military movement of the day took place at Camp Curtin on Saturday afternoon. A number of persons were engaged in raising the stars and stripes over the main building, used as the headquarters of the officers, and just as everything was in readiness, and the men had seized the halyard to run up the flag, a large eagle came from no one knew where, *hovered over the flag, and sailed majestically over the encampment while the flag was run up!* Thousands of eyes were upturned at the moment, and as the noble bird loomed down the cheers of three thousand men rent the air! Never was such ovation paid the "Imperial Bird of Jove." It lingered for a few minutes, apparently not particularly frightened at the traitorous noise—then cleaving the air with his pinions he disappeared in the horizon.—*Harrsburg Patriot and Union.*

THE MOUNTED BATTALION OF THE EMPIRE CITY.

This body will consist of 500 mounted riflemen. Major Bliss, of the United States Engineer corps, will have command. The following are the staff, so far as at present known: Mr. George Wilkes, of the *Spirit of the Times*, Lieutenant Colonel; Mr. Charles Gallagher, late of San Francisco, Quartermaster. Col. Bliss has served with distinction in the Mexican and other campaigns. Mr. George Wilkes is so well known in New York that nothing need be said of him, and Mr. Charles Gallagher has had experience in Mustang service on the prairies and in the Territories. Mr. Gallagher, with one other beside himself, travelled through 400 miles of the Appache country, having despatches where the United States mail dare not pass. Lieutenant Roberts, also of the Battalion, served on Walker's staff in Nicaragua during the bloodiest of his campaigns. He also held command during the Mexican war. The Mounted Riflemen will consist of men whose experience in all that is daring in horsemanship is not surpassed. Men who can pick a handkerchief from the ground at full speed. Men accustomed to Mustang service, who can dismount and mount in an instance, such men as with Col. Fremont explored the passes of the Rocky mountains.—*Tribune.*

FORT DELAWARE.

Efforts have been made to make the people believe that there never was any intention of seizing the fort. We have been heard that stuff long enough about forts in doubtful States. The best way to keep the fort is by having men in it who will keep the traitors out. The only thing that would prevent the men from seizing the fort is a sense of the consequences. We know there are men in this State who would undertake the job if they dare.—*Wilmington paper.*

WHAT RHODE ISLAND HAS DONE.

Since Monday morning Rhode Island has called and held a special session of the Legislature, appropriated half a million of dollars to fitting out troops, thrown 500 Rhode Island boys into Fort Monroe in Virginia, sent to Easton, Pa., a splendid battery of light artillery, which might now have been in Washington had not its march been countermanded by the War Department, and she now has a regiment 1,200 strong, with her Governor at the head, far on the voyage to Washington.—*Tribune.*

A FRENCH REGIMENT.

The following call, printed in French, has been extensively circulated, and is meeting with a ready response:

To arms, citizens! The voice of the cannon speaks! The Union calls upon her children! Under authority of the Government, the undersigned will form a company under the name of the *Garde I Mavrat*, to constitute a part of a regiment of cavalry soon to be placed in the field. It appeals to the French citizens of New York, and especially to those who have fought under the glorious tri-color. There shall be no place for you, men of the Revolution, all who love your adopted country as well as that of your birth, come and enroll! Come to maintain the American Union and show that French valor has not diminished by a change of climate.

P. NARCISSE LE GENDRE,
Fifth-ward Hotel, West Broadway, corner of Franklin street.

On Saturday night hundreds of volunteers applied for admission to the ranks of the Twelfth and Seventy first regiments, but were refused—both being full.

MILITARY SERVICE PREFERRED.

We are informed that Gov. N. P. Banks, who has recently located in Chicago as resident vice president of the Illinois Central Railway, has gone back to Massachusetts, and is expected to command the regiments of that State. We do not know of a man better qualified for a commander in this war. He is personally known to most of the Massachusetts volunteers, and only a year ago he was commander-in-chief of the military forces of that State.—*Chicago Post.*

THE FEELING AMONG THE WEST POINT CADETS.

The most enthusiastic meetings are being held nightly by the cadets of the Military Academy. Patriotic feeling is at fever heat, save among a very small minority from the Southern States, most of whom have tendered their resignations. The Northern cadets are patriotic to the back bone, and their eagerness to take instant part in the coming fray almost ungovernable.

The two upper classes have petitioned the Secretary of War to be placed instantly on duty. In case the petition is disregarded, numbers have indicated their intention of resigning their cadetship and joining the volunteers.

TREASON IN NEW CASTLE.

It was understood that a Secession flag was to be raised in New Castle, on Thursday last. As soon as the news got spread about in this city the people commenced making arrangements to proceed to that town and destroy it. But before they started it was understood that the flag was not to be raised, and the excitement abated.

SUPPLIES FOR TRAITORS.

It is stated that cargoes of provisions, intended to be secretly landed in Southern ports, are being shipped in vessels regularly clearing for West India ports. A close surveillance of suspicious vessels will prevent this clandestine aid being given to treason.—*New York Tribune.*

A DISTINGUISHED PRIVATE.

General Henry Wilson, United States Senator from Massachusetts, passed through our city yesterday on his way to Washington. He goes as a private in the Worcester regiment that arrived here yesterday morning, and left by steamboat last evening.—*New York Tribune of Monday.*

A FAITHFUL DOG.

There is a dog at Camp Curtin who followed his master from Pottsville, travelling after the cars. His master left last evening, placing his faithful friend in charge of a man to take him home.

A HOME GUARD.

A Home Guard, composed of citizens over the age for enlistment, has been organized at Trenton, New Jersey.

From Venezuela.

Dates from Caracas, Venezuela, are to the 26th ult. General Paez had arrived in the capital on the 15th, and was received with great rejoicings by his friends. A great many doubt his ability to cope with the difficulties which beset the country. In fact, it may be doubted whether it is in the power of any man to change opinion by coercion, or soothe feelings, wounded by real or imaginary wrongs, by violence. General Paez simply takes sides with the established Government, and opposes those who think their own opinions right, so much so that they are ready to shed their blood in maintenance of them. This party despised Paez as much or more than the opposite admire him, and therefore his presence in the country will certainly not produce that moral effect upon the factions which the friends of the Government so fully expected. As if in confirmation of this, our correspondent states that the factions are getting desperate, and an attack on the capital was feared by many. On the 23d a conspiracy was discovered among the garrison of the Castle of Puerto Cabello and the leader executed. It was only a few days before that a whole battalion of one of the Government's "crack" regiments revolted at Valencia. The capital of Barcelona has been recently attacked, and a good portion of it pillaged by Sotillo's forces. These events, and others of a similar character, have happened since the arrival of Paez. In short, the civil war has not abated in the slightest. Congress met on the 16th. The resignation of the present ministry was looked for.—*Herald.*

ILLINOIS LAND.

HOMES FOR THE INDUSTRIOUS, IN THE GARDEN STATE OF THE WEST.

THE ILLINOIS CENTRAL RAILROAD COMPANY
Have for sale
1,200,000 ACRES
OF
RICH FARMING LANDS
IN
TRACTS OF FORTY ACRES AND UPWARD,
ON
LONG CREDIT AND AT LOW PRICES.

MECHANICS, FARMERS, AND WORKING MEN

The attention of the enterprising and industrious portion of the community is directed to the following statements and liberal inducements offered them by the

ILLINOIS CENTRAL RAILROAD COMPANY.

Which, as they will perceive, will enable them, by proper energy, perseverance, and industry, to provide comfortable and permanent homes for themselves and families, with, comparatively speaking, very little capital:

LANDS OF ILLINOIS.

No State in the valley of the Mississippi offers so great an inducement to the settler as the State of Illinois. There is no portion of the world where all of the conditions of climate and soil so admirably combine to produce those two great staples, corn and wheat, as the prairies of Illinois.

RICH ROLLING PRAIRIE LANDS.

The deep rich loam of the prairies is cultivated with such wonderful facility that the farmers of the Eastern and Middle States are moving to Illinois in great numbers. Three-fourths of the area of Illinois is about equal to that of England, and the soil is so rich that it will support twenty millions of people.

EASTERN AND SOUTHERN MARKETS.

These lands are contiguous to a railroad seven hundred miles in length, which connects with other railroads and navigable lakes and rivers, thus affording an unbroken communication with the Eastern and Southern markets.

APPLICATION OF CAPITAL.

Thus far capital and labor have been applied to developing the soil; the great resources of the State in coal and iron are almost unused. The invalids who rule the roost in the medicine arts flourish best where food and fuel are cheapest, will follow at an early day in Illinois, and in the course of the next ten years the natural laws and necessities of the case warrant the belief that at least five hundred thousand people will be engaged in the State of Illinois in the various manufacturing employments.

RAILROAD SYSTEM OF ILLINOIS.

Over $100,000,000 of private capital have been expended on the railroad system of Illinois. Inasmuch as part of the income from several of these works, with a valuable public fund in lands, go to diminish the State expenses, the taxes are light, and must consequently every day decrease.

THE STATE DEBT.

The State debt is only $10,105,598 14, and within the last three years has been reduced $2,989,746 80; and we may reasonably expect that in ten years it will become extinct.

PRESENT POPULATION.

The State is rapidly filling up with population; 868,026 persons having been added since 1850, making the present population 1,719,496—a ratio of 102 per cent. in ten years.

AGRICULTURAL PRODUCTS.

The agricultural products of Illinois are greater than those of any other State. The products sent out during the past year exceeded 1,500,000 tons. The wheat crop of 1860 approaches 35,000,000 bushels, while the corn crop yields not less than 160,000,000 bushels.

FERTILITY OF SOIL.

Nowhere can the industrious farmer secure such immediate results for his labor as upon these prairie soils, they being composed of a deep, rich loam, the fertility of which is unsurpassed by any on the globe.

TO ACTUAL CULTIVATORS.

Since 1854 the Company have sold 1,300,000 acres. They sell only to actual cultivators, and every contract contains an agreement to cultivate. The road has been constructed through these lands at an expense of $30,000,000. In 1850, the population of the forty-nine counties through which it passes was only 335,595, since which 479,923 have been added, making the whole population 814,591—a gain of 143 per cent.

EVIDENCES OF PROSPERITY.

As an evidence of the thrift of the people, it may be stated that 600,000 tons of freight, including 5,600,000 bushels of grain and 250,000 barrels of flour, were forwarded over the line last year.

EDUCATION.

Mechanics and workingmen will find the free-school system encouraged by the State, and endowed with a large revenue for the support of schools. Their children can live in sight of the church and school house, and grow up with the prosperity of the leading State in the Great Western Empire.

PRICES AND TERMS OF PAYMENT.

The prices of these lands vary from $6 to $25 per acre, according to location, quality, &c. First-class farming lands sell for about $10 or $12 per acre; and the relative expense of subduing prairie land, as compared with wood land, is in the ratio of one to ten in favor of the former. The terms of sale for the bulk of these lands will be

ONE YEAR'S INTEREST IN ADVANCE.

at six per cent. per annum, and six interest notes at six per cent. payable respectively in one, two, three, four, five, and six years from date of sale; and four notes for principal, payable in four, five, six, and seven years from date of sale; the purchaser has the option of paying that one-tenth of the tract purchased shall be fenced and cultivated, each and every year for five years from the date of sale, so that at the end of five years one-half shall be fenced and cultivated, and

TWENTY PER CENT. WILL BE DEDUCTED

from the valuation for each, except the same should be at six dollars per acre, when the cash price will be five dollars.

Pamphlets descriptive of the lands, soil, climate, productions, prices, and terms of payment, can be had on application to J. W. FOSTER,
Land Commissioner, Illinois Central Railroad,

For the names of the towns, villages, and cities situated upon the Illinois Central Railroad, see pages 128, 129, and 190 Appleton's Railway Guide. fel-tuth&sem

BUSINESS CARDS.

BUSINESS MEN ARE ADVERTISING IN the Best Newspapers of City and Country at the Offices of
JOY, COE, & Co.,
ADVERTISING AGENTS.
FIFTH and CHESTNUT STREETS, Philadelphia.
TRIBUNE BUILDING, New York. ap17 tf

ALFRED D. BRICK'S
UNITED STATES
AND
EUROPEAN
PATENT OFFICE,
No. 144 SOUTH FOURTH STREET,
PHILADELPHIA.
Patent Laws of U. S. (new) and Europe can be obtained gratis. ap11-tjy1

B. F. GLENN, ACCOUNTANT AND Real Estate Agent, No. 218 WALNUT Street, (second floor, Room No. 1,) and Southwest corner of Seventeenth and Green.
Accounts adjusted, Books written up, Estates settled, mortgages procured, money invested, Real Estate bought, sold, and rented. mh26-1m

JAMES M. SCOVEL,
ATTORNEY AT LAW,
No. 113 PLUM STREET, above Front.
mh21-1m. CAMDEN, N. J.

H. C. ULLMAN, ATTORNEY-AT-LAW, SHORE, New Jersey.
Collections promptly made in Clinton and Lycoming counties.
REFERS TO
Messrs. Walter & Kuhl, Philadelphia; J. H. Humes, Esq., Jersey Shore; Messrs. Sarcoff & Co., Philadelphia; Shaffner, Ziegler, & Co., Philada.; Frighmuth & Co., Philadel.; A. Mosser, Lock Haven; Yard, Gilmore, & Co., Philada.; Thatcher & Woddrop, Philada.; Reynolds, Howell & Reif, Philada. feb25-3m

GEORGE J. HENKELS, UPHOLSTERY and CABINET WAREHOUSE, No. 528 WALNUT Street, opposite Independence Square, formerly of No. 175 Chestnut Street, Philadelphia. ja26-3m

JOHN ELLIOTT, WINES and LIQUORS, No. 317 and 319 WALNUT Street, (basement stores, between Third and Fourth, north side,) Philadelphia. N. B.—Fine Old Whiskies always on hand. (Established in 1848.) ja30-1y

PAWSON & NICHOLSON,
BOOKBINDERS,
Nos. 519 and 521 MINOR Street,
Between Market and Chestnut streets,
PHILADELPHIA.
JAMES PAWSON. JAS. B. NICHOLSON. jy22-1y

S. FUGUET & SONS,
IMPORTERS OF HAVANA CIGARS,
No. 216 South FRONT Street.
Receive regularly a full assortment of desirable Cigars, which they offer at low rates, for cash or approved credit. fe16-1y

MURPHY-WHIPPLE IRON BRIDGE.
STONE, QUIGLEY, & BURTON,
No. 333 WALNUT STREET,
PHILADELPHIA.
Beg leave to inform Railroad Committees, and others interested in bridge construction, that they have formed a connection in business with JOHN W. MURPHY, Civil Engineer, (author and inventor of the now well known plan of iron bridge,) and are prepared to execute orders, from any part of the country, from his designs and personal superintendence.
All letters relating to plans and estimates should be addressed to JOHN W. MURPHY, Civil Engineer,
ne12-6m For STONE, QUIGLEY, & BURTON

TO BUSINESS MEN.—An excellent chance for reliable business men to secure a profitable manufacturing business, requiring but a small capital in its establishment and prosecution.
The manufacture consists in the application of a peculiar composition or enamel to common red bricks, and a variety of other building material, ornamental architectural finishings, ceilings, tiles for floors and for roofing.
This enamel may be tinted of any color, from the purest white to the deepest black, with all the colors and shades between. It imparts to the articles to which it is applied a hardness and durability almost incredible, and a beauty surpassing that of the rarest and most costly of the variegated marbles, and, unlike them, is impervious to moisture, and will never fade, stain, or deteriorate, costing but a fractional part of the price of ordinary marbles.
It is also valuable for table and stand tops, mantelpieces, monuments, and an endless variety of other artic es of staple use. The process of applying the enamel is simple, while the articles enameled will command a ready sale, affording large profits. Responsible parties may procure licenses for manufacturing under the patent for any city or prominent town in the United States, by applying to the subscriber. A small tariff on the articles manufactured will be required for the use of the invention. Circulars giving full particulars will be forwarded to all applicants.
The superior merit and beauty of this enameled building material to anything in use has the unqualified endorsement of many of the most eminent architects and scientific men of this and other cities.
For particulars, address
JOHNSON & PRALL,
General Agents for Enameled Building Material,
ap2-6m 82 NASSAU Street, New York.

HAVANA CIGARS.—A fresh importation of the two new brands of "BLACK SEA" and "PUNCHINELLO," just received per steamer *Quaker City* and schooner *Restless*, under the old tariff prices, and for sale by
CHARLES TEFT,
159 WALNUT.

MEDICINAL.

CEPHALIC PILLS

CURE

SICK HEADACHE,

CURE

NERVOUS HEADACHE,

CURE ALL KINDS OF

HEADACHE!

By the use of these Pills the periodical attacks of *Nervous or Sick Headache* may be prevented; and if taken at the commencement of an attack immediate relief from pain and sickness will be obtained.
They seldom fail in removing the *Nausea and Headache* to which females are so subject.
They act gently on the bowels, removing *Costiveness.*
For *Literary Men, Students,* Delicate Females, and all persons of *sedentary habits*, they are valuable as a *Laxative*, improving the *appetite*, giving *tone* and *vigor* to the digestive organs, and restoring the natural elasticity and strength of the whole system.
The CEPHALIC PILLS are the result of long investigation and carefully conducted experiments, having been in use many years, during which time they have prevented and relieved a vast amount of pain and suffering from Headache, whether originating in the *nervous* system or from a deranged state of the *stomach.*
They are entirely vegetable in their composition, and may be taken at all times with perfect safety without making any change of diet, and the absence of any disagreeable taste renders it easy to administer them to children.

BEWARE OF COUNTERFEITS!

The genuine have five signatures of Henry C. Spalding on each box.
Sold by Druggists and all other Dealers in Medicines.
A Box will be sent by mail prepaid on receipt of the price, 25 CENTS.
All orders should be addressed
HENRY C. SPALDING,
48 CEDAR STREET, NEW YORK.

THE FOLLOWING ENDORSEMENTS OF
SPALDING'S
CEPHALIC PILLS,
WILL CONVINCE ALL WHO SUFFER FROM
HEADACHE,
WHAT A
SPEEDY AND SURE CURE IS WITHIN THEIR REACH.

OFFICIAL.

CLOTHING AND CLOTHING MATERIALS.
NAVY DEPARTMENT,
BUREAU OF PROVISIONS AND CLOTHING,
Washington, April 4, 1861.
SEPARATE PROPOSALS, sealed and endorsed "Proposals for Clothing and Clothing Materials," will be received at this office until 9 o'clock A. M., on the 9th day of May next, for furnishing and delivering, free of cost, at the following-named places, or at either of the navy yards at Charlestown, Wassaw sound, Brooklyn, New York, and Gosport, Virginia, the quantities below mentioned of any or all of the following classes of articles of navy clothing and clothing materials for the use of the navy, which may be ordered by the chief of this bureau, or by the commandants of navy yards, respectively, during the fiscal year commencing on the 1st day of July next, and ending on the 30th day of June, 1862,
CLASS 1.—*Cloth Clothing.*
Blue cloth frocks.....pairs, 8,000
Blue satinet trowsers.....pairs, 8,000
CLASS 2.—*Seamless Clothing.*
Blue felt pea jackets.....pairs, 1,000
Blue felt caps.....pairs, 4,000
CLASS 3.—*Flannel Clothing.*
Blue flannel overshirts.....pairs, 8,000
Blue flannel undershirts.....pairs, 8,000
Blue flannel drawers.....pairs, 8,000
CLASS 4.—*Linen Clothing.*
Canvas duck trowsers.....pairs, 3,000
Canvas duck frocks.....pairs, 2,000
CLASS 5.—*Blue Satinet.*
Blue satinets.....yards, 10,000
CLASS 6.—*Blue Flannel.*
Blue flannel.....yards, 80,000
CLASS 7.—*Sheeting, Duck, and Nankeen.*
Barnsley sheeting.....yards, 10,000
Russia duck.....yards, 10,000
Blue nankin.....yards, 10,000
CLASS 8.—*Shoes.*
Calf skin laced shoes.....pairs, 4,000
Kip skin shoes.....do 4,000
CLASS 9.—*Socks.*
Woollen socks.....pairs, 8,000
CLASS 10.—*Mattresses.*
Mattresses, (with 2 covers for each).....2,000
CLASS 11.—*Blankets.*
Blankets.....3,000
CLASS 12.—*Handkerchiefs.*
Black silk handkerchiefs.....8,000
Offers may be made for one or more classes, at the option of the bidder; but all the articles embraced in a class must be bid for.
Each class will be considered by itself, and the contract for each class will be awarded to the bidder whose proposals for the articles comprised in the class are lowest in the aggregate.
The woollen cloth shall be of felt cloth, died pure indigo blue, made of good wool only, and shall conform in the size, color, quality of wool, and in all other respects to the samples deposited at the navy yards.
The cloth for blue cloth trowsers shall be twilled, all wool, and pure indigo blue, wool-died. It shall have a list on each edge, composed of 61 threads to the inch, of not less than 8 ounces per yard, will be rejected; and each bale of about 300 yards must average 18 ounces per yard.
The satinet must be 27 inches wide inside of list, with a heading to consist of not less than 8 ounces of warp to threads to the inch of the piece; must weigh not less than 22 ounces per yard, to contain in each piece about 30 per cent. the weight must be cotton pure indigo blue, yarn-dyed; and the filling wool, pure indigo blue, wool-dyed. Each bale of 450 yards shall average nine and a half ounces to the yard, and no piece shall be under 9¼ ounces to the yard. The satinet trowsers must be made of material like the above. The woollen cloth and satinet of which garments are made shall be well napped and sheared up.
The flannel must be all wool, wool-dyed pure indigo blue, and twilled; must be in pieces of about 52 yards in length, and not less than 14 ounces per yard, with a list on each edge of four white woollen threads woven in the above length of pieces. To be packed in bales of ten pieces, the pieces to be rolled separately without cloth boards; each bale to contain 80 yards and 1664 pounds (average 20 pounds to a piece) or a less average weight than 4 8-10 ounces per yard.
The sheeting, canvas, duck, and drawers must be made of flannel like the above.
The Barnsley sheeting must be free from cotton, 80 threads to the inch, twelve ounces 31-100 per yard; texture, 4 by 4 to 1-10 inch.
The canvas duck must be free from cotton, 27 inches in width, and about 56 yards in the piece, double-thread warp and filling, eight ounces 3-100 per yard; texture, 9 by 10 to ¾ inch.
The shoes must be plainly stamped with the contractor's name, the year of the shoe, and year when made. The sizes to be in the following proportions for each 100 pairs: Nos. 1 and 2 of No. 1, one pair; Nos. 3, 4, and 5 of No. 2, 25 of No. 7, 25 of No. 8, 16 of No. 9, 7 of No. 10, and 2 of No. 11. They must be made in the form of the sample at the navy yards, and be delivered in good, strong boxes, the tops of which to be securely fastened with screws, and the boxes to contain pairs, in these proportions, viz: 8 pairs of No. 2, with 17 of No. 8, 13 of No. 9, 7 of No. 10, and 2 of No. 11. The calf-skin and kip-skin shoes to be packed in separate boxes.
The woollen socks must be woven or knit, indigo mixed, all wool, shall be well scoured, and in color and quality fully equal to samples.
The mattresses must weigh ten pounds, including ticking, which is to be cut 6 feet in length, and 31 inches wide. The covers must measure 7 inches in length, and 29 inches in width. The hair, ticking, and covers must conform to samples.
The sankin must be equal to the best blue American sankin, 29 inches wide, twenty-two threads to the inch, to be 100 to the inch, dyed with *pure Bengal indigo.*
The blankets must weigh six pounds per pair, and measure 66 by 78 inches each. Nine of every pair must weigh 360 pounds, and no pair shall weigh less than 350 pounds. The blankets to be made of clean wool, and each blanket must be marked "U. S. Navy," as in the sample.
The duck silk handkerchiefs must be 31½ by 31½ inches, and weigh one ounce and 12 grains Troy; texture, 14 by 25 to one-eighth inch.
Bidders for the above will specify whether the articles they propose to furnish are of their own manufacture, production, and manufacture of the United States, as a preference will be given to such.
A sample of the articles to be for each 100 pieces of made-up clothing will be found with the samples at the navy yards, and all the articles must be made up with the necessary buttons, rings, &c., are to be fully equal in the quality, texture, color, weight, and finish of material and workmanship to the samples deposited to said samples.
The number or quantity which will be required of each of the foregoing articles cannot be precisely stated. It will not be less, however, than the quantity specified in the foregoing list. The contracts will, therefore, be made for the quantity of each article so specified, and for such further quantity as the bureau may require. *The price must be uniform at all the stations.*
Samples of the materials *may be obtained on application to the navy agents at Portsmouth, New Hampshire; Boston, New York, Philadelphia, Baltimore, Norfolk, and at this bureau.*
The attention of bidders is called to the samples and description of articles required, as, in the inspection before reception, a just but rigid comparison will be made between the articles offered and the samples and contract, receiving none that fall below them; and the attention is also particularly directed to the joint resolution of 3th March, 1854, in addition to the act of 10th August, 1846.
ap9-tu 4t

MASONVILLE, Conn., Feb. 5, 1861.
MR. SPALDING,
SIR:
I have tried your Cephalic Pills, and *I like them so well* that I shall want two dollars worth to send me to Virginia. Part of these are for the neighbors, to whom I gave a few of the first box I got from you.
Send the Pills by mail, and oblige
Your ob't Servant,
JAMES KENNEDY.

HAVERFORD, Pa., Feb. 6, 1861.
MR. SPALDING,
SIR:
I wish you to send me one more box of your Cephalic Pills. *I have received a great deal of benefit from them.*
Yours respectfully,
MARY ANN STOKHOUSE.

BELLE VERNON, Ohio, Jan. 13, 1861.
H. C. SPALDING, Esq.
Please send enclosed twenty-five cents, for which send me another box of your Cephalic Pills. *They are truly the best Pills I have ever tried.*
Direct
A. STOVER, P. M.,
Belle Vernon, Wyandot co., O.

BEVERLY, Mass., Dec. 11, 1860.
H. C. SPALDING, Esq.
I wish for some circulars or large show bills, to bring your Cephalic Pills more particularly before my customers. I for one, can testify to their efficacy in my case.
One of my customers, who is subject to severe Sick Headache, (usually lasting two days,) *was cured of an attack in one hour by your Pills*, which I sent her.
Respectfully yours,
W. B. WILKES.

SPRUCE CREEK, HUNTINGDON COUNTY, Pa., January 15, 1861.
H. C. SPALDING,
SIR:
You will please send me two boxes of your Cephalic Pills. Send them immediately.
Respectfully yours,
JNO. B. SIMONS.
P. S.—I have received one box of your Pills, and find them excellent.

REYNOLDSBURG, FRANKLIN CO., Ohio, January 9, 1861.
HENRY C. SPALDING,
No. 48 Cedar st., N. Y.
DEAR SIR:
Inclosed find twenty-five cents, (25,) for which send box of "Cephalic Pills." Send to address of Rev. Wm. C. Pyle, Reynoldsburg, Franklin Co., Ohio.
Your Pills work like a charm—cure Headache almost instanter.
Truly yours,
WM. C. FILLER.

YPSILANTI, MICH., Jan. 14, 1861.
H. C. SPALDING,
SIR:
Not long since I sent to you for a box of Cephalic Pills for the cure of the Nervous Headache and Costiveness, and received the same, and *they had so good an effect that I want two more sent to send.*
Please send by return mail. Direct to
A. R. WHEELER,
Ypsilanti, Mich.

From the Examiner, Norfolk, Va.
Cephalic Pills accomplish the object for which they were made, viz.: Cure of headache in all its forms.

From the Examiner, Norfolk, Va.
They have been tested in more than a thousand cases, with entire success.

From the Democrat, St. Cloud, Minn.
If you are, or have been troubled with the headache, send for a box, (Cephalic Pills,) so that you may have them in case of an attack.

From the Advertiser, Providence, R. I.
The Cephalic Pills are said to be a remarkably effective remedy for the headache, and one of the very best for that very frequent complaint, which has ever been discovered.

From the Western R. R. Gazette, Chicago, Ill.
We heartily endorse Mr. Spalding, and his unrivalled Cephalic Pills.

From the Kanawha Valley Star, Kanawha, Va.
We are sure that persons suffering with the headache, who try them, will stick to them.

From the Southern Path Finder, New Orleans, La.
Try them! you that are afflicted, and we are sure that your testimony can be added to the already numerous list that has received benefits that no other medicine can produce.

From the St. Louis Democrat.
The immense demand for the article (Cephalic Pills) is rapidly increasing.

From the Gazette, Davenport, Iowa.
Mr. Spalding would not connect his name with an article he did not *know* to possess real merit.

From the Advertiser, Providence, R. I.
The testimony in their favor is strong, from the most respectable quarters.

From the Daily News, Newport, R. I.
Cephalic Pills are taking the place of all kinds.

From the Commercial Bulletin, Boston, Mass.
Said to be very efficacious for the headache.

From the Commercial, Cincinnati, Ohio.
Suffering humanity can now be relieved.

☞ A Single bottle of SPALDING'S PREPARED GLUE will save ten times their cost annually. ☜

SPALDING'S PREPARED GLUE!

SPALDING'S PREPARED GLUE!

SPALDING'S PREPARED GLUE!

SAVE THE PIECES!

ECONOMY! DISPATCH!

☞ "A STITCH IN TIME SAVES NINE." ☜
As accidents will happen, even in well-regulated families, it is very desirable to have some cheap and convenient way for repairing Furniture, Toys, Crockery, &c.

SPALDING'S PREPARED GLUE
meets all such emergencies, and no household can afford to do without it. It is always ready, and up to the sticking point.

"USEFUL IN EVERY HOUSE."
N. B.—A Brush accompanies each bottle. Price, 25 cents. Address,
HENRY C. SPALDING,
NO. 48 CEDAR STREET, NEW YORK.

CAUTION.
As certain unprincipled persons are attempting to gain off on the unsuspecting public, imitations of MY PREPARED GLUE, I would caution all persons to examine before purchasing, and see that the full name,

☞ SPALDING'S PREPARED GLUE, ☜
is on the outside wrapper; all others are swindling counterfeits. fe13-tf

FOR SALE AND TO LET.

STORE to rent.—The desirable business location, 132 CHESTNUT Street, with dwelling attached. Apply at 431 CHESTNUT Street. ap11

GERMANTOWN PROPERTY TO RENT—Very large, and commodious modern-built House, corner of ARBAT Street and WILLOW Avenue, with gas, bath, hot and cold water, and all the modern improvements. Apply to BENJY S. TARR, 710 GREEN Street, Philadelphia, or on the premises. ap6-tf

FOR SALE OR RENT—A desirable COUNTRY RESIDENCE, near Attleboro, Bucks county, half an hour's drive from Schenck's Station, on the Philadelphia and Trenton Railroad. Two lines of stages pass the property daily. Double stone mansion, modern style; large lawn, well shaded; garden, and a variety of fruit; large barn, carriage house, and other outbuildings, with from five to one hundred acres, as desired. SIMON GILLAM.
Apply to HARVEY GILLAM, No. 629 CHESTNUT Street. ap15-6t*

TO RENT — TWO COUNTRY HOUSES, one mile from Tacony. Inquire No. 717 WALNUT Street. mh26-3m*

TO RENT—THE LARGE AND CONVENIENT Coal Wharf and Lumber Yard, at Maylandville, Twenty-fourth ward. Apply to E. G. & F. B. MARLEN, on the premises.

TO LET. FOR A TERM OF YEARS, the United States Hotel, in Buffalo on the Terrace, containing one hundred rooms, and thoroughly repaired, painted, and papered throughout, and supplied with water, gas, and all necessary conveniences of a first-rate hotel. Apply to WM. M. MANN, 37 New Street, New York; Boston, 39 Cornhill; or MANN & RODMAN, 39 WALL Street, New York. ap16-6t

GERMANTOWN PROPERTY.
EXECUTOR'S POSITIVE SALE.
Will be sold at public auction, on THURSDAY EVENING, the 25th of APRIL, inst., upon the premises, the following Valuable Real Estate:
No. 1. a Lot of Land, with the improvements thereon, situated on the westerly side of Germantown avenue, opposite Gorgas street, bounded by Rittenhouse avenue, and all persons of *sedentary habits*, they are valuable as a *Laxative*, improving the *appetite*, giving *tone* and *vigor* to the digestive organs, and restoring the natural elasticity and strength of the whole system.
The CEPHALIC PILLS are the result of long investigation and carefully conducted experiments, having been in use many years, during which time they have prevented and relieved a vast amount of pain and suffering from Headache, whether originating in the *nervous* system or from a deranged state of the *stomach.*
They are entirely vegetable in their composition, and may be taken at all times with perfect safety without making any change of diet, and the absence of any disagreeable taste renders it easy to administer them to children.

BEWARE OF COUNTERFEITS!

The genuine have five signatures of Henry C. Spalding on each box.
Sold by Druggists and all other Dealers in Medicines.
A Box will be sent by mail prepaid on receipt of the price, 25 CENTS.
All orders should be addressed
HENRY C. SPALDING,
48 CEDAR STREET, NEW YORK.

THE FOLLOWING ENDORSEMENTS OF
SPALDING'S
CEPHALIC PILLS,
WILL CONVINCE ALL WHO SUFFER FROM
HEADACHE,
WHAT A
SPEEDY AND SURE CURE IS WITHIN THEIR REACH.

OFFICIAL.

CLOTHING AND CLOTHING MATERIALS.
NAVY DEPARTMENT,
BUREAU OF PROVISIONS AND CLOTHING,
Washington, April 4, 1861.
SEPARATE PROPOSALS, sealed and endorsed "Proposals for Clothing and Clothing Materials," will be received at this office until 9 o'clock A. M., on the 9th day of May next, for furnishing and delivering, free of cost, at the following-named places, or at either of the navy yards at Charlestown, Wassaw sound, Brooklyn, New York, and Gosport, Virginia, the quantities below mentioned of any or all of the following classes of articles of navy clothing and clothing materials for the use of the navy