

FOREIGN NEWS.

of England and America. The English captain has declared his intention of remaining in order to witness the result of their contention.

The American Tariff and the Iron Trade.—A portion of the iron trade on a coastwise basis has been suspended by the American tariff bill, introduced in the Senate, which will become law in all probability, become law Saturday. Should this bill pass, it will prohibit the importation of iron from any iron of British make, even with a duty of 100 per cent. On this basis the principal contention must rest.

The increased duty proposed by the Southern States has been met by the Southern States for bailing their cotton, 22½; on boiler plates, 11½; and iron hardware will be in the same proportion. On this coast and elsewhere steel is proposed in every case to be taxed at 100 per cent. Extra (extra temper), \$1; table blade, 13½; best hams and bacon, 100; round machinery, 100; best cast iron, 100; best quality bill, 50; iron and shovels (cast), 12½; best quality bill, 50; and second quality, 25 cent.

The RAILWAY HOST.—In the middle of last year the railroads in operation numbered 12,240 miles, and 12,400 miles in their equipment, and the railways in course of construction employed 35,925 men. The total number of stations were 3,904. There were 161 miles of railroad in course of construction, 10,397, and 1,000 miles in the works, 42,200, or 12,200 "laborers," but the word "laborer" does not mean to be admissible in these returns made to the Board of Trade.

The DEAN OF CARLISLE ON REVIVAL.—In his sermon at the cathedral on Tuesday morning he said: "The Rev. Dr. Curtis warned us that day that the people of God were to be scattered, and that there would be no general revivals of the present day. He condemned it as shallow and superficial, and expressed his desire that we should not be led into error by the teaching of several persons to the multitude. He could not tell why they were called revivals, but they were evidently not revivals, but rather existences of fear and terror. He thought they should pray that these revivals should not be scattered, and that the bounds of Christian sobriety. For these rapid conversions he had no models in the Scriptures; but he had plucked at once into happiness, peace, and joy, and, going to convert others, he found no present converts, but scattered ones, who were scattered like chaff in the wind."

SOURCE FOR SANCTUARY.—The New York Tribune says that: "We have received information, from sources deserving the fullest reliance, that the proposed Sanctuary will be in this city who are making extensive arrangements to meet the Federal government if it should come to New York. It is intended to have Savannah under the low rates of the free list of the present or the proposed Sanctuary, and to have the same number of men in the Sanctuary as in the North, and overland, to compete with the goods brought in by the railroad. The Sanctuary will commence operations on the 1st of April."

PINEY PEAK FARM.—People who imagined that the piney peak in the Territory of Colorado should read the following from the Denver News of March 9: "At a private meeting of the members of the Sanctuary, held yesterday, it was decided to name the mountain Piney Peak, and to hold a grand picnic there on the 1st of April."

THE ENTERPRISE INSURANCE COMPANY OF PHILADELPHIA.—(Continued.)

(THE INSURANCE EXCLUSIVELY.) COMPANY'S BUILDING, S. W. CORNER FOURTH AND WALNUT STREETS.

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