Fort Sumpter and the South Carolina Rebels.

[For The Press.]

In looking over your paper of this morning, I am very much struck with the letter of your Charleston correspondent of January 18, in reference to the preparations now in progress among the rebels of South Carolina to attack, and, if they can succeed, capture Fort Sumpter. That fortress may be destined to be the great pivot upon which this Southern rebellion is destined to turn. What your correspondent says seems to be very probable—nothing is more so. The constant sight of the flag of the United States, flung to the breeze with the morning gun of a national fort, and its floating quietly and proudly in sunshine and cloud, in defiance of the efforts, hitherto, of the misguided and bad men who are uppermost in the Palmetto State, must be, and no doubt is, gall and wormwood to them. It reads them a daily lesson. It is the writing on the wall. It tells them of the fate before all their mad and treasonable aims at a Southern Confederacy over the grave of this Union.

Another suggestion connects itself with this subject. Hate is a potent principle of human nature. Your correspondent suggests—and it is a pointed suggestion—that the South Carolinians, apart from their determination to defy the Government, are determined to disappoint Mr. Buchanan in his wise and patriotic desire to avoid bloodshed. They hate the President bitterly, as they believe that he has placed himself between themselves and the preservation of the Union. Their hate is the more rancorous because they had hoped to retain the machinery of the Government through the conspirators who sat in the Cabinet. And it has an additional venom against the President, because they have injured him. "We hate those whom we have injured" is a maxim. The President, having found out their schemes and treason, and dismissed from his presence and from power all who, under guise of friendship to him, were aiding and abetting in war against the Government, now has the cordial hate of all engaged in the Carolina rebellion. Hence they will most assuredly disappoint the President, *if they can*. It is to know human nature, to expect such a result. If it happen, where do we stand in regard to the defence of Sumpter? Anderson will no doubt suffer death before he will surrender. A floating cotton battery of sixty feet high, or batteries, surrounding Sumpter simultaneously, with an insane mob of assailants, reckless of life, and with a handful of men to defend it, might show startling results. The bravest may be overpowered by numbers, acting under frenzy and military orders. Can it be true that there are only men enough in that fort to work *eight* guns? Can it sustain an assault on all sides with eight guns and its small force? The War Department can best answer this, and will, no doubt, under its present bold and patriotic Secretary, answer it wisely and practically. But if the Government of the United States abstain from sending reinforcements, is not the rebel State to cease her military preparations? Is not the arrangement for peace to be reciprocal? The "*coercion*" has thus far been all on one side. The Government has been, to an extreme point, forbearing and tolerant, even of insults. Perhaps it was wise, as the quarrel is a bone feet high, with guns and men, are to share one. But if these floating cotton batteries, sixty progress, then let the Government at once give notice that reinforcements will be sent to the noble Anderson.

Let an official communication to this effect be made to Gov. Pickens. It will be wisdom to do so. The course of firmness is always that of safety and wisdom. Virginia has intimated her opinion that the military *status* of the National and State Governments should remain unchanged, until final peaceful negotiations are exhausted. Does this mean that Carolina is to *complete* extensive aggressive preparations, and the National Government do nothing? If so, and Anderson be sacrificed, the Union men of this whole nation will rise in mass, and civil war will rage. This is a great era in our history. The *internal strength* of this Union had never yet been tested. It is now on trial. It will be proved to be one of the strongest Governments known in history. Its springs of Damascus steel are hidden from a first view, but they are in the great and glorious machine, and will keep it in place, and in all its beautiful proportions. But the executive must do its *full* part, always, and in all things, wisely, firmly.

JAN. 23, 1860. JACKSON.

THE CITY

AMUSEMENTS THIS EVENING.

WALNUT-STREET THEATRE, Walnut and Ninth sts.—"Our American Cousin at Home"—"The Stranger"—"The Honey Moon."

WEBNALLY & CLARKE'S ARCH-STREET THEATRE, Arch street, above Sixth.—"The Stranger"—"The Honey Moon."

UNITED STATES BUILDINGS, Chestnut street, below Fifth.—Van Amburgh & Co.'s Menagerie.

SANFORD'S OPERA HOUSE, Eleventh street, above Chestnut.—Concert nightly.

Proceedings of City Councils.

Yesterday afternoon the regular stated meeting of both branches of Councils was held.

SELECT BRANCH,

THEODORE CUYLER, president, in the chair.

The following petitions and communications were received and referred: One from the Committee on Market, asking for the confirmation of William Eager, as clerk; from Charles A Poulson, presenting a framed certificate, containing a vote of thanks addressed to certain citizens for their conduct during the *yellow fever*, in 1793. It was asked that the certificate be placed in Independence Hall; from the Fame Hose Company, asking to be located as a steam hose company.

The report of the City Controller was received.

An ordinance appropriating a certain lot of ground on Crown street, near Race, for the erection of a school house, was passed finally.

Also, an ordinance authorizing the purchase of a lot of ground on Master street, in the Twentieth ward, for school purposes; the price not to exceed $346 50.

Also, one for the purchase of a lot on Howard street, in the Sixteenth ward, for the same purposes.

A communication was received from the Mayor stating that in his opinion there were now more steam fire-engines than were needed. Not sufficient attention is paid to locating them. The communication was referred to a special committee on the locating of steam fire-engines.

A resolution to request the Common Chamber to return to this Chamber the ordinance making an appropriation to the Girard Estate, was agreed to.

The following preamble and resolutions were presented to the Chamber by the Board:

Whereas, The kind civilities that were extended to the Board of Trade of Philadelphia, on the occasion of their visit to the City of the West, in October last, has been followed by an invitation from the merchants of Philadelphia, composing the Board of Trade and the Corn Exchange, to the Board of Trade and merchants of Chicago and Milwaukee; *And whereas*, The response to that invitation is now realized by the presence in the city of the large delegation from each of these cities; Therefore,

Resolved, By the Select and Common Councils of the City of Philadelphia, That we heartily appreciate these mutual civilities as tending to strengthen the bonds of union in business and in social intercourse, and to bring the cities of the great Northwest into a more intimate commercial acquaintance with the citizens of Philadelphia, and with its business and manufacturing interests; we most cordially welcome these visitors to our city, and feel assured that, being the guests of our merchants, they will receive that attention which is due to the importance of the visit.

Resolved, That Councils recommend to the heads of the various departments of the city government to extend to our distinguished visitors every possible facility to visit and examine the public institutions under their charge.

The preamble and resolutions were agreed to.

A resolution was offered by Mr. DRAYTON protesting against the passage of any legislative act to erect the proposed county buildings for Philadelphia.

Mr. BENTON moved to amend by empowering the Mayor to send a competent person to take the resolutions to Harrisburg and impress upon the Legislature the necessity of forbearance.

Mr. MCINTYRE moved to amend the amendment by inserting "City Solicitor," instead of the Mayor.

Mr. GINNODO now offered an amendment to the original resolution protesting against the erection of said buildings on Independence Square.

Mr. FOX moved to strike out all after the word "resolved," and insert a remonstrance of the Select and Common Councils against the Legislature increasing the debt of the city, on the ground that the present buildings could be made to answer all the purposes with a small expenditure of money.

Mr. BRADFORD moved to refer this matter to a committee of three, as the facts stated therein were not correct. The memorial was a written speech of the views of the member who offered it, and not the feelings of the Chamber.

A long debate followed, and Mr. Fox finally withdrew his amendment. The other amendments were also withdrawn, and the resolutions of first read were passed finally.

Mr. SMITH again offered the resolution requesting the City Solicitor to convey the same to Harrisburg, which was also agreed to.

The Chamber then went into a committee of the whole, for the purpose of considering the appropriation bills.

The ordinance making an appropriation of $11,125 to the Department of the City Treasurer was then called up, Mr. Megary in the chair. The ordinance was passed finally, without amendment.

Mr. DAVIS moved to reconsider the vote upon the final passage of a bill making an appropriation to the Girard Estate, which was agreed to.

Mr. DAVIS further moved to amend by adding the sum of $5,000 to the item "lands out of the county."

The ordinance making an appropriation of $9,625 to the Department of Markets also passed finally without amendments.

Also the ordinance appropriating $10,400 to the trustees of the City Ice boat.

The bill appropriating $23,450 to the Department of Surveys, was discussed at length, and passed finally.

The bill making an appropriation of $110 650 to the Department of City Property, was next taken up.

Some debate was caused by the amendment to this bill passed in the other Chamber, "that the amounts appropriated for the improvement of Morris Square, Sedgely Park, and Fairmount Park, be taken out of a loan to be hereafter created." A long discussion ensued, when the Chamber refused to strike out the proviso.

The Chamber also refused to strike out the provision that the amount ($20,000,) necessary to pay the mortgage on Sedgely Park, should be subject to a future loan.

The item appropriating $5 000 for improving the parade ground was increased to $14,000, which includes all expenses attending the filling up of the same.

The ordinance then passed finally, after having been before the Chamber for over three hours.

The Chamber now adjourned at five minutes after nine o'clock.

COMMON COUNCIL.

A number of petitions and communications were presented and appropriately referred.

Mr. FAUL submitted a resolution protesting against the bill, now before the State Legislature, creating the office of cattle inspector. Mr. Paul condemned the bill as highly obnoxious in its main features. Cattle were purchased on the lay, as it is called, and after travelling many miles they droop in appearance, yet it was scarcely possible that a man could tell whether they were diseased or not If all the cattle coming to this market were to be weighed and inspected, a hundred thousand dollars would be required to pay the bill. Mr Paul said he had been informed that the friends of the bill were at Harrisburg advocating its passage. If it became a law, it would be an outrage on the consumers of this city.

After some little debate, the resolution was unanimously adopted

Mr. HACKER presented a resolution welcoming the delegations from the Chicago and Milwaukee Boards of Trade to this city, and requesting the heads of departments to extend every facility to the visitors during their stay in Philadelphia. Agreed to.

Mr. POTTER offered a resolution directing the Department of Highways to advertise for proposals for a supply of gutter and tramway stone. Also, for the cleansing of streets and markets, and removal of coal ashes, with the necessary security to protect from fraud. The proposals are to be advertised for six weeks.

The Chamber then proceeded to the consideration of the ordinance making an appropriation to the Department of City Commissioners for the year 1861. Several items which had been reduced at the previous meeting were restored to the original amount asked for. The ordinance, as amended, appropriates $184,420.57.

The rules were suspended, in order to give Mr. Freeman, chairman of the Committee on Poor, an opportunity to present an ordinance removing the restrictions which prevent the Guardians of the Poor from furnishing relief to the out door poor. The report accompanying states the number of out door poor is much greater than was anticipated by the Guardians when the general estimate for relief was presented to Councils, and the number was still further increased during the present winter. The ordinance was agreed to.

A report from the Controllers' department was presented, stating that there was a difference of $21,000 and upwards in the accounts of Messrs. Coleman and Armbruster, which will require some legislation to adjudicate Referred.

A motion to consider the ordinance making an appropriation to the Fire Department was not agreed to.

The Chamber then resolved itself into a Committee of the Whole to consider the ordinance making an appropriation to pay the clerks of Council for the year 1861, and to pay deficiencies for the year 1860—Mr. Hazel in the chair. The bill was discussed at great length, and an amendment was incorporated appropriating $100 to pay a youth who had been employed as page by the president of Select Council. The bill appropriates the sum of $27,100 to the department. It was finally reported with its amendments, and was adopted.

A resolution was agreed to providing for a convention of Councils for next Thursday, to elect directors of the North Pennsylvania and Sunbury and Erie Railway companies.

There was no other business of public interest transacted. Council adjourned to meet on next Monday afternoon, to consider annual appropriation bills.

VACCINE PHYSICIANS.—The Board of Health have made their appointment of vaccine physicians as follows: First ward, Dr. R. Keyburn; Second, Wm. Nelson; Third, C. C. Reid; Fourth, G J. Chamberlain; Fifth, C. P. La Roche; Sixth, J. C. Cooper; Seventh, R. W. Ritchie; Eighth, Wm. Moss; Ninth, no appointment; Tenth, H. St. Clair Ash; Eleventh, G. B. Lummis; Twelfth, L. E. Nordman; Thirteenth, W. C. Dixon; Fourteenth, Benjamin Phister, Jr.; Fifteenth, E. B. Jackson; Sixteenth, Daniel Hershey; Seventeenth, Joseph W. Rowe; Eighteenth, Isaac McBride; Nineteenth, J. S. Ribl; Twentieth, no election; Twenty-first, J. C. Hounston; Twenty-second, D. P. Stewart; Twenty-third, S. F. Lamb; Twenty-fourth, Elisha Crowell.

SAD CASE OF BURNING.—Mrs. Bonner, an old lady, aged about fifty-five years, was shockingly burned about the face and body, at an early hour yesterday morning, by her clothes taking fire from a fluid lamp. The unfortunate woman resides in Vaughan street, between Fifteenth and Sixteenth streets.

ARRESTED.—Yesterday morning William Cummings was before Alderman Kooken, of the Twenty-fourth ward, having been arrested about twelve o'clock on Wednesday night at Lancaster avenue and Thirty-fifth street, with a large quantity of meal in his possession, supposed to have been stolen. He was committed to answer.

CRUELTY TO ANIMALS.—A mule-driver, named Charles Miles, was arrested at Eleventh and Market streets, on Wednesday, upon the charge of cruel treatment to the animals under his charge. He was held to answer the charge at court by Alderman Thompson.

SUICIDE.—Yesterday morning the Coroner was notified to hold an inquest on the body of James B Baggs, who committed suicide on Wednesday night at a house on Madison avenue, above Allegheny avenue, Nineteenth ward, by taking a dose of strychnine.

FIRE.—Last evening a fire occurred at the mosquito-netting factory of Mr. John Meenan, No. 315 Master street. The fire originated from a defective heater, and was extinguished with trifling damage.

ANNUAL REPORT OF THE BOARD OF MANAGERS OF THE WILLS HOSPITAL.

To the Select and Common Councils of the City of Philadelphia:

The Board of Managers of the Hospital for the Indigent Blind and Lame submit their twenty-sixth annual report:

The expenses during the past year amounted to.....$5,584 57

House expenses.....$3,405 28

Salaries and wages..... 1,370 34

Medical department..... 376 47

Real estate..... 432 48

.....$5,584 57

Two hundred and twelve patients have been admitted into the hospital during the year 1860, including in the said number twenty-one remaining in the hospital from the year 1859. One hundred and ninety-one have been discharged, leaving at the present time in the hospital twenty-one. Of those discharged were: cured, 119; improved, 63; incurable, 5; unimproved, 2; eloped, 2—191.

Of those admitted, there were born in Ireland, 93; United States, 78; Germany, 5; England, 5; Scotland, 4; Wales, 1—191.

[illegible] new out-door patients received surgical and medical assistance from the surgeons and physicians attached to the hospital during the last year.

From patients, and other sources during the year, $577 65 were received, and the same was duly paid to the City Treasurer by the steward of the hospital

There were three hundred and eighteen surgical operations performed by the surgeons of the hospital during the past year, one hundred and twelve being house-patients, and two hundred and six dispensary cases. The principal operations were: for cataract, 66; foreign bodies in the eye, 67; strabismus, 33; dilatation of the lachrymal duct, 60; excision of the eye-ball, 6; entropium, 15. The remaining operations were of minor importance

The institution has been conducted with care and prudence. The physicians and surgeons have served the hospital with skill and faithfulness, and the steward and matron have performed their duties with fidelity and zeal.

Signed on behalf and by order of the Board,

JOHN RODMAN PAUL, president.

EDW. HOPPER, sec'y, Phila., Jan. 7, 1861.

JANUARY 1, 1861.

To the Board of Managers of the Wills Hospital:

GENTLEMEN: I herewith submit the usual quarterly report, and, in addition, a summary of the patients treated during the whole year.

There were 27 patients in the hospital at the beginning of the last quarter; of them, 15 were males, and 12 females.

There have been admitted since, 35 new cases, as follows: in October, 17; in November, 8; in December, 10. Of these, 23 were males, and 12 females.

During the same period there have been discharged 36—viz: in October, 11; November, 11; December, 14. Of these, 33 were males, and 13 females. Of those discharged there were cured, 19; improved, 11; incurable, 2; by request, 1; eloped, 2.

The whole number of new patients applying for relief at the dispensary, during the term, was 316; making the whole number treated, both at the dispensary and in the hospital, 376. Of these 376 patients, 188 were born in the United States, 139 in Ireland, 22 in Germany, 16 in England, 7 in Scotland, 3 in Wales, 1 in Canada.

133 surgical operations of various kinds were performed during the term. Of these, 30 were for cataract; the others were for displacement of the eye-ball, strabismus, fistula, lachrymalis, and various minor operations. 61 of these operations were on patients in the house; 91 on those at the dispensary.

The following is a summary for the year 1860:

Remaining in the house January 1, 1860, 21; admitted during first quarter, 60; second, 60; third, 36; fourth, 35—212.

The whole number of new cases treated at the dispensary were as follows: in first quarter, 259; second, 510; third, 360; fourth, 316—1,445. Making a grand total for the year of 1,636 new patients.

The whole number of surgical operations during the year were as follows: In first quarter, 57; second, 69; third, 44; fourth, 152—322.

The whole number of operations for cataract were: In first quarter, 14; second, 12; third, 7; fourth, 20—53.

In closing my report, I would commend to the favorable notice of the Board the general good order and cleanliness of the house, so uniformly maintained by the efficient supervision and management of the steward, the faithfulness of the nurses, and the zeal and fidelity with which the duties of the resident physicians have been di charged by Drs. Charles E. Hackley and H Earnest Goodman. The resignation of the former, made necessary by his election to the Blockley Hospital, was a source of great regret to all connected with the institution His place has been filled with great efficiency by Dr. Goodman.

ADDINELL HEWSON, M. D., Attending Surgeon.

ROGUS JEWELRY AFFAIR—FURTHER HEARING OF THE PARTIES.—Yesterday afternoon R. R. West and Augustus Ramage, who were arrested upon the charge of keeping a bogus gift jewelry establishment at Dock and Walnut streets, had a final hearing before Alderman Beitler, at the Central Station.

Detective Franklin testified that some seventy letters had been handed to him by the Mayor, in consequence of these parties. The witness mentioned one letter to the firm of R. R. West & Co., enclosing $5, and had received nothing in return.

[illegible] Thomson, a jeweller, testified as to the quality of the jewelry of it being brass, comparatively nothing, worth 10 years, testified James Quinn, a lad aged about [illegible] that he was employed by the firm of [illegible] Co. to fold circulars, and direct them to parts of the country.

Mr. G W. Peterson declared that no such publishing house as the firm of R. R. West & Co. existed in the city. The alderman held West and Ramage in $2,000 each for their appearance at court.

DEATH IN A CAR.—Yesterday afternoon, a man named Charles Scotts, who resided at Main and Johnson streets, Germantown, died in a passenger railroad car, supposed to be from the effects of a fit. The deceased was employed at Holloway's store, in Market street, and was going home. The coroner will hold an inquest to-day.

IN our notice yesterday of the iron bridge for the Pennsylvania Railroad, we omitted to mention that the bridge for the Harrisburg and Lancaster Railroad, near Middletown, is being built from the designs of John W. Murphy, by Stone, Quigley, & Brinton, the celebrated builders of the Murphy Whipple plan of iron bridge.

HOSPITAL CASE.—Bernard Martin, aged forty-five years, while engaged in quarrying stone in. West Philadelphia, on Wednesday, had his right leg fractured, by a large piece of rock falling on him. He was admitted into the hospital yesterday.

FINANCIAL AND COMMERCIAL.

The Money Market.

PHILADELPHIA, Jan. 24, 1861.

Telegrams from New York early this morning seemed to indicate a purpose on the part of the stock jobbers of Wall street to initiate a new chapter of the late stock panic, and the consequence was a dull day at our stock board, with the bears triumphant, and prices falling. Reading Railroad, Schuylkill Navigation, Lehigh Navigation, North Pennsylvania Railroad securities, Camden and Amboy shares all declined.

The money market is not changed. The influx of coin from Europe continues. Nearly two millions from this source will be added to the amount in the New York banks this week.

The Cincinnati *Commercial* thus alludes to the memorial of the owners and masters of steamboats on the Ohio and Mississippi, addressed to the City Councils of Philadelphia a few days since. The steamboat men complained of the Pennsylvania Central Railroad, for refusing to comply with their demand "to give us, by their patronage of passengers and freight, which legitimately belong to the river, at rates the same as by railroad, to any point where the freight and passengers may be destined, we making the insurance good via river, and likewise in our return freights and passengers, to take them from us at the same rate they do from any railroad company."

The *Commercial* says:

The memorialists do not seem to look upon the railroads competing with the Ohio river in a very favorable light, and are scarcely complimentary to themselves in stigmatizing their competitors as "broken-down railroads." The public do not desire to see either the railroads or the steamboats become broken down. A healthy competition between the river and railroads is what our business community wish to see maintained, and their sympathies would according respond to either in case there was danger of their being "broken down." The Pennsylvania we consider wisely discriminates in favor of their rail connections, and for this reason: The seasons of navigation are variable and uncertain, the railroads are constant and always at their command. The railroads cannot carry freight as low as the river, and if, in their present financial condition, the roads west of the Ohio were forced to bear the whole burden of river competition, during navigation, they must either succumb, or they must exact of the Pennsylvania Railroad or other Trunk line, a rate, during low water, that would compensate them for their losses during high water. In this view it will be seen that the Pennsylvania Railroad actually receives a consideration from their Western connections, in return for the discrimination complained of by our river friends, *i. e.*, the Western roads agreed to pro rate with the Eastern trunk lines during low water, in consideration of the trunk lines doing the same with them during high water.

The *Evening Post* says of stocks in New York to-day:

The Stock market is weak to-day and lower. The improvement at the second Board of yesterday is entirely lost, and prices are ¼l per cent lower on the railroad shares Towards the close there was a rally of ¼ per cent. New York Central was favorably influenced by the announcement that the plaintiffs in the toll suit had been non-suited.

The market closes steady, with sales of New York Central at 79¼, Erie 35¼, Harlem preferred 38¼, Reading 45¼@45¾.

The Western stocks are quoted as follows: Illinois Central 80a80½, Michigan Central 56a56½, Galena 71a72, Toledo 34¼a34½, Rock Island 74¼a75¼.

The State Stocks are dull, but, on the whole, steady. Tennessees close at 75½, Missouri at 68½ a68¾. Indiana fives are offered at 88, the 2½ per cents. at 60.

Philadelphia Stock Exchange Sales,

January 24, 1861.

REPORTED BY S. E. SLAYMAKER, Merchants' Exchange.

FIRST BOARD.

1000 Penna 6s C & P.	89¾	20 Cam & Am.	s5wn 115
400 do C & P.	89¾	5 do	115
20000 do C&P.	s5wn 90	8 do	115
400 City 6s new	93	2 do	115
200 do	93	2 do	115
1000 do	New 101½	10 Manayunk Gas	44½
500 do	New 101½	52 Spruce & Pine	13
1000 Sch Nav 6s '82	67	100 do	s5wn 13½
1000 do '82	67	100 N Penna R	53
1000 Penna R 1st m	3d 100	100 do	b5 67
20 Reading	22½	16 Elmira Pref	s5wn 13
10 Cam & Am	116	100 do	13
10 do	116	23 Penna R	3ds 37¾
5 do	116	100 Long Isl	3ds 10¾
10 do	s5 116	17 Leheigh	48¾
5 do	115¾	10 Far & Mechs Bk	62

BETWEEN BOARDS.

1000 City 6s	98	500 City 6s	98

SECOND BOARD.

100 Penna 5s	90	3 Leheigh	48
929 23 do	90	39 do	48
1000 Sch Nav 6s '81	66	29 do	48
100 City 6s New	101½	5 Little Schuyl	14¼
100 do New	101½	5 do	14¼
50 Spruce & Pine	8½	2 do	14¼
50 do	8¾	100 Reading R	b5 22½

CLOSING PRICES—PULL.

	Bid.	Asked		Bid.	Asked
Philadelphia 6s	93	93½	Elmira R. pf	6¾	8
Penna 6s R	93	93½	Elmira R. pf	12¾	13
Phila 6s new	101½	101½	Elmira R. 73	64	67
Penna 5s	90¾	90¾	Hunt'n'd'n R.	10	10¾
Read R	8½	22¾	Leh Cl & N.	47¾	48¾
Read m'ds '70	84	84	Leh Cl & N Scrip	33½	14¾
Read m'ds '80	90	90	North Penn R	53	53¼
Read m'ds '85	71½	72	N Penna R 6s	66½	67¾
Penna R 1st m	37¾	37¾	N Penna R 10s	93¾	94
Penna R 2d m	58	58	Catawissa R Con	3¾	4
Mar Clem	52	54½	Catawissa pref	9¼	10
Morris Canal pr	107	107½	2d & 3d st R. div	46	47
Sch Nav Stk	66¾	67¾	Race & Vine St R.	17	17¼
Sch Nav Imp 6s	74	75	West Phila R.	55	56
Schuy Nav. 8s	71	8	Spruce & Pine	8¾	8¾
Soll Nav Pref	17¼	18½	Green & Coates	17	17¼

Philadelphia Markets.

JANUARY 24—Evening.

The unfavorable news from abroad has depressed the Flour market, and prices are weak. The sales are entirely confined to the wants of the trade, at $5 37½@5 50 ⅌ bbl for mixed and good brands of superfine; $5.62½@5 87½ for extras; $6@6 50 for extra family; and $6 62½@6 87½ for fancy lots, as to quality. Rye Flour is scarce at 94. Corn Meal is steady. A sale of Penna was made at $3 ⅌ bbl.

Wheat—There is a steady demand, with sales of 3 000 bus good and prime Western and Penna. red at 130 @132; a lot of Southern at 133c; and white at from 140@ 150c. Rye sells at 70c. Corn is in fair request, but the offerings are light; 2 000 bus old Penna sold *delivery* at 72c; and 1,500 bus New York at 70c. In the absence of any demand for Oats, we quote them at 35@36c ⅌ bus.

BARK—In No 1 Quercitron is held at $75 per ton.

COTTON. The market is firm but inactive, and we hear of no sales.

STOCKINGS are unchanged, and the sales to-day are quite limited.

PROVISIONS.—The receipts from the West are inconsiderable. Sales of 201 bbls Mess Pork at $ 8 50, short time. City-packed Mess Beef ranges from $12@14 cash. Lard is steady at 10¾@10¾c in tcs and bbls, and 11@11½c in kegs.

SEEDS—Cloverseeds in good demand, with sales of 600 bus prime at $5 25@5 37½ ⅌ bus.

WHISKY is steady. Sales of Ohio bbls at 18½@19c; Penna do 18c; drugs 17½c; and hhds at 18c ⅌ gallon.

New York Stock Exchange—Jan. 24.

SECOND BOARD.

7700 Treas 12 p c N	102½	100 Hud Riv R	44¾
11000 Tenn 6s '90	75	200 do	b60 44½
4100 Virginia 6s	76¾	100 Clev & Tol R	84¾
Missouri 6s	s10 76	100 do	b30 84¾
16000 do	76	200 Reading R	45
5000 N Y Cen R 7s	101	50 Hdsn Riv R	44¾
1000 Erie R 1st m	90	150 Cal & Chi R	s30 71¾
100 Harlem R Pref	38¾	100 do	72
100 do	s30 38¾	50 do	s10 72
40 Cum Coal Pref	9	50 Chi & R I R	b15 67¾
100 N Y Cen R	b60 79	100 do	67
50 do	78¾	50 do	67¾
500 do	78¾	250 do	b10 67
110 Erie R	35	100 do	b30 67¾
150 Hud Riv R	44¾	50 Chic B & Q R	s10 74
50 do	s30 44		

CITY ITEMS.

A SNOW-STORM.—An "old-fashioned" snow-storm set in yesterday morning. The flakes descended right merrily, and the boys were as happy as boys generally are under such circumstances. Their seniors moved more sedately through the falling crystals, and they entrenched themselves within erect coat collars and warm mufflers. Speaking of coats—the most comfortable people we saw abroad in the storm wore the elegant and easy fitting overcoats made at the Brown Stone Clothing Hall of Rockhill & Wilson, Nos. 603 and 605 Chestnut street, above Sixth.

An exchange has the following as an excellent system of gardening for ladies: Make up your *beds* early in the morning; *sew* buttons on your husband's shirts; do not *rake* up any grievances; protect the *young and tender branches* of your family; *plant* a smile of good temper in your face; carefully *root out* all angry feeling; persuade your husbands, brothers and sons, to buy their clothing at the one-price fashionable store of GRANVILLE STOKES, No. 607 Chestnut street, receive a valuable gift therewith, and expect a good *crop* of happiness.

SPECIAL NOTICES.

JAYNE'S TONIC VERMIFUGE.—No other disease is so fatal or common to children, as that familiarly designated—Worms. Unfortunately for the parents, children suffer from them, and as the symptoms resemble those of almost every other complaint, they often produce alarming effects without being suspected. Worms are not only a cause of disease in themselves, but by their irritation aggravate all other diseases, rendering form and feature of the body quite different, coiling themselves up into large balls and obstructing the bowels and frequently the throat, causing convulsions and too often death. For these troublesome complaints, no more certain or pleasant remedy has, as yet, been discovered, than

DR. D. JAYNE'S TONIC VERMIFUGE,

which is perfectly safe, and so pleasant that children will not refuse to take it. It not only destroys Worms and invigorates the whole system, but dissolves the superabundant slime or mucus, so prevalent in the stomach and bowels of children, especially of those in bad health. This mucus forms the bed or nest in which worms produce their young—and when this is removed, it is impossible for them to remain in the body.

In all cases of DYSPEPSIA, GENERAL DEBILITY, SICK HEADACHE, &c., the TONIC VERMIFUGE may also be prescribed with decided advantage. Its action in strengthening the stomach and bowels and restoring the appetite, renders it one of the best Tonics within the reach of Dyspeptics. Prepared at 242 CHESTNUT Street, and may be had of Agents throughout the country. ja24 2t

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J H Wright, Louisville
C J White, Texas
H McBurney, Boston
J Wesner, Scranton
Rev N Schenck, Balt
L M Malby, Baltimore
J D B Patterson, Pa
Jas Stewart, Lancaster
F A Smith, York, Pa
John C Haver, Lancaster
Mrs J L Lake, N York
J Sherrard, Ohio
A Young & wf, L Island
J M Meade & la, N York
R Clifford, Del
Mr Dewhirt & la, Portsm'th
J D N & la, Shanghae
John Chatwood, N Jersey
J E Crane, Havana
J W Eisler, Baltimore
G F Shepherd, New York
Raymond K Weed, N York
J Q Dealey, Cincinnati
J P Barton, Baltimore
W Bostwick, Ohio
J Fowler, N York
H Wilson & la, Chicago
J Child, Tarrytown
P G Clark, New York
J W Savage, New York
D W Moore, New Jersey
L T Downes, Prov, R I
H E Richardson, Boston
Isaac Catnovit, Penna
R Kingsley & la, Hartford
W Endicott, Jr, Boston
Chas A Blake, Boston
John Thompson, New York
G B Stokes, Chicago
John A Bidwell, New York
W H Eldred & la, Milwaukee
E Brown, New York
E J Hauer, New York
H B Fairbanks, Prov, R I
Shaw Albany
D Ball, Baltimore
D B Arnold, Montg, Ala

GIRARD HOUSE—Chestnut street, below Ninth.

J G Rogers, Virginia
P Tyson, do
A M Thomson, New York
J Loughlin, New York
A H Stewart & la, Boston
J Wharton, do
T H Smith, New Jersey
J C Canton, Indiana
J W Ellis, New York
J W Allyn & la, New York
W Humphreys, New York
J Cadwalader, New York
J H Upton, New York
D McDonald & la, N York
Nadenn Von Berkel, N Y
T Bryant, New York
J Bryant, New York
A Sallada, Reading
J W Beaver, Conn
John Winder
Miss Stewart, Boston
Hon S A Bryan, U S M to Venezuela
J Gorche, New York
J H Eichler, Penna
Miss Ellsworth, New York
C Wiley, New York
Miss Anna Langdon, do
T Steinmier & wf, Read's
A G Seaman, New York
Kate Fisher, New York
Miss Bowman, Pa
Mrs Lambertville
J D Duffield, do
John E Parry, Attleboro
Geo Gordon, Pa
John Butler, do
Morrick Reader, Pa
F Burroughs, Lambertville
George Eastburn, Phila

REVERE HOUSE—Third street, above Race.

Jno McFadden, L Haven
J H Rice, Allentown
Jno W Hubley, Lancaster
S Conger, Newark, N J
W Baker, Philipsburg
Geo W Marden Baltimore
A K Zimmerman, do
Miss M Hubley, Lancaster
Geo K Smith, Phila.

NATIONAL HOTEL—Race street, above Third.

W H Bush, Michigan
A Given, Delaware
J S Probst, Catawissa
J D Kaufman, Lebanon
W m L Bullman, Jonestown
P Uhler, Uhlersville
Jos A Tyler, Wilm, Del
P S Hixsins, Reading
J A Dehuff, Lebanon
Geo H Schaffer, Harrisburg
A F Myers, Lancaster co

STATES UNION—Market street, above Sixth.

Dr L F Butler, Blair co
Jas Blair do
Geo L Pitt, Harrisburg
W F Cooper, Lancaster co
Jno Keim, Berks co
John Dougherty, Penna
Jno Shoenberger, Blair co
Jno Bowers, Franklin co
A Lyons, Pittsburg
H Saltz sch, Marietta, Pa
J Schweitzer, Berks co

HAVANA CIGARS.—A HANDSOME assortment, comprising

Pa tagas,	Cabanas,
Figaro,	Neptune,
Punchinello,	Black Sea,
Kelampaco,	Arucellos,
Espanolo,	Zaracoonas, &c., &c.,

of all sizes and qualities, in Quarter, Half, One-Fifth, and One-Tenth boxes—and in palm leaf packages—just received by bark *Amanda*, via New York, and brig *Delhi*, and for sale low by CHARLES TEIE, 140 WALNUT Street. ja25-3t

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LEGAL.

IN THE ORPHANS' COURT FOR THE CITY AND COUNTY OF PHILADELPHIA. In the matter of the Estate of GARY CONNEL, deceased.

The