THE ROYAL TOUR IN AMERICA.

THE PRINCE OF WALES IN NEW YORK.

He Visits the Institutions, Dines with Mayor Wood, and Listens to an Indefinite Number of Speeches.

A Crazy Englishman Attacks the Prince.

THE GREAT BALL.

NEITHER A FAILURE NOR A SUCCESS.

An Alarm, and Almost an Accident.

We continue our chronicle of the journey of the Prince of Wales, and his adventures in New York city:

A LUNATIC ASSAULTS THE PRINCE.

A noteworthy incident occurred. A crazy Englishman had taken a position near the front door, and became quite boisterous, shaking his fists at the Prince, and threatened to shoot or kill him. He declared the Prince would never be King of England if he lived to be a hundred years old; that the democracy of England would never allow it. The man became so disorderly and threatening that Officer Rhodes, of the Eighteenth ward, interfered and arrested him, taking him to the Jefferson Market Police Court, before Justice Connolly. The prisoner gave his name as Edward Monsarn. After this somewhat exciting episode, the royal party, having entered the carriages, drove off, amid the enthusiastic cheers of the multitude.

HE VISITS THE INSTITUTIONS.

The Prince, during Friday morning, visited the University, where Chancellor Ferris made a speech; the Woman's Library, the Law School, the Astor Library; the Cooper Institute, and the Free Academy, at which places speeches were made and appropriate welcomes extended to the Prince. He also visited Central Park, planted an English oak and an American elm, and heard a speech. He also visited Mayor Wood's residence, where he partook of a lunch in company with James Gordon Bennett, Sr., James Gordon Bennett, Jr., and other distinguished people. The royal party then visited the Deaf and Dumb Asylum. The Prince was received by Dr. Peet, and seemed highly gratified with the exercises of the pupils. A ride to the High Bridge followed, when the whole party returned to the city by water, on the steamer Trumpeter.

THE BALL.

On Friday evening the great ball took place in the Academy of Music. This was intended to be a magnificent affair, and neither pains nor expense were spared to make it worthy of the city, and the eighty royal guests. Twenty-eight hundred invitations were issued, besides three hundred complimentary to distinguished citizens. The decorations were ostentatiously magnificent.

HOW THE BALL-ROOM APPEARED.

The *Sun* thus describes the scene: There are gray-haired, military-looking men, with crosses and ribbons—foreign officers and ambassadors, it may be; there are our own military officers, with epaulets and swords; there is the towering form of Gen. Scott; there are our best men, our Aspinwalls, Ogdens, Grinnells, Hoffmans, etc.; there are our Astors, and their class of millionaires; there are our fashionables—young, *passé*, and old—not half so many beauties after all, as we expected. We miss the hearty, wholesome, rudely fresh, the shapely arms and bright eyes of the girls of the happier lower classes. But now and then a face, fresh and unhackneyed, beams upon us, redeeming the scene.

HOW THE PEOPLE DRESSED.

Dresses vary exceedingly, but white and pink are decidedly in the majority; blue and crimson suits, with an occasional purple and black dress, are discernible. Of fabrics, by far the most are muslin, which of all others most beautifully set off fairy forms. There are many silks, and now and then a stately form is clad in appropriate velvet. Gentlemen are universally clad in black suits throughout, with white cravats.

ENTRANCE OF THE PRINCE.

Very properly, at about twenty minutes past ten, the Prince and his suite entered from behind the stage, while the band played "God Save the Queen" and "Hail Columbia." He was enthusiastically greeted, of course, but without cheers. In fact, it was not generally known that he was present until he had been some time receiving the passing salutations of the company. Dressed plainly and flanked by the Duke of Newcastle, the Earl of St. Germains, Lord Lyons, Gen. Bruce, and the other members of his suite, he took his position at the extreme rear of the stage, and as many of the company as could recognize him passed with salutations which he acknowledged by bowing. He seemed much fatigued, as well he might after his hard day's work.

THE FLOOR OF THE BALL-ROOM GIVES WAY—ALMOST AN ACCIDENT.

While this pleasant ceremony was going on, and before a tithe of the company had passed, a sudden crash was heard, followed by screams, and an immediate pressure outward from the centre. The floor, insufficiently supported, had given way near the centre of the room. The Prince immediately retired. A space of thirty or forty feet square was cleared, a circle of policemen was formed with a rope barrier, and the sounds of hammers, axes, and saws were soon heard in repair.

This untoward accident delayed the ball for another hour; dancing did not commence until 12 o'clock, and even then much apprehension was felt for the safety of the floor. Earlier in the evening, a smell as of fire was discovered in the Prince's dressing room, but upon a rigid search, nothing appeared.

HOW THE PRINCE DANCED.

He seemed to enjoy the dancing; not dancing vigorously, never waltzing more than a very few moments at a time, not half long enough probably to satisfy the salatory inclinations of New York belles inured to the German cotillion; but he soon recovered his wind, and after the ball was once fairly opened, he missed no dance except when at supper, until he left the room at nearly 5 o'clock. He bore the critical inspection calmly; his partners, too, behaved with remarkable composure; with real republican dignity, they of course considered it a distinction to dance with a crown prince, but there was no ridiculous elation, no underbred parking and prinking; and when their royal companion offered his arm, which he did in every instance, waiving the etiquettes that hedgeth royalty abroad, and conducted them to their chaperons, there was no overpowering friends around them, and complimenting—no undue or vulgar manifestations of any sort. The young ladies, however, without exception, conformed to the etiquette that governs European courts, and declined all other invitations to dance during the evening. Since royalty opened with its privileges, Democracy was willing to go half way. And, indeed, it would have suggested itself to any person of delicate appreciation of the proprieties, that the son of a Queen was hardly to be put upon a footing with the other young men. Exalted rank certainly can claim respect from the veriest republicans.

THE FIRST QUADRILLE.

The first quadrille was composed of the following persons: The Baron and Mrs. Gov. Morgan; Mr. J. W. Gerard and Mrs. Richard; Mr. W. Langdon and Mrs. J. J. Astor, Jr.; Mrs. Schermerhorn and Mrs. Belmont. Mrs. Morgan's dress was of white repe silk, nearly covered with beautifully lace flounces. Head-dress, white feather and diamond. Ornaments, pearl and diamonds.

THE PARTNERS OF THE PRINCE.

The Baron danced thirteen dances, the following ladies being his partners:

Mrs. Governor Morgan; Miss Mason; Mrs. Gould; Hoyt; Miss Helen Russell; Miss Jenny Field; Miss Fish, daughter of ex-Governor Fish; Mrs. August Belmont; Mrs. Colonel Van Buren, daughter-in-law of ex-President Van Buren; Miss [illegible]ay, daughter of John Jay, Esq; Miss [illegible]; Miss Butler; Mrs. Maunsell B. Field; Mrs. Edward Cooper. The Baron left at the end of the 16th dance.

AFTER THE REVELRY.

Numerous pocket-handkerchiefs were picked up—some of great value, worth one hundred dollars, of the costliest lace and ornamentation. Some asked what should be done with them? Some considered them trophies of the night. Others wished to leave them with the police. But, if left with the police, it was asked, what would become of them?

The loss in torn laces of the costliest descriptions must have been very great. We do not think it would be an exaggeration to say at least $30,000 were lost, as the laces worn by the matrons were of the costliest Brussels, &c., &c.

The young ladies in flounces and flowers often looked like Young America in ruins. Their flounces would be trodden upon, and long strings would follow in train. Then flounces would be torn off, and could be picked up in all directions. The fifty-dollar-young-ladies' muslin dresses can scarcely be worn again. It would be difficult to estimate in money this sort of damage.

The beaux, to rescue the bouquets of their partners, would often be seen upholding both hands full of flowers, as if these beaux were stems upon which flowers grew. The young ladies often came all flowering in the most magnificent bouquets, but they were of no use for display, as in the jam they could not be seen.

GEN. SCOTT AND FAMILY.

Foremost and first, in all this crowd, was to be seen looming up the majestic form of the conqueror of Mexico. His fair and graceful married daughters were grouped around him, at one time on the dais intended for the Baron—and the General among them became the cynosure of all eyes.

THE DIPLOMATIC CORPS.

The diplomatic corps was not so numerously represented as had been expected, and tickets which had been left with the head door-keeper for the following delegation were uncalled for: Russia, Costa Rica, Prussia, Portugal, New Granada, San Salvador, Spain, Denmark, the Netherlands, and Belgium.

THE BALL IN DOLLARS AND CENTS.

The arithmetitians thus calculate:

Jewelry	$350,000	Carriage hire	$5 000
Ladies' dresses	50,000	Kid gloves	3,000
Outlay of committee	20,000	Hired dresses	7,500
Supper and dress	37,500		
Bouquets	7,000	Total	$500,000

The estimate of jewelry is the value of the amount that was worn. While large numbers of ladies own full complements of diamonds, obviating the necessity of any outlay in this regard, others had to make new purchases to complete their outfit. In the item of $40,000 expended by the committee is embraced the use of the Academy, the tickets of admission, supplies, wines, music, upholstery, floral decorations, and alterations.

A VISIT TO GENERAL SCOTT.

On Saturday morning the Prince visited the home of General Scott. Says the *Herald*: "The veteran warrior received the Prince and suite in a most cordial manner. His Royal Highness was glad to meet again the accomplished commander, in whom he has taken the deepest interest. The visit was not protracted. It was a pleasant social call, of a strictly private character. The members of the household were introduced to the Prince and the nobles, and a short time was devoted to social chit-chat and the interchanging of civilities. The veteran hero was exceedingly kind and attentive to the hopeful royal heir of England, and the young Prince appeared as highly pleased at receiving those civilities as the illustrious General was unrestrained in bestowing them. His Royal Highness felt very much at ease, and freely joined in pleasing conversation. Feelings of friendship and good will were expressed, manifestations of mutual pleasure at the visit were repeated, and then the distinguished guests took leave of the American commander."

THE FIREMEN'S PARADE.

On Saturday evening there was a torchlight procession of firemen, which passed the Fifth avenue hotel, and was reviewed by the Prince. Forty-two engine companies, fifty hose companies, and twelve hook and ladder companies turned out. There were nearly five thousand men in line, including the volunteers. The *Herald* says it was a splendid display, and excited great interest and enthusiasm. It was a spectacle of a similar character ever witnessed.

Letter from Lycoming County.

[Correspondence of The Press.]

WILLIAMSPORT, Oct. 12.

Now that the election is over, which has ended so disastrously to the Democracy, the inquiry on all sides is, who killed Cock Robin? Some say it was Forney; some say the Dutch, who mostly abandoned our party for their ancient enemies, the Know Nothings; but a vast majority admit it was O. P. F. at Washington. It was J. B. who laid out the Democracy colder than a wedge. To him is due the credit of Republicanising the entire North, and he will have the pleasure of stepping out of the White House to make way for Old Abe Lincoln, the rail-splitter. I assure you that Lincoln's election, by getting the vote of every free State, is looked upon as a foregone conclusion here; and let me add the Democracy of this county will not dissolve the Union. Neither have stocks nor real estate suffered, notwithstanding the portentous threatenings from the South shadowed forth in that late despatch from "Augusta, Ga." Below will be found the official returns from this county:

GOVERNOR—A. G. Curtin, Rep., 3,594; H. D. Foster, Dem., 3,024. Curtin's majority, 570.

CONGRESS—I. T. Hale, Rep., 3,479; Robert Fleming, Dem., 3,116. Hale's majority, 363.

ASSEMBLY—W. H. Armstrong, Rep., 3,623; H. C. Bressler, Rep., 3,300; Robert Crane, Dem., 3,116; G. A. Schenbach, Dem., 3,320.

COMMISSIONER—Autis, Rep., 3,743; Curts, Dem., 3,224. Autis' majority, 519.

REGISTER AND RECORDER—Hill, Rep., 3,597; Blair, Dem., 2,976. Hill's majority, 612.

CONCORNER—Keys, Rep., 3,544; Kelly, Dem., 2,953. Keys's majority, 591.

AUDITOR—Comly, Rep., 3,521; Hilliard, Dem., 3,030. Comly's majority, 491.

Last year we had an average majority of four hundred in the county, and this year Gen. Foster ought to have had at least that much. But the truth is, a great many did not know he was a candidate. Our last County Convention acted like dumb dogs, and did not mention anybody, endorse any man, or assert any principle. The result is seen. About nine hundred of the rank and file naturally enough thought the Democratic organization had been abandoned, and they joined the enemy.

In 1859, Judge Hale beat White about 1,800 votes; this fall his majority over Fleming is over 2,000! Truly this district is getting no better fast.

P.

[The result in Lycoming is still further explained by the following letter to Chairman Welsh:]

WILLIAM H. WELSH, Chairman of the Democratic State Committee:

DEAR SIR: Your favor of the 20th September, propounding certain interrogatories, was duly received. Owing to pressing business of a private nature, I was unable to attend to the patriotic duty of assisting to save the Democracy from defeat, and thereby to perpetuate this glorious Union. Besides, the information I could then have given would by no means have been so reliable as what I now send you. I will answer your questions *seriatim*.

Query 1st. How many Foster clubs are organized in your county, and what is their strength?

Answer.—There are none *organized* in Lycoming county: there are several *disorganized*.

Query 2d. Is the Democratic party thoroughly united upon Foster; and, if not, what is the extent of the disaffection?

Answer. No, s-i-r! The disaffection, officially, appears to amount to about eight hundred votes.

Query 3d. Are there any divisions upon the county ticket that will affect the gubernatorial question?

Answer. There are. The county convention nominated a couple of Breckinridge bolters that no conscientious Democrat could vote for, and the alternative was presented either of voting against the ticket or staying at home. Many preferred the latter.

Query 4th. What will be the probable result of the Legislative ticket in your Representative district?

Answer. Two Wide Awakes elected in a district that gave, last year, one thousand Democratic majority.

Query 5th. What is the strength of the Bell and Everett party?

Answer. About six votes all *tolled!*

Query 6th. What majority will be given in your county, as nearly as you can estimate, for Foster?

Answer. This must be cyphered out by "the rule that works both ways." It *ought* to have been five hundred for Foster—it *is* five hundred for Curtin. But "sich" is life.

With regard to fusion, the Cresson compromise won't do. It cannot carry Lycoming county, and as goes Lycoming so goes the Union. A fusion with the Lincolnites might possibly beat Douglas. What say *you* to that? and what would O. P. F. say?

An early answer is expected by

Yours, truly,

A FAYETTE DEMOCRAT.

Lycoming county, October 10, 1860.

FINANCIAL AND COMMERCIAL.

The Money Market.

PHILADELPHIA, October 15, 1860.

At the Stock Board to-day, Pennsylvania Railroad shares fell off ¼, but otherwise the prices of all investment securities were very firmly maintained. State fives are steady at 97; City Loan at 102 and 103¾, for the old and new issues respectively; North Pennsylvania Railroad stock at 10¾; Six per-cents 76¾, and Chattel tens 99¾. The improvement in Catawissa and Williamsport and Elmira securities is maintained.

The money market remains in an easy condition, six to seven being the rates for loans on first-class collaterals and for prime commercial paper.

Peterson's Detector sends us the following information regarding a new and dangerous photograph counterfeit note on the Rome Exchange Bank, New York: 10s—photograph—vignette, *female*, rooks, shield, &c.; Washington in oval, on right end; State arms on left *end*. To produce these bills, the paper must first be sized, which gives them a smooth, varnished appearance when finished. A little rubbing with the finger will blur the engraving and make the note feel greasy. But the best and absolute sure fact is to apply a solution of Cynade of Potassium, when the spot touched will turn white.

Imlay & Bicknell write to us that they have this morning detected a very dangerous altered $10 note, purporting to be the true issue of the Trenton Banking Company: Vignette, milkmaid with boy, pail by her side; oval female portrait on each lower corner; 10 on each upper corner. The title of the bank is in a circle over the vignette; in the genuine it is straight. It is altered from the genuine 1s.

The New York *Express* says, speaking of railroad competition, and its disastrous effects upon the Grand Trunk Railroad of Canada: The shipwreck of the Grand Trunk, and the losses inflicted upon our home roads, do not teach them wisdom, and on Monday next a new war commences between the Harlem and Hudson River Companies, which will throw the dividends their stockholders have tired of waiting for far ahead.

The Harlem is backed by the New York Central, and a friendly arrangement with the Lake Shore roads and the Michigan Southern Company. While this quarrel goes on a new competitor for Western business is quietly, yet vigorously, moving forward, and in a short time the Lake Shore, the Michigan Southern, New York Central, Hudson River, and Harlem will see the Atlantic and Great Western scheme fully realized, and the Erie road will come to a more commanding position than ever, having advantages in time and distance which will secure business against all competition. Whether it makes money is another affair.

According to Fernor's *United States Railroad and Mining Register*, Railroad Conventions are still called and held with unabated perseverance, notwithstanding the practical difficulties which beset conscientious railroad officers who strive to put into force the stipulation, contained in the compacts entered into. Concerning the quintuple compact of the five Eastern trunk lines, it is asserted and reasserted that, in defiance of its provisions, the New York companies carry first-class goods from Boston west for fifteen cents less, and second class goods ten cents less per hundred pounds, than from New York, the New York Central carrying by all rail via Albany, and the New York and Erie carrying by boat via the Sound to New York, and thence by rail. This practice injures Boston, while to New York city the two New York companies are as the upper and the nether millstones.

The following are the earnings on the North Pennsylvania Railroad, viz:

Earnings in September 1860	$35,251 12
Do do do 1859	32,776 63
Increase	$2 473 09
In first ten months of fiscal year	$319,145 07
Same time last year	290,334 40
Increase	$28,810 67

Philadelphia Stock Exchange Sales,

October 13, 1860.

REPORTED BY S. E. SLAYMAKER, Merchants' Exchange

FIRST BOARD.

1600 Reading R 5s	76¾	9 Williamsp & Elm	2¼
1900 City 6s new	102¾	2 Hazleton Coal	51
1000 N Penna R 6s	85 7¾	62 Sch Nav pref	16 24
23 Catawa R pref	15wn 14¾	16 Penna R	lots 41½
27 do	14¾	100 Reading R	15 23 69
23 do	14¾	100 do	15 23 69
50 Catawissa R con	5¾	10 N Penna R	10¾
100 do old	1 38	33 13th & 15th st R	54 12
145 Elmira pref	lots 31¾	16 Race & Vine	58 35
100 Long Island	15wn 13¾	5 Morris Canal	61½
100 do	60 wn 13¾	2 Lehigh Scrip	41¾
100 do	cash 13¾	2 Philada Bank	124
100 do	13¾	2 Corn Exch Bank	27
100 do	13¾		

BETWEEN BOARDS.

4400 abt Penna 5s Sotfs	97	68 N Penna R	b5 10¾
5000 Elmira R 1st mtg	74	1 Penna Life Ins	18
3000 N Penna R 6s	b5 74¾	5 Reading R	23½
1140 Reading R 6s '83	76¾	5 Union Bank of Tenn	86
2000 Susq Canal bds	27½	10 do	86
1000 N Penna R 10s	100	5 Planters' Bank Ten	103¾

SECOND BOARD.

5600 City 6s new	103¾	88 Cataw R pref	lts b5 15
5000 Sch Nav 6s '82	76	168 do con	lots 5¾
25 Catawa Fa	b5wn 35	25 Lehigh Scrip	42
50 do	b5 33	16 Penna R	41¾
1000 N Penna R 10s	100	50 Reading R	b5 23½
200 Elmira con	31¾	10 Del Div Canal	49
2300 Elmira 7s	74	8 Cam & Amboy	130¼
1000 do do	74	5 Morris Canal pref	116¾
27 Catawa R pref	lots 14¾	200 Williams & Elm	b5 10¼
160 do	b5 15	100 Long Island	13¾

CLOSING PRICES.

	Bid.	Asked.		Bid.	Asked.
Philadelphia 6s	102¾		Elmira 7s '73	73¾	74¾
Phila 6s new	102	102¾	Long Island R	13¾	13¾
Penna 5s, int off 97	97¾	98	Leh Cl & N Sc	65	67¾
Reading bds '70	63	65	Leh Cl & N Scrip	42	42¾
Read mtge '89 int off	81¾	82	North Penna R	10¼	10½
Read mt 6s '86	76¾	76¾	N Penna R 6s	74¾	74¾
Penna R	41¾	41¾	N Penna R 10s	98¾	100
Penna R 1st mt 6s	90	90	Catawissa R con	5¾	5¾
Mor Cl con dv off	64¾	65¾	Catawissa Pref	14¾	15
Mor Cl dv off	115¾	116	Frankf & South R	49	50
Sch N Nav 6s '82	76	76¾	Second & Third	50¾	50¾
Schuyl Nav 1st m 6s	89	90	Penna R con-st	54	55
Schuyl Nav Stk	9	9¼	West Phila R	58½	59
Schuyl Nav pref	24	24¼	Spruce & Pine	9¾	10¼
Elmira R	32	32½	Green & Coates	20	20½
			Ches & Walnut	33	33

Philadelphia Markets.

OCTOBER 13—Evening.

The export demand for Flour is limited, and some 1,500 bbls have been disposed of, in lots, at $5.75 for standard superfine, and $6.87½ for Pennsylvania extra, including 950 bbls Western extra on terms kept private. The sales to the trade range at the above rates for superfine and extras, and $6.37½@$7 bbl for extra family and fancy brands, as in quality, the market closing firm. Rye Flour is scarce, and selling in a small way only at $4.25. Corn meale with a moderate inquiry, and further small sales of Pennsylvania Meal are reported at $3.50@$3.62½ bbl.

GRAIN.—There is a good demand for Wheat at fully former rates, and less offering; sales include about 6,000 bus, in lots, at from 135c for common up to 155c for good and choice Western and Pennsylvania reds, 135c for Southern do, and from 135 to 155c for common to choice white, the latter for Kentucky. Rye is dull, and selling, in lots, as wanted at 78@80c for Pennsylvania and New York. Corn is dull, and only about 2,000 bus prime yellow found buyers, mostly at 73c afloat. Oats are also dull, with small sales of Southern at 35c, and Pennsylvania at 37c. Ten thousand bus prime New York Barley sold at a price kept private

BARK.—There is little or no Quercitron offering, and 1½ No. 1 selling at $27.50 ⅌ ton.

COTTON.—The market is quiet, with sales of 250 bales at steady prices.

GROCERIES.—The movement is small and the market generally firm.

PROVISIONS.—There is no change, and a small business doing in Pork, Bacon, and Lard. Butter is dull and Cheese firm.

SEEDS.—There is very little doing, for the want of stock, and prime Cloverseed is demand at $6 ⅌ bus. Timothy is dull at $2.75@2.87½, and Flaxseed at $1.62½@1.62½ ⅌ bus.

WHISKY is not so plenty; 150 bbls Ohio sold at 23c, 100 do Pennsylvania at 22½c, and small lots 23c, drudge 21@21½c, and hhds at 22½c ⅌ gallon.

New York Stock Exchange, Oct. 13.

SECOND BOARD.

$1000 Missouri 6s	70¾	300 sh Mich S & N I g s	4¾
5000 Erie 2d m bds	87¾	50 Ch Bur & Q R	b60 89
5000 Mil & Miss 2 m b	56¾	50 do	89
10000 Mich So 2d m bds	65	25 Ill Cen R	scp 88¾
15 sh Del & Hud C C	93¾	do	b60 88¾
100 Cumberland Co	20	100 do	88¾
47 Pacific Mail S Co	86¾	100 do	s30 88¾
50 Del L & West R	91	50 do	s10 88¾
100 Mil & Miss R	15	300 do	b60 84¾
200 N Y Central R	89¾	50 Clev & Pittsburg R	45
355 do	89¾	50 Gal & Chic R	77¾
150 do	s60 89¾	50 do	b60 77
50 do	s5 89¾	150 do	77¼
450 Erie R	35¾	250 do	b10 77¾
100 do	b60 40	100 do	b60 78
100 Harlem R	b60 21¾	100 do	s10 77¾
200 Reading R	47½	22 Chic & Rk Island R	70¾
100 M S & N I g s	b10 43¾		

New York Markets of Saturday.

FLOUR.—The market was more buoyant and active, and advanced about ten cents ⅌ bbl, with sales of 25 000 bbls, including superfine State, at $5.40@5.50, and extra, at $5.60@5.70.

WHEAT was in active request, with sales of 110,000 bushels at $1.40 for winter red Western, $1.32@1.33 for Milwaukee Club.

CORN was firm, with sales of about 52,000 bushels, including Western mixed, at 71c@72c.

PROVISIONS.—Pork—The market was without change of importance. The sales embraced about 200 bbls at $19.70@19.75, and prime at $14.50.

WHISKY.—The market was firm, and held above the views of buyers; 24c was bid, and 24½c asked.

Markets by Telegraph.

NEW ORLEANS, October 13.—Cotton—Sales to-day of 12,000 bales at Wednesday's prices but without change in the quotations. Corn—Mixed sells at 65c. Freights on cotton to Havre 1¾d. Exchanges unsettled.

CINCINNATI, October 13.—Flour firm at $5@5.10. Whisky 18½c. Mess Pork $18. Exchange on New York firm, at ¼ ⅌ cent. premium. Money in fair demand at 10@12c.

CITY ITEMS.

[From the Boston Evening Transcript, October 10, 1859.]

SPALDING'S PREPARED GLUE.—The value of this glue for domestic purposes is inestimable. The difficulty of preparing common sheet glue for use led to the new article. In a liquid state the preparation can be used without heating, and is perfectly free from offensive effluvia, and ready for application. It is put up in glass bottles, securely corked, and sold with a brush to apply it, at the low price of twenty-five cents. Every family should have the compound constantly on hand, as there by any article of wood, paper, crockery, or glass can be mended. It will save more than its cost every month in the year. The advertisement, in another column, shows for what it is useful, and where it can be purchased. oc15 22-W2t

BURNSIDE'S PURE RYE WHISKY — absolutely pure—recommended by physicians, and endorsed by the public. Safe, sound, and reliable; mild, mellow, and nutritious. Try it. Try it. Try it. CLERY & STOCKDALE, Proprietors, 328 Walnut street.

TROUBLE AMONG THE POLITICIANS.—The politicians are in a ferment. The State election is over, but they are quarrelling about the result, while the war of the Presidential contest is becoming earnest. In the meantime, reasonable men of all parties keep cool, and show their good judgment by buying their own and their children's clothing at Brown-Stone Clothing Hall of Rockhill & Wilson, Nos. 603 and 605 Chestnut street, above Sixth, where the handsomest assortment of gentlemen's and youth's wear in the country is to be found.

ÆSOPUS REDIVIVUS.

In wise old Æsop's famous book
We all have read, with laughter,
Of that sly fox that lost his tail,
And so contrived all tails thereafter.

'Tis thus with *Reynards* in our time,
(To illustrate the fable.)
They're "sour grapes," we will not climb,
(Because, they wont *able!*)
The *morale* of our (tail) tale is this—
Beware of envious folks,
And when you wish to purchase o'thes,
Go straight to Granger Stokes'

one-price fashionable Clothing Emporium, No. 607 Chestnut street.

A *valuable present* accompanies each garment sold.

SPECIAL NOTICES.

FOR COUGHS, OR FOR ANY DISEASE OF THE Breathing Organs, use J. R. STAFFORD'S OLIVE TAR and IRON AND SULPHUR POWDERS, which are advertised in this paper. The Olive Tar infuses magnetism or vitality, allaying at once any pain or oppression, and its great balsamic properties heal soreness and inflammation. The Iron and Sulphur Powders, being a soluble preparation, unite with the digested food, and enter with it into the formation of new blood, the iron retaining the vital or life-giving forces in the blood, which in its circulation is diffused through the entire system. The combined sulphur converts the waste or worn-out particles of the blood into gases, which are expelled from the body through the pores, by the increased energy given to the circulation. It is these wastes or worn-out particles of blood that form phlegm and tubercles, and it is their acrid humor which irritates and destroys the membranes of the throat, bronchial tubes, and air-cells of the lungs. Send for a pamphlet. See advertisement in this paper. Sold by all druggists, and by DYOTT & CO., No. 232 North SECOND street, Philadelphia. oc15-tf

SAVING FUND—NATIONAL SAFETY TRUST COMPANY.—Chartered by the State of Pennsylvania.

RULES.

1. Money is received every day, and in any amount, large or small.

2. FIVE PER CENT. interest is paid for money from the day it is put in.

3. The money is always paid back in GOLD whenever it is called for, and without notice.

4. Money is received from *Executors, Administrators, Guardians*, and other Trustees, in large or small sums, to remain a long or short period.

5. The money received from Depositors is invested in Real Estate, Mortgages, Ground Rents, and other first-class securities.

6. Office open every day—WALNUT street, southwest corner Third street, Philadelphia. js12

SEAMEN'S SAVING FUND—NORTHWEST CORNER SECOND AND WALNUT STREETS.—Deposits received in small and large amounts, from all classes of the community, and allows interest at the rate of FIVE PER CENT. per annum.

Money may be drawn by checks without loss of interest.

Office open daily, from 9 until 5 o'clock, and on Monday and Saturday until nine in the evening. President, FRANKLIN PELL; Treasurer and Secretary, CHAS. M. MORRIS.

ONE PRICE CLOTHING OF THE LATEST STYLES, made in the best manner, expressly for RETAIL SALES. LOWEST selling prices marked in Plain Figures. All goods made to order warranted satisfactory. PERFECT FITS guaranteed. ONE PRICE system is strictly adhered to. All are thereby treated alike.

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SALAMANDER FIRE-PROOF SAFES.—A very large assortment of SALAMANDERS for sale at reasonable prices. No. 304 CHESTNUT St., Philadelphia. au23-tf EVANS & WATSON.

GROVER & BAKER'S CELEBRATED NOISELESS SEWING MACHINES.

The Best in Use for Family Sewing.

No. 730 CHESTNUT Street, Philadelphia. au27-1y

ALL SHOULD not fail to read the advertisement of Prof. WOOD in to-day's paper. au6-tf

MARRIED.

McILVAIN—GAHAN.—On the 11th instant, by Alderman C. Brazer Charles S. McIlvain, of West Philadelphia, to Miss Rebecca C. Gahan, of Camden.

BROWN—JOHNSON.—On the 11th instant, by the Rev. W. D. Wilcox, Mr. Thomas Brown, of Wilmington, Del., to Miss Mary E. Johnson, of this city.

CARRUTHERS—HELME.—On the 11th instant, by Rev. Thomas E. Murphy, Mr. Wm. B. Carruthers to Miss Mary A. Helme, all of Philadelphia.

WINROW—BOWSER.—On the 11th instant, by the Rev. Thomas Chase, Mr. Wm. Winrow, of Philadelphia, to Miss Missouri Bowser, of Richmond, Va.

LENFESTEY—PARRY.—By Mayor Henry, on the 10th instant, by Friends' ceremony, Franklin Lenfestey to Martha Parry, of Byberry, Twenty-third ward, Philadelphia.

BODINE—CALLAN.—On the 11th instant, by the Rev. John McDowell, Mr. W. Francis Bodder, of Pottstown, to Miss Mary, daughter of Wm. Callan, Esq., of this city.

DIED.

SLEMMER.—In Norristown, on the 12th inst., Mrs. Margaretta Slemmer, wife of Adam Slemmer, in the 73d year of her age.

Funeral from the residence of A. Slemmer, Swede street, near Oak, Norristown, on Tuesday morning, at 10 o'clock.

FULWEILER.—On the 12th instant, Caroline F. Fulweiler, in the 25th year of her age.

Funeral from the residence of her parents, No. 520 Carlisle street, below Parrish, this (Monday) morning, at 9 o'clock.

HANNUM.—On the 12th instant, Mark B. Hannum, aged 30 years.

Funeral from the residence of R. E. Hannum, near Chester, to-day, (Monday,) at 11 o'clock A. M.

KEEN.—On the 10th instant, James Keen, in the 20th year of his age.

Funeral from his late residence, 1015 Shackamaxon street, this (Monday) morning, at 10 o'clock.

JACKSON.—On the 11th instant, Mrs. Elizabeth, wife of the late Silas Jackson, aged 53 years.

Funeral from her late residence, No. 963 Charlotte street, above Poplar, this (Monday) morning, at 10 o'clock.

GARRETT.—On the 11th instant, in Upper Darby, Delaware county, Charles Garrett in the 75th year of his age.

HOLLIS.—On the 12th instant, Mrs. Margaretta D. Hollis, in the 25th year of her age.

JOHNSON.—Suddenly, on the 12th instant, Owen Johnson, husband of Mary Jane Johnson.

Weekly Report of Interments.

HEALTH OFFICE, October 13, 1860.

Interments in the City of Philadelphia from the 6th to the 13th of October, 1860.

DISEASES.	Adults.	Children.	DISEASES.	Adults.	Children.
Asthma	1		Fever, Puerperal	1	
Apoplexy			" Typhoid	1	22
Anemia	1		" Typhus	3	4
Apoplexy	8	1	" Typhoid	2	1
Burns	1	3	Hemorrhage	1	6
Cancer	1		Inflammation, Brain	1	1
Uterus	2		" Bronchi	1	1
Casualties	3	2	" Liver	1	
Croup	11		" Lungs	2	
Congestion of Brain	1	2	" Peritoneum	1	
Cholera Infantum	1		St. Bs Bowels	3	1
Cons'ption of Lungs	27	8	Insanity	2	
Convulsions	8	8	Inanition	2	4
Diphteria	1		Nanin-de-potu	1	
Diabetes	1		Marasmus	6	1
Diarrhea	2	1	Neglect	1	
Dropsy	2	3	Old age	2	
" Brain	1		Palsy	1	
Disease of Brain	1	1	Pleurisy	1	
Disease of Heart	4	3	Small-Pox	1	2
" Heart	2	1	Still Born		17
" Spine	1		Teething		1
Drowned	2	1	Tumors	1	
Dysentery	3	1	Unknown	2	3
Dyspepsia	1	1		92	146
Effusion on Brain	1	3			
Fever, Bilious	1	1			

OF THE ABOVE THERE WERE:

Under 1 year	63	From 60 to 70	9
From 1 to 2	18	" 70 to 80	4
" 2 to 5	16	" 80 to 90	6
" 5 to 10	16	" 90 to 100	1
" 10 to 15	8		
" 15 to 20	8		
" 20 to 30	19		238
" 30 to 40	22		
" 40 to 50	21		

NATIVITY—United States, 182; Foreign, 43; Unknown, 14.

From the Almshouse, 11; People of Color, 11; from the Country, 4.

WARDS.		WARDS.	
First	10	Tenth	6
Second	15	Eleventh	4
Third	12	Twelfth	2
Fourth	14	Thirteenth	8
Fifth	10	Fourteenth	7
Sixth	5	Fifteenth	8
Seventh	3	Sixteenth	14
Eighth	4	Seventeenth	10
Ninth	8	Eighteenth	10
		Nineteenth	15
		Twentieth	11
		Twenty-first	7
		Twenty-second	5
		Twenty-third	12
		Twenty-fourth	20
		Unknown	9
		Total	238

The number of deaths compared with the corresponding week of 1859 and of last week, was as follows:

Week ending October 15, 1859, was	192
" " October 6, 1860, was	219

Males, 130; Females, 108; Boys, 81; Girls, 63.

By order of the Board of Health.

ARTHUR HUGHES, Health Officer.

BLACK SILKS! BLACK SILKS!

Bouquet Figured.
Drogset Figured.
Diagonal's.
Diagonal Robes.
Seven Flounced Robes.
Gros Grains.
Poult de Lois.
Venetiennes.
Armures.
Gros Imperials.
English Mourning.
Ginoes.
Gros de Rhines.
Bonnet's Silks.
Patent Boiled.
Gros d'Ecosse.
Ottomans.
Lining Silks, &c.

BESSON & SON,