The Press.

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THE PRESS,
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Selling the summer stock at very low rates.
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Lawns and rich BAREGES.
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Fine Lawns, Double Skirt,
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S. E. corner of NINTH and MARKET.

MEN'S WEAR, BOYS' WEAR, Cloths,
Fancy Cassimeres, Cheap Cassimeres,
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A large stock of the best quality, and at cheaper rates than ever sold.
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Under their usual Low Prices.
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We also invite special attention to our
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Black Silk Mantles, Dusters, &c., &c.,
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N. E. corner EIGHTH & SPRING GARDEN.

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PREPARED GLUE!
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IT WILL STAND ANY CLIMATE.

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DEALER
IN
FINE GROCERIES.

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Will sell out, through this winter and next spring, their large stock of
PAPER HANGINGS,
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Just received.
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DIAMOND STUDS, RINGS, AND Pins, Gold Jewelry in a great variety of styles. Gold Neck and Vest Chains, Silver Spoons, Forks, &c., equal to coin. Also, Plated Ware of every description.
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SHUTTLE AND DOUBLE-LOOP STITCH
SEWING MACHINES,
FOR
FAMILY USE,
TAILORS,
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No. 628 ARCH STREET.
Price of SHUTTLE MACHINE, $50,
Price of DOUBLE-LOOP STITCH MACHINE from $25 upwards.
The simplest and most efficient machines manufactured for all kinds of use.
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Sews from two spools without the trouble of rewinding; runs with little or no noise.
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SEWING MACHINES.
HENRY COY, Agent,
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Machines, with Operators, on hire to Private Families.
BRANCH OFFICES:
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WILCOX & GIBBS' SEWING MACHINE.—The great and increasing demand for Wilcox & Gibbs' Sewing Machine is a guarantee of its superior excellence. Price $30. For sale at 720 CHESTNUT Street.

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J. W. S. would respectfully call the attention of his former patrons and friends to his new store, and is prepared to fill orders for SHIRTS at short notice. A perfect fit guaranteed. Country Trade supplied with fine Shirts and Collars.

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NEW YORK,
Issue Letters of Credit to Travellers available in
ALL PARTS OF THE WORLD,
THROUGH THE
MESSRS. ROTHSCHILD,
OF
PARIS, LONDON, FRANKFORT, VIENNA, NAPLES, AND THEIR CORRESPONDENTS.

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NO. 404½ CHESTNUT STREET,
JUST RECEIVED
50,000 MANILLA CIGARS.
30,000 NORMANDIES.

G. GUMPERT,
NO. 1241 CHESTNUT STREET,
Fresh Importations of Choice Havana Cigars.

ATLANTIC CITY.
G. GUMPERT'S HAVANA CIGARS,
FOR SALE
OPPOSITE UNITED STATES HOTEL.

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PLATED ICE PITCHER.
Entirely different in their construction from all others and WARRANTED to keep the ICE LONGER than any Pitcher now in use at a temperature of seventy degrees Fahrenheit. The above Pitchers will keep the water cold for twenty-four hours.
A pound and a half of ice in three pints of water will last seven hours and fifty-five minutes; while the same quantity in an ordinary stone pitcher, at the same temperature, only lasts two hours and fifteen minutes!
Persons should not confound these Pitchers with those usually sold, but inquire for
HALL'S PATENT.
WM. WILSON & SON,
Sole Agents for the Manufacturer,
S. W. Corner FIFTH and CHERRY Streets.

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Sole Manufacturer and Patentee for this city
OF THE
PATENT PAPER BOX.
This Box excels all others for beauty, strength, and durability. Sewing is dispensed with in its manufacture, thus securing the great desideratum of
STRONG CORNERS.
Orders Solicited.

PURE OLD
"GOVERNMENT JAVA"
COFFEE,
FOR SALE BY
C. H. MATTSON,
ARCH AND TENTH STREETS.

CAST-STEEL BELLS,
FOR CHURCHES, FIRE ALARMS, &c.,
FOR SALE BY
NAYLOR & CO.,
229 COMMERCE Street.

WORK'S ODOMETER BAND COMPANY, Hartford, Conn., manufacture WORK'S PATENT ODOMETER CARRIAGE BANDS, which are adapted to any carriage, measuring with unerring accuracy the distance passed over by the vehicle to which they are attached. Agents Wanted in all parts of the country.

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STATIONERY, TOY, AND FANCY GOODS
EMPORIUM,
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2½ HOURS FROM PHILADELPHIA,
ACCOMMODATIONS FOR 6,000 VISITORS.
ATLANTIC CITY is now conceded to be one of the most delightful Sea-side resorts in the World. Its bathing is unsurpassed; its beautiful unbroken beach (nine miles in length) is unequalled by any on the Continent, save that of Galveston; its air is remarkable for its dryness; its sailing and fishing facilities are perfect; its hotels are well furnished; and as well kept as those of Newport or Saratoga; while its avenues and walks are cleaner and broader than those of any other Seabathing place in the country.
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FOR CAPE MAY.—The swift and commodious bay steamer, GEORGE WASHINGTON, Capt. W. Whildin, leaves Arch-street wharf every Tuesday, Thursday, and Saturday morning at 9½ o'clock, returning on the intermediate days.
Fare, carriage hire included $1 50
Fare, servants, carriage hire included 1 25
Season tickets, carriage hire extra 8 00
Horses, carriages and freight taken.

FOR THE SEA-SHORE.—CAMDEN AND ATLANTIC RAILROAD.
SUMMER ARRANGEMENT.
On and after MONDAY, JULY 2, trains on the Camden and Atlantic Railroad will run as follows:
Mail train leaves Vine-street wharf .... 7.30 A. M.
Express train (stopping only for wood and water) .... 4 00 P. M.
Accommodation to Egg Harbor only .... 5 15 P. M.
RETURNING LEAVES ATLANTIC.
Mail train .... 4.45 P. M.
Express train .... 6 15 A. M.
Accommodation from Egg Harbor .... 5.24 A. M.
SUNDAY TRAINS.
Leave Vine street at .... 8 30 A. M.
Leave Atlantic at .... 6 30 P. M.
Stopping only for wood and water.
Fare to Atlantic when tickets are purchased before entering the cars, $1.80. Round trip tickets (good for three days), $2.50, to be purchased or exchanged at the ticket office only, and not of or by conductors.
Season tickets .... $30.
Monthly do. .... 15.
Freight must be delivered at Cooper's Point by 3 P. M. The Company will not be responsible for any goods until received and receipted for by their Agent at the Point.
JNO. G. BRYANT, Agent.

TO PLEASURE TRAVELLERS.—Grand Excursion from Philadelphia to Niagara Falls, Montreal, Quebec, River Saguenay, White Mountains, Portland, Boston, Saratoga Springs and New York, via Lake Ontario, River St. Lawrence, Grand Trunk Railway. Splendid steamer MAGNET for Saguenay River, and return to Philadelphia via Portland and Boston or Saratoga Springs. Fares for the round trip as follows:
From Philadelphia via Quebec, White Mountains, Boston and New York $36.50
From Philadelphia via Montreal, Saratoga Springs, and New York $1.50
From Quebec to Saguenay River, and return 12.00
Tickets good until October 15, 1860.
For Excursion Tickets and all information as to route, &c., apply at the office S. W. corner of SIXTH and CHESTNUT Streets.
CHAS. S. TAPPEN, General Agent.

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J. N. KLINE & CO., 116 WALNUT ST.
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AROMATIC DIGESTIVE CORDIAL
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AROMATIC DIGESTIVE CORDIAL
DIGESTIVE
WILL CURE THE DYSPEPSIA,
WILL CURE THE HEARTBURN,
WILL CURE CRAMP IN THE STOMACH, &c.
Read the following certificate from Hon. J. S. YOST, U. S. Marshal, Eastern District of Pennsylvania:
PHILADELPHIA, June 4, 1860.
Messrs. J. N. Kline & Co.—Gentlemen: A member of my family, having suffered with the Dyspepsia for several years, was lately recommended by a friend to try your Cordial, and I am happy to say that before using one bottle, the patient was so benefited that she could enjoy her meals with a good appetite without the least inconvenience. I take great pleasure in recommending it to all who are afflicted.
J. S. YOST, U. S. M. E. D. of Pa.
AROMATIC DIGESTIVE CORDIAL.—This excellent and agreeable preparation is one of the best means of improving the appetite, promoting digestion, and giving tone to the stomach, which has yet been offered to the public.
It is an old German receipt, and has been in use for many years in the families of the manufacturers. Unlike most preparations, it is an invaluable remedy for DYSPEPSIA, HEARTBURN, FLATULENCE, and CRAMPS IN THE STOMACH, arising from cold or indigestion. All persons having the least tendency to indigestion should never be without it, as a small wine-glass full, taken after meals, will exclude the possibility of contracting the dyspepsia.
It is composed of fifteen ingredients, Bitters and Aromatics, and only needs to be tested to be approved and appreciated.
It is a pleasant beverage, and may be used with safety, pleasure, and advantage by invalids and by those in health.
To be had at all the leading Druggists' and Grocers', put up in quart bottles. Price one dollar.
Manufactured and for sale by
J. N. KLINE & CO.,
116 WALNUT Street.

HELMBOLD'S EXTRACT BUCHU.
THE GREAT DIURETIC
For Disease of the Bladder, Kidneys, Gravel, Dropsy
ORGANIC WEAKNESS, &c. &c.
Sufferers with diseases of these organs experience
MANY ALARMING SYMPTOMS,
Among which will be found
Pain in the Back, Weak Nerves,
Loss of Memory, Difficulty of Breathing,
Dimness of Vision, Languor,
UNIVERSAL LASSITUDE OF THE MUSCULAR SYSTEM.
These diseases or symptoms, allowed to go on, which HELMBOLD'S EXTRACT BUCHU invariably removes,
Soon follow Loss of Power, Fatuity, and Epileptic Fits.
IF YOU ARE SUFFERING,
PROCURE THE REMEDY AT ONCE.
Diseases of these organs require the aid of a Diuretic.
HELMBOLD'S EXTRACT BUCHU
Is the great Diuretic.
And is certain to have the desired effect in the diseases enumerated, whether arising from
HABITS OF DISSIPATION,
INDISCRETION, OR OTHER EXCESSES,
And no matter of how long standing.
HELMBOLD'S EXTRACT BUCHU
Is prescribed and used by the most
EMINENT PHYSICIANS.
Certificates of cures of from one month to twenty years' standing will accompany the Medicine, and evidence of the most reliable and responsible character is open for inspection. Price $1 per bottle, or six for $5. Delivered to any address. Depot, 104 South TENTH Street, below CHESTNUT.

MRS. WINSLOW,
AN EXPERIENCED NURSE AND FEMALE Physician, presents to the attention of mothers her
SOOTHING SYRUP
FOR CHILDREN TEETHING,
which greatly facilitates the process of teething, by softening the gums, reducing all inflammation; will allay ALL PAIN and spasmodic action, and is
SURE TO REGULATE THE BOWELS.
Depend upon it, mothers, it will give rest to yourselves and
RELIEF AND HEALTH TO YOUR INFANTS.
We have put up and sold this article for over ten years, and can say, in confidence and truth of it, what we have never been able to say of any other medicine—NEVER HAS IT FAILED, IN A SINGLE INSTANCE, TO EFFECT A CURE, when timely used. Never did we know an instance of dissatisfaction by any one who used it. On the contrary, all are delighted with its operations, and speak in terms of highest commendation of its magical effects and medical virtues. We speak in this matter "what we do know," after ten years' experience, and pledge our reputation for the fulfilment of what we here declare. In almost every instance where the infant is suffering from pain and exhaustion, relief will be found in fifteen or twenty minutes after the syrup is administered.
This valuable preparation is the prescription of one of the most EXPERIENCED AND SKILFUL NURSES in New England, and has been used with never-failing success in
THOUSANDS OF CASES.
It not only relieves the child from pain, but invigorates the stomach and bowels, corrects acidity, and gives tone and energy to the whole system. It will almost instantly relieve GRIPING IN THE BOWELS AND WIND COLIC and overcome convulsions, which, if not speedily remedied, end in death. We believe it the best and surest remedy in the world, in all cases of DYSENTERY and DIARRHOEA IN CHILDREN, whether it arises from teething or from any other cause. We would say to every mother who has a child suffering from any of the foregoing complaints, do not let your prejudices, nor the prejudices of others, stand between your suffering child and the relief that will be SURE—yes, ABSOLUTELY SURE—to follow the use of this medicine, if timely used. Full directions for using will accompany each bottle. None genuine unless the fac-simile of CURTIS & PERKINS, New York, is on the outside wrapper.
Sold by Druggists throughout the world. Principal Office, No. 13 CEDAR Street, New York.
Price 25 cents a bottle.

SPARKLING AND STILL CATAWBA WINES,
MANUFACTURED BY
J. ESHELBY,
Cincinnati, Ohio,
Always on hand, and in lots to suit purchasers, by
CHAS. F. TAGGART, Sole Agent,
No. 631 MARKET Street.

JULY 1ST, 1860.
NEW FIRMS AND CHANGES.
MERCHANTS IN WANT OF BLANK BOOKS can be supplied from a very superior assortment made from Linen stock, or made to order.
WARRANTED AT LOW PRICES.
WM. F. MURPHY & SON'S
NEW STORE.
Stationers, Lithographers, and Letter-Press Printers
SIGN OF THE LEDGER.
No. 339 CHESTNUT Street.

R. SHOEMAKER & Co.
GLASS, PAINTS,
OILS AND VARNISHES,
Northeast Corner FOURTH AND RACE Streets.

TURTLE AND CLAM SOUP served up every day throughout the season (Sundays excepted), by JAMES PROSSER, No. 806 MARKET Street.
N. B. Dinners from 12 to 3 o'clock.

RICE.—200 Tierces Prime Retailing Charleston Rice for sale by JAMES GRAHAM & Co., LETITIA street.

500,000 HAVANA CIGARS, of different brands, all sizes and prices, in store, by recent arrivals, and for sale by CHARLES TETE, 130 WALNUT Street.

HAMS! HAMS! HAMS!
Prime new Sugar Cured
Hams 10 cents per lb., (warranted.)
CHAS. SMITH & BRO.,
N. W. corner SIXTH and PINE.

PORTO RICO SUGAR.—250 hhds medium and strictly prime quality, for sale by JAMES GRAHAM & CO., LETITIA street.

The Press.

WEDNESDAY, JULY 11, 1860.

Alexander Dumas' Last Trick.

Not long ago, Barnes & Burr, of New York, published an interesting volume, which we noticed favorably at the time, entitled "The Life of Garibaldi, written by Himself, with sketches of his Companions in Arms; translated by his friend and admirer, Theodore Dwight." Of the authenticity of this Autobiography there cannot be a doubt. The incidents are too emphatically personal to have been invented or related by any other than the individual who was a principal actor in them. Moreover, Mr. Dwight is author of a well-written "Tour in Italy in 1821," and other well known works. Lastly, Barnes & Burr are highly respectable publishers who would not lend themselves to a fabrication. In 1849, after the fall of Rome, when he was slowly recovering his health and before he sailed for the United States, which he reached in 1850, Garibaldi wrote a considerable part of his Memoirs. After his arrival in New York, he extended them, at Mr. Dwight's request, and the "Sketches of his Companions in Arms" were written, we are told, "while he was residing in Staten Island, and most of the time employed at daily labor, in the candle manufactory of his countryman and friend, Signor Meucci." Candle-making is not a very chivalrous occupation for a hero, such as Garibaldi was and is, but, at the same time, another Italian, Signor Salvi, the well-known tenor, who has so often been a hero, on the stage, also had a candle manufactory in Staten Island.

Garibaldi continued his Memoirs to the close of his public career in Italy in 1849. He apologized to Mr. Dwight for their comparative brevity, by the plea that he was too much fatigued by his daily labor to write. The whole of these manuscripts he placed in Mr. Dwight's hands in 1850, with permission to translate and publish them. He subsequently withdrew this permission, but renewed it, last year, shortly before he flung himself into the late war in Italy.

We have here to add, what Garibaldi has omitted to state, that he was born in 1807, and that his birthday is the immortal Fourth of July—the anniversary of American Nationality.

Some months ago, the famous Alexander Dumas, author of "Monte Christo," "The Three Musketeers," and an immense number of other romances, proceeded to Italy with the avowed purpose of becoming the biographer of Garibaldi. He issued a flaming prospectus of his forthcoming work, in which it was announced that it would contain a great many details received directly from Garibaldi himself. An American publisher (who may be heard of in Boston, we are told) conceived the business-like idea of purchasing advance sheets of Dumas' Life of Joseph Garibaldi, and succeeded in obtaining a copy of the work, in anticipation of its appearance in Paris. It is said that $500 was the sum paid to Dumas—certainly not a very extravagant amount, but a great deal, considering that the book might have been obtained, immediately after its publication, for nothing.

The advance-sheets, duly received from France, were immediately placed in the hands of a competent translator, and the Boston publisher prepared to bring the book out with as little delay as possible. But, by the time that the first twenty-four pages were translated a careful "reader," well acquainted with "current literature," went over them, and speedily discovered that Dumas—who is the most unscrupulous of book-manufacturers—had simply got some one to make a French translation of Garibaldi's Autobiography, edited by Dwight, and published by Barnes & Burr, prefixing a few prefatory remarks of his own to this stolen property. Of course the translation of Dumas' Life of Garibaldi was not proceeded with, and we need scarcely add that the publisher, so scandalously cheated by Dumas, has not the slightest chance of ever receiving back even a fraction of his Five Hundred Dollars.

Edward Everett.

Whatever politicians may say of the Bell and Everett ticket, EDWARD EVERETT, its candidate for the Vice Presidency, deserves to be classed among our national benefactors. We could wish that most of our politicians united in their character as much education, disinterested and genuine philanthropy as EVERETT does. The habit of sneering at such a man is apt to frighten others from the track of doing good, and we were rejoiced, at a period when the Bell and Everett movement looked beyond despair, that he accepted the nomination for Vice President. All his speeches are models in composition and practical good sense. He may be timid in a great crisis, but he displays, whenever called upon, that rare characteristic which is probably better, of being ready to give his own time and labor for the benefit of others. His efforts to raise funds for the purchase of the home and grave of WASHINGTON, if made by a mere politician, would have been sounded in all the newspapers of the country, as a great act of self-sacrifice; and his contributions to Mr. BONNER's *Ledger*, so much ridiculed, put $10,000 into the same movement, while they returned him nothing, added a new laurel to the wreath that surrounds his brow, and proved that in writing for a great charity he did not sully his own stainless reputation. The following extract from a little speech he made at Boston, a few days ago, prior to the departure of Dr. HAYES' Arctic Exploring Expedition, is eminently like EVERETT, and, apart from it, shows that he is always on hand to serve a good purpose, whether of patriotism, charity, or science:

"It has been said that the word 'impossible' does not belong to the vocabulary of a resolute man; so neither does the word 'possible' in reference to a great enterprise that has not yet been accomplished. That word is written only in the great volume, unseen of mortal eyes, in which the fortunes of men and angels are recorded. Your word, sir, your motto, and that of your associates is, 'I'll try.' You—they—will do all which brave, persevering, determined, patient men can do; and you will try to succeed. The event is with the great Disposer. He may stretch the eternal barriers of rock ribbed ice before your path; he may freeze the polar basin which you hope to reach with uncouth rolling masses, which it will be impossible for you to cross in your sledges; or by means of that mysterious circulation of the currents of the atmosphere and the ocean, of whose laws we know so little, he may open a channel before you, through which you may pass to the great object of your generous ambition. If you succeed, you will write your names on the list of the great explorers of all ages—Hanno, Vasco di Gama, Columbus, Cabot, Verrazano, Hudson, Cook, and those who, in these latter days, have so gallantly sought and at length found the Northwest passage—our own countrymen, so justly commemorated by His Excellency, among the number; if you fail, you will at least have the satisfaction of having it said of you, as of the bold youth who did not fear to seize the reins of Apollo—He failed, *magnis tamen excidit ausis*: He failed, but in noble adventure."

GOLD IN ARIZONA.—The *Arizonian* of the 14th June says:—The intelligence from the newly discovered mines continues of the most encouraging character. New mines have been opened near the Burro mountains, some 15 miles southwest of the diggings on Bear Creek, which are reported to be unusually rich, paying from eight to sixteen dollars per day to the hand. The excitement existing at the present time, at the eastern portion of the Territory, is intense, no question being entertained of the great richness of the new mines, and every one is preparing to leave. About one hundred miners were at work at last dates, but at the present writing there are at least from three to five hundred men on the ground. Large numbers are daily leaving the Mesilla valley, and many have left El Paso and other places in Texas. The existence of an extensive gold-bearing region in Arizona is now no longer a question of doubt, and future developments and discoveries will be looked for with great anxiety.

THE N. O. *Picayune* says: "We write this paragraph with ink made from sand found on Mr Geo F Hunt's plantation, Jefferson county, Mississippi. Messrs Limerick & Vaughan, of Rodney, send us a bottle, and they tell us that they are about offering this ink for sale, and that they can afford to sell it at one half the price of ordinary ink. This is a new specimen of home enterprise. The ink is somewhat pale, but it flows smoothly, and we suppose will appear blacker when exposed for more time to the air."

A PARTY of Pike's Peakers, returned to Chicago, state that, by actual count and record, they met 5 488 teams on the road between Denver City and Fort Kearny, and 1,500 more between Fort Kearny and Omaha City, making a total of 6,988 teams on the road, and all going West.

Reply of Hon. Richard Vaux to the Proposition of the Secessionists.

PHILADELPHIA, July 9, 1860.

MY DEAR SIR: Your printed communication of July 5, with its enclosure, is most respectfully acknowledged. By both conjoined you inform me, as one of the "Democratic Electors at large," that the "Democratic State Committee," of which you are chairman, desires to know, in the event of my election, if I will give a pledge to conform to the arrangement made by that committee, at its meeting on the 2d July last. This proposed arrangement provides, as I understand it, that the Democratic electors for Pennsylvania shall, if elected, vote for the regularly nominated Democratic candidates for President and Vice President of the United States, if their vote will elect these candidates: if it will not, then to vote for the candidates nominated by a meeting of gentlemen, at the Maryland Institute, in Baltimore, on the 23d June, 1860, if such vote will elect them: and, lastly, if neither of these propositions can be managed successfully, then that the Democratic electors of Pennsylvania, if elected, may vote as they may deem best for the interests of the Democratic party. This is my interpretation of your note, and its enclosure.

To this most extraordinary and unexampled proposition from a committee, appointed only by the chairman of the Democratic Convention, and for certain specific duties, I am requested to reply.

The proposed arrangement was made, in my opinion, without any authority. The Reading Convention gave no power to its committee to compromise the integrity of Democratic principles, the Democratic organization, or Democratic candidates. This so-called compromise, in my judgment, involves each, and includes all. If it is competent for the "Democratic State Committee" to propose an arrangement with those not in the regular organization of the Democratic party, then I can see no reason why a compromise might not be offered with any of the political organizations now existing, under their various political designations. It is almost incredible that such a proposition should ever have been considered, much less approved by a Democratic body, or one assuming to represent the Democratic party of Pennsylvania.

Placed on the Democratic electoral ticket by the only regular Democratic State authority, at Reading, on the 29th of February last, without any interference on my part, I accepted the position, its duties and responsibilities, because it was the voluntary offering of the Democracy of the State, through its representatives then and there regularly organized into a Convention. I owe fealty to the Democratic party only. That party expects me, as one of its representatives, frankly, honestly and faithfully to execute the trust thus imposed and accepted. It gave me no power to adopt a compromise or an alternative of this trust. The masses of the Democracy do not yet understand how its representatives can hold a divided duty. Conscientiously entertaining these old-fashioned opinions, I beg to state that in the event of my election as the Democratic elector at large, I shall vote for the only regular nominated candidates for President and Vice President, nominated by the Democratic National Convention, at Baltimore—S. A. Douglas for President, and H. V. Johnson for Vice President—and shall so vote until the electoral college finishes the task the Constitution imposes on it. If the Democracy of Pennsylvania do not approve of this publicly-announced determination of mine, thus unequivocally asserted, I will cheerfully surrender to the authority which selected me the position it gave; but I will recognize no other authority to receive it.

If, as it is said, there are difficulties and doubts as to the course of a portion of the Democracy in the present crisis, then the only mode to be adopted is to convene a Democratic State Convention, and leave to its wisdom, prudence, and omnipotent will a solution for these difficulties. Every true Democrat, devoted to his party principles, and willing to be governed by its time-honored usages and organization, will, or ought to be, cheerfully bound by this action of the party. He who will not so agree cannot be sincere in his devotion to the Democratic party, and his separation from it will result in no injury, either now or in the future.

With great personal respect for yourself and the members of the Democratic State Committee, I have only to add that my political allegiance is due to a regular Convention of the Democracy of Pennsylvania. I will obey its commands, or surrender to it the authority only held by its commission.

I have the honor to be, most respectfully, yours,
RICHARD VAUX.

To the Hon. W. H. Welsh, Chairman Democratic State Committee.

Letter from Washington.

[Correspondence of The Press.]

WASHINGTON, July 9, 1860.

On Thursday evening, the 5th inst., we had the pleasure of attending the annual commencement of Gonsaga College, at the Smithsonian Institute. The exercises began at eight P. M., and continued until midnight. The composition of several of the speeches was excellent, and would have done honor to older and more experienced pens; while their delivery, evincing a rare proficiency in oratory, cannot but reflect great credit upon the untiring patience and masterly skill of those who trained and practiced the youthful orators. And although it may seem invidious to discriminate between the respective of these young contestants, we cannot justly pass over in silence the names of Masters Jones, Symons, and Donoho. To the last-named young and accomplished orator, the Rev. President, Mr Stonestreet, justly awarded the gold medal for the best delivered oration. After the youthful orators had finished, our talented and gifted townsman, Mr. Thomas King, delivered an address before the Phocion Society of the college. Its rare ability and ripe scholarship evinced a mind rich with historical and scholastic knowledge. His bland and genial manner, and fiery enthusiasm, and soul-stirring eloquence, reminded me of the late lamented William Dunn, of your city. Judging from the character of these speeches, as also from the well-known ability and high culture of the professors attached to the college, we hope that, in a few years, Washington will possess in Gonsaga College an institution equalling in efficiency the venerable and time honored university of your city.

O. P.

Letter from Lycoming County.

[Correspondence of The Press.]

WILLIAMSPORT, July 9, 1860.

I leave here for Harrisburg this morning. I came here to see how politics stood in the "everlasting" State. Mr. Douglas has many warm supporters in this county. The only friends of the Breckinridge Secession concern are the half dozen census-takers, and the town and a few township postmasters. It is rather singular this, that the Administration servants should be the only Democrats who give in their support to the bolters' ticket. The friends of Douglas insist upon having a separate electoral ticket. They are unwilling to compromise the integrity of the Democratic party. They say fusion means fraud; and if they cannot have Douglas alone, they will have nothing else. They say Douglas is the nominee of the Democratic party, and they will vote only for him. This is right. You can set down, therefore, Lycoming county for a handsome majority for Douglas.

Gen. Foster is also gaining strength. This, however, is mainly attributable to local causes. There is some dissatisfaction existing among the leading Republicans, which, if not healed, will give the county against Curtin by a heavy majority.

The great ratification meeting at Harrisburg, recently held there, is being responded to everywhere throughout the West Branch Valley. The enthusiasm is very great for Douglas. If Pennsylvania is true to herself—if her sons are unfaltering to Democratic usages and principles, Douglas will be the President in 1860. What a triumph that would be! What a rebuke to the Democratic bolters! The shameless as well as infamous proscriptive tyranny of the present National Administration would then cease forever.

OBSERVER.

Letter from Pottstown.

[Correspondence of The Press.]

POTTSTOWN, July 9, 1860.

My attention has been called to a paragraph in your paper of to-day, that R. J. Haldeman, Esq., the member from Pennsylvania of the National Democratic Committee, will, under instruction, address letters to the different candidates for electors, appointed by the Reading Convention, whether they are in favor of the nomination of Douglas and Johnson for President and Vice President. The Democrats of the upper end of Montgomery county would approve of such a course; we want a pure Douglas electoral ticket. We don't want to fuse with a Secession Disunion party, brought about by James Buchanan and his satellites, such as Baker, Browne, Bigler, Bradford, Yost, and others. Our town has some five hundred voters, and among them we can find only some half a dozen who will support Breckinridge, and among them are Marshal Yost, General Hobart, one of the State Central Committee of this county, advocated the fusion resolutions and who would like to be our next Senator from this county, and a few more who are in the Marshal's keeping. The upper end of Montgomery county are five to one for Douglas; we are a reading people, and not easily humbugged by such a Breckinridge Disunion party, led on by Buck, Yancey, Slidell, Bigler, & Co.

We ask a pure electoral ticket; then we can rally our forces and give an overwhelming majority.

Yours, &c.,
A MONTGOMERY DEMOCRAT.

PERSONAL.

— Herr Driesbach, the celebrated lion king, has turned his attention to cultivating a farm near Wooster, Ohio.

—Mr. Harvey Hall, of Georgia, has recently built and beautifully furnished, at his own individual expense of over $3,500, a commodious and tasteful church edifice, called Grace Church.

— The American wife of the late Prince Jerome is said to be worth a million of dollars. The First Napoleon allowed her a pension of 60,000 francs, but the Bourbons stopped it very quick.

—The Quebec *Chronicle* says it is hinted that Chief Justice Sir John Beverly Robinson desires to retire at once from the bench, with the view of writing the history of the Upper Province.

—Garibaldi has two sons, the youngest of whom, thirteen years old, is being educated at New Brighton College, Liverpool, under care of Rev. Dr. Poggi. The other is with his father in Sicily.

—La Mountain made a very successful ascension in his balloon, from Troy, on the Fourth. He was accompanied by an intrepid young lady—Miss Moss, of Lansingburg. The balloon and its occupants were for some time visible to the citizens.

—Governor Seward, Fred. Seward, of Albany; R. L. Adams, of the Syracuse *Journal*, and G. W. Peck, of the Auburn *Advertiser*, went to the head of the Owasco last week on a fishing excursion.

—Among the visitors in Newark, at present, is Mr. Nicholas Longworth, the distinguished horticulturist of Cincinnati. Mr. Longworth is accompanied by Mrs. L., and both, we are happy to state, are in the enjoyment of excellent health.

— The United States Grand Jury visited Judge Vondersmith in his cell in the Eastern Penitentiary a few days ago, and promised to use their influence in procuring him a pardon from the Government.

— Chief Justice Hornblower, of Newark, New Jersey, and Rev. Dr. John McDowell, of Philadelphia, are the only surviving persons of the ten representatives of New Jersey in the Convention that organized the American Bible Society in 1816.

— Hon. George Bancroft, the historian, has accepted the invitation of the authorities of Cleveland to deliver an address on the occasion of the laying of the corner-stone of the Perry Monument in that city, on the 10th day of September next.

— Col. J. V. A. Lansing, of Watervliet, New York, celebrated his 91st birth-day on the 15th of last month. One hundred and twelve of his descendants dined together with him, and took part in various social and religious enjoyments. Five generations were represented.

POLITICAL.

GEN. GIDEON J. PILLOW has declared for Breckinridge and Lane.

THERE are now eight journals in Missouri that support Lincoln and Hamlin.

A NUMBER of the constituents of Hon. James L. Orr are petitioning him to run for the Legislature.

THE Grand Council of the United Sons of America has endorsed the nomination of Bell and Everett.

A Minnesota paper announces the discovery of a Breckinridge man in that State, and says that makes three!

WE have seen a letter from Hon. J. H. Reagan, in which he heartily approves of the course of the Southern delegates in withdrawing from Charleston.—*Texas paper.*

THERE are sixty-nine Democratic papers in Indiana. All but five sustain the nomination of Douglas and Johnson decidedly, and not one has taken position against them.

A RUMOR has been extensively circulated that A. H. Stephens would support Breckinridge and Lane. We state by authority that the rumor has no foundation in fact.—*Georgia Constitutionalist.*

IN 1856 the Republicans had but one German paper in Indiana, but now the tables are turned, and the Democrats have but one, while six are doing service for the Republican cause. The Illinois *State Journal* gives a list of sixty-nine German papers in the country that have raised the Lincoln and Hamlin flag.

THE New York *Tribune* contains the following "item:"

We learn that Senator Bright, of Indiana, is about to start a daily paper at Indianapolis, to support Breckinridge and Lane, and help to defeat Douglas, the latter being the object nearest his heart. The new journal will be edited by Dr. B. F. Mullen, one of the directors of the new State prison, who is a pretty smart fellow.

PROPOSITIONS TO BET.—The Cleveland *Plaindealer* says:

"We are authorized by an association of gentlemen friends of Douglas, to offer the following wagers: $1,000 that Douglas will receive ten electoral votes; Breckinridge will not receive the electoral votes of two Northern States than two Southern States. $1,000 that he will receive more electoral votes than Breckinridge will receive in the electoral vote of his own State, and that he will not be the next President of the United States. The whole to be taken as one proposition."

A Democratic Club has been formed in Lancaster, with the following officers: President, Hon. Benj Champneys; Vice Presidents, James Barnes, S E ward; John Black, N E ward; John Peoples, S. W. ward; Henry Barnitz, N. W. ward. Corresponding Secretary, John S Dougherty. Recording Secretary, S S Wylie. Marshal, Col W S. Amweg. The following resolution was adopted:

Resolved, That we repudiate and denounce the action of the thirty-nine members of the State Central Committee who voted to overrule and set aside the platform and the candidates presented to the party by the National Democratic Convention as a piece of impertinence and presumption characteristic of the "rule or ruin" policy of the present Federal Administration and its hired adherents.

HON. ROGER A. PRYOR has been defining his position at Petersburg, Va. The *Express* says: His support of the Seceders, as they were styled, was based upon principle and consistency. His action was in unison with the voice of the South, and to be with the South, under any and all circumstances, was his greatest pride and his most determined aim. With every Southern Democratic Senator except one; with every Democratic representative from Virginia, except one; and with every Southern State as represented in the National Convention, standing firmly by the standard of Breckinridge and Lane, while none but Northern Democrats, hostile in sentiment, and insulting in their conduct to the South, stood by the Douglas flag, how could he have done otherwise, unless recreant to his own land and his own people? Mr Pryor discussed the question at considerable length, with perspicuity and force, and was repeatedly applauded.

Outrage by New York City Officials.

The New York *Times*, of yesterday, tells this strange story:

Great interest is felt in certain circles of the city as to the upshot of a difficulty which threatens very serious results. On the evening of the 5th instant, two men, prominently connected with the City Government, accompanied by a third man, invited two ladies of good character and repute to take a sail in a small yacht owned by one of the City government officials. The invitation was accepted without fear, and the party started for a cruise; but it would seem that the two officials entertained designs of an improper character against the ladies; and about eleven o'clock that night—the yacht being opposite Randall's Island—loud screams were heard proceeding from on board of her, and finally the two ladies were put ashore on the island—the yacht sailing rapidly away.

The brother of one of these ladies has taken up the cause of his sister, and declares his resolve to be revenged. As he is a very resolute, fiery, and inflexible character, already well known in the city in political circles, this threat is likely to be executed; and he has served notice on both parties engaged in the outrage to walk abroad armed, as he will "shoot on sight." The third man on board the yacht would seem to have been a sailor, who took no part in the attempt.

The brother, meeting one of the unmanly assailants, yesterday or the day before, at once drew his pistol and asked if his antagonist was armed, as he wished to "take no unfair advantage of him." The threatened man, replying that he was unarmed, was then cautioned for the future to carry weapons, as the brother of the assailed lady would fire at him whenever they should next meet, and without further notice.

The other city official fled the city on the morning after the attempted outrage, and did not return until yesterday. He has been sending troops of friends to intercede for him with the brother—pleading that intoxication was the cause of the attempted villainy, and expressing the utmost regret. These intercessions have as yet failed to produce the desired effect; but many friends to both parties are not without hope that an ample and sincere apology may yet be accepted.

As to the ladies who so foolishly allowed themselves to be entrapped on board a pleasure-yacht in such dangerous company, and without protectors, they have been cruelly punished for the mistake, though happily escaping, by their cries and resistance, from the irreparable wrong with which they were threatened.

This story, vague as it is, embodies, we believe, all the leading facts of the case. Efforts were last evening set on foot by the friends of the two city officials to have the brother arrested and placed under bonds to keep the peace. This, however, would involve an exposure of the whole affair, which the parties are naturally anxious to avoid. We have the names of all concerned in the affair, but do not care, in the present stage of the transaction, to make them public.

RELIC OF OLD JOHN BROWN.—Adjutant General Wm. H Richardson has in his possession a stout heart pine cane, made from the cross piece of the gallows from which the old reprobate, John Brown, was suspended, at Charlestown, Va. It seems that after the execution of Brown and his compatriots the timber used to effect that object was purchased and made into sticks, one of which was sent as a present to the Adjutant General.—*Richmond (Va.) Examiner.*

COLLECTING FURS AT RED RIVER.—A fur merchant of St. Paul, Minnesota, went up to Red river in the spring to buy furs from the hunters on their return from the plains. He secured fifty bales of buffalo robes, three hundred prime martens, and seven hundred fine minks. He intends returning in 1861, prepared with the cash to do a much larger business.

FOR the production of the single article of hay for the New Orleans market, the fertile meadows of Illinois are becoming appreciated; one farmer, south of Urbana, sold last season 1,000 tons of timothy, at $10 per ton; this hay was shipped by the Illinois Central South, and sold for $35 per ton.

GENERAL NEWS.

THE VISIT OF THE PRINCE OF WALES.—The New York *Herald* of yesterday says: "We understand that the despatch in the *Herald* of yesterday—to the effect that the Prince of Wales would positively visit the capital of the United States and the commercial metropolis—as a matter of course created considerable talk about the City Hall, and two parties were immediately formed—one in favor of making a liberal appropriation for his reception, and the other, including the Irish element, very much opposed to it. The aldermen need not 'fash' themselves about the matter. The members from Connemara and Tipperary may make themselves easy in their minds. When the Prince of Wales comes to New York it will be as the Baron Renfrew, and he will be received as a private gentleman, just as the ex-Presidents Van Buren, poor Pierce, and Fillmore were greeted in England. The only formal reception of the Prince will take place at the President's house. He will not accept any municipal hospitalities in the United States, and will escape from being bored almost to death by travelling in semi-incognito. It may seem hard to deprive the corporation from the pleasure of spending a good round sum of the city's money; but they had a good slice of fat out of the Japanese Embassy, and ought to be willing to take back seats for a year or two. At any rate, they can't have the Prince of Wales. He will receive only private hospitality in New York."

The *Herald's* correspondent thus telegraphs from Washington:

"It is considered somewhat remarkable in diplomatic circles that the official notification from the British Government that the Prince of Wales would visit Washington, after a short sojourn in Canada, did not come through the British minister, Lord Lyons. It appears that her Majesty preferred to communicate directly with the President upon this important matter. To say the least, it is a very high compliment to President Buchanan. It also shows that her Majesty is determined, notwithstanding there are one or two very troublesome and perplexing questions now in dispute between the two Governments, to cultivate most friendly relations, and maintain the kindest feelings of amity with the United States."

SUICIDE OF A PROMINENT CITIZEN OF NEW ORLEANS.—About one o'clock this morning, one of the most painful occurrences it has been our duty to chronicle in many a day took place. Mr. Edmond Armand, a gentleman of the first social circle of our creole families, came to his death by suicide. It appears that Mr. Armand had been suffering from an opthalmic complaint for some time, which recently had been aggravated by temporary derangement of the nervous system. This morning, at the hour above named, as he was sitting on the front balcony of his house, on the corner of St. Ann and Bourbon streets, he called his valet, Victor, and ordered him to bring a cup of tea. The servant proceeded to obtain the tea, leaving his master alone on the balcony. At this hour Corporal Fagot and two watchmen were passing, and their attention was attracted to the balcony by cries, in the French language, of "Help! help! I am lost! My God, what have I done? Victor, run for a doctor." The policemen then heard the noise of a fall on the balcony. They immediately entered the house, and found the unfortunate gentleman prostrate, with his throat cut from ear to ear. They then sent for Dr. Vionet, and, by the directions of the valet, removed the body to a room, and when the doctor came he saw there was but a moment more for the struggles of the unhappy gentleman to close his sad death; and the doctor was true in his statements, for Mr. Armand died but a minute after. At 2½ o'clock this morning the coroner was called up to hold the inquest, and did so, the jury rendering a verdict of "Death by suicide." The body was then conveyed to deceased's plantation, in St. James' parish, where it will be buried.—*New Orleans Delta, July 4.*

THE Elmira paper gives the particulars of a case of matrimonial infidelity and its consequences. The wife of a man named Hubbard, residing in that village, about two weeks since left her house, telling her two children she would bring them some candy when she returned. The next that was heard from her she wrote to her husband from Syracuse. Mr. Blanchard immediately repaired to that city, where he found his wife the inmate of a brothel. He returned to Elmira in the condition of a heart-broken maniac, and on Friday night attempted suicide; but was, however, prevented by his friends, who suspected his purpose and watched him. He now lies in jail for safe keeping.

FURTHER HEARING IN THE CASE OF MR. SCHNABLE POSTPONED.—Eleven o'clock Monday morning was set by Justice Clarke for a further hearing in the case of the alleged assault upon Gen. Bowman by Mr. Schnable on last Saturday, the circumstances connected with which we published in our issue of that day. Mr. Schnable was present with his witnesses and counsel, but word being received from the physician of Mr. Bowman that his condition was such as to render it inadvisable for him to leave the house to-day, the case was further postponed until Tuesday, at 10 o'clock.—*Star.*

A COURAGEOUS WOMAN.—The residence of an absent sea-captain in Saybrook, Conn., was visited one evening recently, by a couple of burglars, who demanded entrance, knowing there was no man in the house. The captain's wife inquired who they were, and refused to admit them. They forced the door, and were about to enter, when the heroic woman met them, revolver in hand, warned them that to advance would be death. They caved in and cleared. The *Courant*, which tells the story, says: "Such a woman as that is worth having in the house, and we regret being unable to give her name."

POPULATION STATISTICS.—The South Danvers *Wizard* says that Mr Dalton, who is taking his task in the census for 1860, has completed to exceed 6,500 souls. The State census in 1855 gave 5 358. If there had been no division of territory the town would now have contained 12 000 inhabitants. The Providence *Journal* says the census exhibits a decrease of population in the Fourth ward of that city since 1855, and from the reports in regard to other wards, it is probable that the population of the city does not exceed 50,000.

A WISCONSIN farm mortgager writes to the Milwaukee *Free Democrat*: "If there ever was anything that could in truth be said to have been conceived in sin and brought forth in iniquity, it is this same La Crosse and Milwaukee Railroad! Every tie lies embedded in some poor man's hearth stone—every spike has been driven deep into the affections that cluster around home and its attractions, and every bridge has been suspended by chords that have been torn, with a ruthless clutch, from the bosom of consanguinity and love!"

RAILROADS IN KANSAS.—From the late Leavenworth papers we notice that the city has, by a decided vote at a popular election, agreed to issue $150,000 of bonds to aid the completion of a road fifty miles long, to connect with the St Joseph Railroad. By a treaty lately negotiated with the Delaware Indians, they state also that land enough will be secured to make a railroad from Leavenworth to Fort Riley, a distance of 120 miles on the Pike's Peak route. They are quite jubilant over the railroad prospects.

AT the celebration at Clifton Springs on the 4th, by the premature discharge of a cannon, a Mr. Lovejoy of Clifton, had an arm blown off by the ramrod, and was otherwise sadly injured and mutilated. His dismembered hand was thrown some twenty rods distant, and it struck the side of the Seminary building. His body was nearly stripped of clothing, and was sadly blackened by the powder. A young man named Stanton was badly injured. He had a hand shattered, one eye destroyed, and was terribly burned.

MR. COLLINS PAID.—Mr. E. K. Collins, the enterprising projector of the splendid line of steamships which ran to Liverpool a few years ago, has received his pay in full, and his account with Government is closed. On the last day of the session of Congress, the post-office deficiency bill passed, and in it was a section directing the Secretary of the Navy to pay Mr. Collins the sum of $30,282 72, being the balance, with interest, due to him on account of money withheld. A draft for this sum has been sent to Mr. Collins.—*Nat Int.*

THE Little Rock (Ark.) *Democrat* gives an account of the execution of James Freel, for the murder of Horton. While on the scaffold he made an address, in which he stated that he had only acted in self-defence. He exonerated his wife, (who, it will be remembered, was convicted of murder in the second degree, and sentenced for seven years to the penitentiary,) of any complicity in the killing, and urged that she should be set at liberty.

GEN. J. C. BYNUM, who created such a sensation in New York a few weeks ago, by eloping with a young lady, a student in Springler Institute, lately cowhided a Mr. Leals, at Atlanta, Ga. Leals mentioned Bynum's name in connection with a young lady of that city in an improper manner, whereupon the General waited upon him with a pistol and cowhide, and beat him so badly that he had to go to bed.

THE Messrs. Hardwicke, charged with the killing of Joseph Button, in the late terrible street fight in Lynchburg, Virginia, have been sent on to a court of examination by Mayor Branch, acting as a justice. The case will be heard on the 11th instant. The Lynchburg papers refrain from publishing the evidence, at the request of the mayor.

THE discovery of a copper mine at Acton, Canada East, has created a good deal of excitement in that region. It is said to be very rich, and the story is that the lessee obtained a government grant to work the mine for three years without any consideration, and that he has been offered £232,000, or over $1,000,000, for half of his lease.

THE Boston *Atlas and Bee* says: "About $4 000 of the sum subscribed in New York for the Hayes Arctic Expedition has not been paid. The subscribers excuse themselves on the ground that the expedition does not sail from New York. This is excessively shabby, but quite characteristic. The same sort of spirit kept the Japanese from coming to Boston."

DOGS.—The number of dogs drowned thus far in the big vat of the city marshal's pound-keeper is 1,328; and the amount paid out for the catching of so many stray canines without muzzles on their faces was $334 50. Many of the dogs are daily reclaimed by their owners. But few dogs of a really fine breed die at the hands of the pound-keeper.—*Tribune.*

FIRST BALE OF NEW COTTON.—The first bale of new cotton of the season arrived at New Orleans lately, on the steamship Charles Morgan, from Indianola. It is from the place of R. F. Wolfer, in Lavaca county, Texas, and consigned to Captain Healy, who came passenger in the Charles Morgan, and it is his intention to ship it to New York.

LYMAN KINGSLEY, of Northampton, has a tobacco bed of some thirty feet, upon which he has taken over seventeen thousand plants, setting six thousand himself, and selling eleven thousand at $3 a thousand; the bed still containing about four thousand. There's a big quid for Trask and several quids for other people.

HALF a million of pounds of copper ore have been received at Lavaca from New Mexico the past season.

THE Chicago Zouaves were in Buffalo on Saturday, at Rochester Monday, and will probably be in New York about Thursday of this week.

LAWYERS DECEIVED BY A HORSE THIEF.—Jas. Short has been convicted in the Henderson (Ky.) Circuit Court of horse stealing, and sentenced to the penitentiary for four years. He pretended to be crazy or an idiot, and came near being discharged, but the deceit was discovered, and judgment rendered in accordance with the verdict. Short's idiocy was so perfectly practised that he deceived some of the most experienced members of the Henderson bar, and two of them volunteered speeches in his behalf. Short is said, by one who knows, to be one of the keenest and most expert horse thieves ever known.

CHESAPEAKE AND OHIO CANAL.—The Cumberland *Civilian* of Wednesday says that the canal is not yet in navigable condition, but hopes that by the last of the week the dam will be so far repaired as to admit of the passage of boats. During the season there were 835 boats cleared that port, carrying 92 740 tons of coal.

LIVED TOO LONG.—The Rome (N. Y.) *Sentinel* states that an aged man named Kroop, living in the town of Ava, Oneida county, committed suicide by hanging, a few days ago. His two sons had quarreled about his support, and the father relieved them both by taking himself off. He was 74 years of age.

MR. JOHN BLAKE, a noted bridge builder of Newburyport, Mass., while at work on Friday afternoon last, in the reconstruction of the Essex Merrimack bridge, was precipitated into the river, by the swinging of one of the stringers, and before assistance reached him was drowned.

THE New York *Journal of Commerce* shows by tables that the imports of foreign dry goods at New York for the month ending Saturday are but little over half as large as for the corresponding period of last year, but are considerably in excess of the same period of most previous years.

MASSACHUSETTS papers express fear that the latent condition of the cattle disease during the warm months, by disarming stock-owners of their apprehensions, and inducing a want of caution, will be attended with more disastrous results than heretofore.

THE CHARLESTON *Courier*, of the 6th, says that the thermometer had reached 94 degrees each day since the preceding Monday, and on Wednesday it was at 100 degrees. Besides eight persons who had died in consequence of exposure, a number were seriously ill.

IT is said that the directors of the Grand Trunk Railway Company will institute proceedings against the directors of the Great Eastern steamship for breach of contract, on the faith of which the company made a great outlay for the accommodation of the steamer at Portland.

A LEGAL POINT of interest to the business community is now pending before the New York Court of Appeals. It is to the effect whether United States stocks, held by a bank as part of its capital, can be assessed and taxed by the laws of the State.

THE Chicago *Tribune* says that there are efforts making in that city to erect furnaces for manufacturing iron from the ore of Lake Superior, on a scale commensurate with the wants of the Northwest.

AN affray occurred in Baltimore on Thursday last between a man named John Constantine and another named Joshua Lemmon, which grew out of a game of cards, when Constantine struck Lemmon with a hammer, and killed him.

A MAN named Jennings, of Portage, Mich., was recently buried under a quantity of loose rock produced by a blast, and died of suffocation before he could be extricated, not a single bone having been broken.

A FOOT RACE took place in Louisville, Ky., on Saturday week, and was won by a man named Shults, who ran one hundred yards in nine and a half seconds. The stake was one thousand dollars.

SAXONY, not larger than Rhode Island and Connecticut, keeps 3,550,000 sheep; England and Wales 26,000,000, and the whole United States only 21 000,000.

A THOUSAND dollar carriage, made thirty years ago at Middletown for Gen. Jackson to ride in, has recently been sold for sixteen dollars and fifty cents.

LOCOMOTIVES.—The number of locomotives used on the Erie Railroad, according to the latest returns, is 219. The Baltimore and Ohio Railroad uses 235.

THERE was a large meeting in Cincinnati on Friday evening, at which strong resolutions of sympathy with Garibaldi and the Italian patriots were adopted.

THE Piedmont (Va.) *Independent* says that the German emigration to the West, over the line of the Baltimore and Ohio railroad, is very heavy at the present time.

AN American hay-cutter took the first prize and a gold medal at the exhibition of farming machines in Paris a few weeks ago.

THERE are now eight hundred and sixty-one inmates of Auburn State prison. Three are for one year, to be executed at the end thereof.

THE United States frigate, Niagara, with the Japanese on board, was spoken on the 30th instant, when in lat. 40 14. long. 70 46.

A MEETING of the tobacco planters of Southern Maryland will take place in Upper Marlborough on the 19th inst.

THE store of R. A. Cross, at Toledo, was broken open Thursday night, and $20,000 worth of jewelry taken therefrom.

NIAGARA.—The officers of the Niagara expect to reach Japan in seventy days, to be absent a year, and to visit Palestine before returning.

NEW WHEAT, of the Dayton variety, has appeared in the Rochester market, and been ground into flour.

IN Dallas, Texas, the good people are eating watermelons.

PENNSYLVANIA NEWS.

THE Court of Common Pleas, of Lancaster, Pa., recently decided that widows and single women engaged in store-keeping, whose annual sales do not exceed $500, are exempt from the mercantile tax.

ENLARGING.—The congregation attached to the West Chester Presbyterian Church have resolved to enlarge their church edifice, by the addition of twenty five feet to the rear. The cost of the extension will be $3 000.

RELIC OF THE REVOLUTION.—During the past week, part of a sword was ploughed up on the hills of Valley Forge. On the blade is inscribed '78. It has been presented to the National Artillery, of Norristown.

BOROUGH TAX.—The Town Council of the borough of Pottstown have fixed the rates of taxation, for the present year, at 50 cents to the $100. The valuation is the same as the county assessment.

DIED FROM GLUTTONY.—A man residing at Leiperville, in Delaware county, died a few days ago, from the effects of eating two hundred oysters at one time. It is also reported that he ate a half-peck of cherries on the same day. No wonder that he died!—*Media American.*

LARGE BUTTERFLY.—Mr. J. B. Andrews, of West Chester, caught, a day or two since, two butterflies, of very large dimensions. One of them measures seven inches from tip to tip of wings. They are of brownish color, and belong to the class, we believe, known as Attacus Cecropia.

SUICIDE.—A melancholy suicide occurred in Limerick township, Montgomery county, on Sunday morning last. The person was Mrs Elizabeth Heistand, wife of Mr. Isaac Heistand. She hung herself to a rafter in the garret of her own house. She was about thirty-five years of age, and leaves three children.

CATTLE DYING.—During the past week, we learn that a number of cattle have died in Chester county. Some six died in the vicinity of Chester, three or four of which belonged to Joshua P Eyre. The disease is also said to exist extensively in the vicinity of Philadelphia, and always proving fatal.

THE OLD CHURCH AT TRAPPE.—The old Lutheran church at the Trappe, built in 1743, is being thoroughly repaired. An entire new roof has already been put on, and it is expected the repairs will be completed by the first of August. The committee having it in charge, are the Rev. Mr. Sill, S Gross Fry, and Horace Royer. The Rev. Dr. Muhlenberg, of New York, and a grandson of the founder of the church, it is expected, will preach the first sermon in it after the completion of the work.—*Montgomery Ledger.*

THE CROPS IN BUCKS COUNTY.—The unharvested crops in Bucks county promise an unusually large yield. On the farm of Mr James Jones, in Davisville, there is a field of oats covering two acres; the stalks average four and a half feet in height, are very stout, and the heads well filled. A ten-acre field of timothy and clover, on the same farm, yields so largely that the ordinary mowing machines cannot properly cut down the thickly-set stalks. Mr Jones has expended some $5 000, within the last few years, in manuring sixty-five acres of land, and his undoubtedly accounts for his unusually prolific crops.

A NEAT INVENTION.—Mr. Jacob Ebenhardinger, a blacksmith of New Hanover township, Montgomery county, has recently invented a very neat and convenient four-wheeled carriage or wagon, to be propelled by manual labor. The occupant has a seat something like a sulkey, and guides the machine with one hand and propels it with the other, with the aid of treadles under the feet. It can be moved with facility upon all roads, up hill and down, and on the level will accomplish, in the hands of its inventor, a mile in some three or four minutes. It is designed, we believe, to exhibit the machine at some of our neighboring agricultural exhibitions.—*Montgomery Ledger.*

FRUIT CROP IN CHESTER COUNTY.—The apple crop of Chester county will be a failure for 1860. It was destroyed by late ice in the spring. Nevertheless here and there an orchard may be found which is an exception to the failure. We may mention three or four gentlemen who will have good crops of apples—David Engle, James Mendenhall, Reuben Walton, and John Wilson, all in New Garden. Lucky fellows! Mr Mendenhall's orchard, of an acre and a quarter, it is estimated, will probably produce not less than four hundred bushels. The winter russets—of which he has seven trees—hang on the limbs like ropes of onions. The trees are heavily laden. Apples will be in demand this year.

HARVEST IN CHESTER COUNTY.—The farmers of Chester county are now engaged in harvesting one of the heaviest crops of wheat they have ever raised. With here and there an exception, where it has been knocked down by the hail, the crop is an excellent one. The straw is of tall growth, and the heads are well filled, without mildew or blight of any kind. In the northern townships of the county bordering along the Schuylkill, the harvest generally commences a week earlier than in other sections of the county, and many of the farmers in the Vincents, Pikeland, and Coventries, have already housed a large portion of their grain in good order. This week, should the weather continue favorable, the larger part of the crop throughout the county will be harvested.—*Village Record.*