THE PRESS,
PUBLISHED DAILY (SUNDAYS EXCEPTED)
BY JOHN W. FORNEY.
OFFICE NO. 417 CHESTNUT STREET.

DAILY PRESS.
TWELVE CENTS PER WEEK, payable to the Carriers.
Mailed to Subscribers out of the City at SIX DOLLARS PER ANNUM, FOUR DOLLARS FOR EIGHT MONTHS; THREE DOLLARS FOR SIX MONTHS—invariably in advance for the time ordered.

TRI-WEEKLY PRESS.
Mailed to subscribers out of the City at THREE DOLLARS PER ANNUM, in advance.

STATIONERY.
1860. NEW FIRMS AND CHANGES. 1860.
WM. F. MURPHY & SONS.
No. 839 CHESTNUT STREET,
Below Fourth,
PRACTICAL MANUFACTURERS OF
BLANK BOOKS,
Made of Linen Stock.
Special Orders promptly executed.
Checks, Drafts, Notes, Copying, Presses, Letter and Note Papers and Envelopes, with a choice stock of 4W-3m COUNTING-HOUSE STATIONERY.

BOOTS AND SHOES.
HAZELL & HARMER,
MANUFACTURERS
AND
WHOLESALE DEALERS
IN
BOOTS AND SHOES,
NO. 128 NORTH THIRD STREET.
A full assortment of City made Boots and Shoes constantly on hand. s10-tf

WATCHES, JEWELRY, &c.
SILVER WARE.
WM. WILSON & SON
Invite special attention to their stock of SILVER WARE, which is now unusually large, affording a variety of pattern and design unsurpassed by any house in the United States, and of finer quality than is manufactured in this or any part of the world.
Our Standard of Silver is 935-1000 parts pure.
The English Sterling.....925-1000 "
American and French.....900-1000
Thus it will be seen that we give thirty-five parts purer than the American and French coin, and ten parts purer than the English Sterling. We melt all our own Silver, and we guarantee the quality as above (935), which is the *finest that can be made to be serviceable*, and will resist the action of acids *much better than the ordinary Silver manufactured.*
WM. WILSON & SON,
S. W. CORNER FIFTH AND CHERRY STS.
N. B.—Any fineness of Silver manufactured as agreed upon, but *positively none inferior to French and American standard.*
Dealers supplied with the same standard as used in our retail department.
Fine Silver Bars, 999-1000 parts pure, constantly on hand. au24-6m

HARDWARE PACKAGE HOUSES.
HANDY & BRENNER,
NOS. 92, 94, AND 97 NORTH FIFTH STREET
PHILADELPHIA,
WHOLESALE COMMISSION MERCHANTS,
For the sale of all kinds of
AMERICAN MANUFACTURED HARDWARE,
AND IMPORTERS OF
GERMAN, BELGIAN, FRENCH, AND ENGLISH
HARDWARE AND CUTLERY,
Keep constantly on hand a large stock of Goods to supply Hardware Dealers.
BUTCHER'S FILES,
By the cask or otherwise.
BUTCHER'S EDGE TOOLS,
BUTCHER'S STEEL OF VARIOU KINDS.
WRIGHT'S PATENT ANVILS AND VICES,
SHIP CHAIN,
And other kinds in every variety.
SOLE AGENTS FOR
SHARP'S REPEATER PISTOL,
WEIGHING ONLY 2¾ OUNCES.
SHARP'S NEW MODEL RIFLES AND PISTOLS.
EDWARD S. HANDY. JNO. G. BRENNER. C. P. BRENNER.
au29-tf

PACKAGE HARDWARE HOUSE.—We call the attention of the Country Hardware Trade to our extensive Stock of BIRMINGHAM HARDWARE, which we offer at a small advance for the package.
Orders for direct importation solicited, and Goods delivered either in this city, New York, or Boston.
W. G. LEWIS & Son,
421 COMMERCE Street.
Importing and Commission Merchants,
And Agents for Foreign and Domestic Hardware.
au25-tf

HOUSE-FURNISHING GOODS.
GOODS FOR THE SEASON.
BRONZED FENDERS AND IRONS,
STEEL FIRE SETS, FOOT WARMERS,
BLOWER STANDS, PLATE WARMERS, HOT WATER DISHES, &c., &c.,
AT THE
HOUSE-FURNISHING STORES,
NOS. 929 AND 1226 CHESTNUT STREET.
JNO. A. MURPHEY & CO.
o18-wfmtf

DRUGS, CHEMICALS, &c.
DRUGS, GLASS, PAINTS, &c.
ROBT. SHOEMAKER & CO.
NORTHEAST CORNER
FOURTH AND RACE STREETS,
WHOLESALE DRUGGISTS,
Importers and Dealers in WINDOW GLASS, PAINTS, &c., invite the attention of
COUNTRY MERCHANTS
To their large stock of Goods, which they offer at the lowest market rates. oct-tf

SCALES.
FAIRBANKS' PLATFORM SCALES.
For sale by FAIRBANKS & EWING,
c22-tf 715 CHESTNUT Street, Phila.

MEDICINAL.
MRS. WINSLOW,
AN EXPERIENCED NURSE AND FEMALE Physician, presents to the attention of mothers her
SOOTHING SYRUP
FOR CHILDREN TEETHING,
which greatly facilitates the process of teething, by softening the gums, reducing all inflammation; it will allay ALL PAIN and spasmodic action, and is
SURE TO REGULATE THE BOWELS.
Depend upon it, mothers, it will give rest to yourselves and
RELIEF AND HEALTH TO YOUR INFANTS.
We have seen and sold for many years of its operation, and can say in truth and conscience that what we have never been able to say of any other medicine—NEVER HAS IT FAILED in a SINGLE INSTANCE to effect a cure, when used according to the directions, by any one of ordinary skill and intelligence; we speak what we know as the result of our own personal observation, and pledge our judgment of what we have declared to be the truth in this matter. We have never met a mother who has used it but was delighted with its operation, and testified to its magical effects and medical virtues. We speak what we know, after ten years' experience, and pledge our reputation for the fulfilment of our word. In almost every case in which this infant preparation is used, relief may be expected within twenty minutes after the Syrup is administered.
This invaluable preparation is the prescription of one of the most EXPERIENCED and SKILLFUL nurses in the United States, and has been used with never-failing success in
THOUSANDS
OF CASES.
It not only relieves the child from pain, but invigorates the stomach and bowels, corrects acidity, and gives tone and energy to the whole system. It will GIVE REST TO THE MOTHER, and relief and health to the child, by relieving the BOWELS AND WIND COLIC, and overcoming convulsions, which, if not speedily remedied, are fatal to the life of the child. We have seen the SYRUP administered in CHOLERA IN CHILDREN, in cases in which all else failed, and in every case it gave immediate relief. We do not hesitate to recommend it to the faculty, as we do to all mothers, as the best medicine in the world for the relief and health of children, in all cases where it is administered, whether it arises from teething or from any other cause. We would say to every mother who has children, do not let your prejudices, if you have any, prevent your giving your children the benefit of the relief that will be SURE to follow the timely use of this medicine. Full directions for using will accompany each bottle. None genuine unless the fac-simile of CURTIS & PERKINS, New York, is on the outside wrapper.
Sold by Druggists throughout the world. Principal Office, No. 13 CEDAR Street, New York. Price 25 cents a bottle. jy18-1y

NAVAL STORES.
500 bbls Spirits Turpentine,
300 do Crude Turpentine,
2000 do Shipping Rosin,
100 do Tar,
325 do Pitch, in store and for sale by
ROWLEY, ASHBURNER & Co.,
631 No. 16 SOUTH WHARVES.

J. NICHOLSON,
Manufacturer of
SHIRTS, LINENS AND CARSEILLES
BOSOMS AND COLLARS
A large and choice assortment, and WELL MADE, always on hand, since which I particularly invite the attention of cash and prompt-paying SHORT TIME buyers.
S. E. corner of SECOND and ARCH Streets, Philadelph. ja18-3m*

RAD LIQUORICE—For sale by WETHERILL & BROTHER, 47 and 49 NORTH SECOND Street. ja10

TAR AND PITCH.—250 bbls. Wilmington Tar; 200 kegs Wilmington Tar; 350 bbls. Pitch in store and for sale by ROWLEY, ASHBURNER & CO., No. 16 S. Wharves. ja21

CODFISH.—500 qtls, Extra Grand Bank Codfish, in store and for sale by
W. J. LAYLOR & CO.,
ja23 122 and 124 NORTH Wharves.

SAL SODA—For sale by WETHERILL & BROTHER, 47 and 49 NORTH SECOND Street. ja10

FRENCH WINDOW GLASS on hand, and for sale by WETHERILL & BROTHER, 47 and 49 North SECOND Street.

ALCOHOL, FLUID, and PINE OIL, in bbls. and half barrels, manufactured fresh, daily, and delivered free of porterage, for sale by ROWLEY, ASHBURNER, & CO., 16 S. WHARVES. ja24

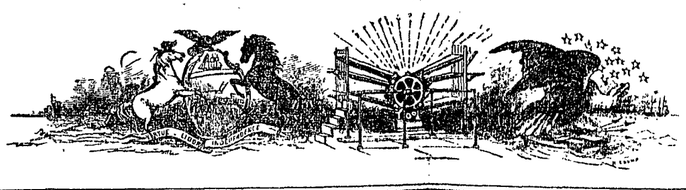
CHEESE.—375 boxes Herkimer County Cheese, in store, and for sale by C. C. SADLER & CO., 4 ROW street, 2d door above Front. ja21

HAVANA CIGARS.—A full assortment, just received, in store and bond. The attention of dealers is invited.
R. FUGUIT & SONS,
de8-tf No. 216 South FRONT Street.

HORSES TAKEN TO WINTER on a Farm in Delaware county. Excellent stables and experienced Grooms. Apply No. 624 WALNUT Street, second story. d20-tf

PEPPER.—An invoice received, and for sale by WETHERILL & BROTHER,
s28 Nos. 47 and 49 North SECOND Street.

The Press.



VOL. 3.—NO. 152. PHILADELPHIA, FRIDAY, JANUARY 27, 1860. TWO CENTS.

RETAIL DRY GOODS.
LADIES' FANCY FURS.
GEO. F. WOMRATH,
NOS. 415 AND 417 ARCH STREET,
HAS NOW OPEN HIS USUAL
CHOICE ASSORTMENT OF FURS,
Made of stock selected by himself in Europe during the past Spring. oc23-3m

FURNISHING DRY GOODS.
SHARPLESS BROTHERS have replenished their Stock of Staple Goods of their own importation.
Barnsley and Irish Linen Sheetings.
Irish Pillow and Bolster Linens.
Shirting Linens from best Bleacheries.
Linen Damask and Damask Cloths.
Damask Napkins and D'Oyles.
Huckaback, Russia and Damask Towels.
Colored Bordered Damask Towels.
Russia, Crash and American Linens.
Rops, Worsted Damasks, Satin Laine.
Lace Curtains, Embroidered Muslins.
Figured Lastings, Moreens, Druggetts.
Cloth, Table and Piano Covers.
Buff, Blue and Green Shade Hollands.
English and American fine Blankets.
Marseilles Quilts of every quality.
Muslins, Sheetings, Flannels and Shirtings.
ja17 801 and 803 CHESTNUT Street.

BARGAINS FOR SIX WEEKS.
THORNLEY & CHISM, N. E. corner EIGHTH and SPRING GARDEN, would respectfully inform the public generally that from now (January 14, 1860,) until the 1st of March they will
SELL GOODS REGARDLESS OF PROFITS!
They have an excellent stock of
Long Broche Shawls.
English and American Blankets,
Best shirting and Sheeting Muslins.
Linens of our own importation.
Flannels, Cloths and Cassimeres.
A good many Cloaks still on hand.
A Lot of GLOVES OF FANCY SILKS.
Best make of black silks.
Merinoes, De Laines, German Poplin Plaids, &c.
Many of the above goods will be sold
MUCH UNDER COST PRICE!
N. B.—It will pay to give us a call. ja14

4-4 WAMSUTTA SHIRTINGS, SOFT FINISH, just opened.
4-4 Mesopotamia Shirting, at 12½ cents.
4-4 Irish Shirting and Fronting Linens.
7/8 and 4-4 Unbleachable Flannels.
Super do for Infants' Shawls.
Large Stock of Paris Embroideries *very cheap*, viz: Sets Collars and Sleeves, Collars, Embroidered Linen Cambric Handkerchiefs, &c.
Ladies and Gents' Linen Cambric Handkerchiefs, in great variety.
Gents' Silk Handkerchiefs, Black Cravats, and Neckties.
FANCY GOODS in variety.
WINTER STOCK reduced in price, of all kinds.
DRESS GOODS.
Blanket and Broche Shawls.
Red and Crib Blankets.
Black Clocking Cloths.
Cloaks, Ready Made.
Silk Velvet, &c., &c.
GREAT REDUCTION until February 1st, whilst taking stock. CHARLES ADAMS,
ja14-tf EIGHTH and ARCH Streets.

HOSIERY GOODS.—J. WM. HOFMANN, No. 9 NORTH EIGHTH Street, has now open his Fall Stock of Hosiery Goods, viz: Uptowns and Drawers of Cartwright and Warner's superior manufacture, for ladies' and misses' wear, Merino Shirts and Drawers, for gents and youths. Merino Hosiery, Cotton Hosiery, Woollen Hosiery, Gloves and Gauntlets, and goods generally appertaining to the Hosiery business. J. W. H. respectfully solicits the attention of families to his stock, assuring them that his stock is excelled for variety by any other in the city, and that his prices are as low as those of any other regular house.
N. B.—No abatement made from the prices named. s21-wfmtf

BLUE PLAID FLANNELS.
Elegant Broche Shawls.
Fine Cloth Cloaks.
Woollen Love Shawls.
Pretty 20 and 25 cent Delaines.
$2.25 and $2.50 Wool Robes, worth $7 and $8.
Finest Black Mousselines, 38 to 56 cents.
51 cent all-wool Plaids.
CASSIMERES.
$1.25 for Best Fancy Cassimeres.
Good Goods at $1, $1.10, and $1.15.
Satinetts and Cassimeres, 40 to 75 cents.
Yeomans' Very cheap.
50 cent fast-drab Silk Hose and Drawers.
Gloves, Ties, Hdkfs, &c., auction lots.
COOPER & JONES,
ja14 NINTH and MARKET.
N. B.—LINEN GOODS, a large and desirable stock of every description. ja10

THORNLEY & CHISM,
Northeast corner EIGHTH and SPRING GARDEN Streets, would invite attention to their stock of
IRISH LINEN HDKFS., &c.
Of their own direct importation, which they can confidently recommend.
Also, an excellent stock of
Shirting and Sheeting Muslins.
English and American Blankets and Flannels.
Cloths, Cassimeres, and Satinetts.
Marseilles Quilts and Comfortables, &c.
Balance of Cloaks and Broche and Blanket Shawls selling at less than cost!
Rich Fancy Silks very cheap.
Best makes of Black Silks, &c.
All our stock will be found desirable. ja6

COMMISSION HOUSES.
FARRELL & MORRIS,
832 CHESTNUT STREET,
IMPORTERS,
AND
COMMISSION MERCHANTS
CLOTHS,
CASSIMERES,
DOESKINS, AND
SATINETS.
SPRING AND
SUMMER COATINGS,
MANTELETS,
PANTALOON STUFFS,
d17-4m &c., &c.

FROTHINGHAM & WELLS,
35 LETITIA STREET, AND 34 SOUTH FRONT STREET.
COTTONADES.
Suitable for both Clothiers and Jobbers, in large variety.
SUMMER COATINGS AND CASHMERETS
Made by Washington Mills.
Orders taken for these desirable goods for Spring trade. n17-tf

SHIPLEY, HAZARD, & HUTCHINSON,
NO 119 CHESTNUT ST.,
COMMISSION MERCHANTS
FOR THE SALE OF
PHILADELPHIA-MADE GOODS.
s6-6m

PREPARED GLUE.
SPALDING'S
PREPARED GLUE!
"A STITCH IN TIME SAVES NINE."
ECONOMY! DISPATCH!
SAVE THE PIECES!
As accidents will happen, even in well-regulated families, it is very desirable to have some cheap and convenient way for repairing Furniture, Toys, Crockery, &c.
SPALDING'S PREPARED GLUE
meets all such emergencies, and no household can afford to be without it. It is always ready and up to the sticking point. There is no longer a necessity for limping chairs, splintered viseers, headless dolls, and broken cradles. It is just the article for cone, shell, and other ornamental work, so popular with ladies of refinement and taste.
This admirable preparation is used cold, being chemically held in solution, and possessing all the valuable qualities of the best cabinet-makers' glue. It may be used in the place of ordinary mucilage, being vastly more adhesive.
"USEFUL IN EVERY HOUSE."
N. B. A brush accompanies each bottle.
PRICE TWENTY-FIVE CENTS.
Wholesale Depot, No. 48 CEDAR Street, New York.
Address
HENRY C. SPALDING & CO.,
Box No. 3500, New York.
Put up for Dealers in Cases containing four, eight, and twelve dozen, a beautiful Lithographic SHOW-CARD accompanying each package.
☞ A single bottle of
SPALDING'S PREPARED GLUE
will save ten times its cost annually to every household.
Sold by all prominent Stationers, Druggists, Hardware and Furniture Dealers, Grocers, and Fancy Stores.
Country Merchants should make a note of
SPALDING'S PREPARED GLUE,
when making up their list.
IT WILL STAND ANY CLIMATE.
s26-mwf-y

MARTIN & QUAYLE'S
STATIONERY, TOY, AND FANCY GOODS
EMPORIUM,
1036 WALNUT STREET,
BELOW ELEVENTH, PHILADELPHIA.
Constantly on hand Perfumery and Toilet Articles.

VINEGAR.—100 bbls. Clarified Cider Vinegar, in store and for sale by ROWLEY, ASHBURNER, & CO., 16 SOUTH WHARVES. ja24

RICE.—Prime retailing Charleston Rice for sale by JAMES GRAHAM & CO., LETITIA Street. ja6

REFINED SUGAR.—500 bbls. crushed, coarse, and fine pulverized A coffee and yellow Sugar, for sale by JAMES GRAHAM & CO., LETITIA Street.

HAMS AND SHOULDERS.—2,300 Pieces City-Smoked Hams and Shoulders. Also, 800 Pieces extra sugar-cured Hams, for sale by C. C. SADLER & CO., ARCH Street, 2d door above Front.

GUM GUAIACUM.—Strained, for sale by WETHERILL & BROTHER,
ja9 47 and 49 North SECOND Street.

WM. D. KELLEY AND GEORGE A. COFFEY, Attorneys at Law, have removed to 138 South SIXTH Street, below Chestnut. ja21-1m

DRY-GOODS JOBBERS.
JOSHUA L. BAILY,
IMPORTER AND JOBBER
OF
FANCY AND STAPLE DRY GOODS,
No. 213 MARKET Street,
PHILADELPHIA,
Invites attention to a large
AND VERY COMPLETE ASSORTMENT
OF
LINEN GOODS,
Of his own importation,
NOW OPEN.
IRISH TABLE LINENS,
SCOTCH TABLE LINENS,
BARNSLEY TABLE LINENS,
NAPKINS AND D'OYLIES,
BIRD EYE LINENS,
HUCK AND DIAPER TOWELLINGS,
BORDERED TOWELS,
IRISH SHIRTING LINENS,
PILLOW CASE LINENS,
LINEN TABLE CLOTHS,
LINEN CAMBRIC HANDKERCHIEFS,
&c., &c., &c.,
In all sizes, styles, and qualities,
FROM
THE BEST BLEACHERIES,
COMPRISING
One of the choicest lines of
LINEN GOODS,
TO BE FOUND IN THIS MARKET.
For sale at a small advance on the
COST OF IMPORTATION.
TO
CASH AND PROMPT SIX-MONTHS BUYERS.
ja21-tf

CARPETINGS.
CARPETS.
P. A. ELIOT & CO., Nos. 32 and 34 North FRONT Street, are the SOLE AGENTS in Philadelphia for the ROXBURY CARPET COMPANY, and have constantly for sale a full assortment of VELVET and TAPESTRY CARPETS, of choice patterns.
Also, a large supply of the various kinds of CARPETS manufactured in Philadelphia city and county, from nearly all the best manufacturers.
Dealers will find it to their interest to call and examine these goods, which are offered for sale on the most favorable terms.
N. B.—F. A. ELIOT & CO. being the Sole Agents in Philadelphia for the sale of the Worsted and Carpet Yarns made by the Knoxville Mills (formerly the New Eng'and Worsted Company,) and being agents also for the Baldwin, Wilton, and Abbott Companies, have peculiar facilities for keeping constantly for sale the various kinds of Carpets manufactured in Philadelphia, on the most favorable terms. ja17-3m

PAPER HANGINGS, &c.
TO CLOSE BUSINESS.
HART, MONTGOMERY, & CO.,
NO. 322 CHESTNUT STREET,
Will sell out, through this winter and next spring, their large stock of
PAPER HANGINGS,
Consisting of every variety connected with the business,
AT GREATLY REDUCED PRICES.
FINE FRENCH PAPERS AT 50 PER CENT. BELOW COST.
Persons wanting their Houses Papered, can get great
BARGAINS. ja18-tf

MILLINERY GOODS.
FOR
EVENING PARTIES
BERTHAS,
CAPES, SETS,
SLEEVES, and CUFFS,
In Real Lace, Crape, Illusion,
Blond and Imitation,
in great varieties, of the
NEWEST STYLES.
Also,
4-4, 6-4, 8-4, 9-4, 10-4 ILLUSION,
TARLATANS, CRAPES, &c.,
Much below the usual prices.
WARBURTON'S,
1004 CHESTNUT Street, above Tenth Street,
806 South SECOND Street, below Spruce.
ja12-tf

729. NEW 729.
FLOWER & FEATHER STORE,
729 CHESTNUT STREET.
Closing out, at GREATLY REDUCED PRICES, our entire stock of
HEAD DRESSES, BRIDAL WREATHS,
FRENCH FLOWERS, FEATHERS, AND MILLINERY GOODS.
THOS. KENNEDY & BRO.,
729 CHESTNUT ST., AND 43 S. SECOND ST.
oc22-3m

SEWING MACHINES.
WHEELER & WILSON
SEWING MACHINES.
HENRY COY, Agent,
632 CHESTNUT STREET, SECOND FLOOR,
Machines, with Operators, on hire by Private Families.
BRANCH OFFICES:
7 West STATE Street, Trenton, N. J.
110 CENTRAL SQUARE, Easton, Pa. ja19-6m

CIGARS, TOBACCO, &c.
ESTABLISHED 1760.
PETER LORILLARD,
SNUFF & TOBACCO MANUFACTURER,
16 and 18 CHAMBERS STREET,
(Formerly 42 Chatham street, New York.)
Would call the especial attention of Grocers and Friends to his removal, and also the articles of his manufacture, viz:
BROWN SNUFF.
Macaboy, Demigrois,
Fine Rappee, Pure Virginia,
Congaree, Honey Dew,
American Gentleman, Copenhagen,
YELLOW SNUFF.
Scotch, Fresh Scotch,
High Toast Scotch, Irish High Toast,
Honey Dew Scotch, Lundyfoot.
TOBACCO.
SMOKING. FINE CUT CHEWING. SMOKING.
No. 1, P. A. L., or plain, St. Jago,
No. 2, Cavendish, or sweet, Spanish,
Nos. 1 & 2, mix'd, Sweet Scented, Orinoco, Cavalier,
Kitafoot, Tin Foil Cavendish, Pure Turkish.
A Circular of Prices will be sent on application.
N. B.—Note the new article of *fresh* Scotch Snuff, which will be found a superior article for dipping purposes.
HAVANA CIGARS.—A handsome assortment now landing from brigs "Kossuth" and "Alfred Exall," and for sale low by
CHARLES TEFT,
ja20-10t 150 WALNUT Street.

300,000 HAVANA CIGARS—Comprising
Figaros, Partagas,
Hijos de Oro, Regalias,
Epinanos, Portos,
Palmas, Veguetos,
Laludaria, Cabanas, &c., &c.,
of different sizes and qualities, now landing, in store, and for sale by
ja20-10t 150 WALNUT Street.

COLORED PHOTOGRAPHS!
IVORYTYPES.
DAGUERREOTYPES!
AT
McCLEES',
NO. 626 CHESTNUT STREET,
Below Seventh (opposite Jayne's Hall).
$1. PLAIN PHOTOGRAPHS. $1.
Those who desire a really splendid
PHOTOGRAPH
Should call at the
THE OLDEST-ESTABLISHED AND MOST EXTENSIVE PHOTOGRAPH GALLERY IN THE STATE.
Copies of DAGUERREOTYPES or Ambrotypes, of any size, finished in CRAYON, OIL, WATER-COLOR, PASTEL, or as IVORYTYPES. d12-2m

JUS TRECEIVED, PER
VIGO,
A consignment of new and beautiful
STEREOSCOPIC VIEWS,
which we offer at very reasonable prices.
EDWARD PARRISH,
ja21-tf 800 ARCH Street.

BURNING FLUID, ALCOHOL, AND PINE OIL, in barrels and half barrels, manufactured and for sale by ROWLEY, ASHBURNER & CO., No. 16 S. Wharves. ja21

MACKEREL.—485 bbls. Nos. 1, 2, and 3 Mackerel, in assorted Original Packages, of the latest catch, for sale by C. C. SADLER & CO., ARCH street, 2d door above Front. ja21

MESS MACKEREL—A fine invoice of bbls., hfs., qrs., and kits Newburyport inspection. Also, a small lot of Halifax large No. 1 Mackerel, in store and for sale by W. J. LAYLOR & CO.,
ja17 122 and 124 NORTH WHARVES.

JAVA COFFEE.—1,000 pockets prime Java Coffee, for sale by JAMES GRAHAM & CO., LETITIA Street. ja9

SKELETON SKIRTS.
1860. SPRING FASHION. 1860.
WOVEN GORE TRAIL
SKELETON SKIRTS,
MODE DE PARIS.
OSBORNE & CHEESMAN,
ANSONIA, CONNECTICUT,
ARE THE SOLE MANUFACTURERS OF THESE CELEBRATED FASHIONABLE SKIRTS.
Their Goods are all made with special reference to the wants of a critical trade, and they are confident that for
SYMMETRY OF FORM,
QUALITY OF MATERIAL, and
PERFECTION OF WORKMANSHIP,
THEY ARE UNEQUALLED IN THIS OR IN ANY OTHER COUNTRY.
Being made under both the "Extension" and "Woven Skirt Patents," there is no liability for infringement.
Our facilities enable us to fill promptly the largest orders.
For sale everywhere by the Trade.
P. S.—Ladies should be particular to see that "Woven Gore Trail, made by Osborne & Cheesman," is printed distinctly on the band, as an evidence of genuineness.
ja23 ds&wmfsn

COPARTNERSHIP NOTICES.
LITTLE & STOKES.
Have this day associated with them
JOHN F. BODINE
AND
THEODORE A. MEHL,
And will continue the
IMPORTING AND COMMISSION BUSINESS
As heretofore, at No. 232 CHESTNUT street, under the style and title of
LITTLE, STOKES, & CO.
Referring to the above, we respectfully invite the attention to examination of our Stock, which will embrace a full and complete assortment of
FOREIGN DRESS AND STUFF GOODS,
Together with the various products
THE PACIFIC MILLS,
AS ALSO
PORTSMOUTH AND HADLEY LAWNS.
We also have the exclusive Agency for the Market of JAMES BLACK & CO.'S CELEBRATED PRINTINGS,
In addition to which, we would call your attention to a complete assortment of
GOODS SUITED TO MEN'S WEAR,
Including the various grades of
BIOLLEY'S CLOTHS, CASSIMERES,
AND DOESKINS.
Philadelphia, Jan. 2, 1860. ja3 mwfm 1y

The Press.

FRIDAY, JANUARY 27, 1860.

Prospects of Italy.

The steamer from Europe, now due, will probably bring intelligence respecting the Congress, of which it may be said—

"To be, or not to be? that is the question."

The last advices left it slightly doubtful whether the Congress really would assemble. Great preparations had been made in Paris for the reception and accommodation of the diplomatists. Since the treaties of Vienna were signed, in 1815, there has been nothing so much like a thoroughly *European* Congress as this—provided always that it take place. The "Holy Alliance" consisted of only the great Powers, but now it is proposed that the greater number of the European sovereignties shall be represented, and have a voice, the Papacy itself included.

Delays in holding this Conference, avowedly called to adjust the troubled affairs of Italy, would unquestionably be of advantage to the Italian Duchies. Time is the chief thing which they need. Let them be uninterfered with until May, and they may be safely looked upon as secure. NAPOLEON'S policy, so far as that most inscrutable man allows it to be seen, appears very simple—viz, not to allow the Duchies to be saddled with their old rulers. England appears also much disposed to veto any attempt to force back these Princes upon an irritated and justly indignant race of patriotic men. Prussia's policy would be to oppose whatever would strengthen Austria, which such restorations would, and Austria, evidently sick of the contest, besides being nearly bankrupt, cannot desire to precipitate a new war by giving physical force against the Italians.

The result of the war of 1859, we expect, will be to restore Independence to the Italian Duchies, and to separate the Romagna from the estates of the Church. The Pope, it seems apparent, has actually lost the Romagna as much as the Emperor of Austria has lost Lombardy.

Letter from Washington.

[Correspondence of The Press.]

WASHINGTON, Jan. 25, 1860.

Hon. Lawrence M. Keitt, of South Carolina, occupied about two hours in a speech, one half of which was in review of Mr. Corwin's effort of yesterday, and the remainder in defence and exposition of Southern principles. The latter portion was that nearest to the heart of the speaker, and more suited to his fervid powers. He was enthusiastic for his section, and sooner than yield its rights, would pull down the whole fabric of the Union. In this, he carried out the views of his colleague, Mr. Boyce. Mr. Keitt's manner is peculiar. His brain, so to speak, is quite active and impetuous, and his body, or rather its action, self-possessed. His voice sometimes has an effective mellowness, but suddenly breaks into a shrill and bitter tone, which is not thoroughly articulate. His brain is of a metaphysical cast, and on matters of analysis he is much better than on matters of passion.

Mr. Boteler, of Virginia, followed, but, rather suggestively, disclaimed any idea of indulging in any pyrotechnic displays of rhetoric. He desired not to excite the feelings of any, but to allay the excitement already existing. Branching into the Harper's Ferry outrage, he complimented Senator Mason, who was on the floor, and felt that the investigating committees of Virginia, and the Senate, having that affair in course of analysis, would conclusively prove that the agitation of leading Republicans was wholly accountable for it. But Virginia would see that such disturbances should have an end. She had too blindly depended on the paternal care of the Central Government. Now she has buckled on her own armor. He announced himself as the author of the paper pledging members to oppose, by all parliamentary expedients, the adoption of the plurality rule. He was proud of it as a Virginian, and was ready to eat, drink, live, or, if need be, die on the floor, to prevent the plurality rule.

I see by the report of the Regent of the Mount Vernon Association that the amount necessary for the complete purchase of the Potomac property has been raised and paid to John A. Washington, with the exception of about five thousand dollars. Surely the women of America have done nobly in putting their gentle generosity between the home of Washington and desolation. Yet a couple of hundred thousand dollars will be needed to restore and beautify the hallowed spot, and an income of several thousand for its suitable care and maintenance in future. The dilapidated state of our Washington Monument rises before my vision and warns me that in all probability something more will be necessary than soliciting subscriptions. The women of America have done much, and done it gloriously; still I doubt not but that the controllers and directors of the Mount Vernon Association will devise some practical means of raising the three hundred thousand dollars necessary to prevent all their past efforts from falling into uselessness, for want of funds to preserve that which they have purchased.

It seems to me at this particular juncture, when all the country is looking towards the city and participating to a great extent in the wild notions propounded here, that nothing better could be placed before the country and put into the hands of families than something which might act as an antidote. What could be better than the "Constitution of the United States," or the immortal "Farewell Address of George Washington," gotten up in an attractive style, which would make it welcome to the parlor, and the boudoir as well as the library? Who could better offer this balsam to the wounded feelings of the country than the noble women who are striving to save to posterity and for the Union—the *whole* Union—the home of the immortal chief, of the sage and hero who gave us the Union? None could better interpose between the exciting rivalries of party than the Mount Vernon Association. By this means they would confer a benefit on the country and raise the money which is necessary to complete their grand design. All parties would be for it, in homage to Washington. Yesterday, Corwin, on the part of the North, invoked his name; to-day, as I write, Keitt, on the part of the South, is boasting of their love for him. Men of all parties would purchase the Farewell Address. Then, again, a large class of the people would not object, I think, to having a *quid pro quo* for their ostensible subscription for the purchase of the home of Washington, or the elevation of the National Monument to him. We are a practical people. It has been the great element of our success; and we cannot complain *much* if even our patriotism takes or suggests a practical turn.

I firmly believe, by some such means as I have suggested, the National Monument could be capped in a short time; or the amount raised, through their excellent organization, which the Ladies' Association need for the continued preservation of the Mount Vernon shrine.

Apropos of Washington: preparations are being already made for the inauguration of the equestrian statue by Clark Millson the 22d of the coming month.

The Washington Art Association will open their exhibition in the first week of February. The last one was very fine, and I hear that some of the most prominent artists in New York and Philadelphia have promised to contribute to the walls.

As I close Mr. Ashmore, of South Carolina, the successor of Mr. Orr, severely alluded to the ostensible report of the proceedings which appeared in the *Herald*, in which Mr. Pryor's denunciation of Bennett was omitted, and a couple of scandalous phrases interpolated by the editors in New York.

EZEK RICHARDS.

A MAN SPLIT IN TWO BY A SAW.—A terrible accident happened at a saw-mill in Davis county, Iowa, a few days ago. An employee, named Hedden Lasley, was standing on the log carriage of the mill, rather forward of the saw, when, on a light jar, he lost his balance and fell on it, first cutting off his left hand, by which it seems he wanted to protect the rest of his body from falling on the saw; yet he fell on it, the saw cutting from the top of the hip downward diagonally through the leg and coming out nearly where it joins the body. Medical attendance was immediately procured, but nothing could save the unfortunate man's life.—*St Louis Republican.*

A BLACK JOKE.—A negro wag at New Orleans, the other day, engaged twenty-one carriages to go to a funeral. The train of carriages slowly wended its way to a church. No one at the church had heard of a funeral. The negro tried to get away, but did not succeed. He then induced the funeral cortege to move on to a cemetery; no funeral there. The procession returned to Canal street, and the victimized Jehus proceeded to hold an inquest upon him. He broke and ran, hid in a dry-goods store, and was protected till a constable took charge of him.

MR. JEREMIAH CAPPELL, formerly an actor in a Baltimore theatre, recently made his appearance in the streets of that city, clad in a pair of light drawers, with short outside, and patent leather boots. A red shawl was thrown around his shoulders, and on his head he wore a red striped cap. He was followed by a large crowd of men, boys, and girls, and finally fell into the hands of the police, who locked him up.

Second Annual Message of Mayor Henry.

To the Select and Common Councils of the City of Philadelphia:

GENTLEMEN: The communication of an annual statement of the condition of the city, in relation to its government, finances, and improvements, is obligatory upon the Mayor, and with the fulfilment of that duty he may opportunely present such measures as he deems expedient for its welfare, and recur to events belonging to the history of its past year.

The administration of the municipal ordinances remains embarrassed from their frequent inconsistencies, and the irregularity of their jurisdiction; few changes having been made in their provisions since the consolidation of the city. This perplexity will be remedied when the codification of those laws shall be completed by the experienced and able commissioners to whom it is entrusted.

The system of the municipal government of Philadelphia falls to centre in the Mayor the general powers needed for its prompt and efficient administration. If the several departments could be placed in such relation to his office that he might regulate their functions, not by interference with the subordinate officials, but through the respective chiefs, he might assume the responsibility with which he is now improperly charged. Except so far as relates to the immediate supervision and direction of the police force, a duty which might advantageously be devolved upon a chief acting under his control, the Mayor of Philadelphia is without authority to remedy any mal-administration which in his general care of municipal affairs he may discover, or to redress the grievances forced upon his attention. The act of consolidation in requiring the Mayor to be vigilant and active in causing the laws and ordinances of the city to be duly executed," did not design that he should exercise the duties of the Superintendent of Police, and yet it has omitted to invest him with the power essential to a full discharge of the duty which it thus assigns. The machinery of government, like that of physical forces, requires one regulating power; and this, however nicely its various parts may be adjusted, there will be neither unity nor efficiency of action.

A prosperous condition of the city finances through the earlier months of 1859, was towards its close succeeded by the usual embarrassment that has marked the end of each fiscal year, where not averted by any special relief.

The influx of revenue from the payment of overdue taxes, and from other sources, ended by leaving of each year, after discharging previous liabilities, may, with current receipts, for a while defray the municipal expenses. As the receipts of the treasury gradually diminish, without any corresponding decrease in its disbursements, recourse is naturally had to temporary loans, in the futile hope that the contributions of tax-payers will enable the Councils to refund those advances, and to discharge the demands of its other creditors. But the account for each year, since consolidation, shows that at least twenty per cent. of its assessed taxes have remained unsettled at its termination; and such measures cannot be the cause until some system shall be adopted for their collection that will induce payment in the earlier part of the year by judicious premiums, and afterwards compel it, through specified penalties.

The aggregate receipts of the Treasury during 1859, were $5,230,185.55, comprising besides ordinary revenue, the proceeds of temporary loans, and also of portions of specific permanent loans.

The aggregate of the funded assessors have the requisite information to qualify them for the appraisement of real estate, but usually rely for their returns upon the valuation made by their predecessors in office. It not unfrequently happens that properties having a like recognized real value, if located in different wards, vary largely in their assessment, and thus, from the incompetency or partiality of assessors, the citizen is liable to improper taxation, or may be unduly exempted from his just proportion of the public burden. Nor is the present system faulty in its appraisement only, but also in its great uncertainty of the location and dimension of the premises subject to taxation, and is thereby chargeable with frequent omissions of property from any assessment whatever.

The establishment of a board of assessment, in lieu both of the present board of revision and of the assessors, would obviate, at least in part, the evil. Citizens whose experience in the value of real estate might enable them to adjust its fair appraisement throughout the city, would, it is believed to a great degree, prevent the uncertainty and inequality which now exist and afford but too valid causes of complaint.

The rate of taxes to be levied for the current year, by an ordinance of December 14, 1859, was fixed at $1.75 on each hundred dollars of assessed valuation. The annual rate of taxation has never before been determined by Councils until after the general appropriations for the year have been made, and, in the year 1854, immediately upon consolidation, when such course was justified by the peculiar circumstances of the city.

The Mayor cannot assume that the rate fixed by ordinance will not suffice for expenditures yet unspecified, but if the