SUMMER RESORTS Cerlain Waite edipher epelpes, Cumberland U The Mission House, Realing, Prancy varies, Responde Mountain Sovered, Laponater county, Penn Jainer Bruse, Levishtry, Union county, Penn Jainer Bruse, Levishtry, Union county, Pennsylvania, White Saiphur and Chalpeate Springs, Doublisms Enceptrents.

Manus Applyanta.

Manus Allenia Blakes Hetal, Gapa May, N. J. Broset, Mouse, Saudia, Lakes, New, Jensey, W. Lating House, Adjanta Olity, Now Jersey, Resides Richal, Adjanta Olity, Now Jersey, Resides Richal, Adjanta Olity, Now Jersey, Resides Richal, Adjanta City, New Jersey, W. Lating House, Adjanta City, New Jersey, Origina Rouse, Cape, Laiand, Cape May, New Jersey, Onlytes Hall, Cong Brand, Cape Marsy, New Jersey, Congress Hall, Long Brands, New Jersey

Congress Hall, Long Brings, New Jerrey The Descri Lyng Brench, New Jersey Right Mas Props. All Regards Posson, New Jersey, Specific Route, Walth Monataine, New Hampshire

THURSDAY, JULY 28, 1859. Type for Sale.

On the first of August next the Brevier and Minion type now used in printing this paper will be for sale. It is in comparatively good condition; much better than that used on many country maypapere. It will be sold cheap, in quantities to suit purchasers. THE WEEKLY PRESS,

Pornexi Saturday, is now out . The contents of the number are of a varied character. Besides its usual at tractions it suntains the latest FORBIGN NEWS, will

ODE PORTITOLIO .- MARKING CON THE BOETS DOWS PREDERIOR THE GREAT AND VOLVAIUS AT RECORDS OF THE STATE AND PARISH DUEL THE Exclusion by Drate-The Russian Coldine Lov on olista Years of Discharge That Inter-File Jakon Undergiert of Inter-Pricing The gov ly leser the Buies of Bellinit These of Fidures The Mosquito's Billin Phie exert.

EDITORIALS—The Pinish of the Wis.—The Dan-

YORK HERITO'S KNOWLEDGE OF STRATEGY, BISTO AT AND GROOM PRET ROSSUTE IN TRALT. THE AR. CORRESPONDENCE LETTERS FROM "OCCASI REWS .- YORKIGH NEWS : THE LATREY NEWS BY TELE

PH FRUIL WASHINGTON, CALIFORNIA, HAVANA THE CITY -WEREL REVIEW OF THE PHILADELPHIA Minkete-Manciacks ind Dhates Tun Monet Market-Philiperphic Cattle Market Polla Brifgia Mancets-New York Cattle Market New York Markets of Tuesday. MISCELLANKOUS, The Line of 728 Firth and

(Bizin-stant Pissendin Rithwit the Wiss-lighton Braves no Ong in or Douglas Scholde in New York Platronics the Demogracy is Kin-B.s.-Ter ippid Dolen Explosion at Worderta —An Si pansor and Annest Greeral Potran— Medical Advice—Ter Author of St. Leon— Biport Tunougu Lavant Hill; No 5-No 1018 of New Bodes - Patyare Lettens of Louis Napoleok to his Rother, Hortense while 48 American Etile Angeloaneus General News

THE WEEKLY PRESS Is farnished to subscribers BI peryest; in advance, for the single copy; and to clubs of theaty, when sent to one address, \$20, in advance. Burgle copies for sale at the counter of The Persos of the in wrappers, could for mailing.

Erner Plan .- "The Fourth" at the Lakes of Letter from White Salphur Springs General Rows. Popuru Paga — Skolohes of Travel, No. 1. Marine Intelligence.

The News. By the steamship Europs, at Heiliar, we have Lombardy, as they muthis days later news from Europe. The news of glance at a good Atlas, the beace is fully condemed, but no further par.

That the peace should ticulars had transpired, beyond the fact that the France had in the war. The Emperor of Austria was of his way to Vienna. He says; in an order of the day, that he visided to the unfavorable poilical studtion because his natural allies did not as oxivered to the assistance. The result of the treaty is generally mistruited in England. The Birdiaian Ministry had resigned, and Count Arese (?) had been charged to form a new Cabinet. Count Cavour is reported to have resigned on ac-

storday, we have later nows from California A despatch from Mobile states that the achdon damage. A horrible tragedy was enacted near Freeport Illinois, the day before yesterday. A German, named Peter Arudi, killed three of his children

by enopping them with an are, and so wounded he fourth that it is likely to die! It is not stated what names led to the dreadful orime, but we hope for the wrotched marderer's own sake, that he was insune, and if so, he is better off if his reason never returns.
4. W. Hughes, Esq , has been nominated for

Congress by the Demogratio Convention of the Sixth Congressional district of Maryland. Mr. Groone, bottor known as the Reformed where he is discharging the duties of postmaster in that not wery populeus neighborhood. Mr. Greeps, we learn, is now applying for two patents: the first is for an envelope which cannot be opened and reddend again by scaming, wetting, or any other process, without instant detection; and the second for a competition to supersuce the prosume leather tips used on billiard ones, which will not require thatk of any kind, and with which (it is claimed) "misues" will, become impossible, 1f. Mr. Greand desires to preserve his cognomen of a

near the bolders of gaming as in is likely to do by parenting billiard ones. A circular has been lavied eigned by the mana. t the Satis prisons in thirteen States, call-Convention of the prison officers of the United States, to be held at Philadelphia on the 7th day of Beptember next.
A statement having opposited in the New York

Times to the effect that the Boy, John Chambers. after presching against Sauday railroad travelling, usually rodo home himself, that gentleman, in a

cilly deales the train of the assertion.

"A Greek" souds a communication to the New York Post, denying the generally believed attention that the Emperor of Russia is the head of the Greek Courch. He says

"The Greek Courch the says had been and they not recognize any subjected. head like what the Pope is for the Cs holle religion. The coclessation institute of the Kingdom of Greece are conducted by a Synd compasse of five bishops, who change every year. Its prelident is the Metropolitian or Athens, who has not any spiritual authority, but morely that fir managing the charca Maira.

Public successing have recently been held in Missouff for the purpose of adopting measures to

Missouff for the purpose of adopting cleatures to prevent the driving of Texas astale through that Bikke to the North. It is alleged that these droves:

loave malignant diseases slong the route, of which many Missouri cattle buvo died.
A porterpondens of the Utlea Herald says that N. Parks, Eq., of Mosawk Village, but formerly of Rome, has invented, and patented, in England and the United States, a new telegraph cable. He claime it was be worked any distance without the state's any electric bettery, the coule being of itself a perfect battery, consequently, the longer the mile the greater power in working will be obtained. It is said that some capitalists are

could write his name

Our estgemed correspondent "G. writing from Cape May on the 25d Inst., made an allusion to a highly accomplished young artist from this city, who, while visitwe regret to say, has been misconceived by the friends of the artistic Dur correspondent

Many Joseph Befl section of Pennose it to be double, with passegos incident.

It also district is not take despatched by the passegos incident.

It also district is not before the United States. How the passegos incident is not before the United States. How the passegos incident is not before the United States. How the passegos incident is not before the United States. How the passegos incident is not before the United States. How the passegos incident is not before the United States. How the passegos incident is not before the united states of the United States. How the passegos incident is not before the united states of the United States. How the passegos incident is not before the united states of the United States. How the passegos incident is not before the united states that it is supposed, at Havana. Some institute that the United States. How the passegos is the United States. How the passegos is the United States. The dead of the United States are not higher than the United States. The dead of the United States are not before the united that the proposed, at Havana. Some institute that the United States are not higher than the United States. The found opened to day with a detail passed at the time of the United States. The dead of the United States are not higher than the United States and the United States and the United States are not the United States and the United States

European Affairs.
For the last ave and thirty years, Italians have dreamed of Nationality. They have cherished the idea of one severeign, united, and free Italy. They were almost within reach of this in 1818. They eagerly expected it when France and Sardinia, took up arms against Austria. The citizens of Tuscany, Modena, and Parma expelled their Austrian rulers, and tendered their allegiance to Vic-TOR EMMANUEL. The Sardinians bravely your friend, and of acting to your friend as if he may one day be your enemy, lian territory.
Naroleon assures his soldiers that he

come to point at apprehensions, entertained by France, of getting involved in a war with russia and the other German States. FRANCIS JOSEPH, Wending his way back to lenna, a beaten soldier and degraded ruler, ells his army that, in making the peace, he had vielded to the unfavorable political situation in which he was placed, because his natural allies did not, as was expected; come to his ssistance. This may also point at Prussia

Did France and Austria arrange the terms of the peace-treaty without taking counsel-with Sardinia? Lombardy was given by Ausson, for the telegrams play the mischief with Arese, if such there be, we know nothing, and are not ashamed to make the confession. His name occurs no where in Sardinian poli-Count Arese. The main point is that Count DAVOUR, the right hand man of VICTOR EM-

more favorable to Austria than Bardinia had a right to dictate.
Perhaps Arese may be a telegraphic or tydistinguished Sardinian at once politician, author, artist, and soldier -who was the first passed in America, and in some respects, we Prime Minister that Vioron EMMANUEL ever might safely add, unequalled. A gentleman, had. Ho is a Conservative, yet it was mainly largely engaged in the importation of silk owing to him that the reforms granted by the goods, informs us that our houses in that de-Constitution of Sardinia, in 1849, were not partment have outdone themselves in the maglost to his native land, when there was a

gust with the conclusion of peace, on terms one of steam and electricity.

for an ultra-liberal policy. The Arch-dukes back among their disaffected subjects is not what Italy looked for. Lieast of all was it expected that the Pope, notoriously the weakest Prince in Italy, should be placed at the head of the new Italian Confederation-if ever it be formed, for Sardinia would be outvoted upon all questions, to a dead certainty. But unsatisfactory though Rularrey, a Bivoli inrough Laurel Hill, No. 9; the peace he, Napolizon has certainly cared Lottor from Northampton county; Letter from Cardinia, his ally, whose dominions are Hollidayaburg. Letter from Labanon county increased by the ally cassion of Lombardy. increased by the accession of Lombardy. Our contemporaries are slowly beginning to see that Mantus and Peschiera, two of the square of fortresses, will not belong to Austria, seeing that they happen to be located in Lombardy, as they might have seen by a

> That the peace should be viewed with misstreet, over which now presides Lord Jour Russell, a Foreign Becretary who cannot apoak French.

We know not yet what the French nation will think of the manner in which Narolxon has terminated the War. He has not been able to fulfil bis promise of liberating Italy, but he has humbled Austria. Therefore, on the coming season. Between the establish-his peculiar policy, we should not wonder at ment of peace abroad, and crops unparalleled hearing, ere long, that Austria, with Russia in their abundance at home, the prospectahead and France, were giving a moral lesson, by | could hardly be more promising. count of the terms of peace being unsatisfactory. By the arrival of the Moses Taylor at New York military force, to Prussia, or to England.

Inquests before Death. New York is a great place, and New York dead. In New York, they empannel a jury while the person yet lives, and get a verdict

accordingly. As our readers know, one Robert C. Macloosald, inspired by drink and jealousy, shot
a bullet into the brain of an unfortunate,
named Virginia Stewart, as she was on the
steps of a hotel at the corner of Broadway
and Canal street, on Saturday afternoon. The
last account left the wounded woman yet alive,
in the New York Hospital. An ordinary
Coroner would have waited until she died,
specially as Maddonard, who owns to the
shooting, is in custody. But, says the N. Y.
Tribune, "at the suggestion of the District
Attorney, Coroner Jackman held an antemortem examination, on Tuesday last, in the
case of Virginia Stewart, who was shot,"
Seven witnesses, medical included, word
examined, and the Case was given to
this fluxy, who, after a deliberation of a few
moments, rendered the following verdict:
That Virginia Stewart came to her wound-As our readers know, one Robert C. Mac-

That Vinginia Stewart came to her wounding by a platol-shot fired by the prisoner, ROBERT C.: MACDONALD, July 23, 1859." After this, MacDonald was examined, and

We venture to say that the Coroner, however advised, had no legal right to hold an inquest before death, nor to examine or commit Maddonard, who was already in safe custody, and was at the Coroner's disposal, when jury should implicate him by its verdict.

The New York Herald of yesterday contains an article, from which we extract the following: It appears by this that our correspondent. Cocasional, in tuning his "harp of athousand strings," struck the true cord which the President's party wished played on. Divide and conquer' is an old maxim, we shall see if Federal patronage can stiff the voice of the Democracy by misrepresent in the voice of the Democracy by misrepresent in the voice of the Democracy by misrepresent in the voice of the Democracy by misrepresent causes. If I were to accomplishing a copy and the first of prominent gentlemen: The special difficulty with the Vice President is a Kontucky rival in the person of Mr. Guynne, poor Year effect their or your purposes. Year effect before one into the actual was your intention to send me a challenge, would promine the vice President is a Kontucky rival in the present of the Treasury. And so in all probability, Kentucky, between these the present into the descend to the prominent of the Virginia between Wiss and D. C. Broderick. The New York Herald of yesterday Prince's Secretary of the treasury. Ind. O. committances will determine my course so, in all probability, Kentucky, between these this regard. Yours, &c.
D. C. Brodenick. HUNTER, or New York between Dickinson

and SEYMOUR, or Georgia between Cone and J. C. McKindin and J. W. Coffront, already Sterners, or Mississippi between Davis and noticed in the California news, and which was Brown, will fall to get the Charleston nomi- referred to mutual friends, we find the follownation. New York, either upon Manor or ing in the California papers : Dickinson, might have secured the Baltimore

pearance of the picture being very beautiful. It makes a most handsome picture for fframing.

An Hour with Our Merchants. From intercourse with several of our leadng merchants in the various departments of traffic, we are happy to find that the existing fooling in anticipation of the fall trade, is eminently hopeful. Preparations for a large business were never more general in Philadelphia than at present. The stocks of goods in houses doing business with the South and West are already complete, and we are not mistaken in saying that our market now -prethree themselves into the fight for Italian sents inducements to merchants from all parts freedom. Success after success was gained. of the Union superior to any former season of the Union superior to any former season What is the result? Acting on the worldly in our history. In every channel the spirit policy of treating your enemy as if he may of a growing enterprise is apparent, the results of which must inevitably tell in our favor. In conversation with a leading merof passenger railways, the erecting of our magnificent new market houses (and the connade peace because the contest was about to templated pulling down of the old ones,) and the establishing of Tun Parss, had given to ssume proportions no longer in keeping with the interests France had in the war. This Philadelphia a twenty-live-years' impetus." Barring the allusion to ourselves, we fully endorse the sagacity of this remark, with this

interests.

The benefits of an increased liberality, evinced by our merchants in acquainting the trade throughout the country with their faciand the German States. Condemned by littles by advertising and travelling represent-France and Austria, on such different grounds, latives, were handsomely realized, in a large it is probable that they held the balance fairly number of instances, last spring. Indeed, it we are correctly informed, the exceptions to a satisfactory trade last season were almost entirely confined to houses either lacking a proper degree of enterprise, or the requisite with Sardinia? Lombardy was given by Aushighly factorishing intelligence in regard to the WAR
highly factorishing in the popular topics of the WAR
highly factorishing in the WAR
highly factorishing in the War regard to March 1 to Victor
means to exert it. No matter what croakers
may say to the contrary, "old-foggism" in
whom Count Cavorn was head, have resigned
full delphia has had its day. There may be,
office. Count Arrest (if there be such a peroffice. Count Aress (if there be such a per- and doubtless are, a few fat concerns that can afford to shut their eyes to their own interests, foreign surnames) was charged with the for- and remain stationary (which, in this age, is matton of a new Cabinet. About Count | convalent to going behind,) but the mass of rising young houses, of which we have not a few, will either have to branch out from the slow, beaten track their fathers tred, or run tics; We could understand the formation of a an unsuccessful race. Not that we would Gavernment being confided to D'Azeckio or advocate the branching out which, for want Solar, to Valento or BROFFERIO, known and of adequate root, becomes top-heavy and topnoted men in Sardinia, but not an unknown ples over at the first breath of a figureial storm, but that which kindles at the fire of true progress, and intelligently discriminates MANUEL, has resigned office, probably in dis between the wants of a slow-coach age and

> Our several branches of trade were neve more amply represented than they now are Market and Third streets, as also, to a certain pographic substitute for Asile, a French cor extent, Front, Second, Fourth, and Chestnut ruption of the name of Count D'Azronio, a streets, are flanked with houses presenting advantages to buyers, in all respects, unsurnificence of their present supplies; and upon general regulation of liberal concessions, very excellent authority, we may state also Succeeding Cayoun, who displaced him in that the "excessive importations," from 1852, p'Azzonio would substitute a moderate which there have been timorous apprehensions, are more imaginary than real, from the fact that the shipments of goods to this country have averaged a mouth earlier than usual; o that the excessive figures for June and July will be counteracted by the reduced imports tions for August and September: though it is not to be questioned that Philadelphia will, this season, have the advantage of a greatly increased demand for this class of goods, in consequence of her additional facilities for supplying them. Our general dry-goods jobbing houses are all admirably propared for the fall campaign. With the commission men on Chestnut and Front streets, the trade has already actively opened. In the department of cloth goods and men's wear, we have seen opening the most elegant stocks that have ever been imported. A merchant of high standing on Market street, having the reputalarge, and every way worthy of our great me ing, and, taking them all in all, we think it no exaggeration to say that our beautiful city will have a head and shoulders added to her repufation and influence in her successful trade of

> The last California steamer brings intelligence of a difficulty between Mr. Senator Coroners are a remarkable set of men. In BRODERICK and D. W. PERLEY, Esq. Mr. Philadelphia, and in other places, Coroners | Penley challenges Mr. BRODERIOR, which do not hold an inquest until the individual be the latter declines in the following letter:

SAN FRANCISCO, June 29, 1859.
D. W. Penley, Esq.—Sir: Your challenge of the 27th inst. was handed to me last evening by Mr. S. H. Brooks. This morning between 7 and 8 o'clock, one of the servants of my hetel in-

made eath that you were a subject of Great Britain. The giving or accepting a challenge could not, therefore, allect your political rights, as you are not a citizen of the United States.

In reference to the difficulty between Hon.

the vile the greatet power in working will be obtained with a working will be obtained. Let some espitulate are nomination of 1852, had either consented to a thorough that will we hope that they will not be started by the control of the control of the started by the control of the started by the control of the control of the control of the control of the started by the control of the control o

A GREEN OLD AGE.—A woman named Sarah Wilton Hughes, a native of Sedgley, near Dadley, died on Saturday last, at the grout age of 113 years, without my provious illness. She was an inmate of Sedgley workhouse. On her removal, a few days age, to the new Union at Dudley, she performed the journey apparently without any fatigue. Her career was a notable one, and for miles around she was recognized as "the nine lives woman." She lived in single blessedness, and never had any children. All her brothers and sisters she outlived, notwithstanding one was born move than forty years later. During the whole of the time she was in the poorhouse, although entirely blind, she knitted, without any aid, all the stockings for the paayers, numbering nearly 200. She onjoyed good health was always very cheerful, and romarkably active.—Manchester (Miss.) Guardian. bester (Miss.) Guardian.

BY MIDNIGHT MAIL. Letter from "Occusional."

Correspondence of The Press.1 Washington, July 27, 1859.
"Out of town." This is the answer given a the door of elmost every prominent citizen, in re-ply to a ring of the bell. The President is out of own, the Secretary of the Interior, the Secretary f War, the Scoretary of the Navy, the first Asistant Postmester General, the Commissioner the Land Office, and any number of hard-working clorks, who during the last winter have been drudging at their desks, doing the labor for which their superlars received the credit. Most of the foreign ministers, most of the rich residents, and nearly all the pleasure scokers, have taken themselves to the railroad cars and steamboats, and are now set-Narouson let Francis Joseph very lightly chant on Market street yesterday, the latter | tied in quiet nooks and corners, or by the brenzy | THE PEACE FULLY CONFIRMED off, with the loss of only a molety of his Ita- remarked that " the introduction in our city sheres of the Atlantic. The members of the Cabinet, who are compelled to remain in town, are devoting themselves to the agreeable business of "mutual admiration:" that is, each one pretend ing to eulogize the other, but each one at the same time taking special care of himself. The "opposition reporters" and correspondents still on the spot, linger around the several departments, and are only too glad to get such Items of news' exception, that the great metropolitan im- as the members of the Cabinet are willing to give them, even if they have to be paid for by compli-ments to those who furnish such items. But Washprovements here referred to are not the cause, but rather the effect, of an increased ington, during the recess, contains many objects of interest to the student and the scholar. devotion to our mercantile and commercial Powerful efforts are being made to give a new start to the overland-mail route to California by parties now here, who are interested; but they will not succeed. It is probable that, after Congress meets, measures may be adopted; by its same tion and direction, to effect this object, but whilst

hundreds of post offices and post routes are being abolished or decreased in the Eastern, Northwestern, and Middle States, under the pretence of a necessity imposed by the non-action of the last Congress in regard to the Post Office appropriation bill, it would not do for the powers that be to do more with the California ranta By the way, it seems, or at least it has been alleged, that the discontinuance of post offices and abolition or decrease of mail routes in the quarters mentioned, will, on investigation, he found to by mostly confined to those districts where the members of the last Congress were anti-Lecompton men, or voted against the Post Office appropriation bill. There are also several cases in districts in which Lecompton and Administration men were defeated at last election. I understand that, in your State and in New Jersey, some of the attachés of the General Post Office have attempt-

och the datachés of the General Post Office have altempted to throw the responsibility of the decrease of the mail service wholly upon the antiLecompton or Opposition members of Congress!

On the other hand, an investigation will show that expensive and unprofitable Southern routes have, through sinister influences, been continued and increased, and, in fact, new ones established. A striking instance of this, I am informed, exists in one of the Southern States, of a stoamboat contract for carrying the mail on one small route which costs several thousand dollars per annum, where the whole of the postage, from all the offices on the route, does not meant to one tenth of the same paid for carrying the mail in the stoamboat. The Southern mail route from this oily to New Orleans, concurraged by the latest through Georgia and Alabams, which has been patrouized by the department for soveral years, have, under recent action of the department found a new rival in a still more Southern route through Georgia and Alabams, which has been patrouized by the department for soveral years, have, under recent action of the department found a new rival in a still more Southern route through Georgia and Alabams, which has been patrouized by the department for soveral years, have, under recent action of the department, found a new rival in a still more Southern route through Florida. The last route, I learn, promites to commonoe carrying the mails in October, and to go through from New Orleans to New York by the way of Fernandino and Otdar Keys in four days and a hilf. If it succeeds in doing this, it will, doubtless, become a permanent regular mail line between those two points. Re-Keys in four days and a hilf. If it succeeds in doing this, it will, doubtless, become a permanent regular mail line between those two points. Recently one of the papers in your city contained a long article exhibiting the repeated failure of the former lines, and the great advantages of the new and proposed rival line, and from the detailed statistics given, it was doubtless written upon semi-official authority, though furnished to an Opposition correspondent. No little dissatisfaction exists in the entire tier of Southour and Southwestern States, through which the two former lines ran, at the newly proposed arrangement, and we may auticipate that some Administration means by which it was effected. One of the rules preseribed was the next session of Congress and means by which it was effected. One of the rules preseribed that more than one act of Congress has been vio trust in England, is likely enough. It seems tion among his compeers of being the best that more than one act of Congress has been vio Princes of Tuo any and Modena are to return to their States. Napoleon was on his way home, and to have booked up man in the book, and leather that more than one act of Congress has been vio their States. Napoleon was on his way home, and to have was a possible of the property of the pr those desiderata will not be listened to favorably, but favoritism will not be tolerated any more than such clamors. · You cannot imagine the fidget that all are in

ero about Robert McLane's new project of the

Mexican treaty. General Cass declares that no

roundly for throwing the responsibility, in advance, upon the President and his Cabinet. Mr. Sucharan has been sent for to come here immeand will be bothered more by this question than any other that has arised during his Administrawhite that the Administration will stand by him, e can make a better treaty, and one more acceptable to the country, than any made under instructions from here. The idea of the Administration, however, under any Mexican treaty, being supplied with mency by the next Congress, to be used to procure the annexation of any more of Mexico, is perfectly futile. The pures strings are held by the House of Representatives The consummation of the proposed McLiane treaty will doubtless occatable to the country, than any made under instruc umense sums for little service. If we do not, rithin the next five years, commence a Pacific or northern routes, we may expect to see the pro fornment of the mother country, constructing one and practical railroad men in the United States had investigated the data, and pronounced the project practicable. New York capital and enterprise will doubtless be invested in it, as the real Advices from New Orleans state that the Slidell account of the proposed treaty, as it secures Tehu-natopec, and with it the right to build large cities at both ends of their railroad over the Mexican tachments of the American army. The treaty i a virtual asseton, or will so end in a few years, of the entire Isthmus of Tehnantepec to the United Republic of Mexico above the thighs. If consumnted, Yusatin, and the Southern Pacific Mexicar short time to organize into a separate republicassociation of New York and Western speculators, the principals of which are George Law and Col. Sam. Colt, have made large purchase in the town of Guaymas, the highest port

growing out of my intercourse with confidential tends writing a letter full of denunciation of his most acceptable and favorite correspondent. It that the letter I sent you was Jinke's tital article.

The Monitur publishes a second warning to the Universe on account of an objectionable political article. first draft of the original letter sent to J. B. What am I to do under the circumstances?

The Pitteburg Post is being subscribed for here rapidly under orders, at which Brigadier General Bowman, of the Washington Constitution, is exceedingly uproarious. He has no idea of boing outbild by Mr. Barr, of the Pittsburg Post.

Messrs. Trutt and Schallores, it is reported, not very severe against Cook of Chicago; but his friends houst that the President dare not remove him, and it seems to be the general opinion here.

There is a row at the State Department this ovening about some despatches from Mexico which have missarried, and which have been which have missarried and which have been the state of the state lowman, of the Washington Constitution, is ex-

THE EMPERORS GOING HOME. THE GRAND DUKES RETURNING. TROUBLE IN SARDINIA

RESIGNATION OF CAYOUR AND OTHER MINISTERS. DISSATISFACTION IN PARIS,

USTRIA RETAINS THE FORTRESSES, THE MINCIO THE BOUNDARY LINE.

NAPOLEON TO VISIT VIENNA OBANGE BIOTS IN IRELAND.

SACKYILLE, N B., July 27.—The horse express, from Halitan, has arrived with despatches furnished by the arrival of the Europa. Her dates are to Saturday, the 16th inst., three days later au received previously. The steamships Saxenia and Kangaroo arrived

ut on the 13th.
The Ocean Queen reached Seathampton on the
4th, and the Persia on Saturday, the 16th.
The treaty of peace is fully confirmed.
The result of the treaty is generally mistrusted The Emperor Napoleon was on his way home The Emporor Mapoteon was on his way home. He was expected to roach Parlis on the 18th inst., when furtuer details of the treaty will probably be announced. In his address to the army, he says that the peace was concluded because the contest was about to assume proportions no longer contest was about to assume proportions no longer in keeping with the interests France had in the

f Austria at Vionna. t is also reported that the French army had com-It is thought probable that, the desaits of Cardidal Antonelli, by the Pope, would follow, from the present state of effairs.

At rumor prevails that Gen. Garibaldi was about follow a preclamation, and it is considered doubtful whother he would by down his arms.

Up to the 11th inst, the formation of the Hangarian Legion had proceeded prosporously, 5,000 volunteers having joined.

A dictor from Rouse, dated the 6th instant, says that the Pope had sent an autograph letter to Napoleon, amouncing his determination to demand an armed intervention by the Oatholic Pow-

cand an armed intervention by the Catholic Po england. Orange riots had occurred in various parts of Ireland on the 12th of July At Paisly, elso, a disturbance occurred, which became of a serious character, knives and fire-arms being used * Oue man was killed and seven were wounded danger

Sir James Graham called attention to the for

of the treaty of pasce orders have been transmitted to the troops on the march to halt at
and had demanded no explanations.
Outhed fith, in the House of Commons, Lord
Straiford de Redeliffs withdrow his motion relative to Italian sfair.

The Duke of New Castle stated that the Government and not intend to renew the Houses' by
which the fludeon Bay Company held their North
American territories. A bith would soon be introduced for appointing magistrates throughout the
territory to prevent disputes between the Indians
and whites; to enablish trading regulations, and
to prayout excesses. The Government was not
prepared to grant a subsidy for the establishmondof railways in the territory.

The Duke of Somerat said that the expediency of entering into arrangements for arming
the crean muil steamers had been under consider
the creaty of pasces where they may happen to
be. Also, that the proposal made by the Prussian
ambassador to the Federal Diet, in regard to the
Federal troops had, under the present circumstances, been withdrawn by the the Prussian Covernment.

NAPLES.

Additional details of the recent partial muliny
of the Swiss troops are received. A body of troops
mulnifed in the barracks, killing the colonel and
several officers of the fourth regiment, and affor
wards repaired to the Koyal Palaco, but were
forced been by the chasseurs and hussars on duty
to the Champ de Mars, where they were surrounded. The commander-in-chief of the Swiss culled
on them to surrender. They replied by adisobarge
of incorms, wounding the general, and about
twenty privates. Orders wore then given to are
on the mulineers, when seventy-five were hilled,
and two hundred ard thirty-three wounded.

ROYE.

A Bostonian, at the sack of Perugia, writes to ground of expones, noting non been done A general survey had been reconstly ordered of the steamings and other vessels at the mouths of the rivers, in order to ascentain how far they might be rendered available for defensive purposes.

In the House of Commons, considerable progress; was made with the army and nay estimates, and Sidney Herbert explained the present military position of the meantry and the measures of detango. He expected that one handred Armstrong guns would be made this year, and two hundred before the end of the financial year.

On the 15th, Lord Derby pointedly inquired if the King of Eardbia was a party to the trouty of pease, for it was understood that the Emperor of the French was his airly, and not the principal in the quarrel

of peace, for it was understood that the Emperor of the French was his aity, and not the principal in the quarrel.

Lord John Russell, in the House of Commons, is said the did not know whether the parties to the irresty of Vienna had been consulted. Dut as far as England was concerned, no particulars beyond those published had been furnished.

Lord Cowley had called on the French Government for the details of the posce, but Count Walewickfold him he could effort him to information until the Emperor arrived in Paris, which it was expected he would reach on the 18th.

The inex telegraph cable between England and Dommirk has been successfully laid.

The Mediterraneum company had ordered non-ble to connect Milta and Sicity, and it is expected to be laid in November.

The jenging Government has fully determined to lay a cable direct to dibratter and tannee to Maita.

An anti slavery meeting, presided ever by Lord Brougham had been held in London. An address to the Dake of New Oastle was agreed to, requesting the House of New Oastle was agreed to, requesting the House of Lord to appoint a contention of the latest and the land, as the locality and African traffic is degenerating in the received and african traffic is degenerating in the received and african traffic is degenerating the first and the received and african traffic is degenerating the first and the received and african traffic is degenerating the first and the received and african traffic is degenerating the first and the received and african traffic is degenerating the first and the received and african traffic is degenerating the first and the received and african traffic is degenerating the first and the received and african traffic is degenerating the first and the received and african traffic is degenerating the first and the received and african traffic is degenerating the first and the received and african traffic is degenerating the first and the received and african traffic is degenerating the first and the received and african traffic and the fir

in the town of Guaymas, the highest port of the gulf of California, and a proposed terminas of the railroad through Texas and Arizona. The late United States consal at Guaymas, it is reported here, effected these purchases, which include the most valuable parts of the town for commercial purposes, and it is contemplated to establish, in the course of the coming fall, a permanent American population there, with business arrangements of such a character that they will not fail to control the vast mining and agricultural resources of the region surrounding that point.

I have to say that I have get into difficulty about the disclosure of the letter of Mr Jinks to Mr. Bushanas, and I baye serious approhensions,

for money and account, being an advance of † per cent. during the day. They tended nearly 70f after the peace autouncement. [BY TELEGRAPH FROM LOSDON]

The London Maria Name of the Army of the Army of the dependent of signs: 'Tag funds opened to duy with a dull appearance, but closed at \$1\$ per cent higher than yesterday. The recont reas has attracted a moderate supply of stock, but home file holders have little temptation to sell at at time when 1\$1.

to endorce his projet for a treaty as yet. You may expect-Mr. Slidell, La Sare, and their associates, will not be well satisfied with this. The President seeks to shift the responsibility upon Congress.

Jinks says that for once he thinks the Presidentis wrong, and that he ought to give General Cass a chance to "Swallow all Mexico," as he declared some years ago was his desire. Occasional.

THE LATEST NEWS

BY TELEGRAPH.

Three Days Later from Emrope.

The London Times' city article says that the fall of own percent, on the Paris Bourse on Thursday at a slight further reaction, but the market acquired standines in the latter part of the day. There was generally a more coding to the reduction in the rate, a marked increase took place.

It is remarked that Sardinia, by recepting Lombardy without the fortresses necessary to defond the same took place.

The PEACE FULLY CONFIRMED.

THE PEACE. The papers are mainly engaged in speculation apon the sudden conclusion of peace and its reupon the sudden conclusion of peace and its results

Letters from Paris assert that much discontent prevailed there in regard to the terms of peace and the small result of the war, although the peace ired gave general suisfaction.

The Siece, the organ of the French Liberals, is dissatisfied, and says France will have everything to begin in a few year, if the minutest Austrian influence is suffered to abide in Italy. It calls for the expulsion of the petry Italian princes, the confederates of Austria.

The Emperor Nupoleon had quitted the seat of war, and was en route for France He was exmedied to proceed to St. Clond, and defer his official entry into Paris till he makes it at the head of his ermy in Italy. army in Italy.

The Emperor and King of Serdinla arrived at Turin on the 15th, and amid onthusiasic scolamations, were met by Prince Carignan and Count

The Emperor of Austria left Verona for Vienna on the morning of the 14th. His order of the day, published at Verena on the 12th, says that Austria commenced the war for the maintenance of her commenced the war for the maintenance of her sacred trantis, relying on the devotedness of hor people, the bravery of her army, and her natural allies. Not having found allies, Austria yields to an unfavorable political situation. The Emperor cordially thanks the people, as well as the army, who have again shown that their sovereign may confidently rely on their devotedness, if any new struggles should occur.

The interview between the Emperors at Villa-

struggles should occur.

The interview between the Emperors at Villafranca is said to have lasted nearly the whole day.

The Paris Monitour publishes a proclamation by the Emperor, ennouncing to the soldiers the basis of peroc. It is to the following effect:

"The principal aim of the war is attained, and Italy will become, for the first time, a nation. Venetia, it is true, remains to Austria; but she will nevertheless be an Italian province, forming part of an Italian confederation. The union of Londardy with Piedmont creates for us a powerful ally, who will owe to us its independence.

"The Italian Governments which have remained inactive, or which have been called back into their pessessions, will comprehend the necessity of Italian reforms. A general amnesty will obliterate the traces of civil discord. Italy, henceforth mistress of her destinies, will only have herself to accuse should she not progress regularly in order and freedom. You will soon return to France. A grateful country will there receive with transports those so diers who have reised so high the giory of our arms at Montebello. Palestro, Turbigo, Migenta, Melaguano, and Spifelho; who, in two months have freed Pisemont, and have only stopped because the contest was about to assume proportions no longer in keeping with the interests that France had in this formulable.

to seeme proportions no longer in keeping with the interests that France had in this formulable war. Be proud, then, of your success; proud of the results obtained; proud, especially, of being the well-beloved children of that France who will alw sys be the great nation, so long as she shall have a heart to comprehend noble causes, and men like you to defend them.

**Value of the 12 **The preliminary condi-Valleggio. July 12 -The preliminary condi ons ., the treaty of peace are thus announced it

value of the treaty of peace are thus announced in the official Austrian correspondence:

"Austria and France will support the formation of an Itulian Confederation, to which Austria accedes. Lombardy, as far as the line of the Mincio, is to be given up Mantae, Peschiera, Borgo forte, and the whole of the Venctia, remain Austrian possessions. The Princes of Tuesany and Modena are to return to their states. An universal amnety is to be granted."

The Monitaur of Friday centains the following: Sanzano, July 14—The Augsburg Gazstta alleges that the cause of the armistice was the existence of a daugerous malady in the French army, but to this we can give a formal denial. The sanitary state of the French army is excellent, and exceeds even the hopes which could be entertained, from the heat and fatigue endured.

The King of Sirdinia had issued the following proclamation to the people of Lembardy:

"Heaven has blessed our arms, with the powerful aid of our megantimous and valiant ally, the Konvere Navoleum and wastrived in a few date. ful aid of our migramimous and valiant ally, the Emperor Napoleon, and we arrived, in a few days, after victory upon victory, at the banks of the Minoio To days, we come back among you, to tell you that Heaven has granted your wishes. An armistics followed by preliminaries of peace, assure the people of Lombardy of their independence.

ence.
According to your desire, many times expressed, you will henceforth form, with our an condition. Victor Immanuel entered Milin on he 13th, amid the most enthusiastic plaudits of the oitizens.

It was ramored that the Emperor Napoleon and the Emperor Library and Library an tion. I tell you, people of Lombardy, to trust in

country, which Heaven has entrusted to his government."

News from Milan of the 13 h, states that the King of Saronia arrived there in the evening, amid the plaudits of the populace. He Majasty subsequently presented himself on the beloony of his hotel, and was greeted with warm acclamations of "Vive il Re."

The Emperor of Austria has ordered immediate cersation of the recruiting just commenced. It was rumored that the Emperor and Empress of the French would visit Vienna.

The French army were reported to have commenced their counter march.

Two days before the armistice, a war-tax was imposed on Piedmont, amounting to one-tenth of all the taxes on property, customs, &c.

It was considered probable that the dismissal of Cardinal Antonelli would result from the state of affairs.

SWITZERLAND.

SWITZERLAND. The Federal Council have resolved to disband the troops in the Canton of Tiolno, where a guard for Austrian vessels will alone ramain. They have also resolved on proposing very severe measures to prevent the enrollment of the Swiss for foreign military service. An order has been issued to disband the troops called out during the PRUSSIA.

The Prussian Gazatte says that in consequence of the treaty of pose orders have been transmitted to the troops on the march to halt at the respective places where they may happen to be. Also, that the proposal made by the Prussian ambassador to the Federal Diet, in regard to the Federal troops had, under the present circumstances, been withdrawn by the the Prussian Government.

ROVE.

A Bostonian, at the sack of Perugia, writes to the London Times, giving additional details of that brutal affair. He says the American minister, Mr Stockton, has demanded redress and independent of the American Science.

LIVERPOOL, July 15 -The sales of Cotton for reck amount to 107 000 bales, and the prices have

ng 603 070 bales of American bTATE OF TRADE,—The advices from Manchester

The statement, that a new arrangement for the California mult service ear Plantina had been effected with Mr. Lever, is contradicted.

The Bank of England, on the 14th, reduced its minimum rate of discount to from 3 to 21 per cont. This stop was fully anticipated, and exercised, no induces on the stock market. The funds opened busyant and exored on the morning that the Storth Briton stited. Consols being quoted at 96½, they soon, however, foil back under the growing impression that the terms of pasce were not such as to inspire conflictne in its durability.

FRANCE.

The Moniteur publishes a second warning to the Univers on account of an objectionable political article.

The Paris Bourse closed on the 15th at 68 60c for money and account, being an advance of i per slightly advanced. Ab tullion in the bank has desired the state of the control of the such has a desired for money and account, being an advance of i per slightly advanced. The tullion in the bank has desired to the control of the such that the such as a such as a cutter, and have desired for money and account, being an advance of i per slightly advanced. The tullion in the bank has desired to the control of the

John Wheelwright and lady, M Dinem.n and lady Mrs. Bargent, Mr Marjodto and lady, Mrs. Townshen and child, Mrs. Bargent, Mr Marjodto and lady, Mrs. Townshen and child, Mrs. sad Mrs. Jowett. Mr Rushmore, lad and son, Mr Birryd lady, two children and nurse Mr J.watt Jr. Mr. A Parron, Charles H Reede: Mr Layard, B C. Wainwright; Dr. A. Martin, H A. Wise W. H. Daniel, Stipper. F. A. Whitwell, George H. Dr. Vis. W. W. Wilson. B. Briggs. Mr. Lvrenill, Frderic J. Donlop, E. D. Bolton: a. D. Mickel, Edwid. Kirkpitrick, Martin Goldston, B. O. Blychen. Mr. Van Bergen. A. Lindsay, B L. Solomon, John Van Dufsel, Mrsts Broks, Hayward, Julieu, Pranouls, Chitche, Ladvidg Olos, Eheldon, Lewis, Law, Hutchauson, Ewanwick, Mitchold. Morote, Carson, Deann, Bayley, Lawon, Cla &, Cheeks Mannieg, Hunter, Swan, Priests, Faysat, Borguel; Pritton, Smith. PASSENGERS THE EUROPA FOR BOSTON:

Sait, Borguei, Fritton, Maith.

SHIPPING INTELLIGENCE.

Artived from New York 12th, Tentonia, at Bremen.
13th; Christiana, at Deal; Jane Daggett, in the Clyde.
14th, Lucy Thompson, at Liverpool.

Arrived from New Griesse 12th, Aldansh. at Bremer;
Qu-bee, at Gicorde. 14th, E. W. Farley and Peppsonl;
at Deal. 15th, Havelock at Liverpool.

Arrive' from Savannah 13th, Resina, at Liverpool.

Arrive' from Savannah 13th, Resina, at Liverpool.

Sailed for New York 8th, Observer, Lom Ardrossan.
13th, Mary Ogdon, from Liverpool.

Sailed for Unariesten 12.b, Mary Washington, from
Liverpool.

Memoranda — he Magaulay, from Ballimore, is tions of gold, arrived at New York this morning. The news of the renewed accumulation of bullion in the Bank of England; and the reduction of its ment in cotion and the general proof that matters generally have settled down already upon the Memoranda — he Macaulay, from Baltimore, is sground near Helvoet.

From Washington. WASHINGTON, July 27.—A latter received from Dr. Forney, Superintendent of Indian Affairs to Utah, states that two of the children who were spared from the Mountain Meadow massacre, have on detained by the United States District A torney of the Territory as witnesses, against c tain white men who are strongly implicated the commission of that crime. The other child, will arrive at Leavenworth about the 10th of Z gust, where William C. Mitchell, whose two se and their wives were among the murdered en urants will receive and return them to the and their wives were among the murdered emigrants, will receive and return them to their
recovery were taken by Mr. Mix, the former commissioner, and Mr. Greenwood has zealously consummated that humane purpose.

Mejors Whiting and Basiman, Captains Tyler
and Campbell, and Lieutenant Elwood, are on
their return to the States on leave of absence.
The public lands advertised to be red din Minnesota from the 1st of Outober to the 14th of October
embrace the Government alternates within the

embrace the Government alternates within the six miles limits of the railroad grants, and the pine lands of the northeast portion of that State, consisting of a million and three quarters acres The President contemplates returning to Wash-ington on Wednesday ington on Wednesday.
The Postmester General will visit Kentucky during August. Arrival of the Empire City. New York, July 27.—The steamship Empire City has arrived from Havana, with later dates Four American capteins had died of yellow fever in port during the month. Sugar was dull and unchanged. In molasse

there was nothing doing. Freights were diffinite to be obtained. Exchanges dull; bills on London 12:13 per cent.; on New York 122 per cent. The California Overland Mail. STHAMER WASHINGTON LIBELLED.

Fr. Louis, July 27 .- The overland mail has ar-ived with San Francisco advices of the 4th inst News anticipated by the Moses Taylor at New ork. Steamer Washington was libelled as soon as she eached San Francisco Among the failures at San Francisco were Doros & Co., distillers, and Place & Co., millers.

Shocking Tragedy in Illinois.
Fastrour, Illinois, July 27 -Peter Arndt, a
German, living near Cedarville, in this county
killed three of his children with an axe, yes terday afternoon, and wounded the fourth so badly that it is not expected to live. He made no realistance when arrested, and assigned no reasons for the morder easons for the murder

Congressional Nomination.

Balthone. July 27—G. W. Hughes, of Ann-Arundel county, has been nominated for Contros, by the Democratic Convention of the Sixth District, in the place of the Hon. Thomas F

Accident to the Steamer Thomas Swann New York, July 27—The steamer Thomas Swann, which sailed from this port yesterday for Buitimore, has returned to day with the loss of ier progeller. Philadelphia Vessel Ashore. Montas, July 27.—The sohooner B. Watton is ashore on Mebile bar. She is discharging her car go, and will probably get off to day.

Markets by Telegraph. Olsoinnari, July 27 — Flour is uncharged; the receipts have seen larger than for some days previous Wheat active; sales of red at \$1.05; white at \$1.10\sigma\$. 1.15\structure{1}\$ Octo firm. Whiskey 21\structure{1}\$ Provisions quiet and uncharged Ness Pork \$15.50.

I kw Olkrawas, July 27 — Baies of 2.330 bales of Octon be ore the receipt of the Europa's advices. There

Later from California and Central America

Arrival of the Moses Taylor with more than Two Miltion Dollars in Gold. terday morning. She left Aspinwall on the mornno of the 19th instant, with the Pacific mails, and

The Pacific mail steamship Golden Gats. R. L.

J. B Newton & Co 23,068 \$2,145 000
A serious disturbance accourred at Aspinwall on
the 2d of July, occasioned by a sourcilous article
published in the Little News, a sheet published
at that place, reflecting on the railroad enplayees. The printing cifice was attacked by the
unth, and the presses and all the printing inaterais thrown into the sea. During the disturbance,
the proprietors of the newspaper attempted to defeud their office, and several thous were fired upon
the assailants, resulting in killing one man she
wounding five others. Horatic Lyon, the proprietor of the namer, and three printers, named Field.

wounding five others. Horatto Lyon, the preprie tor of the paper, and three printers, named Field, Levy, and Mitter, were arrested.

The eighty-third anniversary of American Independence was celebrated in San Francisco, with a greater degree of enthusiasm than has manifested itself on any similar occasion for several years past.

The news from the mines was very favorable One of the pipers has the following notice of the yield of a productive quartz deposit:

"The last weekly yield of the Allison quartz lead was \$28,000. One thousand would it is said, sover all the expenses, thus leaving the sam of \$1,500 per day profit.

NEWS FROM THE MESSENGER BIRD—A SCOUNDREL CAPTAIN.

[From the Alta California, July 6]

By the arrival of the May Queen, from Tah iti we learn this myserious vossed had turned up

where justice will overtake him, remains as grout puzze at ever. This case of barratry is the n puzzo at ever. This case of barratry is the uncet important for many years, and hardly second to any known. Capt. John II Delee is an educated man, and was once a lieutenant in the United States navy. Before sailing from Velpa raise he sent five men ashere in a boat, and proceeded to sea without them. It is estimated he must have nearly farty thousand dollars with him at present, felonicusly obtained, besides 2,400 more bags of coilee, of 160 pounds each, of stolen cargo. The Federal Government have undertaken his arrest, with a view to the restoration of both ship and cargo to their lawful owners.

FINANCIAL AND COMMERCIAL.

The Money Market. PHILADELPHIA, July 27, 1859.
The prices of stocks are unchanged, but the market is weak and inactive. West Philadelphia Railroad, Reading Railroad, and city loads, are at former quotations. Second and Third streets. Railtond, new issue, sold at 33. Pennsylvanir Railroad stock advanced &; selling at 39. Elmira Railroad, second mortgage severs, sold at 30.

The Mosts Taylor, bringing upwards of two mil-

ate of dissount to 21 per cent, the upward move.

basis of a state of peace and good order, produce the effect of making the rates for money in our market a little lower, though lenders do not relax in acy degree the strictness of circumspection which has characterized their operations for some nonths. Anything at all doubtful has but a poor thance of a purchaser in the hands of a notebroker, however anxious the capitalist may be to nave his money "earning a little something" Paterson's Counterfeit Detector for August 1st is issued this afternoon, and will be found extensively useful. The prominent feature of this de-sector is the extended and admirable table of rauds which have been committed by counterciters, and of plates known to be in the hands of he fraternity and in use for the production of new otes. The fact is, the greater part of the villairy recticed upon the public by false notes, is not accomplished by counterfeits, or notes made to copy and resemble the genuino issues of the banks, but what are technically called spurious notes, which ero well-orgraved notes with the names of the ank inserted, but which bear no fresemblance all to the ganuine issues. The principal varieties it the plates from which these notes are issued are so fully described by Peterson, that one who studie ts pages becomve, as it were, an expert in spurious notes, and knows most of them at the first glimpse Another new and dangerous fraud is reported by the counterfeit detectors, as very dangerous in its character. It is a five-dollar bill, altered to the Manufacturers' Bank of Brooklyn, New York, The rignette reprosents the Capitol at Washington; on the right is a portrain of General Taylor, and on the lower left corner a female. The Register's sig-nature is lithegraphed. There is little doubt that the same plate will be altered to apply to many other banks, and it would be well for our readers o refuse to take any bank note answering to this

description.
Imlay & Bicknell's Bank Note List for August let is issued to-day, with its usual variety of contents. The present number is a very good one.

The receipts of the Morris Canal Company for the week ending July 23, 1859, were as follows:
Total to July 16; 1859 \$126 904 23
Week ending July 23, 1859.... 8 819 53

Amount of coal shipped by the Wyoming Canal ompany for the week ending July 23, 1859,

Total since opening of navigation ... 189,988 " The following is the amount of coal transported over the Hazleton Railroad for the week ending July 23, 1859 : . WESK, PREVIOUSLY. TOTAL. Tons. Tons. Tons. Tons. 12,03: 19 240.753 07 251,775 06 ling week

Total....

The following is the Pittsburgh bank statement or the week preceding July 25: B. NRS. Oirculation. Specie Leans Deposits.

B. Pittsburg., \$191.816 \$428.648 \$1,01,658 \$85,80

Kxchange Bk., 485,833 20,176 1,476 661 281 089

M. & M., 284.747 128,873 075 4-6 284,67

Citizand L. N. 1790 57-187 60,744 67.93

Mechanics', 227 120 74,973 757 601 56 742

iron Otty ... 2 5,8-5 116,855 704,123 218 663

Allegheny ... 247,005 101 663 691 193 127 683 1,863,243 1,110,266 6,961,298 1780,8 8 Last week.....1,853,928 1 052,191 6,968,020 1,734 051 Increase.... 720 67,081 . 6,248 . . . 15,769

Treasury not's and notes of Due to bks. Due by bks. other banks. BANKS. Pittsburg £93 045 \$42 253 ron City.... 6,925 illegheny 18,741 29,251 23,251 \$311 004

The following is the last weekly statement of PHILADELPHIA STOCK EXCHANGE LALES,

Decresse... 17,848

AND EXCHANGE BEOTHES, MORTHWEST CORNER TRIRD AND CRESTRUT STREETS. FIRST BOARD.

SECON D BO * RD.

| 1500 N Pa R 6s... 21s 63% 20 Morris Uznal.... 57% (100 do ... 21s 63% 20 Morris Uznal.... 57% (100 do ... 21s 63% 14 Bank of N Au... 13) 30 Penna R.... 33 10 do ... 42% 3 do ... 39 10 do ... 42% 4 do ... 39 15 24 & Sd. st. R rew. 33 1 do ... 39 | 5 24 & Sd. st. R rew. 33 1 do ... 39 | 5 24 & Sd. st. R rew. 33 1 do ... 39 | 5 24 & Sd. st. R rew. 33 1 do ... 39 | 5 24 & Sd. st. R rew. 33 1 do ... 39 | 5 24 & Sd. st. R rew. 33 1 do ... 39 | 5 24 & Sd. st. R rew. 33 1 do ... 39 | 5 24 & Sd. st. R rew. 33 1 do ... 39 | 5 24 & Sd. st. R rew. 33 1 do ... 39 | 5 24 & Sd. st. R rew. 33 1 do ... 39 | 5 24 & Sd. st. R rew. 33 1 do ... 39 | 5 24 & Sd. st. R rew. 33 1 do ... 39 | 5 24 & Sd. st. R rew. 33 1 do ... 39 | 5 24 & Sd. st. R rew. 33 1 do ... 39 | 5 24 & Sd. st. R rew. 33 1 do ... 39 | 5 24 & Sd. st. R rew. 33 1 do ... 39 | 5 24 & Sd. st. R rew. 33 1 do ... 39 | 5 24 & Sd. st. R rew. 33 1 do ... 39 | 5 24 & Sd. st. R rew. 33 1 do ... 39 | 5 24 & Sd. st. R rew. 33 1 do ... 39 | 5 24 & Sd. st. R rew. 33 1 do ... 39 | 5 24 & Sd. st. R rew. 33 1 do ... 39 | 5 24 & Sd. st. R rew. 33 1 do ... 39 | 5 24 & Sd. st. R rew. 33 1 do ... 39 | 5 24 & Sd. st. R rew. 33 1 do ... 39 | 5 24 & Sd. st. R rew. 33 1 do ... 39 | 5 24 & Sd. st. R rew. 33 1 do ... 39 | 5 24 & Sd. st. R rew. 33 1 do ... 39 | 5 24 & Sd. st. R rew. 33 1 do ... 39 | 5 24 & Sd. st. R rew. 33 1 do ... 39 | 5 24 & Sd. st. R rew. 33 1 do ... 39 | 5 24 & Sd. st. R rew. 33 1 do ... 39 | 5 24 & Sd. st. R rew. 30 | 5 24 & Sd. st. R rew. 30 | 5 24 & Sd. st. R rew. 30 | 5 24 & Sd. st. R rew. 30 | 5 24 & Sd. st. R rew. 30 | 5 24 & Sd. st. R rew. 30 | 5 24 & Sd. st. R rew. 30 | 5 24 & Sd. st. R rew. 30 | 5 24 & Sd. st. R rew. 30 | 5 24 & Sd. st. R rew. 30 | 5 24 & Sd. st. R rew. 30 | 5 24 & Sd. st. R rew. 30 | 5 24 & Sd. st. R rew. 30 | 5 24 & Sd. st. R rew. 30 | 5 24 & Sd. st. R rew. 30 | 5 24 & Sd. st. R rew. 30 | 5 24 & Sd. st. R rew. 30 | 5 24 & Sd. st. R rew. 30 | 5 24 & Sd. st. R rew. 30 | 5 24 & Sd. st. R rew. 30 | 5 24 & Sd. st. R rew. 30 | BECOND BOARD.

Philadelpaia markets.

The Flour market continues duli; there is very ers; old stock continues dull and neglected; the quality. Rye Flour is held at \$1, but we hear of no sales. Corn Meal is stoady, with a sale of 100 bbls to note at \$3.75 per bbl. Wheat—There is not much offering, and prime is held above the views of millers, who are not buying to any extent: sales is in better demand; sales of about 4 000 bushels, good to prime Southern and Pennsylvania yellow good to prime Southern and Pennsylvania yellow at 80.81c, chiefy at the latter prices. 1,500 bus pale yellow brought 783. Oats continue duit, and about 2 000 bus have been sold at 33; for Pennsylvania and 36; for Delaware. Bark—Q teraitron has advanced, and 60:70 hhds 1st No. 1 s.1d at 529; per ton. Cotton—The market is firm, but not very soffice, owing to the high views of holders, who are generally demanding an advance, and shint 250 bales sold at full prices. Greecies and Provisions—There has been more doing but no changes to note. Whiskey is unsettled, with further sales of drudge at 255, hhds 265; Easton, bbls at 261c, and Prison do at 271a 28c per gallon.

New ork Stock Excampe, July 27.

of the first problement of the statement of the statement