THURSDAY, FEBRUARY 8, 1859.

WEEKLY PRESS. THE WEEKLY PRESS, Vol. 4, No. 6, for SATUR DAY, Yeb. 5, is now ready. Among the vast amoun of interesting matter, original and selected, contained in the number for the prosent week, will be found the

EDITORIALS. PROBRATION ENTERONED IN WASHI TON- . THE NEXT PRESIDENCY ! SEARFUL BILL TEDIOTMENT TOTHES AMERICA THE NEW GOLD FIRED TREOTOR BALTIMORE, TO WASHISTON THE TES BOLTTOAN FUTURE PRINCE DENITORY

PURCHASE OF CUBA-ABUSES OF THE POST OFFICE Department The Postage Question — Tereson To Demograpy a Sectional Oppenson — W. C. Bond The Astronomen — October 1987 (1987) POLITICAL MERTING OF THE DEMOGRATIO COMMIT

TOP OF COMERCO OF THE PERSONNEL COUNTY—
HAVE WE'L DANGORATIC PLANT AMONG US?—THE
POPULAR SOVERHIGHTY OF TAMES BUCHANAM PORTRY -- IN MEMORIAN OF MES. S.—THE SEA BIRD'S OUR PORT POLIC. THE LADDER OF BENEVOLENCE

ERRE INQUIET—BOOK-MAKING—BATING—STANZAS
BE, VALVATINE'S DAY—VAMPING A SERMON—POROKLAIN—PRESENCE OF MIND—RESERBOTION—UNION OP LITEBARY COMPOSITIONS. CORRESPONDENCE, LETTERS FROM WASSINGTON PROM THE MORN'S COUNTRY—THE DOUGLAS AND FITOE APPRIE LETTER PROM OCCUSIONAL. MELIGIOUS INTELLIGENCE - ANNUAL REPORT O THE HOME MISSIONARY SCOURTY-ST, PATER'S

Church, &C. PORTIA-PENNSYLVANIA LEG SLATURE-PORSIG News 7 nu Layest Name by Talkgraph PR M. Karsas, Washington, &c.

THE CITY ... WERELY REVIEW OF THE PHILADELPHIA MARKETS-MARRIAGES AND DEATHS THE MONEY MARKET PHILADELPHIA CATTLE MARKET-STOCK MIRORLLANGOUS. POSTPONEMENT OF A FUNERAL:

REBANGE OASE—TITANIA MARRING BOTTON—A PARIS SUNDAY—A TRIAL YOR MURDER ON SUNDAY RECORD TRADERECTION AT CALLAD -LOSS OF THE SPEAME NORTH CARCLINA GREAT FIRE IN SOUTH-INDION A QUELOUS DOCUMENT PARTIES WITH A CRILD VERTUS THE PANOUS DEAD OF 1888— THE STEAMER WADASH—MARRED AT 7% P. M. AND DEAD AT 9-P. M. A. NARROW ESCAPS—THE BROWNE BATH, 60 Showse Birn, &c.

22 per year, in advance, for the single copy, and to clubs of twenty, when sent to one address, \$20, in advance Bingle copies for sale at the counter of Tam Passes of dee, in wrappers, ready for mailing.

FOR Jour Cox is the only authorized carrier of The Press, between Eleventh and Broad, and between Market street and Poplar. Should any of our subscribers, residing within the limits designated, fail to receive the paper, they will please give notice at the office.

FIRST PAGE. -- New Publications; Letters from New York and Washington; General News. FOURTH PAGE.—Extraordinary Suicide in New Orleans: Matrimonial Infidelity and Spicide Early History of Senator Hammond.

.The Secretary of the Navy yesterday presente to the United States Senate a statement of all the

plomatists now in Washington with an intrigue pretence. far more complimentary to his successful gallantry than to his morality.

is by no means popular among the commercial class, who regard him in fact as a sort of rival He is himself the great coffee merchant of the island, and coffee is the chief article produced for foreign export. To make sure of his dues and duties, and to prevent anybody but himself fro driving hard, and same that all the coffee should subjects, he requires that all the coffee should pass through his hands. This arrangement is by no means agreeable to the commercial classes and their wishes are all on the side of the insur-

gents.
Additional news from Hayti states that the Emperor has placed his family on board a vessel at Port-au-Prince, and it is supposed he intended to leave with them—so that who knows but we may have an opportunity of seeing a live Emperor Captain Montgomery, of Kansas fame, in person

rame, somewhat gaunt and worn in appearance. His features are good, the general expression being much like the ordinary representations of Colonel Fremont. His unkempthair and ragged, full heard lend a certain appearance of ferceity to his countricated by the best of the contradict of the contradiction tenance, which is contradicted by the mild light of his keen blue eye and the almost feminine softness of his well-modulated voice. His dress i extremely primitive, with no visible linen or other superfluity. For the Record realize

The Massachusetts Historical Society convened a special meeting on Tuesday night, at Boston, for the purpose of noticing, in a becoming manner, the recent death of Mr. William H. Prescott, the historian. The proceedings are said to have been exceedingly impressive and earnest. The Boston papers of yesterday are filled with the proceedings embracing the addresses of Mr. Robert O. Win-throp, Mr. George Ticknor, Mr. Jared Sparks, Rev. James Walker, Mr. John C. Grey, Mr. Josish Quincy, Sr., Rev. N. L. Frohlingham, Prof. Cornelius O. Felton, Mr. James Savage, and George T. Curtis, together with the letters of Mr.

Rufus Choate and Mr. David Sears. In New York, night before last, Professor Deane delivered a lecture on the "Scholastic Union of the Sexes." In common with others of the present day, Mr. Desne is of opinion that it is most desirable that, from the infant school to the col-lege, the two sexes should be educated together, just as they are reared together in the family reion, under the paternal roof.

The New Yorkers are going to de the handson The New Yorkers are going to de tue nanusome thing to young Morphy, the great chess-player. A magnificent set of chess men of gold and silver, has been purchased by the New York Chess Club, and this will be presented to him on the first op

portunity.

The inspectors of the Rhode Island State Prison report that no less than 579 persons had been import that no less than 579 persons had been important that the state of the past prisoned for debt in that State during the pas-Victor Considerants the French phalansterser

was a passenger in the Arago, from Havre.

SPLENDID BOOKBINDING .- We saw, yesterday, some specimens of the bibliopegistic art, which, in point of elegance and taste, equal anything which point of elegance and taste, equal anything which the best bookbinders of this country or of Europe have eyer produced. Messrs. Pawson & Nichol-gon of this city, who bind for many of the most distinguished bibliomaniaes on this side of the At-lantic, have just finished the binding of three large folio volumes of Andubon's "Birds of Amer-ica." Each volume measures 29 inches wide

large folio volumes of Andubon's "Birds of America." Esch volume measures 29 inches wide by 40 inches high. Esch is bound in "full jevant" crimson morocco, richly and elaborately hand-tooled with gold, the outside border measuring six and a half inches in width, and the inside Detector. It is imperial 8vo in size, and is finely inches with red morocco foints. The deat of two inches, with red moreoco joints. The cost of blinding the three volumes thus gorgeously will not be less than a hundred and fifty dollars. In Detector, and will be sold to such of the public as the way of ornamental bookbinding they are rare may not subscribe to that necessary work for one

LARGE SALES-EITRA VALUABLE REAL ES-TATE, &C.—See Thomas & Sons advertisements, auction head, real estate, bank and other

REV. A. A. WILLITE. of Philadelphia REV. A. A. WILLITE, of Philadelphia, will deliver a lecture this evening, before the Mercantile fabrary Association, on "The Man for the Timely" Although Mr. Willitts is not very well known here; he has a reputation at home which is a marantee that his address will be well worth hearing, and we shall be surprised if it is, not one of the best of the dourse.—Boston Convier of satisfaction.

The Tariff Question in Congress. The struggle in Congress in regard to a re-

ision of the tariff is assuming a highly interesting and important shape. While we have very little doubt that a majority of the memvery little doubt that a majority of the members in each house, as well as the President, are in favor of increased rates of duty, such measures have been taken that it is possible all attempts to revise the tariff, at this session, may be thwarted. The unfortunate diversity in the recommendations of Mr. Buchanan and Secretary Cobb has done much to rob the Administration of the influence it might otherwise have exerted on this important subject; and the strange anomaly has been presented of caucuses of the Administration members of both houses being held to defeat an Administration measure! It is true that the opinion was freely expressed at these aspectations of the safe opinion was freely expressed at these aspectations and solve the same and objects of the safe corporation as hereinafter declared. And they and their successors may simpliages that their action should not be binding upon those who were in attendance; binding upon those who were in attendance; but their principal object appears to have been to establish, as far as possible, an organized Democratic party antagonism to a change in the tariff at this session. To Pennsylvanians it is difficult to realize upon what pretexts action of this kind can be justified, when the enormous expenditures of the Government, the exhausted condition of the Treasury, and the rapid increase of the public debt, are taken

into consideration. • The anti-tariff feeling appears to be based on the fact that a large portion of the citizens' of the West and South are daily becoming more and more devotedly attached to freetrade doctrines, and no tariff legislation, in their opinion, can compensate for the in-creased price of their ordinary articles of consumption, and the decreased price of their articles of export, which they suppose would be caused by increasing the imposts. This school of politicians also argue that the expenditures of the Government at this moment, reaching, as they do, nearly a hundred millions of dollars, are entirely too high, and that the present moment presents a favorable opportunity

for economy and retrenchment, which should be eagerly embraced. As an argument in favor of this view of the question, it happens rather unfortunately that letter from the President, written in 1852, has been exhumed; and touching, as it does, almost directly upon the point at issue, it serves to strengthen the convictions of those favorably disposed to free-trade doctrines. It

is as follows: "WHEATLAND, February 23, 1852. "Gentlemen: * * * On what issues, then, can we go before the country, and confidently calculate upon the support of the American people at the, approaching Presidential election? I answer, unhesitatingly that we must fall back, as you suggest, upon those fundamental and time-honored principles which have divided us from our political opponents since the beginning, and which, from the very nature of the Federal Constitution, must continue to divide us from them to the end. We must inscribe upon our banners a sound regard for the reserved rights of the States, a strict construction of the Constitution, a denial to Congress of all powers not clearly granted by that instrument, and a rigid economy in public expenditures.

These expenditures have now reached the mormous sum of FIFTY MILLIONS of dollars per innum, and, unless arrested in their advance by

The Secretary of the Navy yesterday presented to the United States Senate a statement of all the contracts made by the Government for live oak A resolution was adopted approving of Minister Reed's regulations for the Chinese-consulates. A bill was introduced by Senator Broderick to establish a line of steamships between San Francisco and Shanghae, via the Sandwich Islands. A resolution was paised asking for the correspondence with Prussia, relative to the forced enlistment in the Prussian army of persons claiming American protection.

In the House, a bill was presented providing for the issue of Isand-patents to the Shawnes Indians, and naturalizing them as citizens of the United States. After some debate, the naturalization clause was stricken out, and on a vote being taken on the bill; it was lost by a majority of 9. Mr Taylor, of Louisiana; tried ineffectually to get leave to introduce a bill for the purchase of Cuba. In Committee of the Whole the legislative, judicular, and executive appropriation bill was discussed, and after some debate, the clause appropriations for all sorts of projects. Money, from the mainbers of Cengress was stricken out.

The Washington correspondent of the N.Y. News says that there is a painful rumor flying about, which connects the name of one of the leading diplomatists now in Washington with an intrigue far more complimentary to his successful gallantry when well and the projects are gilded over with a polymental to make appropriation of the washington with an intrigue far more complimentary to his successful gallantry when will be the inceign gallantry of the course of a few pears, and a serior garm of the Democracy of the country, and any in the course of a few pears, garm of the Democracy of the country, and any in the course of a few pears, garm of the Democracy of the country, and any in the course of a few pears, garm of the Democracy of the constitution, ought to be on a scale century in the Country of the constitution, ought to be on a scale century of the constitution,

prelence.
What will be the inevitable consequence of such lavish expenditures? Are they not calculated to disturb the nicely-adjusted balance between the Federal and State Governments, upon the Kentucky, on account of the ill-health of himself and faintly.

It is proposed in the Illinois Legislature to create a new officer; to be called Commissioner of Immigration, to make known the natural advantages of the State, to invite immigration, and point out the best localities to each class of new comers, and help to promote their welfare.

Some doubt seems to exist of the truth of the reports from Hayil that Sculbuque has been defeated. The New York Tribuies says that it is evident that a conflict had taken place, but how serious a one, or who was the vident, doming as it does from American merchants or agents resident in Hayten ports, is liable to be a little colored. Soulouque is by no means popular among the commercial class, who-regard him in fact as a resident serious are commented that the commercial class, who-regard him in fact as a resident serious are commented that the commercial class, who-regard him in fact as a resident serious and commented that the commercial class, who-regard him in fact as a resident serious are commented that the commercial class, who-regard him in fact as a resident serious are commented that view of the subject, says the respect of the subject, says the commercial class, who-regard him in fact as a resident in the commercial class, who-regard him in fact as a resident serious and state Governments, upon the Federal and State Governments, upon the Proservation of which depend the harmony and efficiency of the servery comments of the proservation of which depend the harmony and efficiency of which it every every careful and state Governments, upon the Federal and State Governments and State Governments and State Governments of the harmony and efficiency of the harmony and efficiency of the harmony and efficiency of the Governments upon the Federal and State Governments upon the Federal and State Governments and State Governments and State Governments upon the Federal and State Governments and State Governments of the harmony and efficiency of State Governments and State

not because we acquiesce in it, (on the con-trary, we earnestly desire that some action may be speedily taken to relieve the Treasury and revive the struggling industrial interests of the nation), but to show the character of the driving hard, and extertionate bargains with his influences by which a policy that would otherwise seem inexplicable is strengthened. In the House of Representatives the Com-

mittee of Ways and Means is divided in sentiment; and it appears to be utterly impossible to get a majority of the committee to agree upon a report. A cheering indication of the temper of the House, however, was manifested a few days since, when the proposition of Mr. Houston, of Alabama, to obtain leave to introduce another loan bill, was defeated by a vote of 127 to 73. He was given to understand that no new loan could be authorized, unless it was accompanied by an act providing for a revision of the tariff. If those who have taken this position continue to maintain it they may yet prevail, and the Senate be obliged to concur in their views. But it is to be feared that in the latter body, Mr. HUNTER, as chairman of the Committee on Finance, will wield great influence against any change

of the tariff.

However desirable it may be to reduce the expenditures of the Government, such a work will require time and judgment, and the representations of the President and his Secretary; and the estimates of the various departments, should be entitled, at least, to some ittle respect. Although it has been clearly established by the Congressional proceedings of the last ten days that Mr. Buchanan is not regarded as the head of the Democratic party by anybody, or by any section of the Democracy, North, South, East, or West, he is still President of the United States, and supposed to be able to furnish information in regard to the financial condition of the country, its probable expenditures and its probable receipts, which should influence to some extent the action of Congress upon so delicate and important a question as the national finances. Money is absolutely needed to carry on the operations of the Government; and, though Congress must vote it, he ought to he allowed to assist them in deciding how much will be required. .. It certainly seems singular that men hould, on one day, manifest a willingness to vote thirty millions for the purchase of Cuba, and on the next day refuse to increase revenues ascertained to be, at least, twenty five illions of dollars less than the ordinary current expenditures. There is so much reason, necessity, and justice in the demand for a speedy revision of the tariff, that we still hope for some appropriate action this session, notwithstanding the strong array of anti-tariff in-

. Peterson's Coin Book. As a matter of curiosity, and also of utility, dollar. The engravings are well executed, and the typography is admirable. This is the most handsome and complete Coin Book yet issued in

this country, and embraces the coinage of the Norwich and Worcester Line to Boston. This route is one of the most desirable routes which passengers to Boston can take. The splendid steamers "Commonwealth" and "Cennecticut" the Times' Although Mr. Willits is not very well known here, he has a reputation at homewhich for guerantee that his address will be well eave Courtland-street wharf, New York, every afternoon, at 4 P. M., connecting at Alleyn's granted by the Councils of Philadelphia. Said not one of the hest of the hest

A Comprehensive Bill.

The following burlesque on the railroad mania, now prevalent at Harrisburg, contains more truth than poetry. It is alike a lesson to legislators and to people :

SEC. 2. That the capital stock of the said com

pleasure

SEC. 2. That the capital stock of the said company shall be ten thousand dollars, to be divided into shares of one nick each, and may be increased from time to time, as may be deemed necessary.

SEC. 3. The said corporation is hereby authorized and empowered to locate, construct, and finally complete, a railroad, beginning at the foot of Chestout or any other street on the river Delaware, and these westward, on either or both sides of the way, to the river Schuylkill; thence, by any mode or route they may choose, to Barker street, returning by the streets heretofore known as Clover street. Girard street, Marbie alley, and Lodge alley, with liberty to connect with and use any railroad now or hereafter to be laid, and to out down, blow up, or otherwise destroy, any building or obstruction as may be necessary for the preper construction of said road, without liability or responsibility for any damage done thereby: Provided, That the University of Pennsylvania, situate on Ninth street, being one of those old-fogy institutions that it is desirable to perpetuate, be not entirely destroyed; but nothing in this or any either act shall deprive the company from tunnelling the same.

sing the same.

SEC. 4. That the said corporation shall have the right to connect with any other road, laid or to be laid, or to use any other streets that they may desire for branch roads, and shall have authority to use either steam, horse, male, or hand power, at their discretion; and shall also have authority to transport passengers or freight, or both, over and along such roads as they may have laid or connect with, and establish such rates of toll as may be necessary to insure a satisfactory receipt for the semi-annual dividend.

Sec. 5. That the said company shall have su-

semi-annual dividend.

See, 5. That the said company shall have suthority, and is hereby authorized and empowered, to issue bonds not to exceed double the amount of their nominal capital at the time being, which bonds shall be made redeemable at the pleasure, convenience, and option of the said company, in tickets of said company, or of any of the lines of railroad or omnibuses then running in the city of Philadelphia.

BY MIDNIGHT MAIL. Letter from Washington. Correspondence of The Press.]

Washington, Feb. 2, 1859. Congress seems to have awakened to the fact the disposition of the business out out for the table result. The present condition and prospect of the finances seem to create the greatest un-easiness. The public debt, I understand, is ra-pidly rising to the sum of one hundred millions. It was the last evening given to any one beyond which, with the demands for our foreign relations, cholder. I believe that, notwithstanding all opinions advanced upon the subject by Secretary friend from life to death.

Cobb and others, an increase of duties will be The State Anti-Slavery Convention, composed Cobb and others, an increase of duties will be actually necessary to keep the wheels in motion, and that this is the only source from which the Treasury can expect to be reimbursed. Hence by a majority of the Southern members, who seem lips, Garrison, and other oracy-heads. "Our American Cousin," at Laura Keene's, atendorsement, and that the interests of the Keystone and other industrial States may be established upon a firm and lasting basis.

A table of the operations and condition of the

Patent Office up to December 31st, 1858, is out. A brief synopsis of its operations is as follows:

tions relating to agricultural implements and processes, of which 152 were for improvements in and presses and in packing cotton; 164 in the steam engine; 198 in railroad cars, &c., and 116 for improvements in the sewing machine. Since the issue of the first patent for the latter, in 1842, 285 patents have been granted for improvements upon it. In this connection the belief is enter-tained that at no distant day it will be almost as universal as were the distaff and aninning-wheel of the olden time; but unlike those, it will lighten the burdens and brighten the lives of impoverish-

ed and suffering humanity.

The amount of money received at the Patent
Office during the year has been \$203,716.16; expenses, \$193,193.74; which, with the amount t the credit of the patent fund, January 1, 1858, of \$39,719.45, leaves a balance in the Treasury, Janu-

ditures of \$10,522.42, against a deficit of \$15,450.08 in 1857. Apropos of the Mount Vernon Fund, a writer in

the Union of this morning, taking for granted that every patriot in the country feels deeply anxious for the success of this noble enterprise, advocates the following: "Let the 22d of Febru-ary, 1859, be celebrated by the office-holders of the United States, both Federal and State, by each of them contributing to the Mount Vernon Fund their pay for that day;" and to give form and effect to this proposition, moves that the head of each department of the public service should take the necessary steps to have it carried out. A good proposition. And why not? Politically speaking, these levies are no new thing, as many can testify. Let the purchase of Mount Vernon be consummated in this way, by the heads of the departments taking the lead.

A special report on the progress of the coast urvey has been furnished by the Treasury De partment, and ordered to be printed by Congress. An exhibit of the amount of work done, together with other statistical matter contained in this re port, was furnished to The Press a month or two

national scientific enterprise, informed me this morning, that remarks introductory to the Alumni address to be delivered by John Davis Watson Geq, before the alumni of the Central High School, would be made by him before that body on the 10th inst. Of course, a rich intellectual feast will be served up on the occasion.

The library of Col. Benton is to be sold at pub lie auction on Tuesday next, by order of the exeoutor. An opportunity will thus be afforded for the purchase, in whole or in part, of a large and valuable collection of books.

Letter from Harrisburg.

[Correspondence of The Press.] HARRISBURG, February 2. Mr. Abbott read in place a bill providing for "a Board of Guardians of the Poor of the city of Philadelphia," the number of said guardians to be m four, two of whom to be appointed by the judges of the Court of Quarter Sessions, the other two by the Select and Common Councils, at a joint me ing in June next. This board shall have all the

assigned to the chief resident physician of the Almshouse; their salary to be hereafter provided Almshouse; their salary to be hereafter provided for by the Councils. The act of consolidation, so far as relates to this subject, is hereby repealed. I have just been able to secure the bill read in place on Monday last, incorporating the Western Passenger Railway Company. Commissioners—David George, Jerse George, Owen Jones, J. O. Plum, B. R. Miller, James Hunter, John Hunter, Samuel Martin, Isaac Heston, John R. Gheen, James H. Askin, Nemiah Evans, Charles W. Bacon, Joseph L. Hancock, John R. Vogdes, and Jesse M. Williams.

Kanthay J. Same H. Askin, Nemiah Evans, Charles W. Bacon, Joseph L. Hancock, John R. Vogdes, and Jesse M. Williams.

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Capital stock, 4,000 shares, \$50 each, with powe to increase to 3,000 shares. Lay double or single track. Route—from west side Schuylkill river in Twenty-fourth ward, on Chestinut street, westward to Moore street; thence along Moore street ward to Moore street; thence along Moore street to Thirty-fifth street; thence along Thirty-fifth to Hamilton bridge, Haverford, or Sfory streets; thence along one of said streets to Lancaster; thence along said avenue to Hemilton bridge, Haverford, or Sfory streets; thence along one of said streets to Lancaster avenue; thence along said avenue to Meeting house, provided, the consent of the Lancaster Turnpike Road Company shall have first been obtained; if consent be not obtained, to lay the road on the plank road of the "Martion Plank Road Company," or by any street that may be granted by the Councils of Philadelphia. Said company to continue road from Meeting-house lane at Hestonville, along the Merrion Plank Road to Hestonville, along the Merrion Plank Road to Fig. 1 and patents to the Shawnes Indians, and provided whether this was the Clusters of the United States. Mr. Houston, of Alabama, suggested whether this was the Clusters of the United States.

Mr. Houston, of Alabama, suggested whether this was the Constitution requires a uniform law for naturalization.

Mr. Garrandor replied that the Indians were not on the same footing at the Indians were not on the same footing at the Indians were not on the same footing at the Indians were not on the same footing at the Indians were not on the same footing at the Indians were not on the same footing at the Indians were not on the same footing at the Indians were not on the same footing at the Indians were not on the same footing at the Indians were not on the same footing at the Indians were not on the same footing and the Indians were not on the same footing at the Indians were not on the same footing at the Indians were not on the same footing at the Indians were not on the same footing at the Indians were not on the same footing at the Indians were not on the same footing o increase to 8,000 shares. Lay double or single

on the resolution authorizing the Committee on Railroads to print, all railroad bills in their possession, so that the members may have an opportunity of fully examining the same before voting, took such a wide range as to exclude matters of general interest. Some of the members of general interest. Some of the members of the committee contended that the House had no right thus to dictate, and hence they would oppose the resolution. It had, however, the startling and importunate appearance of an attempt to conceal the features of varied forces marshalling for a railway rush at the close of the session. The struggle on these bills is as yet confined to silently scheming parties, and but few out mileage.

Mr. Ghiruthold, and its incorporation in regard to the fine to silently scheming parties, and showed the the whole the proposed for the reduction of mileage.

Mr. Fairri, of South Carolina, thought that the pre-

fined to silently scheming parties, and but few can acquire satisfactory information in regard to the counter-plots between "city" and "country." The game is strictly sith rosa. Mr. Sardie's recolling me strictly sith rosa. Mr. Sardie's recolling in the Senate) calling upon the Governor for information in reference to the subscription for stock in the Germantown Passenger Railway Company, and all facts connected therewith on which he issued lotters patent, was interpreted to be a fling at the Germantown of the subscription for stock in the Germantown Passenger Railway Company, and all facts connected therewith on which he issued lotters patent, was interpreted to be a fling at the Germantown of the subscription for such that the present of the subscription is required to the country, he was willing to withhold all compensation. Mr. Binuchan, of Ohio, said that the abuse of the mileage system ought not to be clostated. It was not present to the subscription of the country, he was willing to withhold all compensation. Mr. Binuchan, of Ohio, said that the abuse of the mileage system ought not to be clostated. It was not present only the vealth of the country, he was willing to withhold all compensation. Mr. Binuchan, of Ohio, said that the abuse of the mileage system ought not to be clostated. It was not present only the vealth of the country, he was willing to withhold all compensation. Mr. Binuchan, of Ohio, said that the abuse of the mileage system ought not to be clostated. It was not present only the vealth of the country, he was willing to withhold all compensation. Mr. Binuchan, of Ohio, said that the abuse of the mileage system ought not to be clostated. It was not present only the vealth of the country, he was will be sufficiently large to entitle the talents of the best public men. It the client was the reduction of the best public men. It the client was the contract of the best public men. It the client was the contract of the best public men. It the client was the contract of the best public men. It th Mr. S. disolaimed any such intention, and, after a slight talk, the matter was indefinitely postponed.

Mr. Parker read a bill antitled (1) and properly and a spropriation based on existing laws. If gentlemen desire to make a reform, not in an appropriation.

Mr. Parker read a bill antitled (1) and (2) are the second of th Mr. Parker read a bill entitled "an act to repeal section 6 of a supplement to the act incorporating Philadelphia, which shall be noticed in our

Mr. Wright presented a bill authorising Sarah Kneass, James Magee, Horner R. Kneass, and Napoleon B. Kneass, surviving executors of Chris-

interest about Prescott, the historian. He passed last Wednesday evening alone with Mr. Prescott, that unless some active steps are taken towards in the study of the latter at Boston. They had long been friends, doubly so from the fact that present session, an extra session will be the inevi- both were the subjects of a similar misfortune blindness. They talked of literature, of history, his immediate family circle. The first news that presents an array of figures startling to the met Mr. Milburn's ears, on his return home two days afterwards, was the sudden summons of his

of curly-headed fanatics, who maintain that the Federal Constitution is a "covenant with death and an agreement with hell." commenced its acrit is that the report of the Secretary of the Treasion yesterday at the State capital. Speeches sury is looked for with some anxiety, especially in favor of disunion were made by Wendell Phil-

low duties. There is a hope, however, that the recommendations of the President will receive an endorsement, and that the interests of the Keyfrom parquette to sky circle, seat and standes, was occupied, nor did there seem the least abate the part of the audience. Poor Wm. Rufus Blake, a member of Miss Keene's company, is en-Number of applications for patents during the y-ar 1858.

Number of patents granted, eincluding designs, reissues, and additional improvements).

Number of caveats filed.

Number of applications for extensions of patents

Number of patents extended.

Number of patents extended.

Number of patents extended 31st December, 1858.

Of. the patents granted there wave. In the way of public diversions there is nothing new. Never in the history of the stage in New York has there been so little variety presented at the theatres as during the present winter. No thing seen on the posters but " American Cousin," " Veteran," and " Circus."

> BY TELEGRAPH. IMPORTANT FROM SALT LAKE.

THE GRAND JURY DISBANDED. Revolvers in the Jury Daoin.

MARTIAL LAW PROBABLE. Er. Louis, Feb. 2.—A private letter from Salt Lake, sated January 7th, says that Judge Sinciair had ad-ourned the Grand Jury size die on the petition of nine members, in which they declare their inability f the excitement and violence manifested. The jury ary 1, 1859, of \$50,241 88

The depression under which the business of the office was laboring at the date of the last annual report has passed away, and the rebound from the disastrous effects of the revulsion of 1857 has been fully realized. The annual law will probably be established.

fully realized. The applications of 1858 amount to 5,364, against 4,771 in 1857, and 4,960 in 1856, while the receipts show on excess over the expensions of the expensions of

arrived here to night from Turk's Island, with dates to the 20th of January.

There had been heavy rains since the commencement of the year, and a large per centage of salt was wated. There was no likelihood of more being gathered for three months: The stock on hand amounted to \$00,000 bushels.

A vessel at Turk's Island, from Portan-Platt, St. Domingo, reports that place in a deplorable condition A great many people were leaving for Cape Haylien, which had declared for General Geffrard.

Trade was very dull at Portan-Platt, and confidence in President Santana had not been restored.

A Dutch schoocer had arrived at Turk's island, osterably to load with salt for Mantanzas, but ahe was supposed to be a slaver. She had guns on board, and was supposed to have come for salt merely to evade the British cruisers.

Non-Arrival of the Kangaroo. BANDT HOOK. Feb. 2-Midnight.—No signs of the approach of the Kangaroo The weather is thick and raining, and there is no prospect of her getting in tonight.

THIRTY-FIFTH CONGRESS. Second Session. Washington, Feb. 2.

SENATE.

A variety of memorials were presented
A memorial was submitted from the Indian Aid Asseciation of New York, asking Congress not to organise
new Territories without consulting the Indians as to what
portion of the Territory they wish to be located on; portion of the Terriotry they wish to be located on; also, asking Congress to give the society a grant of money for the aid of the Indians.

The Secretary of the Navy transmitted, in accordance with Mr. Wilson's recent resolution, a statement of all the contracts for live oak, which was ordered to be minted.

the contracts for live oak, which was ordered to be printed

The Senators from New York presented numerous memorials from New York and Long Island, asking for the construction of works of defence.

Mr. Bayian, of Delaware, from the Committee on the Judiciary. Introduced a resolution approving of Minister Reed's decree of February, 1858, regulating the Othiese consulates, and declaring that no legislation was necessary to legislize it. Adopted.

Mr. BRODERICK, of Galifornia, introduced a bill to establish a line of ateamships between San Francisco and Shaughas via the Sandwich Islands. Referred to the Post Office Committee.

Mr. Puns, of Oblio, moved a resolution asking for any correspondence with Frustia, relative to the compulsory enlistment of persons claiming American protection, in the Prussian army Adopted

The House bill for the punishment of counterfeiting military land warrants was read and passed

Mr. Barane, of Delaware, from the Judiciary Committee, said that he would to-morrow present a report on the Indiana election in response to the memorial of Messra, McCarthy and Lane claiming to be Senators from that Este.

The Aericultural College bill was taken up, and, on motion of Mr. Purh, was recommitted by the following the contract of the punctured of Mr. Purh, was recommitted by the following the contract of the punctured of Mr. Purh, was recommitted by the following the contract of the punctured of Mr. Purh, was recommitted by the following the property of the punctured of Mr. Purh, was recommitted by the following the punctured of the punctured of Mr. Purh, was recommitted by the following the punctured of the punctured of Mr. Purh, was recommitted by the following the punctured of the punctured of

rom that State.

The Agricultural College bill was taken up, and, on notion of Mr. Pugb, was recommitted by the following

ing in June next. This board shall have all the powers, perform all the duties, and be subject to all the penalties of the present board; to be divided into four classes, serving for one, two, three, and four years respectively.

One of the appointees must be learned in the law, acting in the capacity of a solicitor of the board; and one other a regular graduate of a medical institution, performing the duties now assigned to the chief resident physician of the law, assigned to the chief resident physician of the law, acting in the capacity of a solicitor of the board; and one other a regular graduate of a medical institution, performing the duties now assigned to the chief resident physician of the law. NATS-Messrs. Allen of Rhode Island, Bell of Ten-

Mr. Grenwood, of Arkansas, from the Committee on Indian Affairs, reported a bill providing for the issue of land patents to the Shawnes Indians, and naturalizing them as citizens of the United States.

Mr. Housrow, of Alabarna, suggested whether this could be done this way, as the Constitution requires a uniform law for naturalization.

Mr. Granwood replied that the Indians were not on the same footing as the foreigners, some of them being able to take care of their own affairs, and as intelligent as many of the foreigners.

Mr. Kelser, of New York, mide an ineffectual at-tempt to offer an amendment fixing the present mileage rates for distances under two hundred and fifty miles, and ten cents per mile for distances beyond. Mr. Branvon, of Ohio, advocated, and Mr. Davis, of Mississippi, opposed the reform offered, Pinsiry, \$200,000 for mileage was stricken out, by a majority of nine

Majority of nine
Without arriving at any conclusion on the bill, the
House took a recess until seven o'clock for general de-Keenss, James Magee, Horner R. Kneass, and
Napoleon B. Kneass, surviving executors of Christian Kneass, to sell at public or private sale certain property.

Letter from New York.

FROPOSED CHANGES IN THE LAW OF DIVORCE—
MARINE LOSSES FOR JANDARY—MR. MILBUIN,
THE "BLIND FREADURER," AND PRESCOTT, THE
HISTORIAN—ANNI-SLAYERY CONVENTION AT ALTHEATRICALS.
[Correspondence of The Press.]

NEW YORK, Fob. 2, 1859.

The chairman of the Judiciary Committee of
the Assembly of this State has introduced a bill
into that body to amend the divorce laws. The
bill authorizes divorce for absence for three years
and inhuman treatment, so as greatly to impair
the health or endanger the life of the applicant.
The law is not to application, there has been crue!
and inhuman treatment, so as greatly to impair
the health or endanger the life of the applicant.
The law is not to apply to persons not having been
provisions, relating to adultery, remain substantially as those in the present law.

The amount of marine losses, during the month
of January, foot up the respectable sum of our
million, six hundred and thirteen thousand, five
hundred dollars. Quite an item to be swallowed
up in the vasty deep—over fitty thousand dollars
per day.

I had an interesting chat last evening with
Mr. Milburn, "the blind preacher," as he is
popularly called, who related some incidents of
interest about Prescott, the historian. He passed
last Wednesday evening alone with Mr. Prescott,
in the etudy of the latter at Boston. They had EVENING SESSION.

PENNSYLVANIA LEGISLATURE.

HARRISHURG, February 2.
SENATE
The following bills were reported with a favorable A supplement to the act consolidating the city of hiladelphia.

Philadelphia.

To incorporate the Mutual Fire Insurance Company
of Philadelphia.

An act relative to the Leverington Cemetery Comnuy.

To incorporate the Commercial Trust Company.

To incorporate the Penn Warehouse Company.

An act relative to the incorporation of cemetery companies.

An act relative to certa'n charitable corporations.

The following bills were read in plane:

Mr PARKER, of Philadelphia, a bill to repeal the sixth section of a further supplement to the charter of the city of Philadelphia, a presolution requiring the Committee on Railroads to prepare a schedule of the Philadelphia passenger railway bills now before them, and have them printed for the use of the Senate.

Adopted.

Mr Myrs of Senate----

Mr Mrss. of Susquehanus, reported a bill for the settlement of the claims of the North Branch Canal. Adopted.

Mr. Yardler, of Bucks, offered a resolution requesting the Governor to inform the Senate of the facts in regard to granting letters patent to the Germantown Passenger Railway Compuny.

This resolution gave rise to considerable discussion, and it was finally postponed indefinitely—ayes 20, pays 13 On motion of Mr. RANDALL, the supplement to the

HOUSE.

After the opening of the House this morning, Mr.
TRORN, of Philadelphia, offered the following:
Resolved. That two hundred copies of all passenger
railroad bills be pritted, and the Committee on Railroads be forbidden to set on any bills until they are printed. The resolution gave rise to an animated debate, which

From Washington. Washington, R WASHNOTON, Feb. 2.—In pursuance with the resolu-tion adopted at the caucus of the anti-protection Deun-orats of the House, last evening, Messra, Garnett, Val landigham, Orawford, Burnett, and Marshall of Illi-nois, have been apprinted a committee to report at the adjourned meeting fixed for next Faturday. Some plan of retrenchment of the expenditures of the Govern-ment. The select committee appointed to examine into the counts of Mr. Feanan, late superintendent of public risting, expect to complete its labors next week. The select committee appointed to examine into the slegad abuses existing in the Navy Department and arish, have slready summoned, and continue summong, more witnesses than it can conveniently examine uning the present assign.

e, in executive session to-day, resumed th . The Senare, in Ageentive session to-day, resumed the consideration of the nomination of Emery D. Potter, as collector at Toledo, but as no quornum was present, the question was not taken.

The Committee on Military Affairs are still engaged in the consideration of the Oregon and Washington Indian war debt. Ex Gavernors Lane and Stevens, the delegates from these Territories, had a hearing last evening on the subject, before the committee.

Further from Haytis-The Emperor Preparing for Flight.

Boston, Feb. 2.—Cape Haytien advices to the 13th
ultimo have been received. Affirs were quiet, but
measures were in active progress for the permanent establishment of the Republic Gen Geffrard has received important aid from the commercial class. Soulongue and his army were very destitute. He has
placed his family on board a vessel at Port-au-Frince,
and he doubtless intends to leave the country with
them. nem. New York, Feb. 2.—The Olara Winsor arrived yes NEW YORK, Feb. 2.—The Ulara Winsor arrived yea-terday from Aux Gayes; left on the Joth ult., but brings no advices from the capital later than the 10th, aircedy received here direct. The people of Aux Cayes and the adjacent country remained quiet, but were anxionally awaiting a solution of the contest between the Emperor and General Geffrand.

Departure of the Royal Mail Steamship Europa.

Naw Yoak, Feb. 2 — The royal mail steamship Euopa sailed at noon for Liverpool, with \$572,000 in Sudden Death of a Charleston Merchant CHARLESTON, Feb. 2.—Mr. James Chapman, a retired merchant of this city, died suddenly at Aiken, yes-terday.

The Cincinnati Hog Market-Annual Statement.

CINCINEAT, Feb. 2.—The Price Current of this morsing publishes the annual statement of the porkpacking business in the West, showing an increase in the number of hogs slaughtered of 228,000; a decrease in the weight of 6% per cent.; a decrease in the amount of lard obtained of 7% per cent, and a net increase in the crop, compared with last year, of 79,000 hogs, or 3% per cent

The New Jersey Legislature.

TREMON, Feb 2.—The Site Legislature to day passed a resolution instructing the Unit-d States Senators, and requesting the members of the House from New Joses, to oppose any legislation tending towards fixing the New York-quarantine at Sandy Hook. Opposition California Steamship Line Naw Yonk, Feb. 2—Commodore Vanderbilt ad-vertises the commencement of an opposition line to Galifornia. The steamer Northera Light is to sail on the 10th of March for Aspinwall, connecting on the Pacific with the steamer Uncle Sam.

Piccolomini at Baltimore.

Markets by Telegraph.

BALTIMORE, Feb. 2.—Flour is dull and nominal;
Howard-street and Oblo 56.75. Wheat steady and unchanged. Oorn dull at 72x73. for white, and 70x75c for yellow. Provisions generally dull and prices are lower Whiskey firm at 28x28 %c.

Monles, Feb. 1.—Cotton—Siles of 2,500 hales to-day at 11x11% for middling, a decline of %c. The sales for the three days amount to 9,600 bales, and the recipits 15.6.20 bales. Sterling Exchange is quoted at 71x26 % cent. premium.

CHARLESTON, Feb. 1.—Cotton—Sales of 2,000 bales to-day, the market closing depressed
Bayanam. Feb. 1.—Cotton—All qualities are slightly feedimed. Markets by Telegraph. Augueta, Feb. 1.—The Colton market has a declining

CHOIGNATI, Feb 2.—Flour dull. Whiskey dull at 25%; the receipts have been large for the past few days Mess Pork is held firmly at \$10, and there were sales to-day. Bulk Mesia are higher; sales of 400,000 Bs at 6% ofor Bhoulders and 8% #8% of for Sides Thure was nothing done in Lard or Bacon to-day, both being held at extreme rates. Lette from Lady Havelock. [From the St. Louis Democrat, Jan. 20.] St. Louis, Jan. 26, 1859.

Mr. Editor: In a private letter written by me last summer to my estimable friend. Lady liavelock, I mentioned to her the fact that Sir Henry Havelock's noble character was so highly appreciated by the American people, that on the receipt of the news of his death, the flags of the shipping in our harbors were lowered at half most an honor which I believe had never before been paid in this country to a British general. Her reply, received a few days ago, contains so expressive a response to that part of my letter, that I cannot refrain from efforing it, through you, to the public. ne'public. E. H. B Extract from Lady Havelock's letter.

THE CITY.

AMUSEMENTS THIS EVENING. WHEATLEY & CLARKE'S ARCH. STREET THEATRE .- Aladdin; Or, The Wonderful Lamp" .- "Our Ameri-NEW WALNUT-STREET THEATRE. ... "Richelieu". McDonougu's Gairries.—Selections from Plays, lems from Operas, Pantemimes, Dancing, and Singing.

Common Council.- An adjourned meeting of this Chamber was held yesterday afternoon.

Mr. Dennis called up an ordinance, as amended by elect Council, making an appropriation to pay Alder man Moore and others certain claims against the city.

man Morre and others certain status appropriation for Concurred in.

The ordinance making the annual appropriation for the support of the out-door poor was next called up.

Mr Smedlay moved to add \$200 by the sum allotted to the Twenty-third ward. Agreed to On medicino of Mr G. W Heles, the appropriations to the Righth and Ninth wards were reduced \$200 each, and \$500 added to the appropriation for the Seventh ward.

ward.

Mr. Wagner moved to reduce the salaries of the visiters of the poor in the Twenty-third ward one-sixth.

Mr. Gordon approved the motion, as each of these persons has herotofore received \$500 per annum. The motion was agreed to.

The ordinance, after a protracted debate, passed by a e, after a protracted debate, passed by a . It appropriates the following sums to ote of 26 to 24. It appr

ward:

ward:

ward:

ward:

ward:

ward:

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ward:

second:

1,937 66 Tbirteenth 51 850 0

Second:

1,937 66 Fourteeuth 1,850 0

Tbird:

1,958 237 Fiftsenth 1 375 0

Fourth:

1,958 237 Sixteenth 1,375 0

Fifth:

2,203 33 leventeenth 1,566 6

Sixth:

1,703 33 Eighteenth 1,750 0

Seventh 2 30 66 Nucleenth 1,433 3

Eighth:

1,656 67 Twentieth 1,433 3

Fighth:

1,856 33 Twenty-first 1,853 2

Eloventh:

1,858 33 Twenty-first 1,583 2

Touth:

1,858 33 Twenty-first 1,583 3

Twenty-first 1,433 3

Fourth:

1,850 00 Twenty-first 1,583 3

Twenty-first 1,583 3

Twenty-first 1,433 3

For salaries of visitors of proc.

35,750 0

The ordinance making an appropriation to the Guad diams of the Poor, for the support of the Almshouse, we next comiddeed.

diams of the Poor, for the support of the Almshouse, was next considered.

Mr Steelling moved to strike out \$5,450 for the salaries of viniters, and \$167 for additional visiters in January and Pebruary. A greed to.

On motion of Mr. Gordon, all the appropriations for out-door relief were stricken out. Also, those appropriating \$1,040 for salaries of out-door spothecaries, and \$1,000 for salaries of out-door physicians

A lengthy discussion those ensued in regard to making so small an appropriation as \$117,100 to the department.

No final action was taken on the bill. Adjourned. THE ADVENTURES OF A JERSEYMAN-Thos Whallon is a gentleman who halls from Jersey and a Whillon is a gentleman who halls from Jersey and a boatman by occupation By dint of hard labor and economy fhrmas had succeeded in establishing himself in business, and on Tuesday last purchased a new boat, (for which he paid \$1,000,) which he intends to ply on the noble Delaware. After having nade his purchase, he found himself still the possessor of \$800 in coin and bink notes. After the labors of the day had been sinished Thomas visited the Walnut-street theatre, and with a delighted and enthusiastic audience witnessed the representation of "King Lear" by the much-admired and justly-renowned Barry Bullivan. Highly delighted with the performance, and feeling as hppy as men generally do who are pleased with themselves and their possessions, Mr. Whallon left the theatre at the termination of the avening's performance, and was proceeding lessurely down Walnut street, when he was auddenly confronted by two most attractive-looking females, who requested his company home. Mr. Whallon left was required to the way the many home.

termination of the seeming's performance, and was proceeding leieurely down Walout street, when he was suddenly confronted by two most attractive-looking females, who requested his company home. Mr. Whallon, who is the very personification of gallactry, willingly acceded to their request, and the fair dames, after walking for a consider-vible length of time, and making many turns down streets and dark alleys, fically halted at a restaurant in the neighborhood of Shtth and Powel streets. The two young ladies, ramed Fusanna Williams and Ann Wright, invited Mr. Whallon to step in, and they would have some supper. Mr. Whallon accordinely was shown to a saloon in the second story of the building, which, to his amprise, was not lighted up. The young ladies made themselves very agreeable, and presently me of the twain went down stairs to order up refreshments. The other charmar waited some time for the return of Susanna, and finding she did not return, she void Mr. Whallon she would go below stairs and see what had become of her. She accordingly departed, and left our hero in darkness and slone, when he felt for his pocket-book, and, to his surprise, found that he had been robbed. He then felt for his watch—a silver one—and found that it had also been abstracted. He alarmed the house, and the proprietres quickly made her appearance; but, in answer to his inquiries for the young ladies, she assured thin that she had seen neither of them. Wh-lion then proceeded to the house of a friend, and spent the remarder of the night. Yesterday morning he appeared at the office of Recorder Enes and stated the ease; after which Mr. Whellon, in company with Officer Trefts, proceeded to search for the guilty parties. They visited a great many localities during the day, and their efforts were finally rewarded by discovering the two young ladies whom he suspects of baving committed the robbery, at a house near Carlton and Trefts, proceeded to search for the guilty parties. They visited a great many localities during the day, and their e RUNNING FIRE APPARATUS OF THE SIDE-

WALKS.—For many years past the firemen of our city have been allowed the privilege of running their hose carriages on the side-walks when proceeding to fires, carriages on the side-walks when proceeding to fires, particularly during the winter season, when the condition of the streets renders their progress almost impossible. This privilege has never been granted to the engines, however, yet some of them have lately commenced running on the sidewalks, to the serious annoyance of foot passengers and often to the destruction of property. Several complaints have lately been made of the following nature:

A clergymen residing in the Fifteenth ward, complained the other day, that in Green street, west of Broad, the handsomely paved sidewalk is literally worn into ruts by the constant passage over it of enrines and hose-carriage wheels. A lady, residing in Spruchsteet near Swenth, complained that a fir-engine was recently run into the steps of her house, breaking

recently run into the steps of her house, heak the lower craumented step, and tearing an iron rail from its fastening. A day or two sines, a hander step, at a house in Chraimt street, above Broad, usarly demolshed, from the same cause. In so nearly desholated. from the same cause. In some parts of the city, where the sidewalks are fisiged, the same state of things exists; and in many places the flagstones are split and braken into small places. This destruction of property is wanton, and the respectable members of the department should discountenance it. The compliants at the Mayor's office, have been very numerous, and the Fire Marshal has been repeatedly importuned to devise some means to prevent the further commission of the outrage. He has, there force, laid the matter before the Mayor, who yesterday morning issued orders to his lieutenants of the police. through Ohier Ruggles, that they should, for the furture, prevent the companies from running their engines on the sidewalks, and where, they reduce to obey the order, to arrest the directors.

CORONER'S CHASES.—COFORER FeBREF field an irquest, yesterday, or the body of a white woman named Catharine Fenny, aged thirty-three years. She was a woman of very intemperate habits, residing at St. David's avenue near Twenty-third and Hace streets. It seems that she ha! been drinking to excess on Tuesday evening, and was put to bed by her hashand while in an intoxicated state, and he found her dead in bed at an early hour yesterday morning. Decessed leaves a family of three children. Yerdict, death from intemperance. leaves a family of three children. Verdict, death from intemperance.

Mrs. Mary Ellen Ehaw, a white woman, aged about forty years, was found dead at her residence in Haddington, Twenty-fourth ward, at an early hour yesterday morning. From the statement of her ton, a bright and intelligent boy, sixteen years of age, it appears that his mother was a woman of delicate health, but being obliged to support her family, consisting of four children, the youngest of whom is but four years of age, she had been daily engaged in laboring for their maintenance. She is represented as having borne an estimable character, and the children present, we think, peculiar claims to the generosity of the benevolent portion of the community. The jury rendered a verdict of death from natural causes.

The body of a dead infant was found in a candle box yesterday morning, on an open lot on Howard street, above Norris. The body was taken to the Seventeenth ward station house. The coroner will hold an inquest this morning

CANDLEMAS .- The feast of Candlemas was elebrated yesterday morning in all of the Catholic hurches of our city. Processions of the priests took place, in which were carried a large number of lighta place, in which were carried a large number of lighted candles, which were blessed before the commencement of mass. The second of February is known to Catholics all over the world as the day of the "Fest of Purification," in which all the candles to be used on the alrars of the churches for the remainder of the year are blessed. Candles are also blessed and preserved in many private and devout families. The ceremony of blessing the tapers was doubtless performed in Rome yesterday, by the Pope himself, who distributes wax candles to the cardinals and others, who carry them in procession through the great hall of the Pope's place.

procession through the great hall of the Pope's palace. The ceremony was prohibited in England by an order of Council in 1543. FUNERAL OF Mr. YOKILL .-- A large concourse of people, consisting of the friends and relatives of Mr George Yokill, the returned volunteer, whose death we noticed a few days since, assembled yesterday death we noticed a few days since, assembled yesterday afternoon to pay the last sad titude of respect to the gallant soldier. The correge consisted of a delegation of the Cadwallader Grays: the Scott Legion, and the members of t. o Franklin Fire Company, Beck's Brass Band, and a number of citizens His body was first conveyed to the Ohurch of St Philip d'Nerl, in Queen street above Second, where the solemn and impressive funeral service of the Catholic persuasion was performed. The procession then moved to the Oatholic Cemetery, situated on Pasyunk road, where he was interred with the honors of war. The customar fing of three salutes was performed by the Cadwallader Grays. FIRE LAST EVENING .- A fire was dis-

covered about seven o'clock last evening in the one-story brick stable attached to the coal yard of Mr. D. Brennan, situated at the rear of Broad and Sans C. Breenan, situated at the rear of Broad and Sansom streets. The fire broke out shortly after the trible men left, and was started in the manger. It was evidently caused by the carelesaness of the men in charge of the stube, and is supposed to have cought from a defective lantern. About two tons of coal which had been stored in the loft, was entirely consumed. Six horses were removed from the stable unfigured. The firemen were promptly on the ground and soon extinguished the lianes. Damage about one hundred dollars, fully covered by insurance. SENT Down .- On Tuesday afternoon Mrs. Fagan, the celebrated almshouse nurse charged with stealing the property of the institution, was surren-

dered by her bail. The ball had been entered by Mrs. Sarah Wilson, No. 57 North Seventh at est. Mrs. Wilson felt astiefied that Mrs. Fagan was about to depart, and accordingly took measures to save herself. Mirs Fagan was rearrested at No. 44 North Ninth atreet. Her effects had previously been re-tored to her, except such of them as were identified as the property of the almshorse. She codeavored valuly to obtain another bail, but without effect, and at a late hour in the evening was conveyed to Mojamensing nation. PETTY LARCENY .-- A colored woman was arrested on Tuesday evening, at Fourth and Carpenter streets, having in her possession a quantity of wearing apparel which, it is supposed, had been stolen from a apparent which, it is supposed, had been stolen from a clothes line. The clothing was taken to the fecond district station house. Accused was taken before Aleerman Femington yesterday morning, and in default of ball was committed to answer.

FIRE AT THE NAVY YARD .- A fire broke out about eight o'clock yesterday morning, in the plumbing shop, at the navy yard. The fire originated piumicing snop, action may just a line originated from the forge used in the shop, and the flames were extinguished with the sid of the apparatus in the yard. Sume of the fremen proceeded to the yard, but as their services were not needed the gates were kept closed. MILITARY ELECTION .- On Tuesday evening Robert E. Patterson, Esq., was elected captain of the Washington Blues, in place of Captain John M. Gus-

Washington Buss, in place of Captain out in a dis-line, resigned Osptain Patterson is also major of the First Regiment of Infantry, first brigade. The compay of which Col. Patterson has just been elected captain was started by his father, General Patterson, who was SNEAK THIEVES .- Two men, who gave the ness of John Mullen and George Smith, were ar-rested at South and Seventh streets, on Tuesday eveping, with a pair of new boots in their possession Upon searching the men a lot of leaden pipe was foun secreted under their clothing. They were committee

Shight Fire .- A slight fire broke out about

THE ALLEGED FLOUR FRAUDS .- The com- | The Pit'sburg Bank statement, for the week ending mittee appointed by the Board of Guardians of the Poor Jan. 20, as compared with that of the previous week, is to investigate the alleged flour theits, have prepared as follows: o investigate the alleged flour thefts, have prepared the following statement of the number of barrels of flour received, baked, &c. The correctness of the state-ment is sworn to by John J Hoopes, E. E. Smith, and James J. Allison, members of the committee: 100 64 67 72 60 70 70 76 74 72 89 89 89 104 104 108 113 108 113 SANFORD'S OPERA HOUSE .- Ethiopian Entertai

> Received......2189 July 3, on hand... 62 2262 Total.....2551 2304 used. Dec 25.. 247 balance on hand.

yeaterday afternoon a young lady, named Lavinis Gray, residing in Gilbert street, between Coates and Brown and Nin th and Tenth streets, had her arm badly fractured, and received other severe inpuries, by beinz knocked down and run over by a heavy wagon. The accident happened on Girrad avenue, below Fifth street. The wounded lady was conveyed to her residence. FIRING PISTOLS IN THE STREET .- Edward Warrington was arrested on Tuesday afternoon on the charge of firing a pistol at Sixth and Bedford streets. He was held to snswer.

THE COURTS YESTERDAY'S PROCEEDINGS. [Reported for The Press.]

Reported for The Press.]

SUPREME COURT—Chief Justice Lowrie, and Justices Woodward, Strong, and Read.—Prav's appeal; estave of Mary Ann Spicer and Ann M. Hallett. Appeal of Michael Pray, trustee of Mary Ann Spicer under the will of John Pray. deceased, from the decree of the Orphans' Court of Philadelphia county, in confirming the report of the auditor upon the trustee's account. Certivaria to the Orphans' Court of Philadelphia county. This case arose under the will of John Pray. deceased, who appointed Michael Pray sole executor of the will. The executor submitted his first account in 1849, which was confirmed by the court. After making alse of all the decedent's real estate he prepared his first strong and the was confirmed by the court. After making alse of all the officers are dead that the same was currect, and their account wis also additioned. One of the parties, two years subsequent y applied to the court for an audit, and as to her a slight attention was made by the court, but as to the present certius que trust. the account was confirmed absolutely. The court, in their opinion, said that the parties in interest had to make such an agreement. And should be severally bound by it as far as the interests of thoe who united with them in the agreement. The balance as shown by the account, viz. 38,957.39, formed the principal of the trust \$5.600. Of this money 15,000 was invested in the capital stock of the Pennsylvania oil Company. On the twenty-first day of September, 1855, Mr. and Mrs. Spicer presented a partien to the Court. in which they sliged that the trustee had never settled a full account of the trust and its investments; that he had invested the funds of the estate contrary to law, and saked for a citation to him to fie his account. and for his discharge from office. The citation was awarded. The trustee field his account and aware. The petition, answer, and account were referred to an auditry, and all the charges were abandoned, except the one in reference to the investment in the stock of the P SUPREME COURT-Chief Justice Lowrie

NISI PRIUS — Justice Thompson. — This morning Judge Thompson will hold a court of Nisi Prius to hear the motion list.

DISTRICT COURT—Judge Stroud.—Peter Monaghan and Elizabeth Monaghan, vs. William Demery and Jrhn Davis with notice, tenants in possension. Before reported. Verdict for the defeadants. Munday for plaintiff, Perkins for defendants.

John M. Kee vs. Hugh Ryan, Patrick Glennin, Robt Black. John Colberson, Andrew McFarland, Andrew Casaiday George McAvoy, and others. An action of ejectment. Verdict for the plaintiff. Stover for plaintiff; Collins for defendants.

Adolph Wasserman vs. Michael McAlleu. An action on a promissory note. No defence. Verdict for the on a promissory note. No defence. Verdict for the plaintiff for \$210.01. Well for plaintiff; Petiti for defendant
DISTRICT COURT—Judge Sharswood.—Fre-

DISTRICT COURT—Judge Sharswood.—Fredefick Stover vs. Zelotes Fuller. An action on a promissory note. No defence. Verdict for the plaintiff
or \$109.60. Miller for plaintiff; Briggs for defendant.
William Davis Jr. vs. John H. Warder This case of
was originally a feigned issue to try the ownership of a
machine-shop in Montgomery county, consisting of iron.
castings, iron pulley, old iron, &c. A verdict was
given against the claimant, and this suit was brought
upon the bord given in the interpleader. Verdict for
the plaintiff for \$768.02 Phillips for plaintiff; Hood
of defendant.
Thomas S. Kenton and John Finleyson, Jr., administrators of William H. Kenton, deceased, vs. George
Martin An action on six promissory notes. The defence silege a number of set-offs, arising out of numerous transactions. On trial. Auge for plaintiff; First
for defendant. QUARTER SESSIONS — Judge Allison.—The are of William McMullin, charged with assault and sattery on Samuel E. Wallington, occupied the court he whole of yestarday. Jury out.

STAINING ATVRAYAT A STATE PRISON.—OnSaturday fast an attempt was made by Michael
Lynch, a prisoner in the State Prison at Charlestown, Mas, to kill another prisoner by the name
of Peter York, who is under a sentence of solitary
imprisonment for life for the crime of murder.
Lynch is the same man who attempted to stab a
witness in the Municipal Court a short time since
for testifeing against him. witness in the Municipal Court a short time since for testifying against him.

Both the parties were in solitary confinement in adjacent cells at the prison, and have been aggravating each other by words continually, in spite of the attempts of the officers of the institution to check it. During the last week Lynch had become so exasperated that he determined to kill York.

On Saturday, as they were being removed from their cells to take their acoustomed weekly bath, Lynch sprang upon the other, stabbing him three r four times in the neck and back with a common on spoon, allowed him to est with, the handle of hich he had sharpened and conserved.

ome so exasperated that he determined to kill York.

On Saturday, as they were being removed from their cells to take their accustomed weekly bath, Lynch sprang upon the other, stabbing him three or four times in the neck and back with a common iron spoon, allowed him to est with, the handle of which he had sharpened and concealed upon his person. The efficers succeeded in securing him after a short struggle, in which he fought them desperately, in his attempts to again get at York and floish his bloody work. He was put in heavy irons and carried to his cell.

York fell heavily upon the floor after the first thrust, but it was found, on examination of his wounds, that he was not fately injured. The opinion of the prison physician was, that if the instrument had been sharper, either of the thrusts would have produced death.

FINANCIAL AND COMMERCIAL. The Money Market.

PHILADELPHIA, Feb. 3, 1859. The business at the stock board to-day was brisk in ow-priced railroad bonds, but the advance in prices somewhat abated. Catavissa Chattel 10 per cents. gain improved &, but North Pennsylvania Railrea i 6 per cents declined X, and the shares of this com-pany fell off X.

The price of Re-ding Railroad receded X, with a tendency still lower. Bank stocks are improving; Farmers' & Mechanics', Mechanics', and the City, have Money is in moderate demand, six per cent. being the

rate for reliable paper.

The semi-annual payment of the interest on the State debt was commenced yesterday at the Farmers' & Mechanics' bank, and resumed to-day. There has seen no rush however, and the disbursing clerks have

an eary job of it.

We are indebted to the courtesy of Senator Craig, of
the Etaic Legislature, for a copy of the Annual Report
of the Fauveyor General of the State for the year ending
November 30th, 1858. The operation of "the act to
continue in force the law graduating lands upon which purchase money is due the Commonwealth, and regulating the mode of charging interest thereon," forms the main topic of the report. This law contains a proviso extending to the owner of any unpatented tract of land bearance, those who hold lands under improvement or office rights to settle speeduly their indebtsdness to the State. The Surveyor General trusts that the law will have this effect, but he evidently has considerable doubt on the subject, and suggests that, as other laws having this object in view have been thwarted, and their end unattained, some occurive provision could be added with advantage, making the operation of the law efficient and satisfactory.

The Surveyor General evidently is in carnest in his desire to enforce the payment of the sums due the State on this account, and there will not probably be another

the payment of purchase money and interest and a patent taken out. Delay only aids to the debt, and the Legislature should agree with the Surveyor General is defective in this respect, should take advantage of the present leulent law to free them from incumbrance. The Surveyor General attaches to his report a long list of mortgages and liens executed to the Governor in years past to secure the payment of the aggregate of the ar-rears and purchase money due for lands It is probable that active measures will soon be adopted for the coliection of these old accounts.

The mortgages and lieus apply chiefly to lands in Luxerne, Lycomiag, Northampton, Somerset, Cumberland, Miffilm, York, Adams, Lancaster, Berks, Butler,

and Lehigh counties. The debts for unpatented lands are of wider application. We have alluded to this report thus payticularly, that cur readers may awake to the necessity (in purchasing lands in the State) of seeling that the brief of title goes back to a proper paent, and that there are no forgotten but unsatisfied tent, and time the state of the properties on this old score, held by the State, and in danger of being forci-bly collected at any time. An effort was revterday made in the State Legislature

of Mr Swith, of Berks. It is understood that the object of this movement is to put a stop to the plan of charging ten cents additional to those passengers who consider the charging ten cents additional to those passengers who contains the charge of the contains the charge of the ch fail to procure tickets at the offices before entering the ca-s It embraces within its scope more railroads than

one o'clock yesterday afternoon, in the meat house of Mr. Michener, situated at the corner of Front and

The following are the footings of the statement of the Boston banks for the past week compared with those of the week previous:

PHILADELPHIA STOOK EXCHANGE SALES, February 2, 1859. BEFORTED BY MANLEY, BROWN, & CO., BARE-NOTE, STOCE, AND EXCHANGE BROKERS, MORTHWEST COMMER THIRD AND CHESTRUT STREETS. FIRST BOARD. Accident .- About half-past four o'clock

222.77 Penna 5s. Jose 33% 1000 Leb Val R & .. b6 89% 1000 C&Am 6s *83.. b5 86% 1000 Schl Nev. .. b5 9% 2000 N Penna R 6s.. s5 67 6 Minehill R... .. 60 5000 Read R 6s *85.. b5 73 SECOND BOARD.

CLOSING PRICES-FIRM. PHILADELPHIA MARKETS, Feb. 2-EVENING .-

Breadstuffs are unchanged, and there is very little demand for Flour, and raies comprise about 1,000 bbls, trade are buying in small lots at these figures; and fancy brands at \$6 75@7.50, according to quality. Bye Flour and Corn Meal are scarce at \$4 for the former and \$5.50 for the latter. Wheat meets with a limited demand, at \$1 85@140 for red, and \$1 60@1.70 for demand, at 5t 55 5t 40 for red, and \$1 0001.10 for white, the latter for prime. Bye is steady; Pennsylvania is selling at 85c \$5 bush. Corn is dull; small sales of yellow are reported at 75 577c, according to dryness—receipts are light Oats are in steady demand, and about 2,000 bush Penn have been sold at 50c. Bark and about 2,000 bush Penn have been sold at 50c. Bark—Quercitron is wanted at \$30 \$P\$ ton for first No. 1. Cotton—The market is quiet. A few small sales only are reported at about previous prices, including middling fair Uplauds at 130 carh. Groceries are firmly held, but the want of stock limits operations in Sugar, Coffee, and Molasses. Provisions are held above the views of buyers, and there is but little doing in the way of sales. We quote mess Pork at \$18 50 mlg \$P\$ bbl, and barrel-Lard at 12½ ml36 \$P\$ h. Seeds—There is a good demand for Cloverseed and \$10 minute lark and the sales of the principles. is a good demand for Cloversed, and all prime lots offered, some 2000600 bus, have been taken at \$7 \pi bus, which price is now refused, and 200 bus sold on terms not made public. Flaxeed is scarce at \$1.75 \pi bus for domestic. Whiskey is moving off, as wanted, at 27@28c for bbls; the latter for Ohio; 26c for hhis, and 25e for drudge.

New York Stock Exchange, Feb. 2. FIRST BOARD.

100 Cumb pref 150 N Y Cent

ASURS continue in moderate request and steady, at \$5.62 for Pot and \$5.75 for Pear!
BERSWAX — We note sales of 2,000 lbs southwestern Yellow at 34.684 %c. cash.
Corrst.—140 mats damaged Java were sold by auc-COFFE.—140 mats damaged Java were sold by auction at 12%, col 432 by set oat 13% col 7%. FLOOR.—State and Western Flour is in steady demand at leat rates, with light receipts, and sales 8,000 bbls at \$4.04.75 for rejected; \$5.20.05.85 for superflue State; \$5.75.06 for extra do; \$5.25.06 50 for superflue Western; \$5.55.06.40 for extra do; and \$6.30.06 40 for Western; \$5.50m.d for extra do; \$5.20m.o of or superior Western; \$5.50m.d for extra do; and \$6.30m.6 90 for shipping brands of extra round-keop Ohlo.

Canada Flour is steady, with sales of but a few bbls at \$6.80m.7.10 for extra. Scuthern Flour is dull, with sales of 1200 bbls at \$5.75ed 10 for common to mixed, and \$6.5m.7.5 for extra. Buckwheat Flour is heavy and lower, and is now selling at \$22m.25 \(\frac{1}{2}\) Floor bol.

FRUIT.—By auction were sold 550 boxes Messina Oranges at \$1.55el 80, cash.

Grain.—Wheat is dull at nuchanged prices, with a sale of 400 bushels of white Kentucky at \$1.50el.70.

Corn is dull; Western mixed is held at 86c, with free offers of 85c; new yellow and Southern 80m.4c Rye is dul, with small sales at \$2.255. Oats are quiet at 50m.54e for Southern, Pennsylvanis, and Jersey, and 64m. Each for Sints, Oanada, and Western

Ison .—There is considerable dcing in American Fig. Iron, with large sales within a few days, aggreeating over 2.000 tons, on private terms. Ecotch Pig is held at \$29.730.

PROVISIONS.—Pork is firmer, with sales of 2.000 bbls at \$21.75 for old Mess \$18.25m.87 for new do and over 2.000 tons, on private terms. Scotch Pigis held at \$29.730.

Provisions.—Pork is firmer, with sales of 2,000 bbls at \$11.75 for old Mess, \$18.25e18.37 for new do, and \$18.50 for Prime. Best is firm, with sales of 100 bbls, at \$5.05e7 for country Prime; \$17.55e9 for do Mess \$8.75e010.50 for retracked Chicago do; and \$11e01.50 for extra d. Out Mests and Bacon are uvchanged. Lard is firm, with sales of 150 bbls at 12 ½ e12 ½c. Butter and 0.0 reso are unchanged. Since the sales of 150 bbls at 12 ½ e12 ½c. Butter and 0.0 reso are unchanged. The sales of 150 bbls at 12 ½ e12 ½c. Futur.—Messre L. M. Hoffmann & Co. sold by suction 159 hbls New Orleans Sugar at 7 ½ e2.90 days and 4 months.

NEW YORK CATTLE MARKET, Feb. 2, 1859 -NRW YORK OATTLE MARKET, Feb. 2, 1859 — At market, 2508 Beever, 191 Cowa, 41 Veals. 6, 429 Sheep and Lamba, and about 7,000 Swine—showing an increase of 188 Beever, 14 Cows, 58 Veals, and 913 Sheep and Lambs. The number on sale at Alleton's was 2 316 head beef cattle The number sold to butchers for this market, at Bergen, N J, was 400 head. The market for Beef Catt'e was fully half a cent higher on all first-class cattle at Alleton's this morride. Premium readily brought 11 m11 kc \$P\$ h, and prime grades ordurary 1000 10 kc.

There was a carcity of extra well-fed beeves, while long and medium stock was plenty. We notice among the beat on sale, a fine pair of seven years old exen, sent to the sale of the sale of cattle continue dul; we quote at 6.25 for inferior to fair. The Sheep market has improved 25 m3/fs, of cattle continue dul; we quote at 6.25 for inferior to fair. The Sheep market has improved 25 m3/fs of Cattle continue dul; we quote at 6.25 for inferior to fair. The Sheep market has improved 25 m3/fs of Phead, and the demand is mye lively; the sales of the week range from \$3.50 to \$3-averaging \$4 25 a.5.00 \(\text{Phead} h. 8000 very fancy at even higher rates.

At Browning's the market was bare of stock, though rates.

At Browning's the market was bare of stock, though fresh arrivals were hourly expected. Yeals are in fair demand for good, quality. We quote at 60%; some very few at 71% 28c. Mich Cows sell quietly at 25% 70, as to condition. Swine arrive slowly, and the martet is steady. Heavy Western corn-fed are quoted at 7c gross; Li.ht526%c gross. Stock Hoge dull at 4% 25c. Heavy Distillery. 6%c.

CITY ITEMS.

RELIGIOUS -By an announcement in another part of our paper. It will be seen that the Rev. George W. Swiley, of Kentucky. will preach every evening of this week at National Hall, Market street, above Twelfth. The eloquence of Mr. Smiley, as a bold and fearless exponent of truth, is well known in this community, and the congregations attracted by him are large. These who have not heard him should not fail of doing so.

A GOOD CONSCIENCE and a good digestion conduce greatly to happiness. Yet, no man ever experienced perfect beautitude, unless his garments "fit well," to realize this idea in all its fullness, go to E. H. Eldridge's "Old Franklin Hall Clothing Em-perium," No. 321 Chestnut street, where every man is fitted upon anatomical principles—and where the charges are so moderate as to place his beautiful styles of sea-sonable Clothing within the reach of all. An effort was revierday made in the State Legislature to have a committee appointed for an investigation as to whether the Reading Railroad Company does not charge more for carrying passengers than it allowed by its charter. The resolution was laid over at the request of another member, an account of the absence

give the illustricus manipulator of Bishops, Rooks, and Clothing Hall of Rockhill & Wilson, Nos. 603 and 605 Chestaut street, above Sixth. The City-Bay your Clothes of Granville Stokes, the fashionable Clothler, No. 607 Chestaut

atreet, Philadelphia. The best cut, the most durable, and chenpest clothing in the city, selling at greatly reduced rates, at this celebrated establishment, for the of Mr. Michener, situated at the corner of Front and Margaretta streets, in the Eleventh ward. The flames wealth, and the amount of taxes paid by them into the purpose of disposing of his immente stock of Winter word speedily extinguished. Damage triffing.