THE PRESS.-PHILADELPHIA, MONDAY, DECEMBER 13, 1858.

The Press

LETTER FROM THE EDITOR. NUMBER PIVE.

The Union has at last given birth to an article York yesterday. Erstz arrivou sately at New York yesterday. She encountered heavy westerly gales, a high sea, and considerable snow and heil that contained in the paragraphs which Mr. gaing the entire passage. Her news will be found in our column of telegraphic intelligence. One of the most important portions of her news is, that relating to the trial of Count de Montalembart, who was convicted. The correspondent of the London Times gives the following description tive men of every party. Neither his news-

bet: Who was conviced, inte overceponent of the London Times gives the following description of the manner. In which the trial commonced.
The name of Oharles Dounioi, the publisher of the Correspondent, was then called. Ile rose and preshuted himself at the bar. He was asked in free usail form his name, age, place of birth, profession 26. To the question whether he admitted the publication of the stille size of a strength of the transmission of the strength of the transmission of the strength of the transmission of the strength of the free strength of the transmission of the strength of the strength of the transmission of the strength of the strength of the transmission of the strength of the transmission of the strength of the strength of the transmission of the strength of the strength of the transmission of the strength of the strength of the transmission of the strength of the strength of the transmission of the strength of th prejudice. " Ohnicas Count de Montalembert." "What sge?" "What is your profession ?" " Borty-Gipte." " Borney Fees of France ?" " In Paris." " Do you admit the authorship of the srilole er-titled. ' Un Dobat sur l'Inde au Parlement An-fars ?"

MONDAY, DECEMBER 13, 1858.

The stainship Persia arrivod 'safely 'at New

The News.

clais ?' " I do. . I admit the authorship, and assume all the responsibility of it." He was then examined as to the meaning of the passages alleged to be libellous, and which I have already given. He was asked whether he did not mean to describe as the Imporial Government "the chroniclers of ante-chambers, the himos-"the obroniclers of ante-chambers, the atmos phere obarged with servits and corrupt missmata,", and whether he did not mean by asying that he wint "to breathe an air more pure, and take a life bath in free England," as an attack on the in-situations of his dountry. M. de Montalembert said he meant no attack in the sense implied by the law; he morely stated certain facts, and it could be only by misinterpretation that such a meaning ould be attached, to it. He was asked whether in the passage where he said "the did not pretend to convert those progressive spirits who pregard Parliamentary Government as advanta-goonsly replaced by universal suffrage, nor "the political optimists who profess that the supreme victory of Democracy consists in abdicating in the bands of a Monaroh the occlusive direction of the victory of Democracy consists in abdicating in the bands of a Monsroh the exclusive direction of the foreign and domestic affairs of the country," and that, "he wrote for his own satisfaction, and that of a small number of invalids, of the curious, and, if you wish, of manines," he did not misen an at-tack on universal suffrage, and on the rights the Emperor held from the Constitution. M. de Mon-talembert declafed that his meaning. Was qu'th clear; he meant merely what he gald—that he did not want to convert "men of progress," who differed from him—bhe and those who thought with him; he merely stated a fact, and nothing more. He was akked whether he did not mean to affirm that France had lost her freedom, when he said that. "In Canada a noble Fronch and Catholic race of people, unfortunately iorn from our coun-try, but remaining French in heatt and in man-ners, owas to England the preservation or the ac fusitorial fact, with which every one was ac-quainted, and which no one could deny. There had regulated,", do. 'He said he simply, stated an historical fact, with which every one was ac-quainted, and which no one could deny. There ould be no doubt that, when the colony belonged to France, France did possess certain political and municing i institutions which the possesses man

tesk on the laws by saying. We have not only the habits, but even the institucts of those wise, and prident people, who are elemally minors, who permit themsolves cocasionally frightful.ir-regularities, but who fail again into civic impo-tence, where no one speaks but by permission, with the salutary terror of an averts sement if he wature ever so little to censure the ideas of the Government, or of the mob." It, said that he simply stated the fact that avertissements were given, by anthodity in the cases alluded to. The was asked, a few more questions to the same pur-port, and then was allowed to resume his seat. As he sat down what was thought to be a mark of sprobatien was heard from some one near the door; it was very sight, for, except in the imme-diate vicinity; very few heard it. The President repeated rather sternly, his order, and declared that to maintain silence and decorum in the as-sen bly the power at the disposal of the court would, if necessary, be employed.

The Savannah (Ga.) Rem

raged by the bold attitude in favor of its re-WASHINGTON, Dec. 12, 1858. vival taken by the ultraists of the South, and on the subject of the Tariff in this morning's by the impunity with which the laws of the number, the effect, if not the object, of which United States can be defied in that region, as is to ridicule the President's entire argument, shown by the escape of the filibusters from and to uphold that of Secretary Cobb. I do Mobile and the refusal of the Grand Jury of The firemon system of America is the finest in the not know where to find a more explicit decla- South Carolina to find a bill of indictment world, and such interchange of social feeling and ration in fayor of a rational revenue bill than against the crew of the slaver Echo, appear to have at length boldly commenced the importa-Buchanan devotes to the subject in his last an- tion of African slaves into the United States. nual message; nor am I surprised that they The Savannah Republican of Saturday states nual message; nor am I surprised that they have given such general satisfaction to the people of his native State, and to all conserva-ovading the vigilance of the cruisers, and tive men of every party. Noither his news-paper organ nor his financial organ, however, will see the subject in the same light. The singular spectacle is presented of a studied as-sault from those in autority upon the highest to a united public opinion to settle the quee-tion, in mean that in which the writer appeals to a united public opinion to settle the quee-tion, and deprecates the interposition of party the Satilla (or Satulla) river rises in Irwin the satula river and has a spacious harbor. to a united public opinion to settle the quee-tion, and deprecates the interposition of party the satula from the satule interposition of party and has a spacious harbor. The satula from the satule and many and has a spacious harbor. to a united public opinion to settle the quee-tion, and deprecates the interposition of party and flows into the Atlantic torour of saturation. The satula for a state and flows into the sature in the satula for and has a spacious harbor. The Satilla (or Saturation, and has a spacious harbor. The Satilla (or Saturation, and has a spacious harbor. the saturation and the same year, which, for a united public opinion to settle the quee-tion, and deprecates the interposition of party and flows into the Atlantic the saturation. All and the conty while in such compation. the saturation and the same year in the saturation and the same year while in such adapted to an and flow while in such adapted to an and flow while in such adapted to an adapted to an and flow while in such adapted to an adapt

tion, and deprecates the interposition of party prejudice. This is exactly what we of Ponnsylvania have always contended for. The Union be-longs to the school which contends that the principles upon which our tariff laws should have always contended for. The Union belongs to the school which contends that the principles upon which our tariff laws should be arranged have long ago been definitely settled. Mr. Buchanan belongs to the exactly country was startied a few years since when several plays. This evening two of these will be Governor Adams, of South Carolina, recem-mended therevival of that traffic, and the pro-ject was almost universally proclaimed to be as absurd as it was infamous. But since then it has been zealously advocated in Southern Oonventions. Ultra organs have onlogized it. opposite school. He believes that when the ad valorem duties were adopted in the celebrated revenue compromise bill of 1838, a grievous blow was struck at a permanent and lasting revenue system. He believes with Colonel Conventions. Ultra organs have oulogized it. An effort has been made to get State Legis-hope that we shall hear no more of it. The oha-Benton, that " specific have been the rule, ad valorem the exceptions, from the beginning but a selection of a few of the cases of inju. resuscitation of the national finances and the rious operations which it presents will be national credit, and the revival of the great sufficient to give an idea of the whole : " Three industrial interests of the country. The classes of goods are selected-silks, linens, neutrality laws-upon the strict observance of

and worsted-all staple articles, and so well which mighty interests, the honor, and, perknown as to be the least susceptible of diver- haps, the peace of the nation, depend-are sity of judgment; and yet, on which, in the sustained in a forcible feeble manner, which period of four years, a fraction over five mil- practically results in the filibusters setting lions of dollars had been lost to the treas. them completely at defiance. The slave trade ury from diversity of construction between has commenced upon our very shores, immethe treasury officers and the judiciary, with diately after its horrors have been illustrated

ing that the tariff should be settled outside of head, may do as they please on any or all party politics; and if that journal will take of these questions. But, as to the Lethe liberty of referring to the course of our compton iniquity and all the vagarles to distinguished men, it will appear that when the which it has given rise, he is inex- of the many blunders for which the South has tariff of 1846 was framed, Mr. Walker, Mr. orable. Weak, wavering, and inefficient Dallas, and Mr. Buchanan, with the South, in his efforts to uphold what is right, he ex. tration, and they protest sgainst being made to were ready to units upon a much higher rate hibits the sternest determination to punish, so bear this new and unnecessary burden. In the Sen-of duty upon certain great industrial staples, far as his power extends, all who have not en at yesterday considerable trepidation was manwhich the bill, as subsequently passed, ac- dorsed an infamous wrong. DougLAS must fested by the enemies of Douglas. They had miscalcorded to these staples. But the delega- be removed from a Senate committee at the culated their own strength, as well as the extent of tion in Congress from our State refused the behest of the Administration, and a constant proposition, and throw their entire vote war is kept up upon the union and integrity fine election of the standing committees, a post-against the bill. So, also, at repeated subse- of the Democratic party, because honest and Monday the election will be held that so one bias

The Revival of the Slave Trade in the design and execution have never been equalled; popular feeling and sentiment is with him; and United States. Indeed, it is perfectly unique, and cost some \$800, once that gained all antagonism from other BY TELEGRAPH. United States. The men engaged in the slave trade, encourees falls to the ground.

we believe. The Good Will deputation left. Baltimore, on Wednesday, and have every reason to be gratified by their visit. They wont to perform a liberal sot in a handsome manner, and found themselves fully appreciated. The good feeling of which such visits is the evidence, cannot be too much encouraged. consequence of not being able to obtain the floor at that time, the report was laid over. On the occasion of the appointment of the committees of Thursday last, Mr. Waldrake, (Republican,) of Michigan, was displaced by Garnet, (Democrat,) of Virginia. This, of course, will necessitate the liberal action must make all its members feel themselves belonging to a noble band of brothers. construction of the bill, in favor, no doubt, of

Public Amusements.

the southern route The Union of this morning publishes a letter from Mr. John Denton Hall, of Sonora, addressed evading the vigilance of the cruisers, and complished scholars in England. At Glasgow United bit Loutenant Mowry, delegate elect from Arizona. Indicate a cargo of slaves in the neighborhood versity, he bore off three gold medals and several This gentleman has resided in this State for more grain that is cultivated. The entire population is estimated at about 135,000, but is decreasing in consequence of the Apache revolutions and emigration to California and Arizona. He concludes by expressing an interest in their welfare, firmly be-lieving that the grain of gold in their character, among 50 much dross, is worthy of seeking-that the State could do it-and trusting that, in a short the slave-trade advocates, after all. The whole country was startled a few years since when several plays. This evening two of these will be time, a mutual and good understanding among the poople may be brought about. If Congress endorses the recommendations of

the President in the establishment of a protec-torate over the provinces of Sonora and Ohihuahua, as also grant to the Territory of Arizona the organization applied for by them, it will readily

be conceded that the return to the States in the development of these countries will far outrival Oalifornia with all her golden strength. Since Washington has become the seat of Go-

Leiters from Washington.

[Correspondence of The Press.]

WASHINGTON, Dec. 11, 1858. Nobody in the service of the Administration pretends that the attack upon Senator Douglas is dis approved by the President, or by any member o Cabinot. The Administration Senators no only voted to degrade Douglas from his rank, bu originated the scheme by which this was effected. The effort that has been made to show the reverse is simply a trick. But since the decree the treasury oncers and the judiciary, with the further prospective loss of one million and three-quaiters in the ensuing three years, if the act was not amended." I have said that the Union is right in desir-ing that that the union is right in desir-tor with the act was not amended." awakened by their revengeful prescription of a fearless statesman. This feeling pervades all parties-many of the leading Southerners being been made responsible under the present Adminis

the public forbearance, and instead of going into

On dit: at the last session of Congress the own mittee on Public Lands agreed upon reporting a bill granting a portion of the public land for the construction of a Central Pacific railway; but in Declaration of War by Spain against Mexico. On dit: at the last session of Congress the Com-

SPECIAL DESPATOR TO THE PRESS.

WABHINGTON, Dec. 12. It is stated, upon good authority, that the Spanish Minister called upon General Case this afternoon, and aunounced to him that Spain had declared war sgainst Mexico. Great excitement prevails in diplomatic el-PICREER.

ARRIVAL OF THE PERSIA. THREE DAYS LATER FROM EUROPE. No Intelligence of the Indian Empire. MONTALEMBERT CONVICTED-SENTENCED.

Lord Napier to go to Berlin.

CONSOLS 98.

NEW YORK, Dec. 12. --The stammship Persia has ar-rived, with Liverpool datas to Staurday, the 27th ult. Nothing had been heard of the missing staunship Indian Empire. The rate of insurance had advanced to 40 per cent. The Persia has 170 passengers on board. She encour-tored heavy westarly gales, ship ase, and considerable snow and hall. during the ship ase, and considerable the Amorica, for Liverpool, enclosed and the 23th ult. The Persia has 170 passengers are an enclosed the Amorica, for Liverpool, enclosed and the 23th ult. The Persia has 170 passengers are and a fing the Amorica, for Liverpool, enclosed and the 23th ult. The Persia has 170 passengers are and a fing the amorica, for Liverpool, enclosed and the 23th ult. The Persia has 170 passengers are and a fing the start of the 23th 121 (1910) and 1910 1911 per lat. 146; 2011, 2011 (2011) 2013 1911 220; 1916, 233. Nothing had heen heard of the steamer Fulton at Southampton on Saturday the 27th. She salled from New York Nov. 1314. Lord Snapler's recall had not been officially announced, but the Jaily Neuse understands that he is to be ap-pointed to the Bella mission. His successor, Mr. Lyon, will success to the title of Lord Lyon on the decase of his father. Five miles of the shore-end of the Atlantic cable

pointer to the successed to the title of Lord Lyon on the Lyon, will successed to the title of Lord Lyon on the deceases of his father. Five miles of the shore-end of the Atlantic cable have been successfully laid and spliced to the deep-sea

The result of the trial had called forth bitter article

The vesult of the triel had called forth bitter articles from the press of England, and caused a slight depres-slow in the funds, both in London and Paris. It is said that Prince Mapoleon, desiring to devote himself exclusively to the Government of Algeria. Is about to resign the administration of the colonies into the hands of the Minister of Marine. The Javish Conglistory had resolved on prosecuting M Youillot, of the Univers, for having accused the Jews of cambibilism -occasionally breakfasting or iucobing on little oblidran. The Boaris reiters is the story that the Emperor of Busina will probably visit Paris in the spring The Boaris was feeble on the 26th, but the times per conts were not lower. They closed at 741 lise to rmony, and 741 20c for account. The following letter; respired by him from Lord (Harandon; Norwaws 23; 1859.--Sin: I have to apologise for the delay which, in consequence of my absence from England, has occurred in acknowledging your letter of the 6th inst, enclosing a prospectus of the company established for the conveyance of European mails and passengers via (Ralway to Hritish America, and the United Ristes. Since up stepticity or ged redeted to this important subject several years sgo. I have always been of the been demonstrated that the passing by that route to America could be more quickly performed than by any other. I heartily with success to the company by whom that fach has now been established in macy ways, to be beneficia to Irelan I. 'I am, etc., 'CLAREMON.' The trial of AM Montalembert coupled only half a fay. Mon. Herryes' and Dufance made half a appression of the stace in the years publish the beaks of the according match by performed than by any other. I have in the fast of the promises in macy ways, to be beneficia to Irelan I. 'I am, etc., 'CLAREMON.' The trial of AM Montalembert coupled only half a fay. Mon. Herryes' and Dufance made buffast and appirited speeches in his defense. The London papers publish the basks of the arguments. but the French press are silent, which was a courdition. He was

The Daily Net

ARRIVAL OF THE MOSES TAYLOR

FURTHER FROM CALIFORNIA. \$1,200,000 in Gold.

with these words: 'When my ears tingle,' page 206; 'I grant,' prige 206; 'In Ganada,' page 200; We have not only,' page 216; 'In Ganada,' page 200; We have 'In a word, force,' page 200; Wills these relections,' ''As regards are already indicated,' page 266 '' As regards are which should not have been ex-pressed byshes it which should not have been ex-pressed byshes page of a writer who respects himself, and although those expressions have a tendency to sow dismion should be part of the authors an interlino to trouble the synch who part of the authors an interlino completely provid

to trouble the public peace, and this last output a second term of the second s August, 1040, sun arnotes 1 and sor the law or the 21th July, 1849; ¹¹ Whereas, in case of conviction under several heads, the highest penalty ought shoue to be applied i that the heaviest penalty is declared by article 1 of the law of the 27th of July, 1849; ihat that article, which head or its end to protect against culpable attacks the head of the Blate, issue of universal suffage, has not been repealed;

175,000 110,000 100,000 82,000

been repealed; ('Applying the said article to the accused, ('Whereas, in the case of Douniol, extendating cir-counstances crist; and whereas, the provisions of Ar-ticle 403 of the Peal Code are, in the terms of the De-cree of the lith of August, 1848, applicable to offences of the press;

cree of the lith of August, 1848, applicable to offences of the press; " Onsidering Article 463, " Onsidering Article 463, " Ondemns the Oount de Montalembert to six months imprisonment and a fine of 3,000f; boundol to one month's imprisonment and a fine of 1,000f; de-clares, that they will be held jointly liable for the said fines; acquits them or the romainder of the accusation condemns them jointly to pay the costs; and fites at 12 months the period of imprisonment for debt in de-fault '' have seen issued, which are not found records on any books. The San Francisco markets have been insettled, but sigas of improvement began to sppear at the close of the fortnight. Money was no sppear at the close of the receipte of gold are just about as usual at the sea for The accounts from the mines are encoderiging An unusual number of diggers are employed at higher wages.

The Paris correspondent of the London Daily News

An ontsuls number of diggers are employed at higher wages. One hundred and forty of the passequers that wont out in the steamer Washington, had, up to the 4th in-stant, succeeded in getting passage on board the steamer Enors, as Panama, brund to four Prancisco. The Panama Herald says that the action of the Hei-tiah officers in branding the steam hip Washington had been remonstrated against by Commander Molatosh, of permit any more such visits.

concerning interm jointly to pay the cost; and first at in mostile the period of imprisonment of dabit in de- intermediation into the period of the period dabit into the stand the stand the period of the period. The greeches of NKL Berryers and Dufarre were insplaced by ond setting into the stand into

It is stated that Count de Montalembort will appeal against the verdict of the Tribunal of Correctional

nation before the Recorder this morning " A camping has been recently formed in New York" which proposes to obviate the dolays, dangers, and difficulties of the passage round Cape Horn by establish... ing a line of powerful tog steamers to tow reasels from . ocean to crease the forward to be statistically the state of power of the state of esign into execution.

fenguinate excention, The company require the hilian Government to grant, are : 1. The payment of an annual subsidy of \$125,000 for

ten years, and then of \$75,000 for an additional term of ten years. 2. A lease at a nominal rate of all the coal deposits 3, A grant in perpetuity of the lands required for stations along the route. 4th. A lease for ten years, at a nominal rate, of such word lands as may be required for the company's use, and a grant in perpetuity of all lands cleared by the

December, 11, 1858.

BETWEEN BOARDS.

CLOSING PRICES-STRADY.

BROOND BOARD.

PHILADELPHIA MARKETS, Dec. 11-Ryaning-

Breadstuffs continue about the same. The Flour mar-ket is unchanged, but very quiet to day, the demand being to supply the home trade, who b.y in lots as

wanted at \$5 12% @5 37% for superfine, \$5 44.05 75 for wanced at 25 15 400 60 for extra femily, and § 7567 40 bbl for fancy brands, as in quality. There is no demand for shipment, and standard brands are held at our lowest figures. Nothing doing in Corn Meal, and Pennayl-

The English Looking Out for Filibusters. The steamer Washington, of the new Transit Compa-ny, returning, having on heard short seventy re-turned passergers. Shu left this port on the 7th of November, arriving at Greytown on the 18th, where also was to connect with the Hermson at San Juan del Sur; on the Pacific coast. Having waited sight days without hearing from the Hermson at San Juan del Sur; on the Pacific coast. Having waited sight days without hearing from the Hermson at San Juan del Sur; on the Pacific coast. Having waited sight days without hearing from the Hermson at San Juan del Sur; on the Pacific coast. Having waited sight days without hearing from the Hermson at San Juan del Sur; on the Pacific coast. Having waited sight days without hearing in the Hermson at San Juan del Sur; on the Pacific coast. Having waited sight days without hearing in the Hermson at San Juan del Sur; on the Pacific coast. Having waited sight days are segared. The members of the scone reatment they resolved. The members of the company held a meeting to days, and it is anticipated find further wasauros will be taken to Incilitate the transit of pas sengers, as the present arrangements, for scone reason, seem to be inadequate. " The steamer Washington aslied from New York Nov. 7th for San Juan del Norte, via Kingston, Jami-ca, and arrived at Port Royal on the svening of the 18th ult, landed several pawengers, and proceeds to sea seme sevening at 11 O'eleck; inrived off the 'harbor of San Juan del Norte early gais of the the harbor of San Juan del Norte early gais form the south on the Joh and 16th. She was by gais the harbor of San Juan del Norte sering as soon as e pilot could be oblined." '' The United States menof. war Sananah and two theme and Media menof. war Kayanah and

Jamesiown, and English steam frigates Ledperd and V-lorous, Fir Wm. Goro Ousely being on board the Va'o:ous, in the haibor. Col. Childs, the commany's

Hon. James H. Reagau, a member of Congress

from Texas, in a recent speech to his constituents, expressed the following opinions :

The impenshment of Judge Watrons, of Tex as, was discussed in the House of Representatives on

laturday, and a number of speeches made against

A LARGE and ferocious animal, called by the

THE COURTS.

SATURDAY'S PROCEEDINGS.

NISI PRIUS-Ohlef Justice Lowrie.-Judge

eported for The Press.]

A Madrid tologram of November 23d announces that roomestion with an undertaking which promises, ray ways, to be beneficial to Ireian ! I am, etc. be trial of AM. Montalempert coupried only half a Mon. Herrye' and Dutaure made brilliant and itce speeches? In his deferse. The London pays lish the heads of the arguments, but the French is are selled, which was a conviction. He was enced to six months imprisement and a fine of the scale of the arguments and 1,00, frances is in Paris and London. The result caused a slight (upression of the is prise and London. relation distributions) and the second of the deficient the serve results of the argument and a fine ounciform free to four per east. The Paris and London. Is prise and London. The result caused a slight (upression of the is paris and London. Is prise and London. Is prise and London. The Paris and London. Is prise and London. Is new Nilistr. Is prise and London. Is prise and London. Is any the base of prise to remain at Hayana till Mozican dispute is settled. Is Parisin distor thes resulted largely in isyor is new Nilistr. Is any the base of the set sits in Decem. Is and that the Anglo-French feet sails in Decem. Is said that the Anglo-French results in the argument with is said that the Anglo-French results in the argument with is said that the Anglo-French results in the argument with is a balter of artillety on head the argument with is said that the Anglo-French results in the argument with is and that the Anglo-French results in the argument wit publish the heads of the arguments but the French press are silent, with the exception of announcing the result of the trist, which was a conviction. He was sentenced to six months impliesement and a fine of 3,000 frances. The editor of the Correspondent was sentence ito one month imprisonment and 1,00, frances one. The result caused a alight durression of the funds in Paris and London. The death of Admiral Lyons is announced. Senter al O Cubb. Conchained Captain General of Cubb. Conchains to remain at Havana till the Mexican dispute is settled.

of the Hermann at Sai have a battery of artillery on board to oppose the fil GREAT BRITAIN.

ion Times in response to the defence by th

The British Board of Trade returns exhibit a large in-

asserted). - Lever, of the Galway steamship line, pullishes following letter; received by him from Lord

SPAIN. A Madrid telegram of November 33d announces that

The King of Naples is said to have decided that all oreigners employed in his Sizies must cause them-ives to be naturalized.

Failure to Connect with the Hermann on the Bacific Side.

The English Looking Out for Filibusters.

be obtained, the United States men-of war Sayannah and '"The United States men-of war Sayannah and

Instant states that the schooner Wanderer, has re-cently landed a cargo of African slaves in that State, and that they have been sent into the inte-

Ice is interrupting the navigation of the river in the visinity of New York. It is said that the Libersl or Juarez party made

another attack upon the olty of Mexico on the 6th ultimo, but it is not known with what success. The United States steam frigate Niagara has returned to New York. Seventy one of the ne-gross died on their passage out to Liberia. The slance, two hundred in number, were rafely bofice

Inded. The superintendent of public printing has awarded to Messra. Megargee & Brothers the contracts for supplying the first, fifth, and sixth classes of paper. The stdamer Washington has returned to New

York from Nicaragua. She was boarded by British officers from the Loopard and Valorous, who are evidently on the watch for filibusters, an determined to give them a warm recention. The libuster vessel from Mobile, therefore, has a sea of troubles to encounter.

George F. Peterman and Willfam Myers, acoused of forgery, had a hearing before Recorder Enen, on Saturday evening, and, after an exciting soons between that officer and the counsel of the ers, the latter were committed to prison to wor the charges against them, in default of \$2.000 bail.

Mr Glehn and son, Americans, of North Caro lins, travelling to Monterey from the interior of Mexico, were murdered on the 2d inst., and robbed of some \$6 000 in gold and silver. His wife and three children were placed under the care of Dr Martin, in Saltillo, who kindly offered to attend and treat them for the wounds they received from these treacherous sooundrels. The murderers are still at large in the open streets of Saltillo.

The New York Albion, in discussing the cause of ord Napier's recall from this country, ridicules the idea that it is owing to his views on the Mon. roe dostrine, and says : "But as there is a cause for every movement of this sort, we shall probably be expected to assign one, though not speaking by authority. The probable ground, then, of this unexpected change, has none of that supendous significance which the London journalist hints in t and a New York journalist discusses in earnest It is personal and private, though much to be re gretted. We believe that the sole reason is the delicate health of Lady Napler, who languishes

under the trying olimate of Washington." The London Express says : "It is not true that Lord Napler, Minister to the United States, has

base in any way censured or superseded by his Government. The fact, we understand, is that his Lordship has been promoted Minister Plenips-tentiary to the Court of Berlin." General Cass has written another letter to Mr.

A. Har:, of this city, in regard to the Mortari case, declining to interfere. He closes it as fol-

we: "There are crucities and outrages of such a re-"There are cruelties and outrages of such a re-volting nature, that it is natural, laudable indeed, that when they occur they should meet with gene-ral condumnation. But this daty to 'outraged hu-manity' should be left to the action of individuals, and the 'expression of public opinion; for it is manifest, that, if our Government assumes the power to judge and censure the proceedings of nother, or the laws it recognises in cases which do not affect their ewn laterests, or the rights of their elitsons, the intercourse of nations will scon become a system of orimination and recommanized, the application may be inde-fnitely extended, the application may be inde-fnitely extended, depending for its excerts on the opinion which each country may form of the civil policy of another; and of the protects oper-ention. There is no people who would rebuke with more apperity such intermediling with their af-fairs than would the people of the United States; and it becomes us to meintain the same reserve toward other countries, which we expect them to observe toward us. Human governments are ne-cessarily imperfect, and neither the United States nor any othe Powers of the Old World shapd

"If any of the Powers of the Old World should In this country, the same, principle which would institute justify this fovorament in acceling to your appli-oation, would justify them in a similar, measure, should they deam the orcumstances of any ones sufficiently grave to call for their interposition." The number of interments in this city for the week ending on Saturday last, was 209 Twelve of the deceased were between 80 and 90 years age, and two between 90 and 100 years old. Thirty eight of the deaths were caused by con-

samption. The steamship bioses Taylor, arrived in New York yesterday, with \$1,200,000 in gold. The New York Times of the 11th inst says: It is estimated by those who ought to know some thing about it, that not less than eight hundred at buildings are in process of construction in Brook. O'c lyn at the present time a greater number by far than were ever before under contract at this season

quent periods, when efforts have been made to just convictions will not be surrendered. amend the revenue laws. More than one distin- There is but one political god-Lecomptonguished Democrat in Congress from the South and BUCHANAN is its prophet. All who bow offered to unite, if not upon specific duties, not down to worship at this shrine must ex. | nent in this war upon the freedom of opinion, and upon a plan by which a settled price should pect extermination by the official sword. But be fixed upon ; iron, for instance, taking the if they worship here, all other political sins, average prices of any number of ten years ; though they be of the blackest hue, will readl. and upon this basis to assess 26, 80, and 85 by be forgiven. So runs the creed, and no per cant.--all of which propositions would wonder that the devotees of avarice in its the design is not simply to prestruct him person. The design is not simply to prestruct him person. The design is not simply to prestruct him person. Ally, have been accoptable; but they were defeated, most horrid and inhuman shape have profited by it. other hostile sections. It will be very hazard.

The "Good Wills" in Baltimore.

ous, therefore, for the Union and those who support Secretary Cobb, to make a test of hospitality is one of the most charming features party fidelity in favor of ad valorem duties. An immense amount of revenue must be of the modern firemen's system in our great cities. raised for the maintenance of the Government Everybody is opposed to loans. The ces-sation of migration will interfere mate-The property of the propert rially with the sales of the public lands.

\$57,000 to be paid to John A. WASHINGTON, being the amount due, with interest, on the first instalment of the purchase money of the Iome and Tomb of WASHINGTON. The Record ublishes a letter from Mr. RIGGS, the banker, of Washington, who is treasurer of the Association; in which he states that on the above-

naméd day he had paid this sum, in liquidation of the first bond to Mr. WASHINGTON. Whitehall, which was followed by a splendid ball given by the Columbian Company. This, it will This is a payment so wholly out of the ordinary track of pecuniary transactions, that we desire to draw public attention to it. Thereby be owned, was pretty good for one day. On Tuesday evening, Mr. William J. Passoo, President of the "Good Will," formally made a is confirmed our belief that, when allowed to most appropriate address in presenting the Libe so, women are excellent "men of busiberty Fire Company with the sumptuous testimo-nials which they had prepared. On the part of ness," if we may so be allowed to say. They have done, in this matter, what men would the recipient Company, the Hon. Joshua Vansant made an eloquent speech, acknowledging the preonly have spoken of doing. Our sex should now come in, heart and soul, to aid the Ladies' sentation. A repast followed, at Mann's Hotel, to which all did justice, the Liberty Company, Association.

Two new vice-regents have been appointed: with its proverbial liberality, footing the bill The testimonial, which has excited great admi-ration in Baltimore, consisted of a roll frame, For Wisconsin, Mrs. MARTHA MITOHELL, Milwaukee ; and for Kentucky, Mrs. Rosa VERT from castings expressly made for it, in the centro NER JOHNSON, Loxington. of which are inscribed the names of the officers and

Oxmotion of John C. Bullett, Esq., on Saturday Inst. J. M. Seawell, Esq., was admitted to practice in the Supreme Court of Pennsylvania.

WE LAVITE attention to an advertisement in specimen of the caligraphic art. The frame, composed of brass castings, is ornamented nother column, of twenty thousand dollars offered for investment in a safe and paying business. with the various implements used by fire-man-hooks and ladders, spanners, hose, horns,

and popular books this evening. London books at the auction rooms, Tuesday, Wednesday, Thursday, and Friday evening. Real estate, to .- and stands six and a half feet high, by three and a half feet wide. The hose ter minates, at each side, in a fire-plug. On one of these stands the figure of a Good Will member, stocks, ground rents, &c., at the Exchange, Tuesday evening. Wines of the late Mr. Gratz, at the auction rooms on Wednesday, at 12

and mighty Senators are protected by the socret ballot in discharging some of their most public representative duties, the names of those so promiupon a consistent record, will continue to be abroud-

had been beard of the strivel of the Hermann at Ban Juna dei Bur, and that the Nicaragna Government rofined to permit the passengers of the Wahington to pase through the country, alleging that the pas-sengers by the Washington were fillbakers con-hepted with the passengers on the Hormann. Mr. Ohlida, with othey parties concelted with the com-pany, on the morning of our arrival; fook the little steamer Catalarian Maria, and proceeded up the river to Granada, to consult, and if possible to induce the Government to grant permission for our passengers to pass. If the Hermann was at San Juan dei Bur. Im-mediately upon cur archoring at San Juan we were hoarded and Valoran, inquiring in regard to the number of passengers, o's go'd do... wishing to see the passenger ust, asking of the purse and ohle of of the yware armed, and f there were arms and amiuntiton on board the sop ed in mystory. The motive which has induced this secret Senatorial demonstration against Judge Douglas can not, however, he hidden from the public view. destroy the principle with which he is immedi stely identified. In order, to accomplish this, his acued, and if there were arms and ammunition on board the ship "They were told that the ship had been boarded by an officer of the United States ship Sayauah, who would give them any information they required. They replied that they were instructed to get such informa-tion direct. They did not, however, insist opon the batches being taken off, and left the ship rather sud-der wigh, and proceeded to sea under the yhad some Capit Wainwright said to Capt. C., that they had some siduty on the first line. and worth the sale restore. As The interchange of courtesy, friendship, and poponenis loss sight of all prudential and hospitality is one of the most charming features like insane men than like reflecting and consolof the modern firemen's system in our great clies. Time was when great jealousy existed—when Bog ton sneered at the firemen's associations of New York, when New York affocted to think lightly of Philadelphia, when New Orleans laughed Clin-cinnati to scorn, and Charleston firemen affected to think lightly of their rivals, who really sheat to think lightly of their rivals, who really sheat to think lightly of their rivals, who really sheat to the vast audience before which we were one of this as the second modern firement of the second modern to the vast audience before were one of this as the second modern firement of the second modern to the second modern firement of the second modern firement of the second modern firement of the second modern the second modern firement of the second modern fir Capt. Waluwright said to Capt. O., that they had some eighty on the gick lisr, and went to sea for their benefit It afterward appears the gat ordered to the month o

The Philadelphians were met at Havre-de-Grace, by a delegation from the Liberty Fire Company war with its own right hand, making a pretension of Baltimore, who went with them into the Monuof devotion to one theory, while the right hand is vigorously dealing destruction upon this theory in the Presidential presence ! What a subject for mental City, and, on arrival, escorted them to the admirable quarters provided for them at Mann's

from Texas, in a recont speech to his constituents, expressed the following opinions: "There is Marxing opinions is the second opinion of the form of Hotel, Baltimore street. That afternoon, the the prolific pencil of Punch-this harmonion Philadelphians were the guests of the Monumental disagreement between the Chief Magistrate of on Hose Company, after which, accepting an invita-tion from the Columbian Fire Company, they pro-ceeded to Fell's Point, and partook of supper at country and his immediate organ and advocate ! Should Congress agree to extend the protectoral over Sonora and Chihuahua, according to the recommendations of the President in his annual message, speculation? will take a start in that direction, that will surpass anything that California has exhibited. Our own country is filled with adventarous spirits, and they and their representa-tives here have been idle for more than a year, waiting for something to " turn up," by which they might be assured of occupation and money. The moment the extension of the protection of the United States over the two provinces slluded tothese provinces to be held as a sort of indemnity to assure the good behavior of Mexico herself—is made known, these energetic, activo, and fertile minds will rush to the new fields in crowds. But will the President's suggestions be seconded

by Congress? That is the question. Will the country rally at his call? There is no doubt that members of the Liberty Company, with an acmuch, if not all of his argument in reference to companying presentation insoription from the Good Will firemen. This was executed in pen and ink by Mr. Fife, of this city, and is a very handsome the feroign policy of the Government, and especially that portion of it which refers to our relations in Moxico, is reasonable and right. But whether the public mind and that of the people's newspapers a tigor, was discovered near Milers-burg, Bourbon county, Ky., and a party of men, with dogs, set out in pursuit of it. After a long chase the tigor stood at bay, and was despatched after a sharp battle. representatives are in the mood to bestow extraordinary powers upon the Executive in order to carry out his designs, remains to be seen. PIONBER.

> [Correspondence of The Press.] WASHINGTON, Dec. 11, 1858

on the other is a member of the Liberty Company, each being in full working equipment. There is a niche on the top of the frame, in which is an-which is an unbered with the myridds of others o'clock. Furniture, Thursday, at the auction itors. Sorap copper, iron; &o., at the United States Arsenal, Bridesburg, on Friday. See ad-berty, cast in brass, with a back ground of silver. of an uncomprehended eternity. And what an

Telegrams of Ohina news, additional to that received per Gi y of Washington, state that the Oommissioner from the Imperial Government had just arrived at Shanghas to arrange the tariff, fr. At Canton bus news was still susponded, but the polit-ical symptom; had become more parceful. The stock of tos at Canton was 200 to 500 chops of infestor reality. The Daily Neus denies that Lord Napler has been in any way consured or superseded by the Government, and understandig that he has been promoted as Minister Plenipotentiary to the Coart of Berlin, vice Lord Blooms field, who retires on a pension. Admiral Lord Lyrods died, at Arundel Castle on the illness. He has His last cervic

The exports of tes to date aboved a deficiency com-pared with last year of 22,000,000 pounds, and of sik the deficiency was 12,000 hiles. LONDON MONRY MARKET. The supply of money conlinued abondant, and on the Stock Exchange, owing nolly earned his persons by his services in sea and the Orimes Lord Lyons is success title by Mr. Lyons, the Bittleh minister at an who is spoken of for the mission to Wash atinued abundant, and on the Sta the increasing abundance, it was us on any terms. They were fro ant, and on the Stock Exchange, owin g abundance, it was difficult to effect ms. They were freely offered till Janu

legotiations were on foot in London for an Egyptian n of £2,000,000, but they had not assumed any defi And bas to completing the Orent matches descent frequents was about to commence, and it is considered certain that the will be ready to make her first trip to Port-land by midsummer next The first year's trips of this yeasel are to be batysen Eugland and Portland, but where abe will be even dually exployed is at present un-decided. A suggestion that abe should be the pioneer of a great truck line of communication between Euge land and Indis was favorably rebeived.

hite form, lites form, Alestra. Baring Broa hed formally announced the terms of the new Chilsan loan nudertaken by them. The sum is to be £1 654,800, at 44 20 cent; honds at 94, with dividend from the first of december. The funds had been dull, and Consola closed weak on the 26th at 08 for money and 05% for account. Baring's quotation for har sliver is be 31/4 ; dollars, 60 0/4 ; and eagles, 168 20.

American press of Mr. Commissioner Reed, relitrates its charges against that gentleman, and says that "a genmarizen of the Euglish treat, which obtains every-thing, with the American, which obtains acthing," is ab weekly returns of the Bank of England show a sets in the bullion of £141,414.

LONDON MARKETS. Messus. Baring and Brothers quote the London bread-stuffs markot generally as steady. Sugar was firm, at 24 advance. Codee was also firm. Blos hal darkaned 36 and was firm. Spirits of turpentine was duil at 305 60.

 thing, with the American, which obtains nothing." Is thing, with the American, which obtains nothing." Is that is necessary to prove its assortions.
 Intelligence had resched Lloyde, within the space of two or three days, of the loss of no fewer than eight Quebe homeward-bound ships, including the Pesries, and Hankin; barks Lady Campbell, Petrell, and Glaydo, and the brig Wilkinson Except in the same journal has a stirical article on the proposition, alleged to be in contemplation at Washington; in which a like proposition was treated at Eoston in 1773. It says "an American self-imposed tes-tax certainly teaches one lesson, and that is, that it is the the Gogernicent, so much as a medium, domineering tho results, that allenates the members of a free. LONDON MONEY MARKET. Nov. 28. — Mesare, Baring and Brothers report the Lon-lon money market as slightly easier. Consols closed t 98. American securities were unchanged. Illinois Central R. shares were quoted at 29:020 per cent. dis-nuat.

LATEST.

The British Board of Trade returns exhibit a large in-crease in the shipmet of cotton manufactures. William Lemon Oliver, the London stock broker who was found guity of forgery and applying to his own use securities and property entrusted to his care, had been sonioned to twenty years penal servinde. The rate of insurance on the over due steamship In-dian Empire, had advanced to 35x40 per cent; and even at these extreme charges transactions could not be effected to any extent. The owners had published a statement that they had no intelligence of her havino

effected to any extent. The owners had published statement that they had no intelligence of her havi left Halifax.

stuffs and provisions are unchanged. LiVBRPOOL COTTON MARKET, Nov. 26 - The Cotton market dosse quiet. Daring the week the mid-ding qualities of save suffered a decline of 1-16d, and the inferior qualities of Xd. The sales of the week amount to 40,000 bales including 500 hales to speculators, and 2,600 bales for expart. The sales for expart. The sales to day (Friday) are estimated at 6,000 bales, including 1,000 tales to speculators and exporters. The full store of the sales of the market wore as follows: New Orleans Fair 7X, Middling 7; Mobile Fair 7X, Middling 6X; Uplands Fair 7X, Mid-dling 63%. The stock in port is estimated at 291,000 bales, including 216 000 bales of American. BTATE OF TRADE.-Tan Manchester advices con-Interment they take any intermediate the intermediate and the intermediate the intermediate

STATE OF TRADE. The Manchester advices con loue to possess a favorable tendency. The market fo arns is quiet but steady. send the steamer Karnak to Naw York direct, on the 4th of Becomber, to carry the mails between New York and Nassau, N. F. It was considered certain that the steamer "Great Eastern" would make her first trip to Portland, Maine, about the middle of next summer. The British Board of Trade returns show a decrease in the exports during the month of Ottober, as compar-ed with the exports of October, 1867, of £1,717,000 sterling. It was stated that one of the young primes of the royal family of England would visit Causda.

THE OABLE. It was regretted by the friends of the enterprise that the remaining seven miles of onhe at Greenwich were not brought to Valenia, it being evident the result would have been estisfactory, as a framework of the shore where the shore

NEW YORK STOCK EXCHANGE-December 11

7060 Virginia üs

Among the distinguished persons present were M dillon Barrot, the Duke de Braglie, and seven of ight members of the corps diplomatic. The judgmest of the court is as follows :

eight members of the corr is as follows:
The judgmet of the court is as follows:
"President, M. Berranita.
"Count de Montalembert and M Dounlol. editor of the Correspondant Review, append to day before the tribunal, accused of having committed, by publishing or causing to be published in the Correspondant, under date of the 25th October, an article ontitled A Debate on India in the English Parliament the four follow-ing offences: 1 Macliemput to hatred and contempt of the start of the Start of the start of the correspondent of the analysis of the start of the start of the start on India in the English Parliament the four follow-ing offences: 1 Macliemput to hatred and contempt of the Emperor's Government 2. Attack against the respect due to the law, 3. Attack against the rights and au hority which the Emperor holds from the Contilu-tion and the principle of universal suffage.
Having offences foreseen by the derrees of the 11th of August, 1843, and the law of the 37th of July, 1840 "The Imperial Attorney-General, M. de Oordorn, pressed the proscution nuder the first three counts, and abandoned the fourth.
"M Berryer defended the Gount de Montalembert, and M. Dufaure M Dounlol.

NIST PRIUS—Ohlef Justico Lowrie.—Judge Lowrie sat on Saturday in the Nisi Prius Gourt to hear motions shall alunction cases, but there was no business of importance transacted before him. GOMMON PLEAS—Judge Ludlow.—In the matter of Buzby et al. vs. the West-Philadelphia Pas-sanger Rallway Company, an application for an injunc-tion to restrain the defendants from extending their road over the property of the complainants, before re-ported, the court granted the injunction. Bitcheson for the complainants; Shepherd for respondents. Outputs States Stations—Judge Allison.—An

Commercial Intelligence.

December 11, 1888. BEPORTED BY MARLEY, BROWN, & CO., BANK-MOTS, STOCK, AND EXCHANCE BROKERS, MORTHWEST CORNER THED AND CHESTNUT STREETS. FIRST BOARD.

LATEST. LORDON, Saturday, Nor. 27 ---Consols are quoted at 93% for money and account. LATEST LIVERPOOL MARKETS. LIVERPOOL, Saturday, Nor. 27 ---Cotton-The sales to-day up to the hour of the salling of the Persia, are estimated at 6 000 bales The market is flat. Freid-stuffs and provisions are unchanged.

BETWEEN BOARDS. 5000904tt 74....55 00 100 Long Jaland.... 11% 500 N Penna R 6s. 63 21 Me chs & Man Bk 10000 Hasleton bonds 91 Pittsburg..... 54 24% 10 Penna R 42% 100 Reading R...... 55 25% SECOND BOARD.

THE HAVEE MARKET. -New Orleans tres ordi-

THE HAYKE MAKKET.-New Orleans tres ordi-nairs is quoted at 1087. LIVERPOOL BREADSTOFFS MARKET.-Messrs. Richardson, Rpence, & Go's circular, of Friday ers-ning, reports the Breadstoffs market generality dull. -Flour closed very dull; the prices are soundwhat casier; bat no change is mide no the quotations. Wheat closed dull hob stendy is condense. The quota-tions are nominal; the selling prices or Friday ranged at 30 ar 21 ar quotal at 10 ar 91 ar 21 s. Corn-mixed 23*; yellow 29s; white 80: @31s 6d. LIVERPOOL PROVISION MARKET - The circu-

where the shore and of the cable terminates, some of the men, in their anylisty to continue undergranning the small cable, discovered a kink which left the con-ducting wire exposed to the water. The defective part was cut out. It is p oblis other defects would have been discovered had they proceeded. The shore end has not been tosted elence it was laid down. The new steamers for the Gaiway line were to be side-wheel, and capable of a minimum speed of twonty milles por hour. LIVERPOOL PROVISION MAIKET - The circulars indecor, with the exception of Lard, which was held firmat 54s. The market for Lard was quiet, however. Beef was heavy. Pork dull. Bacon dull and nomi-nally quied. LIVERPOOL PRODUCE MARKET. The circulars of the Liverpool produce market apartment for

TIVERPOOL PRODUUE MARKET.—The circulars of the Liverpool produce maket report sugar firm, with a slight advance on all qualities. Coffee steaty. Rice firm at 3m6d advance. Nosin steady at 4s 240-is 3d. Spirita of Turpentire was quoted at 40s. ANDERIOAN BEOUNTITES.—Messra. D. Bell, 60. report as follows: 1 he market for American se-curities has been less active. In State stocks the transactions have not been to an extent to influence prices, which remain without charge. During the last iew days one of those brief but briks speculations, which periodically occur in Illinois Central shares, has in some degree relieved the general dulness of the market for rails ad securities. The price of the shares, which had receive to 20, may now be quoted 23 to 26 discound.

From Washington.

big its. Accounting upong in Corn mean, and remark-vania is held at \$3.25 \$\overline\$ bbl. Rys Flour-Sales of 160 bis have been made at \$4 \$\overline\$ bbl. Wheat-The mar-ket is steady, but there is not much doing, and only about 4,500 bushels found buyers at 128c for prime reds, From Washington mixarov, Dec. 12 — The recent intelligence from gus has produced wheth exciteme in political a. While the boarding of the steamer Washing-which officers is discredited by some gentlemen. n by British officers is discredited by so high official position, others believe i a revival of the right of search, threat and 1320-135c for fair white, including 1,500 bushels of the latter (Western) at our lowest figures, and a small lot of choice Kentucky at 145c Rys is wanted at as a revivat of the right of search, threatoning the most serious complications The President will send to the Senate this week, for confirmation, the appointment of certain c fileers whose cases were investigated by the Narsal Courts of Inquiry. Mr. English will shortly introduce in the House a bill providing for the future admission of States into the Union.

