The Press.

VOL. I—NO. 98. PHILADELPHIA, MONDAY, NOVEMBER 23, 1857. TWO CENTS.

THE PRESS,
PUBLISHED DAILY (SUNDAYS EXCEPTED)
BY JOHN W. FORNEY,
OFFICE, No. 417 CHESTNUT STREET.

DAILY PRESS:
TWELVE CENTS PER WEEK, payable to the carriers. Mailed to Subscribers out of the City, at SIX DOLLARS PER ANNUM; Three Dollars for Six Months; Twenty Dollars for Six Months, invariably in advance for the time ordered.

TRI-WEEKLY PRESS,
Mailed to Subscribers out of the City, at THREE DOLLARS PER ANNUM, in advance.

WEEKLY PRESS.
WEEKLY PRESS will be sent to Subscribers by mail, (per annum, in advance) at.....$2 00
Three Copies, ... $5 00
Five Copies, ... $ 7 00
Ten Copies, ... $12 00
Twenty Copies, ... (to one address)..... $20 00
Twenty Copies, or over, ... (to address of each subscriber), each..... $1 00
For a Club of Twenty-one or over, we will send an extra copy to the getter-up of the Club.
☞ Postmasters are requested to act as agents for THE WEEKLY PRESS.

THE WEEKLY PRESS.
THE CHEAPEST AND BEST WEEKLY NEWSPAPER IN THE COUNTRY.

GREAT INDUCEMENTS TO CLUBS!
THE WEEKLY PRESS is published from the City of Philadelphia every Saturday.
It is conducted upon National principles, and will uphold the rights of the States. It will assail Sectarian in every shape; and will be found to conservative doctrines, as the true foundation of public prosperity and social order. Such a Weekly Journal has long been desired in the United States, and it is to gratify this want that THE WEEKLY PRESS is published.
THE WEEKLY PRESS is issued in the clean, white paper, clear type, and in every way the most desirable form for reading and preservation. It contains the latest Foreign and Domestic Intelligence; Reports of the Markets; Literary Reviews; Miscellaneous Selections; the Science of Agriculture in all its various departments, &c., &c.
☞ Terms, invariably in advance.
THE WEEKLY PRESS will be sent to subscribers, by mail, (per annum) at.....$2 00 per annum.
Twenty Copies, (the same to an address)..... 30 00
Twenty Copies, (the same to address of each subscriber), each..... 1 50
For a Club of Twenty-one or over, we will send an extra copy to the getter-up of the Club.
☞ Postmasters are requested to act as agents for THE WEEKLY PRESS.

NOTICE TO CORRESPONDENTS.

Correspondents for "THE PRESS" will please bear in mind the following rules!

Every communication must be accompanied by the name of the writer. In order to insure correctness in the typography, but one side of a sheet should be written upon.

We shall be greatly obliged to gentlemen in Pennsylvania and other States for contributions giving the current news of the day in their particular localities, the resources of the surrounding country, the increase of population, and any information that will be interesting to the general reader.

GENERAL NEWS.

The Scotch girl, Susan Dempsey, one of the persons stabbed Thursday morning in the Water street dance-house in New York, has since died at the City Hospital. The other injured parties who were removed to the Hospital were alive at a late hour on Friday night, but there is no hope of their recovery. The unknown man who was killed outright has not been identified yet. Several persons have been arrested on suspicion of implication in the murder, but only *three are retained in custody*. One of the three, a Spaniard, who gives his name as Miguel Aguilara, has been identified by one of the girls of the dance-house as a frequent visitor at the house with the two men who committed the murder. It is believed that the murderers belonged to the gang of Spanish convicts and disbanded soldiers who arrived in New York about a month ago, on board the Spanish brig Emilie, bound for Spain, which put into this port in distress.

The Minnesota *Pioneer*, of the 12th, gives the following account of the voyage of an intrepid navigator: The Hornet, an open boat, twenty-two feet long and six feet beam, sloop-rigged, Captain Duncan, commander, set sail from Erie, Pa., on the 4th of October, bound for St. Paul. She made Detroit, Mackinaw, Green Bay, ascended Fox river to Winnebago lake; thence via Oshkosh, Berlim, Princetown, Puckwa lake, Buffalo lake, up the river to Portage, hauled over the canal, thence up to the Wisconsin river, thence down to the Mississippi, and arrived at Prairie de Chien on the 34 of November, from which place she started on the 5th for this city. The whole distance of the voyage will be about 1,500 miles. The crew consists of Captain Duncan and his wife.

Mr. N. E. Brace, a resident of Hartford, Conn., was recently killed by the explosion on board the steamer Cataract, on the Missouri river. He was on his way to Fort Leavenworth to test the repeating arms of Col. Colt, at that place. Mr. Brace, being an excellent rifle marksman, has, on previous occasions, at West Point and in Washington city, shot the repeating arms before the examining officers. He was a young man of the strictest moral habits, of agreeable social qualities, ever gentlemanly and courteous.

The New York police shows the rogues brought before them very little mercy. On Friday, in the court of General Sessions, James Bigian, who pleaded guilty to burglary in the second degree, was sentenced to nine years and six months in the State prison. John Carroll, convicted of highway robbery, was sentenced to fourteen years and five months, and his confederate, James Brown, who pleaded guilty, was also sentenced *to fourteen years and five months* in the same institution.

The Mobile *Register*, of the 15th, thus speaks of Gen. Walker and his companions: "In addition to the four hundred emigrants who embarked with General Walker yesterday morning, on board the Fashion, for Nicaragua, we understand that about three hundred and fifty have come down other ports in sailing vessels, for making the total between seven and eight hundred men, well provisioned and prepared to meet the hardships of a promising expedition."

The United States steam-frigate Niagara, Capt. Hudson, which left Genoa on the 5th of last April, to assist in laying down the Atlantic telegraph cable, arrived at *New York on Friday* morning, after forty days and four hours from Plymouth, England, having had a fine passage of the 5th inst. She encountered heavy westerly gales throughout most of the passage, during which she lost her foremast entirely. The officers and crew arrived in good health.

Daniel Lynch, a laboring man, who took passage Thursday night at Rondout on the steamer North America, which plies between that place and New York, was killed by accidental drowning. Having drank freely, he wandered unconsciously into the engine-room, where he was caught in the machinery and his head cut clear from his body. The body was untouched, but the head was horribly mashed. A bottle of brandy was found in one of his pockets.

The Hon. Esbon Blacknor, ex-member of Congress, and a well-known citizen of Western New York, committed suicide on the 17th inst., at his residence, in Newark, Wayne county, by drowning himself in a spring or shallow well in his cellar. He was a baker and produce-dealer, and had been compelled to fail in business, during the times, and make an assignment. This financial embarrassment is supposed to have been the cause of his suicide.

The steamship Black Warrior has arrived at New York from Havana, with advices to the 15th inst. Trade was very dull. Sugars had declined, with 170,000 boxes on hand at Matanzas and Havana. Freights to Europe had fallen. Exchange on New York was 2 to 2½ premium. The United States gold coin was at three per cent. premium. *The Marstzek* Opera troupe had opened with brilliant prospects.

The Louisville Journal of Thursday says Messrs. Ashburn, Thompson, & Co., killed 300 hogs yesterday and Messrs. Jarvis & Co. killed about 200, which were all that had been received that day. Well-bought and well-managed. There are 1,000 hogs, however, at St. Louis, which we understand are expected to arrive during the coming week, and if the weather is favorable all the houses will commence operations next week.

Gustavus Colemann had a quarrel with Thos. Hopwood, in his store in Louisville, Ky., on Wednesday evening last. Hopwood was stabbed in the left breast, the knife passing through the upper lobe of the right lung, and causing death almost instantly. Officer Powell arrested Coleman and lodged him in jail. Hopwood had no family. He was an Englishman by birth.

A difficulty occurred in the northern part of Harrison county, Ind., on the 14th instant, between John Nelson and his nephew Jack Nelson, in which the latter was shot through the head. John Nelson immediately gave himself up, was tried, and recognized to appear to answer the charge of murder.

The dwelling of Wm. Quinn, situated about a mile and a half west of Alliance, Ohio, was burned down on Tuesday evening, during the absence of himself and wife. Two of his children were burned to death, and two others were so seriously burned that they died on the following day.

The property of the Bank of Pennsylvania, on the southwest corner of Penn street and the Centre square, in Reading, Pa., which has been occupied for more than 50 years by the office of account and deposit, was purchased last week by David McKnight, Esq., for $20,000.

John Tollinger was instantly killed on Thursday morning at Broad-Tree tunnel, on the Baltimore and Ohio Railroad, by a tonnage train, on which he was employed as brakeman. He was aged about twenty-two years, and a resident of Martinsburg, Va.

New York is in a deplorable state. Murders take place nearly every day, and the papers are filled with the horrible details of sickening crimes.

L. W. Fiske, a well-known lumber merchant *in Buffalo, was thrown out of a wagon, in* Chicago, last week, and killed.

A correspondent of the *Tribune* at South Deerfield, N. H., says that the house of Isai Stevens, in Raymond, near that place, was burned on the 16th instant, and a daughter of Mr. Stevens perished in the flames.

James Copeland, who was *found guilty* of murder at the last circuit court of Perry county, Miss., and sentenced to be hung on the 30th of October following, suffered the extreme penalty of the law on Friday week at Augusta.

Samuel Heilner has been arrested at Pottsville, charged with the murder of Miss Adaline Baver. The evidence elicited at the examination was merely circumstantial, and seems but slightly to reflect on the accused.

The "Tampa (Fla.) Peninsula says that the entire military force now in Florida has been ordered out on active service. It comprises about two thousand men, and it seems probable that they will be able to conquer the Indians.

The Athens (Tenn.) cotton factory was utterly destroyed by fire on Friday last. The fire is believed to have been the work of an incendiary. The loss is estimated at from sixty to seventy-five thousand dollars. No insurance.

The Cincinnati *Gazette* learns that a man named Reeder had been shot and killed by another named Sippho, in Carthage, Rush county, Indiana. Sippho was arrested, but subsequently was admitted to bail.

Thomas Harlican was accidentally shot and killed by a man named O'Rouke on a steamer lying at Port Carbon, Pa., on Wednesday, the 18th inst. *The parties were cousins and resided at Port* Carbon.

In New York, on Friday night, a fire broke out in the store of John Derstine & Co., No. 85 William street. There were several tenants in the *building. Loss, $40,000, partially insured.*

John H. Holmes, convicted, in the New York court of sessions, of forgery, and getting a woman to personate his wife and sign away her right of dower, was sentenced to fifteen years and six months' imprisonment.

The firemen of Reading, Pa., will have a grand parade on the 24 of December, in honor of the forty-fourth anniversary of the junior fire company of that city.

James Rodgers, quite a lad, convicted of the murder of Mr. Swanston, in New York, in October last, has been sentenced to be hung on the 15th of January next.

Vice President Breckinridge has advertised his stock and furniture *for sale*, with a view, it is *supposed*, of residing permanently in Washington city.

The opening of the Lebanon branch of the Louisville and Nashville railroad through to Lebanon was celebrated by a grand barbecue at Lebanon on Thursday.

S. Wylie Crawford, Esq., of the United States army, has received a diploma as a corresponding member of the Geographical Society of *Mexico*.

Four sportsmen of Clarksville, Tennessee, one day last week killed two thousand pigeons at the pigeon-roost, fourteen miles from that place.

Captain Burton Robinson, a native of Delaware, and well known in this city, died a short time ago at Havana, of yellow fever.

An old German woman, named Waterman, was killed on Friday evening, at Pittsburgh, by a wood train running over her.

A Kansas correspondent of the Cincinnati *Enquirer* says the Rev. Mr. Kalloch, of Boston notoriety, is in that Territory.

Rev. Richard F. Cadle, rector of the Protestant Episcopal Church at Seaford, Del., died on the 9th instant.

The apple trees of John Stewart, in Georgia, are now laden with their third crop of this season's fruit.

Mrs. Francis McLinchey was killed on the railroad near Auburn, Pa., last week.

Mary Griffin died suddenly in Pottsville, Pa., on Tuesday last.

It is estimated that Erie county, Pa., alone will export this season $200,000 worth of fish.

Money.

SCULL, CAMBLOS, & CO.,
BANKERS,
No. 38 South Third Street,
The highest premium paid for
AMERICAN GOLD,
AND
NEW YORK EXCHANGE.
Uncurrent Funds bought and sold.
Stocks bought and sold on commission only. no10-2m*

B. W. TINGLEY & CO., BANKERS
No. 37 South THIRD Street, Philadelphia.
COLLECTIONS promptly made on all accessible points in the United States and Canada.
Stocks, Bonds, &c., Bought and Sold on Commission.
Uncurrent Bank Notes, Checks, &c., bought at the lowest rates.
Deposits received and interest allowed, as per agreement. nov 2-3m

Legal Notices.

IN THE ORPHANS' COURT FOR THE COUNTY OF PHILADELPHIA.
Estate of ELIZA PURNELL, under the Will of Eli Parnell, deceased.
The Auditor appointed to audit, settle, and adjust the account of SYDNEY W. BOWEN, Trustee of Eliza Parnell, under the Will of Elijah Bowen, deceased, and to report distribution, will attend to the duties of his appointment on WEDNESDAY, the second day of December, A. D. 1857, at 4 o'clock P. M., at his office, No. 421 South FIFTH Street, below Prune, in the city of Philadelphia.
nov21-fw3t* JOSEPH A. CLAY, Auditor.

IN THE COURT FOR COMMON PLEAS
[illegible]
And now, November 7, 1857, on motion, the Court granted a rule upon the respondent to show cause why a divorce vinculo matrimonii should not be decreed in the above case. Returnable November 23, 1857, at 10 A. M.
[illegible] BELSTERLING,
Attorney for Libellant.

MUNICIPAL CLAIMS.—NOTICE IS hereby given to the owners of premises mentioned in the appended memoranda of Claims for Paving, that writs of Scire Facias will be issued on said claims in twenty months from the date hereof, unless the same shall be paid at the office of the undersigned, 212 SOUTH FIFTH Street, below Walnut, at or before that time.
JOHN M. SMITH,
Attorney for Plaintiff.
City of Philadelphia to the use of George W. Strond vs. Charles Reynolds. C. P., June 2, 1857, No. 90. Claim $283.80. Paving southwest corner Twenty-second and Green streets.
Same vs. John P. Pitts. C. P., September 1, 1857, No. 60. Claim $16.21. Paving north side Clayton street, 82 feet west of Twenty-second.
Same vs. Jesse Coulston. C. P., September 7, 1857, No. 66. Claim $42.03. Paving north side of Clayton street, 82 feet west of Twenty-second.
nov2-2m

Educational.

TROY FEMALE SEMINARY.—THE School year consists of two terms, each commence on the SECOND WEDNESDAY of September, and close the last Wednesday of June following.
Richard Lathers, M. P. Milled, with a Memorial Notice, by P. Sheldon Mackenzie; D. G. L. Sixth Edition, with Portrait and Steel Illustrations, 2 vols. Price $3 50.
THE NOTES AMERICANA. By Professor Wilson, J. G. Lockhart, James Hogg, and Dr. Maginn. Edited, with Memoirs and Notes, by Dr. P. Sheldon Mackenzie. Third Edition. In 8 volumes, with portraits and Steel Illustrations, price $2 50 each.
MAGINN'S MISCELLANIES. The Miscellaneous Writings of the late Dr. Maginn. Edited, with a Memoir and Notes, by Dr. P. Sheldon Mackenzie. Opinionated in 5 volumes, with Portrait. Price, per vol., cloth, $1 25.
LIFE OF THE RT. HON. JOHN PHILPOT CURRAN. By his son, William Henry Curran, with Notes and Additions, by Dr. P. Sheldon Mackenzie, and a Portrait on Steel, and fac-simile. Third Edition. 12mo., cloth. Price $1 25.
THE QUEEN'S AND THE PLANTAGENETS; a National Story, being the first of Lady Morgan's Novels and Romances. With an Introduction, and Notes, by Dr. P. Sheldon Mackenzie. 2 vols. 12mo., cloth. Price $2.
BARRINGTON'S SKETCHES. Personal Sketches of his Own Time. By Sir Jonah Barrington, with Illustrations of Dublin. Fifth Edition. With a Memoir by Dr. Mackenzie. 12mo., cloth. Price $1 25.
MOORE'S LIFE OF SHERIDAN. Memoirs of the Life of the Right Hon. Richard Brinsley Sheridan. By Thomas Moore; with Portrait and fac-simile. Sixth Edition. 2 vols. 12mo., cloth. Price $2.
BITS OF BLARNEY. By Sheldon Mackenzie. Third Edition. 12mo., cloth. Price $1.
THE HISTORY OF THE WAR IN THE PENINSULA. By Major General Sir W. Napier. This work was the author's last revised edition, with Fifty-five Maps and Plans; five Portraits on Steel, and a complete Index. 4 vols. 12mo., cloth. Price $7 50.
NAPIER'S PENINSULAR WAR. Complete in 1 vol. 8vo. Price $2 50.
THE WORK FOR THE PRESENT. Addressed to Young Men. By the Author of "Allen Grove," "Home Influence," &c. Price $1 25.
ALBAN GRAVE. By the Author of "Emilia Parlton," "Ivy Hunting," &c. 2 vols., 16mo., cloth. Price $1 50.
oct7-tf HENDERSON & CO., GREAT LITERARY FAIR, FIFTH AND ARCH STREET.
In every variety of the elegant literature of the seasons, and indeed the book of every public taste, may be found illustrated at this usual low prices; the amount of $1 and upwards, a Gift in value of from 25 cts. to $100. Call at our establishment, look at our valuable stock, and select your purchase.
Recollect you are not buying at chance, for every purchaser gets his books at the usual price, and very many will get, in addition, a present worth having. anfl-3m

Watches, Jewelry, &c.

BAILEY & CO., CHESTNUT STREET.
Manufacturers of
BRITISH STERLING SILVER WARE,
Under their inspection, on the premises exclusively
Citizens and Strangers are invited to visit our manufactory.
WATCHES.
Constantly on hand a splendid stock of Superior Watches, of all the celebrated makers.
DIAMONDS.
Necklaces, Bracelets, Brooches, Ear-Rings, Finger-Rings, and all other articles in the Diamond line.
Drawings of NEW DESIGNS will be made free of charge for those wishing work made to order.
RICH GOLD JEWELRY.
A beautiful assortment of all the new styles of Fine Jewelry, such as Mosaic, Stone and Shell Cameo, Pearl, Coral, Carbuncle, Marquisite, Onyx, &c., &c.
SILVER WARE—CASTORS, BASKETS, WAITERS, &c.
Also, Bronze and Marble CLOCKS, of newest styles, and of superior quality. anl-dtw&wly

C. & A. PEQUIGNOT,
MANUFACTURERS OF WATCH CASES
AND IMPORTERS OF WATCHES,
12 SOUTH THIRD STREET, BELOW CHESTNUT,
PHILADELPHIA.
CONSTANT PEQUIGNOT. AUGUSTE PEQUIGNOT.
sel9-3m*os

JAMES E. CALDWELL & CO.,
No. 422 CHESTNUT, BELOW FIFTH STREET,
Importers of Watches and Fine Jewelry, Manufacturers of Sterling and Standard Silver Tea Sets, Forks and Spoons, Sole agents for the sale of Charles Frodsham's new series Gold Metal: London Timekeepers—all the prize medals, prices $150, $175, and $200.
English and Swiss Watches at the lowest prices.
Rich fashionable Jewelry.
Sheffield and American Plated Wares.
sel-y

J. S. JARDEN & BRO.
MANUFACTURERS AND IMPORTERS OF
SILVER AND PLATED WARE,
No. 504 Chestnut Street, above Third, (up stairs,)
Philadelphia.
Constantly on hand and for sale to the Trade,
TEA SETS, COMMUNION SERVICE SETS, URNS, PITCHERS, GOBLETS, CUPS, VASES, ICE PITCHERS, CASTORS, KNIVES, SPOONS, FORKS, LADLES, &c., &c.
Gilding and plating on all kinds of metal. se2-ly

SILVER WARE—
WILLIAM WILSON & SON,
MANUFACTURERS OF SILVER WARE,
(ESTABLISHED 1810.)
S. W. CORNER FIFTH AND CHERRY STREETS.
A large assortment of SILVER WARE, of every description, constantly on hand, or made to order to match any pattern desired.
Importers of Sheffield and Birmingham imported ware. se30-dtwly

FRANCIS F. DUBOSQ & SON, late of F. Dubosq, Carver & Co., Wholesale MANUFACTURERS OF JEWELRY, 304 CHESTNUT Street, Philadelphia.
FRANCIS F. DUBOSQ. WM. H. DUBOSQ.
au31 3m

T. KINGSFORD & SON'S PURE OSWEGO STARCH (for the laundry) has established a greater celebrity than has ever been obtained by any other Starch.
This has been the result of its marked superiority in quality, and its invariable uniformity.
Housekeepers may be assured of the continuance of the high standard now established.
The production is over 20 tons daily, and the demand has extended throughout the whole United States, and into foreign countries.
Working thus on a very large scale, and under a rigid system, they are able to secure a perfect uniformity in the quality throughout the year. This is the great desideratum in starch-making, and is realized now for the first time.
The very best Starch that can be made, and no other, is always wanted by consumers, and this will be supplied to them by the Grocers as soon as their customers have learned which is the best, and ask for it—otherwise they would be likely to get that article on which the largest profit can be made.
Mr. Kingsford has been engaged in the manufacture of Starch continuously for the last 27 years, and during the whole of the period the Starch made under his supervision has been, beyond any question, the best in the market. For the first 17 years he had charge of the works of Wm. Colgate & Co., at which period he introduced the process of the manufacture of Corn Starch.
☞ Ask for KINGSFORD'S STARCH, as the same has recently been taken by another factory.
Orange, N. J., 14 by all the best grocers in nearly every part of the country.
T. KINGSFORD & SONS OSWEGO CORN STARCH
E. KINGSFORD'S, &c.) has obtained an equal celebrity for puddings, &c., and for the laundry. This article is prepared with their Starch, in every respect, equal to the best prepared by them, and is, besides having additional qualities, invaluable for the dessert.
Bermuda Arrow Root, of extraordinary quality.
Potato Starch has been extensively packed and sold as Corn Starch, and has given false impressions as to many as Corn Starch, and has given false impressions as to many as to the real merits of our Corn Starch.
From the great delicacy and purity, it is coming also into general use as a diet for invalids.
T. KINGSFORD & CO., Agents,
N. E. cor. WILLIAM and FULTON Street, N. Y.
oct9-tf 190 FUL.

SORGHUM, or CHINESE SUGAR-CANE SEED.—20 bushels for sale by [illegible] & CO., CROASDALE, PEIRCE, & [illegible] avenue.
no10-tf No. 104 N. Delaware.

BALE ROPE.—Buyers are invited to call and examine our Manila Bale Rope, which we can sell as low as American, and warrant it superior in strength and durability.
WEAVER, PITLER & CO.,
No. 22 N. Water st. and 22 N. Wharves.

CHARLES F. CALDWELL.—Wholesale and Retail WHIP and CANE Manufacturer, No. 4 North SECOND Street. [illegible]

MOSS.—17 bales Carolina Moss, for sale by MARTIN & MACALISTER, 119 North Water Street.

Boots and Shoes.

BOOTS AND SHOES.—The subscriber has on hand a large and varied stock of BOOTS and SHOES, which he will sell at the lowest prices.
GEO. W. TAYLOR,
ne21-ly S. E. corner FIFTH and MARKET Sts.

FALL STOCK OF BOOTS AND SHOES.—JOSEPH H. THOMPSON & CO., No. 314 MARKET Street, and Nos. 5 and 5 FRANKLIN PLACE, have now in store a large and well-assorted stock of BOOTS and SHOES, of City and Eastern manufacture, which they offer for sale on the best terms for Cash, or on the usual credit.
Buyers are invited to call and examine their stock. aul-dtf

Publications.

"AMERICAN ELOQUENCE," JUST PUBLISHED IN 2 VOLS. 8vo. with 14 Portraits, cloth or sheep, $5; sheep, $6; half morocco, $7; half calf, $8. Can be obtained "of all parts,"
D. W. FAIRMAN & J. MCFARLAN,
Book Agents, No. 34 North Arcade Hall,
CHESTNUT Street, Philadelphia.
Sent to any address free of postage.
Proofs of the Portrait illustrating this work may be had separately for $3 50, comprising:—Otis, Henry, Ames, Hamilton, Adams, Morris, Emmett, Marshall, Pinkney, Randolph, Clay, Webster, Calhoun, and Hayne.
no21-4t D. APPLETON & CO., New York.

Notice to Consignees.

NOTICE TO CONSIGNEES.
The ship PHILADELPHIA, from Liverpool, is now discharging under general order, at SHIPPEN STREET WHARF. Consignees will please attend to receipt of their goods.
THOS. RICHARDSON & CO.
no21

NOTICE.—Consignees per Brig PIERRE LACOSTE, PEARCE Master, from Rotterdam, will please send their permits on board at Lombard Street Wharf, or to the Counting House of the SUBSCRIBER, as all goods not permitted within five days, will be sent to Public Stores.
HENRY BOHLEN & CO.
no 21-3t 221 & 223 South Fourth street.

NOTICE TO CONSIGNEES.—The ship PHILADELPHIA, Captain Pool, from Liverpool, is now ready to discharge at Shippen street wharf. Consignees will please deliver their permits to the Custom house officer on board. All goods not permited in five days will be sent to public store.
no16 THOMAS RICHARDSON & CO.

CLOVER SEED.—NOTICE TO PENNSYLVANIA FARMERS AND STOREKEEPERS.
The undersigned are now prepared to purchase for cash, prime Clover Seed of the new crop. Pennsylvania storekeepers and farmers, by sending samples to our address, can, at all times, ascertain the price at which we are buying. Parties wishing samples, by which to be governed as to quality, can have them sent by mail, by addressing us.
J. H. CHASE & CO.,
sep19-tf 48 North Front, and 44 Water streets

ABRAM SLACK—ENGRAVING, DIE Sinking and Embossed Printing, Envelope and Seal Press Manufactory, 97 Strawberry Street, between Second and Third, and Market and Chestnut Street, Philadelphia, Pa. anl3-ly

5,000 TONS of MITCHELL & CROASDALE'S improved super PHOSPHATE OF LIME, for sale by CROASDALE, PEIRCE & CO., No. 104 N. Water avenue.

SPIRITS TURPENTINE—200 bbls Spirit Turpentine, to arrive, for sale by MARTIN & MACALISTER, 119 North Water street.

The Press

MONDAY, NOVEMBER 23, 1857.

EXCLUSION POLITICS IN CANADA.

In the expectation of a General Election, what is called "the Protestant interest," in Upper Canada, has been up and stirring, for the last three months. From what we can learn from the *Montreal New Era*, (the editor of which, Mr. T. D. McGhee, has lately had a well-deserved public testimonial, in the shape of a writing-desk containing a present of $2,000,) the old religious feuds which wrought so much mischief in Ireland for the last half century, have been transplanted to parts of British North America. Some plants thrive when transplanted, and Orangeism—which assumes the name of but more hot bigotry compounded with Protestantism—is blooming and blossoming in a remarkable manner in Upper Canada. That soil appears to be well suited for the cultivation of the Orange-lily. Indeed, under its influence it is doubtful whether a Catholic Irishman will be allowed to get into Parliament. Massachusetts and Maryland are not nearly so much Know-Nothing as is Upper Canada. Exclusiveness, on this one point, is the rule. As the *New Era* strongly and plainly puts it: "The Scotch are represented, the Canadians are represented; the 'Eastern Townships' are represented; the Grand Trunk is represented; the Hudson's Bay Company is represented; the Jews are represented; the Presbyterian Irish are represented; the Orangemen are strongly represented; the Catholic Irish alone are NOT represented."

The last census shows that the Irish are the second people in Canada, in point of numbers. They are also the most rapidly increasing, by births and emigration. They outgrow all other races in point of numbers, but they suffer under a constantly-diminishing political influence. They are virtually excluded from that Representation which is their right, as citizens. Irish Orangemen are in the Cabinet and in all the inferior offices, down to the turnkey of a jail. Irish Catholics, equally wealthy and not less intelligent, are shut out from office of every kind, the appointments resting with the Government, and not, as it ought to rest, with the people. Nor does this arise from their being *Irish*—for the *German* and *French-Canadian* Catholics are treated precisely in the same manner. It is the *religion* and not the *country*, which is thus tabooed.

Orangeism is patronized, petted, exalted, and even recognised in Canada, for several Orangemen are members of the Administration, and Orangemen occupy the other principal offices under the Government there. Nay, so openly *does* Orangeism rear its crest, that, in the *Toronto Leader*, of November 5th, we read an advertisement, signed by GEORGE L. ALLEN, *grand master*; JOHN HOLLAND, grand secretary, and WILLIAM STRACHAN, grand treasurer, giving the necessary legal notice, "that the loyal Orange Institution of *British America* will apply to the Legislature at its next session, for an act to incorporate that body."

Meanwhile, what is the condition of Orangeism in its native soil of Ireland? There, in consequence of the part it took in the recent street-preaching riots in Belfast, the Irish Government, speaking through the Lord Chancellor, has publicly intimated to the Marquis of LONDONDERRY, Lord Lieutenant of the county of Down, that henceforth no person would be appointed to the Magistracy of Ireland, unless he had previously made a solemn declaration that he was not an Orangeman. This decided measure, taken with the concurrence of the Viceroy of Ireland—who, of course, must have *had the full sanction of the British* Government—is avowedly based upon the illegality of the Orange Institution, and upon experience of the fatal *consequences of its* political fanaticism.

With such a decided measure as this before us—deliberately sanctioned by Queen VICTORIA's recognised and responsible advisers—arises the question, whether what is denounced as unlawful and dangerous in Ireland can be legal and harmless in Canada? In other words, if being an Orangeman is ruled to disqualify a man from being even a simple justice of the peace in Ireland, shall it operate as a qualification for his holding the most responsible offices in Canada? In Ireland, where such a secret society as Ribbonism once had a *standing, until it was put down by the strong* sense of O'CONNELL, there might have been a shadow of justification for the maintenance of *Orangeism, as a defensive organization*. But in Canada, where it is not pretended that Ribbonism, or any thing like it, has even the merest existence, Orangeism must be, and is, solely an *offensive* organization. We see how boldly it raises its head—noticing the world that it intends seeking for incorporation from the Legislature.

How the British Government will act, in this crisis, remains to be seen. Will PALMERSTON allow Sir EDMUND HEAD, the Governor General, to do one thing in Canada, diametrically opposite to what the Queen's Viceroy does, in Ireland, under the fullest sanction of the Crown? The principles of justice, of good government, are unchanged and unchangeable, no matter in what country *they are to operate. What is legally and* morally wrong in Ireland, cannot be legally and morally right in Canada.

This converting of Religion, pure and *holy* as she is, into a political tool, for the advantage of any set or sect of men, cannot be too much deprecated, and would be as bad in this country as in Canada or Ireland. Secret associations for such purposes, no matter on which side arrayed, no matter whether their flags be green or orange, cannot be too warmly denounced. Let us eschew all such secret combinations as contrary to the spirit of our Constitution, and wholly uncalled for by any circumstances of the times. Let us also avoid stalking the pure and spotless robes of Religion by dragging them through the arena of politics. Equal rights for all citizens is all that can fairly be claimed by any.

For our part, knowing how sore the Catholics in Canada *feel* at the exclusiveness of the system directed against them and recognised by the Administration itself, we almost dread to anticipate what may be the consequences, should the election returns, under the influence of that system, show the expected defeat of all Catholic candidates. If Orangeism thus sow the wind, what marvel if it reap the whirlwind?

We have, as our readers well know, taken strong ground against the rumored secret organization among the "Melly Maguires" of this city, and we have been sustained in this course by the strongest expressions of public opinion.

Great Snow Storm in New York State.

[From the Rochester Union of Friday evening.]

The railroad men who came from Niagara Falls and Buffalo this morning, report a heavy snow storm prevailing in Niagara, Orleans, Genesee and Erie counties. Conductor Wells states that when he left the Falls, at 6.15 this morning, there was a slight sprinkling of snow.

When he reached Pekin the storm was furious—the wind blowing the snow into drifts. At Lockport the men were hard at work clearing the track.

At Mabee's station the train was blocked for a few minutes by the snow, which was one foot deep, and the same was the case at Middleport. At Medina there was but little snow, and soon after leaving that place the train ran out of the storm.

The Buffalo train due at Lockport had not arrived when the steamboat Empress came down. The detention was no doubt owing to the snow storm.

The Buffalo trains which came down this morning report a similar state of things along the road between Batavia and Buffalo—the heaviest of the storm being about half way between the two places. At Buffalo there was no snow, but the wind blew very fresh, as usual.

The trains carried only the common pilots or cow-catchers; they would have had no difficulty with small plows. As it was, they made up time after leaving the region of the storm and getting into fair weather.

It is to be feared that canal navigation about Lockport may be interrupted by this storm.

Gen. W. S. Haskell, who was placed in the Kentucky Insane Asylum a few weeks ago, has been restored, and was announced to lecture in the Odd Fellows' Hall at Lexington, Ky.

THE WOODMAN DIVORCE CASE.

[From the New Orleans Delta, Nov. 13.]

O. O. WOODMAN *vs.* CAROLINE THOMAS.

The above is the title of a suit for divorce, instituted recently in the Second District Court of this city, by one of our most prominent and respected citizens, who, we are sure, has the entire sympathy of the community in the unfortunate and deplorable difficulty in which he has become involved. This cause is so closely connected with the proceedings in New York, which have been reproduced in our news columns, that we feel compelled to give the petition in full:

OLIVER O. WOODMAN *vs.* CAROLINE THOMAS.—*Second District Court, Judge P. H. Morgan. Petition. To the Honorable the Judge of the Second District Court of New Orleans, La.:*

The petition of Oliver O. Woodman, a citizen of the State of Mississippi, who has resided since the year 1852, and who continues to reside now, for six or eight months of each year, in the city of New Orleans, Louisiana, conducting the business of a wholesale druggist in said city and elsewhere, respectfully represents to your honor: That, on the 8th day of January, A. D. 1847, he was lawfully married, in the county of Hinds, State of Mississippi, to Caroline Thomas, his present wife, and defendant in this suit.

That after their said marriage, your petitioner and his said wife resided at Vicksburg, Mississippi, peaceably until the year 1852, when your petitioner brought his said wife with him to New Orleans, where she lived with him except when absent, as hereinafter particularly stated. In July, 1854, your petitioner being persuaded by his wife that she had been suffering, for several years, with a complication of diseases peculiar to females, took her to Paris, France; and in November of that year, being compelled by the demands of business to return to America, he left his said wife in Paris in charge of a respectable, family well known to your petitioner, and of the most skilful physicians in said city, and provided with ample means of procuring every luxury and comfort necessary to an invalid, and suitable to her rank and position. Your petitioner left Paris, his said wife had become acquainted with one Gardner Furniss, of New York, with whose mother and sister your petitioner and his wife had been acquainted in America.

During the stay of his said wife in Paris, (as petitioner has recently ascertained,) said Furniss succeeded in gaining the entire confidence, the confidence and affections of his said wife, and secretly drawing her into such intimacies as placed her forever afterward in his power. In September, 1855, your petitioner, (having returned to Paris, and being wholly unsuspicious of what had occurred, as above related,) brought back his said wife to America, and soon afterward said Furniss returned to New York, whence your petitioner's wife then was, and in January, 1856, he followed her to New Orleans, to which city she had a short time previously returned, and remained in the said city until the following May. That during the winter of 1856-57 said Furniss again came to New Orleans, and remained at the St. Charles Hotel, in said city, for several months, your petitioner and his said wife being then at the said hotel. That in the summer of 1857, your petitioner took his said wife to Philadelphia, where she remained for a short time, and in May, at the house of a relative, part of the time, and at a hotel the remaining part, under the charge and medical treatment of a physician. That in July she went to Boston, where, in the neighborhood of which, she remained alternately at hotels, and with relatives, until the middle of August, when she went to New York, and put up at the New York Hotel, kept by Mr. Cantou, expecting, as she alleged, to meet your petitioner there.

In the meantime, your petitioner had, just before his departure from New Orleans, discovered, that the first intimation, evidence of his wife's criminal intercourse with said Furniss, and hurrying on to New York, reached that city about the same time his said wife did, and so secretly as to escape the knowledge of Caroline and her paramour, she had left Paris in a condition which admitted no doubt whatever of her guilt; and this discovery was followed up by disclosures which proved incontestably that their criminal intercourse had lasted several years.

Your petitioner, therefore, avers and charges that at the various times and places above set forth, and especially at Paris, New York, Boston, and Philadelphia, his said wife Caroline was guilty of habitually criminal intercourse with, and committed adultery with the said Furniss.

Your petitioner further avers, that ever since his intermarriage with the said Caroline he has loved, cherished, and protected her, and supplied all her demands lavishly; although her love of fashion, dissipation and gaiety, has led to and occasioned your petitioner great inconvenience and unhappiness, and rendered her wholly unfit for domestic life; but that her ill health, real or supposed, not only prevented any restraint upon her inclination, but forbade all suspicion of her want of fidelity to him or adultery with another. That upon the discovery of her guilt, your petitioner took charge of her, and has placed her, at his own expense, among friends who will provide for her wants and prevent any future intercourse (so long as she continues to be the wife of your petitioner) with said Furniss. But your petitioner states that, except for the aforesaid purpose, and the further purpose of investigating the history of her disgrace, he has had no intercourse with her since the discovery aforesaid.

Your petitioner further states that he can no longer submit to married relations between him and his said wife, and is desirous of obtaining, as speedily as the law will admit, a divorce *a vinculo matrimonii*, from the said Caroline.

Your petitioner further states that his property was acquired chiefly before his marriage with said Caroline, or before the summer of 1852, and while your petitioner was domiciled in Mississippi, and where by law there is no community of property between man and wife. That since the summer of 1852 the extravagance of his said wife, on her own account, and that of said Furniss, has so nearly absorbed the net profits of his business, as well as the revenues of his estate, as to have prevented any accumulations of consequence and going; but that, nevertheless, he considers it to be his duty, there being no issue of their said marriage, to make such provision for her future maintenance, voluntarily, as the law does not compel him to do, if she support her comfortably, to be continued so long *as this petitioner shall deem it necessary*, and no longer, it being his sincere desire to save her alike from the necessity of asking for alms, and from her out of that circle of fashion and pleasure by which she has been already corrupted.

In view of the premises, your petitioner prays from