

**STOCKS.**

Six per Cent.	17 1/4 to 6 1/2 int.
Three per Cent.	10 1/4 } off.
Deferred Six per Cent.	13 1/6 to 7
5 1/2 per Cent.	16 1/8
4 1/2 per Cent.	14 1/6
<b>BANK</b>	
United States	25 pr. cent.
Pennsylvania	27
North America	48 to 50
<b>Insurance Comp.</b>	
North-America	15 dollars
Pennsylvania	12 per ct.
<b>EXCHANGE, at 60 days</b>	
	160

**Notice is hereby Given,**

THAT in pursuance of an act of the General Assembly of Pennsylvania, entitled "an Act to enable the Governor of this Commonwealth, to incorporate a Company for making an artificial Road from an intersection of the Philadelphia and Lancaster Turnpike road near the Gap Tavern, in Lancaster county, to Newport and Wilmington in the State of Delaware;" the commissioners in said act appointed will procure five books and attend at the respective places directed therein to receive subscriptions for stock in the company, viz. One book will be opened in the city of Philadelphia. One in the Borough of Lancaster, one at Strasburgh, in the county of Lancaster, one in the Borough of Wilmington, and one at the house of Samuel Cochran in the county of Chester.

The Subscribers, agreeably to their appointment in and by said act, will attend at the City Tavern in Philadelphia, with one of said Books, on Monday, the 6th day of June next, at 10 o'clock in the forenoon, until 4 in the afternoon, and for the two days following, if necessary, for the purpose aforesaid; on the first of the said days, any person of the age of 21 years shall be at liberty to subscribe in his own or any other name or names by whom he shall be authorized for one share, on the second day for one or two shares, and on the third day for one, two, or three shares, and in any succeeding day, (if the said books shall continue longer open) for any number of shares in the said Stock.

Every person previously to subscribing in said books must pay to the attending commissioners twenty five dollars for every share to be subscribed.

GEORGE LATIMER,  
ROBERT WALL,  
NATHL. LEWIS,  
ABRAHAM DAWES.

Philadelphia, May 7. 3awcJun. 7.

**African Free School.**

THE place of Teacher to the AFRICAN FREE SCHOOL, in the city of New York, being vacant by the resignation of the late Master, the TRUSTEES give this public intimation to all persons desirous of that situation, that they will receive applications for that appointment till the first of next June.

It is expected that the applicant be well qualified to teach reading, penmanship, arithmetic, and the principles of geography and English grammar, and that he produce satisfactory testimonials of his good moral character.

The Salary of the Master will be 500 dollars per annum, payable quarterly.—Further particulars may be learnt on application to  
THOMAS EDDY,  
SAMUEL L. MITCHELL,  
SAMUEL BROWN,  
ELIHU H. SMITH, } Committee.  
New-York, May 6, 1795. (May 7 95)

**Veneral Disease.**

DOCTOR J. MORGAN, No. 178 North Water street, Philadelphia, gives advice daily in all cases of Phycic and Surgery, particularly VENEREAL COMPLAINTS: in which from facts and minute observation he warrants his method of cure most effectual, easy and expeditious.

N. B. Secrecy, honor and moderate terms may be depended on.  
The Doctor likewise prepares an infallible SPECIFIC for the cure of the above complaints, to supply seamen, travelers, and country inhabitants, with plain and proper directions for their use. May 7. f. m & w. 3t

**Berriman & Co's Edition.**

**CHEAP AND ELEGANT EDITION OF THE HOLY BIBLE.**

ON Monday, the 16th Inst. will be published, delivered to Subscribers, and to be had of the different Bookellers, in this city, and throughout the United States, (where Subscriptions still continue to be received) THE FIRST NUMBER OF BERRIMAN & CO'S CHEAP AND ELEGANT EDITION OF THE HOLY BIBLE; containing the Old and New Testaments and the Apocrypha, with marginal notes and references. An Index; or an account of the most remarkable passages in the old and new Testament, pointing to the places wherein they happened, and to the places of scripture wherein they are recorded.—A Table of Time.—Tables of Scripture measures, weights and coins: with an appendix, containing the method of calculating its MEASURES of SURFACE, hitherto wanting in Treatises on this subject. A Table of Offices and Conditions of men.

1. The size of this Edition will be a LARGE FOLIO, printed on a beautiful new type, and good paper, made particularly for it. It will be published in Numbers, not to exceed 28, one of which will be delivered weekly to subscribers, at a quarter of a dollar. Those subscribers who prefer receiving the work complete, will be attended to by signifying the same on any of the subscription papers in the Bookstores in this city.

2. There will be an advance in the price, on subscribing after the first of August next.

3. In the course of the Work will be given an elegant Frontispiece—From an Engraving of the celebrated artist, GRIGNON.

BERRIMAN & Co. gratefully acknowledge the very liberal encouragement they have met with; and have reason to believe that the execution of their edition will answer every expectation, and speak its own praise. May 7. 3awcwtf

**FOR SALE**

By MORDECAI LEWIS,

The remains of the Cargo by the Pigou, from Canton, viz.

WIDE and narrow Nankeens  
70 Quarter Cheats Souchong Tea  
20 Tubs Quicksilver, and

A quantity of Tea-Table and Dining China.  
May 7. 3awwif

**Mustard and Chocolate**

CONTINUE to be manufactured in the best manner, and for sale, as usual—Also shelled or pearl Barley, Coffee, Pepper, &c. Philadelphia Porter, Beer, Ale, Cyder, English Porter, Taunton and Bath Ale in bottles, &c. &c.—at No. 98, South Front-street, opposite the Custom-house, by  
JOHN HAWORTH.  
Philadelphia, May 7, 1796. 2awaw

**Miniature Painting.**

A Foreign Artist respectfully informs the Public, that he paints Likenesses, and warrants them. A few Specimens of his abilities may be seen at his Room No. 10, up one pair of Stairs in Mr. O'ELLERS' Hotel, Chestnut-street, next Ricketts' Amphitheatre. April 23. \$

**Philadelphia,**

SATURDAY EVENING, May 7, 1795.

On Sunday, there will be Charity Sermons and Collections, in Christ Church and St. Peters, for the free schools of the Protestant Episcopal Church.

Married last Thursday evening, by the rev. Joseph Pilmore, Rector of Christ Church, New York, Mr. JAMES BOGERT, jun. of that city, merchant, to Miss BETSEY BENZET, of Philadelphia.

At a General Meeting of the Society of the Cincinnati, held at Philadelphia, on the 6th of May, 1796,

George Washington was unanimously elected President General of the Society.

Thomas Mifflin, Vice President General,  
Henry Knox, Secretary General,  
William Macpherfon, Assit. Secretary General,  
William Jackson, Treasurer General.

**Lamentations of the AURORA.**

**COMMUNICATION.**

Philip Freneau, formerly Editor of the National Gazette of this city, a paper which he rendered, by his firmness and impartiality, worthy of better support than it received; upon leaving this city established at Monmouth, New-Jersey, a weekly print, under the title of *Jersey Chronicle*, which preserved much of the spirit of the first paper, tho' published at a distance from the centre of intelligence. The publication of this paper, with regret he mentioned, was discontinued on the 30th of last month. It is hoped, however, the Republican cause will not lose its Freneau; but that the late turn of affairs, so favorable to the interests of Republicanism, will be an inducement to him once more to make an exertion of his literary talents in its sacred cause, by undertaking in one of the capitals of the United States, a paper calculated to diffuse far and wide the principles upon which the liberty and prosperity of the great mass of the people must depend.

Some of the last glimmerings in the Socket—

From the *JERSEY CHRONICLE.*

[Late Advice from Philadelphia.]

We hear that the royal English faction at New-York are making preparations to embark for Nova Scotia, headed by James Rivington, and the Editor of the *Minerva*.

It was reported a few days ago in New-York, that the town of Communipaw is thoroughly in favor of the British Treaty, and mean to petition the President Senate and British merchants to carry it into effect!!!

Lord Grenville, the British secretary of state has positively declared that his court will not consider the treaty as fully ratified unless assented to by a majority of the house of representatives of the United States.

It is rumored that 400 merchants in this city have secretly agreed to raise money by subscription to carry the treaty into execution!!!

Before the house of representatives have agreed to appropriate money for the support of the treaty, the President and Senate have interposed, and appointed commissioners for the purpose of discharging duties, the due performance of which requires MONEY—This is paying a proper respect to one of the constituted authorities, truly; but certain high nosed persons have long been in the habit of setting down the people and their representatives as nothing.

The reader will naturally reflect on perusing the foregoing extracts from one of the last numbers of the "*Jersey Chronicle*," that its exit for want of support is not so much to be wondered at, as that it should ever have been brought into existence in the truly Federal Republican State of New-Jersey.—Without foreign gold, we may venture to predict, that news-papers devoted to the cause of anarchy, whose columns are replete with falsehoods, and calumnious representations of the constitution of the United States, and the men who administer it, will not long find support. The American character has been disgraced by such publications. To support them, is to undermine the fair fabric of Freedom and Independence; is political suicide.

The following observations from a late New-York paper are in point.

From examining the principal news-papers published in the United States, for more than 2 years, I am persuaded that these channels of information may be the instruments of great good or extensive evil according as they are well or ill conducted.—It is obvious that the falsehoods and calumny propagated by means of public papers, have been the direct and principal means of all the civil dissensions which distract this country and have threatened it with civil war. This is a well ascertained fact.—And what is singular, there are many people well affected to the government, and who reprobate these abusive papers, who still subscribe to them for the sake of seeing the abuse they contain, and thus lend their aid towards consulting the government which alone protects their lives and property.

We want no other proof that our government is on the whole well administered, than this; that all public measures, when well explained and understood by the people at large, have given general satisfaction.

First impressions on the public mind have often been unfavorable to administration; but these impressions have been given by the opposition, by means of their papers; and in every instance have proved to be wrong. That is, whenever the public mind has been inflamed to discontent by means of false charges against the officers of government, or by false representations of facts; time, further information and cool reflection have invariably allayed the ferment, and defeated the effect of the first impressions. This is a decisive proof that there must be something wrong in principle in opposition.—Forever to mistake truth and the public sentiment, cannot be the effect of ignorance or want of information.

**BY THIS DAY'S MAIL.**

NEW-YORK, May 6.

Yesterday, being the 1st Wednesday in May, was celebrated the Annual Commencement of the *Columbia College*.

**Order of Procession**

The Janitor,  
Students of Medicine,  
Students of Law,  
Students of Arts,  
Candidates,  
Former Graduates,  
Faculty of Medicine.

**MUSIC.**

President and Faculty of the Arts,  
Trustees of the College,  
The Corporation of the City,  
Judges of the Supreme Court,  
Strangers of Distinction,  
Regents of the University,  
Chancellor  
Governor of the State.

The business of the day was introduced with prayers by the President, after which Orations were delivered by the Candidates for the Degree of Bachelor of Arts, on the following subjects, and in the following order.

**In the Morning.**

1. *De facultibus animi*, by William Rattoone, of Perth-Amboy.
2. On the Rise and Progress of the Arts and Sciences, by John I. Watts, of New-York.
3. On the Study of Nature, by Gouverneur Ogden, of New-Jersey.
4. On the Theatre, by Andrew Garr, of New-York.
5. A Peaceful Disposition in a Nation, favorable to its Prosperity, by Adrian C. Van Slyck, of Schenectady.
6. On the Rights of Women, by Philip Fisher, of New-York.
7. On Honor, by Josiah Shippey, of New-York.
8. On Pride and Self-Interest, by William Turk, of New-York.
9. On Liberty, by Charles Taylor, of New-York.

**In the Afternoon.**

1. On Enthusiasm, by Henry Cruger, of New-York.
2. Refined Principles of Religion, favourable to Liberty, by Lawrence Van Buskirk, of New-York.
3. On Ambition, by Edward Livingston, of New-York.

The Degree of Bachelor of Arts was conferred on David S. Jones, William Rattoone, Henry Cruger, Edward Livingston, Gouverneur Ogden, John I. Watts, Adrian C. Van Slyck, Samuel Nicholson, Samuel Barclay, Lawrence V. Buskirk, William Turk, Andrew Garr, Philip Fisher, Josiah Shippey, Charles Taylor.

The Degree of Master of Arts on Jonathan Pearce, Alexander Husack, Gilbert Smith, Henry Matheron, of New-York, and Valentine Peters, of Nova-Scotia.

The Degree of Doctor of Phycic, on Alexander Anderson, of New-York, and Winthrop Saltonhall, of Connecticut.

The Valedictory Oration was then delivered by David S. Jones, of New-York.

An address to the Graduates by the President, and prayers, finished the ceremony of the day.

Nothing exhibits the anxious state of the public mind, during the discussions of the questions on the Treaty, in a stronger light, than the joy expressed since the vote of the house for executing it. Every where friends, when they meet, take each other by the hand, and mutually congratulate each other on the event, as they do on the most festive occasions—a thing that has not been before observed since the event of the establishment of the present Constitution.

Such circumstances depict most forcibly the sensibility of the good citizens of America to every thing that can affect their honor. The fear of war or further bickerings with Great Britain, evidently had its effect in exciting the people to oppose an infraction of the Treaty; but in most of the memorials to the House of Representatives, we see, with pleasure, great stress laid on the danger and infamy of violating national faith. This unanimous effort of individual citizens to save our character as a nation, is a circumstance exceedingly honorable to our country.

What, say men of honour and virtue, because we have a hard bargain, shall we refuse to fulfil the contract? What would the world say of a merchant, who was just setting up business, and should quibble out of the first bargain he had made, because he did not like it? The cases are similar—and we cannot consent, for any common sacrifice of property, to have such a stain fixed on our national character.

It is probable after all, that the Treaty, even in points exceptionable, may never produce the ills which some of its opposers predict. The opposers of the present Constitution foretold all imaginary evils would follow its establishment—they painted tyranny and despotism in a thousand hideous forms, springing from that very government which has made us a prosperous nation. They had their views in this—but the evils were all imaginary. It is just so with the Treaty—it will go into operation, and leave us free and prosperous.

The Paper Mills of Messrs. Washburns in Danbury have been burnt—lost 2500 dollars.

We see in the democratic papers every instance of insult or injury received from the British carelessly inserted—but hardly an instance of losses and injuries received from the French. The memorial we published yesterday from a number of Merchants in Philadelphia stating that the French government detains property in their hands, amounting by estimation, to 2 millions, is a very important document; but such papers are seldom seen in our party papers.

**FREDDERICK-TOWN, May 5.**

To the House of REPRESENTATIVES of the United States.

The Memorial of the Subscribers, inhabitants of Frederick-Town, in Frederick county, State of Maryland,

**SHEWETH,**

THAT, in their opinion, the national honor will be injured, and the government, peace and happiness of the United States, will be endangered, by declining, or delaying, to carry into execution, the Treaty lately concluded between the United States and Great-Britain

Your memorialists therefore, respectfully, yet ardently, beseech your honourable body, that the necessary appropriations may be forthwith made for carrying the said treaty into complete operation.

The memorial was signed by near three hundred citizens of the town, and transmitted on Saturday by the post, enclosed in a letter from the chairman, of which the following is a copy:

Frederick-Town, 23d April, 1796.

SIR,

I do myself the pleasure, agreeable to a resolution of a town-meeting, this morning, to enclose you a memorial from the citizens of this place to the House of Representatives in Congress, and to request you will lay the same before that honorable body.

This being Saturday, several of the neighborhood from the country being, as common, occasionally in town, attended.—Their anxiety in the existing crisis urged them to a similar expression of their wishes; they have therefore subscribed a like memorial, and desired me also to enclose it to you. They have taken measures to circulate copies through the county; and it is the present opinion, that of the THIRTY THOUSAND people of this county, there is scarce a negative inclination—which so far is a confirmation of the unanimous resolution of our General Assembly in the last session.

I have the honour to be,

Sir,

Your most obedient,  
Humble servant, T. JOHNSON.  
THOMAS SPRIGG, Esq.

[What a British faction this Frederick county contains according to the *Aurora*!]

MARTINSBURG, April 28.

A most savage murder was committed last Sunday night, on the body of Mr. Nicholas Young, an honest, aged citizen, living in the borders of Shepherd's Town. About 12 o'clock that night, Mr. Young discovered attempts making to enter his house by a back window; he immediately rose from his bed, went out of the door to the back of the house, where he was instantly seized, a pistol put to his body, discharged, and the contents of which lodged in his breast—he, after walking two or three paces, fell and expired—his unhappy wife on hearing the report of the pistol, ran to his relief, when she no sooner saw the partner of all she held dear lying a corpse, but an immediate attempt was made at her life by the discharge of another pistol, which, fortunately, only burnt the priming in the pan, and she escaped. From her best recollection, she saw the two persons, who were accessory in the horrid act, and heard her husband speak to the one who shot him, previous to his fall—the villain's name was mentioned, but the misremembers it. The cause of this daring attempt appears to have been from the unfortunate Mr. Young's having received a large payment the evening before, for a plantation he had sold, and the villains apprehending the money to be in the house, determined on the murder, with a view to obtain it;—however it was left in Shepherd's Town the evening it was received, but the aged proprietor lost his life by its means.—No discovery has yet been made of the perpetrators of the horrid deed.

**PORT OF PHILADELPHIA.**

ARRIVED.	DAYS.
Brig Two Sisters, Eagleston,	Le Borgne 27
John, Marner,	Charleston 7
Sch'r Betsey & Kitty, Davidson,	Jean Rabel 19
Betsey, Hammond,	Sunbury, Georgia
Little Betsey, Keen,	Port au Prince
Little Will, Brum,	Ditto
Sloop Nancy, Barker,	Nantucket 10
Capt. Keen spoke the ship Birmingham Packet from Calcutta, in the river.	

**Advertisement.**

WE the subscribers, Commissioners appointed by law to take subscriptions for the Gap, Newport, and Wilmington Turnpike Road, do hereby give notice, that we will attend for that purpose at the house of Samuel Cochran, on the 6th day of June next.

JOSHUA PERSEY,  
JACOB LINDLEY,  
JOHN McDOWELL,  
JAMES BOYD.  
Chester County, 25th April, 1796. [May 7. contm]

**For Sale,**

The Ship **Adriana,**

A remarkable fine Vessel,

Philadelphia built, of Live Oak and Cedar, copper bolted and sheathed with patent copper, burthen about 300 tons, a prime sailer, well found, and now ready to receive a cargo. For terms apply on board at Wilcocks's wharf, or to

Thomas & John Ketland.

**50 dozen Birch Brooms.**

For Sale on board said ship.

NEW HAT AND HOSIERY STORE,  
WHOLESALE AND RETAIL,  
By WILLIAM McDUGALL,  
No. 134 Market-Street, 3d door from the corner of Fourth, South Side.

MENS' Black American and English Hats, of various qualities and prices	lored ditto
Ditto Drabs and Greenanders	Children's fancy ditto
Ladies' ditto, black	All kinds of silk, silk and cotton, cotton, & thread
And a large assortment of fancy ditto	Hose
Colored Beavers	Knit colored Pantaloons
With a great variety of elegant and fashionable trimmings, &c.	Ditto Drawers
YOUTH'S black and drab coats	Ditto Breaches Patterns
	Silk Gloves
	Knitted, colored ditto, cotton
	A quantity of mending cotton, sorted colors.
	N. B. The Hats finished in the newest fashion.