

Names of the Committee appointed by the Merchants on Friday, to correspond with the commercial cities and towns of the United States, as well as the frontier Counties—

- Thomas Fitzsimons, Joseph Ball, Walter Stewart, George Latimer, Samuel Sterrett, Israel Whelen, Robert Wain, Joseph Anthony, Samuel Breck, Francis Gurney.

A Correspondent observes, that when a certain petit maitre, not a hundred miles from north Eighth-street, wishes to imitate father Adam in his native state of innocence, he would do well to get into the cellar, or any other dark place, and not parade himself at the front windows, to the great scandal of the neighbourhood.

From a Correspondent.

It is supposed that Mr. M— being sensible of his present want of influence from his inconsistency in politics, has resigned the conspicuous station he formerly held in the House of Representatives, in favor of Mr. G—, who, altho' a foreigner, is undoubtedly to be depended upon in certain cases.

To the Circuit Court of the United States for the Pennsylvania District of the middle Circuit.

The address of the subscribers, members of the Grand Jury, in answer to the honorable Judge Iredell's charge.

We are sensible of the importance of the subjects discussed in the charge delivered to us, and we most sincerely wish that all our fellow citizens were impressed with the duties, which it inculcates. We participate in the eulogies bestowed on the conduct of the Executive, and hope the patriotic exertions of our fellow citizens to support the laws on the occasion you mention, will ever ensure them the gratitude and esteem of their country.

We hope the disgraceful insurrection which called forth the energies of the friends to order and good government, will only be remembered as a warning to others of the folly and danger of such unavailing and ruinous attempt. It has however been attended with good consequences, whatever evils might have been contemplated by its authors. It has afforded another proof of the firmness, the wisdom, and benevolence of our much beloved President, in whom our confidence continues to be undiminished.

It has opened the eyes of a once deluded people, and enabled them to see their true interests. Their recent conduct affords us a pleasing and decided confirmation of this sentiment.

Although we had not any official act to perform, on which the subject of treaties came under our view, yet we cannot forbear, as citizens called to a very confidential station, mentioning our sentiments on a subject, which now so much engages the public mind. We mean the several treaties lately made with foreign powers, on the due execution whereof the peace and happiness of our country so materially depend.

Much misconception, and much unfounded alarm existed as to one of these treaties, namely, that with G. Britain. But we can from a knowledge of the people, among whom we live, truly say that the subject being now better understood by those, who were alarmed and deceived, has produced a desire in the minds of the great body of the people that this treaty as well as the others may without delay be carried into effect. And we express our own, and we confidently believe the wishes of the great majority of this district, when we hope no impediment may be thrown in its way by our representatives, so far as their agency is necessary to effectuate its objects. Were this nation in a condition to dictate a compact, one might have been made exactly to our mind—but we believe this treaty is the best which under all circumstances could be obtained. It places great points of controversy, either of which might have produced war, in a train of amicable adjustment; and, in our opinion, it is one among the many wise and firm measures pursued by our patriotic Chief Magistrate, which have a decided tendency to perpetuate the unexampled prosperity, with which the great disposer of events has been pleased to bless our dear and happy country.

PETER BROWNE, Foreman.

- Jesse Jones, Thomas Allibone, B. W. Oakford, Sam. Howell, jun. Isaac Whelen, Henry Sheaff, Michael Roberts, Matt. McConnell, John Fries, John Lardner, Rich. Downing, jun. Geo. Bickham.

Philadelphia, April 12, 1796.

The charge to which, the foregoing is an answer shall appear to-morrow.

FROM THE MORNING CHRONICLE, A violent opposition Paper.

AMERICA.

The Amsterdam Packet, Henderson, is arrived in Clyde, from New-York, and brings American newspapers to the end of December. The intercepted letters of the French Ambassador, Fauchet taken in the Jean Bart, had been published. From them it appears that Fauchet had been very instrumental in fomenting the late rebellion in the Western States against the Government, and that he had endeavored to raise a party to overthrow the government of the United States. In this plot were involved, the Secretary Randolph, and other leading men of the States. Fauchet, upon the discovery of this letter, had very prudently made his escape from America.—Randolph had resigned.

The French party was strong in Virginia; but notwithstanding all the intrigues of the French faction to overturn the constitution, a very great majority in all the States, among whom were almost all the respectable people, were resolved firmly to support the constitution. In most of the States resolutions had been passed, highly applauding the conduct of their venerable President Washington, reproaching the infamous arts that had been used against him, and approving of the Treaty of Amity and Commerce betwixt Great-Britain and the U-

nited States, as mutually beneficial to both countries.

In Fauchet's dispatches, above alluded to, is the following remarkable passage: "It appears to me that these men (the popular societies,) with Randolph at their head, were beginning to decide on their party. About two or three days before the proclamation was published in the Western States Mr. Randolph came to see me with an air of great eagerness, and made to me the overtures of which I have given you an account in my No. 6. Thus, with some thousand of dollars, the Republic could have decided on civil war, or on peace: Thus the confidences of the pretended patriots of America have already their price."

PORT OF PHILADELPHIA.

Table with columns: ARRIVED, DAYS, Ship, Origin. Includes entries for Ship South Carolina, Brig Peace, Ani, Talbot, Abigail, Pinkham, Twins, Keeler, Betsey, Armer, Bell, Smith, Betsey, Holt, Schooner Two Cousins, Coppinger, Jeremie, Dick, West, Tryal, Hand, King Fisher, Harden, Two Brothers, Norton, Hopewell, Smith, Sloop Ruby, Rogers, Elizabeth, Floyd, Willing Lasf, Bell.

CLEARED.

Table with columns: Ship, Destination. Includes entries for Ship Elizabeth, Bray, Brig Nymph, Sullivan, Brig Mary, Tupper, Brig Minerva, Church, Schooner Sea Flower, S. E. by S. distant 30 leagues from Cape Henry, The ship Lavinia, Crawford.

Arrived at this Port.

Table with columns: Ship, Origin. Includes entries for Brig Nancy, Bartlett, Sloop Lively, Parker, Fanny, Fuller.

BOSTON, April 11.

The death of the hon. THOMAS RUSSELL, who departed this life on Friday morning last, is an event, which the community will long and feelingly mourn.—To enumerate his charities, or detail his enterprize as a merchant, or his patriotism and usefulness as a citizen, were superfluous.—They are universally known, and the cessation of them as universally lamented. The recording angel has registered his charitable deeds in the archives of immortality; and in the breast of every patriot a monument is erected to his civic worth, his ardent love of country, and unflinching integrity.

CIRCULAR.

Department of State, March 25, 1796.

SIR,

The newspapers frequently give accounts of imprisonment of American Seamen and other outrages committed upon our citizens by British ships of war. But however well founded these relations may be, yet other documents will be required whenever reparations for these wrongs shall be demanded. I am, therefore, directed by the President of the United States, to endeavor to obtain correct information on this subject, verified by the oaths of informants. Such of these as shall enter the port of —, will fall under your notice; and I must request you to have their depositions taken, at the public expence, in the most fair and impartial manner before a notary public, and transmitted from time to time to this office.

I am respectfully, Sir, Your obedient servant, TIMOTHY PICKERING.

To the Collector of the Port of Boston.

TOBAGO, March 11.

Produce of all kinds here, will be very high this year, the price of Rum is not yet broke, but some has been given the Americans in payment, at 6/ and 7/ per gallon, and now the planters ask no less than 8/ 3d. per gallon, and I imagine they will get it, for there is great quantities demanded from all the other Islands, and the grain distillers being all stopped for a year in Europe, makes it sell so high there, that many of the planters here mean to ship their Rum home.

FOR THE GAZETTE OF THE UNITED STATES.

To any printer in Philadelphia, whose liberality of sentiment may lead him to believe that a few disinterested ideas on a certain occasion are worth a place in his paper, the following remarks are respectfully addressed, and that without any partial attention to the common course of political opinions; it being a reasonable supposition that particular cases may sometimes occur, in which even different sides may shew a disposition to promote the general welfare: Of this I could produce an instance, if necessary; but shall now proceed to what I have in view on the present occasion.

THE public papers of late have been so remarkably occupied with the debates of Congress, that I should not wonder if many parts of the debates were but little known to a number of those who are even the customers for one or more of the daily papers; and of course there may be some things passed over in too light a manner, which are exceedingly interesting, and particularly so to the cause of honour and humanity. Of this sort, I believe that some of the remarks relating to the natives of this land are of the first rank, in the scale of reason and justice. How pleasing is it to see one of the members of Congress expressing himself in the following forcible manner:

"The God of Nature had given them the land, and he was sorry to hear any gentleman on that floor call their right to it in question. He would ask who were the proprietors of this country previ-

ous to its being known to civilized nations? (as they were called) were not those people? and had they not always been in the peaceable enjoyment of it? Who gave us a right to call their title in question, or forcibly to thrust them out? They had (he said) suffered enough from the fraud and violence of those, who, since the discovery of America, had been seeking to dispossess them of their lands, and he hoped no one in that House would wish to take from them what little of their inheritance remained in their possession. He had (he said) been charged with advocating the cause of the Indians; but he little regarded what was said on that head: His object was, not only quiet to the Indians, but security also to the peaceable, well-disposed inhabitants on the frontiers, who had families, and were exposed to resentment and retaliation."

After those and a number of other pointed remarks, the same honorable member read an extract of a letter from Governor Blount, in which he expresses a wish for the future peace and happiness of his fellow-citizens, and acknowledges it as his opinion, that he who preserves peace with the Indians thereby serves the Indians, but it is equally true, that by the same act he in a much greater degree serves the frontier inhabitants. Such sentiments are honorable, in my opinion, not only to the gentleman of the name of Hillhouse, but also to every member of the House of Congress who, willing to give a due attention to such sentiments, demonstrate a just idea of the rights of other men.

Whether or not these observations will be ever printed is not for me to know; but I am ready to imagine, that if they were thrown up in the wind, and should light near an Indian wigwam, at any distance, and one of the interpreters should read them to the natives in their own language, they would shew such marks of approbation as would more than compensate the said interpreter for his trouble;—and if such a circumstance should be known to the present writer, he might also partake with the interpreter in such amusement with pleasing satisfaction.

AN INDIVIDUAL.

STOCKS.

Table of stock prices: Six per Cent. 17 3/8 to 9 1/2 int., Three per Cent. 10 3/8 off., Deferred Six per Cent. 13 3/8 to 9, 5 1/2 per Cent. 16 3/8, 4 1/2 per Cent. 14 3/8, BANK United States 27 pr. cent., Pennsylvania 27, North America 48, Insurance Comp. North-America 15 dols. or 50 pr. ct., Pennsylvania 13 pr. ct., EXCHANGE, at 60 days, 160.

Ricketts's Amphitheatre.

FOR THE BENEFIT OF THE FUND For adding to the Establishment already founded by Mr. RICKETTS, For purchasing Fire Wood, To be distributed by the Corporation, Amongst such Families as may be distressed for Fuel in the inclement seasons.

On TUESDAY EVENING, April 19,

WILL BE PRESENTED, As great a variety of Entertainments As can be possibly collected, or have yet been exhibited at the Amphitheatre. Mr. Ricketts and every individual of his Company, will exert themselves to do their utmost in rendering satisfaction to those who may please to visit the House for this evening.

To particularise the various FEATS of Horsemanship, STAGE and other PERFORMANCES, On this occasion, would it is conceived, be unnecessary; as there can be little doubt of a great assemblage of Ladies and Gentlemen, whose humanity will induce their attendance.

The Night's Amusements will, I hope, keep pace with the good intention of the institution, and render perfect satisfaction to every person present.

* * * Tickets may be had at the box office adjoining the Amphitheatre, and at Mr. Oellers's Hotel.

†† The Doors in future to be opened at half past FIVE, and the Entertainment to begin at SEVEN o'clock.

* Boxes, one dollar—Pit, half a dollar. Positively the last Night but Two.

For NEW ORLEANS, The fast sailing, fine new brig Richard and James. WILL sail in ten days. She has remarkable fine accommodations, for passage only. Apply to Richard & James Potter, April 18. \$ Front-street.

To the Public. AT MR. O'ELLER'S HOTEL. A French Miniature Painter respectfully offers his services to the Public, and hopes that the moderation of his terms, the very short time of his sittings, and the rate of his abilities, will induce his visitors to become his patrons. Feb. 20. \$

WANTED ONE Journeyman Coppersmith, and one Journeyman Tin Plate Worker—to whom the highest wages will be given—Enquire at No. 235 Arch-Street. April 5. eodtw.

THIS DAY IS PUBLISHED, By THOMAS CONDIE, No. 20, Carters Alley, And Sold by all the Bookellers, [Price Three-Sixtyths of a Dollar] THE CONSTITUTION OF THE STATE OF TENNESSEE. April 11.