

On WEDNESDAY EVENING, January 13, Will be presented,

A COMEDY, (never performed here) called, The Wheel of Fortune!

[Written by Richard Cumberland, Esq. author of The Well-Indian, Jew, &c. and performed at the Theatre, Drury Lane, London, with unbounded applause.]

Sir David Daw, Tempell, Pearuddock, Woodville, Sydenham, Henry Woodville, Weazly, Woodville's servant, Officer, Jenkins, James, Richard, Harry, Thomas, Mr. Francis, Mr. Bates, Mr. Whitlock, Mr. Green, Mr. Wignol, Mr. Mereton, Mr. Harwood, Mr. Beets, Mr. Warrell, Mr. Darley, junr, Mr. Warrell, junr, Mr. Morgan, Mr. Mitchell, Master Warrell.

Mrs. Woodville, Emily Tempell, Dame Dunckley, Maid, Mrs. Morris, Mrs. Marshall, Mrs. Rowson, Miss Rowson.

With new Scenery, Dresses, and Decorations. End of the Play, A New Minuet and Gavott, By Mr. Francis & Miss Gillaspie, (Pupil to Mr. Francis)

To which will be added, A COMIC OPERA, (in two acts) called The Prize; Or, 2, 5, 3, 8.

[The music by Signior Storace.] Doctor Lenitive, Mr. Harwood, Mr. Moreton, Mr. Green, Mr. Francis, Master T. Warrell, Miss Milbourne, Mrs. Caddy, Mrs. Bates, Mrs. Oldmixon, Mrs. Caroline.

On Friday, the Comedy of THE RAGE! with the Comic Opera of PEEPING TOM OF COVENTRY, and other Entertainments.

BOX. One Dollar—PIT, Three-Fourths of a Dollar—GALLERY, Half a Dollar.

The Public are respectfully informed, that the Doors of the Theatre will be open at FIVE, and the Curtain will precisely at SIX o'clock.

Places for the Boxes to be taken of Mr. WELLS, at the Front of the Theatre.

TICKETS to be had at H. and P. RICE's Book-Store, No. 50, Market-Street; and at the Office adjoining the Theatre.

Ladies and Gentlemen are requested to send their servants to keep places a quarter before five o'clock, and order them as soon as the company is seated, to withdraw; as they cannot, on any account, be permitted to remain.

No money or tickets to be returned; nor any person, on any account whatsoever, admitted behind the scenes. VIVAT REPUBLICA.

JUST PUBLISHED, And to be sold by the Editor, AN ACCOUNT Of the Receipts and Expenditures Of the UNITED STATES, For the Year 1794.

Printed by order of the House of Representatives. CONTAINING—

- Statements of the duties on merchandize & tonnage
Duties on Bills and spirits distilled.
Revenue arising on postage of letters.
Monies received into the Treasury in the year 1794.
Payments to the Executive,
Legislature,
Judiciary, Treasury,
Department of War, State, and the Mint,
Government of the Western Territories,
Commissioners of Loans,
Pensions, Annuities, and Grants,
Army of the United States,
Naval Department,
For fortifications of ports and harbours,
For maintaining intercourse with foreign nations, light-houses, beacons, &c. for interest on domestic debt, for domestic loans, for reduction of domestic debt, French and Dutch debts, relief of inhabitants of St. Domingo.
Bills of Exchange, &c. &c. &c.

STATEMENTS of balances of appropriations of monies arising from foreign loans transferred to the United States of appropriations and expenditures, of receipts and expenditures. Appendix, containing an account of the foreign and domestic debt to the close of the year 1794.

200 Dollars Reward.

WHEREAS a certain MICHAEL HEVIGE, of Reading township, in York county, on Friday night last, about the hour of 10, at the head of an armed banditti, did break open the house of Casper Gregor, in the town of Berlin in said county, and then and there did forcibly drag out and carry off a certain CATHERINE SPECE, a minor orphan child of Peter Spece, deceased, aged about thirteen years: And whereas after the utmost pursuit by her friends, and the most diligent inquiries, nothing has since been heard of the said minor: And whereas from previous threats and the shocking manner in which she was forced, (notwithstanding her struggles and screams) from the hold of her mother, there is every reason to apprehend the utmost danger to the person of the said child.

A Reward of Two Hundred Dollars is hereby offered to any person who will secure the said HEVIGE, so that process in this country can be served on him) and return the said child to her friends; or One Hundred Dollars for returning said child to her friends. The humanity of all parents and others is called upon to be interested in this inquiry; and any information as to HEVIGE and his party, or as to the said CATHERINE, will be thankfully received by Casper Gregor and his wife (the mother of the child) at Berlin, or by the subscribers at Yorktown, Pennsylvania. MICHAEL SCHMYSER, ) Guardian of MATHIAS SCHMYSER, ) CATHERINE SPECE. York Borough, December 15.

The different Printers in this state, are requested to publish the above until countermanded, and they shall be paid upon transmitting their accounts to the Post-Office, at York.

which the people left him, given reason to suppose that the officers were ill treated by the crew.

The above extract is published in order to give some information to the concerned, as from many circumstances above recited it appears very probable that the officers were murdered by the crew; if so, it is hoped the above will serve to detect the perpetrators, who no doubt on conviction will receive just reward.

Table with columns: ENTERED, From, CLEARED, To. Lists ships like Ship Enterprize, Phillips, Zenobia, Aborn, Sloop Mary-Ann, Proud, Clarissa, Remington, etc.

Philadelphia, TUESDAY EVENING, JANUARY 13, 1796.

A letter from London of the 5th of November, received by the packet, contains the following information:—That M. Monneron was empowered to treat of peace, even to the relinquishment of Austrian Flanders; the negotiation with the British government was commenced, and proceeded with spirit for several days, when, in consequence of the party who sent out M. Monneron being thrown into the minority, probably on the question relative to annexing the Low Countries to the French republic, new instructions were sent to him, in which he was ordered to insist on annexing Belgium to the republic as an indispensable stipulation. In consequence of this the negotiations were immediately broken off, and M. Monneron returned to France.

The war was growing unpopular, on account of the scarcity, which occasioned great sufferings among the poorer class of citizens.

The same letter states, that by two arrivals from Hamburgh, and by accounts just received from Paris, the loss of the French in the late battles of the Rhine was said to amount to 31,000 men killed.

Papers received by the last arrivals from London contain the Debates in both Houses of the British Parliament on a bill to prevent seditious and treasonable meetings of the people. The speeches of the part of opposition were unusually warm, but the minority carried their point in both Houses by the usual majority. In the House of Commons on the motion for leave to introduce the bill the yeas are 214; noes 42; majority 172. The whig Club of England has had an extraordinary meeting on account of this bill, in which the Duke of Bedford presided at this meeting sundry resolutions, reprobatory of the bill, were passed.

It is to be remarked that the opinions of the out and ins on the above occasion appear to be more diametrically opposed than usual; while the out declare that the bill will destroy the liberties of the people, its supporters (among whom we had Mr. Wilberforce) declare that they think it will preserve the liberties of the Country.

The Committee of Correspondence of the Pennsylvania Society for promoting the Abolition of Slavery, &c. &c. for the present year, is composed of the following persons, viz: James Pemberton, Samuel Griffiths, William Rogers, Robert Patterson, Samuel Coates, John Kaighn, Morgan John Rhees.

PORT OF PHILADELPHIA. ARRIVED.

Sloop Salem, Elkins, New-York, 10 days.

Ship News.

The ship Favorite, Drummond, from London, ran aground several times in the night of the gale, in the Bay; notwithstanding which she got safe to New Castle on Sunday morning.

The Snow William, which ran aground on the Bar, and the brig Busy, on the Jersey shore, have got off without damage.

The brig Nancy, Captain Mitchell, from Philadelphia to Jamaica, was lost on the rocks near Bermudas about the 1st December last; captain and crew saved.

We are sorry to inform the public, that intelligence was last night received of the loss of the brig Favorite, from Cadiz, on Cape-May, and the Minerva, from Lisbon, on Joe Flogger shoals, on the night of Wednesday last. They were bound to this port, and 7 out of 11 persons on board the Minerva, were drowned; the others were taken off by a vessel bound to Charleston.

A quarterly Meeting of the Society for the Institution and Support of First Day or Sunday Schools in the City of Philadelphia and the Districts of Southwark and the Northern Liberties will be held at JOHN ELY'S School Room in Third near Mulberry Street, at 7 o'clock this Evening. GEORGE WILLIAMS, Secretary. Philadelphia, Jan. 12, 1796.

For Charleston, (S. C.) PHILADELPHIA, Robert Butler, master. Sloop lying in Smith's Dock, the second above Race-Street, is ready to take in goods; and having been built for a packer, has excellent accommodations for passengers, and will sail in a few days. For freight or passage apply to the Captain on board, or JOHN SHIELDS, No. 22, Chestnut-Street.

to Com. (one of the whole) David Organ, Peter D'gers, Matthew Olson, Amos Camp, and Amos Minor, Samuel Henley. The report in every instance was against the prayer of the petitioners, and the question put by the Speaker on every individual case; the report was agreed to, except where a re-commitment, or postponement took place by vote of the House. Adjourned.

ARMY of the SAMBRE and MEUSE.

"Camp under Mayence, 22d Vendemaire, Oct. 15." "The siege of Mayence, for which the orders and preparations were made cannot now be continued, as the army of the Sambre and Meuse is obliged to evacuate the right bank of the Rhine. A part of the park artillery is already on its way to Landau, and the rest is ready to follow.

The block of the fort of Cassel was raised on the night, between the 13th and 14th of October, in the most secret manner, and the passage of the Mayn was effected next day by the Austrian army, five or six leagues above Mayence.

The details of the battle which that passage occasioned, are still unknown to us; but it must have been serious the fire having continued the whole day. Firing cannon and musquetry are still heard, and we believe our army is retiring in the greatest order. A division of the left bank has crossed the Rhine, to protect it in its retreat. On the other side, the enemy has sent out of Mayence about five or six regiments of infantry with some cavalry and artillery, for reinforcing the attacking army of the Austrians.

We do not yet know any thing respecting the right side, though the cannon keep up a vigorous fire there. Pichegru is still in his position above Maunheim. It is thought that this general with the forces which arrive to join him from the upper Rhine, will oppose the enemy strongly in that point. It must be some days before we can judge of these retrograde movements, which are not in the least dangerous to our army."

BRUSSELS, October 18.

"Advices have this moment been received here, that the French army, which had been obliged to retreat as far as the Lahn, has recommenced offensive operations, and begun afresh to drive back in its turn the Austrians" (From P'clair, Oct. 27.)

PORTLAND, [Mass.] December 24. MELANCHOLY ACCIDENT.

"Penobscot, Dec. 9." "A melancholy accident happened here the 4th inst. Pelatiah Wescott, Joseph Wescott, and Samuel Avery, came on shore from the schooner Freedom belonging to this port, to take off some things belonging to a gentleman going passenger in the vessel. A musket was among the articles, which was not primed, and which they supposed not charged—After the boat left the shore, Pel Wescott took up the musket, snapped it several times over the side of the boat, and then began to perform the manual exercise, and Avery gave him the word—when he came to the word, Fire, he snapped the gun, which proved to be charged, and the contents were lodged in the head of Avery, just above the right eye—it blew off part of his skull, and he expired in a few minutes. Wescott says, that when he snapped the gun, it was elevated above Avery's head, but in bringing it to a priming position, it went off—this appeared the more probable, as the gun had been loaded some time before, and it is likely had become a little damp. No evidence appeared to the jury of any design in Wescott, on the contrary, every circumstance was favourable. The jury was unanimous in the verdict "Accidental Death."

From the Boston Marine Intelligencer.

From LLOYD'S LIST. November 3.

The Diana, Coffin; Industry, Rudd; Jay, O'Brien; and Zephyr, Pepper, have cut through their cables in the Downs, in a violent gale at S. S. W. and put into Ramsgate harbour. [The Jay was spoke by Capt. Davis on her passage to New-York; the Zephyr has arrived here.] The Neptune, Brien, of Ellisaere, from Amsterdam, to Fredericksburgh, having cut from her cables in the Downs, drove on shore at the back of Broadstairs Pier. The cargo is landing. The Young Mary, Artis, from Petersburg; the Little Edward, Staff, for Ipswich; Providence, Theobald; and Mofs, for London, are put into Yarmouth, with lots of anchors. The Nabby, Clifford, from Liverpool to Boston, was lost on the 20th ult. on the coast of Ireland. Two of the crew were drowned. Sound of Illa—Arrived from Petersburg, the Nymph, Watson. Liverpool—Arrived from Virginia, Moses Myers Williams. Bristol—Arrived from New York, the Atlantic. Cromarty—Arrived from Petersburg, Hope, Dunbar. Dublin—Arrived from Massachusetts, Hope, Dellins. Kinsale—Arrived from Boston, Polly, Irwin.

PORTSMOUTH, Dec. 29.

Extract of a letter from a gentleman in Norfolk, Virginia, to his friend in this town, dated Nov. 29, 1795.

"On the 22d of September, I purchased at public auction from the commissioners of wrecks, a snow, which by some unaccountable accident was cast away in July, on the beach about seven miles from Currituck inlet, N. C. and after a great deal of trouble and expence, had her got off, and is now in this harbour. This vessel when cast away had on board a cargo of Turk's Island salt, and was immediately deserted; no papers of any kind were found on board; the name on the stern had been daubed over with tar; after rubbing it off it appeared she was the Neptune of Kennebeck, or Kennebunk. She is a single deck'd vessel, of the dimensions following, viz. Length 76 feet; breadth 24 feet; depth 9 feet; burthen 145 95 100 tons; does not appear to be more than two years old; she has a deep wail in which there were originally some port-holes, and more were apparently made her last voyage. Before she was thrown on shore she was stripped of most of her sails and running rigging; which, with the extraordinary manner in

various inquiries were made. It was thought by the cats, he supposed the President would cease all further proceedings in relation to the building of the frigates. Mr. Smith then observed that it had become necessary to do something in the business. He therefore offered a resolution that a committee should be appointed to bring in a bill to repealing the last section of the above law. If the House should not see proper to repeal the section, the materials already provided would be to be disposed of. He then read sundry propositions by way of information to the House, relative to a disposition of this property. The idea comprized in these propositions is that the materials should be sold, and the proceeds appropriated to the special purpose of a naval fund.

Mr. Smith concluded by laying on the table a resolution for a Committee to bring in a bill to repeal the last section of the law providing for building the frigates.

In Committee of the whole, Mr. Muhlenberg in the Chair on the memorial of Parker, Hopkins, and Mears. The report of the Select Committee was read. The memorial referring to the Coasts of the Southern States only; the Committee reported accordingly.

Mr. Livingston observed that he could have wished the Committee had extended the report to the Coast of the eastern states; he was informed that the Charts of those States were also very imperfect and defective.

Mr. Swanwick said that it appeared to be too much the case that the measures of government are restricted to partial objects, when those of a general nature ought to be embraced. He moved a resolution to extend the object of the report.

Mr. Milledge remarked that the report was on the petition of Parker, Hopkins and Mears, relative to the Southern Coasts of the United States. The memorial states that considerable progress had been made in surveying the Creeks and Bays of the Southern States which are very little known. It is a business of general importance and ought to be attended to—this can be done without interfering with any measures, which it may be thought advisable to take in respect to other parts of the Coasts. The business of surveying is done and it is acknowledged by the Committee that the gentlemen are men of abilities. They now pray for public assistance to complete and publish the charts. He tho't the motion to extend the inquiry in this stage of the business would only tend to obstruct, but to defeat the object.

Mr. Dayton moved a re-commitment of the report, and that the Committee should be instructed to extend their inquiries to other parts of the Union.

Mr. Harrison objected to the motion, he stated the actual state of the business in the hands of the petitioners; they had exhausted their resources in this highly meritorious undertaking, their work is all ready for engraving, but for want of the means to proceed the work is arrested in this stage of it. He conceived the motion would be attended with a public disappointment, by defeating the application.

Mr. Baldwin was opposed to the motion for a re-commitment of the report. He recited some of the difficulties attending the navigation on the Southern Coasts; the importance of availing the public of every species of correct information relative to the subject. He supposed that if the President was empowered, as proposed in the report, he would make such a selection from manuscript copies of the actual surveys made by the petitioners as would be highly conducive to the public advantage in rendering the navigation to the Southern States less dangerous.

Mr. Dayton stated several particulars to shew that the surveys mentioned in the memorial were not probably all completed.

The motion for re-committing the report was agreed to.

On motion of Mr. Swanwick the subject was then referred to the Committee of Commerce and Manufactures.

Mr. Goodhue of the Committee of Commerce and Manufactures brought in a report on sundry petitions, viz.

Of Wright White, John Devereux, Wm. S. A. McNeill, praying an exemption from paying duties on sundry goods, destroyed by fire, water, &c.

The principles stated in this report are, That the duties on merchandize, become part of the price of the articles, that the United States cannot in any degree be considered as insurers of the property of the citizens, that it is impossible to ascertain with precision losses incurred by accidents and to guard against impositions, the committee, therefore, tho' with extreme reluctance, find themselves obliged to report against the petitions. Wm. Smith, Joshua Carier and Moses Myle report against the petitions.

On motion of Mr. Goodhue the report was referred to the Committee of the whole on Wednesday next. Interim the report to be printed for the use of the members.

The petition of William Tomkins was read; the report of the Committee of Claims on this petition was also read; it is against the prayer thereof and was agreed to by the House.

A report made at the last session on the petition of Caleb Newbold and others, was called up by Mr. Anderson, re-committed to the Committee of Claims.

On motion of Mr. Varnum, the petition of Howe, was read, and referred to the Committee of Claims.

A report of the Committee of Claims was read against the petition of Jabez Johnson, (re-committed) Peter Rutan, J. Gates and John Ostrander, Thomas Rutledge, (re-committed) Reuben King, Francis Mentges, (referred to Committee of the whole) Thomas Alexander, Patrick Collins, Elizabeth Lovell, Andrew Jackson, John Goodman, Martha Dow, James Amagh, (postponed till Monday) Henry Weyman, Benjamin Mumford, Roger Enos, George Sharp, Robert Elliot, Charles Dupre, Chandler Dimwooly, Pout Emanuel Suart, John Sumpler, Anthony and Robert S. Barton, Jacob Milledge, Lambert Dolland, William Leighton, (referred to Committee of the whole) Abraham Mofack and others, William Howe, (referred