

Mr. WAYNE, S I R,

I FIND your paper continues to make me an object of personal attack. Having been confined in Prison, it has not been in my power to repay insolence by personal chastisement, and on my coming out, I have been bound over to good behaviour for twelve months, myself in 1800, and two fortunes in 500 dollars each. It is perfectly consistent with the cowardly politics of your party to insult where you think you can do it with impunity, and if you will proceed in abusing me without provocation and while I am deprived of the power of repelling it properly, you must; but if I continue to be the object of your abuse, I shall not forget to do myself justice, when I can do it without injury to my friends.

THOMAS COOPER.

October 10, 1800.

The above was presented me yesterday afternoon, by a Man, whom I never saw before, but who from his conversation appeared to be a Foreigner; he was accompanied by Dr. Reynolds. After I had read the letter I observed, as a hint for them to leave my office, that "it was very well." After saying this one of them wished to give me a little advice and said "he wished to have peace, but if I was not silent Mr. Cooper and his friends would—" here I stop'd them short by observing, that "Cooper and his friends may do as they please, I shall act as I think proper" and left them abruptly, as they went out of the office door muttering.

In the above letter the Public may see the means, resorted to by the Jacobins, to prevent their infamy from being exposed. An American Editor, a native of Pennsylvania, whilst publishing a paper in the capital of the United States, is threatened by a Foreign fugitive for exposing his infamous designs upon the Government and People. "Liberty of the Press" is constantly rung in our ears by the Jacobins, but the moment that Liberty is used against the most infamous and abandoned characters in society, if they be Democrats, threats of vengeance are immediately used in hopes to intimidate the Printer. Should Mr. Jefferson, and his friends once gain the ascendancy, we venture to predict, that no Editor will risk the publication of Truth, when it is against them;—for if he do he will most assuredly risk assassination; the People may then hug their Chains in silence, their complaints will be compared to the "workings of small beer." The above letter from Cooper, a fellow lately come to the country, and just punished for a libel on the President, is a specimen of unparalleled impudence.

Mr. Cooper, S I R,

Your Insolent letter, conveying your threats of vengeance, I despise, as much as I do the author of them. I shall pursue the line of my duty, and expose you to my fellow-citizens whenever your conduct deserves it. Whatever your situation may be, I know you have comrades who would not hesitate to act a bloody part to oblige you, but they and you, if your threats are carried into execution, shall not do it with impunity, as I shall at all times be prepared to do myself justice on any villain who may make the daring attempt.

C. P. Wayne.

One of the sorry Poetafers in the Aurora is so wretchedly deficient in the lowest elements of rhyme that he reminds us of little Dick Ditch in the Tatler, who, as Sir Richard Steele humourously narrates, "was famous, many years ago, for writing a Song, and a ballad, and is now far gone in an Epigram of two lines!"

With reverence speaking He never was a poet of God's making The midwife laid her hands on his thick skull, With this prophetic blessing—Be thou dull— Drink, swear, and roar—forbear no low delight, Fit for thy bulk, do any thing—but write— Eat rathane, mingle arsenic with thy drink, Still thou mayest live, avoiding pen and ink.

Duane and his cowardly complotters are completely choaked by the late public proofs of their falsehood, respecting the character and conduct of the Revd. Mr. ABERCROMBIE. By "a plain tale" he has "put down" these "lying Jacks" of democracy, who display the cowardice, prevarication, and falsehood of Fallstaff, without his wit and humour. We are sincerely rejoiced to find that the public indignation is roused against an Irish and desperate brawler, who presumes to calumniate an amiable clergyman for honestly discharging his Christian duties. Mr. A, amid honest views, and "in conscious virtue bold," can always find Et Profundum, et decus, both his strength and his pride. But there are not wanting to his defence, when necessary, a numerous band, who have not learned to talk prophacely of Twenty Gods, or none; and we exult to find that the Christian Fortrefs gallantly, as well as numerously defended.

William Robinson (the elder) South Front Street No. 330, presents his most respectful compliments to Mr. William Duane, Editor of the Aurora, and most sincerely thanks him, for his politeness in giving the Old Whig of '76 a lift in the business that W. R. has undertaken. By Mr. Duane's publication, on the top of a column in the Aurora of Friday the 10th inst. the phrases used by Duane in his publication, "lascivious old gentleman, and jocular old gentleman," which are synonymous terms, and also a small Irish-im (humbug) likewise the tickets No. 1, 2, 3, &c.

Mr. Duane will confer a further obligation on W. R. by publishing the meeting of

the Editors of Southwark, Mowbray, and Pallyook, to be held at the house of Matthew Spillard in South-street, on Saturday the 11th inst. at 6 o'clock in the evening. The said publication was handed to the press of the Aurora, and was promised to be published the 10th inst. but through hurry, mistake or design, it did not make its appearance; but as Mr. Duane is one of the most impartial printers, the public may expect to see the advertisement alluded to, in to-morrow's paper the 11th of October.

October 10.

Israel Israel did, in the presence of John Smith, James Sharwood, and others, declare previous to the decision had by the Committee who were appointed to decide on the claims of Individuals for the Sheriff's office, that, if he was not the person agreed on, and Alexander Boyd was, he would vote for Joseph Cowperthwait.

A letter from Wilmington (Del) mentions that the Counties of Kent & Sussex have turned, the Election in favour of Mr. Bayard, the Federal candidate for member of Congress. He is said to be elected by a majority of 300 in opposition to Mr. Patton.

For the Gazette of the United States.

WAR BETWEEN THE UNITED STATES AND FRANCE.

ACCORDING to promise, Duane has procured from Mr. Dallas, the manuscript report, prepared for his fourth volume, of the case of Bals and Tingey, decided in the Supreme Court of the United States, in August and February term, 1800 as stated in the Aurora.

Duane asserts with his usual impudence, that the report furnished him, by Mr. Dallas, completely falsifies the report of the same case, first published in the Gazette of the United States. We undertake to pronounce the assertion, to be a lie—and as the best proof we can furnish the public, that it is a lie—we re-publish the report as it originally appeared in this Gazette. The public may then judge, whether any thing contained in the report furnished by Mr. Dallas, contradicts or falsifies the report we gave, and whether we have been guilty, (as accused by Duane) of "a wicked and perfidious attempt, to impose a false report of the opinions of the judges of the Supreme Federal Court, in the question respecting the relative situation of France and America." The report we published, pretended to be nothing more than an abridgement of the case in question; with out either the authorities cited, the arguments of counsel, or the opinions of the judges at large; we do not make reports for sale by the volume, at the enormous price of seventeen dollars a piece—it is not our trade—but we pledge ourselves for the correctness and the fidelity and the accuracy of the result, given by us, as the opinions of the judges of the Supreme Court of the United States, in the case of Bals and Tingey.

SUPREME COURT of the U. STATES.

LAW-REPORT

In our report on Saturday respecting the proceedings before the Supreme Court of the United States; we stated erroneously, that no judgment had yet been rendered in the case of Bals against Tingey. A decision in fact, took place on Friday, in which the judgement of the Circuit Court which decreed one half the value of the ship Eliza and cargo to the recaptors, by way of salvage, was affirmed. The Court pronounced their opinion SEPARATIM, and the question of WAR OR NO WAR, as it respects the relative situation of the United States, and the French Republic received a solemn AFFIRMATIVE and unanimous adjudication. The period at which this state of things commenced, was dated on the 7th July, 1798, when Congress, by law, declared the Treaties between the United States, and France, no longer binding. From that time, a qualified and restricted state of war has existed, and the French nation have been ever since entitled to the appellation of "enemies" to the American nation. This construction necessarily brings the French within the meaning of the expression used in the 7th section of the act of Congress, entitled an act for the government of the Navy of the United States, which says, "that for the ships or goods, belonging to the Citizens of the United States, or to the Citizens or subjects of any nation in amity with the United States, if retaken from 'the enemy' within 24 hours, the owners are to allow one-eighth part of the whole value for salvage, &c. and, if above ninety six hours, one half. The ship Eliza, recaptured by the Ganges, had been more than ninety-six hours in possession of the French—and this decree of the Supreme Court affirming that of the Circuit Court, establishing the construction, that a retaking from the French; is a retaking from 'the enemy,' which under the law of Congress, in force at the time of his recapture, entitles the recaptors to one half of the whole value, as salvage.

A case of some importance in reference to the revenue system of the United States also received a solemn adjudication.

Priestman, Plff. in Error } Sur writ of Error } to the C. Court } for the Penn. dist.

The United States. } A quantity of watches of various description, had been imported into the port of Baltimore, and the entry duties regularly paid upon them.—They were afterwards transported over land into the district of Pennsylvania, but the owner had neglected to take a permit from the collector for the district of Maryland, prescribed by an act of Congress as necessary, to render lawful the transportation of goods from one dis-

trict to another, by land. The watches, when brought into the district of Pennsylvania were seized, libelled and condemned as forfeited the United States.

The present argument before the Supreme Court was for the purpose of obtaining a reversal of the sentence of condemnation given in the Court below, but after a full discussion, by Ingerfoll and S. Levy for Plaintiff in Error, Rawl and W. Sargent for Defendant. The Court affirmed the decree.

Bookellers, Printers, and private Gentlemen, holding subscription papers for the publication of THE FARRAGO and LAY PREACHER, will please, on, or before the middle of November next, to forward them to Philadelphia, in a cover, open at the ends, in the manner in which newspapers are usually transmitted. It is requested that they be addressed to ASHLEY DICKINS, Bookeller, Philadelphia. Gentlemen, in different parts of the United States, and in British America, who have not had an opportunity to subscribe to both, or either of the above performances, may address as above their letters, Post paid; their wishes shall be complied with, and their names, if sent seasonably, shall be added to the list of subscribers, to be prefixed to the volumes.

JACOBIN LIES, AND Aurora Forgeries, Detected.

For the Gazette of the United States.

TO THE PUBLIC.

ONE William Rogers having been induced to make a Declaration, purporting that "I threatened to have him indicted for High Treason if he would not sign a protest against the meeting at Slab-Town; and also resign the office of a committee man under that meeting." I do. Hereby declare, that the whole of that publication, as far as it respects me, is absolutely false. The truth is this; I was at Mr. Harkinson's Tavern one day last week—a captain Rogers, Brother of William, informed the company that his Brother's name was used as one of the committee, without his knowledge, and he believed he disapproved of it. Some time after Mr. Rogers came into the room; I asked him if he was at Slab-Town and authorized his name to be used—he answered in the negative. I mentioned to him, that if he disapproved of the appointment, it would be right for him to make it public, so that it might be known how his name happened to be there, and asked him if he intended to act under that appointment. His answer was, "that he did not know; he understood there was some bad Government." I asked him what he understood: He said "he was told that President Adams had made way with a great sum of public money." On receiving this answer and perceiving the man was very ignorant, I broke off further conversation. As to drawing up a protest and offering it to him, or using any sort of threat as stated in his certificate, the whole of such statement is without foundation; and is merely thrown out by some unprincipled men, as an Electioneering Trick.

WILLIAM GRIFFITH.

October 9, 1800.

We have read the publication of one William Rogers in the Aurora of the 8th inst. relative to Mr. Griffith. We were present at what passed in conversation between them, which is in substance, and we believe in the very words, as above stated by Mr. Griffith. As to the Certificate of William Rogers, it is in every particular, as far as it relates to threats or compulsion of any kind, entirely false.

Witness our Hands, this 9th Oct. 1800.

- Joseph Mc. Ilvaire. Richard Cox. Samuel Clark. Samuel J. Read. Reuben Haines.

Federal Ticket for the city of Philadelphia.

- Congress. Francis Gurney, Senator. Nathaniel Newlin, Assembly. William Hall, George Fox, Godfrey Haga, Samuel W. Fisher, John Bleakley, H. K. Helmuth. Select Council. Henry Pratt, William Poyntell, William Dawson, Thomas Parker, Andrew Bayard. Common Council. Robert Ralston, John Morrell, George Krebs, Isaac Snowden, jun. George Dougherty, Kearney Wharton, Jacob Cresler, Malcom M'Donald, Pascal Hollingworth, Timothy Paxton, William Young, Jacob L'werswyler, Jonathan W. Condy, Charles W. Hare, John Carrol, Daniel Smith, Lawrence Herbert, Alexander Henry, Thomas P. Cope, James Milnor.

MARRIED, at the Great Valley, Chester County, on Thursday evening last, by the Rev. Slaton Clay, John Hughes, of Montgomery County, to Miss Hannah Bartholomew, daughter of Benjamin Bartholomew, Esq. of Chester County.

For the 24 hours preceding Thursday morning, there were 12 deaths in Baltimore. Total number in the hospital sick with the prevailing disease, 36. Convalescents, 15. Discharged cured, 7.

From September 30 to October 3 there were 6 deaths in Norfolk (Virg.)

The American frigate seen on the coast dismissed, is supposed to be the President—Commanded by Commodore TRUXTON.

FEDERAL MEETING.

At a meeting of the Federal Citizens of the county of Philadelphia held pursuant to a public notice, at Joseph Hart's, on Friday the 10th of October, 1800—Major John Holme was appointed Chairman, and Joseph George, Secretary. Resolved Unanimously, That this meeting will support John Lardner, Esq. as Member of Congress at the ensuing election.

Resolved unanimously, That this meeting do approve of the nomination of Nathaniel Newlin, for the office of State Senator, for the District composed of the City and County of Philadelphia, and County of Delaware; and that we will unite with our fellow-citizens of the City of Philadelphia and County of Delaware, in promoting his election.

Resolved also, That this meeting will support Richard Tittermary, Abraham Duffield, James Jones, William Warner, Thomas Holme, and John Johnson, jun. as Members of Assembly.

Resolved, That the said meeting do recommend the above ticket to their fellow citizens, and that it is the opinion of this meeting, that it will be the real interest, as well as the duty of all good men in the country to come forward and give their firm support to the foregoing ticket, as being best calculated to preserve peace, order and good government, and a continuance of our present excellent Federal Constitution.

Signed by order of the meeting, JOHN HOLME, Chairman. JOSEPH GEORGE, Secretary.

NEW-CASTLE, Sept 29.

WHEREAS the justice of the peace in and for the county of New-Castle, in the hundred of New-Castle, and the Commissioners of the town of New-Castle, have received such satisfactory evidence from the Health Officer of this port, respecting the malignant fever that the crew of the GANGES was infected with, having ceased; and considering it unnecessary to continue the quarantine and restrictions, to and from said ship any longer, than this day:

Resolved, That a copy of the above be transmitted to John Mullony, Esq. commander of the U. S. ship of war Ganges; also, one copy to the board of health of the city of Philadelphia.

Signed by order, and in behalf of the aforesaid Justices of the Peace and Commissioners JOHN CROW feery.

French Navy.

LONDON August 25.

According to the new regulations in the French Marine departments, the number of Naval Officers of different ranks is settled in the following manner,—

- Vice Admirals - - - 8 Rear Admirals - - - 16 Post Captains - - - 150 Masters and Commanders - 180 First Lieutenants - - - 400 Sub Lieutenants - - - 600

Total - 1354



PORT OF PHILADELPHIA.

ARRIVED, Days

Schr. Two Brothers, Pendar, Camden (N. C) 9 The Brig Tartar, Clark, from this port, was to sail on the 2d of September, from Cape Francois to Jacquemel.

NEW YORK, October 10.

Ship Nonpareil, Rosetter, Bristol 54 Schr. Four Sisters, Story, Jamaica 21 Favoright, Mallaby, Richmond 11 CLEARED—NONE.

Yesterday arrived here the ship Nonpareil, Captain Rosetter, in 50 days from Bristol. August 27, in latitude 46. 45, spoke ship Washington Packet, Henderson, eighteen days from Dublin for Washington. On the 28th, in latitude 47. 21, spoke the British frigate Boilleau, after an examination of the Nonpareil's papers gave her a polite dismissal. September 23, in latitude 43. 37, spoke the ship Enterprize, twenty-one days from Virginia for St. Sebastian. Sept. 33, in latitude 40. 59, spoke a brig from Jamaica for Halifax. October 7, saw a ship on shore on the S. S. E. end of Long-Island, with close reefed top-sails.

BALTIMORE, October 9.

Arrived, days Ship George Washington, Sampson, [Liverpool 49

spoke nothing on her passage but a few English frigates: The only Balt. vessel there was the Felicity Ship Hamilton, Gardner, St Ubes 56 Left there the following vessels: Br'g Neptune, of Norfolk Nancy, Burk, of Philadelphia to sail in three days. In latitude 37, longitude 69, spoke a brig from St. Thomas's to Bolton 11 days out.

New-Theatre.

MONDAY EVENING, October 13.

Will be presented (not acted these 3 years) A TRAGEDY, called

The Orphan;

OR, THE UNHAPPY MARRIAGE. Cast: (By a young gentleman, who will make his first appearance on this and second on any stage.)

Chamont, Mr. Cooper. Monimia, Mrs. Merry. To which will be added, a Comic Opera, (in 2 acts.)

The Spanish Barber;

OR, THE FRUITLESS PRECAUTION.

Box, one dollar. Pit three quarters of a dollar. And Gallery, half a dollar. The doors of the Theatre will open at half past five and the curtain rise at half past six o'clock.

Gentlemen and Ladies are requested to send their servants to keep places in the boxes at a quarter past five o'clock. Places in the boxes to be taken at the office in the front of the Theatre, from 10 till 6 o'clock, and from 10 till 4 on the days of performance. Tickets to be had at H. and P. Rice's book store, No. 16, South Second Street, and at the office adjoining the Theatre.

Twenty Dollars Reward.

RUN AWAY from the subscriber on Wednesday night the 5th instant, a Black Indentured servant, named Colin, just arrived from Jamaica in the brig Diligence with his master. He is a well made lad of 16—17 years of age, or thereabouts, has a pleasant countenance, and a small scar on his left cheek, which yet appears white from a late fall or blow. He is about 5 feet 5 or six inches high, and had on when he went away a common blue round jacket and trowsers, with a for-wants black glazed hat, and had with him white and striped check shirts and pantaloons. He is known to be enticed or snatched away by a negro man named William, a native of Boston, who was Cook of the said brig Diligence, and is a stout thick man of 35 or 40 years of age, and they are supposed to travel together. The said Colin contrived to get a parcel containing 30 new dollars of the present years coinage of the U States, never before in circulation and a few milled doubloons of full weight out of his masters keeping, and also took with him a silver table spoon with the cypher A. K. on it, and a desert knife and fork with white Ivory handles.

The above reward will be paid to any person who will bring the said Colin and William to the Subscriber, No. 31 Spruce Street, or to Messrs. Savage and Dugan, Third Street, or lodge them in any goal or work-house in any of the States so that his master may have Colin, and it is requested the money may be cured. It is supposed William is in possession of it, and requested he may be detained with Colin, send information to the said Messrs. Savage and Dugan, Philadelphia.

All Captains of vessels are requested not to harbour or employ or carry to sea the said negroes as the law will be put in force against them.

H. ROSE.

October 11.

TO THE ELECTORS

Of the City and County of Philadelphia.

GENTLEMEN, HAVING at a former election met with considerable encouragement, it induces me again to offer myself as County Commissioner at the next election, in the room of Jacob Souder, whose time then expires; should I through your suffrages obtain said office, it will be my endeavour to perform the duties thereto annexed for the public advantage.

JOHN KEEN,

Green Street, Northern Liberties. October 9. 31 th. St. & patri.

TO THE ELECTORS

Of the City and County of Philadelphia

Gentlemen, On a former occasion I experienced a testimony of your confidence, and friendship by your votes for the Office of Sheriff—Now in a more advanced stage of life, and encouraged by a numerous body of respectable citizens and firm friends, I again apply for your votes and interest at the next election—Relying my character through life, a security for a faithful performance of the duties of Office—should I be successful or not in my application to your friendship, on the occasion, I shall remember with gratitude your patronage.

W. M. ROBINSON.

October 7.

NOTICE

To the PILOTS of the Bay and River Delaware.

THAT agreeably to Directions of the Board of Health that they bring the vessels to, which they may have charge of, before the Lazaretto, after the first of next month as heretofore, until otherwise directed.

NATHAN FALCONER.

Master Warden of the Port of Philadelphia Warden's Office, Sept. 22, 1800.

Three Cents Reward.

RUN away from the Subscriber on the evening of the 28th inst. a bound Servant GIRL, named Elizabeth Howland, had on and took with her three different changes of garment and money, proud, bold and impudent, a noted liar; any person apprehending her shall be entitled to the above reward—no costs or charges will be paid. N. B. She had a years and some months to serve DANIEL HYZACKICK, Goshen Township, Chester County, July 20 1795 August 6